## Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

## **Act 1191 of the Regular Session**

1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: $H2/18/05$ $H2/21/05$ $H2/22/05$ $H2/25/05$ 85th General Assembly $As Engrossed$ : $As Engross$
2	
3	Regular Session, 2005 HOUSE BILL 1709
4	
5	By: Representative J. Martin
6	By: Senator Salmon
7	
8	For An Act To Be Entitled
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10	AN ACT TO AMEND VARIOUS PROVISIONS OF THE
11 12	ARKANSAS JUVENILE CODE; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
13	Subtitle
14	TO AMEND VARIOUS PROVISIONS OF THE
15	ARKANSAS JUVENILE CODE.
16	ARRANSAS JUVENILE CODE.
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
19	DE II ENACIED DI THE CENERAL ACCEMBET OF THE STATE OF ARRANGAS.
20	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 9-27-303(17), concerning definitions in the
21	Arkansas Juvenile Code of 1989, § 9-27-301 et seq., is amended to add an
22	additional subdivision to read as follows:
23	(17)(A) "Dependent-neglected juvenile" means any juvenile who is
24	at substantial risk of serious harm as a result of:
25	(i) Abandonment;
26	(ii) Abuse;
27	(iii) Sexual abuse;
28	(iv) Sexual exploitation;
29	(v) Neglect; <del>or</del>
30	(vi) Parental unfitness to the juvenile, a sibling,
31	or another juvenile; or
32	(vii) Being present in a dwelling or structure
33	during the manufacturing of methamphetamine with the knowledge of the parent,
34	guardian, or custodian.
35	(B) "Dependent-neglected juvenile" includes dependent

1	juveniles;
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3	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 9-27-306 is amended to read as follows:
4	9-27-306. Jurisdiction.
5	(a)(1) $\underline{(A)}$ The circuit court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction
6	of and shall be the sole court for the following proceedings governed by this
7	subchapter including, but not limited to:
8	$\frac{(A)}{(i)}$ Proceedings in which a juvenile is alleged to
9	be delinquent or dependent-neglected as defined in this subchapter including
10	juveniles ten (10) to eighteen (18) years of age, except the court may retain
11	jurisdiction of a juvenile delinquent up to twenty-one (21) years of age if
12	the juvenile was adjudicated delinquent prior to eighteen (18) years of age;
13	(ii) Proceedings in which a juvenile is alleged to
14	be dependent or dependent-neglected from birth to eighteen (18) years of age,
15	except for the following:
16	(a)(1) A juvenile who has been adjudicated
17	dependent or dependent-neglected prior to eighteen (18) years of age may
18	request the court to continue jurisdiction until twenty-one (21) years of age
19	as long as the juvenile is engaged in a course of instruction or treatment.
20	(2) The court shall retain jurisdiction
21	only if the juvenile remains or has a viable plan to remain in instruction or
22	<pre>treatment.</pre>
23	(3) The court shall dismiss jurisdiction
24	upon request of the juvenile or when the juvenile completes or is dismissed
25	from instruction or treatment; or
26	(b) A juvenile may contact his or her attorney
27	ad litem to petition the court to return to the court's jurisdiction to
28	receive independent living services if the juvenile:
29	(1) Was adjudicated dependent or
30	dependent-neglected;
31	(2) Was in foster care at eighteen (18)
32	years of age; and
33	(3) Left foster care, but decides to
34	return prior to twenty-one (21) years of age to benefit from independent
35	<pre>living services;</pre>
36	(B)(iii) Proceedings in which emergency custody or a

