1	State of Arkansas
2	91st General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2017 HR 1004
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5	By: Representative Boyd
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7	HOUSE RESOLUTION
8	URGING STATE AGENCIES IN ARKANSAS TO COOPERATE IN
9	IMPROVING LITTER CLEAN-UP STATEWIDE.
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12	Subtitle
13	URGING STATE AGENCIES IN ARKANSAS TO
14	COOPERATE IN IMPROVING LITTER CLEAN-UP
15	STATEWIDE.
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17	WHEREAS, according to America's largest study of littering, Keep
18	America Beautiful, 2009, litter clean-up costs in the United States exceed
19	eleven billion five hundred million dollars (\$11,500,000,000) each year; and
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21	WHEREAS, businesses pay about nine billion one hundred million dollars
22	(\$9,100,000,000), or eighty percent (80%), of the total cost of litter clean-
23	up; and
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25	WHEREAS, in most cases, the remaining cost of litter clean-up is passed
26	on to consumers with states, counties, and cities annually spending about one
27	billion three hundred million dollars (\$1,300,000,000) on litter clean-up;
28	and
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30	WHEREAS, litter costs to the Arkansas State Highway and Transportation
31	Department for the 2016 fiscal year were:
32	Litter Pickup Cost, two million eight hundred twenty-two thousand eight
33	hundred forty-six dollars (\$2,822,846); Litter Pickup Cost, one million one
34	hundred eighty-two thousand three hundred seven dollars (\$1,182,307);
35	Pathfinder Pickup Cost, two hundred seventy-one thousand nine hundred eighty-
36	seven dollars (\$271,987); EastArk Pickup Cost, thirty-six thousand one



1 hundred seventy-six dollars (\$36,176); Inmate Labor Pickup Cost, one hundred 2 forty-three thousand ninety-six dollars (\$143,096); Parolee Labor Pickup 3 Cost, ten thousand five hundred fifteen dollars (\$10,515); Litter Pickup Cost 4 for the Adopt-a-Highway Program, seventy-five thousand five hundred forty-one 5 dollars (\$75,541); and 6 7 WHEREAS, the total 2016 cost for litter clean-up by the Arkansas State 8 Highway and Transportation Department was: four million five hundred forty-9 two thousand four hundred sixty-eight dollars (\$4,542,468); and 10 11 WHEREAS, litter poses numerous undesirable environmental, social, 12 health, and aesthetic problems, cigarette butts and plastic bags being among 13 the most frequently littered items; and 14 15 WHEREAS, about seventeen percent (17%) of all disposals of waste 16 materials in public spaces constitute littering, and most littering is 17 intentional; and 18 19 WHEREAS, indirect costs of littering include declining real estate 20 values, discouraging potential customers from shopping, and deterring new 21 employers from locating in affected communities. Debris may be carried by 22 storm drains into local waterways, resulting in environmental hazards. 23 Littering also contributes to personal injury and health costs, such as being 24 cut by, stepping on, or handling broken glass or other sharp objects, or 25 breathing hazardous chemicals; and 26 27 WHEREAS, the 2016 Impact on Litter Report of the Keep Arkansas 28 Beautiful Commission indicates that fourteen thousand one hundred twelve 29 (14,112) volunteers, involving seventy-seven thousand eight hundred fortyeight (77,848) hours at three hundred four (304) events, picked up five 30 31 hundred three thousand nine hundred ninety-one pounds (503,991 lbs.) of 32 litter, one million eight hundred thirty thousand pounds (1,830,000 lbs.) of 33 bulky waste, and nine thousand five hundred eighty-one (9,581) tires. During 34 2016, one thousand one hundred thirty-six miles (1,136) miles of roadsides, 35 one thousand three hundred eighty-one (1,381) miles of waterways, and 36 seventeen thousand four hundred four (17,404) acres of parks and public areas

