Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1 2	State of Arkansas 84th General Assembly	As Engrossed: H2/27/03 H3/5/03 $ m A~Bill$		
3	Regular Session, 2003		HOUSE BILL	1728
4	Regular Session, 2003		HOOSE BILL	1/20
5	By: Representatives Pickett,	Bradford, Mahony, P. Bookout, Thyer		
6				
7				
8		For An Act To Be Entitled		
9	AN ACT	TO ALLOW CERTAIN COUNTIES AND CITIES	OF	
10	THE FIR	ST CLASS TO CONDUCT LOCAL OPTION ELEC	TIONS	
11	TO DECI	DE THE ISSUE OF ALLOWING THE SALE OF		
12	ALCOHOL	IC BEVERAGES IN HOTELS, RESTAURANTS,	AND	
13	LARGE A	TTENDANCE FACILITIES; AND FOR OTHER		
14	PURPOSE	S.		
15				
16		Subtitle		
17	AN A	CT TO ALLOW CERTAIN COUNTIES AND		
18	CITI	ES OF THE FIRST CLASS TO CONDUCT		
19	LOCA	L OPTION ELECTIONS TO DECIDE THE		
20	ISSU	E OF ALLOWING THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC		
21	BEVE	RAGES IN HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, AND		
22	LARG	E ATTENDANCE FACILITIES.		
23				
24				
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE (GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKAN	NSAS:	
26				
27	SECTION 1. Arka	ansas Code Title 3, Chapter 8, is amer	nded to add an	
28	additional subchapter	to read as follows:		
29	3-8-501. Legis	lative Determination and Intent.		
30	The General Asse	embly finds that:		
31	(1) Local	l option laws of Arkansas no longer me	eet the needs a	<u>nd</u>
32	desires of certain con	mmunities which have chosen not to aut	thorize every t	уре
33	of alcoholic beverage	sale permitted by law, in that if the	e sale of	
34	intoxicating liquors	is approved by voters under existing l	law, that appro	<u>val</u>
35	would necessarily inc	lude the approval of most forms of the	e manufacture a	<u>nd</u>
36	sale of intoxicating	liquors, including a multitude of on-p	oremises and of	<u>f-</u>

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1	premises sales as permitted by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division; and		
2	(2) There is currently no provision in Arkansas law allowing		
3	certain counties and cities of the first class, in which the manufacture or		
4	sale of alcoholic beverages has been prohibited, to decide by local		
5	referendum whether the sale of alcoholic beverages in hotels, restaurants,		
6	and large attendance facilities should be authorized.		
7			
8	3-8-502. Definitions.		
9	For purposes of this subchapter:		
10	(1) "Alcoholic beverages" means all intoxicating beverages including		
11	spirits, wines, beer, and all other intoxicating beverages approved for sale		
12	in this state which contain more than one-half of one percent ($\frac{1}{2}$ of 1%)		
13	alcohol by weight;		
14	(2) "Final determination" means the date of certification of the		
15	results of an uncontested election or, if contested, the date of the issuance		
16	of the mandate by the court finally determining an election contest;		
17	(3) "Hotel" has the same meaning as defined in § 3-9-202;		
18	(4) "Restaurant" means any public or private place, without sleeping		
19	accommodations and that place:		
20	(A) Is kept, used, maintained, advertised, and held out to		
21	the public or to a private or restricted membership as a place whose primary		
22	function and purpose is to take orders for and to serve food and food items;		
23	(B) Actually serves full and complete meals prepared in a		
24	fully equipped and sanitary kitchen and prepared from uncooked foods for		
25	service to and for consumption by its guests or members on the premises;		
26	(C) Has a seating capacity of at least fifty (50) people;		
27	(D) Has employed a sufficient number and kind of employees		
28	to prepare, cook, and serve suitable foods to its guests or members;		
29	(E) Serves alcoholic beverages on-premises only, in		
30	conjunction with meals;		
31	(F) Serves food on all days of operations;		
32	(G) Maintains separate sales figures for alcoholic		
33	beverages;		
34	(H) Has gross sales of sixty percent (60%) or more from		
35	the sale of food, food items, and nonalcoholic beverages; and		
36	(5) "Large attendance facility" has the same meaning as "large		

