Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

Act 1994 of the Regular Session

State of Arkansas
85th General Assembly
Regular Session, 2005

By: Senator Luker
By: Representatives D. Johnson, Ledbetter

For An Act To Be Entitled
THE ARKANSAS CRIMINAL CODE REVISION COMMISSION'S BILL.

Subtitle
THE ARKANSAS CRIMINAL CODE REVISION COMMISSION'S BILL.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:

SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 1-3-109 is amended to read as follows:
1-3-109. Printing of publication cost.
(a) All newspapers publishing anything under the provisions of §§ 1-3-101 - 1-3-108 shall, free of charge, print at the head of each of the publications, in type of double the size of the publication itself, the following words: "The cost of this publication to the taxpayers is the sum of _____ dollars."
(b) Any newspaper, or proprietor or editor thereof, failing to comply with this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 2-1-101 is amended to read as follows:
2-1-101. Prohibition against center pivot irrigation discharge on interstate.
(a) It is unlawful for a person, sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation that engages in irrigation of any farm or agricultural lands to intentionally permit or cause any center pivot irrigation water to be discharged onto the traveled portion of any interstate or state highway.  

(b) A first violation of this section shall cause a warning to be issued.  

(c) Upon conviction of a second or subsequent offense, the offender shall be guilty of a violation and punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250).  

(d) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the discharge of center pivot irrigation waters onto an interstate or state highway resulted from winds of such intensity that no mechanical device that is intended to prevent spray from reaching the roadway could have prevented the spraying or that the discharge resulted from excessive rainfall which contributed to flooding of the roadway.  

SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 2-2-118 is amended to read as follows:  

2-2-118. Penalties for inducing breach of contract.  

Any person or any corporation whose officers or employees knowingly induce or attempt to induce any person to breach his marketing or participation contract with an association shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation, and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the offense, and shall be liable to the association aggrieved in a civil suit in the penal sum of five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense.  

SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 2-2-420 is amended to read as follows:  


Any person or corporation whose officers or employees knowingly induce or attempt to induce any member or stockholder of an association organized under this subchapter to breach his marketing contract with the association, or who maliciously and knowingly spreads false reports about the finances or management thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the offense and shall be liable to the
association aggrieved in a civil suit in the penal sum of five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense.

SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 2-9-111 is amended to read as follows:

2-9-111. Penalty.

(a)(1) Any seller who fails to file a report, collect assessments, or remit any assessment when due shall pay a penalty not to exceed five percent (5%) of the amount of the assessment that should have been collected or remitted, plus an additional penalty not to exceed one percent (1%) of the amount of the assessment that should have been collected or remitted for each month of delay, or fraction thereof, after the first month the report was required to be filed or the assessment became due.

(2) The penalty shall be paid to the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration and shall be disposed of in the same manner as funds derived from the payment of assessments as provided in this chapter.

(b) The director shall collect the penalties levied in this section, together with the delinquent assessment, by any or all of the following methods:

(1) Voluntary payment; and or

(2) Legal proceedings instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking any remedies available including, but not limited to, injunctive relief to enjoin any seller owing the assessment or penalties from engaging in business as a seller of catfish feed until the amount of the assessment due and all penalties are paid.

(c) Any person required to pay the assessment provided for in this chapter who refuses to allow full inspection of the premises or any books, records, or other documents relating to the liability of the person for the assessment imposed, or who shall hinder or in any way delay or prevent the inspection, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 2-16-102 is amended to read as follows:

2-16-102. Date stamped on cotton insecticides - Penalty.

(a) Every person, firm, or corporation bagging any commercial cotton insecticide or poison shall stamp on each bag or on a tag attached to each bag the date on which the insecticide or poison was manufactured.
(b)(1) Any person, firm, or corporation failing or refusing to comply with the requirements of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) Each bag or other container which is shipped without first having placed the date placed thereon shall be a separate offense.

SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 2-16-203 is amended to read as follows:

2-16-203. Penalty.

(a) Fines. Any person who shall violate any provisions or requirements of this subchapter or the rules and regulations made or of any notice given pursuant thereto or who shall forge, counterfeit, deface, destroy, or wrongfully use any certificate provided for in this subchapter or in the rules and regulations made pursuant thereto shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation, and upon conviction he or she shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(b) Civil Penalties.

(1)(A) In a lawful proceeding respecting licensing, as defined in the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-201 et seq., in addition to or in lieu of any other lawful disciplinary action, the State Plant Board may assess a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each violation of any statute, rule, or order enforceable by the board.

(B) In no case shall a single application or drift incident by a pesticide applicator be considered multiple violations based on the number of complaints.

(C) In no case shall the failure to meet minimum treating standards, except those which require a termiticide application, be considered a violation and subject to a civil penalty.

(2) The board shall by rule establish a schedule designating the minimum and maximum civil penalty which may be assessed under this section for violation of each statute, rule, or order over which it has regulatory control. Authority is vested in the board to promulgate any other regulations necessary to carry out the intent of this section.

(3) In the event of nonpayment of any civil penalty lawfully assessed pursuant to subdivision (b)(1) of this section, such a penalty shall
be recoverable in the name of the state by the Attorney General in Pulaski County Circuit Court or in the circuit court of the county in which the violation occurred.

(4) All sums paid or recovered under this section shall be deposited into the State Treasury. Sums collected under special revenue programs shall be deposited in the Plant Board Fund. Sums collected under general services programs shall be deposited into the State General Services Fund Account.

(5) All rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this section shall be reviewed by the House and Senate Interim Committees on Agriculture, Forestry, and Economic Development or subcommittees thereof.

SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 2-16-404 is amended to read as follows:

2-16-404. Penalties.

(a) Any person who violates any provision of this subchapter or the regulations adopted hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and for the second and any additional offense a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) and not more than two thousand dollars ($2,000).

(b) Any offense committed more than three (3) years after a previous conviction shall be considered as a first offense.

SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 2-16-503 is amended to read as follows:

2-16-503. Penalty.

(a) Any landowner or any person having control of any land in a Johnson grass control and eradication district who fails or refuses to control or eradicate Johnson grass on his lands shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b)(1) Upon conviction, an offender shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each violation.

(2) Each day a violation shall exist or continue shall constitute a separate offense.
SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 2-18-102 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Any person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation who:

   (A) Falsely advertises or proclaims that seed has been certified by the board; or
   (B) Uses any emblem, label, or language for the purpose of misleading persons into believing that seed has been certified by the board when it has not; or
   (C) Misuses any tag, label, or certificate issued by the board; or
   (D) Obtains or attempts to obtain certification for seed or plants by making false statements or misrepresentations to the board or to the board’s inspectors, deputies, or agents; or
   (E) Having received a certificate, violates any of the rules and regulations of the board made pursuant to this chapter; or
   (F) Violates any agreement made as a condition for receiving a certificate.

(2) Upon conviction, an offender shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense.

(b)(1) When the person holds a certificate from the board, the certificate, after a hearing before the director of the board has been given to the person, shall be revoked by the director, irrespective of whether a prosecution is commenced.

(2) Any person whose certificate is revoked by the director shall be entitled to an appeal to the board, whose decision shall be final.

SECTION 11. Arkansas Code § 2-19-201 is amended to read as follows:

2-19-201. Penalty.

(a) Any person selling or offering for sale any fertilizer or fertilizer materials in violation of the provisions of this subchapter, of the regulations made under it, or of a notice issued under authority of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Upon conviction, an offender shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).
SECTION 12. Arkansas Code § 2-19-302 is amended to read as follows:

Any person who shall violate any provisions of this subchapter or any regulation adopted under this subchapter shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a violation and fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense and not less than three hundred dollars ($300) for every subsequent offense.