1 seventy-two (72) hour hold has been taken on a juvenile pursuant to § 9-27-2 313 or § 12-12-516; 3 (C)(iv) Proceedings in which a family is alleged to 4 be in need of services as defined by this subchapter which shall include juveniles from birth to eighteen (18) years of age except for the following: 5 6 (a) A juvenile whose family has been 7 adjudicated as a family in need of services and is in foster care before 8 eighteen (18) years of age may request that the court continue jurisdiction 9 until the age of twenty-one (21) if the juvenile is engaged in a course of 10 instruction or treatment to receive independent living services; 11 (b) The court shall retain jurisdiction only 12 if the juvenile remains or has a viable plan to remain in instruction or treatment to receive independent living services; or 13 (c) The court shall dismiss jurisdiction upon 14 15 request of the juvenile or when the juvenile completes or is dismissed from 16 the instruction or treatment to receive independent living services; 17 (D)(v) Proceedings for termination of parental rights for a juvenile under this subchapter who is under the jurisdiction of 18 19 the circuit court; and (E)(vi) Proceedings in which custody of a juvenile 20 21 is transferred to the Department of Human Services; (vii) Proceedings for which a juvenile is alleged to 22 23 be an extended juvenile jurisdiction offender pursuant to § 9-27-501 et seq.; 24 and 25 (viii) Proceedings for which a juvenile is 26 transferred to the juvenile division from the criminal division pursuant to § 27 9-27-318. 28 (B) In no event shall a juvenile remain under the court's 29 jurisdiction past twenty-one (21) years of age. 30 (2) The court shall retain jurisdiction to issue orders of adoption, interlocutory, or final if a juvenile is placed outside the State 31 32 of Arkansas. 33 (b) The assignment of cases to the juvenile division of circuit court 34 shall be as described by the Supreme Court in Administrative Order Number 14,

(c)(1) The circuit court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the

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originally issued April 6, 2001.

1 district court over juvenile curfew violations. 2 (2) For juvenile curfew violations, the prosecutor may file a family in need of services petition in circuit court or a citation in 3 4 district court. 5 (d) The circuit court shall have jurisdiction to hear proceedings 6 commenced in any court of this state or court of comparable jurisdiction of 7 another state which are transferred to it pursuant to the Uniform Child-8 Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, § 9-19-101 et seq. 9 10 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 9-27-337 is amended to read as follows: 11 9-27-337. Six-month reviews required. 12 (a) (1) Every six (6) months, the The court shall review every case of 13 dependency-neglect, or families in need of services, or delinquency when an 14 out-of-home placement has occurred, as defined by § 9-27-303(36), when a 15 juvenile is placed by the court in the custody of the Department of Human 16 Services or in another out-of-home placement until there is a permanent order 17 of custody, guardianship, or other permanent placement for the juvenile adoption, or the juvenile is returned to the parent, guardian, or custodian 18 19 and the court has discontinued orders for family services. 20 (2) During each six-month review the court shall make 21 determinations based upon the best interest of the juvenile The first six-22 month review shall be held no later than six (6) months from the date of the 23 original out-of-home placement of the child and shall be reviewed every six 24 (6) months thereafter until permanency is achieved. 25 (b)(1) The court may require these cases to be reviewed prior to the 26 sixth month. 27 (2)(A) If a court requires a case to be reviewed prior to the 28 sixth month, then the court shall announce the date, time, and place of 29 hearing. 30 (B) In all other cases, it shall be the duty of the petitioner at least sixty (60) days prior to date of the required six-month 31 32 review to request that the court: 33 (i) Set the review hearing; 34 (ii) Provide reasonable notices; and

the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure.

(iii) Serve notice on all parties in accordance with

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1 (c) At any time during the pendency of any case of dependency-neglect 2 or families in need of services in which an out-of-home placement has 3 occurred, any party may request the court to review the case. (3)(A)(d) At any time during the course of a case, the Department of 4 5 Human Services, the attorney ad litem, or the court can request a hearing on 6 whether or not reunification services should be terminated pursuant to § 9-7 27-327(a)(2). 8 (B)(i) The requesting party shall provide notice to the 9 parties at least fourteen (14) calendar days before the hearing. 10 (ii) The notice shall identify the grounds for 11 recommending termination of reunification services in sufficient detail to 12 put the family on notice. (C)(i) The court shall determine whether or not 13 14 reunification services shall be terminated. 15 (ii) The burden of presenting the case shall be on 16 the requesting party. (D)(i) The court shall conduct and complete a hearing on a 17 request for no reunification services within fifty (50) days of the date of 18 19 written notice to the defendants. 20 (ii) The court shall enter an order determining 21 whether or not reunification services shall be provided. 22 (E) If the court determines that reunification services 23 shall be terminated, the court shall hold a permanency planning hearing 24 within thirty (30) days after the determination. 25 (b)(e)(1)(A) In each case in which a juvenile has been placed in an 26 out-of-home placement, within six (6) months after the original out-of-home 27 placement and every six (6) months thereafter while the juvenile continues 28 out of home, the court shall conduct a hearing or shall to review the case 29 sufficiently to determine the future status of the juvenile based upon the best interest of the juvenile. 30 31 (B) The court shall determine and shall include in its 32 orders the following: 33 (i) whether Whether the case plan, services, and 34 placement meet the special needs and best interest of the juvenile, with the juvenile's health, and safety, and educational needs specifically addressed, 35 36 and;