1	meeting or attendance facility" as defined in § 3-9-202(8)(B)(i).
2	
3	3-8-503. Applicability.
4	(a) This subchapter is supplemental to existing on-premises
5	consumption laws.
6	(b) This subchapter only applies to:
7	(1) Counties having a population between seventy thousand
8	(70,000) and eighty-seven thousand (87,000) based on the most recent Federal
9	decennial census that have not approved the sale of intoxicating liquors as
10	of the date of this subchapter, that have cities of first class located in
11	those counties, with a population exceeding forty-three (43,000) based on the
12	most recent decennial census; and
13	(2) Cities of first class with a population exceeding forty-
14	three (43,000) based on the most recent Federal decennial census that have
15	not approved the sale of intoxicating liquors as of the effective date of
16	this subchapter.
17	(c) This subchapter, or any election conducted under its provisions,
18	does not divest any permit holder of any permit issued under any law which
19	was in effect on the effective date of this subchapter.
20	
21	3-8-504. Referendum Procedures.
22	(a) A referendum election may be called in an authorized city of the
23	first class by resolution adopted by a majority vote of the governing body of
24	the city at any regular or special meeting or by petition procedure, as
25	provided in this subchapter.
26	(b) A referendum election may be called in an authorized county by a
27	resolution adopted by a majority vote of the quorum court at any regular or
28	special meeting or by petition procedure, as provided in this subchapter.
29	(c)(l) Petitions for local option elections held under this subchapter
30	shall be prepared according to § 3-8-204.
31	(2) Petitions for local option elections shall list the city of
32	the first class or county in which hotels, restaurants, and large attendance
33	facilities will be authorized to apply for permits.
34	(d) If a majority of electors vote for the sale of the alcoholic
35	beverages for on-premises consumption in hotels, restaurants, and large
36	attendance facilities, permits would be authorized to be issued within that

1	city of the first class or county.
2	
3	3-8-505. Determination of sufficiency of petition - Calling of
4	election.
5	(a)(1) If at least thirty-eight percent (38%) of the qualified
6	electors in the authorized county or city of the first class file a petition
7	with the county clerk praying that an election be held in the county or city
8	of the first class, to determine whether or not licenses shall be granted to
9	permit the sale of alcoholic beverages in hotels, restaurants, and large
10	attendance facilities, the county clerk shall determine within ten (10)
11	business days the sufficiency of the petition.
12	(2) The total number of voters registered in the county or city
13	of the first class as certified by the county clerk to the Secretary of State
14	by the first of June of each year pursuant to Amendment 51 of the Arkansas
15	Constitution, shall be the basis upon which the number of signatures of
16	qualified electors on petitions shall be computed.
17	(3) A person shall be a registered voter at the time of signing
18	the petition.
19	(b) If thirty-eight percent (38%) of the qualified electors of a county
20	or city of the first class have signed the petition, or if the governing body
21	of a county or city of the first class shall, by majority vote, call for an
22	election pursuant to this subchapter, the county clerk shall certify that
23	finding to the county board of election commissioners, and the question shall
24	be placed on the ballot in the applicable county or city of the first class
25	at a general or special election.
26	(c)(l) If an appeal is taken from the certification of the county
27	clerk, it shall be taken within ten (10) business days and shall be
28	considered by the circuit court within ten (10) business days, or as soon as
29	practicable, after the appeal is lodged with the court.
30	(2) The circuit court shall render its decision within thirty
31	(30) calendar days.
32	(d) If an appeal is taken, the election shall be conducted within one
33	hundred twenty (120) calendar days after the appeal is determined by the
34	circuit court, if the decision is in favor of the election petitioners.
35	(e)(1)(A) The decision shall be certified immediately to the county
36	board of election commissioners, and the day for the election shall be fixed

- 1 by the county board of election commissioners for not earlier than twenty
- 2 (20) calendar days or later than one hundred twenty (120) calendar days after
- 3 the certification of the decision of the circuit court.
- 4 (B) Any appeal from the final decision of the circuit
- 5 court shall be taken within ten (10) business days and shall be advanced and
- 6 <u>immediately determined by the Supreme Court.</u>
- 7 (2) If an appeal is taken from the circuit court, the county
- 8 board of election commissioners may delay the election until after the final
- 9 <u>decision of the Supreme Court.</u>
- 10 (3)(A) If the decision is in favor of the election petitioners,
- 11 then the county board of election commissioners shall set the day for the
- 12 <u>election</u>.
- 13 (B) The date shall not be fewer than twenty (20) calendar
- 14 days nor more than one hundred twenty (120) calendar days after the final
- decision of the Supreme Court.

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- 17 <u>3-8-506.</u> Conduct of Election.
- 18 (a)(1) Upon the certification by the county clerk for an election
- 19 under this subchapter, in a city of the first class or county, the county
- 20 board of election commissioners of the county shall cause the question to be
- 21 placed on the ballot at a general or special election, which shall be fixed
- 22 by the county board of election commissioners not less than thirty (30)
- 23 calendar days and no more than one hundred twenty (120) calendar days from
- 24 date of certification by the county clerk, and shall give notice of the
- 25 special election by publication in the newspaper of general circulation in
- 26 the city of first class or county by at least two insertions, the last being
- 27 not less than ten (10) business days prior to the election.
- 28 (2) The form of the ballot, consistent with the petition having
- 29 been circulated, shall be printed as follows:

30

- 31 FOR THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION IN HOTELS,
- 32 RESTAURANTS, AND LARGE ATTENDANCE FACILITIES IN (NAME OF CITY OF THE FIRST
- 33 CLASS OR COUNTY), ARKANSAS, AS AUTHORIZED IN § 3-8-504.
- 34 AGAINST THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION IN
- 35 HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, AND LARGE ATTENDANCE FACILITIES IN (NAME OF CITY OF THE
- 36 FIRST CLASS OR COUNTY), ARKANSAS, AS AUTHORIZED IN § 3-8-504.