SECTION 13. Arkansas Code § 2-20-204 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-204. Remedies for refusing to gin.
(a)(1) Any person, firm, or corporation operating any public gin in this state as defined in § 2-20-201 who shall fail or refuse to gin cotton as required by §§ 2-20-202 and 2-20-203 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.
(2) Upon conviction, an offender shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).
(3) Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.
(b) In addition to the fine, the defendant shall be liable to civil action for double damages by the person aggrieved.

SECTION 14. Arkansas Code § 2-20-403 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-403. Penalties.
(a)(1) Any first purchaser or other person required to pay an assessment pursuant to this subchapter who fails to pay any assessment when due shall forfeit a penalty of two percent (2%) of the assessment each month beginning the day following the date such assessment was due.
(2) The penalty shall be paid to the board or to its designee, the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, and shall be disposed of in the same manner as funds derived from the payment of assessments as provided in this subchapter.
(b) The board or its designee, the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, shall collect the penalties levied in this section, together with the delinquent assessment, by any and all of the following methods:
(1) Voluntary payment by the person liable;
(2) Legal proceedings instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction; or
(3) Injunctive relief to enjoin any person owing the assessment or penalties from operating his business or engaging in business as a buyer or seller of soybeans until the delinquent assessment or penalties are paid.
(c) Any person required to pay the assessment provided for in this subchapter who refuses to allow full inspection of the premises or any books, records, or other documents relating to the liability of the person for the assessment imposed, or who shall hinder or in any way delay or prevent the inspection, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction, an offender shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 15. Arkansas Code § 2-20-504 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-504. Penalties.
(a)(1) Any buyer who fails to file a report or pay any assessment within the required time set by the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration shall forfeit to the director a penalty of five percent (5%) of the assessment determined to be due, plus one percent (1%) for each month of delay, or fraction thereof, after the first month after that report was required to be filed or that assessment became due.
(2) The penalty shall be paid to the director and shall be disposed of by him in the same manner as funds derived from the payment of assessment imposed in this subchapter.
(b) The director shall collect the penalties levied in this subchapter, together with the delinquent assessment, by any or all of the following methods:
(1) Voluntary payment by the person liable;
(2) Legal proceedings instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction; or
(3) Injunctive relief to enjoin any buyer owing an assessment or penalties from operating his business or engaging in business as a buyer of rice until the delinquent assessment or penalties are paid.
(c) Any person required to pay the assessment provided for in this subchapter who refuses to allow full inspection of the premises or any books,
records, or other documents relating to the liability of the person for the
assessment imposed in this subchapter or who shall hinder or in any way delay
or prevent the inspection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon
conviction, an offender shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five
hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 16. Arkansas Code § 2-20-603 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-603. Penalties.

(a)(1) Any buyer who fails to file a report or pay any assessment
within the required time set by the Director of the Department of Finance and
Administration shall forfeit to the director a penalty of five percent (5%)
of the assessment determined to be due, plus one percent (1%) for each month
of delay, or fraction thereof, after the first month after that report was
required to be filed or that assessment became due.

(2) The penalty shall be paid to the director and shall be
disposed of by him in the same manner as funds derived from the payment of
assessment imposed in this subchapter.

(b) The director shall collect the penalties levied in this
subchapter, together with the delinquent assessment, by any or all of the
following methods:

(1) Voluntary payment by the person liable;

(2) Legal proceedings instituted in a court of competent
jurisdiction; or

(3) Injunctive relief to enjoin any buyer owing an assessment or
penalties from operating his business or engaging in business as a buyer of
wheat until the delinquent assessment or penalties are paid.

