1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/27/13	
2	89th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2013		HOUSE BILL 1391
4			
5	By: Representative Sabin		
6			
7		For An Act To Be Entitled	
8	AN ACT TO	PROHIBIT THE IMPORT, POSSESSION, SALE	AND
9	BREEDING	OF APES, MACAQUES, AND BABOONS, EXCEPT	' BY
10	$\it QUALIFIED$) FACILITIES; TO REQUIRE REGISTRATION C	PF ALL
11	PRIMATES;	TO PROTECT PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROHIBIT	7
12	MISTREATM	MENT OF PRIMATES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSE	S.
13			
14			
15		Subtitle	
16	TO I	PROHIBIT THE IMPORT, POSSESSION, SALE,	
17	AND	BREEDING OF APES, MACAQUES, AND	
18	BABO	OONS, EXCEPT BY QUALIFIED FACILITIES;	
19	TO I	REQUIRE REGISTRATION OF ALL PRIMATE;	
20	AND	PROTECT PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROHIBIT	
21	MIST	TREATMENT OF PRIMATES.	
22			
23			
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKAN	SAS:
25			
26		ansas Code Title 20, Chapter 19, is am	ended to add an
27	additional subchapter		
28	Sub	<u>chapter 6 — Nonhuman Primates</u>	
29			
30	<u>20-19-601.</u> Def		
31	As used in this	-	
32		erested person" means an individual, p	_
33	-	corporation, association, trust, estat	_
34	-	etermines may have a pecuniary interes	<u>t in a primate</u>
35	_	f the petition under § 20-19-607;	
36	(2) " 27.7	enforcement officer" means a nublic s	arwant wastad hw

1	law with a duty to maintain public order or to make an arrest for an offense,
2	including without limitation:
3	(A) An animal control officer; and
4	(B) An Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission Wildlife
5	Officer;
6	(3) "Person" means an individual, a partnership, a corporation,
7	an organization, or another legal entity or an officer, a member, a
8	shareholder, a director, an employee, an agent, or a representative of a
9	partnership, a corporation, an organization, or another legal entity;
10	(4) "Primate" means a live individual animal of the taxonomic
11	order Primates, excluding humans; and
12	(5)(A) "Temporary holding facility" means an incorporated
13	nonprofit animal protection organization, such as a registered humane society
14	and shelter, that temporarily houses a primate at the written request of a
15	law enforcement officer.
16	(B) "Temporary holding facility" includes a person who is
17	a registered primate owner who is temporarily caring for a primate; and
18	(6) "Wildlife sanctuary" means a nonprofit entity that:
19	(A) Operates a place of refuge where abused, neglected,
20	unwanted, impounded, abandoned, orphaned, or displaced animals are provided
21	care;
22	(B) Does not conduct a commercial activity with respect to
23	primates, including without limitation:
24	(i) Sale, trade, auction, lease, or loan of primates
25	or parts of primates; or
26	(ii) Use of primates in a for-profit business or
27	operation;
28	(C) Does not use primates for entertainment purposes or in
29	a traveling exhibit;
30	(D) Does not breed primates; and
31	(E) Does not allow members of the public to be in
32	proximity to primates without sufficient distance and protective barriers,
33	including without limitation offering photographic opportunities next to a
34	primate of any age.
35	
36	20-19-602. Prohibited activities.

1	(a) A person shall not import, possess, sell, or breed the
2	following primates:
3	<u>(1) An ape;</u>
4	(2) A baboon; or
5	(3) A macaque.
6	(b)(1)(A) It is unlawful for a person to allow a member of the public
7	to come into direct contact with a primate.
8	(B) Subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section does not apply
9	to a registered primate owner, the family of a registered primate owner, an
10	invited guest of a registered primate owner.
11	(2) If a primate potentially exposes a human to rabies or
12	another zoonotic disease by penetration or abrasion of the skin, the owner of
13	the primate shall report the potential exposure to the local public health
14	office within twenty-four (24) hours.
15	(c)(l) It is unlawful for a person to tether a primate outdoors, such
16	as on a leash or chain, or to allow a primate to run at-large.
17	(2) If a primate escapes or is released, the owner of the
18	primate immediately shall contact a law enforcement officer in the county in
19	which the primate is kept and the Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission to
20	report the loss, escape, or release.
21	(3) The owner of a primate that escapes or is released is liable
22	for all expenses associated with efforts to recapture the primate.
23	(d) It is unlawful to violate the caging and care standards in this
24	subchapter or to keep a primate in a manner that threatens animal welfare or
25	public safety.
26	(e) It is unlawful to operate a primate commercial breeding facility
27	<u>in this state.</u>
28	
29	20-19-603. Exemptions.
30	(a) Subdivisions 20-19-302(a),(c), and (d) and § 20-19-605 do not apply
31	to:
32	(1) An institution accredited by the Association of Zoos and
33	Aquariums or a certified related facility that coordinates with an
34	Association of Zoos and Aquariums Species Survival Plan for breeding of
35	species listed as threatened or endangered under 16 U.S.C. § 1533, as it
36	existed on January 1, 2013;

