## Hall of the House of Representatives

84th General Assembly - Regular Session, 2003

## **Amendment Form**

## Amendment No. 1 to House Bill No. 1074.

Amend House Bill No. 1074 as originally introduced:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and substitute the following:

"SECTION 1. Arkansas Code 12-12-1101 is amended to read as follows: 12-12-1101. Short title.

This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "DNA Detection of Sexual and Violent Offenders State Convicted Offender DNA Database Act".

SECTION 2. Arkansas Code 12-12-1103 is amended to read as follows: 12-12-1103. Definitions.

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Adjudication of guilt" and words of similar import mean a plea of guilty, a plea of nolo contendere, a negotiated plea, a finding of guilt by a judge, or a finding of guilt by a jury;
- (2)(A) "Administration of criminal justice" means performing functions of investigation, apprehension, detention, prosecution, adjudication, correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders.
- (B) The administration of criminal justice also includes criminal identification activities and the collection, maintenance, and dissemination of criminal justice information;
- (3)(A) "CODIS" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation's national deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) identification index system that allows the storage and exchange of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) records submitted by state and local forensic laboratories.
  - (B) The term is derived from Combined DNA Index System;
- (4) "Criminal justice agency" means a government agency, or any subunit thereof, which is authorized by law to perform the administration of criminal justice, and which allocates more than one-half (1/2) its annual budget to the administration of criminal justice;
  - (5)(A) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.
- (B)(i) Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) is located in the cells and provides an individual's personal genetic blueprint.

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- (ii) Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) encodes genetic information that is the basis of human heredity and forensic identification; (6)(A) "Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) record" means deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) identification information stored in the State DNA Data Base or CODIS for the purpose of generating investigative leads or supporting statistical interpretation of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) test results.
- (B) The deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) record is the result obtained from the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) typing tests.
- (C) The deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) record is composed of the characteristics of a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample which are of value in establishing the identity of individuals.
- (D) The results of all deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) identification tests on an individual's deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample are also collectively referred to as the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) profile of an individual;
- (7) "Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample" means a blood or tissue sample provided by any person with respect to offenses covered by this subchapter or submitted to the State Crime Laboratory for analysis or storage or both;
  - (8) "FBI" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (9) "Qualifying Offense" means any felony offense as defined in the Arkansas Criminal Code, §§ 5-1-101 et seq. or a sexual offense classified as a misdemeanor as defined by Arkansas Criminal Code, §§ 5-1-101 et seq. or a repeat offense as defined in this section; and
- (9)(10) "Repeat offense" means a second or subsequent adjudication of guilt in a separate criminal action for the commission of any misdemeanor or felony offense involving violence as set forth in Arkansas law, the law of another state, federal law, or military law;.

## (10) "Sex offense" means: (A)(i) Rape - § 5-14-103; (ii) Carnal abuse in the first degree - § 5-14-104; (iii) Carnal abuse in the second degree - § 5-14-105; (iv) Carnal abuse in the third degree - § 5-14-106; (v) Sexual misconduct - § 5-14-107; (vi) Sexual abuse in the first degree - § 5-14-108; (vii) Sexual abuse in the second degree - § 5-14-109; (viii) Sexual solicitation of a child - § 5-14-110; (ix) Violation of a minor in the first degree - § 5-<del>14-120;</del> (x) Violation of a minor in the second degree - § 5-14-121: (xi) Incest - § 5-26-202; (xii) Engaging children in sexually explicit conduct for use in visual or print medium - § 5-27-303; (xiii) Transportation of minors for prohibited sexual conduct - § 5-27-305; (xiv) Employing or consenting to use of child in sexual performance - § 5-27-402;

(xv) Producing, directing, or promoting sexual

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performance - § 5-27-403;
                        (xvi) Promoting prostitution in the first degree - §
<del>5-70-104</del>;
                        (xvii) Stalking - § 5-71-229;
                  (B) An attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any
of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (10)(A) of this section; or
                  (C) A violation of any former law of this state which is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision
(10)(A) of this section; and
            (11) "Violent offense" means:
                  (A)(i) Murder - § 5-10-101, 5-10-102, or 5-10-103;
                        (ii) Manslaughter - § 5-10-104;
                        (iii) Robbery - § 5-12-102;
                        (iv) Aggravated robbery - § 5-12-103;
                        (v) Battery in the first degree - § 5-13-201;
                        (vi) Battery in the second degree - § 5-13-202;
                        (vii) Aggravated assault - § 5-13-204;
                        (viii) Terroristic threatening in the first degree -
§ 5-13-301;
                        (ix) Domestic battering - §§ 5-26-303 - 5-26-305;
                        (x) Aggravated assault on family or household member
<del>§ 5-26-306;</del>
                        (xi) Engaging in a continuing criminal gang,
organization, or enterprise - § 5-74-104;
                        (xii) Kidnapping - § 5-11-102;
                        (xiii) False imprisonment in the first degree - § 5-
<del>11-103;</del>
                        (xiv) Permanent detention or restraint - § 5-11-106;
                  (B) An attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any
of these enumerated offenses; or
                  (C) A violation of any former law of this state which is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision
(11)(A) of this section.
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- SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 12-12-1105 is amended to read as follows: 12-12-1105. State DNA Data Base.
  - (a)(1) There is established the State DNA Data Base.
- (2) It shall be administered by the State Crime Laboratory and provide deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) records to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for storage and maintenance in CODIS.
- (b) The State DNA Data Base shall have the capability provided by computer software and procedures administered by the State Crime Laboratory to store and maintain deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) records related to:
- (1) Forensic casework Crime scene evidence and forensic casework;
- (2) Offenders who are required to provide a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample under this subchapter Convicted offenders and juveniles adjudicated delinquent who are required to provide a DNA sample under this subchapter;
- (3) Offenders who were required to provide a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample under former  $\S$  12-12-1101 et seq. (repealed); and
  - (4) Anonymous deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) records used for