(c) Any person required to pay the assessment provided for in this
subchapter who refuses to allow full inspection of the premises or any books,
records, or other documents relating to the liability of the person for the
assessment imposed in this subchapter or who shall hinder or in any way delay
or prevent the inspection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon
conviction, an offender shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five
hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 17. Arkansas Code § 2-20-802 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-802. Penalties.
(a) Any buyer who fails to file a report or pay any assessment within the required time set by the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration shall forfeit to the director a penalty of five percent (5%) of the assessment determined to be due, plus one percent (1%) for each month of delay or fraction thereof after the first month after the report was required to be filed or the assessment became due. The penalty shall be paid to the director and shall be disposed of by him or her in the same manner as funds derived from the payment of the assessment imposed in this section.

(b) The director shall collect the penalties levied in this section together with the delinquent assessment by any or all of the following methods:

(1) Voluntary payment by the person liable;

(2) Legal proceedings instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction; and or

(3) Injunctive relief to enjoin any buyer owing the assessment or penalties, or both, from operating his or her business or engaging in business as a buyer of corn or grain sorghum until the delinquent assessment or penalties, or both, are paid.

(c) Any person required to pay the assessment provided for in this section who refuses to allow full inspection of the premises, or any books, records or other documents relating to the liability of the person for the assessment herein imposed, or who shall hinder or in any way delay or prevent such inspection, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 18. Arkansas Code § 2-34-301 is amended to read as follows:

2-34-301. Penalty.

A willful violation of this subchapter shall be deemed a misdemeanor violation. An offending party shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500), at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 19. Arkansas Code § 2-35-302 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Buyers who fail to file a report or pay any assessment within a required time set by the Director of the Department of Finance and
Administration shall forfeit to the director a penalty of five percent (5%) of the assessment determined to be due, plus one percent (1%) for each month of delay, or fraction thereof, after the first month after the report was required to be filed or the assessment became due.

(2) The penalty shall be paid to the director and shall be disposed of by him in the same manner as funds derived from payment of assessments imposed in this subchapter.

(b) The director shall collect the penalties levied in this section, together with the delinquent assessment, by any or all of the following methods:

(1) Voluntary payment by the person liable;

(2) Legal proceedings instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction; or

(3) Injunctive relief to enjoin any buyer owing the assessment or penalties from operating his business or engaging in business as a buyer of cattle until the delinquent assessment or penalties are paid.

(c) Any person required to pay the assessment provided for in this subchapter who refuses to allow full inspection of the records relating to the liability of the person for the assessment imposed in this subchapter or who shall hinder or in any way delay or prevent inspection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 20. Arkansas Code § 2-37-113 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person convicted of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or who shall impede, hinder, or otherwise prevent, or attempt to prevent, the board or its authorized agent in performance of his or her duty in connection with the provisions of this chapter, shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine of not more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for the first violation, and not more than two hundred dollars ($200) for each subsequent violation and the proceeds from such fines shall be remitted into the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring the board or its representative to:
(1) Report for prosecution;
(2) Institute seizure proceedings; or
(3) Issue a withdrawal from distribution order, as a result of
minor violations of the chapter, or when the board believes the public
interest will best be served by suitable notice of warning in writing.

(c) In all prosecutions for violations of this chapter, the
certificate of the analyst, or other officer making the analysis or
examination, when sworn to or subscribed by the analyst or officer, shall be
prima facie evidence of the facts therein certified.

(d) The board is authorized to apply for and the court to grant a
temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or
continuing to violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any regulation
promulgated under the chapter notwithstanding the existence of other remedies
at law. The injunction shall be issued without bond.

(e) Any person adversely affected by an act, order, or ruling of the
board made pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may within forty-five
(45) days thereafter bring action in the Pulaski County Chancery Circuit
Court for judicial review of the actions. The form of the proceeding may be
any which may be provided by statutes of this state to review decisions of
administrative agencies, or in the absence or inadequacy thereof, any
applicable form of legal action, including actions for declaratory judgments
or writs of prohibitory or mandatory injunctions.