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                             (ii) whether Whether the state has made reasonable
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     efforts to provide family services;
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                             (iii) Whether the case plan is moving towards an
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     appropriate permanency plan pursuant to § 9-27-338 for the juvenile; and
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                             (iv) Whether the visitation plan is appropriate for
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     the children and the parents and the siblings, if separated.
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                       (C)(i) The court shall project a date for the juvenile to
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     return home or, if there is no projected date for a return home, the
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     projected dates for other alternatives and what those alternatives are.
                             (ii) This determination must be based on a full and
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     deliberate consideration of all of In making its findings the court shall
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     consider the following:
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                             (a)(i) The extent of compliance with the case plan,
     including, but not limited to, a review of the department's care for the
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     health, and safety, and education of the juvenile while he or she has been in
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     an out-of-home placement;
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                            (b)(ii) The extent of progress that has been made
     toward alleviating or mitigating the causes of the out-of-home placement;
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                             (c)(iii) Whether the juvenile should be returned to
     his or her parent or parents and whether or not the juvenile's health and
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     safety can be protected by his or her parent or parents if returned home; and
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                             (d)(iv) Whether the juvenile should be continued in
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     an out-of-home placement for a specified period of time;
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                                   (e) Whether the juvenile should be placed for
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     adoption; and
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                                   (f) Whether the juvenile, because of special
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     needs or circumstances, should be continued in an out-of-home placement on a
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     permanent or long-term basis An appropriate permanency plan pursuant to § 9-
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     27-338 for the juvenile, including concurrent planning.
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                 (2) Each six-month review hearing shall be completed and a
     written order shall be filed by the court or by a party or party's attorney
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     as designated by the court and distributed to the parties within thirty (30)
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     days of the date of the hearing or prior to the next hearing, whichever is
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     sooner.
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           (c)(1)(A) The court may require any case of dependency neglect, family
     in need of services, or delinquency when an out-of-home placement has
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1 occurred to be reviewed prior to the sixth month. 2 (B) In such a case, the court shall announce the date, 3 time, and place of hearing. 4 (2) In all other cases, it shall be the duty of the petitioner 5 at least sixty (60) days prior to the date the existing order would be 6 vacated to request the court to set a review hearing as required by this 7 subchapter. 8 (d) At any time during the pendency of any case of dependency neglect, 9 family in need of services, or delinquency in which an out-of-home placement 10 has occurred, any party may request the court to review the case. 11 (e) It shall be the duty of the petitioner to provide all parties with 12 reasonable notice and serve this notice on all parties in accordance with the 13 Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure. 14 (f)(1) The department shall provide the court-appointed special 15 advocate, the parties, and counsel with a copy of a review report no later 16 than seven (7) business days before every scheduled review hearing of each 17 juvenile who is in an out-of-home placement. 18 (2) The department shall present the report to the court at the 19 scheduled hearing, subject to evidentiary objections. 20 (g) The review report shall include a summary of the parties' 21 compliance with the case plan and court orders, including a description of 22 the services and assistance that the department has provided to the family. 2.3 24 SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 9-27-338 is amended to read as follows: 25 9-27-338. Permanency planning hearing. 26 (a)(1) No later than A permanency planning hearing shall be held to 27 finalize a permanency plan for the juvenile: 28 (A) twelve Twelve (12) months after the date the juvenile 29 enters an out-of-home placement, as defined by § 9-27-303(36), or; 30 (B) after After a juvenile has been in an out-of-home placement for fifteen (15) of the previous twenty-two (22) months, excluding 31 32 trial placements and time on runaway status; or 33 (C) no No later than thirty days after the circuit court 34 files an order that no a hearing granting no reunification services shall be 35 made to reunite the juvenile with his or her family, the court shall hold a 36 permanency planning hearing in order to enter a new disposition in the case.

