1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: \$2/10/15 \$2/12/15
2	90th General Assembly A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2015 SENATE BILL 81
4	
5	By: Senators Hickey, Bledsoe, Caldwell, E. Cheatham, A. Clark, J. Hendren, Hester, Irvin, B. Pierce,
6	Rapert, E. Williams
7	By: Representatives Hickerson, Ballinger, Broadaway, Deffenbaugh, Farrer, Jean, Petty, Pitsch, Talley
8	
9	For An Act To Be Entitled
10	AN ACT COMBINING THE CRIMINAL OFFENSES OF DRIVING
11	WHILE INTOXICATED AND BOATING WHILE INTOXICATED;
12	CONCERNING THE OMNIBUS DWI ACT, THE UNDERAGE DUI LAW,
13	ADMINISTRATIVE SUSPENSIONS OF A PERSON'S DRIVER'S
14	LICENSE, AND VEHICLE REGISTRATION; AND FOR OTHER
15	PURPOSES.
16	
17	
18	Subtitle
19	COMBINING THE OFFENSES OF DRIVING WHILE
20	INTOXICATED AND BOATING WHILE
21	INTOXICATED; CONCERNING THE OMNIBUS DWI
22	ACT, THE UNDERAGE DUI LAW, SUSPENSIONS OF
23	A PERSON'S DRIVER'S LICENSE, AND VEHICLE
24	REGISTRATION.
25	
26 2 <b>7</b>	DE LE ENLOGED DU MUE CENTENAL ACCENTAL OF MUE CHARE OF ADVANCAC
27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
28	CECUTION 1 Agree of the S. E. / 10// a) /11// A) /im)
29	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 5-4-104(e)(1)(A)(iv), concerning suspension
30	of imposition of sentence and probation, is amended to read as follows:
31 32	(iv) Driving or boating while intoxicated, § 5-65-
33	103;
34	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 5-4-301(a)(1)(D), concerning offenses for
35	which suspension or probation is prohibited, is amended to read as follows:
36	(D) Driving or boating while intoxicated, § 5-65-103;
50	(2) DITVING OF BOACTING WHITE INCOMPCACED, & 3-03-103,

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SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 5-4-322(b), concerning a fine or probation fee, is amended to read as follows:

- 4 (b)(1) This section regarding probation and probation fees does not
  5 apply when the defendant is charged with violating the Omnibus DWI or BWI
  6 Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., or the Underage DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq.
- 7 (2) When the defendant is charged with violating the Omnibus DWI 8 or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., the district court or city court may require 9 the defendant to pay a public service work supervisory fee in an amount to be 10 established by it if the district court or city court orders public service 11 in lieu of jail pursuant to under § 5-65-111.
- 12 (3) When the defendant is charged with violating the Underage
  13 DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq., the district court or city court may
  14 require the defendant to pay a public service work supervisory fee in an
  15 amount to be established by it for any public service work ordered by the
  16 district court or city court.

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- SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 5-4-801(2)(H), concerning the definition of "eligible offender" for community service work, is amended to read as follows:
- 21 (H) Driving <u>or boating</u> while intoxicated, second or subsequent 22 offense, § 5-65-103;

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- SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 5-64-710(b)(1)(A), concerning the denial of driving privileges for a minor, is amended to read as follows:
  - (b)(1)(A) When a person who is less than under eighteen (18) years of age pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of driving or boating while intoxicated under the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., any a criminal offense involving the illegal possession or use of a controlled substance, or any drug offense in this state or any other state, the court having jurisdiction of the matter, including any federal court, shall prepare and transmit to the Department of Finance and Administration an order of denial of driving privileges for the minor person under eighteen (18) years of age.

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SECTION 6. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 65 is amended to read as

1	follows:
2	
3	CHAPTER 65
4	Driving or Boating While Intoxicated
5	
6	Subchapter 1 — General Provisions
7	
8	5-65-101. Omnibus DWI or BWI Act - Application.
9	This $\frac{\text{act}}{\text{chapter}}$ shall be known as the "Omnibus DWI $\frac{\text{or BWI}}{\text{or BWI}}$ Act".
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11	5-65-102. Definitions.
12	As used in this act chapter:
13	(1)(A) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or
14	immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI.
15	(B) The fact that any person charged with a violation of
16	this act chapter is or has been entitled to use that drug or controlled
17	substance under the laws of this state does not constitute a defense against
18	any charge of violating this act chapter;
19	(2) "Ignition interlock device" means a device that connects a
20	motor vehicle ignition system to a breath-alcohol analyzer and prevents a
21	motor vehicle ignition from starting if a driver's blood alcohol level
22	exceeds the calibration setting on the device;
23	(3) "Influence", with respect to an underage driver, means being
24	controlled or affected by the ingestion of an alcoholic beverage or similar
25	intoxicant, or any combination of an alcoholic beverage or similar
26	intoxicant, to such a degree that the underage driver's reactions, motor
27	skills, and judgment are altered or diminished, even to the slightest scale,
28	and the underage driver, due to inexperience and lack of skill, constitutes a
29	danger of physical injury or death to himself or herself or another person;
30	(4) "Intoxicated" means influenced or affected by the ingestion
31	of alcohol, a controlled substance, any intoxicant, or any combination of
32	alcohol, a controlled substance, or an intoxicant, to such a degree that the
33	driver's reactions, motor skills, and judgment are substantially altered and
34	the driver, therefore, constitutes a clear and substantial danger of physical
35	injury or death to himself and other motorists or pedestrians or herself or
36	another person;

1	(5)(A) "Motorboat" means any vessel operated upon water and that
2	is propelled by machinery, whether or not the machinery is the principal
3	source of propulsion.
4	(B) "Motorboat" includes personal watercraft as defined in
5	§ 27-101-103(10);
6	$\frac{(3)}{(6)}$ "Sworn report" means a signed and written statement of a
7	certified law enforcement officer, under penalty of perjury, on a form
8	provided by the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration; and
9	(7) "Underage" means any person who is under twenty-one (21)
10	years of age;
11	$\frac{(4)}{(8)}$ "Victim impact statement" means a voluntary written or
12	oral statement of a victim, or relative of a victim, who has sustained
13	serious injury due to a violation of this act. chapter; and
14	(9) "Waters of this state" means any public waters within the
15	territorial limits of the State of Arkansas.
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17	5-65-103. Unlawful acts Driving or boating while intoxicated.
18	(a) $\underline{(1)}$ It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this chapter for
19	${\color{red}any}$ <u>a</u> person who is intoxicated to operate or be in actual physical control
20	of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle.
21	(b)(2) It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this chapter
22	for $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$ person to operate or be in actual physical control of a $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$
23	on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle if at that time the alcohol
24	concentration in the person's breath or blood was eight-hundredths (0.08) or
25	more based upon the definition of alcohol concentration in $\$$ 5-65-204.
26	(b) The consumption of alcohol or the possession of an open container
27	of alcohol aboard a motorboat does not in and of itself constitute probable
28	cause that the person committed the offense of boating while intoxicated.
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30	5-65-104. Seizure, suspension, and revocation of license — Temporary
31	permits — Ignition interlock restricted license.
32	(a)(l) At the time of arrest for operating or being in actual physical
33	control of a $\underline{\text{motorboat}}$ on the waters of this state or $\underline{a}$ motor vehicle while
34	intoxicated or while there was an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths
35	(0.08) or more in the person's breath or blood, as provided in $\S$ 5-65-103,
36	the arrested person shall immediately surrender his or her driver's license,

- driver's permit, or other evidence of driving privilege to the arresting law enforcement officer as provided in § 5-65-402.
- 3 (2) The Office of Driver Services or its designated official 4 shall suspend or revoke the driving privilege of an arrested person or shall 5 suspend any nonresident driving privilege of an arrested person, as provided 6 in § 5-65-402. The suspension or revocation shall be based on the number of 7 previous offenses as follows:
- 8 (A) Suspension for:

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- 9 (i)(a) Six (6) months for the first offense of 10 operating or being in actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of 11 this state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated or while there was an alcohol 12 concentration of at least eight hundredths (0.08) by weight of alcohol in the 13 person's blood or breath, § 5-65-103.
- (b) If the Office of Driver Services allows
  the issuance of an ignition interlock restricted license under § 5-65-118,
  the ignition interlock restricted license shall be available immediately.
- 17 (c) The restricted driving permit under § 5-18 65-120 is not allowed for a suspension under this subdivision (a)(2)(A)(i); 19 and
- 20 (ii)(a) Suspension for six (6) months for the first
  21 offense of operating or being in actual physical control of a motorboat on
  22 the waters of this state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated by the
  23 ingestion of or by the use of a controlled substance.
- 24 (b) The ignition interlock restricted license 25 provision of § 5-65-118 does not apply to a suspension under subdivision 26 (a)(2)(A)(ii)(a) of this section;
  - (B)(i) Suspension for twenty-four (24) months for a second offense of operating or being in actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated or while there was an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or breath, § 5-65-103, within five (5) years of the first offense.
- 33 (ii) However, if the office allows the issuance of 34 an ignition interlock restricted license under § 5-65-118, the restricted 35 license is available immediately.
- 36 (iii) The ignition interlock restricted license

- 1 provision of § 5-65-118 does not apply to the suspension under subdivisions
- 2 (a)(2)(B)(i) and (ii) of this section if the person is arrested for an
- 3 offense of operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle
- 4 or motorboat while intoxicated by the ingestion of or by the use of a
- 5 controlled substance;
- 6 (C)(i) Suspension for thirty (30) months for the third
- 7 offense of operating or being in actual physical control of a motorboat on
- 8 the waters of this state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated or while there
- 9 was an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) or more by weight of
- 10 alcohol in the person's blood or breath, § 5-65-103, within five (5) years of
- 11 the first offense.
- 12 (ii) However, if the office allows the issuance of
- 13 an ignition interlock restricted license under § 5-65-118, the restricted
- 14 license is available immediately.
- 15 (iii) The ignition interlock restricted license
- 16 provision of § 5-65-118 does not apply to the suspension under subdivisions
- 17 (a)(2)(C)(i) and (ii) if the person is arrested for an offense of operating
- 18 or being in actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this
- 19 state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated by the ingestion of or by the use
- 20 of a controlled substance; and
- 21 (D) Revocation for four (4) years, during which no
- 22 restricted permits may be issued, for the fourth or subsequent offense of
- 23 operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle or motorboat
- 24 while intoxicated or while there was an alcohol concentration of eight
- 25 hundredths (0.08) or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or
- 26 breath, § 5-65-103, within five (5) years of the first offense.
- 27 (3) If a person is a resident who is convicted of driving
- 28 without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle or motorboat and the
- 29 underlying basis for the suspension, revocation, or restriction of the
- 30 license or permit was for a violation of § 5-65-103, in addition to any other
- 31 penalties provided for under law, the court may restrict the offender to an
- 32 ignition interlock restricted license for a period of one (1) year prior to
- 33 the reinstatement or reissuance of a license or permit after the person would
- 34 otherwise be eligible for reinstatement or reissuance of the person's license
- 35 or permit.
- 36 (4) In order to determine the number of previous offenses to

- l consider when suspending or revoking the arrested person's driving privileges
- 2 privilege, the office shall consider as a previous offense any of the
- 3 following that occurred within the five (5) years immediately before the
- 4 current offense:
- 5 (A)  $\frac{Any}{A}$  conviction for an offense of operating or being
- 6 in actual physical control of a <u>motorboat on the waters of this state or a</u>
- 7 motor vehicle while intoxicated or while there was an alcohol concentration
- 8 of eight hundredths (0.08) or more in the person's breath or blood, including
- 9 a violation of  $\S 5-10-105(a)(1)(A)$  or (B), that occurred:
- 10 (i) In Arkansas; or
- 11 (ii) In another state; or
- 12 (B) Any  $\underline{A}$  suspension or revocation of driving privileges
- 13 <u>privilege</u> for an arrest for operating or being in actual physical control of
- 14 a  $\underline{\text{motorboat on the waters of this state or a}}$  motor vehicle while intoxicated
- or while there was an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) or
- 16 more in the person's breath or blood under § 5-65-103 when the person was not
- 17 subsequently acquitted of the criminal charges; or.
- 18 (C) Any conviction under § 5-76-102 for an offense of
- 19 operating a motorboat on the waters of this state while intoxicated or while
- 20 there was an alcohol concentration in the person's breath or blood of eight
- 21 hundredths (0.08) or more based upon the definition of breath, blood, and
- 22 urine concentration in § 5-65-204 or refusing to submit to a chemical test
- 23 under § 5-76-104 occurring on or after July 31, 2007, when the person was not
- 24 subsequently acquitted of the criminal charges.
- (b)(1)(A) Any  $\underline{A}$  person whose license driving privilege is suspended or
- 26 revoked <del>pursuant to</del> <u>under</u> this section is required to complete an alcohol
- 27 education program or an alcohol treatment program as approved by the Office
- 28 of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention Division of Behavioral Health Services
- 29 unless the charges are dismissed or the person is acquitted of the charges
- 30 upon which the suspension or revocation is based.
- 31 (B) If during the period of suspension or revocation under
- 32 subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section the person commits an additional
- 33 violation of § 5-65-103, he or she is also required to complete an approved
- 34 alcohol education program or alcohol treatment program for each additional
- 35 violation, unless:

(i) The additional charges are dismissed; or

- As Engrossed: S2/10/15 S2/12/15 1 (ii) He or she is acquitted of the additional 2 charges. 3 (2) A person whose <del>license</del> driving privilege is suspended or 4 revoked <del>pursuant to</del> under this section shall furnish proof of: 5 (A) attendance Attendance at and completion of the alcohol 6 education program or the alcohol treatment program required under subdivision 7 (b)(1) of this section before reinstatement of his or her suspended or 8 revoked driver's license driving privilege; or shall furnish proof of 9 (B) dismissal Dismissal or acquittal of the charge on 10 which the suspension or revocation is based. 11 (3) Even if a person has filed a de novo petition for review 12 pursuant to under former subsection (c) of this section, the person is 13 entitled to reinstatement of driving privileges upon complying with this 14 subsection and is not required to postpone reinstatement until the 15 disposition of the de novo review in circuit court has occurred. 16 17 5-65-105. Operation of motor vehicle during period of license 18 suspension or revocation. 19 Any A person whose driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle has 20 been suspended or revoked under a provision of this act chapter who operates 21 a motor vehicle in this state during the period of the suspension or 22 revocation upon conviction is guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor and: 23 (1) shall be imprisoned for ten (10) days; and 24 (2) may May be assessed a fine of not more than one thousand
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dollars (\$1,000).

- 5-65-106. Impoundment of license plate.
- (a) When any a law enforcement officer arrests a person for operating a motor vehicle while that person's operator's license or permit driving privilege has been suspended or revoked under the laws of any state due to the person person's having previously been found guilty or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to violating §  $5-65-103_{\text{T}}$  and if the motor vehicle operated by the person is owned in whole or part by the person, the motor vehicle license plate shall be impounded by the law enforcement officer for no less than ninety (90) days.
  - (b) If the court determines it is in the best interest of the

- dependents of the offender person, the court shall instruct the Director of
- 2 the Department of Finance and Administration to issue a temporary substitute
- 3 <u>motor vehicle</u> license plate to that for the motor vehicle, and the temporary
- 4 <u>substitute motor vehicle</u> license plate shall indicate that the original <u>motor</u>
- 5 vehicle license plate has been impounded.

- 7 5-65-107. Persons arrested to be tried on charges No charges reduced 8 Filing citations.
- 9 (a) A person arrested for violating § 5-65-103 shall be tried on those
  10 charges or plead to those charges, and no such charges shall be reduced A
  11 person arrested for violating § 5-65-103 shall be tried on the charge of
  12 violating § 5-65-103 or plead to the charge of violating § 5-65-103, and the
  13 charge of violating § 5-65-103 shall not be reduced or dismissed.
- 14 (b) Furthermore, when a law enforcement officer issues a citation for 15 violating § 5-65-103, the citation shall be filed with the court as soon as 16 possible.

