Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/2/09	
2	87th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2009		HOUSE BILL 1462
4			
5	By: Representative J. Edwar	rds	
6	By: Senator R. Thompson		
7			
8			
9		For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	AN ACT	TO AMEND THE ARKANSAS BUSINESS CORPORAT	LION
11	ACT, §	4-26-101 ET SEQ., THE ARKANSAS BUSINESS	5
12	CORPORA	ATION ACT, § 4-27-101 ET SEQ., THE SMALL	
13	BUSINES	SS ENTITY TAX PASS THROUGH ACT, § 4-32-1	.01
14	ET SEQ.	., AND § 4-46-101 ET SEQ. ENACTING THE	
15	UNIFORM	M PARTNERSHIP ACT (1996) TO ALLOW ANY	
16	BUSINES	SS ENTITY TO CONVERT TO OR MERGE WITH AN	ĮХ
17	OTHER H	BUSINESS ENTITY; TO MAKE RELATED TECHNIC	AL
18	CORRECT	FIONS; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
19			
20		Subtitle	
21	TO A	ALLOW THE MERGER OR CONVERSION OF ANY	
22	FORM	M OF A BUSINESS ENTITY INTO ANY OTHER	
23	BUSI	INESS ENTITY.	
24			
25			
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANS.	AS:
27			
28	SECTION 1. Ark	ansas Code Title 4, Chapter 26, Subchap	ter 10 is amended
29	to read as follows:		
30	4-26-1001. Dom	<del>estic corporations — Procedure for merg</del>	<del>er.</del>
31	<del>(a) Any two (2</del>	) or more domestic corporations may mer	<del>ge into one (1)</del>
32	<del>of the corporations p</del>	wursuant to a plan of merger approved in	the manner
33	<del>provided in this chap</del>	ter.	
34	(b) The board	of directors of each corporation, by re	solution adopted
35	<del>by each board, shall</del>	approve a plan of merger setting forth:	
36	<del>(1) The</del>	names of the corporations proposing to	merge and the



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1	name of the corporation into which they propose to merge, which is
2	hereinafter designated as the surviving corporation;
3	(2) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger;
4	(3) The manner and basis of converting the shares of each
5	merging corporation into shares or other securities or obligations of the
6	surviving corporation or of any other corporation or, in whole or in part,
7	into cash or other property;
8	(4) A statement of any changes in the articles of incorporation
9	of the surviving corporation to be effected by such merger;
10	(5) The time when the merger shall become effective;
11	(6) Other provisions with respect to the proposed merger as are
12	deemed necessary or desirable.
13	
14	4-26-1002. Domestic corporations — Procedure for consolidation.
15	(a) Any two (2) or more domestic corporations may consolidate into a
16	new corporation pursuant to a plan of consolidation approved in the manner
17	provided in this chapter.
18	(b) The board of directors of each corporation, by a resolution
19	adopted by each board, shall approve a plan of consolidation setting forth:
20	(1) The names of the corporations proposing to consolidate and
21	the name of the new corporation into which they propose to consolidate, which
22	is hereinafter designated as the new corporation;
23	(2) The terms and conditions of the proposed consolidations;
24	(3) The manner and basis of converting the shares of each
25	corporation into shares or other securities or obligations of the new
26	corporation or of any other corporation or, in whole or in part, into cash or
27	other property;
28	(4) With respect to the new corporation, all of the statements
29	required to be set forth in articles of incorporation for corporations
30	organized under this chapter;
31	(5) The time when the consolidation shall become effective;
32	(6) Other provisions with respect to the proposed consolidation
33	as are deemed necessary or desirable.
34	
35	4-26-1003. Domestic corporations - Approval of plan of merger or
36	consolidation by shareholders — Abandonment.

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1	(a) The board of directors of each corporation, upon approving the
2	plan of merger or plan of consolidation, shall, by resolution, direct that
3	the plan be submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders, which may be
4	either an annual or a special meeting.
5	(b) Written or printed notice shall be given to each shareholder of
6	record not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting in the manner
7	provided in this chapter for the giving of notice of meetings of shareholders
8	and shall state the purpose of the meeting, whether the meeting be an annual
9	or a special meeting. A copy or a summary of the plan of merger or plan of
10	consolidation, as the case may be, shall be included in or enclosed with the
11	notice.
12	(c)(l) At each meeting, a vote of the shareholders shall be taken on
13	the proposed plan of merger or consolidation.
14	(2) Each outstanding share of each corporation shall be entitled
15	to vote on the proposed plan of merger or consolidation, whether or not such
16	share has voting rights under the provisions of the articles of incorporation
17	of the corporation.
18	(d)(l) The plan of merger or consolidation shall be approved upon
19	receiving the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of
20	the outstanding shares of each corporation, unless any class of shares of any
21	corporation is entitled to vote as a class thereon, in which event, as to
22	that corporation, the plan of merger or consolidation shall be approved upon
23	receiving the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of
24	the outstanding shares of each class of shares entitled to vote as a class
25	thereon and of the total outstanding shares.
26	(2) Any class of shares of any such corporation shall be
27	entitled to vote as a class if the plan of merger or consolidation, as the
28	case may be, contains any provision which, if contained in a proposed
29	amendment to articles of incorporation, would entitle the class of shares to
30	vote as a class.
31	(e) After the approval by a vote of the shareholders of each
32	corporation and at any time prior to the filing of the articles of merger or
33	consolidation, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to
34	provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the plan of merger or
35	consolidation.
36	

1	4-26-1004. Domestic corporations - Articles of merger or
2	consolidation.
3	Upon approval, articles of merger or articles of consolidation shall be
4	executed by each corporation and filed in accordance with § 4-26-1201, which
5	articles shall be verified by one of the officers of each corporation signing
6	the same and shall set forth:
7	(1) The plan of merger or the plan of consolidation, including
8	the time when it shall become effective;
9	(2) As to each corporation, the number of shares outstanding
10	and, if the shares of any class are entitled to vote as a class, the
11	designation and number of outstanding shares of each such class;
12	(3) As to each corporation, the number of shares voted for and
13	against the plan, respectively, and, if the shares of any class are entitled
14	to vote as a class, the number of shares of each class voted for and against
15	the plan, respectively.
16	
17	4-26-1005. Domestic corporations — Effect of merger or consolidation.
18	(a) The merger or consolidation shall become effective upon the filing
19	in accordance with § 4-26-1201 of the articles of merger or consolidation or
20	at such time, not more than sixty (60) days after the filing, as may be
21	specified in the articles as the time when the merger or consolidation shall
22	become effective.
23	(b) When the merger or consolidation has been effected:
24	(1) The several corporations parties to the plan of merger or
25	consolidation shall be a single corporation which, in the case of a merger,
26	shall be that corporation designated in the plan of merger as the surviving
27	corporation and, in the case of a consolidation, shall be the new corporation
28	provided for in the plan of consolidation.
29	(2) Subject to § 4-26-1008, the separate existence of all
30	corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation, except the
31	surviving or new corporation, shall cease.
32	(3) The surviving or new corporation shall have all the rights,
33	privileges, immunities, and powers and shall be subject to all the duties and
34	liabilities of a corporation organized under this chapter.
35	(4) The surviving or new corporation shall possess all the
36	rights, privileges, immunities, and franchises, of a public as well as of a

1	private nature, of each of the merging or consolidating corporations.
2	(5) All real, personal, and mixed property and all debts due on
3	whatever account, including subscriptions to shares, and all other choses in
4	action, and all and every other interest, of or belonging to or due to each
5	of the corporations so merged or consolidated, shall be taken and deemed to
6	be transferred to and vested in the single corporation without further act or
7	deed. The title to any real estate, or any interest therein, vested in any of
8	the corporations shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the
9	merger or consolidation.
10	(6) Such surviving or new corporation shall henceforth be
11	responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations of each of the
12	corporations so merged or consolidated. Any claim existing or action or
13	proceeding pending by or against any of such corporations may be prosecuted
14	as if the merger or consolidation had not taken place, or such surviving or
15	new corporation may be substituted in its place. Neither the rights of
16	creditors nor any liens upon the property of any such corporation shall be
17	impaired by the merger or consolidation.
18	(7) In the case of a merger, the articles of incorporation of
19	the surviving corporation shall be deemed to be amended to the extent, if
20	any, that changes in its articles of incorporation are stated in the plan of
21	merger. In the case of a consolidation, the statements set forth in the
22	articles of consolidation and which are required or permitted to be set forth
23	in the articles of incorporation of corporations organized under this chapter
24	shall be deemed to be the original articles of incorporation of the new
25	corporation.
26	(8) The surplus accounts of the surviving or new corporation in
27	case of a merger or consolidation shall be subject to § 4-26-607.
28	
29	4-26-1006. Merger or consolidation of domestic and foreign
30	corporations.
31	(a) One (1) or more foreign corporations and one (1) or more domestic
32	corporations may be merged or consolidated in the following manner if the
33	merger or consolidation is permitted by the laws of the state or country
34	under which each foreign corporation is organized:
35	(1) Each domestic corporation shall comply with the provisions
36	of this chapter with respect to the merger or consolidation, as the case may

1	be, of domestic corporations, and each foreign corporation shall comply with
2	the applicable provisions of the laws of the state or country under which it
3	is organized.
4	(2) If the surviving or new corporation, as the case may be, is
5	to be governed by the laws of any state or country other than this state, it
6	shall comply with the laws of Arkansas with respect to the admission of
7	foreign corporations if it is to transact business in this state, and
8	moreover, it shall file with the Secretary of State of this state:
9	(A) An agreement that it may be served with process in
10	this state in any proceeding for the enforcement of any obligation of any
11	domestic corporation which is a party to the merger or consolidation and in
12	any proceeding for the enforcement of the rights of a dissenting shareholder
13	of any domestic corporation against the surviving or new corporation;
14	(B) An irrevocable appointment of the Secretary of State
15	of this state as its agent to accept service of process in any proceeding;
16	and
17	(C) An agreement that it will promptly pay to the
18	dissenting shareholders of any domestic corporation the amount, if any, to
19	which they shall be entitled under the provisions of this chapter with
20	respect to the rights of dissenting shareholders.
21	(b) The effect of the merger or consolidation shall be the same as in
22	the case of the merger or consolidation of domestic corporations if the
23	surviving or new corporation is to be governed by the laws of this state. If
24	the surviving or new corporation is to be governed by the laws of any state
25	or country other than this state, the effect of this merger or consolidation
26	shall be the same as in the case of the merger or consolidation of domestic
27	corporations except insofar as the laws of the other state provide otherwise.
28	
29	4-26-1007. Rights of dissenting shareholders.
30	(a) If a shareholder of a corporation which is a party to a merger or
31	consolidation files with the corporation, prior to or at the meeting of
32	shareholders at which the plan of merger or consolidation is submitted to a
33	vote, a written objection to the plan of merger or consolidation and does not
34	vote in favor thereof, and the shareholder within ten (10) days after the
35	date on which the vote was taken makes written demand on the surviving or new
36	domestic or foreign corporation for payment of the fair value of his shares

1	as of the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken approving the
2	merger or consolidation, then, if the merger or consolidation is effected,
3	the surviving or new corporation shall pay to the shareholder, upon surrender
4	of his certificate or certificates representing the shares, the fair value
5	thereof.
6	(b) The demand shall state the number and class of the shares owned by
7	the dissenting shareholder.
8	(c) Any shareholder failing to make demand within the ten-day period
9	shall be bound by the terms of the merger or consolidation.
10	(d) Within ten (10) days after the merger or consolidation is
11	effected, the surviving or new corporation, as the case may be, shall give
12	notice to each dissenting shareholder who has made demand as herein provided
13	for the payment of the fair value of his shares.
14	(e)(1) If within thirty (30) days after the date on which the merger
15	or consolidation was effected the value of such shares is agreed upon between
16	the dissenting shareholder and the surviving or new corporation, payment
17	shall be made within ninety (90) days after the date on which such merger or
18	consolidation was effected, upon the surrender of his certificate or
19	certificates representing those shares.
20	(2) Upon payment of the agreed value, the dissenting shareholder
21	shall cease to have any interest in those shares or in the corporation.
22	(f)(l) If within the period of thirty (30) days the shareholder and
23	the surviving or new corporation do not so agree, then the dissenting
24	shareholder, within sixty (60) days after the expiration of the thirty-day
25	period, may file a petition in the circuit court of the county in which the
26	registered office of the surviving corporation is located, if the surviving
27	corporation is a domestic corporation or in the Pulaski County Circuit Court
28	if the surviving corporation is a foreign corporation, asking for a finding
29	and determination of the fair value of the shares and shall be entitled to
30	judgment against the surviving or new corporation for the amount of the fair
31	value as of the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken approving
32	such merger or consolidation, together with interest thereon to the date of
33	the judgment.
34	(2) The judgment shall be payable only upon and simultaneously
35	with the surrender to the surviving or new corporation of the certificate or

36 certificates representing the shares.