1	(2) A research facility as defined in the Animal Welfare Act, 7
2	U.S.C. § 2132(e), as it existed on January 1, 2013;
3	(3) A wildlife sanctuary;
4	(4) A temporary holding facility;
5	(5) A licensed veterinarian for the purpose of providing
6	treatment to a primate;
7	(6) A law enforcement officer for purposes of enforcement or
8	investigation;
9	(7) A circus defined as an exhibitor holding a Class C license
10	under the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. §§ 2131 et seq., as it existed on
11	January 1, 2013, that:
12	(A) Is in the state for less than ninety (90) days per
13	year;
14	(B) Regularly conducts performances featuring live,
15	dangerous, wild animals and multiple trained human entertainers, including
16	clowns and acrobats; and
17	(C) Does not allow a member of the public to be in
18	proximity to a dangerous, wild animal without sufficient distance and
19	protective barriers, including without limitation offering photographic
20	opportunities next to a dangerous, wild animal;
21	(8)(A) A person temporarily transporting a legally owned
22	primate, including an ape, macaque, or baboon, through this state if:
23	(i) The transit time is not more than ten (10) days;
24	<u>and</u>
25	(ii) The primate, including an ape, macaque, or
26	<u>baboon, is not exhibited.</u>
27	(B)(i) A transporter exempted under subdivision (8)(A) of
28	this section shall provide notice of the transport to the Arkansas State Game
29	and Fish Commission before entering the state, identifying the number and
30	type of primate, including an ape, macaque, or baboon, that will be
31	<u>transported.</u>
32	(ii) The notification required under subdivision
33	(8)(B)(i) of this section is in addition to a veterinary certificate or other
34	permit required by state, local, or federal law.
35	(iii) The transporter has complied with all state
36	and federal regulations regarding the transport; or

1	(9) A person who is temporarily transporting a legally owned	
2	primate under § 20-19-604.	
3	(b) However, a registered primate owner, including an ape, macaque, or	
4	baboon owner may transfer a registered primate, including an ape, macaque, or	
5	baboon.	
6		
7	20-19-604. Prior possession.	
8	A person eighteen (18) years of age or older may continue to lawfully	
9	possess a primate, including an ape, macaque, or baboon, if within one	
10	hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of this subchapter the	
11	primate, including an ape, macaque, or baboon is registered under § 20-19-605	
12	and if:	
13	(1) The person maintains veterinary records, acquisition papers,	
14	or other documents or records that establish that the person possessed the	
15	primate, including an ape, macaque, or baboon, before the effective date of	
16	this subchapter;	
17	(2) The person does not acquire an ape, macaque, or baboon after	
18	the effective date of this subchapter by purchase, trade, or breeding;	
19	(3) The person has not pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to or	
20	been found guilty of an offense involving the abuse or neglect of an animal	
21	under a state, local, or federal law;	
22	(4) The person is not subject to a court order requiring the	
23	forfeiture of a primate;	
24	(5) The person has not had a license or permit regarding the	
25	care, possession, exhibition, breeding, or sale of an animal revoked or	
26	suspended for more than six (6) months by a state, local, or federal	
27	authority;	
28	(6) The facility and the conditions in which each primate is	
29	kept comply with this subchapter;	
30	(7) The person does not bring a primate to a commercial or	
31	retail establishment, unless it is owned or rented by the registered primate	
32	owner, or a licensed veterinarian's office, an educational facility, a	
33	facility rented for the sole purpose of education, or a hotel/motel where the	
34	primate would not have direct contact with the public; or	
35	(8) The person has an identification number placed in the	
36	primate via subcutaneous microchip, at the expense of the owner, unless a	

1	veterinarian determines the implantation would be harmful to the primate's
2	well-being.
3	
4	20-19-605. Registration of primates.
5	(a)(1) Within one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date
6	of this subchapter, a person who currently owns or possesses a primate or who
7	in the future may purchase, import, trade for or otherwise own or possess a
8	primate not prohibited under this subchapter shall submit to the county
9	sheriff of the county in which the person keeps a primate a registration form
10	provided by the sheriff's office.
11	(2)(A) The registration form shall include:
12	(i) The name, address, and telephone number of the
13	<u>registrant;</u>
14	(ii) A description of each primate, including the
15	scientific classification, name, gender, age, color, weight, and
16	distinguishing marks;
17	(iii) A photograph of the primate and the enclosure
18	in which the primate is kept with measurements to show compliance with this
19	subchapter;
20	(iv) The location at which the primate is kept;
21	(v) The name, address, and telephone number of the
22	person from whom the registrant obtained the primate, if known; and
23	(vi) A written statement giving the name and address
24	of the veterinarian who provides veterinary care to the primate, signed by
25	the veterinarian; and
26	(B) The registrant shall submit with the registration form
27	a one-time registration fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for the initial
28	registration and a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) for each additional
29	registration to be deposited into the county treasury, which the county
30	sheriff's department shall use to offset the cost of issuing registration for
31	possession of a primate and for costs involved in controlling primates
32	located within the county.
33	(3) The county sheriff's office shall notify the Arkansas State
34	Game and Fish Commission of each registration received by the county
35	sheriff's office.
36	(b) The person shall notify the county sheriff's office of any changes