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- 5-65-108. No probation prior to adjudication of guilt.
- 19 (a) Section 16-93-301 et seq., allows a circuit court judge, district
  20 court judge, or city court judge to place on probation a first offender who
  21 pleads guilty or nolo contendere prior to an adjudication of guilt.
  - (b) Upon successful completion of the probation terms, the circuit court judge, district court judge, or city court judge is allowed to discharge the accused without a court adjudication of guilt and expunge the record.
  - (e)(1) No (a) A circuit court judge, or district court judge, or city court judge may not utilize the provisions of the first-time offender probation provisions under § 16-93-301 et seq. in an instance in which when the defendant is charged with violating § 5-65-103.
  - (2)(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 5-4-301, § 5-4-322, or subdivision (c)(1) of this section subsection (a) of this section, in addition to the mandatory penalties required for a violation of § 5-65-103, a circuit court judge, or district court judge, or city court judge may:
- 34 <u>(1) utilize Utilize</u> probationary supervision, in addition to the 35 <u>mandatory penalties required for a violation of § 5-65-103,</u> solely for the 36 purpose of monitoring compliance with his or her orders; and

1 (2) require Require an offender to pay a reasonable fee in an 2 amount to be established by the circuit court judge, or district court judge, or city court judge. 3 4 5 5-65-109. Presentencing report. 6 (a) The court shall immediately request and the Division of Behavioral 7 Health Services or its designee shall provide a presentence screening and 8 assessment report of the defendant upon a plea of who pleads guilty or nolo 9 contendere to or a finding of guilt or is found guilty of violating § 5-65-10 103 or § 5-65-303. 11 (b)(1) The presentence screening and assessment report shall be 12 provided within thirty (30) days of the request, and the court shall not 13 pronounce sentence until receipt of the the court receives the presentence 14 screening and assessment report. 15 (2)(A) After entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or a 16 finding of guilt and if the sentencing of the defendant If the defendant's 17 sentencing is delayed by the defendant after he or she pleads guilty or nolo 18 contendere, or if he or she is found guilty, the clerk of the court shall 19 notify the defendant by first class mail sent to the defendant's last known 20 address that the defendant he or she has fifteen (15) days to appear and show 21 cause for failing to appear for sentencing. 22 (B) After expiration of the fifteen (15) days, the The 23 court may proceed with sentencing even in the absence of the defendant after the expiration of the fifteen (15) days under subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this 24 25 section. 26 The presentence screening and assessment report shall include, but 27 not be limited to, without limitation: 28 (1) the The defendant's driving record; 29 (2) an An alcohol problem assessment; and 30 (3) a A victim impact statement, when if applicable. 31 5-65-110. Record of violations and court actions - Abstract. 32 (a) Any magistrate or judge of a A court shall: 33 34 (1) keep Keep or cause to be kept a record of any violation of

(2) shall keep Keep a record of any official action by that

this act chapter presented to that court; and

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1	court in reference to the violation including, but not limited to, without
2	<u>limitation:</u>
3	(A) $\frac{\Delta}{\Delta}$ record of every finding of guilt;
4	(B) plea A record of every plea of guilty or nolo
5	contendere;
6	(C) judgment A judgment of acquittal; and
7	$\underline{\text{(D)}}$ the $\underline{\text{The}}$ amount of fine and jail sentence.
8	(b) $(1)$ Within thirty (30) days after sentencing a person who has been
9	found guilty or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere on a charge of violating
10	any provision of this act, the magistrate of the The court or clerk of the
11	court shall prepare and immediately forward to the Office of Driver Service
12	an abstract of the <u>court</u> record <del>of the court covering</del> <u>pertaining to</u> the cas
13	in which the person was found guilty or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere $\overline{,}$
14	(2) and the <u>The</u> abstract shall be:
15	(A) Prepared within five (5) business days after the
16	defendant was found guilty or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere and then
17	sentenced;
18	(B) certified Certified by the person so required to
19	prepare it to be true and correct $\pm$ ; and
20	(c) The abstract shall be made (C) Made upon a form
21	furnished by the office and shall include:
22	(1)(i) The name and address of the party person
23	charged;
24	$\frac{(2)(ii)}{(ii)}$ The number, if any, of the operator's or
25	chauffeur's license of the party person charged;
26	$\frac{(3)(iii)}{(3)}$ The registration number of the vehicle or
27	motorboat involved;
28	(4)(iv) The date of the hearing;
29	(5)(v) The <u>defendant's</u> plea;
30	(6)(vi) The judgment; and
31	$\frac{(7)}{(\text{vii})}$ The amount of the fine and jail sentence,
32	as the case may be.
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34	5-65-111. Prison terms Sentencing — Periods of incarceration —
35	Exception.
36	(a)(1)(A) Any A person who pleads quilty or nolo contenders to or is

- 1 found guilty of violating § 5-65-103, for a first offense, is upon conviction
- 2 <u>guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor and</u> may be imprisoned for <del>no</del> <u>not</u> less
- 3 than twenty-four (24) hours and but no more than one (1) year.
- 4 (B) However, the The court may order public service in
- 5 lieu of jail, and in that instance, the court instead of imprisonment and, if
- 6 the court orders public service, the court shall include the reasons for the
- 7 order of public service in lieu instead of jail imprisonment in the court's
- 8 written order or judgment.
- 9 (2)(A) However, if If a passenger under sixteen (16) years of
- 10 age was in the motor vehicle or motorboat at the time of the offense, a
- 11 person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of
- 12 violating § 5-65-103, for a first offense, is upon conviction guilty of an
- 13 <u>unclassified misdemeanor and</u> may be imprisoned for <del>no fewer</del> <u>not less</u> than
- 14 seven (7) days and but no more than one (1) year.
- 15 (B) (B) However, the <u>The</u> court may order public service
- 16 in lieu of jail, and in that instance, the court instead of imprisonment and,
- 17 <u>if the court orders public service, the court</u> shall include the reasons for
- 18 the order of public service in lieu instead of jail imprisonment in the
- 19 court's written order or judgment.
- 20 (b) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
- 21 guilty of violating § 5-65-103 or any other equivalent penal law of another
- 22 state or foreign jurisdiction shall be imprisoned or shall be ordered to
- 23 perform public service in lieu of jail as follows:
- 24 (1)(A) For no fewer than seven (7) days but no more than one (1)
- 25 year for the second offense occurring within five (5) years of the first
- 26 offense or no fewer than thirty (30) days of community service.
- 27 (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of
- 28 age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for no fewer than thirty
- 29 (30) days but no more than one (1) year for the second offense occurring
- 30 within five (5) years of the first offense or no fewer than sixty (60) days
- 31 of community service.
- 32 (ii) If the court orders community service, the
- 33 court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
- 34 of community service;
- 35 (2)(A) For no fewer than ninety (90) days but no more than one
- 36 (1) year for the third offense occurring within five (5) years of the first

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     offense or no fewer than ninety (90) days of community service.
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                       (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of
     age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for no fewer than one
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     hundred twenty days (120) days but no more than one (1) year for the third
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     offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or no fewer than
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     one hundred twenty (120) days of community service.
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                             (ii) If the court orders community service, the
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     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
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     of community service;
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                 (3)(A) For at least one (1) year but no more than six (6) years
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     for the fourth offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense
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     or not less than one (1) year of community service and is guilty of a felony.
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                       (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of
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     age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for at least two (2) years
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     but no more than six (6) years for the fourth offense occurring within five
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     (5) years of the first offense or not less than two (2) years of community
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     service and is guilty of a felony.
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                             (ii) If the court orders community service, the
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     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
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     of community service; and
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                 (4)(A)(i) Except as provided in § 5-65-122, for at least two (2)
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     years but no more than ten (10) years for the fifth or subsequent offense
     occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or not less than two (2)
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     years of community service and is guilty of an unclassified felony.
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                             (ii) If the court orders community service, the
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     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
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     of community service.
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                       (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of
     age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for at least three (3)
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     years but no more than ten (10) years for the fifth offense occurring within
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     five (5) years of the first offense or not less than three (3) years of
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     community service and is guilty of a felony.
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                             (ii) If the court orders community service, the
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     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
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     of community service.
           (b)(1) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
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Т	guilty of violating § 3-63-103 for a second offense occurring within five (3)
2	years of the first offense is upon conviction guilty of an unclassified
3	misdemeanor and may be imprisoned for not less than:
4	(A) Seven (7) days but no more than one (1) year; or
5	(B) Thirty (30) days but no more than one (1) year if a
6	passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle or
7	motorboat at the time of the offense.
8	(2) The court may order public service instead of imprisonment
9	in the following manner and if the court orders public service, the court
10	shall include the reasons for the order of public service instead of
11	imprisonment in its written order or judgment:
12	(A) Not less than thirty (30) days; or
13	(B) Not less than sixty (60) days if a passenger under
14	sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle or motorboat at the time
15	of the offense.
16	(c)(l) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
17	guilty of violating § 5-65-103 for a third offense occurring within five (5)
18	years of the first offense is upon conviction guilty of an unclassified
19	misdemeanor and may be imprisoned for not less than:
20	(A) Ninety (90) days but no more than one (1) year; or
21	(B) One hundred twenty (120) days but no more than one (1)
22	year if a passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle
23	or motorboat at the time of the offense.
24	(2) The court may order public service instead of imprisonment
25	in the following manner and if the court orders public service, the court
26	shall include the reasons for the order of public service instead of
27	imprisonment in its written order or judgment:
28	(A) Not less than ninety (90) days; or
29	(B) Not less than one hundred twenty (120) days if a
30	passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle or
31	motorboat at the time of the offense.
32	(d)(l) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
33	guilty of violating § 5-65-103 for a fourth offense occurring within five (5)
34	years of the first offense is upon conviction guilty of an unclassified
35	felony and may be imprisoned for not less than:
36	(A) One (1) year but no more than six (6) years: or

1	(B) Two (2) years but no more than six (6) years if a
2	passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle or
3	motorboat at the time of the offense.
4	(2) The court may order public service instead of imprisonment in
5	the following manner and if the court orders public service, the court shall
6	include the reasons for the order of public service instead of imprisonment
7	in its written order or judgment:
8	(A) Not less than one (1) year but no more than six (6)
9	years; or
10	(B) Not less than two (2) years but no more than six (6)
11	years if a passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle
12	or motorboat at the time of the offense.
13	(e)(1) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
14	guilty of violating § 5-65-103 for a fifth or subsequent offense occurring
15	within five (5) years of the first offense is upon conviction guilty of an
16	unclassified felony and may be imprisoned for no fewer than:
17	(A) Two (2) years but no more than ten (10) years; or
18	(B) Three (3) years but no more than ten (10) years if a
19	passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor vehicle or
20	motorboat at the time of the offense.
21	(2) The court may order public service instead of imprisonment
22	in the following manner and if the court orders public service, the court
23	shall include the reasons for the order of public service instead of
24	imprisonment in its written order or judgment:
25	(A) Not less than two (2) years but no more than ten (10)
26	years; or
27	(B) Not less than three (3) years but no more than ten
28	(10) years if a passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor
29	vehicle or motorboat at the time of the offense.
30	(f)(1) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
31	guilty of violating § 5-65-103 for a sixth or subsequent offense occurring
32	within ten (10) years of the first offense is upon conviction guilty of ${\tt Class}$
33	<pre>B felony.</pre>
34	(2) The court may order public service instead of imprisonment
35	in the following manner and if the court orders public service, the court
36	shall include the reasons for the order of public service instead of

imprisonment in its written order or judgment:

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2 (A) Not less than two (2) years but no more than ten (10) 3 years; or 4 (B) Not less than three (3) years but no more than ten 5 (10) years if a passenger under sixteen (16) years of age was in the motor 6 vehicle or motorboat at the time of the offense. 7 (g) A certified judgment of conviction of driving or boating while 8 intoxicated or other equivalent offense from another state or jurisdiction 9 may be used to enhance the penalties as a previous offense under this 10 section. 11 (e)(h) For any arrest or offense occurring before July 30, 1999 the 12 effective date of this act, but that has not reached a final disposition as 13 to judgment in court, the offense shall be decided under the law in effect at 14 the time the offense occurred, and any the defendant is subject to the 15 penalty provisions in effect at that time and not under the provisions of 16 this section. 17 (d)(i) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under subdivisions 18 (a)(2), (b)(1)(B), (b)(2)(B), (b)(3)(B), and (b)(4)(B) subdivisions 19 (a)(2)(A), (b)(1)(B), (c)(1)(B), (d)(1)(B), and (e)(1)(B) of this section 20 that the person operating or in actual physical control of the motor vehicle or motorboat was not more than two (2) years older than the passenger. 21 22  $\frac{(e)(j)(1)}{(i)(1)}$  A prior conviction for § 5-10-105(a)(1)(A) or (B) is 23 considered a previous offense for purposes of subsection (b) of this section. 24 (2) A prior conviction under the former § 5-76-102 is considered 25 a previous offense for purposes of this section only if the current offense is operating a motorboat on the waters of this state while intoxicated. 26 27 28 5-65-112. Fines. 29 Any A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating § 5-65-103 shall be fined: 30 31 (1) No less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and no more 32 than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense; 33 (2) No less than four hundred dollars (\$400) and no more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the second offense occurring within five 34 35 (5) years of the first offense; and 36 (3) Except as provided in § 5-65-122, no No less than nine

- 1 hundred dollars (\$900) and no more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for 2 the third or subsequent offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense. 3 4 5 5-65-114. Inability to pay - Alternative public service work. 6 If it is determined that any individual a court finds that a person 7 against whom fines, fees, or court costs are levied for driving while 8 intoxicated or driving while impaired violating this chapter is financially 9 unable to pay the fines, fees, or costs, the court levying the fines, fees, 10 or costs the court shall order the individual person to perform public 11 service work of such type and for such duration as deemed as the court 12 determines is appropriate by the court. 13 14 5-65-115. Alcohol treatment or education program - Fee. 15 (a)(1) Any A person whose driving privileges are suspended or revoked for violating § 5-65-103, § 5-65-303, § 5-65-310, or § 3-3-203 is required to 16 17 complete an alcohol education program provided by a contractor with the 18 Division of Behavioral Health Services or an alcoholism treatment program 19 licensed by the Division of Behavioral Health Services. 20 (2)(A) The alcohol education program may collect a program fee 21 of up to one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per enrollee to offset 22 program costs. 23 (B)(i) A person ordered to complete an alcohol education 24 program under this section may be required to pay, in addition to the costs 25 collected for education or treatment, a fee of up to twenty-five dollars 26 (\$25.00) to offset the additional costs associated with reporting 27 requirements under this subchapter. 28 The alcohol education program shall report 29 monthly to the Division of Behavioral Health Services all revenue derived 30 from this fee. 31 (b)(1) A person whose <del>license</del> driving privilege is suspended or 32 revoked for violating § 5-65-103 shall:
- 33 (A) Both:

34 (i) Furnish proof of attendance at and completion of 35 the alcoholism treatment program or alcohol education program required under 36  $\S 5-65-104(b)(1)$  before reinstatement of his or her suspended or revoked

- 1 driver's license driving privilege; and
- 2 (ii) Pay any fee for reinstatement required under §
- 3 5-65-119 or § 5-65-304; or
- 4 (B) Furnish proof of dismissal or acquittal of the charge
- 5 on which the suspension or revocation is based.
- 6 (2) An application for reinstatement shall be made to the Office 7 of Driver Services.
- 8 (c) Even if a person has filed a de novo petition for review  $\frac{\text{pursuant}}{\text{pursuant}}$
- 9 to under  $\S$  5-65-402, the person he or she is entitled to reinstatement of
- 10 driving privileges upon complying with this section and is not required to
- ll postpone reinstatement until the disposition of the de novo review in circuit
- 12 court has occurred.
- 13 (d)(1) A person whose driving privilege has been suspended or revoked
- 14 under this act chapter may enroll in an alcohol education program prior to
- 15 disposition of the offense case by the circuit court, or district court, or
- 16 city court.
- 17 (2) However, the person is not entitled to  $\frac{a}{a}$  refund of a fee
- 18 paid if the charges are dismissed or if the person is acquitted of the
- 19 charges.
- 20 (e) Each An alcohol education program or alcoholism treatment program
- 21 operating under this chapter shall remit the fees imposed under this section
- 22 to the Division of Behavioral Health Services.
- 24 5-65-116. Denial of driving privileges for minor Restricted permit.
- 25 (a) As used in this section, "drug offense" means the same as in § 5
- 26 <del>64-710.</del>

- 27 (b)(1)(A) If a person who is less than eighteen (18) years of age
- 28 pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of driving while
- 29 intoxicated under § 5-65-101 et seq., or of any criminal offense involving
- 30 the illegal possession or use of controlled substances, or of any drug
- 31 offense, in this state or any other state, or is found by a juvenile court to
- 32 have committed such an offense, the court having jurisdiction of the matter,
- 33 including any federal court, shall prepare and transmit to the Department of
- 34 Finance and Administration an order of denial of driving privileges for the
- 35 minor.
- 36 (B) A court within the State of Arkansas shall prepare and transmit

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- 1 any order under subdivision (b)(1)(A)of this section within twenty-four (24)
  2 hours after the plea or finding to the department.
- (C) A court outside Arkansas having jurisdiction over any
  person holding driving privileges issued by the State of Arkansas shall
  prepare and transmit any order under subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section
  pursuant to an agreement or arrangement entered into between that state and
  the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration.
- (D) An arrangement or agreement under subdivision

  (b)(1)(C) of this section may also provide for the forwarding by the

  department of an order issued by a court within this state to the state where

  the person holds driving privileges issued by that state.
  - (2) For any person holding driving privileges issued by the State of Arkansas, a court within this state in a case of extreme and unusual hardship may provide in an order for the issuance of a restricted driving permit to allow driving to and from a place of employment or driving to and from school.
  - (e) A penalty prescribed in this section or § 27-16-914 is in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law for an offense covered by this section and § 27-16-914.
  - (d) In regard to any offense involving illegal possession under this section, it is a defense if the controlled substance is the property of an adult who owns the vehicle.

5-65-117. Seizure and sale of <u>a</u> motor <del>vehicles</del> <u>vehicle or motorboat</u>.

- (a)(1)(A) Any A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating § 5-65-103 for a fourth or subsequent offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense, at the discretion of the court, may have his or her motor vehicle or motor boat seized at the discretion of the court.
- 30 (B) <u>A motor vehicle or motorboat seized under this section</u>
  31 <u>shall be the motor vehicle or motorboat that the person was operating or was</u>
  32 <u>in actual physical control of at the time he or she committed the fourth</u>
  33 <u>offense.</u>
- 34 <u>(C)</u> If the motor vehicle is seized, the <u>The</u> title to the 35 motor vehicle <u>or motorboat</u> is forfeited to the state <u>if the motor vehicle or motorboat is seized under this section</u>.

- 1 (2)(A) If ordered by the court, it It is the duty of the county
  2 sheriff of the county where the offense occurred to seize the motor vehicle
  3 or motorboat if seizure is ordered by the court.
  - (B) The court may issue an order directing the <u>county</u> sheriff to sell the <u>seized</u> motor vehicle <u>or motorboat</u> <del>seized</del> at a public auction to the highest bidder within thirty (30) days from the date of judgment.
  - (b)(1) The <u>county</u> sheriff shall advertise the motor vehicle <u>or</u>

    <u>motorboat</u> for sale for a period of two (2) weeks prior to the date of sale by
    at least one (1) insertion per week in a newspaper having a bona fide
    circulation in the county.
    - (2) The notice shall include a brief description of the motor vehicle or motorboat to be sold and the time, place, and terms of the sale.
- 14 (c) The proceeds of the sale of the seized motor vehicle <u>or motorboat</u> 15 shall be deposited into the county general fund.
  - (d)(1) After the sheriff has made the sale and has turned over the proceeds of the sale to the county treasurer, the The county sheriff shall report his or her actions to the court in which the defendant was tried after the county sheriff has made the sale and has turned over the proceeds of the sale to the county treasurer.
    - (2) The report required by subdivision (d)(1) of this section shall be filed with the court within sixty (60) days from the date of judgment.
    - (e) A forfeiture of a conveyance motor vehicle or motor boat under this section that is encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission offense.