1	(3) Upon payment of the judgment, the dissenting shareholder
2	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the surviving or new
3	corporation.
4	(4) Unless the dissenting shareholder files the petition within
5	the time herein limited, the shareholder and all persons claiming under him
6	shall be bound by the terms of the merger or consolidation.
7	(g) Shares acquired by the surviving or new corporation pursuant to
8	the payment of the agreed value thereof or to payment of the judgment
9	entered, as in this section provided, may be held and disposed of by the
10	corporation as in the case of other treasury shares.
11	(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a merger if, on
12	the date of the filing of the articles of merger, the surviving corporation
13	is the owner of all the outstanding shares of the other domestic or foreign
14	corporations that are parties to the merger.
15	
16	4-26-1008. Continuance of corporate existence in aid of title
17	transfers.
18	(a)(1) The corporate existence of each constituent corporation which
19	has been dissolved through merger or consolidation shall be continued
20	indefinitely without franchise tax liability for the limited purpose of
21	enabling the constituent corporation to execute, through its own officers,
22	formal deeds, conveyances, assignments, and other instruments evidencing the
23	transfer from the constituent to the surviving corporation, or new
24	corporation created by consolidation, of any or all real and personal
25	properties which have passed from the constituent to the surviving or
26	consolidated corporation by operation of law.
27	(2) The execution of the instruments shall not be essential to
28	effect the transfer of title from the constituent to the surviving or
29	consolidated corporation inasmuch as the transfer will take effect through
30	operation of law; but the power to execute the instruments is given to the
31	end that it may be exercised in respect to properties located in foreign
32	jurisdictions which may not recognize a transmittal of title by operation of
33	law under the merger and consolidation statutes of this state and in any
34	other situation where the directors of the surviving or consolidated
35	corporation consider the execution of the instruments desirable.
36	(b)(1) This state will recognize and give effect to a transfer of

1	personal property having a situs in this state which is effected by operation
2	of the laws of another state through a corporate merger or consolidation at
3	any time conducted under the laws of such other state or states.
4	(2)(A) This state will recognize and give effect to a transfer
5	of title to real estate located in this state effected by operation of law
6	through such a merger or consolidation conducted under the laws of one (1) or
7	more other states on condition that one of the following, certified by the
8	secretary of the state in which the surviving or consolidated corporation is
9	domiciled, shall be filed for record with the Secretary of State of this
10	state:
11	(i) A copy of the agreement of merger or
12	consolidation, executed between the merging or consolidating corporations; or
13	(ii) A copy of the certificate of merger executed by
14	the surviving corporation as evidence of a vertical or downstream merger of a
15	subsidiary by a parent corporation.
16	(B) The Secretary of State shall receive the filing
17	whether or not the surviving or consolidated corporation desires to be
18	admitted to this state.
19	
20	4-26-1009. Merger of subsidiary by parent.
	(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of
21	
21 22	the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the
22	the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the
22 23	the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders
22 23 24	the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.
22 23 24 25	the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation. (2) Its board of directors shall, by resolution, approve a plan
22 23 24 25 26	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.         (2) Its board of directors shall, by resolution, approve a plan of merger setting forth:         (A) The name of the subsidiary corporation and the name of</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.         (2) Its board of directors shall, by resolution, approve a plan of merger setting forth:         (A) The name of the subsidiary corporation and the name of the corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of its shares,</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation. (2) Its board of directors shall, by resolution, approve a plan of merger setting forth: (A) The name of the subsidiary corporation and the name of the corporation owning at least ninety five percent (95%) of its shares, which is hereinafter designated as the surviving corporation; (B) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the subsidiary corporation into shares or other securities or obligations of the surviving corporation or the cash or other consideration to be paid or delivered upon surrender of each share of the subsidiary corporation.

1	in accordance with § 4-26-1201 and shall be verified by one (1) of the
2	officers signing the same, and shall set forth:
3	(1) The plan of merger, including the time when it shall become
4	effective;
5	(2) The number of outstanding shares of each class of the
6	subsidiary corporation and the number of shares of each class owned by the
7	surviving corporation; and
8	(3) The date of the mailing to shareholders of the subsidiary
9	corporation of a copy of the plan of merger.
10	(c) On and after the thirtieth day after the mailing of a copy of the
11	plan of merger to shareholders of the subsidiary corporation, or upon the
12	waiver thereof by the holders of all outstanding shares, the articles of
13	merger shall be filed with the Secretary of State in accordance with § 4-26-
14	1201, and the merger shall become effective upon the filing or at such other
15	time, not more than sixty (60) days after the filing, as may be specified in
16	the articles as the time when the merger shall become effective.
17	(d)(l) In the event that all of the stock of a subsidiary Arkansas
18	corporation party to a merger effected under this section is not owned by the
19	parent corporation immediately prior to the merger, the surviving
20	corporation, within ten (10) days after the date on which articles of merger
21	have been filed in accordance with § 4-26-1201, shall notify each shareholder
22	of the Arkansas corporation that the articles of merger have been filed and
23	of the terms and conditions of the merger.
24	(2) The notice shall be sent by certified or registered mail,
25	return receipt requested, addressed to the shareholder at his last known
26	address as it appears on the books of the corporation.
27	(3) If any such shareholder, within ten (10) days after the date
28	of mailing of the notice, objects in writing to the merger and demands in
29	writing from the surviving corporation payment for his stock, the surviving
30	corporation, within thirty (30) days after the expiration of the period of
31	ten (10) days, shall pay to him the value of his stock as of the day prior to
32	the date on which the articles of merger were filed, exclusive of any element
33	of value arising from the expectation or accomplishment of said merger.
34	(4) If, during the period of thirty (30) days provided for
35	herein, the surviving corporation and any objecting shareholder fail to agree
36	as to the value of the stock, any such shareholder, within sixty (60) days

1	after the expiration of the thirty-day period, may file a petition as
2	provided in § 4-26-1007(f)(1) asking for a finding and determination of the
3	fair value of the shares and shall be entitled to judgment against the
4	surviving corporation for the amount of the fair value as of the day prior to
5	the date on which the articles of merger were filed, together with interest
6	thereon to the date of the judgment.
7	(5) The judgment shall be payable only upon and simultaneously
8	with the surrender to the surviving corporation of the certificate or
9	certificates representing the shares.
10	(6) Upon payment of the judgment, the objecting shareholder
11	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the surviving
12	corporation.
13	(7) Unless the objecting shareholder files the petition within
14	the time herein limited, the shareholder and all persons claiming under him
15	shall be bound by the terms of the merger.
16	(e) Shares acquired by the surviving corporation pursuant to the
17	payment of the agreed value thereof or to payment of the judgment entered
18	therefor as in this section provided may be held and disposed of by the
10	
19	corporation as in the case of other treasury shares.
19 20	corporation as in the case of other treasury shares.
	<u>SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.</u>
20	
20 21	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.
20 21 22	<u>SUBCHAPTER 10 — Conversion and Merger.</u> <u>4-26-1001. Definitions.</u>
20 21 22 23	<u>SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.</u> <u>4-26-1001. Definitions.</u> <u>As used in this subchapter:</u>
20 21 22 23 24	<u>SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.</u> <u>4-26-1001. Definitions.</u> <u>As used in this subchapter:</u> <u>(1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization</u>
20 21 22 23 24 25	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger. <u>4-26-1001. Definitions.</u> <u>As used in this subchapter:</u> <u>(1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization</u> <u>that is a corporation;</u>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger. 4-26-1001. Definitions. As used in this subchapter: (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization that is a corporation; (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is party to a merger;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is         party to a merger;         (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is         party to a merger;         (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a converting organization converts under §§ 4-26-1002 through 4-26-1005;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is         party to a merger;         (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a         converting organization converts under §§ 4-26-1002 through 4-26-1005;         (4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is         party to a merger;         (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a         converting organization converts under §§ 4-26-1002 through 4-26-1005;         (4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization         that is a corporation;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is         party to a merger;         (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a         converting organization converts under §§ 4-26-1002 through 4-26-1005;         (4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization         that is a corporation;         (5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.         4-26-1001. Definitions.         As used in this subchapter:         (1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization         that is a corporation;         (2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is         party to a merger;         (3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a         converting organization converts under §§ 4-26-1002 through 4-26-1005;         (4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization         that is a corporation;         (5) "Converting organization" means an organization that         converts into another organization under § 4-26-1002;

1	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State;
2	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
3	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
4	partnership;
5	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
6	liability limited partnership;
7	(iii) A limited liability company;
8	(iv) A business trust;
9	(v) A corporation; or
10	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
11	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
12	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
13	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
14	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
15	partnership agreement and, if applicable, statement of qualification;
16	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
17	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
18	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
19	its articles of organization and operating agreement or the comparable
20	records provided for in its governing statute;
21	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
22	declaration of trust;
23	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
24	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and agreements among its shareholders that
25	are authorized by its governing statute or the comparable records provided
26	for in its governing statute; and
27	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
28	(i) Create the organization;
29	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
30	organization; and
31	(iii) Determine the relations among the
32	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
33	(10) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
34	one (1) or more other organizations are merged.
35	
36	<u>4-26-1002. Conversion.</u>

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1	(a) An organization other than a corporation may convert to a
2	corporation, and a corporation may convert to another organization under this
3	section and §§ 4-26-1003 through 4-26-1005 and a plan of conversion if the:
4	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
5	conversion and is complied with; and
6	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
7	that enacted the governing statute.
8	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
9	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
10	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion;
11	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
12	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
13	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
14	consideration; and
15	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
16	
17	4-26-1003. Action on plan of conversion by converting corporation.
18	(a) A plan of conversion may be approved if the:
19	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of conversion to the
20	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
21	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
22	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
23	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
24	time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and
25	(2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the
26	holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to
27	vote.
28	(b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
29	proposed conversion on any basis.
30	(c)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
31	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting:
32	(A) Not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting; and
33	(B) In the manner provided in § 4-26-703 for giving notice
34	of meetings of shareholders.
35	(2) The notice shall:
36	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the

1	plan of conversion; and
2	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
3	<u>plan.</u>
4	(d) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
5	of directors acting under subsection (b) of this section require a greater
6	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of conversion to be authorized must
7	be approved by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan by
8	at least two-thirds (2/3) of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan by
9	the voting group.
10	(e) Subject to any contractual rights, until a conversion is filed
11	under § 4-26-1004, a converting corporation may amend the plan or abandon the
12	planned conversion:
13	(1) As provided in the plan; and
14	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
15	required to approve the plan.
16	
17	4-26-1004. Filings required for conversion — Effective date.
18	(a)(1) After a plan of conversion is approved a converting corporation
19	shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of State.
20	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
21	(A) A statement that the corporation has been converted
22	into another organization;
23	(B) The name and form of the converted organization and
24	the jurisdiction of its governing statute;
25	(C) The date the conversion is effective under the
26	governing statute of the converted organization;
27	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
28	required by this chapter;
29	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
30	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
31	(F) A statement confirming that the converted organization
32	has filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-
33	20-112 if the converted organization is a foreign organization not authorized
34	to transact business in this state; and
35	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
36	(ii) A statement that:

1	(a) Contains the address of an office of the
2	organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
3	(b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
4	furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any
5	shareholder of the converting corporation.
6	(b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation,
7	the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the
8	Secretary of State.
9	(2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to
10	the information required by § 4-26-202:
11	(A) A statement that the corporation was converted from
12	another organization;
13	(B) The name and form of the converting organization and
14	the jurisdiction of its governing statute; and
15	(C) A statement that the conversion was approved in a
16	manner that complied with the converting organization's governing statute.
17	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
18	(1) If the converted organization is a corporation, when the
19	articles of incorporation take effect; and
20	(2) If the converted organization is not a corporation, as
21	provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
22	
23	4-26-1005. Effect of conversion.
24	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
25	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
26	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
27	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
28	vested in the converted organization;
29	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
30	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
31	organization;
32	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
33	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
34	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
35	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
36	remain vested in the converted organization;

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1	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
2	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
3	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
4	a converting corporation under § 4-26-1101 et seq.
5	(c)(l) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
6	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
7	obligation owed by the converting corporation if before the conversion the
8	converting corporation was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
9	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
10	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
11	under § 4-20-113 if the converted organization:
12	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
13	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
14	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
15	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
16	reasonable diligence be served.
17	<u>4-26-1006. Merger.</u>
18	(a) A corporation may merge with one (1) or more other constituent
19	organizations under this section and §§ 4-26-1007 through 4-26-1010 and a
20	plan of merger if:
21	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
22	authorizes the merger;
23	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
24	that enacted the governing statute; and
25	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
26	statute in effecting the merger.
27	(b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
28	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
29	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
30	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
31	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
32	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
33	consideration; and
34	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
35	organization's organizational documents.