1	in the information provided on the registration form, including the death or
2	transfer of the primate.
3	
4	20-19-606. Facility and care requirements.
5	(a) A person possessing a primate shall maintain the primate in an
6	enclosure that meets or exceeds the minimum standards set forth by the United
7	States Department of Agriculture under the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. §
8	2132(e), as it existed on January 1, 2013, for each species of primate.
9	(b) A person possessing a primate shall comply with the minimum
10	standards of care set forth by the United States Department of Agriculture
11	under the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. § 2132(e), as it existed on January 1,
12	<u>2013.</u>
13	
14	20-19-607. Enforcement.
15	(a) Upon probable cause, a law enforcement officer may, seize a
16	primate possessed or kept in violation of this subchapter.
17	(b) A primate seized under this section is forfeited upon a judicial
18	determination that:
19	(1) The seized animal is a primate; and
20	(2) The owner of the seized primate has violated this subchapter
21	with regard to the seized primate.
22	(c)(l) A primate seized and forfeited under this section shall be
23	placed in the custody and control of a registered primate owner if possible.
24	(2) If placement is not possible under subdivision (c)(1) of
25	this section, a primate seized and forfeited under this section shall be
26	placed in the custody and control of a zoo accredited by the Association of
27	Zoos and Aquariums or a wildlife sanctuary.
28	(d)(1) A primate seized but not forfeited under this section shall be
29	impounded or quarantined at the home of a registered primate owner if
30	possible.
31	(2) If impoundment and quarantine under subdivision (d)(1) of
32	this section is not possible, a primate seized but not forfeited under this
33	section shall be kept in the custody of an institution accredited by the
34	Association of Zoos and Aquariums, a wildlife sanctuary, or a temporary
35	holding facility under § 20-19-603 until disposition of the seized primate.
36	(e)(l) A zoo, wildlife sanctuary, or temporary holding facility having

- l custody of a primate under this section may file a petition with the court
- 2 <u>requesting that the person from whom the primate was seized or the owner of</u>
- 3 the primate be ordered to post security.
- 4 (2)(A) Security ordered under subdivision (e)(1) of this section
- 5 shall be in an amount sufficient to secure payment of all reasonable expenses
- 6 expected to be incurred by the zoo, the wildlife sanctuary, or the temporary
- 7 holding facility in caring for and providing for the primate pending the
- 8 disposition of the primate.
- 9 (B) Reasonable expenses under subdivision (e)(2)(A) of
- 10 this section include without limitation, estimated medical care and boarding
- 11 of the primate before disposition.
- 12 (C) The amount of the security under subdivision (e)(2)(A)
- of this section shall be determined by the court after taking into
- 14 <u>consideration the facts and circumstances of the case, including without</u>
- 15 <u>limitation the recommendation of the organization having custody and care of</u>
- 16 the seized primate and the cost of caring for the primate.
- 17 (D) If security under subdivision (e)(2)(A) of this
- 18 <u>section has been posted</u>, the zoo, the wildlife sanctuary, a registered
- 19 primate owner, or, or the temporary holding facility may draw from the
- 20 security the actual costs incurred in caring for the seized primate.
- 21 (3)(A) Upon receipt of a petition the court shall set a hearing
- 22 on the petition to be conducted within five (5) business days after the
- 23 petition is filed.
- 24 (B) The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition on
- 25 <u>the owner of the primate and the law enforcement entity that seized the</u>
- 26 <u>primate.</u>
- 27 (C) The petitioner also shall serve a copy of the petition
- 28 on any interested person.
- 29 (D) If the court orders the posting of security under this
- 30 <u>section; the person ordered to do so shall post the security with the clerk</u>
- 31 of the court within five (5) business days after the hearing.
- 32 <u>(E) Upon judicial determination on the disposition of the</u>
- 33 seized primate, a person who posted the security under this section is
- 34 entitled to a refund of the security for any expenses not incurred by the
- 35 <u>impounding organization</u>.
- 36 <u>(f) Voluntary relinquishment does not affect criminal charges</u> that may

1	be pursued by the appropriate authorities.
2	
3	20-19-608. Penalty.
4	A violation of this subchapter is a Class A misdemeanor.
5	
6	20-19-609. Additional local restrictions authorized.
7	This subchapter does not preempt the authority of a city, town, or
8	county.
9	20-19-610. Rules.
10	(a) The Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission may adopt rules to
11	implement this subchapter.
12	(b) A rule adopted under this subchapter shall not add to the list of
13	exempt entities or species of primates or impose additional fees or insurance
14	<u>requirements.</u>
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