(f) Any person who uses to his or her own advantage, or reveals to
other than the board or officers of the board or other officers of state
agencies, or to the courts when relevant in any judicial proceeding, any
information acquired under the authority of this chapter, concerning any
method, records, formulations, or processes which as a trade secret is
entitled to protection, is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor; provided, that
this prohibition shall not be deemed as prohibiting the board or its
authorized agent, from exchanging information of a regulatory nature with
authorized officials of the United States Government, or of other states, who
are similarly prohibited by law from revealing this information.

SECTION 21. Arkansas Code § 2-38-302 is amended to read as follows:
2-38-302. Penalty for failing to take up trespassing animals.

(a)(1) Any owner of animals upon receiving notice either verbal or
otherwise that they are at large and trespassing upon the land, premises, and
crops of another person shall immediately take up the animals and thereafter
confine them so that further depredations and damages shall be avoided.

(2)(A) If he or she shall fail, neglect, or refuse to take up
animals, upon being notified his or her animals are running at large and
trespassing, for twenty-four (24) hours after notification being given him or
her, he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon
conviction, shall be fined a sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more
than fifty dollars ($50.00).

(B) Each day the animals continue to run at large shall
constitute a separate offense.

(b) Where any initiated act, duly adopted by the electors as provided,
prescribes penalties, the penalties of this section shall be cumulative and
in addition thereto.

SECTION 22. Arkansas Code § 2-38-504 is amended to read as follows:
2-38-504. Releasing hogs into the wild.
(a) Any person who willfully releases any hog to live in a wild or
feral state upon public land or upon private land, unless the landowner has
consented, is in violation of this section.

(b) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor
violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine not to exceed five
hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 23. Arkansas Code § 2-40-101 is amended to read as follows:
(a)(1) Any person who assaults or by force or violence resists,
opposes, impedes, intimidates, or interferes with any employee of the
Arkansas Livestock and Poultry Commission while the employee is engaged in
the performance of his or her official duties or because the employee has
carried out or is about to carry out his official duties shall be guilty of a
Class A misdemeanor and shall be punished accordingly.

(2) If the person uses a dangerous or deadly weapon in the
commission of the acts, the person shall be guilty of a Class D felony and
shall be punished accordingly.

(b) Any person who, without the use of force or violence, resists,
opposes, impedes, intimidates, or interferes with any employee of the
commission while the employee is engaged in the performance of his official
duties or because the employee has carried out or is about to carry out his
or her official duties shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and shall be
punished accordingly.

(c) Any person who shall bring in, or cause to be brought in, to the
state any animal suffering from a contagious or infectious disease or that
has been exposed to the contagion or infection of any disease, knowing it to
have been so diseased or to have been so exposed, shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction, an offender shall be fined in any sum
not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500). He or she shall, moreover, be
liable for damages to others due to infection from the animal.

SECTION 24. Arkansas Code § 2-40-301 is amended to read as follows:
2-40-301. Penalty.
Any person, company, or corporation in any county of this state failing
to do its duty provided in this subchapter or violating any of the provisions
of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon
conviction, the offender shall be fined in any sum of not less than ten
dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

SECTION 25. Arkansas Code § 2-40-702 is amended to read as follows:
2-40-702. Penalties.
(a) Any person violating the provisions of this subchapter shall be
guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be fined not
less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).
(b)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, or
association to have in possession or keep, sell, or offer for sale, barter,
exchange, give away, or otherwise dispose of hog cholera virus in this state,
except at the University of Arkansas or other state-supported institutions of
higher learning and under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian and with
a special written permit issued by the Arkansas Livestock and Poultry
Commission.
(2) Any person, firm, corporation, or association violating any
of the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
violation and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than twenty-five
dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 26. Arkansas Code § 2-40-1002 is amended to read as follows:
2-40-1002. Federal quarantine line.
(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person or corporation to drive or transport any cattle from south to north across the cattle quarantine line within the State of Arkansas, as it may be fixed by the proper authorities of the United States.