1	4-26-1007. Action on plan of merger by constituent corporation.
2	(a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section and after
3	adopting a plan of merger, the board of directors of each corporation which
4	is a party to the merger shall submit the plan of merger for approval by its
5	shareholders.
6	(b) A plan of merger may be approved if the:
7	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of merger to the
8	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
9	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
10	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
11	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
12	time the plan of merger is submitted to the shareholders; and
13	(2) The shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
14	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
15	proposed merger on any basis.
16	(d)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
17	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting:
18	(A) Not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting; and
19	(B) In the manner provided in § 4-26-703 for giving notice
20	of meetings of shareholders.
21	(2) The notice shall:
22	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
23	plan of merger; and
24	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
25	plan.
26	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
27	of directors acting under subsection (c) of this section require a greater
28	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of merger to be authorized must be
29	approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds $(2/3)$
30	of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, and if by voting group, by each
31	voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan by at least two-thirds
32	(2/3) of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.
33	(f) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of merger
34	if the plan contains a provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment
35	to the articles of incorporation, would require action by one (1) or more
36	separate voting groups on the proposed amendment under § 4-26-303.

1	(g) Action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan
2	of merger is not required if:
3	(1) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
4	will not differ except for amendments enumerated in § 4-26-307 from its
5	articles before the merger;
6	(2) Each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares
7	were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger will
8	hold the same number of shares or the interest comparable to shares in an
9	entity other than a corporation, with identical designations, preferences,
10	limitations, and relative rights, immediately after the merger;
11	(3) The number of voting shares outstanding immediately after
12	the merger plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the
13	merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger
14	or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger, will
15	not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting
16	shares of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the
17	merger; and
18	(4) The number of participating shares outstanding immediately
19	after the merger plus the number of participating shares issuable as a result
20	of the merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the
21	merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger,
22	will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of
23	participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger.
24	(h) As used in subsection (g) of this section:
25	(1) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle their
26	holders to participate without limitation in distributions; and
27	(2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to
28	vote unconditionally in elections of directors.
29	(i) Subject to any contractual rights, at any time before articles of
30	merger are filed the planned merger may be abandoned without further
31	shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of
32	merger or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of
33	<u>directors.</u>
34	
35	<u>4-26-1008. Merger of subsidiary.</u>
36	(a) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent (90%) of the

1	outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge the
2	subsidiary corporation into itself without approval of the shareholders of
3	the parent corporation or subsidiary corporation.
4	(b) The board of directors of the parent corporation shall adopt a
5	plan of merger that sets forth:
6	(1) The names of the parent corporation and the subsidiary
7	corporation; and
8	(2) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the
9	subsidiary corporation into:
10	(A) Shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent
11	corporation or any other corporation; or
12	(B) Cash or other property.
13	(c) The parent corporation shall mail a copy or summary of the plan of
14	merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary corporation who does not waive
15	the mailing requirement in writing.
16	(d) The parent corporation may not deliver articles of merger to the
17	Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date
18	the parent corporation mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each
19	shareholder of the subsidiary corporation who did not waive the mailing
20	requirement.
21	(e) Articles of merger under this section may not contain amendments
22	to the articles of incorporation of the parent corporation except for
23	amendments enumerated in § 4-26-307.
24	
25	4-26-1009. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
26	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
27	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
28	constituent organization.
29	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
30	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
31	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
32	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the
33	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
34	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
35	of the surviving organization;
36	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the

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1	organizational document of the surviving organization;
2	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
3	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
4	(6) A statement confirming that the surviving organization has
5	filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-20-112
6	if the surviving organization is a foreign organization not authorized to
7	transact business in this state; and
8	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
9	(B) A statement that:
10	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
11	surviving organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
12	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
13	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
14	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
15	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
16	of any constituent organization.
17	(c) Each constituent organization shall deliver the articles of merger
18	for filing in the office of the Secretary of State.
19	(d) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
20	(1) If the surviving organization is a corporation, upon the
21	later of:
22	(A) Compliance with subsection (c) of this section; or
23	(B) The date specified in the articles of merger; or
24	(2) If the surviving organization is not a corporation, as
25	provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
26	
27	4-26-1010. Effect of merger.
28	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
29	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
30	<u>existence;</u>
31	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
32	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
33	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
34	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
35	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
36	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the

1	surviving organization;
2	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
3	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
4	occurred;
5	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
6	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
7	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
8	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
9	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
10	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent corporation
11	ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the corporation for purposes of
12	§ 4-26-1101 et seq.; and
13	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
14	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
15	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
16	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
17	obligation owed by a constituent organization if before the merger the
18	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
19	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
20	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
21	under § 4-20-113 if the surviving organization:
22	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
23	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
24	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
25	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
26	reasonable diligence be served.
27	
28	4-26-1011. Rights of dissenting shareholders.
29	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the
30	surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation
31	that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the
32	shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or
33	certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder:
34	(1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of
35	shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a
36	vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger;

1	(2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger;
2	and
3	(3) Within ten (10) days after the date on which the vote was
4	taken makes written demand on the surviving or new domestic or foreign
5	organization for payment of the fair value of his or her shares as of the day
6	before the date on which the vote was taken approving the conversion or
7	merger.
8	(b) The demand shall state the number and class of the shares owned by
9	the dissenting shareholder.
10	(c) A shareholder failing to make demand within the ten-day period
11	shall be bound by the terms of the conversion or merger.
12	(d) Within ten (10) days after the conversion or merger is effected,
13	the surviving or new organization shall give notice to each dissenting
14	shareholder who has made demand under this section for the payment of the
15	fair value of his or her shares.
16	(e)(l) If within thirty (30) days after the date on which the
17	conversion or merger was effected the value of the shares is agreed upon by
18	the dissenting shareholder and the surviving or new organization, payment
19	shall be made within ninety (90) days after the date on which the conversion
20	or merger was effected upon the surrender of the shareholder's certificate or
21	certificates representing the shares.
22	(2) Upon payment of the agreed value the dissenting shareholder
23	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the corporation.
24	(f)(l)(A) If within the period of thirty (30) days the shareholder and
25	the surviving or new organization do not agree to the value of the dissenting
26	shareholder's shares, then the dissenting shareholder within sixty (60) days
27	after the expiration of the thirty-day period may file a petition for a
28	finding and determination of the fair value of the shares and shall be
29	entitled to judgment against the surviving or new organization for the amount
30	of the fair value as of the day before to the date on which the vote was
31	taken approving such conversion or merger, together with interest thereon to
32	the date of the judgment.
33	(B) The petition shall be filed:
34	(i) In the circuit court of the county in which the
35	registered office of the surviving organization is located if the surviving
36	organization is a domestic organization; or

1	(ii) In the Pulaski County Circuit Court if the
2	surviving organization is a foreign organization.
3	(2) The judgment shall be payable only upon and simultaneously
4	with the surrender to the surviving or new organization of the certificate or
5	certificates representing the shares.
6	(3) Upon payment of the judgment the dissenting shareholder
7	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the surviving or new
8	organization.
9	(4) If a dissenting shareholder does not file a petition within
10	the time allowed by this section, the dissenting shareholder and all persons
11	claiming under the dissenting shareholder are bound by the terms of the
12	conversion or merger.
13	(g) Shares acquired by the surviving or new organization in payment of
14	the agreed value of the shares or a judgment under this section may be held
15	and disposed of by the organization as in the case of other treasury shares.
16	(h) This section does not apply to a conversion or merger if on the
17	date of filing the articles of conversion or merger, the surviving
18	organization is the owner of all outstanding shares of the other domestic or
19	foreign organizations that are parties to the conversion or merger.
20	
21	4-26-1012. Chapter not exclusive.
22	This chapter does not preclude an organization from being converted or
23	merged under other law.
24	
25	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 27, Subchapter 11 is amended
26	to read as follows:
27	
28	SUBCHAPTER 11 — Conversion and Merger.
29	4-27-1101. Merger.
30	(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if
31	the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if
32	required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger.
33	(b) The plan of merger must set forth:
34	(1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name
35	of the commission communities into which each other communities along to
	of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to

1	(2) the terms and conditions of the merger; and
2	(3) the manner and basis of converting the shares of each
3	corporation into shares, obligations, or other securities of the surviving or
4	any other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or in part.
5	(c) The plan of merger may set forth:
6	(1) amendments to the articles of incorporation of the surviving
7	corporation; and
8	(2) other provisions relating to the merger.
9	
10	4-27-1102. Share exchange.
11	(a) A corporation may acquire all of the outstanding shares of one (1)
12	or more classes or series of another corporation if the board of directors of
13	each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103)
14	approve the exchange.
15	(b) The plan of exchange must set forth:
16	(1) the name of the corporation whose shares will be acquired
17	and the name of the acquiring corporation;
18	(2) the terms and conditions of the exchange;
19	(3) the manner and basis of exchanging the shares to be acquired
20	for shares, obligations, or other securities of the acquiring or any other
21	corporation or for cash or other property in whole or in part.
22	(c) The plan of exchange may set forth other provisions relating to
23	the exchange.
24	(d) This section does not limit the power of a corporation to acquire
25	all or part of the shares of one (1) or more classes or series of another
26	corporation through a voluntary exchange or otherwise.
27	
28	4-27-1103. Action on plan.
29	(a) After adopting a plan of merger or share exchange, the board of
30	directors of each corporation party to the merger, and the board of directors
31	of the corporation whose shares will be acquired in the share exchange, shall
32	submit the plan of merger (except as provided in subsection (g) of this
33	section) or share exchange for approval by its shareholders.
34	(b) For a plan of merger or share exchange to be approved:
35	(1) the board of directors must recommend the plan of merger or
36	share exchange to the shareholders, unless the board of directors determines

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1	that because of conflict of interest or other special circumstances it should
2	make no recommendation and communicates the basis for its determination to
3	the shareholders with the plan; and
4	(2) the shareholders entitled to vote must approve the plan.
5	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
6	proposed merger or share exchange on any basis.
7	(d) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
8	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
9	4-27-705. The notice must also state that the purpose, or one (1) of the
10	purposes, of the meeting is to consider the plan of merger or share exchange
11	and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan.
12	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
13	of directors (acting pursuant to subsection (c) of this section) require a
14	greater vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of merger or share exchange
15	to be authorized must be approved by each voting group entitled to vote
16	separately on the plan by a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on
17	the plan by that voting group.
18	(f) Separate voting by voting groups is required:
19	(1) on a plan of merger, if the plan contains a provision that,
20	if contained in a proposed amendment to articles of incorporation, would
21	require action by one (1) or more separate voting groups on the proposed
22	amendment under § 4-27-1004;
23	(2) on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of
24	shares included in the exchange, with each class or series constituting a
25	separate voting group.
26	(g) Action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan
27	of merger is not required if:
28	(1) the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
29	will not differ (except for amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002) from its
30	articles before the merger;
31	(2) each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares
32	were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger will
33	hold the same number of shares, with identical designations, preferences,
34	limitations, and relative rights, immediately after;
35	(3) the number of voting shares outstanding immediately after
36	the merger, plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the

1	merger (either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger
2	or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger), will
3	not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting
4	shares of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the
5	merger; and
6	(4) the number of participating shares outstanding immediately
7	after the merger, plus the number of participating shares issuable as a
8	result of the merger (either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant
9	to the merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the
10	merger), will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number
11	of participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger.
12	(h) As used in subsection (g) of this section:
13	(1) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle their
14	holders to participate without limitation in distributions.
15	(2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to
16	vote unconditionally in elections of directors.
17	(i) After a merger or share exchange is authorized,
18	and at any time before articles of merger or share exchange are filed, the
19	planned merger or share exchange may be abandoned (subject to any contractual
20	rights), without further shareholder action, in accordance with the procedure
21	set forth in the plan of merger or share exchange or, if none is set forth,
22	in the manner determined by the board of directors.
23	
24	4-27-1104. Merger of subsidiary.
25	(a) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent (90%) of the
26	outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge the
27	subsidiary into itself without approval of the shareholders of the parent or
28	subsidiary.
29	(b) The board of directors of the parent shall adopt a plan of merger
30	that sets forth:
31	(1) the names of the parent and subsidiary; and
32	(2) the manner and basis of converting the shares of the
33	subsidiary into shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent or any
34	other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or in part.
35	(c) The parent shall mail a copy or summary of the plan of merger to
36	each shareholder of the subsidiary who does not waive the mailing requirement