29 5-65-118. Additional penalties — Ignition interlock devices.

(a)(1)(A)(i) In addition to any other penalty authorized for a violation of this chapter, upon an arrest of a person for violating § 5-65-103 for a first or second offense, the Office of Driver Services may restrict the person to operating only a motor vehicle that is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. The Office of Driver Services may place a restriction on a person who has violated § 5-65-103 for a first or second offense that requires the person's motor vehicle to be equipped with a

1 functioning ignition interlock device in addition to any other penalty 2 authorized by this chapter. 3 (ii) The restriction may continue for a period of up 4 to one (1) year after the person's license driving privilege is no longer 5 suspended or restricted under the provisions of § 5-65-104. 6 (B)(i) Upon a finding that a person is financially able to 7 afford an ignition interlock device and upon an arrest for a violation of § 8 5-65-103 for a third or subsequent offense, the office may restrict the 9 offender to operate only a motor vehicle that is equipped with a functioning 10 ignition interlock device for up to one (1) year after the person's license 11 is no longer suspended or restricted under § 5-65-104. The office may place a 12 restriction on a person who has violated § 5-65-103 for a third or subsequent offense that requires the person's motor vehicle to be equipped with a 13 functioning ignition interlock device in addition to any other penalty 14 15 authorized by this chapter and after finding that the person is financially 16 able to afford the ignition interlock device. 17 (ii) The restriction may continue for a period of up 18 to one (1) year after the person's driving privilege is no longer suspended 19 or restricted under § 5-65-104. 20 (2) In accordance with the requirements under the provisions of 21 § 5-65-104, the The office may issue an ignition interlock restricted license 22 to the person only after the person has verified installation of a 23 functioning ignition interlock device to the office in any motor vehicle the 24 person intends to operate, except for an exemption allowed under subsection 25 (g) of this section § 5-65-123(f). 26 (3) The office shall establish: 27 (A) A specific calibration setting no lower than two 28 hundredths of one percent (0.02%) nor more than five hundredths of one 29 percent (0.05%) of alcohol in the person's blood at which the ignition 30 interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle's being started; and 31 (B) The period of time that the person is subject to the 32 restriction. 33 (4) As used in this section, "ignition interlock device" means a 34 device that connects a motor vehicle ignition system to a breath-alcohol

blood alcohol level exceeds the calibration setting on the device.

analyzer and prevents a motor vehicle ignition from starting if a driver's

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- (b) Upon restricting the offender to the use of an ignition interlock device, the The office shall do the following after restricting a person's driving by requiring the use of an ignition interlock device:
- (1)(A) State on the record the requirement for and the period of use of the ignition interlock device.
- (B) However, if the office restricts the offender person to the use of using an ignition interlock device in conjunction with the issuance of an ignition interlock restricted license under a provision of § 5-65-104, the period of requirement of use of time the person is required to use the ignition interlock device shall be at least the remaining time period of remaining on the original suspension imposed under § 5-65-104;
- (2) Ensure that the records of the office reflect that the person may not operate a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device;
- (3) Attach or imprint a notation on the driver's license of any a person restricted under this section stating that the person may operate only a motor vehicle only if it is equipped with an ignition interlock device;
- (4) Require that the person restricted under this section to show proof of installation of a certified ignition interlock device prior to the issuance by the office of an ignition interlock restricted license by the office under a provision of § 5-65-104;
  - (5) Require both proof of the installation of the an ignition interlock device and periodic reporting by the person for verification of the proper operation of the ignition interlock device;
  - (6) Require the person to have the ignition interlock device serviced and monitored at least every sixty-seven (67) days for proper use and accuracy by an entity approved by the Department of Health; and
- (7)(A) Require the person to pay the reasonable cost of leasing or buying and monitoring and maintaining the ignition interlock device.
- 31 (B) The office may establish a payment schedule for the 32 reasonable cost of leasing or buying and monitoring and maintaining the 33 ignition interlock device.
- (c)(1) A person restricted under this section to operate only a motor 35 vehicle that is equipped with an ignition interlock device may not solicit or have another person start or attempt to start a motor vehicle equipped with

1 an ignition interlock device. 2 (2) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a 3 violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. 4 (d)(1) A person may not start or attempt to start a motor vehicle 5 equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of providing an 6 operable motor vehicle to a person who is restricted under this section to 7 operate only a motor vehicle that is equipped with an ignition interlock 8 device. 9 (2) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a 10 violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. 11 (e)(1) A person may not tamper with or in any way attempt to 12 circumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device that has been installed in a motor vehicle. 13 14 (2) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a 15 violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. 16 (f)(1) A person may not knowingly provide a motor vehicle not equipped 17 with a functioning ignition interlock device to another person who the 18 provider of the vehicle knows or should know was restricted to operate only a 19 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device. 20 (2) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a violation of this subsection is a Class A misdemeanor. 21 22 (g)(1) Any person found to have violated subsections (c) (f) of this 23 section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. 24 (2) However, the penalty provided in subdivision (g)(1) of this 25 section does not apply if: 26 (A) The starting of a motor vehicle or the request to 27 start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device is done for 28 the purpose of safety or mechanical repair of the ignition interlock device 29 or the motor vehicle and the person subject to the restriction does not 30 operate the motor vehicle; or 31 (B)(i) The court finds that a person is required to 32 operate a motor vehicle in the course and scope of the person's employment 33 and, if the motor vehicle is owned by the employer, that the person may 34 operate that motor vehicle during regular working hours for the purposes of his or her employment without installation of an ignition interlock device if 35 the employer has been notified of the driving privilege restriction and if 36

1 proof of that notification is with the motor vehicle. 2 (ii) However, the employment exemption in 3 subdivision (g)(2)(B)(i) of this section does not apply if: 4 (a) The business entity that owns the motor 5 vehicle is owned or controlled by the person who is prohibited from operating 6 a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device; or 7 (b) The driving privilege restriction is the 8 result of the offender's second or subsequent offense. 9 (h)(c) If the person whose driving privilege is restricted under this 10 section cannot provide proof of installation of a functioning ignition 11 interlock device to the office under subsection (a) of this section, the 12 office shall not issue an ignition interlock restricted license as authorized 13 under this section. 14 (i) In addition to any other penalty authorized under this section, if 15 the (d) The office finds that a person has violated a condition under this section related to the proper use, circumvention, or maintenance of an 16 17 ignition interlock device, the office shall revoke the ignition interlock 18 restricted license and reinstate a license driving privilege suspension for 19 the term of the original <del>license</del> driving privilege suspension if it finds 20 that a person has violated § 5-65-123. (i) Any (e) A person whose license was who has had his or her driving 21 22 privilege suspended or revoked under § 5-65-104 who would otherwise be 23 eligible to obtain an ignition interlock restricted license may petition the 24 office for a hearing and the office or its designated official may issue an 25 ignition interlock restricted license as authorized under the applicable provisions of §§ 5-65-104 and 5-65-205. 26 27  $\frac{(k)(1)}{(f)(1)}$  The department shall: 28 (A) Certify the ignition interlock devices for use in this 29 state; 30 (B) Approve the entities that install and monitor the 31 ignition interlock devices; and 32 (C) Adopt rules and regulations for the certification of 33 the ignition interlock devices and ignition interlock device installation. 34 The rules and regulations shall require an ignition 35 interlock device, at a minimum, to: (A) Not impede the safe operation of the motor vehicle; 36

1	(B) Minimize the opportunities to be bypassed;
2	(C) Work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised
3	environment;
4	(D) Properly and accurately measure the person's blood
5	alcohol levels;
6	(E) Minimize the inconvenience to a sober user; and
7	(F) Be manufactured by an entity that is responsible for
8	installation, user training, and servicing and maintenance of the ignition
9	interlock device, and that is capable of providing monitoring reports to the
10	office.
11	(3) The department shall develop a warning label to be affixed
12	to any ignition interlock device used in the state to warn any person of the
13	possible penalties for tampering with or attempting to circumvent the
14	ignition interlock device.
15	(4) The department shall:
16	(A) Publish and update a list of certified ignition
17	interlock device manufacturers and approved ignition interlock device
18	installers; and
19	(B) Periodically provide the list required by subdivision
20	$\frac{(k)(4)(A)}{(f)(4)(A)}$ of this section to the office.
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22	5-65-119. Distribution of fee.
23	(a)(1) The Office of Driver Services shall charge a fee to be
24	calculated as provided under subsection (b) of this section for reinstating a
25	driving privilege suspended or revoked because of an arrest for <u>violating</u>
26	operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while
27	intoxicated or while there was an alcohol concentration of eight-hundredths
28	(0.08) or more in the person's breath or blood, § 5-65-103, or refusing to
29	submit to a chemical test of blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose
30	of determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance contents of
31	the person's blood or breath, § 5-65-205, and the fee shall be distributed as
32	follows:
33	(2) The fee under subsection (a) of this section shall be
34	distributed as follows:
35	(1) (A) Seven percent (7%) of the revenues derived from
36	this fee shall be deposited into the State Treasury as special revenues and

- 1 credited to the Public Health Fund to be used exclusively for the Office of
- 2 Alcohol Testing of the Department of Health;
- 3  $\frac{(2)(B)}{(B)}$  Thirty-three percent (33%) of the revenues derived
- 4 from this fee shall be deposited as special revenues into the State Treasury
- 5 into the Constitutional Officers Fund and the State Central Services Fund as
- 6 a direct revenue to be used by the Office of Driver Services for use in
- 7 supporting the administrative driver's licensing revocation and sanctions
- 8 programs provided for in this subchapter;
- 9  $\frac{(3)(C)}{(3)}$  Ten percent (10%) of the revenues derived from this
- 10 fee shall be deposited into the State Treasury, and the Treasurer of State
- 11 shall credit them as general revenues to the various funds in the respective
- 12 amounts to each and to be used for the purposes as provided in the Revenue
- 13 Stabilization Law, § 19-5-101 et seq.; and
- 14  $\frac{(4)(D)}{(50)}$  Fifty percent (50%) of the revenues derived from
- 15 this fee shall be deposited into the State Treasury as special revenues to
- 16 the credit of the Department of Arkansas State Police Fund.
- 17 (b)(1)(A) The reinstatement fee under subsection (a) of this section
- 18 shall be calculated by multiplying one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) by each
- 19 separate occurrence of an offense resulting in an administrative suspension
- 20 order under  $\S$  5-65-103 or  $\S$  5-65-205 unless the administrative suspension
- 21 order has been removed because:
- 22 (i) The person has been found not guilty of the
- 23 offense by a circuit court or district court; or
- 24 (ii) A de novo review of the administrative
- 25 suspension order by the Office of Driver Services results in the removal.
- 26 (B) The fee under this subsection (a) of this section is
- 27 supplemental to and in addition to any fee imposed under § 5-65-304, § 5-65-
- 28 310, § 27-16-508, or § 27-16-808.

- 29 (2) As used in this subsection, "occurrence" means each separate
- 30 calendar date when an offense or offenses take place.
- 32 5-65-120. Restricted driving permit.
- 33 (a) Following an administrative hearing for suspension or revocation
- 34 of a driver's license as provided for in § 5-65-402, or upon a request of a
- 35 person whose privilege to drive has been denied or suspended, the Office of
- 36 Driver Services or its designated agent may modify the denial or suspension

1	in a case of extreme and unusual hardship by the issuance of a restricted
2	driving permit when, upon a review of the person's driving record for a time
3	period of five (5) years prior to the current denial, revocation, or
4	suspension of driving privilege or a driver's license, at the discretion of
5	the office or its designated agent it is determined that:
6	(1) The person:
7	(A) Is not a multiple traffic law offender; or
8	(B) Does not present a threat to the general public; and
9	(2) No other adequate means of transportation exists for the
10	person except to allow driving in any of the following situations:
11	(A) To and from the person's place of employment;
12	(B) In the course of the person's employment;
13	(C) To and from an educational institution for the purpose
14	of attending a class if the person is enrolled and regularly attending a
15	elass at the institution;
16	(D) To and from an alcohol education program or alcoholism
17	treatment program for drunk drivers; or
18	(E) To and from a hospital or clinic for medical treatment
19	or care for an illness, disease, or other medical condition of the person or
20	a family member.
21	(a) The Office of Driver Services may modify the administrative denial
22	or suspension of a driver's license under § 5-65-402 after a hearing or upon
23	the request of a person whose driving privilege has been denied or suspended
24	by issuing a restricted driving permit if:
25	(1) The denial or suspension results in a case of extreme and
26	unusual hardship; and
27	(2) After reviewing the person's driving record for the five (5)
28	years previous to the denial, revocation, or suspension of his or her driving
29	privilege, the office determines that:
30	(A) The person:
31	(i) Is not a multiple traffic law offender; or
32	(ii) Does not present a threat to the general
33	public; and
34	(B) Other adequate means of transportation do not exist
35	for the person except to allow the person to drive in any of the following
36	situations:

1	(i) To and from the person's place of employment;
2	(ii) In the course of the person's employment;
3	(iii) To and from an educational institution for the
4	purpose of attending a class if the person is enrolled and regularly
5	attending a class at the institution;
6	(iv) To and from an alcohol education program or
7	alcoholism treatment program for drunk drivers; or
8	(v) To and from a hospital or clinic for medical
9	treatment or care for an illness, disease, or other medical condition of the
10	person or a family member.
11	(b) The issuance of a restricted driving permit under this section is
12	solely within the discretion of the office.
13	(b) The (c) A restricted driving permit issued under this section
14	shall state the specific times and circumstances under which driving is
15	permitted.
16	(c) The (d) A restricted driving permit issued under this section
17	shall not be granted to $\frac{any}{a}$ person $\frac{whose}{a}$ driving privilege $\frac{was}{a}$ suspended $\frac{or}{a}$
18	<u>revoked</u> for a second or subsequent offense of violating § 5-65-103, § 5-65-
19	205, § 5-65-303, or § 5-65-310 <u>a second or subsequent time within five (5)</u>
20	years of the first offense.
21	
22	5-65-121. Victim impact panel attendance — Fee.
23	(a)(1) A person whose driving privileges are suspended or revoked for
24	violating § 5-65-103, § 5-65-205, § 5-65-303, § 5-65-310, or § 3-3-203 shall
25	attend a victim impact panel sponsored by an organization approved by the
26	Division of Behavioral Health Services of the Department of Human Services.
27	(2) The organization selected by the office division shall be an
28	organization that provides statewide services to victims of drunk driving.
29	(b)(l) The organization approved by the office division may collect a
30	program fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) per enrollee to offset program costs to
31	be remitted to the organization.
32	(2) The organization approved by the office division shall
33	provide proof of attendance and completion to the person required to attend
34	the victim impact panel upon completion of the victim impact panel.

5-65-122. Driving while intoxicated — Sixth or subsequent offense.

2 within ten (10) years of a prior offense is a Class B felony. 3 (2)(A) A person may be sentenced under this section to two (2) 4 years' community service in lieu of imprisonment or fine unless a person 5 under sixteen (16) years of age was in the vehicle at the time of the 6 offense, for which the person may be sentenced under this section to three 7 (3) years' community service in lieu of imprisonment or fine. 8 (B) If the court orders community service under 9 subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section, it shall clearly set forth in written 10 findings the reasons for the order of community service. 11 (b) The following are considered a prior offense for purposes of 12 subsection (a) of this section: 13 (1) A prior conviction for violation of a penal law of another 14 state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction that is equivalent to § 5-65-103; or 15 (2) A prior conviction for violation of § 5-10-105(a)(1)(A) or 16 <del>(B).</del> 17 18 5-65-123. Offenses involving a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition 19 interlock device. (a) A person commits the offense of unlawfully allowing another person 20 to start or attempt to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition 21 22 interlock device if he or she: 23 (1) Has had his or her driving privileges restricted under § 5-24 65-118 and cannot operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 25 that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device; 26 (2) Knowingly solicits or allows a person to start or attempt to 27 start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device; and 28 (3) Has the purpose to operate or be in actual physical control 29 of the motor vehicle. 30 (b) A person commits the offense of unlawfully starting or attempting to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for 31 32 another person if he or she knowingly starts or attempts to start a motor 33 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for another person who is 34 restricted from operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle that does not have a functioning ignition interlock device. 35 36 (c) A person commits the offense of tampering with an ignition

(a)(1) A sixth or subsequent offense of violating § 5-65-103 occurring

T	interlock device if he or she knowingly tampers with or attempts to
2	circumvent the operation of an ignition interlock device that has been
3	installed in a motor vehicle.
4	(d) A person commits the offense of providing a motor vehicle not
5	equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device to another person if he
6	or she:
7	(1) Knowingly provides a motor vehicle not equipped with a
8	functioning ignition interlock device to another person who is restricted
9	from operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle that
10	does not have a functioning ignition interlock device; and
11	(2) Knows or should have known that the other person was
12	restricted from operating or being in actual physical control of a motor
13	vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device.
14	(e) A person who violates this section is upon conviction guilty of a
15	Class A misdemeanor.
16	(f) It is a defense to prosecution under this section if:
17	(1) A person starts or attempts to start a motor vehicle
18	equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of safety or
19	mechanical repair of the ignition interlock device or the motor vehicle and
20	the person subject to the restriction does not operate the motor vehicle; or
21	(2)(A) The court has previously found that a person is required
22	to operate a motor vehicle in the course and scope of his or her employment
23	and, if the motor vehicle is owned by the employer but does not have a
24	functioning ignition interlock device installed, that the person may operate
25	that motor vehicle during regular working hours for the purposes of his or
26	<pre>her employment if:</pre>
27	(i) The employer has been notified of the driving
28	privilege restriction; and
29	(ii) Proof of that notification is with the motor
30	vehicle.
31	(B) However, the defense in subdivision (f)(2)(A) of this
32	section does not apply if:
33	(i) The business entity that owns the motor vehicle
34	is owned or controlled by the person who is prohibited from operating a motor
35	vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device; or
36	(ii) The driving privilege restriction is the result

of the offender's second or subsequent offense.