1 (2) If a juvenile remains in an out-of-home placement after the 2 initial permanency planning hearing, an annual permanency planning hearing shall be held annually each year thereafter to reassess the permanency goal 3 4 plan selected for the juvenile. 5 (b)(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the 6 Department of Human Services or the attorney ad litem from filing a petition 7 to terminate parental rights, a petition for guardianship, or a petition for 8 permanent custody at any time prior to the permanency planning hearing. 9 (2) A permanency planning hearing is not required prior to any of these actions. 10 11 (3) The Department of Human Services shall develop a permanency 12 planning report to be presented at the permanency planning hearing outlining 13 the department's recommendations for a permanency plan for the child and the steps necessary to finalize the permanency plan in a timely manner. 14 15 (4)(c) At the permanency planning hearing, based upon the facts of the 16 case, the court shall enter one (1) of the following permanency goals, listed 17 in order of preference, in accordance with the best interest of the juvenile: (A)(1) Return the juvenile to the parent, guardian, or custodian 18 19 at the permanency planning hearing if it is in the best interest of the juvenile and the juvenile's health and safety can be adequately safeguarded 20 21 if returned home; 22 (B)(i)(2)(A) Authorize a plan for the termination of the parent-23 child relationship so that the child is available to be adopted unless the: 24 (a)(i) Child The child is being cared for by a relative, including a minor foster child caring for his or her own child who 25 26 is in foster care, and termination of parental rights is not in the best 27 interest of the child; 28 (b)(ii) The department has documented in the case 29 plan a compelling reason why filing such a petition is not in the best 30 interest of the child and the court approves the compelling reason as documented in the case plan; and or 31 32 (c)(iii)(a) The department has not provided to the 33 family of the child, consistent with the time period in the case plan, such 34 services as the department deemed necessary for the safe return of the child 35 to the child's home if reunification services were required to be made to the

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family.

1	(ii)(b) If the department has failed to
2	provide services as outlined in the case plan, the court shall continue the
3	permanency planning hearing for no later than six (6) months.
4	(iii) If the court determines the permanency goal to be
5	termination of parental rights, the department shall file the petition to
6	terminate parental rights within thirty (30) days from the date of the entry
7	of the order establishing the goal;
8	(C)(3) Authorize a plan to obtain a guardian for the child;
9	$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ Authorize a plan to obtain a permanent custodian,
10	including permanent custody with a relative, for the child;
11	$\frac{(E)(i)(5)(A)}{(5)(A)}$ Continue the goal of reunification only when the
12	parent is complying with the established case plan and orders of the court,
13	making significant measurable progress towards achieving the goals
14	established in the case plan and diligently working toward reunification.
15	(ii)(B) Reunification must be expected to occur within a
16	time frame that is consistent with the child's developmental needs.
17	(iii)(C) A parent's resumption of contact or overtures
18	toward participating in the case plan or following the orders of the court in
19	the months or weeks immediately preceding the permanency hearing are
20	insufficient grounds for retaining reunification as the permanency plan.
21	$\frac{\text{(iv)}(D)}{D}$ The burden is on the parent to demonstrate
22	genuine, sustainable investment in completing the requirements of the case
23	plan and following the orders of the court in order to retain reunification
24	as the permanency goal; or
25	(F)(6)(A) Authorize a plan for another planned permanent living
26	arrangement (APPLA) which shall include a permanent planned living
27	arrangement and addresses the quality of services, including, but not limited
28	to, independent living services, if age-appropriate, and a plan for the
29	supervision and nurturing the child will receive.
30	(B) Independence, Another planned permanent living
31	<u>arrangement</u> which shall be selected only if:
32	(i) The juvenile cannot be reunited with the
33	juvenile's family;
34	(ii) Another permanent plan is not available; and
35	(iii) Either:
36	(a) A compelling reason exists why termination