1	in writing.
2	(d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of
3	State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date it mailed a
4	copy of the plan of merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary who did not
5	waive the mailing requirement.
6	(e) Articles of merger under this section may not contain amendments
7	to the articles of incorporation of the parent corporation (except for
8	amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002).
9	
10	4-27-1105. Articles of merger or share exchange.
11	(a) After a plan of merger or share exchange is approved by the
12	shareholders, or adopted by the board of directors if shareholder approval is
13	not required, the surviving or acquiring corporation shall deliver to the
14	Secretary of State for filing articles of merger or share exchange setting
15	forth:
16	(1) the plan of merger or share exchange;
17	(2) if shareholder approval was not required, a statement to
18	that effect;
19	(3) if approval of the shareholders of one (1) or more
20	corporations party to the merger or share exchange was required:
21	(i) the designation, number of outstanding shares,
22	and number of votes entitled to be cast by each voting group entitled to vote
23	separately on the plan as to each corporation; and
24	(ii) either the total number of votes cast for and
25	against the plan by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan
26	or the total number of undisputed votes cast for the plan separately by each
27	voting group and a statement that the number cast for the plan by each voting
28	group was sufficient for approval by that voting group.
29	(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of
30	the articles of merger or share exchange.
31	
32	4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange.
33	(a) When a merger takes effect:
34	(1) every other corporation party to the merger merges into the
35	surviving corporation and the separate existence of every corporation except
36	the surviving corporation ceases;

1	(2) the title to all real estate and other property owned by
2	each corporation party to the merger is vested in the surviving corporation
3	without reversion or impairment;
4	(3) the surviving corporation has all liabilities of each
5	corporation party to the merger;
6	(4) a proceeding pending against any corporation party to the
7	merger may be continued as if the merger did not occur or the surviving
8	corporation may be substituted in the proceeding for the corporation whose
9	existence ceased;
10	(5) the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
11	are amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger; and
12	(6) the shares of each corporation party to the merger that are
13	to be converted into shares, obligations, or other securities of the
14	surviving or any other corporation or into cash or other property are
15	converted, and the former holders of the shares are entitled only to the
16	rights provided in the articles of merger or to their rights under § 4-27-
17	1301 et seq.
18	(b) When a share exchange takes effect, the shares of each acquired
19	corporation are exchanged as provided in the plan, and the former holders of
20	the shares are entitled only to the exchange rights provided in the articles
21	of share exchange or to their rights under § 4-27-1301 et seq.
22	
23	4-27-1107. Merger or share exchange with foreign corporations.
24	(a) One (1) or more foreign corporations may merge or enter into a
25	share exchange with one (1) or more domestic corporations if:
26	(1) in a merger, the merger is permitted by the law of the state
27	or country under whose law each foreign corporation is incorporated and each
28	foreign corporation complies with that law in effecting the merger;
29	(2) in a share exchange, the corporation whose shares will be
30	acquired is a domestic corporation, whether or not a share exchange is
31	permitted by the law of the state or country under whose law the acquiring
32	corporation is incorporated;
33	(3) the foreign corporation complies with § 4-27-1105 if it is
34	the surviving corporation of the merger or acquiring corporation of the share
35	exchange; and
36	(4) each domestic corporation complies with the applicable

1	provisions of §§ 4-27-1101 — 4-27-1104 and, if it is the surviving
2	corporation of the merger or acquiring corporation of a share exchange, with
3	<del>§ 4-27-1105.</del>
4	(b) Upon the merger or share exchange taking effect, the surviving
5	foreign corporation of a merger and the acquiring foreign corporation of a
6	share exchange is deemed:
7	(1) to agree that service of process in a proceeding to enforce
8	any obligation or the rights of dissenting shareholders of each domestic
9	corporation party to the merger or share exchange may be made in the manner
10	provided in § 4-20-113; and
11	(2) to agree that it will promptly pay to the dissenting
12	shareholders of each domestic corporation party to the merger or share
13	exchange the amount, if any, to which they are entitled under § 4-27-1301 et
14	<del>seq.</del>
15	(c) This section does not limit the power of a foreign corporation to
16	acquire all or part of the shares of one (1) or more classes or series of a
17	domestic corporation through a voluntary exchange or otherwise.
18	
19	4-27-1101. Definitions.
20	In this subchapter:
21	(1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization
22	that is a corporation;
23	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
24	party to a merger;
25	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
26	converting organization converts pursuant to §§ 4-27-1102 through 4-27-1105;
27	(4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization
28	that is a corporation;
29	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
30	converts into another organization pursuant to § 4-27-1102;
31	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
32	that governs the organization's internal affairs; and
33	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the
34	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State.
35	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
36	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability

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1	partnersnip;
2	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
3	liability limited partnership;
4	(iii) A limited liability company;
5	(iv) A business trust;
6	(v) A corporation; or
7	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
8	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
9	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
10	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
11	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
12	partnership agreement and, if applicable, statement of qualification;
13	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
14	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
15	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
16	its articles of organization and operating agreement, or the comparable
17	records provided for in its governing statute;
18	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
19	declaration of trust;
20	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
21	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other agreements among its
22	shareholders which are authorized by its governing statute, or the comparable
23	records provided for in its governing statute; and
24	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
25	(i) Create the organization;
26	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
27	organization; and
28	(iii) Determine the relations among the
29	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
30	(10) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
31	one or more other organizations are merged.
32	
33	<u>4-27-1102. Conversion.</u>
34	(a) An organization other than a corporation may convert to a
35	corporation, and a corporation may convert to another organization under this
36	section and §§ 4-27-1103 through 4-27-1105 and a plan of conversion, if the:

1	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
2	conversion and is complied with; and
3	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
4	that enacted the governing statute.
5	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
6	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
7	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion;
8	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
9	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
10	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
11	consideration; and
12	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
13	
14	4-27-1103. Action on plan of conversion by converting corporation.
15	(a) A plan of conversion may be approved if the:
16	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of conversion to the
17	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
18	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
19	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
20	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
21	time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and
22	(2) Shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
23	(b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
24	proposed conversion on any basis.
25	(c)(l) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
26	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
27	<u>4-27-705.</u>
28	(2) The notice shall:
29	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
30	plan of conversion; and
31	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
32	plan.
33	(d) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
34	of directors acting under subsection (b) of this section require a greater
35	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of conversion to be authorized must
36	be approved by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan by a

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1	majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting
2	group.
3	(e) Subject to any contractual rights, until a conversion is filed
4	under § 4-27-1104, a converting corporation may amend the plan or abandon the
5	planned conversion:
6	(1) As provided in the plan; and
7	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
8	required to approve the plan.
9	
10	<u>4-27-1104. Filings required for conversion – Effective date.</u>
11	(a)(1) After a plan of conversion is approved a converting corporation
12	shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of State.
13	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
14	(A) A statement that the corporation has been converted
15	into another organization;
16	(B) The name and form of the organization and the
17	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
18	(C) The date the conversion is effective under the
19	governing statute of the converted organization;
20	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
21	required by this chapter;
22	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
23	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
24	(F) A statement confirming that the converted organization
25	has filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-
26	20-112 if the converted organization is a foreign organization not authorized
27	to transact business in this state; and
28	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
29	(ii) A statement that:
30	(a) Contains the address of an office of the
31	organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
32	(b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
33	furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any
34	shareholder of the converting corporation.
35	(b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting
36	corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation

1	with the Secretary of State.
2	(2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to
3	the information required by § 4-27-202:
4	(A) A statement that the corporation was converted from
5	another organization;
6	(B) The name and form of the organization and the
7	jurisdiction of its governing statute; and
8	(C) A statement that the conversion was approved in a
9	manner that complied with the organization's governing statute.
10	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
11	(1) If the converted organization is a corporation, when the
12	articles of incorporation take effect; and
13	(2) If the converted organization is not a corporation, as
14	provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
15	
16	4-27-1105. Effect of conversion.
17	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
18	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
19	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
20	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
21	vested in the converted organization;
22	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
23	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
24	organization;
25	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
26	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
27	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
28	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
29	remain vested in the converted organization;
30	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
31	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
32	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
33	a converting corporation under § 4-27-1401 et seq.
34	(c)(l) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
35	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
36	obligation owed by the converting corporation, if before the conversion the

1	converting corporation was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
2	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
3	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
4	under § 4-20-113 if the converted organization:
5	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
6	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
7	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
8	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
9	reasonable diligence be served.
10	
11	<u>4-27-1106. Merger.</u>
12	(a) A corporation may merge with one (1) or more other constituent
13	organizations under this section and §§ 4-27-1107 through 4-27-1110 and a
14	plan of merger if:
15	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
16	authorizes the merger;
17	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
18	that enacted any of the governing statutes; and
19	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
20	statute in effecting the merger.
21	(b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
22	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
23	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
24	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
25	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
26	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
27	consideration; and
28	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
29	organization's organizational documents.
30	
31	4-27-1107. Action on plan of merger by constituent corporation.
32	(a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section and after
33	adopting a plan of merger, the board of directors of each corporation that is
34	a party to the merger shall submit the plan of merger for approval by its
35	shareholders.
36	(b) A plan of merger may be approved if the:

1	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of merger to the
2	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
3	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
4	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
5	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
6	time the plan of merger is submitted to the shareholders; and
7	(2) The shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
8	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
9	proposed merger on any basis.
10	(d)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
11	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
12	4-27-705.
13	(2) The notice shall:
14	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
15	plan of merger; and
16	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
17	plan.
18	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
19	of directors acting under to subsection (c) of this section require a greater
20	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of merger to be authorized must be
21	approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the
22	outstanding shares entitled to vote, and if by voting group, by each voting
23	group entitled to vote separately on the plan by a majority of all the votes
24	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.
25	(f) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of merger
26	if the plan contains a provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment
27	to the articles of incorporation, would require action by one (1) or more
28	separate voting groups on the proposed amendment under § 4-27-1004.
29	(g) Action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan
30	of merger is not required if:
31	(1) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
32	will not differ except for amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002 from its
33	articles before the merger;
34	(2) Each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares
35	were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger will
36	hold the same number of shares or the interest comparable to shares in an

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1	entity other than a corporation, with identical designations, preferences,
2	limitations, and relative rights immediately after the merger;
3	(3) The number of voting shares outstanding immediately after
4	the merger plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the
5	merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger
6	or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger, will
7	not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting
8	shares of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the
9	merger; and
10	(4) The number of participating shares outstanding immediately
11	after the merger plus the number of participating shares issuable as a result
12	of the merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the
13	merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger,
14	will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of
15	participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger.
16	(h) As used in subsection (g) of this section:
17	(1) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle their
18	holders to participate without limitation in distributions; and
19	(2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to
20	vote unconditionally in elections of directors.
21	(i) Subject to any contractual rights, at any time before articles of
22	merger are filed the planned merger may be abandoned without further
23	shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of
24	merger or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of
25	directors.
26	
27	4-27-1108. Merger of subsidiary.
28	(a) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent (90%) of the
29	outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge the
30	subsidiary corporation into itself without approval of the shareholders of
31	the parent corporation or subsidiary corporation.
32	(b) The board of directors of the parent corporation shall adopt a
33	plan of merger that sets forth:
34	(1) The names of the parent corporation and the subsidiary
35	corporation; and
36	(2) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the

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1	subsidiary corporation into:
2	(A) Shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent
3	corporation or any other corporation; or
4	(B) Cash or other property.
5	(c) The parent corporation shall mail a copy or summary of the plan of
6	merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary who does not waive the mailing
7	requirement in writing.
8	(d) The parent corporation may not deliver articles of merger to the
9	Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date
10	the parent corporation mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each
11	shareholder of the subsidiary corporation who did not waive the mailing
12	requirement.
13	(e) Articles of merger under this section may not contain amendments
14	to the articles of incorporation of the parent corporation except for
15	amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002.
16	
17	4-27-1109. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
18	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
19	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
20	constituent organization.
21	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
22	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
23	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
24	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the
25	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
26	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
27	of the surviving organization;
28	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
29	organizational document of the surviving organization;
30	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
31	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
32	(6) A statement confirming that the surviving organization has
33	filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-20-112
34	if the surviving organization is a foreign organization not authorized to
35	transact business in this state; and
36	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or