- SECTION 7. Arkansas Code  $\S$  5-65-202 is amended to read as follows: 5-65-202. Implied consent.
  - (a) Any A person who operates a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle or is in actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle in this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of  $\S$  5-65-203, to one (1) or more chemical tests of his or her blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol or controlled substance content of his or her breath or blood if:
  - (1) The person is arrested for any offense arising out of an act alleged to have been committed while the person was driving or boating while intoxicated or driving or boating while there was an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) or more in the person's breath or blood;
- 16 (2) The person is involved in an accident while operating or in 17 actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor 18 vehicle; or
  - (3) At the time the person is arrested for driving <u>or boating</u> while intoxicated, the law enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe that the person, while operating or in actual physical control of a <u>motorboat on the waters of this state or a</u> motor vehicle, is intoxicated or has an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) or more in the person's breath or blood.
    - (b) Any  $\underline{A}$  person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in a condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (a) of this section, and one (1) or more chemical tests may be administered subject to the provisions of § 5-65-203.

- SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 5-65-203 is amended to read as follows: 5-65-203. Administration of a chemical test.
  - (a) One (1) or more chemical tests authorized in § 5-65-202 shall be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable cause to believe the person to have been operating or in actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated or while there was an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths

- 1 (0.08) or more in the person's breath or blood.
- 2 (b)(1) The law enforcement agency by which the law enforcement officer 3 is employed shall designate which chemical test or chemical tests shall be 4 administered, and the law enforcement agency is responsible for paying any 5 expense incurred in conducting the chemical test or chemical tests.
  - (2) If the person tested requests that additional chemical test or chemical tests be made, as authorized in § 5-65-204(e), the cost of the additional chemical test or chemical tests shall be borne by the person tested, unless the person is found not guilty, in which case the arresting law enforcement agency shall reimburse the person for the cost of the additional chemical test or chemical tests.
  - (3) If  $\frac{any}{a}$  person objects to the taking of his or her blood for a chemical test, as authorized in this chapter, the breath, saliva, or urine of the person may be used for the chemical test.

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- SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 5-65-205 is amended to read as follows: 5-65-205. Refusal to submit to a chemical test.
- 18 (a)(1) If a person under arrest refuses upon the request of a law
  19 enforcement officer to submit to a chemical test designated by the law
  20 enforcement agency, as provided in § 5-65-202;
  - (A) no chemical A chemical test shall not be given, and;
- 22 <u>(B) the The person's motor vehicle operator's license,</u>
  23 <u>permit, or other evidence of driving privilege</u> shall be seized by the law
  24 enforcement officer; and
  - (C) the The law enforcement officer shall immediately deliver to the person from whom the motor vehicle operator's license, permit, or other evidence of driving privilege was seized a temporary driving permit, as provided by under § 5-65-402.
- 29 (2) Refusal to submit to a chemical test under this subsection 30 is a strict liability offense and is a violation pursuant to § 5-1-108.
- 31 (b)(1) The Office of Driver Services shall then proceed to suspend or 32 revoke the driving privilege of the an arrested person who refuses to submit 33 to a chemical test under this subchapter, as provided in § 5-65-402. The 34 suspension shall be as follows:
- 35 (1)(Λ)(i) Suspension for one hundred eighty (180) days for the 36 first offense of refusing to submit to a chemical test of blood, breath,

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    saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol or controlled
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    substance content of the person's blood or breath.
                             (ii)(a) However, if the office allows the issuance
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    of an ignition interlock restricted license under § 5-65-118, the ignition
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    interlock restricted license shall be available immediately.
 6
                                   (b) The ignition interlock restricted license
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    provision of § 5-65-118 does not apply to the suspension under subdivision
    (b)(1)(A)(i) of this section if the person is arrested for an offense of
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9
    operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while
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     intoxicated by the ingestion of or by the use of a controlled substance.
11
                             (iii) The restricted driving permit provision of §
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    5-65-120 does not apply to this suspension.
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                       (B) The office, in addition to any other penalty, shall
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    deny to that person the issuance of an operator's license until that person
15
    has been issued an ignition interlock restricted license for a period of six
16
     (6) months:
17
                (2) Suspension for two (2) years, during which no restricted
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    permit may be issued, for a second offense of refusing to submit to a
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    chemical test of blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of
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    determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance content of the
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    person's blood or breath within five (5) years of the first offense;
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                (3) Revocation for three (3) years, during which no restricted
    permit may be issued, for the third offense of refusing to submit to a
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    chemical test of blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of
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    determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance content of the
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    person's blood or breath within five (5) years of the first offense; and
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                (4) Lifetime revocation, during which no restricted permit may
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    be issued, for the fourth or subsequent offense of refusing to submit to a
    chemical test of blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of
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    determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance content of the
    person's blood or breath within five (5) years of the first offense.
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                (2)(A) A person who refuses to submit to a chemical test of his
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    or her blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the
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    alcohol or controlled substance content of the person's blood or breath shall
    have his or her driving privileges:
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36
                             (i) Suspended for one hundred eighty (180) days for
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1	a first offense;
2	(ii) Suspended for two (2) years for a second
3	offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense;
4	(iii) Revoked for three (3) years for a third
5	offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense; and
6	(iv) Revoked for his or her lifetime for a fourth
7	offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense.
8	(B) The office may issue an ignition interlock restricted
9	license under § 5-65-118 immediately, but only:
10	(i) To a person who is arrested for a first offense
11	under this section; and
12	(ii) When the person is arrested for operating or
13	being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle or motorboat while
14	intoxicated by the ingestion of alcohol.
15	(C) The restricted driving permit provision of § 5-65-120
16	does not apply to a suspension for a first offense under this section.
17	(c) [Repealed.]
18	(d)(c) In order to determine the number of previous offenses to
19	consider when suspending or revoking the arrested person's driving
20	privileges, the <u>The</u> office shall consider as a previous offense any of the
21	following that occurred within the five (5) years immediately before the
22	current offense <u>a previous offense for the purposes of enhancing the</u>
23	administrative penalty under this section:
24	(1) Any $\underline{A}$ conviction for an offense of refusing to submit to a
25	chemical test; and
26	(2) Any $\underline{A}$ suspension or revocation of driving privileges for an
27	arrest for refusing to submit to a chemical test when the person was not
28	subsequently acquitted of the criminal charge.
29	(e) In addition to any other penalty provided for in this section:
30	(1) If the person is a resident without a license or permit to
31	operate a motor vehicle in this state, the office shall deny to that person
32	the issuance of a license or permit for a period of six (6) months for a
33	first offense; and
34	(2) For a second or subsequent offense by a resident without a
35	license or permit to operate a motor vehicle, the office shall deny to that
36	person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of one (1) year.

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           (d) The office shall deny the issuance of a license or permit to
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    operate a motor vehicle to a person who is a resident and who violates this
     section but who does not have a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle,
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    in addition to any other penalty under this section, for the following
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    periods of time:
 6
                 (1) Six (6) months for a first offense; and
 7
                (2) One (1) year for a second or subsequent offense.
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           SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 5-65-206 is amended to read as follows:
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           5-65-206. Evidence in prosecution — Presumptions.
11
           (a) In any criminal prosecution of a person charged with the offense
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    of driving while intoxicated, the amount of alcohol in the defendant's breath
    or blood at the time or within four (4) hours of the alleged offense, as
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14
    shown by chemical analysis of the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other
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    bodily substance gives rise to the following:
16
                (1) If there was at that time an alcohol concentration of four
    hundredths (0.04) or less in the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other
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18
    bodily substance, it is presumed that the defendant was not under the
19
    influence of intoxicating liquor; and
20
                (2) If there was at the time an alcohol concentration in excess
    of four hundredths (0.04) but less than eight hundredths (0.08) by weight of
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22
    alcohol in the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance,
23
    this fact does not give rise to any presumption that the defendant was or was
24
    not under the influence of intoxicating liquor, but this fact may be
25
    considered with other competent evidence in determining the guilt or
26
    innocence of the defendant.
           (a)(l) It is presumed at the trial of a person who is charged with a
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    violation of § 5-65-103 that the person was not intoxicated if the alcohol
28
    concentration of a person's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance
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    is four hundredths (0.04) or less by weight as shown by chemical analysis at
    the time of or within four (4) hours after the alleged offense.
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32
                (2) A presumption does not exist if at the time of the alleged
33
    offense the person has an alcohol concentration of more than four hundredths
34
    (0.04) but less than eight hundredths (0.08) by weight of alcohol in the
     defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance, although this
35
    fact may be considered with other competent evidence in determining the guilt
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or innocence of the defendant.

- (b) The provisions  $\frac{in}{in}$  of subsection (a) of this section shall not  $\frac{be}{eonstrued}$  as  $\frac{limit}{limit}$  the introduction of  $\frac{eonstrue}{eonstrue}$  other relevant evidence  $\frac{bearing}{limit}$  upon the question of  $\frac{eonstrue}{eonstrue}$  whether or not the defendant was intoxicated.
- (c) The chemical analysis referred to in this section shall be made by a method approved by the State Board of Health.
- (d)(1)(A) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a record or report of a certification, rule, evidence analysis, or other document pertaining to work performed by the Office of Alcohol Testing of the Department of Health under the authority of this chapter shall be received as competent evidence as to the matters contained in the record or report in a court of this state, subject to the applicable rules of criminal procedure when duly attested to by the Director of the Office of Alcohol Testing of the Department of Health or his or her assistant, in the form of an original signature or by certification of a copy.
- 17 (B) A document described in subdivision (d)(1)(A) of this
  18 section is self-authenticating.
  - (2) However, the An instrument performing the chemical analysis shall have been duly certified at least one (1) time in the last three (3) months preceding arrest, and the operator of the instrument shall have been properly trained and certified.
  - (3) (A) Nothing in this section is deemed to abrogate a defendant's right to confront the person who performs the calibration test or check on the instrument, the operator of the instrument, or a representative of the office A person charged with violating § 5-65-103 has the right to cross-examine or call as a witness:
  - (i) The person who calibrates the instrument conducting a chemical analysis of the person's bodily substances;
- 30 <u>(ii) The operator of the instrument conducting a</u>
  31 <u>chemical analysis of the person's bodily substances; or</u>
- 32 <u>(iii) A representative of the office</u>.
  - (4)(B)(i) The testimony of the appropriate analyst or official may be compelled by the issuance of a proper subpoena by the party who wishes to call the appropriate analyst or official given ten (10) days prior to the date of hearing or trial, in which case the record or report is

- 1 admissible through the analyst or official, who is subject to cross-
- 2 examination by the defendant or his or her counsel. The prosecuting attorney
- 3 or the defendant may compel the testimony of a person listed in subdivision
- 4 (d)(3)(A) of this section by a subpoena issued to that person at least ten
- 5 (10) days before the date of the hearing or trial.
- 6 (ii) The person whose testimony is compelled shall
- 7 have with him or her the record or report at issue and the record or report
- 8 is admissible at the hearing or trial.
- 9 (e) When a chemical analysis of a defendant's blood, urine, or other
- 10 bodily substance is made by the State Crime Laboratory for the purpose of
- 11 ascertaining the presence of one (1) or more controlled substances or any
- 12 intoxicant, other than alcohol, in any criminal prosecution under § 5-65-103,
- 13 \{\frac{5-65-303}{,}\ \text{ or }\{\frac{5-10-105}{,}\ \text{ the provisions of }\{\frac{12-12-313}{,}\ \text{ govern the}\}
- 14 admissibility of the chemical analysis into evidence rather than the
- 15 provisions of this section The admissibility of a chemical analysis that
- 16 determines the presence in a person's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily
- 17 substance of a controlled substance or other intoxicant that is not alcohol
- 18 <u>is governed by § 12-12-313 when that chemical analysis is performed by the</u>
- 19 State Crime Laboratory and when the chemical analysis is being used in a
- 20 <u>criminal prosecution under § 5-65-103, § 5-65-303, or § 5-10-105</u>.

- 22 SECTION 11. Arkansas Code § 5-65-207 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 5-65-207. Alcohol testing devices.
- 24 (a)(1)  $\frac{Any}{An}$  instrument used to determine the alcohol content of the
- 25 breath for the purpose of determining if the person was operating a motorboat
- 26 on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle while intoxicated or with an
- 27 alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) or more shall be so
- 28 constructed so the analysis:
- 29 (A) that the analysis is made Is made automatically when a
- 30 sample of the person's breath is placed in the instrument; and
- 31 <u>(B)</u> without any Does not require adjustment or other
- 32 action of by the person administering the analysis.
- 33 (2) The instrument shall be so constructed that the alcohol
- 34 content is shown by visible digital display digitally the alcohol content on
- 35 the instrument itself and as well as on an automatic readout printout.
- 36 (b) Any  $\underline{A}$  breath analysis made by or through the use of an instrument

that does not conform to the requirements <del>prescribed in</del> of this section is inadmissible in <del>any</del> a criminal or civil proceeding.

- (c)(1) The State Board of Health may adopt appropriate rules and regulations to carry out the intent and purposes of this section, and.
- (2) only Only instruments approved by the board as meeting the requirements of this section and regulations of the board its own rules shall be used for making the breath analysis for determining alcohol concentration.
- (2)(A)(3)(A) The Department of Health specifically may limit by its rules the types or models of testing devices that may be approved for use in Arkansas for the purposes set forth in under this section.
- 11 (B) The approved types or models shall be specified by manufacturer's name and model.
  - (d) Any  $\underline{A}$  law enforcement agency that conducts alcohol testing shall maintain full compliance comply with this section.

SECTION 12. Arkansas Code § 5-65-208 is amended to read as follows: 5-65-208. Motor vehicle and motorboat accidents — Testing required.

- (a) When the driver of a motor vehicle <u>or operator of a motorboat on</u> the waters of this state is involved in an accident resulting in loss of human life or when there is reason to believe death may result, <u>in addition</u> to a penalty established elsewhere under state law, a chemical test of the driver's <u>or operator's</u> blood, breath, saliva, or urine shall be administered to the driver <u>or operator</u>, even if <u>he or she is</u> fatally injured, to determine the presence of and percentage of alcohol concentration or the presence of a controlled substance, or both, in the driver's <u>or operator's</u> body.
- (b)(1) The law enforcement agency that investigates an accident described in subsection (a) of this section, the physician in attendance, or any other person designated by state law shall order the  $\underline{A}$  chemical test under this section shall be ordered as soon as practicable by one (1) of the following persons or agencies:
  - (A) The law enforcement agency investigating the accident;
    - (B) The physician in attendance; or
- (C) Other person designated by state law.
- (2)(A) The person who conducts the chemical test under subsection (a) of this section of the driver's or operator's blood, breath, saliva, or urine under this section shall forward the results of the chemical

2	establish and maintain the results of the chemical tests required by
3	subsection (a) of this section in a database.
4	(B) The information in the database shall reflect the
5	number of fatal motor vehicle accidents in which:
6	(i) Alcohol was found to be a factor, with including
7	the percentage of alcohol concentration involved;
8	(ii) Controlled substances were found to be a
9	factor, listing the class of controlled substances so found and their amounts
10	including a list of the controlled substances found, the specific class of
11	the controlled substance, and the amount; and
12	(iii) Both alcohol and $\underline{a}$ controlled substances were
13	$\underline{\text{substance were}}$ found to be factors, $\underline{\text{with}}$ $\underline{\text{including}}$ the percentage of alcohol
14	concentration involved, and listing the class of as well as a list of the
15	controlled substances so substances found and their amounts the amount.
16	(c) The $\frac{results}{result}$ of $\frac{the}{t}$ a chemical $\frac{tests}{t}$ required by this
17	section shall be reported to the department and may be used by state and
18	local officials for:
19	(1) statistical Statistical purposes that do not reveal the
20	identity of the deceased person; or
21	(2) for any Any law enforcement purpose, including prosecution
22	for the violation of any law.
23	
24	SECTION 13. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 65, Subchapter 3, is
25	amended to read as follows:
26	
27	Subchapter 3 — Underage Driving or Boating Under the Influence Law
28	
29	5-65-301. Title.
30	This subchapter may be known and cited as the "Underage Driving <u>or</u>
31	Boating Under the Influence Law" or the "Underage DUI or BUI Law".
32	
33	5-65-302. Definitions.
34	As used in this subchapter:
35	(1) "Influence" means being controlled or affected by the
26	incretion of an alashalia becomes an aimilar intervient or any combination

test to the Department of Arkansas State Police, and the department shall

- 1 of an alcoholic beverage or similar intoxicant, to such a degree that the
- 2 driver's reactions, motor skills, and judgment are altered or diminished,
- 3 even to the slightest scale, and the underage driver, therefore, due to
- 4 inexperience and lack of skill, constitutes a danger of physical injury or
- 5 death to himself or herself and other motorists or pedestrians; and
- 6 (2) "Underage" means any person who is under twenty-one (21)
- 7 years of age and therefore may not legally consume alcoholic beverages in
- 8 Arkansas.