(2) This section shall not apply to persons or corporations driving or transporting cattle across the quarantine line as infected cattle or as cattle from infected districts or to persons driving any cattle across the line during the time it is not prohibited by the United States authorities.

(b) Any person or corporation who shall violate the provisions of this section, being either the owners of the cattle, or carriers, or driver for hire, or otherwise, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction, an offender shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200).

(c)(1) Any citizen of this state shall have the power, and it shall be the duty of all peace officers of the respective counties of this state, to stop any cattle driven or transported or being driven or transported across the quarantine line from south to north and impound and drive or transport the cattle back south of the quarantine line.

(2) All costs and expenses incurred by a citizen or peace officer incurred in impounding or driving the cattle back south of the quarantine line shall be taxed as costs against the person or corporation convicted of the unlawful driving of the cattle across the line in violation of this section.

(d) The courts of competent jurisdiction in any county north of the quarantine line, through which or into which cattle shall be driven, shall have cognizance of violations of the provisions of this section.

SECTION 27. Arkansas Code § 2-40-1004 is amended to read as follows:
2-40-1004. Penalties for cattle drifting or being transported across district line.
(a) Cattle from below the district cattle quarantine line shall not be
allowed to drift across the line, and the owner of the cattle allowing them
to so drift across shall be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor violation**. Upon
conviction, the owner shall be fined in any sum of not less than two hundred
dollars ($200) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). This penalty shall
not apply to adjoining landowners as described in § 2-40-1001. Cattle from
above the line which drift across the line shall be subject to the laws
affecting other cattle below the line.

(b) At no season of the year shall cattle be driven or transported
across the district quarantine line without a certificate of inspection by a
federal or state veterinary inspector. Any person so driving or transporting
cattle or any persons found aiding or abetting in the driving or transporting
of cattle shall be guilty of a **misdemeanor violation** and shall, upon
conviction, be fined in any sum of not less than two hundred dollars ($200)
nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense.

SECTION 28. Arkansas Code §§ 3-3-203 and 3-3-204 are amended to read
as follows:

3-3-203. Purchase or possession by minor.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one
(21) years to purchase or have in possession any intoxicating liquor, wine,
or beer.

(2) For the purposes of this section, intoxicating liquor, wine,
or beer in the body of a minor shall not be deemed to be in his possession.

(b) It shall also be unlawful for any adult to purchase on behalf of a
person under the age of twenty-one (21) years any intoxicating liquor, wine,
or beer.

(c) Any person violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a
**misdemeanor violation** and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not
less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars
($500).

(d) In addition to the penalty herein provided, the trial judge or
magistrate may impose the following penalty or penalties or any combination
thereof:

(1) Requiring persons under the age of twenty-one (21) years to
write themes or essays on intoxicating liquors, wine, or beer; and

(2) Placement of a person under the age of twenty-one (21) years
under probationary conditions as determined by the court in its reasonable
discretion designed as a reasonable and suitable preventive and educational
safeguard to prevent future violations of this section by the person.

3-3-204. Handling by minor.
   (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (c) of this section, it
       shall be unlawful for any wholesaler, retailer, or transporter of alcoholic
       beverages to allow any employee or any other person under twenty-one (21)
       years of age to have anything whatsoever to do with the selling,
       transporting, or handling of alcoholic beverages.
   (b) With the written consent of a parent or guardian, persons eighteen
       (18) years of age and older may:
       (1) Sell or otherwise handle beer and cooking wines at retail
grocery establishments; or
       (2) Be employed by a licensed liquor wholesaler or licensed beer
           wholesaler or by a licensed native winery to handle alcoholic beverages at
           the place of business of the licensed wholesaler or winery.
   (c) Persons nineteen (19) years of age and older, with the written
       consent of a parent or guardian, may sell and handle alcoholic beverages at
       an establishment which is licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic
       beverages under §§ 3-9-202(8) and (9), 3-9-301, or 3-9-501.
   (d)(1) Anyone violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty
       of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than
       ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).
       (2) The violation shall be grounds for suspension, cancellation,
or revocation by the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division of
any permit issued to the person by the director.