1	(B) A statement that:
2	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
3	surviving organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
4	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
5	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
6	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
7	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
8	of any constituent organization.
9	(c) Each constituent organization shall deliver the articles of merger
10	for filing in the office of the Secretary of State.
11	(d) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
12	(1) If the surviving organization is a corporation, upon the
13	later of:
14	(A) Compliance with subsection (c) of this section; or
15	(B) The date specified in the articles of merger; or
16	(2) If the surviving organization is not a corporation, as
17	provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
18	
10	
19	4-27-1110. Effect of merger.
	<u>4-27-1110. Effect of merger.</u> (a) When a merger becomes effective:
19	
19 20	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
19 20 21	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
19 20 21 22	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence;
19 20 21 22 23	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
19 20 21 22 23 24	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization; (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(a) When a merger becomes effective:     (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence;     (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;     (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;     (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization; (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the surviving organization;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization; (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the surviving organization; (5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>(a) When a merger becomes effective:     (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence;     (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;     (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;     (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the surviving organization;     (5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization; (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the surviving organization; (5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not occurred;
<ol> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> </ol>	(a) When a merger becomes effective: (1) The surviving organization continues or comes into existence; (2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving organization ceases to exist as a separate entity; (3) All property owned by each constituent organization that ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization; (4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the surviving organization; (5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not occurred; (6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,

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1	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
2	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent corporation
3	ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the corporation for the
4	purposes of § 4-27-1401 et seq.; and
5	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
6	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
7	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
8	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
9	obligation owed by a constituent organization if before the merger the
10	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
11	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
12	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
13	under § 4-20-113 if the surviving organization:
14	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
15	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
16	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
17	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
18	reasonable diligence be served.
19	
20	4-27-1111. Chapter not exclusive.
21	This chapter does not preclude an organization from being converted or
22	merged under other law.
23	
24	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 4-27-1302 is amended to read as follows:
25	4-27-1302. Right of dissent.
26	(a) A shareholder is entitled to dissent from and obtain payment of
27	the fair value of <del>his</del> <u>the shareholder's</u> shares in the event of any of the
28	following corporate actions:
29	(1) <u>Consummation of a plan of conversion to which the</u>
30	corporation is a party;
31	(1) (2) consummation Consummation of a plan of merger to which
32	the corporation is a party <del>(i)</del> if <u>:</u>
33	
	(A) shareholder Shareholder approval is required for the
34	(A) shareholder Shareholder approval is required for the merger by $\frac{4-27-1103}{2}$ or the articles of incorporation and the

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1 merged with its parent under § 4-27-1104 § 4-27-1108; (2) (3) consummation Consummation of a plan of share exchange to 2 3 which the corporation is a party as the corporation whose shares will be acquired, if the shareholder is entitled to vote on the plan; 4 5 (3) (4) consummation Consummation of a sale or exchange of all, 6 or substantially all, of the property of the corporation other than in the 7 usual and regular course of business, if the shareholder is entitled to vote 8 on the sale or exchange, including a sale in dissolution, but not including a 9 sale <del>pursuant to</del> under court order or a sale for cash <del>pursuant to</del> under a 10 plan by which all or substantially all of the net proceeds of the sale will 11 be distributed to the shareholders within one (1) year after the date of 12 sale; (4) (5) an An amendment to the articles of incorporation that 13 14 materially and adversely affects rights in respect of a dissenter's shares 15 because it: 16 (i) alters Alters or abolishes a preferential right 17 of the shares; 18 (ii) creates Creates, alters, or abolishes a right 19 in respect of redemption, including a provision respecting a sinking fund for 20 the redemption or repurchase, of the shares; 21 (iii) alters Alters or abolishes a preemptive right 22 of the holder of the shares to acquire shares or other securities; 23 (iv) excludes Excludes or limits the right of the 24 shares to vote on any matter, or to cumulate votes, other than a limitation 25 by dilution through issuance of shares or other securities with similar 26 voting rights; or 27 (v) reduces Reduces the number of shares owned by 28 the shareholder to a fraction of a share if the fractional share so created is to be acquired for cash under § 4-27-604; or 29 (5) (6) any Any corporate action taken pursuant to a shareholder 30 vote to the extent the articles of incorporation, bylaws, or a resolution of 31 32 the board of directors provide that voting or nonvoting shareholders are 33 entitled to dissent and obtain payment for their shares. 34 (b) A shareholder entitled to dissent and obtain payment for his the 35 shareholder's shares under this subchapter may not challenge the corporate 36 action creating his the shareholder's entitlement unless the action is

1	unlawful or fraudulent with respect to the shareholder or the corporation.
2	
3	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 27 is amended by adding an
4	additional subchapter to read as follows:
5	
6	SUBCHAPTER 18 - Share Exchange.
7	4-27-1801. Share exchange.
8	(a) A corporation may acquire all of the outstanding shares of one (1)
9	or more classes or series of another corporation if the board of directors
10	and shareholders if required by § 4-27-1802 of each corporation approve the
11	exchange.
12	(b) The plan of exchange shall set forth:
13	(1) The name of the corporation whose shares will be acquired
14	and the name of the acquiring corporation;
15	(2) The terms and conditions of the exchange;
16	(3) The manner and basis of exchanging the shares to be acquired
17	<u>for:</u>
18	(A) Shares, obligations, or other securities of the
19	acquiring corporation or any other corporation; or
20	(C) Cash or other property.
21	(c) The plan of exchange may set forth other provisions relating to
22	the exchange.
23	(d) This section does not limit the power of a corporation to acquire
24	all or part of the shares of one (1) or more classes or series of another
25	corporation through a voluntary exchange or otherwise.
26	
27	4-27-1802. Action on plan of share exchange.
28	(a) After adopting a plan of share exchange, the board of directors of
29	each corporation whose shares will be acquired in the share exchange shall
30	submit the plan of share exchange for approval by its shareholders.
31	(b) A plan of share exchange may be approved if the:
32	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of share exchange to
33	the shareholders, unless the board of directors:
34	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
35	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
36	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the

1	time the plan of share exchange is submitted to the shareholders; and
2	(2) Shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
3	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
4	proposed plan of share exchange on any basis.
5	(d)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
6	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
7	<u>4-27-705.</u>
8	(2) The notice shall:
9	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
10	plan of share exchange; and
11	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
12	plan.
13	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
14	of directors acting under subsection (c) of this section require a greater
15	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of share exchange to be authorized
16	must be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the
17	outstanding shares entitled to vote and, if by voting group, by each voting
18	group entitled to vote separately on the plan by a majority of all the votes
10	group cherered to vote beparatery on the pran by a majority of arr the voted
19	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.
19	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.
19 20	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share
19 20 21	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange.
19 20 21 22	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group.
19 20 21 22 23	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share
19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.    (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share    exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange.         (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group.         (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share    exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of directors.</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of directors.</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.   (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share   exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange.        (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group.        (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share   exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without   further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the   plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by   the board of directors.</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.   (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share   exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange.         (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group.         (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share   exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without   further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the   plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by   the board of directors.         (a) After a plan of share exchange is approved by the shareholders or         adopted by the board of directors if shareholder approval is not required,         constant of the stareholder approval is not required.         constant of the stareholder approval</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of directors. (a) After a plan of share exchange is approved by the shareholders or adopted by the board of directors if shareholder approval is not required, the surviving or acquiring corporation shall file articles of share exchange</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group. (f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange. (2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group. (g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of directors. <u>4-27-1803. Articles of share exchange.</u> (a) After a plan of share exchange is approved by the shareholders or adopted by the board of directors if shareholder approval is not required, the surviving or acquiring corporation shall file articles of share exchange with the Secretary of State.</pre>

1	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
2	surviving corporation where the plan of share exchange is on file; and
3	(ii) A copy of the plan of share exchange will be
4	furnished by the surviving corporation on request and without cost to any
5	shareholder, member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization;
6	(2) If shareholder approval was not required, a statement that
7	shareholder approval was required;
8	(3) If the approval of the shareholders of one (1) or more
9	corporations to the share exchange was required:
10	(A) The designation, number of outstanding shares, and
11	number of votes entitled to be cast by each voting group entitled to vote
12	separately on the plan as to each corporation; and
13	(B)(i) The total number of votes cast for and against the
14	plan by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan; or
15	(ii) The total number of undisputed votes cast for
16	the plan separately by each voting group; and
17	(4) A statement that the number of votes cast for the plan by
18	each voting group was sufficient for approval by that voting group.
19	(c) A share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the
20	articles of share exchange.
21	
22	4-27-1804. Effect of share exchange.
23	When a share exchange takes effect, the shares of each acquired
24	corporation are exchanged as provided in the plan and the former holders of
25	the shares are entitled only to:
26	(1) The exchange rights provided in the articles of share
27	exchange; or
28	(2) The rights of the former holders of the shares under § 4-27-
29	<u>1301 et seq.</u>
30	
31	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 32, Subchapter 12 is
32	amended to read as follows:
33	4-32-1201. Merger or consolidation.
34	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement,
35	and subject to any law applicable to business entities other than limited
36	liability companies, one (1) or more limited liability companies may merge or

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1	consolidate with or into one (1) or more other business entities with the
2	limited liability company or other business entity as the merger or
3	consolidation agreement shall provide being the surviving or resulting
4	limited liability company or other business entity.
5	(b) Rights or securities of or interests in a business entity that is
6	a party to the merger or consolidation may be exchanged for or converted into
7	cash, property, obligations, or rights or securities of or interests in the
8	surviving or resulting business entity or of any other business entity.
9	(c) As used in this subchapter, "business entity" or "business
10	entities" shall mean domestic and foreign limited liability companies,
11	corporations, general partnerships, limited partnerships, registered limited
12	liability partnerships and registered limited liability limited partnerships.
13	
14	4-32-1202. Approval of merger or consolidation.
15	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a
16	limited liability company that is a party to a proposed merger or
17	consolidation shall approve the merger or consolidation agreement by the
18	consent of more than one-half $(\frac{1}{2})$ by number of the members.
19	(b) Each business entity that is a party to a proposed merger or
20	consolidation shall approve the merger or consolidation in the manner and by
21	the vote required by the laws applicable to the business entity.
22	(c) Each business entity that is a party to the merger or
23	consolidation shall have the rights to abandon the merger as are provided for
24	in the merger or consolidation agreement or in the laws applicable to the
25	business entity.
26	
27	4-32-1203. Articles of merger or consolidation.
28	(a) The business entity surviving or resulting from the merger or
29	consolidation shall deliver to the Secretary of State articles of merger or
30	consolidation executed by each constituent entity setting forth:
31	(1) The name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of
32	each business entity which is to merge or consolidate;
33	(2) That an agreement of merger or consolidation has been
34	approved and executed by each business entity which is a party to the merger
35	or consolidation;
36	(3) The name of the surviving or resulting business entity;

1	(4) The future effective date of the merger or consolidation,
2	which shall be a date or time certain, if it is not to be effective upon the
3	filing of the articles of merger or consolidation;
4	(5) That the agreement of merger or consolidation is on file at
5	a place of business of the surviving or resulting business entity, and the
6	address of that place of business;
7	(6) That a copy of the agreement of merger or consolidation will
8	be furnished by the surviving or resulting business entity on request and
9	without cost to any person holding an interest in any business entity which
10	is to merge or consolidate; and
11	(7) If the surviving or resulting entity is not a business
12	entity organized under the laws of this state, a statement that such
13	surviving or resulting business entity:
14	(A) Agrees that it may be served with process in this
15	state in any proceeding for enforcement of any obligation of any business
16	entity party to the merger or consolidation that was organized under the laws
17	of this state, as well as for enforcement of any obligation of the surviving
18	business entity or the new business entity arising from the merger or
19	consolidation; and
20	(B) Appoints the Secretary of State as its agent for
21	and the events in the such as a disc and the events into heritage articles
21	service of process in any such proceeding, and the surviving business entity
22	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the
22	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the
22 23	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State.
22 23 24	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the
22 23 24 25	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or
22 23 24 25 26	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation.
22 23 24 25 26 27	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in the manner provided for in § 4-32-204 and shall be filed with the Secretary
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in the manner provided for in § 4-32-204 and shall be filed with the Secretary of State in the manner provided for in § 4-32-205.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in the manner provided for in § 4-32-204 and shall be filed with the Secretary of State in the manner provided for in § 4-32-205. (d) Articles of merger or consolidation shall constitute articles of
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in the manner provided for in § 4-32-204 and shall be filed with the Secretary of State in the manner provided for in § 4-32-205. (d) Articles of merger or consolidation shall constitute articles of dissolution for a limited liability company which is not the surviving or
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State. (b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation. (c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in the manner provided for in § 4-32-204 and shall be filed with the Secretary of State in the manner provided for in § 4-32-205. (d) Articles of merger or consolidation shall constitute articles of discolution for a limited liability company which is not the surviving or resulting business entity in the merger or consolidation.