- 10 5-65-303. Conduct proscribed Driving or boating under the influence
  11 while underage.
- 12 (a) It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this subchapter for 13 any underage person to operate or be in actual physical control of a motor
- 14 vehicle while under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or similar
- 15 intoxicant.
- 16 (b) It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this subchapter for
- 17 any underage person to operate or be in actual physical control of a motor
- 18 vehicle if at that time there was an alcohol concentration of two-hundredths
- 19 (0.02) but less than eight-hundredths (0.08) in the underage person's breath
- 20 or blood as determined by a chemical test of the underage person's blood or
- 21 breath or other bodily substance.
- 22 (a) A person commits the offense of driving or boating under the
- 23 influence while underage if he or she is underage and operates or is in
- 24 <u>actual physical control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor</u>
- 25 <u>vehicle while:</u>
- 26 <u>(1) Under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or similar</u>
- 27 <u>intoxicant; or</u>
- 28 (2) At that time there was an alcohol concentration of two-
- 29 <u>hundredths (0.02) but less than eight-hundredths (0.08) in his or her breath,</u>
- 30 blood, urine, or saliva as determined by a chemical test.
- 31 (b) A violation of this section is an unclassified misdemeanor with
- 32 penalties as prescribed by this subchapter.

- 34 5-65-304. Seizure, suspension, and revocation of license Temporary
- 35 permits.
- 36 (a) At the time of arrest for violating § 5-65-303, the arresting law

1 enforcement officer shall seize the motor vehicle operator's license of the 2 underage person arrested and underage person's motor vehicle operator's 3 license, permit, or other evidence of driving privilege and issue to the 4 underage person a temporary driving permit as provided by § 5-65-402. (b)(1) The As provided by § 5-65-402, the Office of Driver Services 5 6 shall: 7 (A) suspend Suspend or revoke the driving privileges of 8 the arrested underage person under the provisions of § 5-65-402; and 9 (B) the arrested underage person shall have the same 10 Provide the arrested underage person the right to hearing and judicial review 11 as provided under § 5-65-402. 12 The suspension or revocation shall be office shall suspend 13 or revoke the underage person's driving privilege for violating § 5-65-303 as 14 follows: 15 (A) Suspension Suspend the driving privilege for ninety 16 (90) days for the a first offense of violating § 5-65-303; 17 (B) Suspension Suspend the driving privilege for one (1) 18 year for the a second offense of violating \$ 5-65-303 occurring while the 19 person is underage; and 20 (C)(i) Revocation for the Revoke the driving privilege for 21 a third or subsequent offense of violating § 5-65-303 occurring while the 22 person is underage. 23 (ii) Revocation is A revocation issued under 24 subdivision (b)(2)(C) continues until the underage person reaches twenty-one 25 (21) years of age or for a period of three (3) years, whichever is longer. (c) In order to determine the number of previous offenses to consider 26 27 when suspending or revoking the arrested underage person's driving 28 privileges, the office shall consider as a previous offense Either of the 29 following are considered a previous offense by the office under this section: 30 (1) Any  $\underline{A}$  conviction for violating § 5-65-103 or § 5-65-303; and 31 Any A suspension or revocation of driving privileges for an (2) 32 arrest for a violation of § 5-65-103 or § 5-65-303 when the person was not subsequently acquitted of the criminal charge. 33 (d)(1)(A)(i) The office shall charge a fee to be calculated as 34 provided under subdivision (d)(2)(B) of this section for reinstating a 35

driver's license suspended because of a violation of § 5-65-303 or § 5-65-

1	310.
2	(ii) Forty percent (40%) of the revenues derived
3	from this fee shall be deposited into the State Treasury as special revenues
4	and credited to the Public Health Fund to be used exclusively for the Blood
5	Alcohol Program of the Department of Health.
6	(B) The reinstatement fee is calculated by multiplying
7	twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) by each separate occurrence of an offenses
8	resulting in an administrative suspension order under § 5-65-303 unless the
9	administrative suspension order has been removed because:
10	(i) The person has been found not guilty of the
11	offense by a circuit court or district court; or
12	(ii) A de novo review of the administrative
13	suspension order by the office results in the removal.
14	(C) The fee under this section is supplemental to and in
15	addition to any fee imposed under § 5-65-119, § 5-65-310, § 27-16-508, or §
16	<del>27-16-808.</del>
17	(2) As used in this subsection, "occurrence" means each separate
18	ealendar date when an offense or offenses take place.
19	(d)(1)(A) A driving privilege that is suspended under this section may
20	be reinstated by the office upon payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars
21	(\$25.00) for each occurrence of an offense that resulted in an order of
22	administrative suspension under § 5-65-303.
23	(B) As used in this subsection, "occurrence" means each
24	separate calendar date when an offense or offenses take place.
25	(2) The fee under this subsection is not required when an
26	administrative suspension order has been removed because:
27	(A) The person has been found not guilty of the offense by
28	a circuit court or district court; or
29	(B) A de novo review of the administrative suspension
30	order by the office resulted in the removal.
31	(3) Forty percent (40%) of the revenues derived from the fee
32	under this subsection shall be deposited into the State Treasury as special
33	revenues and credited to the Public Health Fund to be used exclusively for
34	the Blood Alcohol Program of the Department of Health.
35	(4) The fee under this subsection is supplemental to and in
36	addition to any fee imposed under \$ 5-65-110 \$ 5-65-310 \$ 27-16-508 or \$

1 27-16-808.

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- 5-65-305. Fines.
- 4 (a) Any  $\underline{A}$  person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found 5 guilty of violating § 5-65-303 or § 5-65-310 shall be fined:
- 6 (1) No Not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and not more
  7 than five hundred dollars (\$500) for the a first offense;
- 8 (2) No Not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) and not more
  9 than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the <u>a</u> second offense occurring
  10 underage; and
- 11 (3) No Not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and not more
  12 than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the <u>a</u> third or subsequent offense
  13 occurring underage.
- (b)(1) For the purpose of determining an underage a person's fine
  under this subchapter section, an underage person who has one (1) or more

  previous convictions or suspensions a conviction or suspension for a

  violation of violating § 5-65-103 or § 5-65-205 is deemed to have a

  conviction for a violation of this subchapter for each conviction for driving
  while intoxicated may be considered a previous offense.
  - (2) However, a conviction or suspension for § 5-65-103 or § 5-65-205 is considered only one (1) previous offense if the conviction or suspension arose out of the same criminal offense.

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- 5-65-306. Public service work.
  - (a) Any underage  $\underline{A}$  person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating § 5-65-303 or § 5-65-310 shall be ordered by the court to perform public service work of the type and for the duration as deemed appropriate by at the discretion of the court.
- 29 (b) The period of community public service work shall be for not less 30 than:
- 31 (1) No less than thirty Thirty (30) days for a second offense of violating 5-65-303; and
- 33 (2) No less than sixty  $\underline{\text{Sixty}}$  (60) days for a third or subsequent 34 offense of violating  $\S$  5-65-303.

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5-65-307. Alcohol and driving education program.

- (a)(1)(A) Any  $\underline{A}$  person who has his or her driving privileges suspended, revoked, or denied for violating § 3-3-203, § 5-65-310, or § 5-65-303 is required to complete an alcohol and driving education program for underage drivers as prescribed and approved by the Division of Behavioral Health Services or an alcoholism treatment program licensed by the Division of Behavioral Health Services, or both, in addition to any other penalty provided in this chapter.
- (B) If during the period of suspension or revocation in subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section the underage person commits an additional violation of § 3-3-203 or § 5-65-303, the underage  $\underline{A}$  person who subsequently violates § 3-3-203 or § 5-65-303 while his or her driving privileges are suspended or revoked for violating § 3-3-203 or § 5-65-303 is also required to complete an approved alcohol and driving education program or alcoholism treatment program for each additional violation.
- (2) The Division of Behavioral Health Services shall approve only those programs in alcohol and driving education that are targeted at the underage driving group and are intended to intervene and prevent repeat occurrences of driving under the influence or driving while intoxicated.
- (3)(A)(i) The alcohol and driving education program may collect a program fee of up to one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per enrollee to offset program costs.
- (ii) An underage  $\underline{A}$  person ordered to complete an alcohol and driving education program or an alcoholism treatment program under this section may be required to pay, in addition to the costs collected for the program, a fee of up to twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) to offset the additional costs associated with reporting requirements under this subchapter in addition to the costs collected for the program.
- (B) An approved alcohol and driving education program shall report monthly to the Division of Behavioral Health Services all revenue derived from these fees.
- (b) Prior to reinstatement of a driver's license suspended or revoked under this subchapter, the driver The person shall furnish proof of attendance at and completion of the alcohol and driving education program or alcoholism treatment program required under subdivision (a)(1) of this section prior to reinstatement of his or her driving privilege.
  - (c) The Division of Behavioral Health Services may promulgate rules

- reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this section regarding the approval and monitoring of the alcohol and driving education programs.
- 3 (d)(1)(A) A person whose <u>license</u> <u>driving privilege</u> is suspended or 4 revoked for violating § 5-65-303 or § 5-65-310 shall:
- 5 (i) Both:
- 6 (a) Furnish proof of attendance at and
- 7 completion of the alcohol and driving education program or alcoholism
- 8 treatment program required under subdivision (a)(1) of this section and at a
- 9 victim impact panel as provided in § 5-65-121 before reinstatement of his or
- 10 her suspended or revoked driver's license driving privilege; and
- 11 (b) Pay any fee for reinstatement required
- 12 under § 5-65-119, § 5-65-304, or § 5-65-121; or
- 13 (ii) Furnish proof of dismissal or acquittal of the
- 14 charge on which the suspension or revocation is based.
- 15 (B) An application for reinstatement shall be made to the
- 16 Office of Driver Services.
- 17 (2) Even if a person has filed a de novo petition for review
- 18 pursuant to under § 5-65-402, the person is entitled to reinstatement of
- 19 driving privileges upon complying with this subsection and is not required to
- 20 postpone reinstatement until the disposition of the de novo review in circuit
- 21 court has occurred.
- 22 (3)(A) A person whose driving privilege is suspended under this
- 23 subchapter may enroll in an alcohol education program prior to disposition of
- 24 the offense by the circuit court, or district court, or city court, but is
- 25 not entitled to  $\frac{any}{a}$  refund of fees paid if the charges are dismissed or if
- 26 the person is acquitted of the charges.
- 27 (B) A person who enrolls in an alcohol education program
- 28 is not entitled to any refund of fees paid if the person is subsequently
- 29 acquitted.

- 30 (e) Any An alcohol and driving education program required by this
- 31 <u>section</u> shall remit the fees imposed under this section to the Division of
- 32 Behavioral Health Services.
- 34 5-65-308. No probation prior to adjudication of guilt.
- 35 (a)(1) Section 16-93-301 et seq. allows a circuit court judge,
- 36 district court judge, or city court judge to place on probation a first

- 1 offender who plead guilty or nolo contendere prior to an adjudication of 2 guilt, and upon successful completion of probation, the circuit court judge, district court judge, or city court judge may discharge the accused without a 3 4 court adjudication of guilt and expunge the record. 5 (2)(A) No circuit court judge, district court judge, or city 6 court judge may utilize the provisions of § 16-93-301 et seq. in an instance 7 in which an underage person is charged with violating § 5-65-303. (B) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 5-4-301, § 5-4-8 9 322, or subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section, in addition to the mandatory penalties required for a violation of § 5-65-303 a circuit court judge, 10 11 district court judge, or city court judge may utilize probationary 12 supervision solely for the purpose of monitoring compliance with his or her 13 orders and require an offender to pay a reasonable fee in an amount to be 14 established by the circuit court judge, district court judge, or city court 15 judge. 16 (a) A circuit court judge, or district court judge may not utilize the 17 first-time offender probation provisions under § 16-93-301 et seq. when the defendant is charged with violating § 5-65-303. 18 19 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 5-4-301, § 5-4-322, or this 20 section, a circuit court judge or district court judge may: 21 (1) Utilize probationary supervision, in addition to the 22 mandatory penalties required for a violation of § 5-65-303, solely for the 23 purpose of monitoring compliance with his or her orders; and 24 (2) Require a defendant to pay a reasonable fee in an amount to be established by the circuit court judge or district court judge. 25 26 (b) Any magistrate or judge of a court shall keep or cause to be kept 27 a record of any violation of this subchapter presented to that court and 28 shall keep a record of any official action by that court in reference to the 29 violation of this subchapter, including, but not limited to, a record of any 30 finding of guilt, plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or judgment of acquittal, and the amount of fine and other sentence. 31 32 (c) The court shall keep or cause to be kept a record of all official 33 actions that are the result of a violation of this subchapter, including
  - (1) The ultimate resolution of the case; and

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without limitation:

(2) The sentence and fine, if applicable.

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           (c) Within thirty (30) days after sentencing a person who has been
     found guilty or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere on a charge of violating
 2
     any provision of this subchapter, any magistrate of the
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           (d)(1) The court or clerk of the court shall prepare and immediately
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     forward to the Office of Driver Services within five (5) business days after
 6
     the sentencing of a person who has been found guilty or pleaded guilty or
 7
     nolo contendere to, a violation of this subchapter, an abstract of the record
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     of the court covering the case in which the person was found guilty or
9
     pleaded guilty or nolo contendere, and the abstract shall be certified by the
10
     person so required to prepare it to be true and correct.
11
                 (2) The abstract shall be:
12
                       (A) Certified by the person required to prepare it to be
13
     true and correct; and
14
                       (d) The abstract shall be made (B) Made upon a form
15
     furnished by the office and shall include:
16
                             (1)(i) The name and address of the party person
17
     charged;
18
                             \frac{(2)(ii)}{(ii)} The number, if any, of the driver's license
19
     of the party person charged;
20
                             (3)(iii) The registration number of the motor
21
     vehicle or motorboat involved;
22
                             (4)(iv) The date of hearing;
23
                             (5)(v) The plea;
24
                             (6)(vi) The judgment; and
25
                             (7)(vii) The amount of the fine and other sentence,
26
     as the case may be.
27
28
           5-65-309. Implied consent.
29
           (a) Any An underage person who operates a motorboat on the waters of
30
     this state or a motor vehicle or is in actual physical control of a motor
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     vehicle or motorboat in this state is deemed to have given consent, subject
32
     to the provisions of § 5-65-203, to a chemical test of his or her blood,
     breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol
33
34
     concentration or controlled substance content of his or her breath or blood
35
     if:
36
                      The underage person is arrested for any offense arising out
                 (1)
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- 1 of an act alleged to have been committed while the underage person was
- 2 driving or boating while under the influence or driving or boating while
- 3 there was an alcohol concentration of two-hundredths (0.02) but less than
- 4 eight-hundredths (0.08) in his or her breath, or blood, saliva, or urine;
- 5 (2) The underage person is involved in an accident while
- 6 operating or in actual physical control of a  $\underline{\text{motorboat}}$  on the waters of this
- 7 <u>state or a</u> motor vehicle; or
- 8 (3) The underage person is stopped by a law enforcement officer
- 9 who has reasonable cause to believe that the underage person, while operating
- 10 or in actual physical control of a  $\underline{\text{motorboat}}$  on the waters of this state or a
- 11 motor vehicle, is under the influence or has an alcohol concentration of two-
- 12 hundredths (0.02) but less than eight-hundredths (0.08) in his or her breath
- 13 or blood.
- 14 (b) Any An underage person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in a
- 15 condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal is deemed not to have
- 16 withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (a) of this section, and a
- 17 chemical test may be administered subject to the provisions of § 5-65-203.
- 18
- 19 5-65-310. Refusal to submit to a chemical test.
- 20 (a)(1) If an underage person under arrest refuses upon the request of
- 21 a law enforcement officer to submit to a chemical test designated by the law
- 22 enforcement agency, as provided  $\underline{\text{for}}$  in § 5-65-309,:
- 23 (A) no chemical A chemical test shall not be given, and;
- 24 <u>(B)</u> the underage person's The underage person's driver's
- 25 license, driver's permit, or other evidence of driving privilege shall be
- 26 seized by the law enforcement officer; and
- 27 (C) the The law enforcement officer shall immediately
- 28 deliver to the underage person from whom the driver's license, driver's
- 29 permit, or other evidence of driving privilege was seized a temporary driving
- 30 permit, as provided by \$5-65-402.
- 31 (2) Refusal to submit to a chemical test under this subsection
- 32 is a strict liability offense and is a violation pursuant to § 5-1-108.
- 33 (b)(1) The Office of Driver Services shall suspend or revoke the
- 34 driving privileges of *the* an arrested underage person who refuses to submit
- 35 to a chemical test under this subchapter under § 5-65-402.
- 36 (2) The office shall suspend the person's driving privileges as

1	follows:
2	(A) Suspension for ninety (90) days for a first offense
3	under this section;
4	(B) Suspension for one (1) year for a second offense under
5	this section; and
6	(C)(i) Revocation for the third or subsequent offense
7	occurring while the person is underage.
8	(A) Suspension for ninety (90) days for a first offense;
9	(B) Suspension for one (1) year for a second offense; and
10	(C) Revocation for a third or subsequent offense.
11	(2) Revocation is A revocation issued under this subsection
12	continues until the underage person reaches twenty-one (21) years of age or
13	for a period of three (3) years, whichever is longer.
14	(c) In order to determine the number of previous offenses to consider
15	when suspending or revoking the arrested underage person's driving
16	privileges, the office shall consider as a previous offense:
17	(1) Any $\underline{A}$ conviction for violating § 5-65-310; and
18	(2) Any $\underline{A}$ suspension or revocation of driving privileges for an
19	arrest for a violation of $\S$ 5-65-310 when the person was not subsequently
20	acquitted of the criminal charge.
21	(d) In addition to any other penalty provided for in this section, if
22	the underage person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a
23	motor vehicle in this state:
24	(1) The office shall deny to that underage person the issuance
25	of a license or permit for a period of six (6) months for a first offense;
26	<del>and</del>
27	(2) For a second or subsequent offense by an underage resident
28	without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle, the office shall deny
29	to that underage person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of
30	one (1) year.
31	(d) The office shall deny the issuance of a license or permit to
32	operate a motor vehicle to an underage person who is a resident and who
33	violates this section but who does not have a license or permit to operate a
34	motor vehicle, in addition to any other penalty under this section, for the
35	following periods of time:
36	(1) Six (6) months for a first offense; and

1	(2) One (1) year for a second or subsequent offense.
2	(e) When an underage nonresident's driving privilege to operate a
3	motor vehicle in this state has been suspended under this section, the office
4	shall notify the office entity of issuance of that underage person's
5	nonresident motor vehicle <del>license</del> driving privilege of action taken by the
6	office.
7	(f)(1)(A) The office shall charge a reinstatement fee to be calculated
8	as provided under subdivision (f)(l)(B) of this section for reinstating a
9	driver's license suspended or revoked for a violation of this section.
10	(B) The reinstatement fee is calculated by multiplying
11	twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) by the number of offenses resulting in an
12	administrative suspension order under § 5-65-310 unless the administrative
13	suspension order has been removed because:
14	(i) The person has been found not guilty of the
15	offense by a circuit court or district court; or
16	(ii) The office has entered an administrative
17	suspension order.
18	(C) The fee under subdivision (f)(1)(A) of this section is
19	supplemental to and in addition to any fee imposed by § 5-65-119, § 5-65-304,
20	<del>§ 27-16-508, or § 27-16-808.</del>
21	(2) Forty percent (40%) of the revenues derived from the
22	reinstatement fee under this subsection shall be deposited into the State
23	Treasury as special revenues and credited to the Public Health Fund to be
24	used exclusively for the Blood Alcohol Program of the Department of Health.
25	(f)(l)(A) A driving privilege that is suspended under this section may
26	be reinstated by the office upon payment of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for
27	each occurrence of an offense that resulted in an order of administrative
28	suspension under § 5-65-310.
29	(B) As used in this subsection, "occurrence" means each
30	separate calendar date when an offense or offenses take place.
31	(2) The fee under this subsection is not required when an
32	administrative suspension order has been removed because:
33	(A) The person has been found not guilty of the offense by
34	a circuit court or district court; or
35	(B) A de novo review of the administrative suspension
36	order by the office resulted in the removal.