1	were cleaned; and
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3	WHEREAS, researchers have found that community or state antilittering
4	campaigns that focus on violations of shared norms and values are the most
5	effective in curbing littering. The Keep America Beautiful and Keep Arkansas
6	Beautiful campaigns have been particularly effective in reducing littering
7	among people who generally are committed to societal norms and laws.
8	Messages that directly link trash disposal to social responsibilities to the
9	community and state are the most effective with residents; and
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11	WHEREAS, because research indicates that people are more likely to
12	litter in places where they do not reside, messages specially targeting
13	vacationers and tourists are also needed. Use of logos and brief messages on
14	vacation, tourism brochures, and other materials that prompt people to put
15	trash in designated receptacles have been shown to reduce littering; and
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17	WHEREAS, research also indicates that people who are less committed to
18	societal norms and values are more responsive to littering campaigns that
19	feature celebrities and sports heroes modeling the use of trash receptacles
20	and supporting antilittering messages; and
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22	WHEREAS, continuous communication between agencies such as the Keep
23	Arkansas Beautiful Commission that sponsor antilittering campaigns and
24	affiliated organizations is essential to sustaining interest and
25	participation in community and statewide efforts to cleanup properties,
26	highways, and waterways. Effective communication may include updating
27	information on websites, use of social media, emails, professional
28	development training and workshops, webinars, conferences, presentations in
29	agencies and educational settings, and invitations to information-sharing and
30	decision-making meetings; and
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32	WHEREAS, statewide campaigns such as Keep Arkansas Beautiful are more
33	effective when clear lines of communication and linkages operate between
34	agencies involved in litter reduction, such as the Arkansas Department of
35	Parks and Tourism, Arkansas Highway and Transportation Department, and

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Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality. These agencies and others can

pool expertise and resources to enlarge the sphere of influence in statewide and community efforts to prevent and remove trash and other debris. Periodic meetings and conferences should be held to promote ongoing interactions and learning between these various agencies; and

WHEREAS, several state agencies are involved in working to prevent and control littering in Arkansas, including the Keep Arkansas Beautiful Commission, Arkansas-certified law enforcement officers, including the Department of Arkansas State Police, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality, the Arkansas Highway & Transportation Department, the Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission, and the Department of Parks and Tourism; and

WHEREAS, involving the community in litter clean-up and giving public recognition for their achievements will enhance community pride and commitment to keeping the community clean. Emphasizing the benefits to property values of removing trash and other unwanted materials also bolsters motivation to participate in litter clean-up; and

WHEREAS, wide availability and strategic location, spacing, and design of trash receptacles has a significant effect on the reduction of littering, especially in locations where trash receptacles are most needed. Studies have found that receptacles with unique designs and bright colors are more used than ordinary drab cans; and

WHEREAS, container deposit legislation has been passed in some states requiring businesses to charge a refundable deposit on drink containers, such as aluminum cans and glass or plastic bottles. States such as Michigan and Oregon have reported impressive reductions in excess of eighty percent (80%) in beverage container littering; and

WHEREAS, Washington State implemented a statewide program known as "Litter and It Will Hurt" that successfully reduced litter. Washington's Litter Task Force, formed in 1997, implemented a campaign across all media to raise awareness of littering problems, encourage prevention, and introduce renewed emphasis on enforcement of littering laws; and

1 WHEREAS, the strategies adopted in Washington included creating the 2 Ecology Youth Corps pickup program, establishing a local government funding program for litter programs, creating an competitive source of capital and 3 operating funds for local and state agencies, establishing a "rainy day 4 5 account" as a contingency for litter tax expenditures and strengthening the 6 enforcement of penalties for littering. More than five (5) years after the 7 initiative's implementation, the estimated amount of litter on roadways 8 decreased twenty-four percent (24%). Other types of litter, including 9 beverage containers, glass containers, construction debris, tires and other 10 rubber car parts, fast food containers, and metal beverage containers, also 11 decreased, 12 13 NOW THEREFORE, 14 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIRST GENERAL 15 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS: 16 17 THAT the House of Representatives urges all state agencies in Arkansas 18 to review policies and procedures related to littering to determine the best 19 methods to improve cooperation among state agencies to reduce litter 20 statewide. 21 22 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT a copy of this resolution be delivered by 23 the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the Keep Arkansas 24 Beautiful Commission, the Department of Arkansas State Police, the Arkansas 25 Department of Environmental Quality, the Arkansas Highway & Transportation 26 Department, the Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission, the Department of 27 Parks and Tourism, and the Arkansas Municipal League and the Association of 28 Arkansas Counties. 29 30 31 32 33 34 35

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