## Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to present law. Act 566 of the Regular Session

1	State of Arkansas  As Engrossed: H3///19 S3/18/19
2	92nd General Assembly A B1II
3	Regular Session, 2019 HOUSE BILL 152
4	
5	By: Representative Petty
6	By: Senator Bledsoe
7	
8	For An Act To Be Entitled
9	AN ACT CONCERNING THE TREATMENT OF FEMALE INMATES AND
10	DETAINEES IN CORRECTIONAL OR DETENTION FACILITIES;
11	CONCERNING PREGNANT INMATES AND DETAINEES; AND FOR
12	OTHER PURPOSES.
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15	Subtitle
16	CONCERNING THE TREATMENT OF FEMALE
17	INMATES AND DETAINEES IN CORRECTIONAL OR
18	DETENTION FACILITIES; AND CONCERNING
19	PREGNANT INMATES AND DETAINEES.
20	
21	
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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24	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 12 is amended to add an additional
25	chapter to read as follows:
26	
27	<u>Chapter 32 — Treatment of Female Inmates or Detainees</u>
28	12 22 101 Definitions
29	12-32-101. Definitions.
30 31	As used in this chapter:
32	(1) "Correctional or detention facility" means:
33	(A) A local or state correctional facility or detention
34	facility that has the power to detain or restrain a person under the laws of the state, including a city jail, county jail, or facility operated by the
35	Department of Correction or the Department of Community Correction; or
36	(B) A post-incarceration residential reentry facility
	(D) II POOL INCALCULACION LODIACHULAL LOCHULY LACILLO

1	designed to house a person on parole;
2	(2) "Detainee" includes a person detained under the immigration
3	laws of the United States;
4	(3) "Inmate" means any person incarcerated in a correctional or
5	detention facility for any reason;
6	(4) "Labor" means the period of time before a birth during which
7	contractions are of sufficient frequency, intensity, and duration to bring
8	about effacement and progressive dilation of the cervix;
9	(5) "Post-partum" means, as determined by the physician of the
10	inmate or detainee, the thirty-day period following delivery of a child; and
11	(6)(A) "Restraints" means a physical restraint or mechanical
12	device used to control the movement of an inmate's or detainee's body or
13	limbs, including without limitation:
14	(i) Flex cuffs;
15	(ii) Soft restraints;
16	(iii) Hard metal handcuffs;
17	(iv) A black box;
18	(v) Chubb cuffs;
19	(vi) Leg irons;
20	(vii) Belly chains;
21	(viii) A security tether or chain;
22	(ix) A convex shield; and
23	(x) Restraints connecting more than one (1) inmate
24	<u>or detainee.</u>
25	(B) "Restraints" does not include a door to a room.
26	
27	12-32-102. Restraint of pregnant inmate or detainee.
28	(a) A correctional or detention facility shall not place an inmate or
29	detainee verified to be pregnant, in labor, or in post-partum recovery in
30	<u>restraints unless:</u>
31	(1) The correctional or detention facility makes a reasonable
32	and individualized determination that the inmate or detainee presents a
33	substantial flight risk; or
34	(2) An extraordinary medical or security circumstance dictates
35	that the inmate or detainee be restrained to:
36	(A) Ensure the safety and security of:

1	(i) The inmate, detainee, or child;
2	(ii) The staff of the correctional or detention
3	facility, or medical facility;
4	(iii) Other inmates or detainees; or
5	(iv) The public; or
6	(B) Prevent the risk of escape by the inmate or detainee
7	that cannot be reasonably minimized through a safer method than restraints.
8	(b)(l) If the correctional or detention facility determines that the
9	inmate or detainee is required to be restrained under subsection (a) of this
10	section, the restraints shall be removed if a physician, nurse, or other
11	health professional requests that the inmate or detainee not be restrained.
12	(2)(A) The physician, nurse, or other health professional
13	providing inmate or detainee obstetric care shall have final decision-making
14	authority on the use of restraints while the inmate or detainee is in labor
15	or delivery.
16	(B) If the inmate or detainee is not under the care of a
17	physician, nurse, or other health professional, the official at the
18	correctional or detention facility primarily responsible for medical care of
19	inmates or detainees shall have final decision-making authority on the use of
20	restraints and shall consult with a physician, nurse, or other healthcare
21	provider who specializes in obstetrics about the use of restraints on the
22	inmate or detainee.
23	(c) If restraints are used on a pregnant inmate or detainee under
24	subsection (a) of this section:
25	(1)(A) The type of restraints shall be the least restrictive
26	type necessary, and the restraints shall be applied in the least restrictive
27	manner necessary.
28	(B) Leg or waist restraints shall not be used on any
29	inmate or detainee who is in labor.
30	(C) Leg restraints shall not be used on a pregnant inmate
31	who is not in a wheelchair, bed, or gurney;
32	(2) The restraints shall always be forward-facing, designed to
33	restrain the person's hands in front of the person to protect the person and
34	others;
35	(3) Only soft restraints may be used; and
36	(4)(A) The correctional or detention facility shall make written

36	APPROVED: 3/27/19
35	/s/Petty
34	Legislative Council.
33	Charitable, Penal and Correctional Institutions Subcommittee of the
32	(b) A policy under this section may be approved annually by the
31	and parenting classes.
30	educational programming, such as prenatal care, pregnancy-specific hygiene,
29	detention facility, access for a pregnant inmate or detainee to nonprofit
28	(5) Unless otherwise provided for by the correctional or
27	(4) A lower bunk for a pregnant inmate or detainee; and
26	detainees;
25	(3) A necessary number of undergarments for female inmates and
24	and detainees;
23	(2) A necessary number of hygiene products for female inmates
22	inmates and detainees;
21	(1) Necessary prenatal vitamins and nutrition for pregnant
20	providing:
19	(a) A correctional or detention facility shall establish a policy for
18	required.
17	12-32-103. Necessary female prenatal nutrition and hygiene products
16	
15	Attorney General.
14	use of restraints during labor to the Board of Corrections and to the
13	or the Department of Community Correction, as applicable, shall report the
12	(d) If restraints are used during labor, the Department of Correction
10	to the identity of the inmate or detainee shall not be made public.
9 10	for at least five (5) years and be made available for public inspection, except that information identifying any inmate or detainee or that could lead
8	this section shall be maintained by the correctional or detention facility
7	(B) The written findings under subdivision (c)(4)(A) of
6	public.
5	detention facility, or medical facility, other inmates or detainees, or the
4	security of the inmate or detainee, the child, staff of the correctional or
3	that dictated the inmate or detainee be restrained to ensure the safety and
2	inmate or detainee or other extraordinary medical or security circumstance
1	findings within ten (10) days regarding the substantial flight risk of that