1 (3) Forty percent (40%) of the revenues derived from the fee 2 under this subsection shall be deposited into the State Treasury as special 3 revenues and credited to the Public Health Fund to be used exclusively for 4 the Blood Alcohol Program of the Department of Health. 5 (4) The fee under this subsection is supplemental to and in 6 addition to any fee imposed under § 5-65-119, § 5-65-304, § 27-16-508, or § 7 27-16-808. 8 9 5-65-311. Relationship to other laws. 10 (a) A penalty prescribed in under this subchapter for underage driving 11 under the influence violating § 5-65-303 is in addition to any other penalty 12 penalties prescribed by law for the offense under another law of the State of 13 Arkansas. 14 (b) For the purposes of this subchapter, there is no 15 presumption, as there is found in § 5-65-206, under this subchapter that an 16 underage person is not under the influence of an intoxicating substance, such 17 as alcohol or a similar intoxicant, if the underage person's alcohol 18 concentration is four hundredths (0.04) or less. 19 (c) The following are the same for a chemical test or instrument used 20 aspects of the chemical test or instrument for testing breath or blood 21 alcohol concentration under the Omnibus DWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq this 22 chapter may be used in the same manner for an offense under this subchapter: 23 (1) The administration of a chemical test for breath or blood 24 alcohol; 25 (2) The instrument used to administer the chemical test; 26 (3) The procedure used to calibrate and maintain the instrument; 27 and 28 (4) The use of the chemical test results as evidence. 29 (d) If there is evidence of an alcohol concentration of more than four hundredths (0.04) but less than eight hundredths (0.08) in an underage 30 person's blood, breath, or other bodily substance, this fact does not 31 preclude the underage person from being prosecuted for driving while 32 intoxicated under the Omnibus DWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq. 33 34 SECTION 14. Arkansas Code § 5-65-402 is amended to read as follows: 35

5-65-402. Surrender of license or permit to arresting officer.

- 1 (a)(1)(A) At the time of arrest for violating  $\S 3-3-203(a)$ ,  $\S 5-27-$
- 2 503(a)(3), § 5-65-103, § 5-65-205, § 5-65-303, § 5-65-310, § 27-23-114(a)(1),
- 3 § 27-23-114(a)(2), or § 27-23-114(a)(5), the arrested person shall
- 4 immediately surrender his or her license, permit, or other evidence of
- 5 driving privilege to the arresting law enforcement officer.
- 6 (B) The arresting law enforcement officer shall seize the
- 7 license, permit, or other evidence of driving privilege surrendered by the
- 8 arrested person or found on the arrested person during a search.
- 9 (C)(i) If a juvenile, as defined in the Arkansas Juvenile
- 10 Code of 1989, § 9-27-301 et seq., is arrested for violating § 3-3-203(a) or §
- 11 5-27-503(a)(3), the arresting officer shall issue the juvenile a citation to
- 12 appear for a juvenile intake with a juvenile intake officer.
- 13 (ii) The arresting officer shall forward a copy of
- 14 the citation and the license, permit, or other evidence of the driving
- 15 privilege to the juvenile office before the scheduled juvenile intake.
- 16 (iii) Juveniles subject to the jurisdiction of the
- circuit court under the Arkansas Juvenile Code of 1989, § 9-27-301 et seq.,
- 18 shall not be subject to this section, except as provided in this subdivision
- 19 (a)(1).
- 20 (2)(A)(i) If the license, permit, or other evidence of driving
- 21 privilege seized by the arresting law enforcement officer has not expired and
- 22 otherwise appears valid to the arresting law enforcement officer, the
- 23 arresting law enforcement officer shall issue to the arrested person a dated
- 24 receipt for that license, permit, or other evidence of driving privilege on a
- 25 form prescribed by the Office of Driver Services.
- 26 (ii) This receipt shall be recognized as a license
- 27 and authorizes the arrested person to operate a motor vehicle for a period
- 28 not to exceed thirty (30) days.
- 29 (B)(i) The receipt form shall contain and shall constitute
- 30 a notice of suspension, disqualification, or revocation of driving privileges
- 31 by the office, effective in thirty (30) days, notice of the right to a
- 32 hearing within twenty (20) days, and if a hearing is to be requested, as
- 33 notice that the hearing request is required to be made within seven (7)
- 34 calendar days of the notice being given.
- 35 (ii) The receipt <u>form</u> shall also contain phone
- 36 numbers and the address of the office and inform the driver of the procedure

- 1 for requesting a hearing.
- 2 (C) If the office is unable to conduct a hearing within
- 3 the twenty-day period, a temporary permit shall be issued and is valid until
- 4 the date of the hearing.
- 5 (D)(i) The seized license, permit, or other evidence of
- 6 driving privilege and a copy of the receipt form issued to the arrested
- 7 person shall be attached to the sworn report of the arresting law enforcement
- 8 officer and shall be submitted by mail or in person to the office or its
- 9 designated representative within seven (7) days of the issuance of the
- 10 receipt.
- 11 (ii) The failure of the arresting law enforcement
- 12 officer to timely file the sworn report does not affect the authority of the
- 13 office to suspend, disqualify, or revoke the driving privilege of the
- 14 arrested person.
- 15 (3)(A) Any notice from the office required under this subchapter
- 16 that is not personally delivered shall be sent by certified mail and is
- 17 deemed to have been delivered on the date when postmarked and shall be sent
- 18 to the last known address on file with the office.
- 19 (B) Refusal of the addressee to accept delivery or
- 20 attempted delivery of the notice at the address obtained by the arresting law
- 21 enforcement officer or on file with the office does not constitute nonreceipt
- 22 of notice.
- 23 (C) For any notice that is personally delivered, the
- 24 person shall be asked to sign a receipt acknowledging that he or she received
- 25 the required notice.
- 26 (4)(A) The office or its designated official shall suspend,
- 27 revoke, or disqualify the driving privilege of an arrested person or any
- 28 nonresident driving privilege of an arrested person when it receives a sworn
- 29 report from the arresting law enforcement officer that he or she had
- 30 reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person:
- 31 (i) Was under twenty-one (21) years of age and
- 32 purchased or was in possession of intoxicating liquor, wine, or beer in
- 33 violation of § 3-3-203(a);
- 34 (ii) Was under twenty-one (21) years of age and
- 35 attempted to purchase an alcoholic beverage or use a fraudulent or altered
- 36 personal identification document for the purpose of purchasing an alcoholic

1 beverage illegally or other material or substance restricted to adult 2 purchase or possession under existing law in violation of § 5-27-503(a)(3); 3 4 (iii) Had been operating or was in actual physical 5 control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle in 6 violation of  $\S 5-65-103$ ,  $\S 5-65-303$ ,  $\S 27-23-114(a)(1)$ , or  $\S 27-23-114(a)(2)$ 7 and the sworn report is accompanied by: 8 (a) A written chemical test report or a sworn 9 report that the arrested person was operating or in actual physical control 10 of a motorboat on the waters of this state or motor vehicle in violation of § 11 5-65-103, § 5-65-303, or § 27-23-114; or 12 (b) A sworn report that the arrested person 13 refused to submit to a chemical test of blood, breath, saliva, or urine for 14 the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance 15 content of the arrested person's breath or blood in violation of § 5-65-205, 16 5-65-310, or 27-23-114(a)(5). 17 The suspension, disqualification, or revocation shall (B) 18 be based as follows: 19 (i) The driving privileges of  $\frac{any}{a}$  person violating 20 § 5-65-103 shall be suspended or revoked as provided by § 5-65-104; 21 The driving privileges of any a person 22 violating § 5-65-205(a) shall be suspended or revoked as provided by § 5-65-23 205(b); 24 (iii) The driving privileges of any a person 25 violating § 5-65-303 shall be suspended or revoked as provided by § 5-65-26 304(b); 27 The driving privileges of any a person 28 violating § 5-65-310(a) shall be suspended or revoked as provided by § 5-65-29 310(b); 30 (v) The driving privileges of  $\frac{any}{a}$  person violating 31 § 27-23-114(a)(1) or § 27-23-114(a)(2) shall be disqualified as provided by § 32 27-23-112; 33 (vi) The driving privileges of  $\frac{any}{a}$  person 34 violating § 27-23-114(a)(5) shall be disqualified as provided by § 27-23-112; 35 (vii) The driving privileges of any a person

violating § 3-3-203(a) shall be suspended, revoked, or disqualified as

- 1 provided by § 3-3-203(e); and
- 2 (viii) The driving privileges of any a person
- 3 violating § 5-27-503(a)(3) shall be suspended, revoked, or disqualified as
- 4 provided by § 5-27-503(d).
- 5 (5) In addition to any other penalty provided for in this
- 6 section, if the arrested person is a resident without a license or permit to
- 7 operate a motor vehicle in this state:
- 8 (A) The office shall deny to that arrested person the
- 9 issuance of a license or permit for a period of six (6) months for a first
- 10 offense; and
- 11 (B) For a second or subsequent offense by a resident
- 12 without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle, the office shall deny
- 13 to that arrested person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of
- 14 one (1) year.
- 15 (6)(A)(i) If the arrested person is a nonresident, the arrested
- 16 person's <u>driving</u> privilege <del>to operate a motor vehicle</del> in Arkansas shall be
- 17 suspended in the same manner as that of a resident.
- 18 (ii) The office shall notify the office that issued
- 19 the nonresident's motor vehicle license driving privilege of the action taken
- 20 by the office.
- 21 (B) When the arrested person is a nonresident without a
- 22 license or permit to operate a motor vehicle, the office shall notify the
- 23 office of issuance for that arrested person's state of residence of action
- 24 taken by the office.
- 25 (7)(A) Upon the written request of a person whose <u>driving</u>
- 26 privilege to drive has been revoked, denied, disqualified, or suspended, or
- 27 who has received a notice of revocation, suspension, disqualification, or
- 28 denial by the arresting law enforcement officer, the office shall grant the
- 29 person an opportunity to be heard if the request is received by the office
- 30 within seven (7) calendar days after the notice of the revocation,
- 31 suspension, disqualification, or denial is given in accordance with this
- 32 section or as otherwise provided in this chapter.
- 33 (B) A request described in subdivision (a)(7)(A) of this
- 34 section does not operate to stay the revocation, suspension,
- 35 disqualification, or denial by the office until the disposition of the
- 36 hearing.

- 1 (8)(A) The hearing shall be before the office or its authorized 2 agent, in the office of the Revenue Division of the Department of Finance and 3 Administration nearest the county where the alleged event occurred for which 4 the person was arrested, unless the office or its authorized agent and the 5 arrested person agree otherwise to the hearing's being held in some other 6 county or that the office or its authorized agent may schedule the hearing or 7 any part of the hearing by telephone and conduct the hearing by telephone 8 conference call. 9 (B) The hearing shall not be recorded. 10 (C) At the hearing, the burden of proof is on the state 11 and the decision shall be based on a preponderance of the evidence. 12 (D) The scope of the hearing shall cover the issues of 13 whether the arresting law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to 14 believe that the person: 15 (i) Had been operating or was in actual physical 16 control of a motorboat on the waters of this state or a motor vehicle or 17 commercial motor vehicle while: 18 (a) Intoxicated or impaired; 19 The person's blood alcohol concentration 20 measured by weight of alcohol in the person's blood was equal to or greater 21 than the blood alcohol concentration prohibited by \$ 5-65-103(b) \$ 5-65-22 103(a)(2); 23 (c) The blood alcohol concentration of a 24 person under twenty-one (21) years of age was equal to or greater than the 25 blood alcohol concentration prohibited by § 5-65-303; or (d) The person's blood alcohol concentration
- 26
- 27 measured by weight of alcohol in the person's blood was equal to or greater
- 28 than the blood alcohol concentration prohibited by § 27-23-114;
- 29 (ii) Refused to submit to a chemical test of the
- 30 blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol
- 31 concentration or controlled substance contents of the person's breath or
- 32 blood and whether the person was placed under arrest;
- 33 (iii) Was under twenty-one (21) years of age and
- 34 purchased or was in possession of any intoxicating liquor, wine, or beer; or
- 35 (iv) Was under twenty-one (21) years of age and
- 36 attempted to purchase an alcoholic beverage or use a fraudulent or altered

- l personal identification document for the purpose of purchasing an alcoholic
- 2 beverage illegally or other material or substance restricted to adult
- 3 purchase or possession under existing law.
- 4 (E)(i) The office or its agent at the hearing shall
- 5 consider any document submitted to the office by the arresting law
- 6 enforcement agency, document submitted by the arrested person, and the
- 7 statement of the arrested person.
- 8 (ii) The office shall not have the power to compel
- 9 the production of documents or the attendance of witnesses.
- 10 (F)(i) If the revocation, suspension, disqualification, or
- ll denial is based upon a chemical test result indicating that the arrested
- $12\,$   $\,$  person was intoxicated or impaired and a sworn report from the arresting law
- 13 enforcement officer, the scope of the hearing shall also cover the issues as
- 14 to whether:
- 15 (a) The arrested person was advised that his
- 16 or her privilege to drive would be revoked, disqualified, suspended, or
- 17 denied if the chemical test result reflected an alcohol concentration equal
- 18 to or in excess of the amount by weight of blood provided by law or the
- 19 presence of other intoxicating substances;
- 20 (b) The breath, blood, saliva, or urine
- 21 specimen was obtained from the arrested person within the established and
- 22 certified criteria of the Department of Health;
- 23 (c) The chemical testing procedure used was in
- 24 accordance with existing rules; and
- 25 (d) The chemical test result in fact reflects
- 26 an alcohol concentration, the presence of other intoxicating substances, or a
- 27 combination of alcohol concentration or other intoxicating substance.
- 28 (ii) If the revocation, suspension,
- 29 disqualification, or denial is based upon the refusal of the arrested person
- 30 to submit to a chemical test as provided in  $\S 5-65-205$ ,  $\S 5-65-310$ , or  $\S 27-$
- 31 23-114(a)(5), reflected in a sworn report by the arresting law enforcement
- 32 officer, the scope of the hearing shall also include whether:
- 33 (a) The arrested person refused to submit to
- 34 the chemical test; and
- 35 (b) The arrested person was informed that his
- or her privilege to drive would be revoked, disqualified, suspended, or

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- l denied if the arrested person refused to submit to the chemical test.
- 2 (b) After the hearing, the office or its authorized agent shall order
  3 the revocation, suspension, disqualification, or denial to be rescinded or
  4 sustained and shall then advise any person whose license driving privilege is
  5 revoked, suspended, or denied that he or she may request a restricted permit
  6 as otherwise provided for by this chapter.
  - (c)(1)(A) A person adversely affected by the hearing disposition order of the office or its authorized agent may file a de novo petition for review within thirty (30) days in the circuit court in the county in which the offense took place.
- 11 (B) A copy of the decision of the office shall be attached 12 to the petition.
- 13 (C) The petition shall be served on the Director of the
  14 Department of Finance and Administration under Rule 4 of the Arkansas Rules
  15 of Civil Procedure.
- 16 (2)(A) The filing of a petition for review does not stay or 17 place in abeyance the decision of the office or its authorized agent.
- 18 (B) If the circuit court issues an order staying the
  19 decision or placing the decision in abeyance, the circuit court shall
  20 transmit a copy of the order to the office in the same manner that
  21 convictions and orders relating to driving records are sent to that office.
- (C)(i) The circuit court shall hold a final hearing on the de novo review within one hundred twenty (120) days after the date that the order staying the decision or placing the decision in abeyance is entered.
- 25 (ii) The circuit court may conduct the final hearing 26 by telephone conference with the consent of the parties.
- 27 (3) An administrative hearing held <del>pursuant to</del> <u>under</u> this 28 section is exempt from the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-201 29 et seq.
- 30 (4)(A) On review, the circuit court shall hear the case de novo 31 in order to determine based on a preponderance of the evidence whether a 32 ground exists for revocation, suspension, disqualification, or denial of the 33 person's privilege to drive.
- 34 (B) If the results of a chemical test of blood, breath, 35 saliva, or urine are used as evidence in the suspension, revocation, or 36 disqualification of the person's <u>driving</u> privilege <del>to drive</del>, then <del>the</del>