1 of parental rights is not in the juvenile's best interest; or 2 (b) The juvenile is being cared for by a 3 relative and termination of parental rights is not in the best interest of 4 the juvenile. 5 (d) At every permanency planning hearing the court shall make a 6 finding on whether the Department of Human Service has made reasonable 7 efforts and shall describe the efforts to finalize a permanency plan for the 8 juvenile. 9 (b)(1) A hearing shall be held to determine whether or not the 10 department shall file a petition to terminate parental rights before the end 11 of the fifteenth month if: 12 (A) The juvenile has been in an out-of-home placement for 13 fifteen (15) continuous months; and 14 (B) At the permanency planning hearing, the court 15 continued the goal of reunification or entered a goal of independence. 16 (2) Trial visits with the parents and time spent on runaway 17 status shall not count in adding up fifteen (15) months. 18 (3) The court shall authorize the department to file a petition 19 to terminate parental rights unless the: 20 (A) Child is being cared for by a relative and termination 21 of parental rights is not in the best interest of the child; 22 (B) Department has documented in the case plan a 2.3 compelling reason why filing such a petition is not in the best interest of 24 the child and the court approves the compelling reason as documented in the 25 case plan; or 26 (C) Department has not provided to the family of the 27 juvenile, consistent with the time period in the case plan, the services as 28 the department deemed necessary for the safe return of the child to the 29 child's home if reunification services were required to be made to the 30 family. 31 (4) If the court determines the new permanency goal to be 32 termination of parental rights, the department shall file the petition to 33 terminate parental rights no later than the fifteenth month after the child's 34 entry into foster care. 35 (5) If the court finds that the juvenile should remain in an out-of-home placement, either long-term or otherwise, the juvenile's case 36

1	shall be reviewed every six (6) months, with an annual permanency planning
2	hearing.
3	(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the state
4	agency from filing a petition to terminate parental rights, a petition for
5	guardianship, or a petition for permanent custody at any time prior to the
6	permanency planning hearing.
7	(d)(1) The department shall provide the court-appointed special
8	advocate, if one has been appointed, the parties, and counsel with a copy of
9	the permanency planning report no later than seven (7) business days before
10	the scheduled permanency planning hearing.
11	(2) The department shall present the report to the court at the
12	scheduled hearing, subject to evidentiary objections.
13	(e) The permanency planning report shall include, but not be limited
14	to, the following:
15	(1) $\Lambda$ list of all placements the juvenile has been in since the
16	<pre>last court hearing;</pre>
17	(2) A recommendation and discussion regarding:
18	(A) The juvenile's permanency plan;
19	(B) The appropriateness of the plan;
20	(C) The steps and services necessary to achieve the goal;
21	(D) Time frames for the steps, services, and goal; and
22	(E) The names of the persons responsible for the steps and
23	services; and
24	(3) The location of the siblings and, if the siblings have been
25	separated, a statement of the reasons for separation and, if it is
26	appropriate to reunite the siblings, the efforts that have been and will be
27	made to reunite the siblings as soon as possible and to enable the siblings
28	to maintain regular contact.
29	(f)(e) A written order shall be filed by the court or by a party or
30	party's attorney as designated by the court <u>and distributed to the parties</u>
31	within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing or prior to the next
32	hearing, whichever is sooner.
33	(f) If the court determines that the permanency goal is termination of
34	parental rights, the department shall file the petition to terminate parental
35	rights within thirty (30) days from the date of the permanency planning
36	hearing that establishes termination of parental rights as the permanency

1	goal.
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3	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 9, Chapter 27, Subchapter 3 is amended
4	to add three (3) additional sections to read as follows:
5	9-27-359. Fifteenth-month review hearing.
6	(a) A hearing shall be held to determine whether the Department of
7	Human Services shall file a petition to terminate parental rights if:
8	(1) A juvenile has been in an out-of-home placement for fifteen
9	(15) continuous months, excluding trial placements and time on runaway
10	status; and
11	(2) The goal at the permanency planning hearing was either:
12	(A) Reunification; or
13	(B) Another planned permanent living arrangement (APPLA).
14	(b) The court shall authorize the department to file a petition to
15	terminate parental rights unless:
16	(1) The child is being cared for by a relative and termination
17	of parental rights is not in the best interest of the child;
18	(2) The department has documented in the case plan a compelling
19	reason why filing such a petition is not in the best interest of the child
20	and the court approves the compelling reason as documented in the case plan;
21	<u>or</u>
22	(3) The department has not provided to the family of the
23	juvenile, consistent with the time period in the case plan, the services as
24	the department deemed necessary for the safe return of the child to the
25	child's home if reunification services were required to be made to the
26	family.
27	(c) If the court determines the permanency goal to be termination of
28	parental rights, then the department shall file the petition to terminate
29	parental rights no later than the fifteenth month of the child's entry into
30	foster care.
31	(d) If the court finds that the juvenile should remain in an out-of-
32	home placement, either long-term or otherwise, then the juvenile's case shall
33	be reviewed every six (6) months, with an annual permanency planning hearing
34	(e) A written order shall be filed by the court or by a party or
35	party's attorney as designated by the court and distributed to the parties
36	within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing or prior to the next

