Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to present law. Act 107 of the Regular Session

1	State of Arkansas	A Bill	
2	90th General Assembly	A DIII	
3	Regular Session, 2015		HOUSE BILL 1245
4			
5	By: Representatives Shepherd, Sabin		
6	By: Senators J. Hutchinson, Burnett,	Elliott, S. Flowers, D. Jonnson	
7 8	F	or An Act To Be Entitled	
o 9		THE UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS	2
9 10		O MAKE RELATED TECHNICAL CORREC	
11	AND FOR OTHER P		,110N3;
12	AND FOR OTHER I	UKI 0525.	
13			
14		Subtitle	
15	TO ENACT T	THE UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS	
16	PROPERTY A	ACT; AND TO MAKE RELATED	
17	TECHNICAL	CORRECTIONS.	
18			
19			
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERA	L ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKA	ANSAS:
21			
22	SECTION 1. Arkansas	Code Title 18, Chapter 60, is a	amended to add an
23	additional subchapter to re	ad as follows:	
24	<u>Subchapter 10 — Unifo</u>	rm Partition of Heirs Property	Act
25			
26	<u>18-60-1001. Short ti</u>	tle.	
27	<u>This subchapter may b</u>	e cited as the "Uniform Partiti	Lon of Heirs
28	Property Act".		
29			
30	<u>18-60-1002. Definiti</u>	ons.	
31	<u>In this subchapter:</u>		
32		ant" means an individual who pr	
33		he direct line of ascent from t	<u>the other</u>
34	individual.		
35		endant" includes an adoptive pa	rent and his or her
36	<u>ascendants.</u>		



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1	(2) "Collateral" means an individual who is related to another
2	individual under § 28-9-214 but who is not the other individual's ascendant
3	or descendant.
4	(3)(A) "Descendant" means an individual's child, grandchild, and
5	any other, however remotely related to such an individual, who is in a direct
6	line of descent from him or her, including lineal descendants and excluding
7	ascendants and collaterals.
8	(B) "Descendant" includes an adopted child and his or her
9	descendants.
10	(4) "Determination of value" means a court order determining the
11	fair market value of heirs property under § 18-60-1006 or § 18-60-1010 or
12	adopting the valuation of the property agreed to by all cotenants.
13	(5) "Heirs property" means real property held in tenancy in
14	common which satisfies all of the following requirements as of the filing of
15	a partition action:
16	(A) there is no agreement in a record binding all the
17	cotenants which governs the partition of the property;
18	(B) one or more of the cotenants acquired title from a
19	relative, whether living or deceased; and
20	(C) any of the following applies:
21	(i) 20 percent or more of the interests are held by
22	<u>cotenants who are relatives;</u>
23	(ii) 20 percent or more of the interests are held by
24	an individual who acquired title from a relative, whether living or deceased;
25	or
26	(iii) 20 percent or more of the cotenants are
27	<u>relatives.</u>
28	(6) "Partition by sale" means a court-ordered sale of the entire
29	heirs property, whether by auction, sealed bids, or open-market sale
30	conducted under § 18-60-1010.
31	(7) "Partition in kind" means the division of heirs property
32	into physically distinct and separately titled parcels.
33	(8) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible
34	medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable
35	in perceivable form.
36	(9) "Relative" means an ascendant, descendant, or collateral or