research or forensic validation, quality control, or establishment of a population statistics database.;

- (5) Unidentified persons or body parts; and
- (6) Relatives of missing persons.
- SECTION 4. Arkansas Code  $\S\S$  12-12-1109 through 12-12-1111 are amended to read as follows:
  - 12-12-1109. DNA sample required upon adjudication of guilt.
- (a) Adjudication of guilt. A person who is adjudicated guilty or adjudicated delinquent for a sex offense, a violent offense, a residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201 (a) or (b), or a repeat qualifying offense on or after August 1, 1997, shall have a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample drawn as follows:
- (1)(A) A person who is adjudicated guilty or adjudicated delinquent for a sex offense, a violent offense, a residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201(a) or (b), or a repeat qualifying offense and sentenced to a term of confinement for that sex offense, violent offense, residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201(a) or (b), or repeat qualifying offense shall have a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample drawn upon intake to a prison, jail, juvenile detention facility, or any other detention facility or institution.
- (B) If the person is already confined at the time of sentencing, the person shall have a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample drawn immediately after the sentencing;
- (2)(A) A person who is adjudicated guilty or adjudicated delinquent for a sex offense, a violent offense, a residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201(a) or (b), or a repeat qualifying offense shall have a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample drawn as a condition of any sentence in which disposition will not involve an intake into a prison, jail, juvenile detention facility, or any other detention facility or institution;
- (B) The agency supervising the convicted offender shall determine the time and collection of the DNA sample.
- (3) A person who is acquitted on the grounds of mental disease or defect of the commission of a sex offense, a violent offense, a residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201(a) or (b), or a repeat qualifying offense and committed to an institution or other facility shall have a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample drawn upon intake to that institution or other facility; and
- (4) Under no circumstance shall a person who is adjudicated guilty or adjudicated delinquent for a sex offense, a violent offense, a residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201(a) or (b), or a repeat qualifying offense be released in any manner after such disposition unless and until a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample has been drawn.
- (b) Adjudication of guilt before August 1, 1997. A person who has been adjudicated guilty or adjudicated delinquent for a sex offense, a violent offense, a residential or commercial burglary under § 5-39-201(a) or (b), or a repeat qualifying offense before August 1, 1997, and who is still serving a term of confinement in connection therewith on August 1, 1997, shall not be released in any manner prior to the expiration of his maximum term of confinement unless and until a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample has been drawn.
  - (c) Supervision of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples. All

deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples taken pursuant to this section shall be taken in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Crime Laboratory in consultation with the Department of Correction, the Department of Community Correction, the Department of Human Services, and the Administrative Office of the Courts.

- (d) Interstate transfer on parole or probation.
- (1) When the state accepts a person from another state under any interstate compact, or under any other reciprocal agreement with any county, state or federal agency, or any other provision of law, whether or not the person is confined or released, the acceptance is conditional on the person providing a DNA sample if the person was convicted of an offense in any other jurisdiction which would be considered a qualifying offense as defined in § 12-12-1103 if committed in this state, or if the person was convicted of an equivalent offense in any other jurisdiction.
- (2) The person shall provide the DNA sample in accordance with the rules of the custodial institution or supervising agency.
  - (e) Applicability and additional sample.
- (1) The requirements of this subchapter are mandatory and apply regardless of whether a court advises a person that a DNA sample must be provided to the State DNA databank and database as a condition of probation or parole.
- (2) A person who has been sentenced to death or life without the possibility of parole, or to any life or indeterminate term of incarceration is not exempt from the requirements of this subchapter.
- (3) Any person subject to this subchapter, who has not provided a DNA sample for any reason, including the person's release prior to the effective date of this subsection, an oversight, or because of the person's transfer from another jurisdiction, shall give a DNA sample for inclusion in the State DNA database after being notified by the supervising agency.
- (4) In the event that a person's DNA sample is not adequate for any reason, the person shall provide another DNA sample for analysis.
- 12-12-1110. Procedures of withdrawal, collection, and transmission of DNA samples.
  - (a) Drawing of Taking deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples.
- (1)(A) Each deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample required to be  $\frac{drawn}{drawn}$  pursuant to § 12-12-1109 from persons who are incarcerated shall be  $\frac{drawn}{drawn}$  at the place of incarceration or confinement as provided for in §  $\frac{12-12-1109}{drawn}$  taken by the agency supervising the convicted offender.
- (B) Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples from persons who are not committed or sentenced to a term of confinement shall be drawn at another facility to be specified by the sentencing court.
- (C) Only those individuals qualified to draw deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples in a medically approved manner shall draw a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample to be submitted for analysis.
- (2) In addition to the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample, a right thumbprint shall be taken from the person from whom the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample is drawn for the exclusive purpose of verifying the identity of the person.
- (3) Contracting with third parties. The agency or institution having custody or control or the agency providing supervision of persons convicted or adjudicated delinquent for qualifying offenses, as appropriate,