1	hearing, whichever is sooner.
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3	9-27-360. Post-termination of parental rights reviews.
4	(a) After an order of termination of parental rights, the court shall
5	review the case following the termination hearing at least every three (3)
6	months when the goal is adoption and in other cases every six (6) months
7	until permanency is achieved.
8	(b) The court shall determine and shall include in its orders whether:
9	(1) The case plan, services, and current placement meet the
10	juvenile's special needs and best interest, with the juvenile's health,
11	safety, and educational needs specifically addressed;
12	(2) The Department of Human Services has made reasonable efforts
13	to finalize a permanency plan for the juvenile; and
14	(3) The case plan is moving towards an appropriate permanent
15	placement for the juvenile.
16	(c) In making its findings the court shall consider the extent of the
17	department's and the juvenile's compliance with the case plan and court
18	orders to finalize the permanency plan.
19	(d) A written order shall be filed by the court or by a party or a
20	party's attorney as designated by the court and distributed to the parties
21	within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing or prior to the next
22	hearing, whichever is sooner.
23	
24	9-27-361. Court reports.
25	(a)(1) Seven (7) business days prior to a scheduled dependency-neglect
26	review hearing, including the fifteenth month review hearing and any post-
27	termination of parental rights hearing, the Department of Human Services and
28	a court-appointed special advocate, if appointed, shall file with the
29	juvenile division of the circuit court a review report including a
30	certificate of service that the report has been distributed to all of the
31	parties or their attorneys and the court-appointed special advocate, if
32	appointed.
33	(2)(A) The court report prepared by the Department of Human
34	Services shall include a summary of the parties' compliance with the court
35	orders and case plan, including the description of the services and
36	assistance the department has provided and recommendations to the court.

T	(b) In cases in which a child has been returned home, the
2	department's review report shall include a description of any services needed
3	by and requirements of the parents, including, but not limited to, a safety
4	plan to ensure the health and safety of the juvenile in the home.
5	(3) The report prepared by the court-appointed special advocate
6	shall include, but is not limited to, any independent factual information
7	that he or she feels is relevant to the case, a summary of the parties'
8	compliance with the court orders, and recommendations to the court.
9	(4)(A) At a review hearing the court shall determine on the
10	record whether the previously filed reports shall be admitted into evidence
11	based on any evidentiary objections made by the parties.
12	(B) The court shall not consider as evidence any report or
13	part of a report that was not admitted into evidence on the record.
14	(b)(1) Seven (7) business days prior to a scheduled dependency-neglect
15	permanency planning hearing, the Department of Human Services and the court-
16	appointed special advocate, if appointed, shall file with the juvenile
17	division of the circuit court a permanency planning court report that
18	includes a certificate of service which establishes that the report has been
19	distributed to all of the parties or their attorneys and the court-appointed
20	special advocate, if appointed.
21	(2) The permanency planning court report prepared by the
22	Department of Human Services shall include, but not be limited to, the
23	<u>following:</u>
24	(A) A summary of the parties' compliance with the court
25	orders and case plan, including the description of the services and
26	assistance the department has provided;
27	(B) A list of all the placements the juvenile has been in;
28	(C) A recommendation and discussion regarding the
29	permanency plan including the appropriateness of the plan, a timeline, and
30	the steps and services necessary to achieve the plan, including the persons
31	responsible; and
32	(D) The location of any siblings, and if separated, a
33	statement for the reasons for separation and any efforts to reunite or
34	maintain contact if appropriate and it is the best interest of the siblings.
35	(3) The report prepared by the court-appointed special advocate
36	shall include, but is not limited to, any independent factual information

