1 2	State of Arkansas 90th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2015		HOUSE BILL 1593
4			
5	By: Representative Balling	ger	
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7		For An Act To Be Entitled	
8	AN ACT	TO AMEND THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE ACT OF	2013;
9	TO ADD PRIVATE SCHOOLS AS A SCHOOL CHOICE OPTION; TO		
10	MODIFY	THE TRANSFER CAP; TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY	; AND
11	FOR OTH	ER PURPOSES.	
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13			
14		Subtitle	
15	TC	ADD PRIVATE SCHOOLS AS A SCHOOL CHOICE	
16	OF	TION; TO MODIFY THE TRANSFER CAP; AND	
17	TC	DECLARE AN EMERGENCY.	
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY TH	E GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANS	AS:
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22	Subchapter 19	- Public School Choice Act of 2013 2015	
23			
24	SECTION 1. A	rkansas Code Title 6, Chapter 18, Subchap	ter 19 is amended
25	to read as follows:		
26	6-18-1901. T	itle — Legislative findings.	
27	(a) This sub	chapter shall be known and may be cited as	s the " Public
28	School Choice Act o	f 2013 <u>2015</u> ".	
29	(b) The Gene	ral Assembly finds that:	
30	(1) Th	e students in Arkansas's public schools a	nd their parents
31	will become more in	formed about and involved in the public e	ducational system
32	if students and the	ir parents are provided greater freedom to	o determine the
33	most effective scho	ol for meeting their individual education	al needs. There
34	is no right school	for every student, and permitting students	s to choose from
35	among different sch	ools with differing assets will increase	the likelihood
36	that some at-risk s	tudents will stay in school and that other	r. more motivated

- 1 students will find their full academic potential;
- 2 (2) Giving more options to parents and students with respect to
- 3 where the students attend public school will increase the responsiveness and
- 4 effectiveness of the state's schools because teachers, administrators, and
- 5 school district board members will have added incentive to satisfy the
- 6 educational needs of the students who reside in the district; and
- 7 (3) These benefits of enhanced quality and effectiveness in our
- 8 public schools justify permitting a student to apply for admission to a
- 9 school in any school district beyond the school district in which the student
- 10 resides, provided that the transfer by the student does not conflict with an
- 11 enforceable judicial decree or court order remedying the effects of past
- 12 racial segregation in the school district.

- 14 6-18-1902. Definitions.
- 15 As used in this subchapter:
- 16 (1)(A) "Adequate funding amount" means the amount of funding a
- 17 resident district receives for an eligible student from state and local
- 18 sources to make up the foundation funding amount under § 6-20-2305(a)(2) and
- 19 the professional development funding amount provided to school districts
- 20 under § 6-20-2305(b)(5).
- 21 (B) The adequate funding amount is the entitlement of an
- 22 eligible student under the supervision of the student's parent and not that
- 23 of a school district, public school, or private school;
- 24 (2) "Choice school" means a public or private school to which an
- 25 <u>eligible student transfers;</u>
- 26 (3) "Eligible student" means a student who is eligible to attend
- 27 an elementary or secondary public school during the fall semester of the
- 28 school year in which the student seeks to enroll in a choice school or
- 29 nonresident district under this subchapter;
- 30 <u>(4)</u> "Nonresident district" means a school district other than a
- 31 student's resident district;
- 32 (2)(5) "Parent" means a student's parent, guardian, or other
- 33 person having custody or care of the student;
- 34 (3)(6) "Resident district" means the school district in which
- 35 the student resides as determined under § 6-18-202; and
- 36 (4)(7) "Transfer student" means a public school an eligible

