Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H1/31/07 S2/22/07 A D;11		
2	86th General Assembly	A Bill		
3	Regular Session, 2007		HOUSE BILL 1310	
4				
5	By: Representatives D. Cree	ekmore, Adcock		
6	By: Senator Salmon			
7				
8				
9	For An Act To Be Entitled			
10	AN ACT TO PROVIDE GUIDELINES FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT			
11		RS TO USE IN DETERMINING THE PREDOMINA		
12		SOR IN CASES OF DOMESTIC ABUSE FOR THE		
13	PURPOSI	E OF ARREST; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.		
14		Subtitle		
15	TIO 1			
16		PROVIDE GUIDELINES FOR LAW		
17		ORCEMENT OFFICERS TO USE IN		
18		ERMINING THE PREDOMINANT AGGRESSOR IN		
19		ES OF DOMESTIC ABUSE FOR THE PURPOSE		
20 21	Or A	ARREST.		
21				
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKA	MCAC.	
24	DE II ENACIED DI INE	GENERAL ASSERBLY OF THE STATE OF ARRA	NOAD •	
25	SECTION 1. Ark	cansas Code § 16-81-113(a), pertaining	to the warrantless	
26		or domestic abuse, is amended to read		
27	-	Except as provided in subdivision (a		
28		enforcement officer has probable cause		
29		acts which constitute a crime under t		
30	-	citute domestic abuse as defined in su		
31		a family or household member, the off		
32	person without a warrant if the law enforcement officer has probable cause to			
33	believe the person has committed those acts within the preceding four (4)			
34	-	preceding twelve (12) hours for cases		
35	injury as defined in	5-1-102(14), even if the incident d	id not take place	
36	in the presence of th	ne law enforcement officer.		

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1	$\frac{(2)(B)}{(B)}$ The arrest of the person shall be considered the		
2	preferred action by the law enforcement officer when evidence indicates that		
3	domestic abuse has occurred in addition to a violation of the Arkansas		
4	Criminal Code, § 5-1-101 et seq.		
5	(3)(2)(A) Any law enforcement officer acting in good faith and		
6	exercising due care in making an arrest for domestic abuse shall have		
7	immunity from civil liability When a law enforcement officer receives		
8	conflicting accounts of an act of domestic abuse involving family or		
9	household members, the law enforcement officer shall evaluate each account		
10	separately to determine if one (1) party to the act of domestic abuse was the		
11	predominant aggressor.		
12	(B)(i) When determining if one (1) party to an act of		
13	domestic abuse is the predominant aggressor, a law enforcement officer shall		
14	consider the following factors based upon his or her observation:		
15	(a) Statements from parties to the act of		
16	domestic abuse and other witnesses;		
17	(b) The extent of personal injuries received		
18	by parties to the act of domestic abuse;		
19	(c) Evidence that a party to the act of		
20	domestic abuse acted in self-defense; or		
21	(d) Prior complaints of domestic abuse if the		
22	history of prior complaints of domestic abuse can be reasonably ascertained		
23	by the law enforcement officer.		
24	(ii) A law enforcement officer may consider any		
25	other relevant factors when determining if one (1) party to an act of		
26	domestic abuse is the predominant aggressor.		
27	(3)(A) When a law enforcement officer has probable cause to		
28	believe a person that is a party to an act of domestic abuse is the		
29	predominant aggressor and the act of domestic abuse would constitute a felony		
30	under the laws of this state, the law enforcement officer shall arrest the		
31	person who was the predominant aggressor with or without a warrant if the law		
32	enforcement officer has probable cause to believe the person has committed		
33	the act of domestic abuse within the preceding four (4) hours, or within the		
34	preceding twelve (12) hours for cases involving physical injury as defined in		
35	§ 5-1-102, even if the incident did not take place in the presence of the law		
36	enforcement officer.		

1	(B)(i) When a law enforcement officer has probable cause
2	to believe a person who is a party to an act of domestic abuse is the
3	predominant aggressor and the act of domestic abuse would constitute a
4	misdemeanor under the laws of this state, the arrest with or without a
5	warrant of the person who was the predominant aggressor shall be considered
6	the preferred action by the law enforcement officer if there is reason to
7	believe that there is an imminent threat of further injury to any party to
8	the act of domestic abuse and the law enforcement officer has probable cause
9	to believe the person has committed the act of domestic abuse within the
10	preceding four (4) hours, or within the preceding twelve (12) hours for cases
11	involving physical injury as defined in § 5-1-102, even if the incident did
12	not take place in the presence of the law enforcement officer.
13	(ii) When a law enforcement officer has probable
14	cause to believe a person who is a party to an act of domestic abuse is the
15	predominant aggressor and the act of domestic abuse would constitute a
16	misdemeanor under the laws of this state, the law enforcement officer may
17	arrest the person without a warrant if the law enforcement officer has
18	probable cause to believe the person has committed those acts within the
19	preceding four (4) hours, or within the preceding twelve (12) hours for cases
20	involving physical injury as defined in § 5-1-102, even if the incident did
21	not take place in the presence of the law enforcement officer.
22	(4) Any law enforcement officer acting in good faith and
23	exercising due care in making an arrest for domestic abuse shall have
24	immunity from civil liability.
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26	/s/ D. Creekmore
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