1	State of Arkansas  A D:11		
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3	Regular Session, 2009 HO	USE BILL	1565
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5	By: Representative Reep		
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7	Ton An And To De Endid of		
8	For An Act To Be Entitled		
9	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE ARKANSAS TASK FORCE ON		
10	PREMATURITY AND INFANT MORTALITY; AND FOR OTHER		
11	PURPOSES.		
12 13	Subtitle		
14	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE ARKANSAS TASK		
15	FORCE ON PREMATURITY AND INFANT		
16	MORTALITY.		
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18			
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:		
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21	SECTION 1. Findings.		
22	The General Assembly finds that:		
23	(1) Birth defects are the leading cause of infant d	eath in t	<u>he</u>
24	United States and in Arkansas;		
25	(2) In 2004, birth defects accounted for one (1) in	four (4)	
26	deaths in Arkansas;		
27	(3) Premature or preterm birth is the leading cause	of neona	<u>tal</u>
28	death in Arkansas;		
29	(4) Infants born preterm are more than twice as like	ely as fu	<u>11-</u>
30	term infants to have major birth defects;		
31	(5) Approximately seventy percent (70%) of prematur	<u>e births</u>	
32	occur in the late preterm period between thirty-four (34) to thi	rty-six (	<u>36)</u>
33	completed weeks of gestation.		
34	(6) Preterm babies have an increased risk of short-	term and	
35	long-term medical and developmental problems in comparison to fu	<u>ll-term</u>	
36	infants;		

1	(7) Standard practices of clinicians during the late, preterm
2	period vary across the state;
3	(8) Smoking, a modifiable risk factor, is the leading behavioral
4	contributor to prematurity;
5	(9) Smoking during pregnancy is linked to some birth defects and
6	to Sudden Infant Death Syndrome, the third leading cause of infant mortality;
7	(10) Women who receive prenatal care are more likely to have
8	access to:
9	(A) Health services that identify problems early;
10	(B) Managements for developing and existing problems; and
11	(C) Education, counseling, and referral to reduce risky
12	behaviors, including without limitation, substance abuse and poor nutrition;
13	(11) Effective neonatal care improves the health of both mothers
14	and infants;
15	(12) Arkansas ranks forty-third in the nation in the rate of
16	infant mortality with a statewide rate of eight and four-tenths (8.4) deaths
17	per one thousand (1,000) live births;
18	(13) The preterm birth rate in Arkansas is thirteen and four-
19	tenths preterm births (13.4) per one thousand (1,000) births, while the
20	national rate is twelve and seven-tenths preterm births (12.7) per thousand
21	births;
22	(14) The average annual medical cost for a birth before the
23	thirty seventh week is thirty-two thousand three hundred twenty-five dollars
24	(\$32,325) compared to three thousand three hundred twenty-five dollars
25	(\$3,325) for a full-term birth; and
26	(15) In 2004, nineteen (19) counties in Arkansas had infant
27	mortality rates over nine and eight-tenths deaths (9.8) per thousand births,
28	among the highest rates in the country.
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30	SECTION 2. Arkansas Task Force on Prematurity and Infant Mortality
31	<u>Creation Appointment of members Structure Vacancies.</u>
32	(a) There is created the Arkansas Task Force on Prematurity and Infant
33	Mortality to consist of seventeen (17) members, appointed as follows:
34	(1) Nine (9) members appointed by the Chair of the House
35	Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor as follows:
36	(A) One (1) member of the House Committee on Public