SECTION 29. Arkansas Code §§ 3-3-305 and 3-3-306 are amended to read
as follows:

3-3-305. Transportation by motor vehicle.
   (a) It is unlawful for a motor vehicle to carry at any one time in any
county or part of a county in which it is unlawful to manufacture, sell,
barter, loan, or give away intoxicating liquors, more than one (1) gallon of
spirituous, vinous, or malt liquor and three (3) gallons or one (1) case of
beer.
(b) Any alcoholic beverages in excess of the amounts prescribed above found inside or on a vehicle in violation of this section shall be confiscated pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to properly licensed retailers and wholesalers when so authorized by the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division, to common carriers or bonded carriers duly licensed by the Arkansas State Highway and Transportation Department, to a private or contract carrier holding a proper permit from the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division to transport intoxicating liquors within the State of Arkansas where the liquors are consigned to a point beyond the dry territory, or to individuals in transit when the individuals are not residents of the dry territory.

(d) The operator of any motor vehicle violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(e) This section shall not be deemed to repeal any acts pertaining to possession of alcoholic beverages in dry territory, but shall be cumulative thereto.

3-3-306. Possession of alcoholic beverages other than beer.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to possess more than one (1) gallon of spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors other than beer, in any county or part of a county in which it is unlawful to manufacture, sell, barter, loan, or give away intoxicating liquors.

(b) Such liquor or liquors found in the possession of any person shall be confiscated pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to common carriers in transit through such county providing further that the provisions of this section shall not apply to licensed bonded dealers or individuals in transit, when those individuals are not residents of the dry county.

(d) Any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 30. Arkansas Code § 3-3-309 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-309. Procuring liquor for another.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to either directly or
indirectly procure or purchase for another, any alcohol, or spirituous,
ardent, vinous, malt, or fermented liquors; any compound or preparation
thereof commonly called tonics, bitters, or medicated liquors; or
intoxicating spirits of any character, in any district or territory where
they are prohibited by law. However, this section shall not prohibit one
person from buying for another from a licensed dealer.

(b) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section
shall be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor violation** and fined in any sum not
less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars
($500).

SECTION 31. Arkansas Code § 3-5-221 is amended to read as follows:
3-5-221. Miscellaneous prohibited practices - Penalties.
(a)(1) Any person being either a retail dealer or who knowingly places
in his stock or who brings upon his premises, who has in his possession or
who sells or offers for sale any beer or wine on which the tax provided by
law has not been paid shall, in addition to the other fines, penalties, and
forfeitures, be subject to penalty of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each
package of untaxed liquor so held or offered for sale.

(2) The penalty shall be in the nature of liquidated damages and
may be collected by civil action.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any brewer or distributor of light wines
or beer to manufacture or knowingly bring upon his premises and keep thereon
any beer or wine of an alcoholic content in excess of five percent (5%) by
weight or any distilled spirits of any alcoholic content whatsoever.

(c) Any person who shall add to or mix with any beer or wine as
defined in this subchapter, any alcoholic or any other liquid, any alcohol
cube or cubes, or any other ingredient or ingredients that will increase or
tend to increase the alcoholic content or who shall knowingly offer any such
liquor for sale shall be guilty of a **misdemeanor violation** and shall be fined
in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100).