- 1 provisions of § 5-65-206 shall apply in the circuit court proceeding.
- 2 (d)(1) Any  $\underline{A}$  decision rendered at an administrative hearing held under
- 3 this section shall have no effect on any criminal case arising from  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 4 violation of § 3-3-203(a), § 5-27-503(a)(3), § 5-65-103, § 5-65-205, § 5-65-
- 5 303,  $\S$  5-65-310,  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(1),  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(2), or  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(5).
- 6 (2) Any decision rendered by a court of law for a criminal case
- 7 arising from any violation of 3-3-203(a), 5-27-503(a)(3), 5-65-103,
- 8 5-65-205,  $\S$  5-65-303,  $\S$  5-65-310,  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(1),  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(2), or  $\S$
- 9 27-23-114(a)(5) shall affect the administrative suspension, disqualification,
- 10 or revocation of the driver's license driving privilege as follows:
- 11 (A) A plea of guilty or nolo contendere or a finding of
- 12 guilt by the court has no effect on any an administrative hearing held under
- 13 this section;
- 14 (B)(i) An acquittal on the charges or a dismissal of
- 15 charges serves to reverse the suspension, disqualification, or revocation of
- 16 the  $\frac{driver's\ license}{driving\ privilege}$  suspended or revoked under this
- 17 section.
- 18 (ii) The office shall reinstate the person's
- 19 driver's license driving privilege at no cost to the person, and the charges
- 20 shall not be used to determine the number of previous offenses when
- 21 administratively suspending, disqualifying, or revoking the driving privilege
- 22 of any an arrested person in the future; and
- 23 (C) The office shall convert any initial administrative
- 24 suspension or revocation of a driver's license driving privilege for
- violating  $\S$  5-65-103 to a suspension or revocation for violating  $\S$  5-65-303,
- 26 if the person is convicted of violating § 5-65-303 instead of § 5-65-103.
- 27 (e) Any A person whose privilege to drive has been denied, suspended,
- 28 disqualified, or revoked shall remain under the denial, suspension,
- 29 disqualification, or revocation and remain subject to penalties as provided
- 30 in § 5-65-105 until such time as that person applies for, and is granted by
- 31 the office, reinstatement of the privilege to drive.
- 32 (f) The administrative suspension, disqualification, or revocation of
- 33 a driver's license driving privilege as provided for by this section is
- 34 supplementary to and in addition to a suspension, disqualification, or
- 35 revocation of a driver's license driving privilege that is ordered by a court
- of competent jurisdiction for an offense under §§ 5-64-710, 5-65-116, and 27-

- 1 16-914, or any other traffic or criminal offense in which a suspension,
- 2 disqualification, or revocation of the driver's license driving privilege is
- 3 a penalty for the violation.
  - (g) [Repealed.]
- 5 (h)(1)(A)(g)(1)(A) A person whose license driving privilege is 6 suspended or revoked pursuant to under this section shall:
  - (i) Both:
- 8 (a) Furnish proof of attendance at and
- 9 completion of the alcoholism treatment program, alcohol education program, or
- alcohol and driving education program required by § 5-65-104(b)(1) or § 5-65-
- 11 307(a)(1) and, if applicable, at a victim impact panel as provided in § 5-65-
- 12 121 before reinstatement of his or her suspended or revoked driver's license
- 13 driving privilege; and
- 14 (b) Pay any a fee for reinstatement required
- 15 under § 5-65-119, § 5-65-304, or, if applicable, § 5-65-121; or
- 16 (ii) Furnish proof of dismissal or acquittal of the
- 17 charge on which the suspension or revocation is based.
- 18 (B) An application for reinstatement shall be made to the
- 19 office.

- 20 (2) Even if a person has filed a de novo petition for review
- 21 pursuant to under subsection (c) of this section, the person is entitled to
- 22 reinstatement of driving privileges upon complying with this subsection and
- 23 is not required to postpone reinstatement until the disposition of the de
- 24 novo review in circuit court has occurred.
- 25 (3) A person whose driving privilege is suspended or revoked
- 26 under this section may enroll in an alcohol education program prior to
- 27 disposition of the offense by the circuit court, or district court, or city
- 28  $\frac{1}{2}$  court, but is not entitled to  $\frac{1}{2}$  refund of a fee paid if the charge is
- 29 dismissed or if the person is acquitted of the charge.
- 30 (i)(h) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, this
- 31 section shall not apply to juveniles subject to the Arkansas Juvenile Code of
- 32 1989, § 9-27-301 et seq.
- 33
- 34 SECTION 15. Arkansas Code § 5-65-403 is amended to read as follows:
- 35 5-65-403. Notice and receipt from arresting officer.
- 36 (a) At the time of arrest for violating § 5-65-103, § 5-65-303, § 27-

- 23-114(a)(1), or 27-23-114(a)(2), the arresting law enforcement officer
- 2 shall provide written notice to the arrested person:
- 3 (1) That if the arrested person's driving privileges have been
- 4 suspended, disqualified, or revoked for violating § 5-65-103, § 5-65-303, §
- $\frac{27-23-114(a)(1)}{a}$ , or  $\frac{27-23-114(a)(2)}{a}$  in the previous five (5) years, the
- 6 registration of  $\frac{any}{a}$  motor vehicle owned by the arrested person is suspended
- 7 effective in thirty (30) days if the arrested person's driving privileges
- 8 have been suspended, disqualified, or revoked for violating § 5-65-103, § 5-
- 9 65-303, § 27-23-114(a)(1), or § 27-23-114(a)(2) in the previous five (5)
- 10 years;
- 11 (2) Of the right to a hearing within twenty (20) days; and
- 12 (3) That if a hearing is to be requested the hearing request is
- 13 required to be made within seven (7) calendar days of the notice being given
- 14 if the arrested person wants to request a hearing.
- 15 (b) The receipt shall also contain phone numbers and the address of
- 16 the Office of Driver Services and inform the arrested person of the procedure
- 17 for requesting a hearing.
- 18 (c) If the office is unable to conduct a hearing within the twenty-day
- 19 period, a temporary permit shall be issued and is valid until the date of the
- 20 hearing.
- 21 (d)(1) The seized license, permit, or other evidence of driving
- 22 privilege and a copy of the receipt form issued to the arrested person shall
- 23 be:
- 24 (A) attached Attached to the sworn report of the arresting
- 25 law enforcement officer; and shall be
- 26 <u>(B)</u> submitted Submitted by mail or in person to the
- 27 Director of the Department of Finance and Administration or his or her
- 28 designated representative within seven (7) days of the issuance of the
- 29 receipt.
- 30 (2) The failure of the arresting law enforcement officer to
- 31 timely file the sworn report does not affect the authority of the office to
- 32 suspend the registration of any a motor vehicle owned by the arrested person.
- 33 (e) Any  $\underline{A}$  notice from the office required under this section that is
- 34 not personally delivered shall be sent as provided by § 5-65-402.
- 35 (f)(1) If the arrested person is a nonresident, the arrested person's
- 36 motor vehicle registration in Arkansas shall be suspended in the same manner

- l as that of a resident.
- 2 (2) The office shall notify the office out-of-state entity that
- 3 issued the nonresident's motor vehicle registration of the action taken by
- 4 the office.
- 5 (g) The hearing shall be held by the office at the conclusion of any
- 6 hearing under  $\S$  5-65-402 and the scope of the hearing is limited to:
- 7 (1) Determining if the arrested person's driving privileges had
- 8 been suspended, revoked, or disqualified for violation of § 5-65-103, § 5-65-
- 9 303,  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(1), or  $\S$  27-23-114(a)(2) in the five (5) years prior to
- 10 the current offense; and
- 11 (2) Determining if any motor vehicle is licensed or registered
- 12 in the arrested person's name as either owner or co-owner of the motor
- 13 vehicle.
- (h)(l)(A) A person adversely affected by the hearing disposition order
- of the office or its authorized agent may file a de novo petition for review
- 16 within thirty (30) days in the circuit court in the county where the offense
- 17 took place.
- 18 (B) The filing of a petition for review does not stay or
- 19 place in abeyance the decision of the office or its authorized agent.
- 20 (2) An administrative hearing held <del>pursuant to</del> <u>under</u> this
- 21 section is exempt from the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-201
- 22 et seq.
- 23 (3) On review, the The circuit court shall hear the case de novo
- 24 on review in order to determine whether, based on a preponderance of the
- 25 evidence, a ground  $\frac{\text{exist}}{\text{exists}}$  for suspension of the person's motor vehicle
- 26 registration.
- 27 (i) The suspension ordered shall be equal to the suspension of driving
- 28 privileges ordered under § 5-65-402 or one (1) year, whichever is longer, but
- 29 shall not exceed five (5) years.
- 30 (j)(1)(A) Upon determination that a person is completely dependent on
- 31 the motor vehicle for the necessities of life, the Director of the Department
- 32 of Finance and Administration may grant a restricted registration to a family
- 33 member or co-owner of any immobilized motor vehicle.
- 34 (B) A restricted registration is not valid for use by the
- 35 person whose driving privileges have been suspended or revoked.
- 36 (2) Operation of a motor vehicle in a manner inconsistent with

1	the restricted registration or license plate has the same effect as operating
2	an unlicensed motor vehicle.
3	(k) If the director orders immobilization of a motor vehicle, notice
4	of immobilization shall be sent by first class mail to any persons, other
5	than the arrested person, listed as an owner or co-owner of the immobilized
6	motor vehicle in the records of the Office of Motor Vehicle.
7	
8	SECTION 16. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 76, is repealed.
9	
10	<del>Chapter 76</del>
11	Operation of Motorboats While Intoxicated
12	
13	5-76-101. Definitions.
14	As used in this chapter:
15	(1) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate
16	precursor in Schedules I-VI of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, § 5-64-
17	<del>101 et seq.;</del>
18	(2) "Intoxicated" means influenced or affected by the ingestion
19	of alcohol, a controlled substance, any intoxicant, or any combination of
20	alcohol, a controlled substance, or intoxicant, to such a degree that the
21	operator's reactions, motor skills, and judgment are substantially altered
22	and the operator constitutes a clear and substantial danger of physical
23	injury or death to himself, herself, or others;
24	(3)(A) "Motorboat" means any vessel operated upon water and that
25	is propelled by machinery, whether or not the machinery is the principal
26	source of propulsion.
27	(B) "Motorboat" includes personal watercraft as defined in
28	<del>§ 27-101-103(10);</del>
29	(4) "Operator" means a person who is controlling the speed and
30	direction of a motorboat or a person who is in direct physical control of the
31	motorboat;
32	(5) "Underage" means any person who is under twenty one (21)
33	years of age and may not legally consume alcoholic beverages in Arkansas; and
34	(6) "Waters" means any public waters within the territorial
35	limits of the State of Arkansas.

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1
          5-76-102. Unlawful acts.
 2
          (a) No person shall operate any motorboat on the waters of this state
 3
    while:
 4
                 (1) Intoxicated; or
 5
                 (2) There is an alcohol concentration in the person's breath or
 6
    blood of eight hundredths (0.08) or more based upon the definition of breath,
 7
    blood, and urine concentration in § 5-65-204.
8
          (b)(1) In the case of a motorboat or device, only if the certified law
9
    enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the operator of the
10
    motorboat is operating while intoxicated or operating while there is an
11
    alcohol concentration of eight hundredths (0.08) in the person's breath or
12
    blood, the certified law enforcement officer may administer and may test the
13
    operator at the scene by using a portable breathtesting instrument or other
14
    approved method to determine if the operator may be operating a motorboat or
15
     device in violation of this section.
16
                 (2) The consumption of alcohol or the possession of an open
17
    container aboard a vessel does not in and of itself constitute probable
18
    cause.
19
          (c)(l)(A) For a first offense, a person violating this section shall
    be punished by imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not more than
20
    one (1) year or by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250)
21
22
    nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by both fine and imprisonment.
23
                       (B) In addition, the court shall order the person not to
24
    operate a motorboat for a period of ninety (90) days.
25
                 (2)(A)(i) For a second offense within a three-year period, a
26
    person violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than
27
    five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars
28
     ($2,500) and by imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not more
29
    than one (1) year.
30
                             (ii) The sentence shall include a mandatory sentence
31
    that is not subject to suspension or probation of imprisonment in the county
    or municipal jail for not less than forty-eight (48) consecutive hours or
32
33
    community service for not less than twenty (20) days.
                       (B) In addition, the court shall order the person not to
34
35
    operate a motorboat for a period of one (1) year.
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(3)(A) For a third or subsequent offense within a three-year

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1 period, a person violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not 2 less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and by imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not less 3 than sixty (60) days nor more than one (1) year, to include a minimum of 4 5 sixty (60) days which shall be served in the county or municipal jail and 6 that shall not be probated or suspended. 7 (B) In addition, the court shall order the person not to 8 operate a motorboat for a period of three (3) years. 9 (4) Any person who operates a motorboat on the waters of this 10 state in violation of a court order issued pursuant to this section shall be 11 imprisoned for ten (10) days. 12 (d) A person who has been arrested for violating this section shall 13 not be released from jail, under bond or otherwise, until the alcohol 14 concentration is less than eight hundredths (0.08) in the person's breath or 15 blood and the person is no longer intoxicated. 16 (e)(1) In any criminal prosecution of a person charged with violating 17 subsection (a) of this section, the amount of alcohol in the defendant's 18 blood at the time of or within four (4) hours of the alleged offense, as 19 shown by chemical analysis of the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other 20 bodily substance, gives rise to the following: 21 (A) If there was at that time an alcohol concentration of 22 four hundredths (0.04) or less in the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance, it is presumed that the defendant was not under the 23 24 influence of intoxicating liquor; and (B) If there was at that time an alcohol concentration in 25 26 excess of four hundredths (0.04) but less than eight hundredths (0.08) in the defendant's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance, this fact does 27 28 not give rise to any presumption that the defendant was or was not under the influence of intoxicating liquor, but this fact may be considered with other 29 30 competent evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant. 31 (2) The provisions of subdivision (e)(1) of this section shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any other relevant evidence 32 33 bearing upon the question of whether or not the defendant was intoxicated.

analysis, or other document pertaining to work performed by the Office of Alcohol Testing of the Department of Health under the authority of this

(3)(A) A record or report of a certification, rule, evidence

- 1 chapter shall be received as competent evidence as to the matters contained
- 2 in the record or report in a court of this state, subject to the applicable
- 3 rules of criminal procedure, when duly attested to by the Director of the
- 4 Department of Health or his or her assistant, in the form of an original
- 5 signature or by certification of a copy.
- 6 (B) A document described in subdivision (e)(3)(A) of this
  7 section is self-authenticating.
  - (f) The fact that any person charged with violating subsection (a) of this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or a controlled substance does not constitute a defense against any charge of violating subsection (a) of this section.
  - (g) Any fine for a violation of this chapter shall be remitted to the issuing law enforcement office to be used by the law enforcement office for the administration and enforcement of this chapter.
  - (h) Neither reckless operation of a motorboat nor any other boating or water safety infraction is a lesser included offense under a charge in violation of this section.