1 student who transfers to a nonresident district choice school through a 2 public school choice option under this subchapter. 3 4 6-18-1903. Public school School choice program established. 5 (a) A public school choice program is established to enable a student 6 to attend a choice school in a resident or nonresident district, subject to 7 the limitations under § 6-18-1906. 8 (b)(1) Each school district shall participate in a public school 9 choice program consistent with this subchapter. 10 This subchapter does not require a choice school or school 11 district to add teachers, staff, or classrooms or in any way to exceed the requirements and standards established by existing law. 12 13 (d)(1) The board of directors of a public school district shall adopt 14 by resolution specific standards for acceptance and rejection of applications 15 under this subchapter. 16 (2) The standards: 17 (A) May include without limitation the capacity of a 18 program, class, grade level, or school building; 19 (B) Shall include a statement that priority will be given 20 to an applicant who has a sibling or stepsibling who: 21 (i) Resides in the same household; and 22 (ii) Is already enrolled in the nonresident district 23 by choice; and (C) Shall not include an applicant's: 24 25 (i) Academic achievement; 26 (ii) Athletic or other extracurricular ability; 27 (iii) English proficiency level; or 28 (iv) Previous disciplinary proceedings, except that 29 an expulsion from another district may be included under § 6-18-510. 30 (3) A school district receiving transfers under this act shall 31 not discriminate on the basis of gender, national origin, race, ethnicity, 32 religion, or disability. (e) A choice school or nonresident district shall: 33 34 (1) Accept credits toward graduation that were awarded by 35 another district; and

(2) Award a diploma to a nonresident student if the student

- 1 meets the choice school's or nonresident district's graduation requirements.
- 2 (f) The superintendent of a school district shall cause public
- 3 announcements to be made over the broadcast media and either in the print
- 4 media or on the Internet to inform parents of students in adjoining districts
- 5 of the:
- 6 (1) Availability of the program;
- 7 (2) Application deadline; and
- 8 (3) Requirements and procedure for nonresident students to
- 9 participate in the program.

- 11 6-18-1904. General provisions.
- 12 (a) The transfer of a student under the Arkansas Public School Choice
- 13 Act of 1989, § 6-18-206 [repealed], is not voided by this subchapter and
- 14 shall be treated as a transfer under this subchapter.
- 15 (b)(1) A student may accept only one (1) school choice transfer per
- 16 school year.
- 17 (2)(A) A student who accepts a public school choice transfer may
- 18 return to his or her resident district during the school year.
- 19 (B) If a transferred student returns to his or her
- 20 resident district, the student's transfer is voided, and the student shall
- 21 reapply if the student seeks a future school choice transfer.
- 22 (c)(1) A transfer student attending a choice school or nonresident
- 23 school under this subchapter may complete all remaining school years at the
- 24 <u>choice school or</u> nonresident district.
- 25 (2) A present or future sibling of a student who continues
- 26 enrollment in the choice school or nonresident district under this subsection
- 27 may enroll in or continue enrollment in the choice school or nonresident
- 28 district until the sibling of the transfer student completes his or her
- 29 secondary education, if the choice school or nonresident district has the
- 30 capacity to accept the sibling without adding teachers, staff, or classrooms
- 31 or exceeding the regulations and standards established by law.
- 32 (d)(1) The transfer student or the transfer student's parent is
- 33 responsible for the transportation of the transfer student to and from the
- 34 choice school or to and from a bus stop of a choice school in the nonresident
- 35 district where the transfer student is enrolled.
- 36 (2) The <u>choice school or</u> nonresident district may enter into a

- written agreement with the student, the student's parent, or the resident district to provide the transportation.
- 3 (3) The State Board of Education may resolve disputes concerning 4 transportation arising under this subsection.
- 5 (e) For purposes of determining a school district's state aid, a
 6 transfer student is counted as a part of the average daily membership of the:
- 7 (1) nonresident Nonresident district where the transfer student 8 is enrolled. if the transfer student enrolls in a school in a nonresident
- 9 <u>district</u>; or