1	an individual otherwise related to another individual by marriage or law of
2	this state other than this subchapter.
3	
4	18-60-1003. Applicability - Relation to other law.
5	(a) This subchapter applies to partition actions filed on or after
6	January 1, 2016.
7	(b) In an action to partition real property under § 18-60-401 et seq.,
8	the court shall determine whether the property is heirs property. If the
9	court determines that the property is heirs property, the property must be
10	partitioned under this subchapter unless all of the cotenants otherwise agree
11	<u>in a record.</u>
12	(c) This subchapter supplements § 18-60-401 et seq. and, if an action
13	is governed by this subchapter, replaces provisions of § 18-60-401 et seq.
14	that are inconsistent with this subchapter.
15	
16	18-60-1004. Service - Notice by posting.
17	(a) This subchapter does not limit or affect the method by which
18	service of a complaint in a partition action may be made.
19	(b) If the plaintiff in a partition action seeks notice by publication
20	and the court determines that the property may be heirs property, the
21	plaintiff, not later than 10 days after the court's determination, shall post
22	and maintain while the action is pending a conspicuous sign on the property
23	that is the subject of the action. The sign must state that the action has
24	commenced and identify the name and address of the court and the common
25	designation by which the property is known. The court may require the
26	plaintiff to publish on the sign the name of the plaintiff and the known
27	defendants.
28	
29	18-60-1005. Commissioners.
30	If the court appoints commissioners pursuant to § 18-60-401 et seq.,
31	each commissioner, in addition to the requirements and disqualifications
32	applicable to commissioners in § 18-60-401 et seq., must be disinterested and
33	impartial and not a party to or a participant in the action.
34	
35	18-60-1006. Determination of value.
36	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c), if the

1	court determines that the property that is the subject of a partition action
2	is heirs property, the court shall determine the fair market value of the
3	property by ordering an appraisal pursuant to subsection (d).
4	(b) If all cotenants have agreed to the value of the property or to
5	another method of valuation, the court shall adopt that value or the value
6	produced by the agreed method of valuation.
7	(c) If the court determines that the evidentiary value of an appraisal
8	is outweighed by the cost of the appraisal, the court, after an evidentiary
9	hearing, shall determine the fair market value of the property and send
10	notice to the parties of the value.
11	(d) If the court orders an appraisal, the court shall appoint a
12	disinterested real estate appraiser registered in this state to determine the
13	fair market value of the property assuming sole ownership of the fee simple
14	estate. On completion of the appraisal, the appraiser shall file a sworn or
15	verified appraisal with the court.
16	(e) If an appraisal is conducted pursuant to subsection (d), not later
17	than 10 days after the appraisal is filed, the court shall send notice to
18	each party with a known address, stating:
19	(1) the appraised fair market value of the property;
20	(2) that the appraisal is available at the clerk's office; and
21	(3) that a party may file with the court an objection to the
22	appraisal not later than 30 days after the notice is sent, stating the
23	grounds for the objection.
24	(f) If an appraisal is filed with the court pursuant to subsection
25	(d), the court shall conduct a hearing to determine the fair market value of
26	the property not sooner than 30 days after a copy of the notice of the
27	appraisal is sent to each party under subsection (e), whether or not an
28	objection to the appraisal is filed under subdivision (e)(3). In addition to
29	the court-ordered appraisal, the court may consider any other evidence of
30	value offered by a party.
31	(g) After a hearing under subsection (f), but before considering the
32	merits of the partition action, the court shall determine the fair market
33	value of the property and send notice to the parties of the value.
34	
35	18-60-1007. Cotenant buyout.
36	(a) If any cotenant requested partition by sale, after the

1	determination of value under § 18-60-1006, the court shall send notice to the
2	parties that any cotenant except a cotenant that requested partition by sale
3	may buy all the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale.
4	(b) Not later than 45 days after the notice is sent under subsection
5	(a), any cotenant except a cotenant that requested partition by sale may give
6	notice to the court that it elects to buy all the interests of the cotenants
7	that requested partition by sale.
8	(c) The purchase price for each of the interests of a cotenant that
9	requested partition by sale is the value of the entire parcel determined
10	under § 18-60-1006 multiplied by the cotenant's fractional ownership of the
11	entire parcel.
12	(d) After expiration of the period in subsection (b), the following
13	rules apply:
14	(1) If only one cotenant elects to buy all the interests of the
15	cotenants that requested partition by sale, the court shall notify all the
16	parties of that fact.
17	(2) If more than one cotenant elects to buy all the interests of
18	the cotenants that requested partition by sale, the court shall allocate the
19	right to buy those interests among the electing cotenants based on each
20	electing cotenant's existing fractional ownership of the entire parcel
21	divided by the total existing fractional ownership of all cotenants electing
22	to buy and send notice to all the parties of that fact and of the price to be
23	paid by each electing cotenant.
24	(3) If no cotenant elects to buy all the interests of the
25	cotenants that requested partition by sale, the court shall send notice to
26	all the parties of that fact and resolve the partition action under § 18-60-
27	<u>1008(a) and (b).</u>
28	(e) If the court sends notice to the parties under subdivision (d)(1)
29	or (2), the court shall set a date, not sooner than 60 days after the date
30	the notice was sent, by which electing cotenants must pay their apportioned
31	price into the court. After this date, the following rules apply:
32	(1) If all electing cotenants timely pay their apportioned price
33	into court, the court shall issue an order reallocating all the interests of
34	the cotenants and disburse the amounts held by the court to the persons
35	entitled to them.