19 <del>5-76-103. Penalties.</del>

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- (a) In addition to any other penalty provided in § 5-76-102, any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or who is found guilty of violating § 5-76-102 is required to complete an alcohol education program as prescribed and approved by the Δrkansas Highway Safety Program or an alcoholism treatment program as approved by the Division of Behavioral Health Services.
- (b) The alcohol education program may collect a program fee of up to fifty dollars (\$50.00) per enrollee to offset program costs.
- (c)(1) A person ordered to complete an alcoholism treatment program under this section may be required to pay, in addition to the costs collected for treatment, a fee of up to twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) to offset the additional costs associated with reporting requirements under this chapter.
- 32 (2) The alcohol education program shall report semiannually to
  33 the Arkansas Highway Safety Program all revenue derived from this fee.
  - (d)(1) Within ten (10) days after the conviction or forfeiture of bail of a person upon a charge of violating any provision of this subchapter, every magistrate or judge of a court not of record or clerk of the court of

1 record in which the conviction was had or bail was forfeited shall prepare 2 and forward to the Office of Driver Services an abstract of the record of the 3 court covering the case in which the person was convicted or forfeited bail 4 for the purpose of determining the number of previous offenses under § 5-65-5 104(a)(4). 6 (2) The abstract described in subdivision (d)(1) of this section shall be certified to be true and correct by the magistrate, judge, or clerk 7 8 of the court required to prepare it. 9 10 5-76-104. Implied consent. 11 (a)(1) Any person who operates a motorboat or is in actual physical 12 control of a motorboat in this state is deemed to have given consent, subject 13 to the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, to a chemical test of 14 his or her blood, breath, saliva, or urine for the purpose of determining the 15 alcohol concentration or controlled substance content of his or her breath or 16 blood if: 17 (A) The person is arrested for any offense arising out of an act alleged to have been committed while the person was operating a 18 19 motorboat while intoxicated or operating a motorboat while there was an 20 alcohol concentration of at least eight-hundredths (0.08) in the person's 21 breath or blood; 22 (B) The person is involved in an accident while operating 23 a motorboat; or (C) At the time the person is arrested for operating a 24 25 motorboat while intoxicated, the law enforcement officer has reasonable cause 26 to believe that the person, while operating a motorboat, is intoxicated or 27 has an alcohol concentration of eight-hundredths (0.08) or more in his or her 28 breath or blood. 29 (2) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in a 30 condition rendering the person incapable of refusal, is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subdivision (a)(1) of this section, and a 31 32 chemical test may be administered subject to the provisions of subsection (c) 33 of this section. 34 (3)(A) When a person operating a motorboat is involved in an accident resulting in loss of human life or when there is reason to believe 35

that death may result, a law enforcement officer shall request and the person

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1
    shall submit to a chemical test of the person's blood, breath, saliva, or
 2
    urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or controlled
    substance content of his or her breath or blood.
 3
 4
                       (B) The law enforcement officer shall cause the chemical
 5
    test to be administered to the person, including a person fatally injured.
 6
           (b)(1) If a court determines that a law enforcement officer had
 7
    reasonable cause to believe an arrested person had been operating a motorboat
8
    in violation of § 5-76-102(a) and the person refused to submit to a chemical
9
    test upon request of the law enforcement officer, the court shall levy a fine
10
    of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and not to exceed two thousand
11
    five hundred dollars ($2,500) and suspend the operating privileges of the
12
    person for a period of six (6) months, in addition to any other suspension
    imposed for violating § 5-76-102(a).
13
14
                 (2) If a person operating a motorboat is involved in an accident
15
    resulting in loss of human life and the person refuses to submit to a
16
    chemical test upon the request of the law enforcement officer, the court
17
    shall levy a fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)
18
    and not to exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000) and suspend the operating
19
    privileges of the person for a period of two (2) years, in addition to any
    other suspension imposed for violating § 5-76-102(a).
20
21
          (c)(1) A chemical test shall be administered at the direction of a law
22
    enforcement officer having reasonable cause to believe the person to have
    been operating a motorboat while intoxicated or while there is an alcohol
23
24
    concentration of eight-hundredths (0.08) or more in the person's breath or
25
    blood.
26
                 (2)(A) The law enforcement agency employing the law enforcement
27
    officer shall designate which chemical test is administered, and the law
28
    enforcement agency is responsible for paying any expense incurred in
    conducting the chemical test.
29
30
                       (B) If a person tested requests that an additional
    chemical test be made, as authorized in subsection (g) of this section, the
31
32
    cost of the additional chemical test shall be borne by the person tested.
33
                 (3) If any person objects to the taking of his or her blood for
    a chemical test, as authorized in this section, the breath or urine of the
34
35
    person may be used to make the chemical analysis.
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(d)(1) To be considered valid under the provisions of this chapter, a

1	chemical analysis of a person's blood, urine, or breath shall be performed
2	according to a method approved by the State Board of Health or by an
3	individual possessing a valid permit issued by the Department of Health for
4	that purpose.
5	(2) The department may:
6	(A) Approve a satisfactory technique or method for the
7	<pre>chemical analysis;</pre>
8	(B) Ascertain the qualifications and competence of an
9	individual to conduct the chemical analysis; and
10	(C) Issue a permit to conduct the chemical analysis that
11	is subject to termination or revocation at the discretion of the division.
12	(e)(1) When a person submits to a blood test at the request of a law
13	enforcement officer, blood may be drawn by a physician or by a person acting
14	under the direction and supervision of a physician.
15	(2) The limitation provided in subdivision (e)(1) of this
16	section does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine specimen.
17	(3)(A) No person, institution, or office in this state that
18	withdraws blood for the purpose of determining alcohol or controlled
19	substance content of the blood at the request of a law enforcement officer
20	under a provision of this chapter shall be held liable for violating any
21	criminal law of this state in connection with the withdrawing of the blood.
22	(B) No physician, institution, or person acting under the
23	direction or supervision of a physician shall be held liable in tort for the
24	withdrawal of the blood unless the person is negligent in connection with the
25	withdrawal of the blood or the blood is taken over the objections of the
26	subject.
27	(f) Upon the request of a person who submits to a chemical test at the
28	request of a law enforcement officer, full information concerning the
29	chemical test shall be made available to the person or his or her attorney.
30	(g)(l) A person tested may have a physician, qualified technician,
31	registered nurse, or other qualified person of his or her own choice
32	administer a complete chemical test in addition to any chemical test
33	administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer.
34	(2) The law enforcement officer shall advise the person of the
35	right provided in subdivision (g)(1) of this section.
36	(3) The refusal or failure of a law enforcement officer to

advise the person of the right provided in subdivision (g)(1) of this section and to permit and assist the person to obtain the chemical test precludes the admission of evidence relating to a chemical test taken at the direction of a law enforcement officer.

## 5-76-105. Chemical analysis.

- (a)(1) Any instrument used to determine the alcohol content of the breath for the purpose of determining if the person was operating a motorboat while intoxicated or with an alcohol concentration of eight-hundredths (0.08) or more shall be so constructed that the analysis is made automatically when a sample of the person's breath is placed in the instrument and without any adjustment or other action of the person administering the analysis, and the instrument shall be so constructed that the alcohol content is shown by visible digital display on the instrument and on an automatic readout.
- (2) The instrument performing the chemical analysis shall have been certified at least one (1) time in the last three (3) months preceding arrest, and the operator of the instrument shall have been properly trained and certified.
- (3) Any breath analysis made by or through the use of an instrument that does not conform to the requirements prescribed in this subsection is inadmissible in any criminal or civil proceeding.
- (b)(1) Nothing in this section is deemed to abrogate a defendant's right of cross-examination of the person who performs the calibration test or check on the instrument, the operator of the instrument, or a representative of the Office of Alcohol Testing of the Division of Health of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) The testimony of the appropriate analyst or official may be compelled by a subpoena given ten (10) days prior to the date of hearing or trial, in which case, the records and reports are admissible through the analyst or official, who is subject to cross-examination by the defendant or his or her counsel.

## 5-76-106. Authority of State Board of Health.

(a) The State Board of Health may adopt appropriate regulations to carry out the intent and purposes of this chapter, and only an instrument approved by the board as meeting the requirements of this section and § 5-76-

1	105 and regulations of the board shall be used for making a breath analysis
2	for determining blood alcohol content.
3	(b)(1) The board specifically may limit by its regulations the types
4	or models of testing devices that may be approved for use in Arkansas for the
5	purposes set forth in this chapter.
6	(2) The approved types or models shall be specified by
7	manufacturer's name and model.
8	
9	5-76-107. Unlawful acts by underage operator.
10	(a) No underage person shall operate any motorboat on the waters of
11	this state while:
12	(1) Intoxicated; or
13	(2) There is an alcohol concentration in the underage person's
14	breath or blood of two-hundredths (0.02) but less than eight-hundredths
15	(0.08) based upon the definition of breath, blood, and urine concentration in
16	<del>§ 5-65-204.</del>
17	(b)(1) A certified law enforcement officer may test an underage person
18	who operates a motorboat using a portable breath-testing instrument or other
19	approved method to determine if the underage person may be operating a
20	motorboat or device in violation of this section only if the certified law
21	enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that:
22	(A) The underage person is operating the motorboat while
23	intoxicated; or
24	(B) The underage person is operating the motorboat while
25	there is an alcohol concentration of two-hundredths (0.02) but less than
26	eight-hundredths (0.08) in the underage person's breath or blood.
27	(2) The consumption of alcohol or the possession of an open
28	container of an alcoholic beverage aboard a vessel does not alone constitute
29	<del>probable cause.</del>
30	
31	5-76-108. Fines for violating § 5-76-107.
32	(a) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
33	guilty of violating § 5-76-107 shall be fined not less than:
34	(1) One hundred dollars (\$100) and not more than five hundred
35	dollars (\$500) for the first offense;
36	(2) Two hundred dollars (\$200) and not more than one thousand

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1
     dollars ($1,000) for the second offense; and
 2
                 (3) Five hundred dollars ($500) and not more than two thousand
 3
     dollars ($2,000) for the third or subsequent offense.
 4
           (b) For the purpose of determining the amount of a fine under this
 5
     section, an underage person who has one (1) or more previous convictions for
 6
     a violation of § 5-76-102 is deemed to have a conviction for a violation of §
 7
     5-76-107 for each conviction for a violation of § 5-76-102.
8
9
           SECTION 17. Arkansas Code § 16-10-211(a)(1)(F), concerning record
     retention under the Arkansas District Courts Accounting Law, is amended to
10
11
     read as follows:
12
                       (F) Files concerning convictions under the Omnibus DWI or
13
     BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq.; and
14
15
           SECTION 18. Arkansas Code § 16-10-305(a)(1)(A)-(F), concerning circuit
16
     court costs, is amended to read as follows:
17
                       (A) The Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq.;
18
                       (B) The Underage DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq.;
19
                       (C) Section 5-75-101 et seq.;
20
                       (D) Section 5-76-101 et seq.;
                       (E)(D) Section 27-23-114; or
21
22
                       (F)(E) Section 15-42-127;
23
           SECTION 19. Arkansas Code \S 16-10-305(a)(2)(A)-(F), concerning
24
25
     district court costs, is amended to read as follows:
                       (A) The Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq.;
26
27
                       (B) The Underage DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq.;
28
                       (C) Section 5-75-101 et seq.;
29
                       (D) Section 5-76-101 et seq.;
30
                       (E)(D) Section 27-23-114; or
31
                       (F)(E) Section 15-42-127;
32
33
           SECTION 20. Arkansas Code § 16-10-305(a)(3)(A)-(F), concerning circuit
34
     and district court costs, is amended to read as follows:
35
                       (A) The Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq.;
36
                       (B) The Underage DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq.;
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1
                       (C) Section 5-75-101 et seq.;
 2
                       (D) Section 5-76-101 et seq.;
 3
                       (E)(D) Section 27-23-114; or
 4
                       (F)(E) Section 15-42-127;
 5
 6
           SECTION 21. Arkansas Code § 16-10-305(a)(5)(A)-(F), concerning circuit
 7
     and district court costs, is amended to read as follows:
8
                       (A) The Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq.;
                       (B) The Underage DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq.;
 9
10
                       (C) Section 5-75-101 et seq.;
11
                       (D) Section 5-76-101 et seq.;
12
                       (E)(D) Section 27-23-114; or
13
                       (F)(E) Section 15-42-127;
14
15
           SECTION 22. Arkansas Code § 16-17-136(1), concerning waiver of
16
     appearance and entry of plea for a traffic violation, is amended to read as
17
     follows:
18
                 (1) A person who is charged in district court or city court with
19
     committing an offense, excluding a violation of the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, §
20
     5-65-101 et seq., or the Underage DUI or BUI Law, § 5-65-301 et seq., or any
21
     other offense for which a court appearance is mandatory, may waive appearance
22
     and trial and plead guilty or nolo contendere by a signed statement;
23
24
           SECTION 23. Arkansas Code § 16-87-218(c)(4), concerning the schedule
25
     of costs for public defenders, is amended to read as follows:
26
                 (4) A Class C felony, Class D felony, unclassified felony, or
27
     driving or boating while intoxicated, § 5-65-103, third offense:
28
29
           SECTION 24. Arkansas Code § 16-90-703(5)(A)(iii), concerning the
30
     definition of "criminally injurious conduct" under the Crime Victims
     Reparations Act, is amended to read as follows:
31
32
                             (iii) This term shall "Criminally injurious conduct"
33
     does not include acts arising out of the operation of motor vehicles, boats,
34
     or aircraft unless the acts were committed with the intent to inflict injury
35
     or death or unless the acts involve any of the following:
36
                                   (a) Injury or death intentionally inflicted
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through the use of a motor vehicle, boat, or aircraft;

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2
                                    (b) A violation of the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act,
 3
     § 5-65-101 et seq.; or
 4
                                    (c) A violation of § 27-53-101.
 5
 6
           SECTION 25. Arkansas Code § 16-90-1302(a)(1)(E), concerning applicable
 7
     felonies in relation to earned discharge and completion of a person's
8
     sentence:
9
                       (E) Driving or boating while intoxicated, § 5-65-103; and
10
11
           SECTION 26. Arkansas Code § 19-6-201(39), regarding certain general
12
     revenues, is amended to read as follows:
13
                       That portion of DWI operator's license That portion of the
14
     reinstatement fees, \$ - 5 - 65 - 119(a)(3) under \$ - 65 - 119(a)(2)(C), and that
     portion of the reinstatement fees under "Underage DUI Law" driver's license
15
16
     reinstatement fees, §§ 5-65-304(d) and 5-65-310(f);
17
18
           SECTION 27. Arkansas Code § 19-6-301(120), regarding certain special
19
     revenues, is amended to read as follows:
20
                 (120) That portion of driver's license reinstatement fees for
21
     the Office of Driver Services, \frac{\$ - 5 - 5 - 119(a)(2)}{\$ - 5 - 5 - 119(a)(2)(B)};
22
23
           SECTION 28. Arkansas Code § 19-6-301(155), regarding certain special
24
     revenues, is amended to read as follows:
25
                 (155) That portion of driver's license reinstatement fees for
26
     the Office of Alcohol Testing of the Department of Health, § 5-65-119(a)(1) §
27
     5-65-119(a)(2)(A), § 5-65-304(d), and § 5-65-310(f);
28
29
           SECTION 29. Arkansas Code § 19-6-301(218), regarding certain special
     revenues, is amended to read as follows:
30
31
                 (218) That portion of an operator's driving while intoxicated
32
     driver's license reinstatement fees, \frac{5-65-119(a)(4)}{5-65-119(a)(2)(D)};
33
34
           SECTION 30. Arkansas Code § 20-13-1106(b)(32), concerning
35
     disqualifying offenses for emergency medical services, is amended to read as
36
     follows:
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1 (32) Fourth or subsequent driving while intoxicated violations 2 that constitute felony offenses under § 5-65-111(b)(3) and (4) Driving or boating while intoxicated, § 5-65-103, that is a: 3 4 (A) Felony; and 5 Fourth or subsequent offense; 6 7 SECTION 31. Arkansas Code § 23-13-217(b), concerning the authority of 8 a state highway commission enforcement officer, is amended to read as 9 follows: 10 The enforcement officers shall have authority to enforce § 27-50-11 308 and the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., and shall have 12 authority to make arrests for violation of any of the provisions of this 13 subchapter, orders, rules, and regulations of the commission and to serve any 14 notice, order, or subpoena issued by any court, the commission, its 15 secretary, or any employee authorized to issue same, and to this end shall 16 have full authority with jurisdiction within the entire State of Arkansas. 17 18 SECTION 32. Arkansas Code § 23-13-258(c), concerning the operation of 19 a motor vehicle under the Motor Carrier Act, is amended to read as follows: 20 (c) Nothing in this section is intended to This section does not 21 abrogate any of the provisions of the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et 22 seq., and any person violating any of the provisions of subsection (a) of 23 this section who may be charged with a violation of the Omnibus DWI or BWI 24 Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., shall be so charged with a violation of that act 25 rather than with a violation of this section. 26 27 SECTION 33. Arkansas Code § 25-9-106(b), concerning transfer of 28 community alcohol safety programs to the Division of Behavioral Health 29 Services, is amended to read as follows: 30 (b) For the purposes of this section the term As used in this section, 31 "funds" shall mean means all funds derived from the State Administration of 32 Justice Fund pursuant to under § 16-10-310 for usage by the state alcohol program, education fees paid by offenders of the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-33 34 65-101 et seq., and the appropriation for community alcohol safety. 35

SECTION 34. Arkansas Code § 27-23-103(16)(B), concerning the

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- definition of "driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol" under the Arkansas Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, is amended to read as follows:

  (B) Driving or boating while intoxicated in violation of § 5-65-103; or

  SECTION 35. Arkansas Code § 27-23-114(c)(1), concerning intoxication
- SECTION 35. Arkansas Code § 27-23-114(c)(1), concerning intoxication under the Arkansas Uniform Commercial Driver's License Act, is amended to read as follows:
  - (c)(1) A law enforcement officer having reasonable cause to believe the person to have been driving a commercial motor vehicle while intoxicated or driving a commercial motor vehicle while the person's blood alcohol concentration was four hundredths of one percent (0.04%) or more shall have the authority to administer or have administered a chemical test to determine the person's blood alcohol concentration. The chemical test authorized shall be identical to and under the same standards of the test given to persons under the Omnibus DWI or BWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq.

19 SECTION 36. Arkansas Code § 27-101-205(c), concerning a collision or 20 accident in a watercraft, is amended to read as follows:

(c) When a person operating a vessel is involved in a collision, accident, or other casualty resulting in loss of human life or when there is reason to believe death may result, or a law enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe that the person while operating a vessel is intoxicated or under the influence of any narcotic drug, barbiturate, or marijuana or while under any physical or mental disability so as to be incapable of operating the vessel safely under the prevailing circumstances, a law enforcement officer shall request and the person shall submit to a chemical test of the person's blood, breath, saliva, or urine in accordance with the provisions of § 5-76-104, even if the person is fatally injured, for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance content of his or her blood, breath, saliva, or urine. A law enforcement officer shall request and a person shall submit to a chemical test of the person's blood, breath, saliva, or urine as required by § 5-65-208, even if the person is fatally injured, for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or controlled substance content of his or her blood, breath,

1	saliva, or urine if:
2	(1) The person is operating a vessel and is involved in a
3	collision, accident, or other casualty resulting in loss of human life or
4	when there is reason to believe death may result; or
5	(2) The law enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe
6	that the person was operating a vessel while:
7	(A) Intoxicated or under the influence of any narcotic
8	drug, barbiturate, or marijuana; or
9	(B) Under any physical or mental disability so as to be
10	incapable of operating the vessel safely under the prevailing circumstances.
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12	/s/Hickey
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