- 10 (2)(A) Resident district if the transfer student is enrolled in
 11 a choice school that is a private school in the resident district.
- 12 <u>(B)(i) The Department of Education shall calculate the</u>
- 13 <u>adequate funding amount for transfer students under subdivision (e)(2)(A) of</u>
- 14 this section and distribute the funding to the private school where the
- 15 transfer student is attending by September 1 for the fall semester and by
- 16 February 1 for the spring semester.
- 17 <u>(ii) The adequate funding amount for a student</u>
- 18 choosing to attend a private school is limited to sixty-five percent (65%) of
- 19 the amount deemed adequate for a student choosing to attend a public school.
- 20 (C) Funding distributed to a private school by the
- 21 department shall be used only for educational purposes, including without
- 22 limitation salaries of school personnel, books, curriculum, supplies,
- 23 uniforms, application fees, athletic fees, and activity fees.
- 24 (D) A private school that receives funds in excess of
- 25 those needed for educational purposes shall return the excess funds to the
- department within sixty (60) days of receiving the funds.
- 27 (E) If the cost of attending a private school exceeds the
- 28 amount of funds received by the department for the transfer student, the
- 29 parent is responsible for the additional cost.
- 30 <u>(F) A private school shall not refund, rebate, or share</u>
- 31 any funds received by the department with a parent or student.
- 33 6-18-1905. Application for a transfer.
- 34 (a) If a student seeks to attend a $\underline{\text{choice school or a}}$ school in a
- 35 nonresident district, the student's parent shall submit an application:
- 36 (1) To the <u>choice school or</u> nonresident district with a copy to

1 the resident district;

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- 2 (2) On a form approved by the Department of Education; and
- 3 (3) Postmarked no later than June 1 of the year in which the 4 student seeks to begin the fall semester at the <u>choice school or</u> nonresident 5 district.
 - (b)(1) By August July 1 of the school year in which the student seeks to enroll in a choice school or nonresident district under this subchapter, the director of the choice school or the superintendent of the nonresident district shall notify the parent and the resident district in writing as to
- 12 <u>district</u> is rejected, the <u>director of the choice school or superintendent of</u>
 13 the nonresident district shall state in the notification letter the reason
 14 for rejection.

whether the student's application has been accepted or rejected.

- 15 (3) If the application is accepted, the <u>director of the choice</u>
 16 <u>school or</u> superintendent of the nonresident district shall state in the
 17 notification letter:
- 18 (A) A reasonable deadline by which the student shall
 19 enroll in the <u>choice school or</u> nonresident district and after which the
 20 acceptance notification is null; and
- 21 (B) Instructions for the renewal procedures established by 22 the <u>choice school or</u> nonresident district.

24 6-18-1906. Limitations.

- (a) If the provisions of this subchapter conflict with a provision of an enforceable desegregation court order or a district's court-approved desegregation plan regarding the effects of past racial segregation in student assignment, the provisions of the order or plan shall govern.
- (b)(1) A school district annually may declare an exemption under this section if the school district is subject to the desegregation order or mandate of a federal court or agency remedying the effects of past racial segregation.
- (2)(A) An exemption declared by a board of directors under this subsection is irrevocable for one (1) year from the date the school district notifies the Department of Education of the declaration of exemption.
- 36 (B) After each year of exemption, the board of directors