1	Health, Welfare, and Labor;					
2	(B) One (1) member representing the Department of Health;					
3	(C) One (1) member representing the State Children's					
4	Health Insurance Program;					
5	(D) One (1) member representing the American College of					
6	Obstetrics and Gynecology;					
7	(E) One (1) member representing the American Academy of					
8	Pediatrics;					
9	(F) One (1) member representing the American Academy of					
10	Family Physicians;					
11	(G) One (1) member representing the American Board of					
12	Perinatal Medicine who is a practicing perinatologist;					
13	(H) One member (1) representing the Arkansas Hospital					
14	Association;					
15	(I) One (1) member representing the American Board of					
16	Perinatal Medicine who is a practicing neonatologist; and					
17	(2) Eight (8) members appointed by the Chair of the Senate					
18	Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor as follows:					
19	(A) One (1) member of the Senate Committee on Public					
20	Health, Welfare, and Labor;					
21	(B) One (1) member representing the March of Dimes,					
22	Arkansas Chapter, Mission Family, who shall be designated the consumer					
23	representative;					
24	(C) One (1) member representing the Arkansas Center on					
25	Birth Defects Research and Prevention;					
26	(D) One (1) member representing the Arkansas Medical					
27	Society;					
28	(E) One (1) member representing the Arkansas Medical,					
29	Dental, Pharmaceutical Association;					
30	(F) One (1) member representing the Arkansas Women's					
31	Health Work Group;					
32	(G) One (1) member representing the Arkansas Advocates for					
33	Children and Families; and					
34	(H) One (1) member representing the March of Dimes,					
35	Arkansas Chapter.					
36	(b) The members of the task force shall be appointed by June 30, 2009.					

1	(c) Members shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority.
2	(d) A majority of a quorum from among the task force membership shall
3	elect cochairs of the task force.
4	(e) A majority vote of a quorum of the task force is required for any
5	action.
6	(f) Task force meetings shall be held in Pulaski County, Arkansas, on
7	a regular basis as called either by the cochairs or a majority of a quorum.
8	(g) The Bureau of Legislative Research shall provide staff support to
9	the task force as necessary to assist the task force in the performance of
10	its duties.
11	(h) Members of the task force attending task force meetings shall be
12	reimbursed for expenses and per diem at the same rate and from the same
13	source as provided by law for members of the General Assembly attending
14	meetings of interim committees.
15	(d) Vacancies on the task force shall be filled as soon as possible by
16	the appointing authority or jointly by the chairs of the House Committee on
17	Public Health, Welfare, and Labor and the Senate Committee on Public Health,
18	Welfare, and Labor.
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20	SECTION 3. Goal.
21	The goal of the Arkansas Task Force on Prematurity and Infant Mortality
22	is to measurably reduce Arkansas's preterm birth and infant mortality rates
23	through advocacy of evidenced-based approaches facilitated through proposals
24	for legislation, regulation, and public policy change.
25	
26	SECTION 4. <u>Duties.</u>
27	(a) The Arkansas Task Force on Prematurity and Infant Mortality shall
28	collaborate with and make recommendations to the Arkansas General Assembly
29	through the House Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor and the
30	Senate Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor to reduce infant
31	mortality and preterm birth in the State of Arkansas.
32	(b) The task force shall:
33	(1) Review appropriate and relevant evidence-based research
34	regarding the causes and effects of prematurity and birth defects in
35	Arkansas;
36	(2) Examine existing public and private entities currently

1	associated with the prevention and treatment of prematurity and infant
2	mortality in Arkansas;
3	(3) Develop strategies to reduce prematurity and infant
4	mortality including without limitation:
5	(A) Smoking cessation programs specifically targeting
6	pregnant women;
7	(B) Promoting through information and education the
8	increased use of folic acid and associated strategies among women of child
9	bearing age and pregnant women; and
10	(C) Coordinating and executing an information and
11	communications program among the appropriate professional communities on the
12	causes and effects of premature births; and
13	(4) Issue findings and propose to the appropriate public and
14	private organizations goals, objectives, strategies and tactics designed to
15	reduce prematurity and infant mortality in Arkansas, including drafting
16	legislation on public policy for consideration during the next appropriate
17	session of the General Assembly.
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19	SECTION 5. Expiration.
20	The Arkansas Task force on Prematurity and Infant Mortality expires on
21	<u>June 30, 2011.</u>
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23	SECTION 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the
24	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that premature births and infant
25	mortality constitute a serious, ongoing threat to the public health of the
26	citizens of Arkansas; that immediate action must be taken; and that this act
27	is immediately necessary because the task force created in this act will
28	greatly accelerate the process of reducing premature births and infant
29	mortality in this state. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist and
30	this act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public
31	peace, health, and safety shall become effective on:
32	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
33	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
34	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
35	bill; or
36	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is

1	overridden,	the	date	the	last	house	overrides	the	veto.
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