1	the court shall resolve the partition action under § 18-60-1008(a) and (b) as
2	if the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale were not
3	purchased.
4	(3) If one or more but not all of the electing cotenants fail to
5	pay their apportioned price on time, the court shall give notice to the
6	electing cotenants that paid their apportioned price of the interest
7	remaining and the price for all that interest.
8	(f) Not later than 20 days after the court gives notice pursuant to
9	subdivision (e)(3), any cotenant that paid may elect to purchase all of the
10	remaining interest by paying the entire price into the court. After the 20-
11	day period, the following rules apply:
12	(1) If only one cotenant pays the entire price for the remaining
13	interest, the court shall issue an order reallocating the remaining interest
14	to that cotenant. The court shall issue promptly an order reallocating the
15	interests of all of the cotenants and disburse the amounts held by it to the
16	persons entitled to them.
17	(2) If no cotenant pays the entire price for the remaining
18	interest, the court shall resolve the partition action under § 18-60-1008(a)
19	and (b) as if the interests of the cotenants that requested partition by sale
20	were not purchased.
21	(3) If more than one cotenant pays the entire price for the
22	remaining interest, the court shall reapportion the remaining interest among
23	those paying cotenants, based on each paying cotenant's original fractional
24	ownership of the entire parcel divided by the total original fractional
25	ownership of all cotenants that paid the entire price for the remaining
26	interest. The court shall issue promptly an order reallocating all of the
27	cotenants' interests, disburse the amounts held by it to the persons entitled
28	to them, and promptly refund any excess payment held by the court.
29	(g) Not later than 45 days after the court sends notice to the parties
30	pursuant to subsection (a), any cotenant entitled to buy an interest under
31	this section may request the court to authorize the sale as part of the
32	pending action of the interests of cotenants named as defendants and served
33	with the complaint but that did not appear in the action.
34	(h) If the court receives a timely request under subsection (g), the
35	court, after hearing, may deny the request or authorize the requested
36	additional sale on such terms as the court determines are fair and

1 reasonable, subject to the following limitations: 2 (1) a sale authorized under this subsection may occur only after 3 the purchase prices for all interests subject to sale under subsections (a) 4 through (f) have been paid into court and those interests have been 5 reallocated among the cotenants as provided in those subsections; and 6 (2) the purchase price for the interest of a nonappearing 7 cotenant is based on the court's determination of value under § 18-60-1006. 8 9 18-60-1008. Partition alternatives. 10 (a) If all the interests of all cotenants that requested partition by 11 sale are not purchased by other cotenants pursuant to § 18-60-1007, or if 12 after conclusion of the buyout under § 18-60-1007, a cotenant remains that 13 has requested partition in kind, the court shall order partition in kind 14 unless the court, after consideration of the factors listed in § 18-60-1009, 15 finds that partition in kind will result in great prejudice to the cotenants as a group. In considering whether to order partition in kind, the court 16 17 shall approve a request by two or more parties to have their individual 18 interests aggregated. 19 (b) If the court does not order partition in kind under subsection 20 (a), the court shall order partition by sale pursuant to § 18-60-1010 or, if no cotenant requested partition by sale, the court shall dismiss the action. 21 22 (c) If the court orders partition in kind pursuant to subsection (a), 23 the court may require that one or more cotenants pay one or more other 24 cotenants amounts so that the payments, taken together with the value of the 25 in-kind distributions to the cotenants, will make the partition in kind just and proportionate in value to the fractional interests held. 26 27 (d) If the court orders partition in kind, the court shall allocate to the cotenants that are unknown, unlocatable, or the subject of a default 28 29 judgment, if their interests were not bought out pursuant to § 18-60-1007, a 30 part of the property representing the combined interests of these cotenants as determined by the court and this part of the property shall remain 31 32 undivided. 33 34 18-60-1009. Considerations for partition in kind. 35 (a) In determining under § 18-60-1008(a) whether partition in kind 36 would result in great prejudice to the cotenants as a group, the court shall