1	it is the surviving or resulting limited liability company in the merger or
2	consolidation. An approved agreement of merger or consolidation may also
3	provide that the operating agreement of any constituent limited liability
4	company to the merger or consolidation, including a limited liability company
5	formed for the purpose of consummating a merger or consolidation, shall be
6	the operating agreement of the surviving or resulting limited liability
7	company. Any amendment to an operating agreement or adoption of a new
8	operating agreement made pursuant to this subsection shall be effective at
9	the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation. The provisions of
10	this subsection shall not be construed to limit the accomplishment of a
11	merger or of any of the matters referred to herein by any other means
12	provided for in an operating agreement or other agreement or as otherwise
13	permitted by law.
14	
15	4-32-1204. Effects of merger or consolidation.
16	A merger or consolidation has the following effects:
17	(1) The business entities that are parties to the merger or
18	consolidation agreement shall be a single entity, which, in the case of a
19	merger shall be the entity designated in the plan of merger as the surviving
20	entity, and, in the case of a consolidation, shall be the new entity provided
21	for in the plan of consolidation;
22	(2) Each party to the merger or consolidation agreement except
23	the surviving entity or the new entity shall cease to exist;
24	(3) The surviving entity or the new entity shall thereupon and
25	thereafter possess all the rights, privileges, immunities, and powers of each
26	constituent entity and shall be subject to all the restrictions,
27	disabilities, and duties of each of such constituent entities to the extent
28	the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, franchises, restrictions,
29	disabilities, and duties are applicable to the type of business entity that
30	is the surviving entity or the new entity;
31	(4) All property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due on
32	whatever account, including promises to make capital contributions and
33	subscriptions for shares, and all other choses in action, and all and every
34	other interest of or belonging to or due to each of the constituent entities
35	shall be vested in the surviving entity or the new entity without further act
36	<del>or deed;</del>

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1	(5) The title to all real estate and any interest therein vested
2	in any such constituent entity shall not revert or be in any way impaired by
3	reason of such merger or consolidation;
4	(6) The surviving entity or the new entity shall thenceforth be
5	liable for all liabilities and obligations of each of the constituent
6	entities so merged or consolidated, and any claim existing or action or
7	proceeding pending by or against any such constituent entity may be
8	prosecuted as if such merger or consolidation had not taken place, or the
9	surviving entity or the new entity may be substituted in the action;
10	(7) Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens on the
11	property of any constituent entity shall be impaired by the merger or
12	consolidation; and
13	(8) The interests in a limited liability company or shares or
14	other interests in a corporation that are to be converted or exchanged into
15	interests, shares or other securities, cash, obligations or other property
16	under the terms of the merger or consolidation agreement are so converted,
17	and the former holders thereof are entitled only to the rights provided in
18	the merger or consolidation agreement or the rights otherwise provided by
19	law.
20	
21	SUBCHAPTER 12 - Conversion and Merger.
22	4-32-1201. Definitions.
23	In this subchapter:
24	(1) "Constituent limited liability company" means a constituent
25	organization that is a limited liability company;
26	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
27	party to a merger;
28	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
29	converting organization converts under §§ 4-32-1202 through 4-32-1205;
30	(4) "Converting limited liability company" means a converting
31	organization that is a limited liability company;
32	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
33	converts into another organization under § 4-32-1202;
34	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
35	that governs the organization's internal affairs;
36	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the

1	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State;
2	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
3	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
4	partnership;
5	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
6	liability limited partnership;
7	(iii) A limited liability company;
8	(iv) A business trust;
9	(v) A corporation; or
10	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
11	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
12	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
13	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
14	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
15	partnership agreement and if applicable statement of qualification;
16	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
17	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
18	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
19	its articles of organization and operating agreement or the comparable
20	records provided for in its governing statute;
21	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
22	declaration of trust;
23	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
24	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other agreements among its
25	shareholders which are authorized by its governing statute or the comparable
26	records provided for in its governing statute; and
27	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
28	(i) Create the organization;
29	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
30	organization; and
31	(iii) Determine the relations among the
32	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
33	(10) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
34	one or more other organizations are merged.
35	
36	<u>4-32-1202. Conversion.</u>

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1	(a) An organization other than a limited liability company may convert
2	to a limited liability company, and a limited liability company may convert
3	to another organization under this section and §§ 4-32-1203 through 4-32-1205
4	and a plan of conversion, if the:
5	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
6	conversion and is complied with; and
7	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
8	that enacted the governing statute.
9	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
10	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
11	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion; and
12	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
13	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
14	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
15	consideration; and
16	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
17	
18	4-32-1203. Action on plan of conversion by converting limited
19	liability company.
20	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a
21	plan of conversion must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number
22	of the members of a converting limited liability company.
23	(b) Subject to any contractual rights, until a conversion is filed
24	under § 4-32-1204, a converting limited liability company may amend the plan
25	or abandon the planned conversion:
26	(1) As provided in the plan; and
27	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
28	required to approve the plan.
29	
30	4-32-1204. Filings required for conversion — Effective date.
31	(a)(l) After a plan of conversion is approved, a converting limited
32	liability company shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of
33	<u>State.</u>
34	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
35	(A) A statement that the limited liability company has
36	been converted into another organization;

1	(B) The name and form of the converted organization and
2	the jurisdiction of its governing statute;
3	(C) The date the conversion is effective under the
4	governing statute of the converted organization;
5	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
6	required by this chapter;
7	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
8	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
9	(F) A statement confirming that the converted organization
10	has filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-
11	20-112 if the converted organization is a foreign organization not authorized
12	to transact business in this state; and
13	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
14	(ii) A statement that:
15	(a) Contains the address of an office of the
16	organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
17	(b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
18	furnished by the converting organization on request and without cost to any
19	shareholder of the converting organization.
20	(b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting limited
21	liability company, the converting organization shall file articles of
22	organization with the Secretary of State.
23	(2) The articles of organization shall include, in addition to
24	the information required by § 4-32-202:
25	(A) A statement that the limited liability company was
26	converted from another organization;
27	(B) The name and form of the converting organization and
28	the jurisdiction of its governing statute; and
29	(C) A statement that the conversion was approved in a
30	manner that complied with the converting organization's governing statute.
31	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
32	(1) If the converted organization is a limited liability
33	company, when the articles of organization take effect; and
34	(2) If the converted organization is not a limited liability
35	company, as provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
36	

1	4-32-1205. Effect of conversion.
2	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
3	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
4	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
5	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
6	vested in the converted organization;
7	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
8	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
9	organization;
10	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
11	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
12	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
13	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
14	remain vested in the converted organization;
15	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
16	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
17	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
18	a converting limited liability company under § 4-32-901 et seq.
19	(c)(1) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
20	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
21	obligation owed by the converting limited liability company, if before the
22	conversion the converting limited liability company was subject to suit in
23	this state on the obligation.
24	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
25	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
26	under § 4-20-113 if the converted organization:
27	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
28	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
29	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
30	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
31	reasonable diligence be served.
32	
33	<u>4-32-1206. Merger.</u>
34	(a) A limited liability company may merge with one (1) or more other
35	constituent organizations under this section and §§ 4-32-1207 through 4-32-
36	1209 and a plan of merger, if:

1	(1) The concerning statute of each of the other ergenizations
	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
2	authorizes the merger;
3	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
4	that enacted any of the governing statutes; and
5	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
6	statute in effecting the merger.
7	(b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
8	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
9	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
10	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
11	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
12	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
13	consideration; and
14	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
15	organization's organizational documents.
16	
17	4-32-1207. Action on plan of merger by constituent limited liability
18	company.
10	
19	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a
20	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of
20	plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half $(1/2)$ by number of
20 21	plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company.
20 21 22	plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are
20 21 22 23	plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the
20 21 22 23 24	plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger:
20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent required to approve the plan.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent required to approve the plan.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent required to approve the plan.</pre> 4-32-1208. Filings required for merger - Effective date. (a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent required to approve the plan.</pre> 4-32-1208. Filings required for merger - Effective date. (a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger, articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each constituent organization and filed with the Secretary of State. (b) The articles of merger shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of the members of a constituent limited liability company. (b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the plan or abandon the planned merger: (1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent required to approve the plan.</pre> 4-32-1208. Filings required for merger - Effective date. (a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger, articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each constituent organization and filed with the Secretary of State. (b) The articles of merger shall include:

1	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
2	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
3	of the surviving organization;
4	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
5	organizational document of the surviving organization;
6	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
7	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
8	(6) A statement confirming that the surviving organization has
9	filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-20-112
10	if the surviving organization is a foreign organization not authorized to
11	transact business in this state; and
12	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
13	(B) A statement that:
14	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
15	surviving organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
16	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
17	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
18	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
19	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
20	of any constituent organization.
21	(c) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
22	(1) If the surviving organization is a limited liability
23	company, upon the later of:
24	(A) Compliance with subsection (a) of this section; or
25	(B) The date specified in the articles of merger; or
26	(2) If the surviving organization is not a limited liability
27	company, as provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
28	
29	4-32-1209. Effect of merger.
30	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
31	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
32	existence;
33	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
34	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
35	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
36	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;

1	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
2	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the
3	surviving organization;
4	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
5	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
6	occurred;
7	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
8	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
9	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
10	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
11	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
12	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent limited
13	liability company ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the limited
14	liability company under § 4-32-901 et seq.; and
15	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
16	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
17	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
18	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
19	obligation owed by a constituent organization if before the merger the
20	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
21	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
22	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
23	under § 4-20-113 if the surviving organization:
24	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
25	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
26	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
27	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
28	reasonable diligence be served.
29	
30	4-32-1210. Chapter not exclusive.
31	This chapter does not preclude an entity from being converted or merged
32	under other law.
33	
34	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 46, Subchapter 9 is amended
35	to read as follows:
36	4-46-901. Definitions.

1	In this subchapter:
2	(1) "General partner" means a partner in a partnership and a
3	general partner in a limited partnership.
4	(2) "Limited partner" means a limited partner in a limited
5	partnership.
6	(3) "Limited partnership" means a limited partnership created
7	under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act (2001), § 4-47-101 et seq.,
8	predecessor law, or comparable law of another jurisdiction.
9	(4) "Partner" includes both a general partner and a limited
10	partner.
11	
12	4-46-902. Conversion of partnership to limited partnership.
13	(a) A partnership may be converted to a limited partnership pursuant
14	to this section.
15	(b) The terms and conditions of a conversion of a partnership to a
16	limited partnership must be approved by all of the partners or by a number or
17	percentage specified for conversion in the partnership agreement.
18	(c) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the partnership
19	shall file a certificate of limited partnership in the jurisdiction in which
20	the limited partnership is to be formed. The certificate must include:
21	(1) a statement that the partnership was converted to a limited
22	partnership from a partnership;
23	(2) its former name; and
24	(3) a statement of the number of votes cast by the partners for
25	and against the conversion and, if the vote is less than unanimous, the
26	number or percentage required to approve the conversion under the partnership
27	agreement.
28	(d) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of limited
29	partnership is filed or at any later date specified in the certificate.
30	(e) A general partner who becomes a limited partner as a result of the
31	conversion remains liable as a general partner for an obligation incurred by
32	the partnership before the conversion takes effect. If the other party to a
33	transaction with the limited partnership reasonably believes when entering
34	the transaction that the limited partner is a general partner, the limited
35	partner is liable for an obligation incurred by the limited partnership
36	within ninety (90) days after the conversion takes effect. The limited

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1	partner's liability for all other obligations of the limited partnership
2	incurred after the conversion takes effect is that of a limited partner as
3	provided in the Uniform Limited Partnership Act (2001), § 4-47-101 et seq.
4	
5	4-46-903. Conversion of limited partnership to partnership.
6	(a) A limited partnership may be converted to a partnership pursuant
7	to this section.
8	(b) Notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in a limited
9	partnership agreement, the terms and conditions of a conversion of a limited
10	partnership to a partnership must be approved by all of the partners.
11	(c) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the limited
12	partnership shall cancel its certificate of limited partnership.
13	(d) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of limited
14	partnership is canceled.
15	(e) A limited partner who becomes a general partner as a result of the
16	conversion remains liable only as a limited partner for an obligation
17	incurred by the limited partnership before the conversion takes effect.
18	Except as otherwise provided in § 4-46-306, the partner is liable as a
19	general partner for an obligation of the partnership incurred after the
20	conversion takes effect.
21	
22	4-46-904. Effect of conversion — Entity unchanged.
23	(a) A partnership or limited partnership that has been converted
24	pursuant to this subchapter is for all purposes the same entity that existed
25	before the conversion.
26	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
27	(1) all property owned by the converting partnership or limited
28	partnership remains vested in the converted entity;
29	(2) all obligations of the converting partnership or limited
30	partnership continue as obligations of the converted entity; and
31	(3) an action or proceeding pending against the converting
32	partnership or limited partnership may be continued as if the conversion had
33	not occurred.
34	
35	4-46-905. Merger of partnerships.
36	(a) Pursuant to a plan of merger approved as provided in subsection