1 that he or she feels is relevant to the case, a summary of the parties' 2 compliance with the court orders, and the recommendations to the court. 3 (4)(A) At the permanency planning hearing the court shall 4 determine on the record whether the previously filed reports shall be 5 admitted into evidence based on any evidentiary objections made by the 6 parties. 7 (B) The court shall not consider as evidence any report or 8 part of a report that was not admitted into evidence on the record. 9 (c)(1) Nothing in this section shall prevent the Department of Human 10 Services or the court-appointed special advocate from filing a report with 11 the court and providing it to all parties or their attorneys at least seven 12 (7) business days prior to any scheduled dependency-neglect hearing or 13 presenting any subsequent or addendum reports to the court during a hearing. 14 (2)(A) The court shall determine on the record whether the 15 reports shall be admitted into evidence based on any evidentiary objections 16 made by the parties. 17 (B) The court shall not consider as evidence any report or part of a report that was not admitted into evidence on the record. 18 19 20 SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 9-28-410 is amended to read as follows: 9-28-410. Limitation on Department of Human Services Foster care 21 22 placements. 23 (a)(1) The policy of the State of Arkansas is that children in the 24 custody of the Department of Human Services should have stable placements. 25 (b)(1) To reduce the number of placements of children in foster care, 26 if a foster parent requests a foster child be removed from his or her home at 27 any time, excluding an emergency that places the child or a family member at 28 risk of harm, then the foster parent shall attend a staffing which shall be 29 arranged by the Division of Children and Family Services of the Department of 30 Human Services within forty-eight (48) hours to discuss what services or assistance may be needed to stabilize the placement. 31 32 (2) The foster child, the child's attorney ad litem, and a 33 court-appointed special advocate, if appointed, shall be notified so that 34 they may attend and participate in the staffing and planning for the child's 35 placement.

(3) If the placement cannot be stabilized, then the foster

1 parent shall continue to provide for the foster child until an appropriate 2 alternative placement is located, but this shall not be longer than five (5) 3 business days. 4 (2)(A)(c)(1) Changes Other changes in placement shall be made only 5 after notification of the foster child, foster parent, the child's attorney 6 ad litem, the child's birth parents, and the court having jurisdiction over 7 the child. 8 (B)(2) The notices shall: 9 (i)(A) Be sent in writing two (2) weeks prior to the 10 proposed change; 11 (ii) (B) Specify reasons for the proposed change; 12 (iii)(C) Convey to the attorney ad litem the address of 13 the proposed new foster home or institution placement provider; and 14 (iv)(D) Convey to the child the name and telephone number 15 of his or her guardian attorney ad litem and a statement that if the child 16 objects to the change in placement, the attorney ad litem may be able to assist in challenging the change. 17  $\frac{(b)(1)}{(1)}(d)(1)$  Exceptions to the advance notice requirement shall be 18 19 made if the child's health or welfare would be endangered by delaying a 20 change in placement. 21 (2) Within twenty-four (24) hours of the change in placement the 22 department shall: 23 (A) Notify the birth parent of the change; 24 (B) Notify the child's attorney ad litem of the change; 25 and 26 (C) Provide the attorney ad litem with the name, and 27 address, and telephone number of the new foster care home or placement 28 provider. 29 (3) Within seventy-two (72) hours of the change in placement, 30 the department shall provide written notice to the attorney ad litem for the specific reasons justifying the change of placement without advance notice. 31 32 (c)(1)(e)(1) If an agent, employee, or contractor of the department 33 fails to comply with this section, then an action for violation of this 34 section may be filed by any party to the action against the person who failed 35 to comply with this section, with the assessment of punishment to be 36 determined by the court.

