## State of Arkansas

## 78th General Assembly

## Regular Session, 1991

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## By: House Rules Committee

## HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

PROVIDING FOR THE ADOPTION OF THE JOINT RULES OF THE<br>SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SEVENTY-EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SECTION 1. When, by the Constitution or laws of the state, a joint meeting of the Senate and House of Representatives is required, they shall assembly with their clerks on the day and at the hour previously agreed on for that purpose in the hall of the House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. When the meeting is assembled, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House shall preside in conjunction, and the meeting shall be governed by such standing rules as shall have been adopted for that purpose by the concurrence of both houses. They shall have power to punish any person, other than a member, for disorderly or contemptuous behavior in their presence, by fine and imprisonment, in the same manner and to the same extent as either house may do, for like conduct before it, by the Constitution and laws of this state.
(A) Any member of either house who shall be guilty of disorderly behavior in the presence of the meeting may be punished by the house of which he is a member, in the same manner as if the offense had been committed in the presence of that house.
(B) The Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House shall both keep a record of the proceedings, to be entered on the Journal of their respective houses.

SECTION 3. All bills, resolutions, votes and amendments by either house, to which the concurrence of both is necessary, as well as messages, shall be presented to the other by the Clerk or Secretary of the house from
which they are sent or by the assistant secretary or assistant clerk.

SECTION 4. No bill shall be passed by either house containing more than one subject, which shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 5. When a bill or resolution which has passed one house shall be rejected by the other, notice thereof shall be given to the house in which the same shall have passed.

SECTION 6. All bills, memorials or resolutions ordered to be engrossed, shall be engrossed by the clerk of the house in which it originated.

SECTION 7. When a bill shall have passed both houses, it shall be enrolled by the enrolling clerk of the house in which it originated.

SECTION 8. All bills must be enrolled and reported to each house by the committee designated by each house to supervise the enrolling of bills, within three days after their passage; provided, that if the reconsideration of any bill is moved, in either house, previous to its presentation to the Governor, the committee shall hold the same until action is had upon such motion.

SECTION 9. No bill, resolution, or memorial shall be sent to the Governor for his approval, unless the same shall have been clearly and fairly enrolled without obliteration or interlineation.

SECTION 10. After examination and report by the committee responsible for enrolling bills, each bill shall be signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and then by the President of the Senate. Each page of a bill shall be signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the right margin, and shall be signed by the President of the Senate on the left margin of each page. The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate shall manually sign each page of each bill, or may provide, at their option and under their supervision, for the affixing thereto of the facsimile signature in the manner and procedure provided in Act 69 of 1959. (A.C.A. 21-10-101 thru 21-10-106)

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SECTION 11. When the Secretary of the Senate or Clerk of the House, or either of the assistants, shall wait upon the other house, notice thereof shall be given to the President or Speaker of the House by the Sergeant at Arms, or Assistant Sergeant at Arms, who shall declare the same, and a copy of the message to be laid on the table of the clerk or secretary.

SECTION 12. Tuesday and Friday of each week are hereby set apart in each house for the especial and exclusive consideration of bills and resolutions, which may have been passed by the other house, and the consideration of such bills and resolutions shall take precedence over all other business on these days immediately after the expiration of one hour after the house shall be called to order by the presiding officer; provided that the reading of the Journal shall be completed in any event.

SECTION 13. When either body shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, the other body shall appoint a committee of equal number to confer, and such conference shall be held at any time and place agreed on by the chairmen.

SECTION 14. No joint rules shall be dispensed with but by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of each house, and if either house shall violate a joint rule, the question of order may be raised in the other house, and decided in the same manner as in case of a violation of the rules of such house.

SECTION 15. The general appropriation bill, and all appropriation bills recommended "do pass" by the Joint Budget Committee, shall be privileged bills, advanced upon the calendar, and take precedence over all other bills at any time after the reading of the Journal. It shall be in order, by the direction of the appropriate committee, to move that the House or Senate (as the case may be), resolve itself into the committee of the whole house for the purpose of considering the general appropriation bill, and no dilatory motion shall be entertained by the presiding officer.

SECTION 16. No appropriation bill shall be filed for introduction in
either the House of Representatives or the Senate later than the fiftieth (50th) day of a regular session except upon consent of two-thirds of the members elected to each house; and, no other bill shall be filed for introduction in either the House of Representatives or the Senate later than the fifty-fifth (55th) day of a regular session, except upon consent of twothirds of the members elected to each house.