 $\underline{\text{is authorized to contract with third parties to provide for the collection of }}$ 

- (b) Delivery of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples. The deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample and the right thumbprint provided for in subdivision (a)(2) of this section shall be delivered to the State Crime Laboratory in accordance with guidelines established by the State Crime Laboratory.
  - (c) Limitation on liability.
- (1) Persons authorized to draw blood by this section shall not be criminally liable for drawing a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample and transmitting the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample pursuant to this subchapter if they perform these activities in good faith.
- (2) Persons authorized to draw blood by this section shall not be civilly liable for such activities when the persons acted in a reasonable manner and according to generally accepted medical and other professional practices.
  - (d) Reasonable use of force.
- (1) Authorized law enforcement and corrections personnel may employ reasonable force in cases where an individual refuses to submit to deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) testing authorized under this subchapter.
- (2) No such employee shall be criminally or civilly liable for the use of reasonable force.
  - (e) Refusal to provide deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample.
- (DNA) sample required by this subchapter will receive no further sentence reduction from meritorious good time until such time as a sample is provided, and the Department of Correction shall notify the Post Prison Transfer Board regarding the refusal.
- (2) Any person who is subject to this subchapter, and who, after receiving notification of the requirement to provide a DNA sample, knowingly refuses to provide the DNA sample, shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 12-12-1111. Procedures for conduct, disposition, and use of DNA analysis.
  - (a) Conduct.
- (1) The State Crime Laboratory shall adopt rules governing the procedures to be used in the submission, identification, analysis, storage, and disposition of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples and typing results of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples submitted under this subchapter.
- (2) These procedures shall also include quality assurance guidelines to ensure that deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) identification records meet standards for laboratories which submit deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) records to the State DNA Data Base.
- (b) Disposition. The typing results of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) samples shall be securely stored in the State DNA Data Base and records of testing shall be retained on file with the State Crime Laboratory consistent with the procedures established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
  - (c) Use of tests.
- $\underline{(1)}$  Except as otherwise provided in § 12-12-1112, the tests to be performed on each deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sample shall be used only for law enforcement identification purposes or to assist in the recovery or identification of human remains from disasters or for other humanitarian

- identification purposes, including identification of missing persons.
- (2) The results of the analysis conducted pursuant to this subchapter from a person adjudicated delinquent may be used for any law enforcement agency identification purpose, including adult prosecution.
- (3) Mistakes do not invalidate a database match. The detention, arrest, or conviction of a person based on a database match or database information is not invalidated if the sample was obtained or placed in the database by mistake.
- (d) Contracting. (1) The State Crime Laboratory is authorized to contract with third parties for purposes of this subchapter.
- (2) Any other party contracting to carry out the functions of this subchapter shall be subject to the same restrictions and requirements of this subchapter, insofar as applicable, as the State Crime Laboratory as well as any additional restrictions imposed by the State Crime Laboratory.
- SECTION 5. Arkansas Code  $\S$  12-12-1114 and 12-12-1115 are amended to read as follows:
  - 12-12-1114. Confidentiality.
- (a) All deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) profiles and samples submitted to the State Crime Laboratory pursuant to this subchapter shall be treated as confidential except as otherwise provided in this subchapter.
- (b) All DNA records and DNA samples submitted to the State Crime Laboratory pursuant to this subchapter are exempt from the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, §§ 25-19-101 et seq.
  - 12-12-1115. Prohibition against disclosure.
- (a)(1) Any person who by virtue of employment, or official position, or any person contracting to carry out any functions under this subchapter, including any officers, employees, and agents of such contractor, who has possession of, or access to, individually identifiable deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) information contained in the State DNA Data Base or State DNA Data Bank shall not disclose it in any manner to any person or agency not entitled to receive it knowing that such person is not entitled to receive it.
- (2) No person shall obtain individually identifiable deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) information from the State DNA Data Base or the State DNA Data Bank without authorization to do so.
- (3) In order to maintain the computer system security of the State Crime Laboratory, DNA database, and DNA databank program, the computer software, and database structures used by the State Crime Laboratory to implement this subchapter are confidential.
- (b) Any person who knowingly violates this section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor."

The Amendment was read	
By: Representative Verkamp	
LDH/MHF - 031920030921	
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