- 1 may elect to participate in public school choice under this section if the
- 2 school district's participation does not conflict with the school district's
- 3 federal court-ordered desegregation program.
- 4 (3) A Beginning on May 15, 2015 and by each April 1 thereafter,
- 5 a school district shall notify the department by April 1 if in the next
- 6 school year the school district intends to:
- 7 (A) Declare an exemption under this section; or
- 8 (B) Resume participation after a period of exemption.
- 9 (c)(1)(A) There is established a numerical net maximum limit on school
- 10 choice transfers each school year from a school district, less any school
- ll choice transfers into the school district, under this section of not more
- 12 than three percent (3%) of the school district's three-quarter average daily
- 13 membership for the immediately preceding school year.
- 14 (B) For the purpose of determining the percentage of
- 15 school choice transfers under this subsection, siblings:
- 16 <u>(i) Siblings</u> who are counted in the numerator as
- 17 transfer students shall count as one (1) student, and siblings who are
- 18 counted in the denominator as part of the average daily membership shall
- 19 count as one (1) student.;
- 20 <u>(ii) Students with individualized education plans</u>
- 21 shall not be counted in the numerator as transfer students; and
- 22 (iii) Students transferring from a school or school
- 23 district in academic distress shall not be counted in the numerator as
- 24 <u>transfer students</u>.
- 25 (2) Annually by June 1, the Department of Education shall report
- 26 to each school district the net maximum number of school choice transfers for
- 27 the current school year.
- 28 (3) If a student is unable to transfer due to the limits under
- 29 this subsection, the resident district shall give the student priority for a
- 30 transfer in the following year in the order that the resident district
- 31 receives notices of applications under § 6-18-1905, as evidenced by a
- 32 notation made by the district on the applications indicating date and time of
- 33 receipt.
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- 35 6-18-1907. Rules Appeal Data collection and reporting.
- 36 (a) The State Board of Education may promulgate rules to implement

- 1 this subchapter.
- 2 (b)(1) A student whose application for a transfer under § 6-18-
- 3 1905(b)(2) is rejected by the nonresident district may request a hearing
- 4 before the state board to reconsider the transfer.
- 5 (2)(A) A request for a hearing before the state board shall be
- 6 in writing and shall be postmarked no later than ten (10) days after the
- 7 student or the student's parent receives a notice of rejection of the
- 8 application under § 6-18-1905.
- 9 (B) As part of the review process, the parent may submit
- 10 supporting documentation that the transfer would be in the best educational,
- 11 social, or psychological interest of the student.
- 12 (3) If the state board overturns the determination of the
- 13 nonresident district on appeal, the state board shall notify the parent, the
- 14 nonresident district, and the resident district of the basis for the state
- 15 board's decision.
- 16 (c)(1) The department shall collect data from school districts on the
- 17 number of applications for student transfers under this section and study the
- 18 effects of school choice transfers under this subchapter, including without
- 19 limitation the net maximum number of transfers and exemptions, on both
- 20 resident and nonresident districts for up to two (2) years to determine if a
- 21 racially segregative impact has occurred to any school district.
- 22 (2) Annually by October 1, the department shall report its
- 23 findings from the study of the data under this subsection to the Senate
- Committee on Education and the House Committee on Education. 24

- 26 6-18-1908. Effective date.
- 27 The provisions of this subchapter shall remain in effect until July 1,
- 28 2015.

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- 6-18-1909. Participating private school autonomy. 30
- 31 (a) A private school accepting a student under the school choice
- program shall comply with existing state laws governing private schools that 32
- 33 are in effect on June 30, 2014 and are not subject to any extra requirements
- 34 or scrutiny.
- 35 (b) A private school is autonomous and not an agent of the state or

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federal government. The Department of Education or any other state or 36

1	federal agency shall not regulate the educational program or admissions		
2	requirements of a private school.		
3	(c) This subchapter does not intend to increase the authority of the		
4	state or the department over private schools, including without limitation a		
5	private school's mission, worldview, curriculum, educational programs,		
6	disciplinary procedures, traditions, staff, or operating guidelines.		
7	(d) Funds transferred by the department to a participating private		
8	school as a result of parental choice does not expand the regulatory		
9	authority of the state, its officers, or any school district to impose any		
10	additional regulation of private schools.		
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12	SECTION 2. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the		
13	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that that ensuring the appropriate		
14	education of Arkansas children is the responsibility of the state and		
15	parents; that parents are in the best position to decide which educational		
16	environment is best for their children; and that this act is immediately		
17	necessary because to ensure that a school choice option is available for the		
18	2015-2016 school year. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist, and this		
19	act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace,		
20	health, and safety shall become effective on:		
21	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;		
22	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,		
23	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the		
24	bill; or		
25	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is		
26	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.		
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