SECTION 17. (A) No bill or resolution, as defined herein, shall be accepted for introduction by the clerks of the senate or of the House of Representatives unless such bill or resolution has been prepared for introduction by the automated bill preparation system developed by the Bureau of Legislative Research.
(1) The Bureau of Legislative Research shall establish and operate, in cooperation with the appropriate officials of the House of Representatives and the Senate, an automated bill preparation system in which all bills and resolutions, as defined herein, shall be prepared for introduction. Such system shall be designed in a manner which will permit either or both houses of the General Assembly to install compatible and interconnecting electronic equipment for the preparation of bills and resolutions in the same format as prepared by the Bureau of Legislative Research for introduction in either house of the General Assembly.
(2) The Bureau of Legislative Research shall furnish the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives tapes or disks on which introduced bills and resolutions are recorded, or provide access by electronic medium to the central bill files in which bills and resolutions recorded in the automated bill preparation system are stored, to enable the engrossing rooms of the respective houses to have ready access thereto for enrollment or engrossment or amendments adopted to such bills and resolutions.
(3) As used herein:
(a) "resolutions" shall mean all resolutions prepared for introduction which require the concurrence of both houses of the General Assembly for adoption thereof, and shall not include resolutions prepared for consideration by only the house in which introduced;
(b) "automated bill preparation system" shall mean an
automated system using word processors, computers, or other electronic devices for the typing and preparation of bills and resolutions (as defined herein) for introduction by members of the General Assembly in either the Senate or the House of Representatives, and shall include the following features:
(i) a separate identification number, to be placed upon each page of the original and each copy thereof prepared for introduction in the General Assembly;
(ii) a method of recording on tapes, disks or other automated or electronic medium, each bill and resolution for ready access for retrieval and engrossment purposes;
(iii) security features to protect the automated bill preparation files from access by unauthorized persons, and to maintain the integrity and confidentiality of drafts of bills and resolutions prepared by the Bureau of Legislative Research for members of the General Assembly which have not been filed for introduction; and
(iv) such other features as deemed to be necessary and advisable by the Bureau of Legislative Research after consulting with the appropriate officials of the House of Representatives and the Senate.
(B) All bills and resolutions introduced in the House and Senate shall be prepared on $8-1 / 2 \times 11$ inch paper. A typewritten original and twelve (12) copies thereof, or a photocopy of an original typewritten copy with twelve (12) additional copies thereof, shall be prepared for introduction. The original typewritten copy, or one of the photocopies of a typewritten original, shall be placed in the manuscript cover provided for the official copy of bills or resolutions, with the twelve (12) copies thereof to be attached thereto in such manner as may be prescribed by the respective houses. In addition, ten (10) copies of the caption on each bill or resolution shall be prepared and attached thereto at the time of introduction.
(C) Upon the introduction of each bill and resolution, the appropriate clerks of the respective houses shall cause the original signed copy thereof (which is contained in the official bill or resolution manuscript cover) to be identified as the official copy by perforation on the left hand margin of each page thereof the words "HOUSE ORIGINAL" or the word "HOUSE" to be placed on each official original copy of House bills and resolutions, and the words "SENATE ORIGINAL" or the word "SENATE" to be placed on the left hand margin of
each official original copy of Senate bills and resolutions. Whenever any bill or resolution is amended, the engrossed page or pages thereof shall be perforated in the same manner as the original introduced copy. Only the original signed copy of a bill or resolution and engrossed pages thereof shall be perforated as provided herein.
(D) If any person shall unlawfully perforate any fraudulent or counterfeit copy of any bill or resolution for the purpose of intentionally inserting in any bill or resolution any page or provision thereof for the purpose of altering the bill or resolution as introduced, such person shall be in contempt of the House and/or Senate and shall be punishable accordingly; and if any person shall make any alteration, change or erasure in any original copy of a bill or resolution as originally introduced, except upon direction of the House and/or Senate or upon direction of the appropriate committees on engrossed or enrolled bills, such person shall be in contempt of the House and Senate and shall be punishable accordingly. In addition, such person shall be subject to such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by the laws of this State for fraud.
(E) Bills presented for introduction which propose to directly and specifically amend an existing act, or acts, of the General Assembly shall, at the time the same are presented for introduction, be accompanied by an additional draft of said bills, separate and apart from the draft of said bills prepared for introduction, reflecting by "mark-up" the changes proposed in existing laws by (i) striking through all language of the existing law that is proposed to be deleted by the proposed bills and (ii) by underlining all new language proposed to be added to the existing law. The author of a bill shall be responsible for causing said marked-up copy to be prepared, to be filed with the original bill at the time the same is presented for introduction. A printer-ready copy of the original bill and the copy of the Marked-up bill shall be placed in an envelope marked "Printer's Copy, including Marked-up Copy" and the same shall be filed with the bill at the time such bill is filed for introduction in the Senate or in the House of Representatives. At the top of the first page of the marked-up copy shall appear the following language: "MARKED-UP COPY -- THIS IS NOT THE OFFICIAL BILL. Language stricken has been deleted from present law. New language is underlined." to distinguish a marked-up copy from the official copy filed for

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introduction. All amendments to such bill proposed to be made in the House or Senate shall refer to the official bill copy, and not to the marked-up copy. The copy of the original bill shall be printed in the manner now provided by Rules of the House and Senate, and the marked-up copy of Senate bills shall be printed on one color paper, and the marked-up copy of House bills shall be printed on a different color of paper, as designated by the Senate Efficiency Committee and by the House Management Committee, for the purpose of distinguishing Senate and House marked-up copies from the copy of the original bill. Printed copies of marked-up bills shall be delivered to the Senate and to the House of Representatives by the printer, at the same time printed copies of the official bills are delivered to the respective houses. Copies of printed bills shall be placed in the bill books furnished on the desks of members, with the marked-up copy being placed behind the original copy of the bill, or, each house may elect to provide members with separate bill books for marked-up copies.