- As Engrossed: H2/27/03 H3/5/03 1 (b)(1) If voters approve the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-2 premises consumption at hotels, restaurants, and large attendance facilities, 3 the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division may issue hotel, restaurant, and 4 large attendance facility mixed drink permits to qualified applicants located 5 within the city of the first class or the county. 6 (2) If voters approve the sale of alcoholic beverages for 7 on-premises consumption at hotels, restaurants, and large attendance 8 facilities, the city of the first class or county may hold a subsequent 9 election under §§ 3-8-201 through 3-8-210. 10 (3) If voters approve the sale of alcoholic beverages for 11 on-premises consumption in hotels, restaurants and large attendance 12 facilities, the city of the first class or county may hold a subsequent election under § 3-9-215 on the issue of whether to allow the sale of 13 alcoholic beverages on Sundays, as authorized by law. 14 15 (c) The county board of election commissioners shall count the votes 16 cast on the question of the sale of alcoholic beverages in the designated 17 area, and shall deliver its certificate declaring the result of the election, together with the election returns, within three (3) business days after the 18 date of the election, to the county clerk of the county. 19 (d) Upon petition of twenty-five (25) interested, registered voters in 20 the territory affected, within ten (10) business days after the date of the 21
- 20 (d) Upon petition of twenty-five (25) interested, registered voters in
 21 the territory affected, within ten (10) business days after the date of the
 22 election, the county board of election commissioners shall immediately
 23 recount the votes and declare the results of the election as determined by
 24 the recount.
- 25 (e) Within twenty (20) calendar days after the election, the county
 26 court shall make and have entered of record its order declaring the result of
 27 the election.
- 28 <u>(f)(1) The costs of any special election held under this subchapter</u> 29 <u>shall be paid by the proponents of the election.</u>
- 30 (2) In the case of a referendum election called by a resolution
 31 adopted by the governing body of the city or quorum court, the proponents
 32 responsible for paying the costs of the special election shall be named in
 33 the resolution.
- 34 (3) The costs of any general election held under this subchapter
 35 shall be paid by the county in the same manner as other costs of general
 36 elections.

1	(g)(1)(A) After an election is held, a period of at least four (4)
2	years shall elapse before another election on the same subject may be held in
3	the territory affected.
4	(B) An adverse vote in a countywide election shall not
5	prohibit the calling of an election in a city in that county, nor shall an
6	adverse vote in a city election prohibit the calling of an election in the
7	county.
8	(2)(A) If a city of the first class or county approves the sale
9	of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption at hotels, restaurants,
10	and large attendance facilities, opponents of the measure may petition to
11	place the issue back on the ballot at a subsequent election by using the same
12	procedures, and subject to the same requirements of this subchapter.
13	(B)(i) If the majority of the voters at a subsequent
14	election vote against the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises
15	consumption in hotels, restaurants and large attendance facilities, the
16	holders of permits shall be allowed a period of one hundred twenty (120)
17	calendar days in which to dispose of stock after the final determination of
18	the results of the local option election by which the political subdivision,
19	in which the holder of the permit is located, shall have voted against the
20	sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption in hotels,
21	restaurants, and large attendance facilities.
22	(ii) During the one hundred twenty (120) calendar
23	day period, the holder of a permit may not purchase any alcoholic beverages,
24	but must restrict its business to the sale of those items on hand as of the
25	date the election results are finally determined.
26	
27	5-8-507. Mandamus of County Officials.
28	Upon petition of ten (10) interested registered voters in the territory
29	affected, filed with the circuit clerk of the county in which proceedings are
30	pending, the circuit court shall immediately by mandamus, compel the county
31	court or other officials to perform the duties imposed upon them by this
32	subchapter.
33	
34	5-8-508. Purchase of Alcoholic Beverages.
35	Persons holding a permit to sell alcoholic beverages under this
36	subchapter shall purchase such beverages from a retail liquor store

I	authorized by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board to sell to the permittee.
2	
3	5-8-509. Regulatory Authority.
4	The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board may adopt regulations to implement
5	the intent and purposes of this subchapter
6	
7	/s/ Pickett, et al
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