1 (2) If the court finds the agent, employee, or contractor of the 2 department failed to comply with this section, then the court may order the department or the agent, employee, or contractor to pay all of the costs of 3 4 the proceedings brought under this section. (f) All division caseworkers, supervisors, and area managers shall 5 6 have at least six (6) hours of annual training on separation and placement 7 issues, as well as issues relating to the grief and loss children experience 8 in foster care with multiple placements. 9 10 SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 9-27-358 is repealed. 11 9-27-358. Placement - Staffing and planning. 12 (a)(1) To reduce the number of placements of children in foster care, 13 anytime a foster parent requests a foster child be removed from their home, 14 excluding an emergency that places the child or a family member at risk of 15 harm, the foster parent must attend a staffing which will be arranged by the 16 Division of Children and Family Services of the Department of Human Services 17 within forty-eight (48) hours to discuss what services or assistance may be 18 needed to stabilize the placement. 19 (2) The foster child, the child's attorney ad litem, and a 20 court appointed special advocate, if appointed to the case, shall be notified 21 so that they can attend and participate in the staffing and planning for the 22 child's placement. 2.3 (3) If the placement cannot be stabilized, the foster parent 24 will continue to provide for the foster child until an appropriate 25 alternative placement is located, but this shall not be longer than five (5) 26 business days. 27 (b) All division caseworkers, supervisors, and area managers shall 28 have at least six (6) hours of annual training on separation and placement 29 issues, as well as issues relating to the grief and loss children experience 30 in foster care with multiple placements. 31 SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 9-27-507(d), regarding extended juvenile 32 33 jurisdiction court review hearings, is amended to read as follows: 34 (d)(1) If the state or the juvenile files a petition to modify the 35 court's disposition order before six (6) months prior to the juvenile's

eighteenth birthday, the filing party bears the burden of proof.

1 (2) However, if the juvenile is sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) 2 years of age at the time that the extended juvenile jurisdiction petition is filed, then the State of Arkansas or the juvenile may petition the court 3 4 after the juvenile's eighteenth birthday but no later than six (6) months 5 before the juvenile's twenty-first birthday. 6 7 SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 9-27-507(e), regarding extended juvenile 8 jurisdiction court review hearings, is amended to read as follows: 9 (e)(1) If no hearing has been conducted six (6) months before the juvenile's eighteenth birthday or no later than six (6) months before the 10 11 juvenile's twenty-first birthday if the juvenile is sixteen (16) or seventeen 12 (17) years of age at the time that the extended juvenile jurisdiction petition is filed, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether to 13 release the juvenile, amend or add any juvenile disposition, or impose an 14 15 adult sentence. 16 In making its determination, the court shall consider the (2) 17 following: 18 The experience and character of the juvenile before (A) 19 and after the juvenile disposition, including compliance with the court's 20 orders; 21 The nature of the offense or offenses and the manner in which the offense or offenses were committed; 22 23 (C) The recommendations of the professionals who have 24 worked with the juvenile; 25 (D) The protection of public safety; 26 (E) Opportunities provided to the juvenile for 27 rehabilitation and the juvenile's efforts toward rehabilitation; and 28 (F) Victim impact evidence admitted pursuant to § 16-97-29 103. 30 (3) If the state seeks to impose an adult sentence, the state 31 must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the imposition of an adult 32 sentence is appropriate and that public safety requires imposition. 33 (4)(A) Following a hearing, the court may enter any of the 34 following dispositions: 35 (i) Release the juvenile; 36 (ii) Amend or add any juvenile disposition; and

1	(iii)(a) Exercise its discretion to impose the full
2	range of sentencing available in circuit court, including probation,
3	suspended imposition of sentence, and imprisonment.
4	(b) However, a sentence of imprisonment shall
5	not exceed forty (40) years, except juveniles adjudicated for capital murder,
6	$\S$ 5-10-101, and murder in the first degree, $\S$ 5-10-102, may be sentenced for
7	any term, up to and including life.
8	(B) Statutory provisions prohibiting or limiting probation
9	or suspended imposition of sentence or parole for offenses when committed by
10	an adult, shall not apply to juveniles sentenced as extended juvenile
11	jurisdiction offenders.
12	(C) A juvenile shall receive credit for time served in a
13	juvenile detention or any juvenile facility.
14	(D)(i) A court may not order an absolute release of an
15	extended juvenile jurisdiction offender who has been adjudicated delinquent
16	for capital murder, $\S$ 5-10-101, or murder in the first degree, $\S$ 5-10-102.
17	(ii) If release is ordered, the court shall impose a
18	period of probation for not less than three (3) years.
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20	SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 9-27-356(j), regarding juvenile sex
21	offender assessment and registration, is amended to read as follows:
22	(j) If the court does not order the juvenile's name removed from the
23	sex offender register, the juvenile shall remain on the sex offender register
24	for ten (10) years from the last date on which the juvenile was adjudicated a
25	delinquent or found guilty as an adult for a sex offense or until the
26	juvenile turns twenty-one (21) years of age, whichever is longer.
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28	/s/ J. Martin
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31	APPROVED: 3/24/2005
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