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1 consider the following: 2 (1) whether the heirs property practicably can be divided among 3 the cotenants; 4 (2) whether partition in kind would apportion the property in 5 such a way that the aggregate fair market value of the parcels resulting from 6 the division would be materially less than the value of the property if it 7 were sold as a whole, taking into account the condition under which a court-8 ordered sale likely would occur; 9 (3) evidence of the collective duration of ownership or possession of the property by a cotenant and one or more predecessors in 10 title or predecessors in possession to the cotenant who are or were relatives 11 12 of the cotenant or each other; 13 (4) a cotenant's sentimental attachment to the property, 14 including any attachment arising because the property has ancestral or other 15 unique or special value to the cotenant; 16 (5) the lawful use being made of the property by a cotenant and 17 the degree to which the cotenant would be harmed if the cotenant could not 18 continue the same use of the property; (6) the degree to which the cotenants have contributed their pro 19 20 rata share of the property taxes, insurance, and other expenses associated 21 with maintaining ownership of the property or have contributed to the 22 physical improvement, maintenance, or upkeep of the property; and 23 (7) any other relevant factor. 24 (b) The court may not consider any one factor in subsection (a) to be 25 dispositive without weighing the totality of all relevant factors and 26 circumstances. 27 18-60-1010. Open-market sale, sealed bids, or auction. 28 29 (a) If the court orders a sale of heirs property, the sale must be an 30 open-market sale unless the court finds that a sale by sealed bids or an 31 auction would be more economically advantageous and in the best interest of 32 the cotenants as a group. (b) If the court orders an open-market sale and the parties, not later 33 34 than 10 days after the entry of the order, agree on a real estate broker 35 licensed in this state to offer the property for sale, the court shall 36 appoint the broker and establish a reasonable commission. If the parties do

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1	not agree on a broker, the court shall appoint a disinterested real estate
2	broker licensed in this state to offer the property for sale and shall
3	establish a reasonable commission. The broker shall offer the property for
4	sale in a commercially reasonable manner at a price no lower than the
5	determination of value and on the terms and conditions established by the
6	<u>court.</u>
7	(c) If the broker appointed under subsection (b) obtains within a
8	reasonable time an offer to purchase the property for at least the
9	determination of value:
10	(1) the broker shall comply with the reporting requirements in
11	<u>§ 18-60-1011; and</u>
12	(2) the sale may be completed in accordance with state law other
13	than this subchapter.
14	(d) If the broker appointed under subsection (b) does not obtain
15	within a reasonable time an offer to purchase the property for at least the
16	determination of value, the court, after hearing, may:
17	(1) approve the highest outstanding offer, if any;
18	(2) redetermine the value of the property and order that the
19	property continue to be offered for an additional time; or
20	(3) order that the property be sold by sealed bids or at an
21	auction.
22	(e) If the court orders a sale by sealed bids or an auction, the court
23	shall set terms and conditions of the sale. If the court orders an auction,
24	the auction must be conducted under § 18-60-401 et seq.
25	(f) If a purchaser is entitled to a share of the proceeds of the sale,
26	the purchaser is entitled to a credit against the price in an amount equal to
27	the purchaser's share of the proceeds.
28	
29	18-60-1011. Report of open-market sale.
30	(a) Unless required to do so within a shorter time by § 18-60-401 et
31	seq., a broker appointed under § 18-60-1010(b) to offer heirs property for
32	open-market sale shall file a report with the court not later than seven days
33	after receiving an offer to purchase the property for at least the value
34	determined under § 18-60-1006 or § 18-60-1010.
35	(b) The report required by subsection (a) must contain the following
36	information:

1	(1) a description of the property to be sold to each buyer;	
2	(2) the name of each buyer;	
3	(3) the proposed purchase price;	
4	(4) the terms and conditions of the proposed sale, including the	
5	terms of any owner financing;	
6	(5) the amounts to be paid to lienholders;	
7	(6) a statement of contractual or other arrangements or	
8	conditions of the broker's commission; and	
9	(7) other material facts relevant to the sale.	
10		
11	18-60-1012. Uniformity of application and construction.	
12	In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be	
13	given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its	
14	subject matter among states that enact it.	
15		
16	18-60-1013. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National	
17	Commerce Act.	
18	This subchapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the Electronic	
19	Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et	
20	seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15	
21	U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the	
22	notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b).	
23		
24	18-60-1014. Effective date.	
25	This subchapter takes effect January 1, 2016.	
26		
27	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 18-60-401 is amended to read as follows:	
28	18-60-401. Petition <u>— Determination of heirs property - Applicability</u> .	
29	(a) Under this act <u>subchapter</u> , any persons having any interest in , and	
30	desiring a division of, land held in joint tenancy, in common, as assigned or	
31	unassigned dower, as assigned or unassigned curtesy, or in coparceny,	
32	absolutely or subject to the life estate of another, or otherwise, or under	
33	an estate by the entirety when the owners shall have been divorced, except	
34	when the property involved $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ a homestead and occupied by either of	
35	the divorced persons, shall file in the circuit court a written petition.	
36	(b)(l) This The petition shall contain:	

1 (A) a The description of the property; 2 (B) the The names of those each party having an interest 3 in it, the property and the nature and amount of the interest shall be 4 briefly stated in ordinary language,; and 5 (C) with a A prayer for: 6 (i) the The division and for a sale thereof of the 7 property if it shall appear appears that partition cannot be made without 8 great prejudice to the owners; and 9 (ii) Any other appropriate relief. 10 (2) Thereupon all All persons interested in the property who have not united in the petition shall be summoned to appear. 11 12 (c)(1) The court shall determine whether or not the property is heirs 13 property as defined in § 18-60-1002. (2) If the court determines after notice and hearing or 14 15 otherwise that the property is heirs property, the Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act, § 18-60-1001 et seq., shall unless all of the cotenants 16 17 otherwise agree in a record as defined by § 18-60-1002: 18 (A) Apply to the partition of the property; and 19 (B) To the extent of any conflict between this subchapter 20 and the Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act, § 18-60-1001 et seq., govern the procedures and rights of the parties concerning the heirs property. 21 22 23 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 18-60-404 is repealed. 24 18-60-404. Restriction on right to partition for certain purchasers of 25 land. 26 (a)(1) When an undivided interest in a parcel of land containing at 27 least ten (10) acres is purchased after June 28, 1985, by a stranger to the title, the purchaser shall not have a cause of action to partition the land 28 until the expiration of three (3) years after the date of purchase. 29 (2) However, any person or group of persons or entities which 30 individually or in combination own fifty percent (50%) or more of the parcel 31 32 may at any time institute a cause of action to partition the land. 33 (b) For purposes of this section, the term "stranger to the title" means a person who purchases an undivided interest in property and who is not 34 35 related in the fourth degree of consanguinity to any other owner of such 36 property.

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	SECTION	4.
<u>1, 20</u>	16.	

APPROVED: 02/18/2015

EFFECTIVE DATE. This act is effective on and after January