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1	(c) of this section, a partnership may be merged with one (1) or more
2	partnerships or limited partnerships.
3	(b) The plan of merger must set forth:
4	(1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is
5	a party to the merger;
6	(2) the name of the surviving entity into which the other
7	partnerships or limited partnerships will merge;
8	(3) whether the surviving entity is a partnership or a limited
9	partnership and the status of each partner;
10	(4) the terms and conditions of the merger;
11	(5) the manner and basis of converting the interests of each
12	party to the merger into interests or obligations of the surviving entity, or
13	into money or other property in whole or part; and
14	(6) the street address of the surviving entity's chief executive
15	office.
16	(c) The plan of merger must be approved:
17	(1) in the case of a partnership that is a party to the merger,
18	by all of the partners, or a number or percentage specified for merger in the
19	partnership agreement; and
20	(2) in the case of a limited partnership that is a party to the
21	merger, by the vote required for approval of a merger by the law of the State
22	or foreign jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is organized and, in
23	the absence of such a specifically applicable law, by all of the partners,
24	notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in the partnership agreement.
25	(d) After a plan of merger is approved and before the merger takes
26	effect, the plan may be amended or abandoned as provided in the plan.
27	(e) The merger takes effect on the later of:
28	(1) the approval of the plan of merger by all parties to the
29	merger, as provided in subsection (c) of this section;
30	
	(2) the filing of all documents required by law to be filed as a
31	(2) the filing of all documents required by law to be filed as a condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or
31 32	
	condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or
32	condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or (3) any effective date specified in the plan of merger.
32 33	condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or (3) any effective date specified in the plan of merger. 4-46-906. Effect of merger.

1	<del>ceases ;</del>
2	(2) all property owned by each of the merged partnerships or
3	limited partnerships vests in the surviving entity;
4	(3) all obligations of every partnership or limited partnership
5	that is a party to the merger become the obligations of the surviving entity;
6	and
7	(4) an action or proceeding pending against a partnership or
8	limited partnership that is a party to the merger may be continued as if the
9	merger had not occurred, or the surviving entity may be substituted as a
10	party to the action or proceeding.
11	(b) The Secretary of State of this State is the agent for service of
12	process in an action or proceeding against a surviving foreign partnership or
13	limited partnership to enforce an obligation of a domestic partnership or
14	limited partnership that is a party to a merger. The surviving entity shall
15	promptly notify the Secretary of State of the mailing address of its chief
16	executive office and of any change of address. Upon receipt of process, the
17	Secretary of State shall mail a copy of the process to the surviving foreign
18	partnership or limited partnership.
19	(c) A partner of the surviving partnership or limited partnership is
20	liable for:
21	(1) all obligations of a party to the merger for which the
22	partner was personally liable before the merger;
23	(2) all other obligations of the surviving entity incurred
24	before the merger by a party to the merger, but those obligations may be
25	satisfied only out of property of the entity; and
26	(3) except as otherwise provided in § 4-46-306, all obligations
27	of the surviving entity incurred after the merger takes effect, but those
28	obligations may be satisfied only out of property of the entity if the
29	partner is a limited partner.
30	(d) If the obligations incurred before the merger by a party to the
31	merger are not satisfied out of the property of the surviving partnership or
32	limited partnership, the general partners of that party immediately before
33	the effective date of the merger shall contribute the amount necessary to
34	satisfy that party's obligations to the surviving entity, in the manner
35	provided in § 4-46-807 or in the limited partnership act of the jurisdiction
36	in which the party was formed, as the case may be, as if the merged party

1	were dissolved.
2	(e) A partner of a party to a merger who does not become a partner of
3	the surviving partnership or limited partnership is dissociated from the
4	entity, of which that partner was a partner, as of the date the merger takes
5	effect. The surviving entity shall cause the partner's interest in the entity
6	to be purchased under § 4-46-701 or another statute specifically applicable
7	to that partner's interest with respect to a merger. The surviving entity is
8	bound under § 4-46-702 by an act of a general partner dissociated under this
9	subsection, and the partner is liable under § 4-46-703 for transactions
10	entered into by the surviving entity after the merger takes effect.
11	
12	4-46-907. Statement of merger.
13	(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership
14	may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited
15	partnerships have merged into the surviving entity.
16	(b) A statement of merger must contain:
17	(1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is
18	a party to the merger;
19	(2) the name of the surviving entity into which the other
20	partnerships or limited partnership were merged;
21	(3) the street address of the surviving entity's chief executive
22	office and of an office in this State, if any; and
23	(4) whether the surviving entity is a partnership or a limited
24	partnership.
25	(c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section,
26	for the purposes of § 4-46-302, property of the surviving partnership or
27	limited partnership which before the merger was held in the name of another
28	party to the merger is property held in the name of the surviving entity upon
29	filing a statement of merger.
30	(d) For the purposes of § 4-46-302, real property of the surviving
31	partnership or limited partnership which before the merger was held in the
32	name of another party to the merger is property held in the name of the
33	surviving entity upon recording a certified copy of the statement of merger
34	in the office for recording transfers of that real property.
35	(e) A filed and, if appropriate, recorded statement of merger,
36	executed and declared to be accurate pursuant to § 4-46-105(c), stating the

1	name of a partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger in
2	whose name property was held before the merger and the name of the surviving
3	entity, but not containing all of the other information required by
4	subsection (b) of this section, operates with respect to the partnerships or
5	limited partnerships named to the extent provided in subsections (c) and (d)
6	of this section.
7	
8	4-46-908. Nonexclusive.
9	This subchapter is not exclusive. Partnerships or limited partnerships
10	may be converted or merged in any manner provided by law.
11	
12	SUBCHAPTER 9 - Conversion and Merger.
13	4-46-901. Definitions.
14	In this subchapter:
15	(1) "Constituent partnership" means a constituent organization
16	that is a partnership (including a limited liability partnership);
17	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
18	party to a merger;
19	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
20	converting organization converts under §§ 4-46-902 through 4-46-905;
21	(4) "Converting partnership" means a converting organization
22	that is a partnership (including a limited liability partnership);
23	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
24	converts into another organization under § 4-46-902;
25	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
26	that governs the organization's internal affairs;
27	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the
28	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State;
29	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
30	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
31	partnership;
32	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
33	liability limited partnership;
34	(iii) A limited liability company;
35	(iv) A business trust;
36	(v) A corporation; or

1	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
2	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
3	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
4	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
5	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
6	partnership agreement and if applicable statement of qualification;
7	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
8	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
9	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
10	its articles of organization and operating agreement, or the comparable
11	records provided for in its governing statute;
12	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
13	declaration of trust;
14	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
15	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other agreements among its
16	shareholders which are authorized by its governing statute or the comparable
17	records provided for in its governing statute; and
18	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
19	(i) Create the organization;
20	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
21	organization; and
22	(iii) Determine the relations among the
23	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
24	(10) "Personal liability" means individual financial
25	responsibility for a debt, liability, or other obligation of an organization
26	that is imposed on a person that co-owns, has an interest in, or is a member
27	of the organization:
28	(A) By the organization's governing statute solely because
29	the person co-owns, has an interest in, or is a member of the organization;
30	or
31	(B) By the organization's organizational documents under a
32	provision of the organization's governing statute authorizing the documents
33	to make one (1) or more specified persons liable for all or specified debts,
34	liabilities, and other obligations of the organization solely because the
35	person or persons co-own, have an interest in, or are members of the
36	organization; and

1	(11) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
2	one (1) or more other organizations are merged.
3	
4	<u>4-46-902. Conversion.</u>
5	(a) An organization other than a partnership may convert to a
6	partnership, and a partnership may convert to another organization under this
7	section and §§ 4-46-903 through 4-46-905 and a plan of conversion, if the:
8	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
9	conversion and is complied with; and
10	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
11	that enacted the governing statute.
12	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
13	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
14	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion; and
15	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
16	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
17	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
18	consideration; and
19	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
20	
21	4-46-903. Action on plan of conversion by converting partnership.
22	(a) Subject to § 4-46-910, a plan of conversion must be consented to
23	by all of the partners of a converting partnership.
24	(b) Subject to § 4-46-910 and any contractual rights, until a
25	conversion is filed under § 4-46-904, a converting partnership may amend the
26	plan or abandon the planned conversion:
27	(1) As provided in the plan; and
28	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
29	required to approve the plan.
30	
31	<u>4-46-904. Filings required for conversion — Effective date.</u>
32	(a)(l) After a plan of conversion is approved a converting partnership
33	shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of State.
34	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
35	(A) A statement that the partnership has been converted
36	into another organization;

1	(B) The name and form of the converted organization and
2	the jurisdiction of its governing statute;
3	(C) The date the conversion is effective under the
4	governing statute of the converted organization;
5	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
6	required by this subchapter;
7	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
8	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
9	(F) A statement confirming that the converted organization
10	has filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-
11	20-112 if the converted organization is a foreign organization not authorized
12	to transact business in this state; and
13	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
14	(ii) A statement that:
15	(a) Contains the address of an office of the
16	organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
17	(b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
18	furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any
19	partner of the converting partnership.
20	(b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership,
21	the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the
22	Secretary of State.
23	(2) The statement of qualification shall include, in addition to
24	the information required by § 4-46-1001:
25	(A) A statement that the partnership was converted from
26	another organization;
27	(B) The name and form of the converting organization and
28	the jurisdiction of its governing statute; and
29	(C) A statement that the conversion was approved in a
30	manner that complied with the converting organization's governing statute.
31	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
32	(1) If the converted organization is a partnership, when the
33	articles of conversion indicate that the conversion takes effect; and
34	(2) If the converted organization is not a partnership, as
35	provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
36	

1	4-46-905. Effect of conversion.
2	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
3	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
4	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
5	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
6	vested in the converted organization;
7	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
8	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
9	organization;
10	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
11	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
12	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
13	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
14	remain vested in the converted organization;
15	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
16	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
17	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
18	a converting partnership under § 4-46-801 et seq.
19	(c)(l) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
20	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
21	obligation owed by the converting partnership, if before the conversion the
22	converting partnership was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
23	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
24	not authorized to transact business in this State may be served with process
25	under § 4-20-113 if the converted organization:
26	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
27	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
28	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
29	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
30	reasonable diligence be served.
31	
32	<u>4-46-906. Merger.</u>
33	(a) A partnership may merge with one (1) or more other constituent
34	organizations under this section and §§ 4-46-907 through 4-46-909 and a plan
35	of merger if:
36	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations

1	authorizes the merger;
2	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
3	that enacted any of the governing statutes; and
4	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
5	statute in effecting the merger.
6	(b) A plan of merger must be in a record and must include:
7	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
8	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
9	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
10	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
11	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
12	consideration; and
13	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
14	organization's organizational documents.
15	
16	4-46-907. Action on plan of merger by constituent partnership.
17	(a) Subject to § 4-46-910, a plan of merger must be consented to by
18	all of the partners of a constituent partnership.
19	(b) Subject to § 4-46-910 and to any contractual rights, until a
20	merger is filed under § 4-46-908, a constituent partnership may amend the
21	plan or abandon the planned merger:
22	(1) As provided in the plan; and
23	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent
24	required to approve the plan.
25	
26	4-46-908. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
27	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
28	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
29	constituent organization and filed with the Secretary of State.
30	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
31	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
32	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
33	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the
34	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
35	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
36	of the surviving organization;

1	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
2	organizational document of the surviving organization if the organizational
3	document is required to be filed by the governing statute of the surviving
4	organization;
5	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
6	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
7	(6) A statement confirming that the surviving organization has
8	filed a statement appointing an agent for service of process under § 4-20-112
9	if the surviving organization is a foreign organization not authorized to
10	transact business in this state; and
11	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
12	(B) A statement that:
13	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
14	organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
15	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
16	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
17	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
18	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
19	of any constituent organization.
20	(c) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
21	(1) If the surviving organization is a partnership, upon the
22	later of:
23	(A) Compliance with subsection (a) of this section; or
24	(B) As specified in the articles of merger; or
25	(2) If the surviving organization is not a partnership, as
26	provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
27	
28	4-46-909. Effect of merger.
29	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
30	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
31	existence;
32	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
33	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
34	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
35	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
36	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each

