Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

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17	TO PROVIDE THAT POLICE OFFICERS AND		
18	FIREFIGHTERS WITH CERTAIN DISEASES WILL		
19	BE PRESUMED TO HAVE BEEN INJURED IN THE		
20	LINE OF DUTY FOR DISABILITY RETIREMENT		
21	BENEFITS.		
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23	3		
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:		
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26	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 24-10-607(c)(1), concerning the d	isabil	ity
27	benefits for members of the Local Police and Fire Retirement System	, is	
28	amended to read as follows:		
29	(c)(1)(A) $\underline{(i)}$ Any active member who becomes totally and permanents	nently	
30	physically or mentally incapacitated for any suitable duty as an em	ployee	as
31	the result of a personal injury or disease which the board finds to	have	
32	arisen out of, and in the course of, his or her actual performance	of dut	y as
33	an employee may be retired by the board upon written application fi	led wi	.th
34	the board by or on behalf of the member.		
35	(ii)(a) As used in this subdivision		
36	(c)(l)(A)(ii) of this section:		

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1	(1)(A) "Blood or body liuids" means	
2	blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids to which	
3	universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of blood-	
4	borne pathogens, as established by the Centers for Disease Control, apply;	
5	<u>and</u>	
6	(B) Includes respiratory,	
7	salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and	
8	any other fluid through which infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms	
9	can be transmitted between persons for the purpose of determining the	
10	potential transmission of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or	
11	tuberculosis;	
12	(2) "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A,	
13	hepatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C or any other	
14	strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community;	
15	(3) "HIV" means the medically recognized	
16	retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or type II, causing	
17	immunodeficiency syndrome; and	
18	(4) "Occupational exposure" means, in	
19	the case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis, an	
20	exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a	
21	police officer or fire fighter at risk of infection.	
22	(b) A police officer or fire fighter in paid	
23	service who becomes totally or permanently incapacitated for any suitable	
24	duty as an employee from a condition or impairment of health caused by	
25	hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis shall be presumed	
26	to have suffered the condition or impairment as one arising out of, and in	
27	the course of, the police officer's or fire fighter's actual performance of	
28	duty as an employee unless the contrary is shown by medical evidence.	
29	(c) The presumption under subdivision	
30	(c)(l)(A)(ii)(b) of this section is conditioned on the police officer or fire	
31	fighter having successfully passed a physical examination before entering	
32	into employment and the examination failing to reveal any evidence of the	
33	hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis.	
34	(B) The employee shall be retired only if, after a medical	
35	examination of the member made by or under the direction of a physician or	
36	physicians designated by the board, the physician reports to the plan in	

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     writing that the member is physically or mentally totally incapacitated for
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     the further performance of any suitable duty, that the incapacity will
     probably be permanent, and that the member should be retired.
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           SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 24-11-423(a)(1)(C), concerning the
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     disability retirement benefits for police officers under a policemen's
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     pension and relief fund, is amended to read as follows:
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                       (C)(i) If, however, a police officer is injured in the
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     line of duty, the monthly disability benefit shall either be equal to sixty-
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     five percent (65%) of the salary attached to the rank held by the member in
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     the police department or shall be equal to the benefit paid to normal service
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     retirants, whichever is greater.
                             (ii) For Except as presumed under subdivision
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     (a)(1)(C)(iii)(c)(1) of this section, for purposes of this section, "injured
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     in the line of duty" means a disabling injury or disease which occurs while
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     conducting official police department operations or while in training to
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     become a police officer.
                             (iii) (a) The board shall determine whether the
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     disability occurred in the line of duty and may require any medical evidence,
     official reports, expert testimony, or other information to be supplied by
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     the applicant in addition to the required physician's examination. The
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     additional benefits provided in this subdivision (a)(1)(C) shall be effective
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     for all qualifying applications first received by the board on or after
     January 1, 1987.
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                                   (b) As used in this subdivision
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     (a)(1)(C)(iii)(c) of this section:
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                                         (1)(A) "Blood or body fluids" means
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     blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids to which
     universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of blood-
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     borne pathogens, as established by the Centers for Disease Control, apply;
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     and
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                                               (B) Includes respiratory,
     salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and
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     any other fluid through which infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms
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     can be transmitted between persons for the purpose of determining the
     potential transmission of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or
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1	tuberculosis;	
2	(2) "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A,	
3	epatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C or any other	
4	strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community;	
5	(3) "HIV" means the medically recognized	
6	retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or type II, causing	
7	immunodeficiency syndrome; and	
8	(4) "Occupational exposure" means, in the	
9	case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis, an	
10	exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a	
11	police officer at risk of infection.	
12	(c)(1) A member of the police department who	
13	becomes disabled or injured by hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or	
14	tuberculosis shall be presumed to have been injured in the line of duty	
15	unless the contrary is shown by medical evidence.	
16	(2) The presumption under subdivision	
17	(a)(1)(C)(iii)(c)(1) of this section is conditioned on the police officer	
18	having successfully passed a physical examination before entering into	
19	employment and the examination failing to reveal any evidence of the	
20	hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis.	
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22	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code $$24-11-819(a)(2)(B)(ii), concerning the$	
23	disability retirement benefits for full-paid fire fighters under a firemen's	
24	pension and relief fund, is amended to read as follows:	
25	(ii)(a) For Except as presumed under subdivision	
26	(a)(2)(B)(ii)(c)(2) of this section, for purposes of this section, "injured	
27	in the line of duty" means a disabling injury or disease that occurs while	
28	conducting official fire department operations or while in training to become	
29	a fire fighter.	
30	(b) The board shall determine whether the	
31	disability occurred in the line of duty and may require any medical evidence,	
32	official reports, expert testimony, or other information to be supplied by	
33	the applicant in addition to the required physician's examination and report	
34	(c)(1) As used in this subdivision	
35	(a)(2)(B)(ii)(c) of this section:	
36	(A)(i) "Blood or body fluids"	

1	means blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids to	
2	which universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of	
3	blood-borne pathogens, as established by the Centers for Disease Control,	
4	apply; and	
5	(ii) Includes respiratory,	
6	salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and	
7	any other fluid through which infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms	
8	can be transmitted between persons for the purpose of determining the	
9	potential transmission of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or	
10	tuberculosis;	
11	(B) "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A,	
12	hepatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C or any other	
13	strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community;	
14	(C) "HIV" means the medically	
15	recognized retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or type	
16	II, causing immunodeficiency syndrome; and	
17	(D) "Occupational exposure" means,	
18	in the case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis, an	
19	exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a fire	
20	fighter at risk of infection.	
21	(2) A full-paid fire fighter who becomes	
22	disabled or injured by hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or	
23	tuberculosis shall be presumed to have been injured in the line of duty	
24	unless the contrary is shown by medical evidence.	
25	(3) The presumption under subdivision	
26	(a)(2)(B)(ii)(c)(2) of this section is conditioned on the firefighter having	
27	successfully passed a physical examination before entering into employment	
28	and the examination failing to reveal any evidence of the hepatitis,	
29	meningococcal meningitis, HIV, or tuberculosis.	
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31	/s/ Judy	
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