1	State of Arkansas
2	84th General Assembly
3	Second Extraordinary Session, 2003 SR 14
4	
5	By: Senators J. Jeffress, Argue, Bisbee, J. Bookout, Broadway, Brown, Bryles, Capps, Critcher, Faris,
6	Glover, Gullett, Higginbothom, Hill, Holt, Horn, G. Jeffress, B. Johnson, Laverty, Luker, Madison,
7	Malone, Miller, Salmon, T. Smith, Steele, Whitaker, Wilkins, Wilkinson, Wooldridge
8	
9	
10	SENATE RESOLUTION
11	HONORING THE CAREER AND ACHIEVEMENTS OF GENERAL
12	WESLEY CLARK.
13	
14	Subtitle
15	HONORING THE CAREER AND ACHIEVEMENTS OF
16	GENERAL WESLEY CLARK.
17	
18	
19	WHEREAS, at a young age General Wesley Clark moved with his mother to
20	Little Rock, Arkansas, after the death of his father, where he grew up and
21	became a star swimmer and top student at Little Rock's Hall High School; and
22	
23	WHEREAS, at age seventeen Clark entered the U. S. Military Academy at
24	West Point where he finished first in his class in 1966 and his record earned
25	him a Rhodes scholarship; and
26	
27	WHEREAS, from 1966 to 1968 Clark attended Oxford University, receiving
28	a Master's Degree in Politics, Philosophy, and Economics, then attended Army
29	Ranger school for seventy-two days of training prior to leaving for Vietnam;
30	and
31	
32	WHEREAS, as a twenty-five-year-old army captain in Vietnam Clark earned
33 24	the Silver Star for his valor in commanding his troops to quickly overrun
34 35	enemy positions after being shot four times by a well-concealed insurgent
	element; and
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WHEREAS, Clark was widely heralded throughout his military career as a
brilliant and gifted officer of the rarest potential, a superb battalion
commander, innovative, hard-working, and a professional in every respect
whose success was inevitable; and

6 WHEREAS, General Clark served as Commanding General for the First 7 Cavalry Division in Fort Hood, Texas, from 1992 to 1994, where he 8 transitioned the division into a rapidly deployable force and conducted three 9 emergency deployments to Kuwait; and

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WHEREAS, General Clark served as Commanding General of the United States Southern Command in Quarry Heights, Panama, from 1996 to 1997, where he commanded all United States forces and was responsible for the direction of most United States military activities and interests in Latin America and the Caribbean; and

16

WHEREAS, General Clark led the military negotiations in 1995 that led to the Dayton Peace Accords leading to peace in Bosnia-Herzegovina; and 19

WHEREAS, from 1997 to May 2000, General Clark served as Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, engaging in high-level diplomacy to lead a multinational force in the 1999 Kosovo Conflict. Through his direction, NATO and the United States were able to halt ethnic cleansing in Kosovo and return 1.5 million ethnic Albanians to their homes without the loss of a single American life,

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27 NOW THEREFORE,

28 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE EIGHTY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE29 STATE OF ARKANSAS:

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31 That the Senate of the Eighty-fourth General Assembly of the State of 32 Arkansas honors the career and achievements of General Wesley Clark. 33

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