1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: H3/10/15 S3/25/15 90th General Assembly As Engrossed: Bill
2 3	90th General AssemblyA DIIIRegular Session, 2015HOUSE BILL 1669
4	Regular Session, 2015 HOUSE BILL 1007
5	By: Representatives Womack, C. Armstrong, Ballinger, C. Fite, Gonzales, Walker
6	By: Senator Hester
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8	For An Act To Be Entitled
9	AN ACT TO PROMOTE THE RIGHTS GUARANTEED BY THE FIRST
10	AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION; TO
11	PROTECT A CITIZEN'S RIGHT TO OBSERVE AND RECORD
12	PUBLIC EVENTS; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
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15	Subtitle
16	TO PROMOTE THE RIGHTS GUARANTEED BY THE
17	FIRST AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES
18	CONSTITUTION; AND TO PROTECT A CITIZEN'S
19	RIGHT TO OBSERVE AND RECORD PUBLIC
20	EVENTS.
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23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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25	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 21, Chapter 1, Subchapter 1, is amended
26	to add a new section to read as follows:
27	21-1-106. Public recording and deletion of electronic data.
28	(a) As used in this section:
29	(1)(A) "Prohibit" means to interfere with the physical operation
30	of a recording device by threat, duress, coercion, direct order, arrest,
31	detention, or use of force.
32	(B) "Prohibit" does not include instances when there is no
33	interference with the operation of the recording device or the person who
34	operates it; and
35	(2) "Recording device" means a device that captures and records
36	data or information, including without limitation a film camera, digital



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1	camera, tape recorder, or electronic sound recorder.
2	(b)(1) A public officer or employee shall not:
3	(A) Prohibit a person from using a recording device
4	carried on or near the person in a place that is open to and accessible to
5	the general public or any private property where the person is lawfully
6	present unless the act of recording or the location of the recording person:
7	(i) Presents a risk to the physical safety of anyone
8	present, not including the person making the recording;
9	(ii) Is inside a public drinking water treatment
10	facility and presents a risk to the public drinking water treatment facility;
11	(iii) Constitutes an element of a criminal offense;
12	(iv) Could reasonably be expected to lead to the
13	infringement of copyrighted material;
14	(v) Appears to circumvent established procedures
15	that ordinarily require permission for or payment in exchange for the
16	viewing, use, reproduction, or recordation of data or information; or
17	(vi) Unreasonably obstructs or inhibits another
18	person's lawful presence or movement;
19	(B) Delete any electronic data or any other information
20	derived by recording from a recording device carried on or near the person
21	against the wishes of the person possessing the recording device or otherwise
22	destroy information contained in the recording device unless the data are
23	considered contraband; or
24	(C) Seize or confiscate a recording device carried on or
25	near the person using the recording device unless the recording device
26	appears to be involved in the commission of a crime or unless the seizure is
27	otherwise justified by an exigent circumstance.
28	(2) If a person uses a recording device to intrude upon the
29	seclusion or solitude of another person or upon the other person's private
30	affairs or concerns, this subsection does not apply if the intrusion:
31	(A) Violates a reasonable expectation of privacy; and
32	(B) Would be highly offensive to a reasonable person.
33	(c)(1) A violation of this section constitutes a waiving of the
34	sovereign immunity of the state.
35	(2) A public officer or employee who violates this section may
36	only be sued in his or her official capacity.

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1	(3) A court construing this section shall do so consistently
2	with official capacity claims under the First Amendment of the United States
3	Constitution filed through 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the Arkansas Civil Rights Act
4	<u>of 1993, § 16-123-101 et seq.</u>
5	(4) Punitive damages are not provided under this section.
6	(5) When a party sues for relief under this section or any other
7	applicable law, the party shall only receive a single remedy for a single
8	<u>injury.</u>
9	(d) A publicly funded school or publicly funded institution of higher
10	education is exempt from this section.
11	(e) Nothing in this section is intended to change, diminish, or
12	denigrate the powers of those who rightfully control private property to
13	regulate, place conditions on, or prohibit recording activities that take
14	place on that private property.
15	(f) This section does not:
16	(1) Imply any kind of right or power of a person to use devices
17	to change the light levels of his or her surroundings, including without
18	limitation umbrellas, reflectors, lights, or flashes;
19	(2) Change, diminish, or denigrate the inherent or
20	constitutional powers of the courts to issue binding orders or to regulate
21	the absence, presence, or conduct of citizens occupying buildings or real
22	property under the jurisdiction of the courts; or
23	(3) Apply to the grounds of a hospital or other medical facility
24	governed by the privacy regulations promulgated under the Health Insurance
25	Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191.
26	<u>(g) A state agency may adopt policies to limit or prohibit the use of</u>
27	recording devices by that state agency's employees or contractors in the
28	course and scope of their employment if those policies are intended to comply
29	with the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
30	<u>Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, or the requirements of other state or</u>
31	<u>federal privacy laws.</u>
32	/s/Womack
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