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1	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the
2	surviving organization;
3	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
4	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
5	occurred;
6	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
7	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
8	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
9	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
10	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
11	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent partnership
12	ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the partnership under § 4-46-
13	801 et seq.; and
14	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
15	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
16	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
17	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
18	obligation owed by a constituent organization, if before the merger the
19	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
20	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
21	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
22	under § 4-20-113 if the surviving organization:
23	(A) Fails to appoint an agent for service of process under
24	<u>§ 4-20-112;</u>
25	(B) No longer has an agent for service of process; or
26	(C) Has an agent for service of process that cannot with
27	reasonable diligence be served.
28	
29	4-46-910. Restrictions on approval of conversions and mergers and on
30	relinquishing limited liability partnership status.
31	(a) If a partner of a converting or constituent partnership will have
32	personal liability with respect to a converted or surviving organization,
33	approval and amendment of a plan of conversion or merger are ineffective
34	without the consent of the partner unless:
35	(1) The partnership's partnership agreement provides for the
36	approval of the conversion or merger with the consent of fewer than all of

1	the partners; and
2	(2) The partner has consented to the provision of the
3	partnership agreement.
4	(b) An amendment to a statement of qualification of a limited
5	liability partnership which deletes a statement that the partnership is a
6	limited liability partnership is ineffective without the consent of each
7	partner unless:
8	(1) The partnership's partnership agreement provides for the
9	amendment with the consent of less than all of the partners; and
10	(2) Each partner that does not consent to the amendment has
11	consented to the provision of the partnership agreement.
12	(c) A partner does not give the consent required by subsection (a) or
13	subsection (b) of this section merely by consenting to a provision of the
14	partnership agreement that permits the partnership agreement to be amended
15	with the consent of fewer than all the partners.
16	
17	4-46-911. Liability of partner after conversion or merger.
18	(a) A conversion or merger under this chapter does not discharge any
19	liability under § 4-46-306 or § 4-46-703 of a person that was a partner in or
20	dissociated as a partner from a converting or constituent partnership, but:
21	(1) The provisions of this chapter pertaining to the collection
22	or discharge of the liability continue to apply to the liability;
23	(2) The converted or surviving organization is deemed to be the
24	converting or constituent partnership under § 4-46-306 or § 4-46-703; and
25	(3) If a person is required to pay any amount under this
26	subsection:
27	(A) The person has a right of contribution from each other
28	person that was liable as a partner under § 4-46-306 when the obligation was
29	incurred and has not been released from the obligation under § 4-46-703; and
30	(B) The contribution due from each other person is in
31	proportion to the right to receive distributions in the capacity of partner
32	in effect for each other person when the obligation was incurred.
33	(b) In addition to any other liability provided by law:
34	(1) A person that immediately before a conversion or merger
35	became effective was a partner in a converting or constituent partnership
36	that was not a limited liability partnership is personally liable for each

1	obligation of the converted or surviving organization arising from a
2	transaction with a third party after the conversion or merger becomes
3	effective if at the time the third party enters into the transaction, the
4	third party:
5	(A) Does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and
6	(B) Reasonably believes that:
7	(i) The converted or surviving organization is the
8	converting or constituent partnership;
9	(ii) The converting or constituent partnership is
10	not a limited liability partnership; and
11	(iii) The person is a partner in the converting or
12	constituent partnership; and
13	(2) A person that was dissociated as a partner from a converting
14	or constituent partnership before the conversion or merger became effective
15	is personally liable for each obligation of the converted or surviving
16	organization arising from a transaction with a third party after the
17	conversion or merger becomes effective if:
18	(A) Immediately before the conversion or merger became
19	effective the converting or surviving partnership was not a limited liability
20	partnership; and
21	(B) At the time the third party enters into the
22	transaction less than two (2) years have passed since the person dissociated
23	as a partner and the third party:
24	(i) Does not have notice of the dissociation;
25	(ii) Does not have notice of the conversion or
26	merger; and
27	(iii) Reasonably believes that:
28	(a) The converted or surviving organization is
29	the converting or constituent partnership;
30	(b) The converting or constituent partnership
31	is not a constituent limited liability partnership; and
32	(c) The person is a partner in the converting
33	or constituent partnership.
34	
35	4-46-912. Power of partners and persons dissociated as partners to
36	bind organization after conversion or merger.

1	(a) An act of a person that immediately before a conversion or merger
2	became effective was a partner in a converting or constituent partnership
3	binds the converted or surviving organization after the conversion or merger
4	becomes effective if:
5	(1) Before the conversion or merger became effective the act
6	would have bound the converting or constituent partnership under § 4-46-301;
7	and
8	(2) At the time the third party enters into the transaction the
9	third party:
10	(A) Does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and
11	(B) Reasonably believes that the converted or surviving
12	business is the converting or constituent partnership and that the person is
13	a partner in the converting or constituent partnership.
14	(b) An act of a person that before a conversion or merger became
15	effective was dissociated as a partner from a converting or constituent
16	partnership binds the converted or surviving organization after the
17	conversion or merger becomes effective if:
18	(1) Before the conversion or merger became effective the act
19	would have bound the converting or constituent partnership under § $4-46-301$
20	if the person had been a partner; and
21	(2) At the time the third party enters into the transaction,
22	less than two (2) years have passed since the person dissociated as a general
23	partner and the third party:
24	(A) Does not have notice of the dissociation;
25	(B) Does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and
26	(C) Reasonably believes that the converted or surviving
27	organization is the converting or constituent partnership and that the person
28	is a partner in the converting or constituent partnership.
29	(c) If a person with knowledge of the conversion or merger causes a
30	converted or surviving organization to incur an obligation under subsection
31	(a) or subsection (b) of this section the person is liable:
32	(1) To the converted or surviving organization for any damage
33	caused to the organization arising from the obligation; and
34	(2) If another person is liable for the obligation, to the other
35	person for any damage caused to the other person arising from the liability.
36	

4-46-913. Chapter not exclusive.

2 This chapter does not preclude an entity from being converted or merged under 3 <u>other law.</u>

4

5 SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 4-20-113(b), concerning service upon an 6 entity rather than the registered agent for the entity, is amended to read as 7 follows:

8 If an entity fails to appoint an agent under this subchapter or if (b) 9 an entity that previously filed a registered agent filing with the Secretary 10 of State no longer has a registered agent, or if its registered agent cannot 11 with reasonable diligence be served, the entity may be served by registered 12 or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to one or more of the governors of the entity by name at its principal office in accordance with 13 14 any applicable judicial rules and procedures. The names of the governors and 15 the address of the principal office shall be as shown in the most recent 16 annual report filed with the Secretary of State. If the entity is not 17 required to file an annual report with the Secretary of State, the names of the governors and the address of the principal office shall be as shown in 18 19 the entity's public organic document. Service is perfected under this subsection at the earliest of: 20

21

(1) the date the entity receives the mail;

22 (2) the date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf of 23 the entity; or

24 (3) five days after its deposit with the United States Postal
25 Service, if correctly addressed and with sufficient postage.

26

27 SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 4-26-707 is amended to read as follows:
28 4-26-707. Class voting.

(a) In each instance where, under § 4-26-302(a)(4), § 4-26-303, § 4-29 30 26-611(e), § 4-26-705(a)(2), § 4-26-903(a)(3)(B), <del>§ 4-26-1003(d)</del> § 4-26-1007(e) and (f), or § 4-26-1101, a provision is made for the class voting of 31 32 stock, thus requiring the votes of a certain percentage of each separate 33 class of shares to authorize some specific corporate action, each class of 34 shares to which such a requirement of class voting is applicable shall be 35 bound by the votes which are cast in person or by proxy of at least two-36 thirds (2/3) of those members of such class who are present in person or

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1 represented at the meeting by proxy if due and timely notice of the meeting 2 has been given to all members of said class and at least fifty percent (50%) of the shares embraced in the class are present in person or by proxy. 3 4 (b) The certificate to articles of amendment under (\$ 4-26-304) § 4-5 26-304, articles of merger or consolidation under  $(\frac{4}{26}, \frac{4}{26}, \frac{1004}{26}, \frac{4}{26}, \frac{1009}{26})$ 6 and articles of dissolution under (§ 4-26-1102) shall, in all situations to 7 which this section applies, be amended and adjusted to show the manner in 8 which the requirements of this section were met in respect to class voting. 9 (c) This section shall apply only to corporations having five hundred (500) or more shareholders. 10 11 SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 4-27-1302(a)(1), concerning a shareholder's 12 right to dissent and obtain payment of the fair value of the shareholder's 13 14 shares, is amended to read as follows: 15 (1) consummation of a plan of merger to which the corporation is 16 a party (i) if shareholder approval is required for the merger by  $\frac{4}{4}$ 17 § 4-27-1107 or the articles of incorporation and the shareholder is entitled to vote on the merger or (ii) if the corporation is a subsidiary that is 18 19 merged with its parent under <u>§ 4-27-1104</u> § 4-27-1108; 20 21 SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 4-46-101(13), concerning the definition of 22 "statement" under the Uniform Partnership Act, is amended to read as follows: "Statement" means a statement of partnership authority 23 (13) 24 under § 4-46-303, a statement of denial under § 4-46-304, a statement of 25 dissociation under § 4-46-704, a statement of dissolution under § 4-46-805, a 26 statement of merger under § 4-46-907 § 4-46-908, a statement of qualification 27 under § 4-46-1001, a statement of foreign qualification under § 4-46-1102, or 28 an amendment or cancellation of any of the foregoing. 29 30 SECTION 11. Arkansas Code §§ 4-46-702 and 4-46-703 are amended to read 31 as follows: 32 4-46-702. Dissociated partner's power to bind and liability to 33 partnership. 34 (a) For two (2) years after a partner dissociates without resulting in 35 a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business, the partnership, 36 including a surviving partnership converted or surviving organization under §

1 4-46-901 et seq., is bound by an act of the dissociated partner which would 2 have bound the partnership under § 4-46-301 before dissociation only if at 3 the time of entering into the transaction the other party: 4 (1) reasonably believed that the dissociated partner was then a 5 partner; 6 (2) did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; and 7 (3) is not deemed to have had knowledge under § 4-46-303(e) or 8 notice under § 4-46-704(c). 9 (b) A dissociated partner is liable to the partnership for any damage 10 caused to the partnership arising from an obligation incurred by the 11 dissociated partner after dissociation for which the partnership is liable 12 under subsection (a) of this section. 13 14 4-46-703. Dissociated partner's liability to other persons. 15 (a) A partner's dissociation does not of itself discharge the 16 partner's liability for a partnership obligation incurred before 17 dissociation. A dissociated partner is not liable for a partnership obligation incurred after dissociation, except as otherwise provided in 18 19 subsection (b) of this section. (b) A partner who dissociates without resulting in a dissolution and 20 21 winding up of the partnership business is liable as a partner to the other 22 party in a transaction entered into by the partnership, or a surviving 23 partnership converted or surviving organization under § 4-46-901 et seq., 24 within two (2) years after the partner's dissociation, only if the partner is 25 liable for the obligation under § 4-46-306 and at the time of entering into 26 the transaction the other party: 27 (1) reasonably believed that the dissociated partner was then a 28 partner; 29 (2) did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; and 30 (3) is not deemed to have had knowledge under § 4-46-303(e) or notice under 4-46-704(c). 31 32 (c) By agreement with the partnership creditor and the partners 33 continuing the business, a dissociated partner may be released from liability 34 for a partnership obligation. 35 (d) A dissociated partner is released from liability for a partnership 36 obligation if a partnership creditor, with notice of the partner's [.]

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1	dissociation but without the partner's consent, agrees to a material
2	alteration in the nature or time of payment of a partnership obligation.
3	
4	SECTION 12. Arkansas Code § 23-63-1619(b)(2), concerning conversions
5	and mergers of captive insurers, is amended to read as follows:
6	(b) A plan for conversion or merger:
7	(1) Must be fair and equitable to the shareholders, in the case
8	of a stock insurer, or the policyholders, in the case of a mutual insurer;
9	and
10	(2) Shall provide for the purchase of the shares of any
11	nonconsenting shareholder of a stock insurer or the policyholder interest of
12	any nonconsenting policyholder of a mutual insurer in substantially the same
13	manner and subject to the same rights and conditions as are accorded a
14	dissenting shareholder or a dissenting policyholder under <del>§ 4-26-1007</del> <u>§ 4-26-</u>
15	<u>1011</u> .
16	
17	SECTION 13. Transitional Rule. Do not codify.
18	Notwithstanding that the merger or conversion may not have been
19	specifically authorized by Arkansas law at the time of the merger or
20	conversion, the effective date of the merger or conversion shall be
21	retroactive to the original date indicated in filed articles of merger or
22	articles of conversion of any organization that:
23	(1) Converted to or merged with another organization before the
24	effective date of this Act; and
25	(2) Substantially complied with the provisions of this Act.
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27	/s/ J. Edwards
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