SECTION 18. Whenever any Senate bill shall be approved by the House of Representatives and enrolled by the Senate, the Secretary of the senate or one of his authorized agents shall, without delay, deliver the same to the Governor or his designated representative and take receipt thereof, which receipt shall be returned to the Senate and entered in the Journal. Whenever any House bill shall be approved by the Senate and enrolled by the House, the Chief Clerk of the house or one of his authorized agents shall, without delay, deliver the same to the Governor or his designated representative and take receipt thereof, which receipt shall be returned to the House and entered in the Journal. In the event the Governor, or his designated representative, shall refuse to accept delivery of any such bill, the Secretary of the Senate, or the Chief Clerk of the House, or their designated agents, as the case may be, shall forthwith serve the same by handing the bill to either the Governor or to any employee of the Governor's office, and shall return a certificate to the Senate or the House, as the case may be, of the date and time of such delivery and of the name of the person to whom delivered and such certificate shall be entered in the Journal of the Senate or the Journal of the House, as the case may be, and shall constitute proof of delivery of said bill to the Governor in determining the period of time in which the Governor has to sign
the same or return it to the Senate or the House with his veto as provided in the Constitution of the State of Arkansas.

SECTION 19. The Joint Committee on Constitutional Amendments shall consist of the members of the Senate Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affairs and the members of the House Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affairs. No proposed constitutional amendment can be recommended to either house of the General Assembly except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Senate Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affairs and an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the House Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affairs. No resolution proposing a constitutional amendment shall be filed in either the House of Representatives or the Senate after the thirty-first (31st) day of each regular session of the General Assembly. All resolutions proposing constitutional amendments shall be referred to the Joint Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affairs and said Joint Committee shall reports its recommendations of not more than three (3) proposed constitutional amendments to the House and Senate not later than the fifty-fifth (55th) day of the regular session. Other resolutions proposing constitutional amendments shall not be reported to or considered by either house of the General Assembly until the original recommendations of the Joint Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affairs are disposed of.

SECTION 20. The standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives are authorized to hold joint meetings upon call of the Chairman of the two committees involved or by one-half (1/2) or more of the members of both committees involved.

SECTION 21. The Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives are authorized, subject to approval by the appropriate designated committee, to correct obvious errors occurring in documents originating in the House and the Senate respectively, provided that each such correction is noted on the bill jacket and is documented by a "correction note" at the end of the official daily journal for the date on which the correction was made.

SECTION 22. In assigning numbers to bills and resolutions introduced in the Senate and House of Representatives, Senate bills and resolutions shall be numbered commencing with the figure 1, and the House bills and resolutions shall be assigned numbers commencing with the figure 1001.

SECTION 23. Beginning on November 15 of each year preceding a regular session of the General Assembly, each holdover member of the Senate who will be serving at the next following regular session of the General Assembly and each member-elect of the General Assembly, as soon as the members-elect of the General Assembly are certified to the Secretary of State, shall be permitted to pre-file bills and resolutions for such regular session with the Chief Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate. (Act 64 of 1987.)

SECTION 24. No bill may be introduced to provide for licensure of any profession, occupation or class of health care providers not currently licensed nor to expand the scope of practice of any profession, occupation or class of health care providers unless the Joint Interim Committee on Public Health, Welfare and Labor, at least six (6) months prior to convening of the next legislative session has undertaken and completed a study of the feasibility of such legislation and reported its findings to the General Assembly. (HCR 1022 of 1987.)

SECTION 25. (A) No bill may be brought up for third reading and final passage in either house of the General Assembly during an Extraordinary Session unless five (5) days (120 hours) shall have expired from the time of introduction, or pre-filing for introduction, of the bill with the Secretary of the Senate or the Chief Clerk of the House (or their authorized agent) in the manner provided by statute and the rules of the respective houses, except upon suspension of the rules by a two-thirds vote of the membership elected to each of the respective houses.
(B) Whenever the Governor issues a Proclamation calling for the convening of an Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly, any member or members of the Senate or the House of Representatives may pre-file bills embracing the subject matter of items in the Governor's call by signing and

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1 filing the necessary copies thereof with the secretary of the senate or the Chief Clerk of the House on Mondays through Fridays between the hours of $8: 00$ a.m. and 5:00 p.m., after the issuance of the Governor's call and prior to the convening of the Extraordinary Session. (HCR 1004 of 1989.)

7 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SEVENTY-EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS, THE SENATE CONCURRING THEREIN:

THAT the Joint Rules of the senate and House of Representatives of the Seventy-Eighth General Assembly are hereby adopted.