(d)(1) It shall be unlawful for a licensee or for any agent, servant,
or employee of a licensee:

(A) To suffer or permit any dice to be thrown for money or
for anything of value or to suffer or permit gambling with cards, dominoes,
raffle, or other games of chance, or any form of gambling in the place
designated by the license or in any booth, room, yard, garden, or other place
appurtenant thereto;

(B) To suffer or permit the licensed premises to become
disorderly;

(C) To sell, barter, furnish, or give away to any minor
under the age of twenty-one (21) years any wine or beer;

(D) To sell, barter, furnish, or possess in the place
designated by the license, or in any booth, yard, or garden, any alcoholic
liquors or beverages containing in excess of five percent (5%) of alcohol by
weight, or to permit any such acts to be done;

(E) To permit any immoral or lascivious conduct on the
part of the patrons or others at or in the licensed premises, or in any place
appurtenant thereto; or

(F) To suffer or permit the use of any profane, violent,
abusive, or vulgar language at or in such licensed premises, or in any place
appurtenant thereto.

(2) The acts and conduct of the agents, servants, and employees
of a licensee in the conduct of the business shall be deemed the acts and
conduct of the licensee.

(3) Any violation of the provisions of this subsection shall
constitute a Class A misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more
than five hundred dollars ($500) and not more than one (1) year in jail, and
each day the offense shall be continued shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 32. Arkansas Code § 3-7-103 is amended to read as follows:
3-7-103. Penalty - Revocation.

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of §§ 3-7-101 - 3-7-
104 and 3-7-106 - 3-7-110 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon
conviction be fined not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than
one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 33. Arkansas Code § 3-7-111 is amended to read as follows:
3-7-111. Additional taxes.

(a)(1) In addition to all other fees and taxes now imposed by law,
there is levied and shall be collected the following additional fees and
taxes:
(A) An additional tax of five cents (5¢) per case on each case of native wine produced and sold in this state, including light wines, wine coolers, and any other mixture containing the fermented juices of grapes, berries, fruits, or vegetables, regardless of the percentage of alcoholic content, the tax to be paid by the manufacturer of the wine;
(B) A consumer enforcement tax of twenty-five cents (25¢) per thirty-two (32) gallon barrel of beer which may be passed on by the retailer to the consumer or may be absorbed by the retailer, the tax to be collected by the beer wholesalers acting as agent for the state;
(C) In addition to the fee imposed for the privilege of operating a dispensary under § 3-4-604, an additional fee of one hundred dollars ($100) for the issuance of each permit; and
(D) In addition to the permit fee now imposed under § 3-4-605 for the privilege of storing, transporting, and selling at wholesale spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors, an additional tax of three hundred dollars ($300).

(2) All additional permit fees and taxes imposed under subdivisions (a)(1)(B), (a)(1)(C), and (a)(1)(D) of this section shall be levied and collected in the same manner as now provided by law.

(3) The tax imposed by subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section shall be reported monthly by the manufacturer on all sales made in Arkansas to Arkansas wholesalers, retailers, or consumers, and the manufacturer shall remit the tax with each report.

(4) All additional permit fees and taxes levied by subdivisions (a)(1)(A)-(a)(1)(D) of this section shall be deposited in the State Treasury as general revenues and credited to the State Apportionment Fund. These amounts shall be allocated and transferred to the various funds, fund accounts, and accounts participating in general revenues in the respective proportions to each as provided by law and shall be used for the respective purposes set forth in the Revenue Stabilization Law of Arkansas, § 19-5-101 et seq.

(b)(1) There is levied and there shall be collected as provided by law and regulation:
(A) A tax at the rate of twenty cents (20¢) per case on liquor, cordials, liqueurs, premixed spirituous liquors, and specialties
having an alcoholic content of twenty-one percent (21%) or more by weight;

(B) A tax at the rate of five cents (5¢) per case on liquor, cordials, liqueurs, premixed spirituous liquors, light spirituous liquors, and specialties having an alcoholic content of less than twenty-one percent (21%) alcohol by weight; and

(C) A tax at the rate of five cents (5¢) per case on sparkling and still wines, including light wines, regardless of alcoholic content.

(2) The tax shall be paid by the wholesaler and shall not be passed on by the wholesaler to the retailer or the public. These taxes shall be paid on all such merchandise sold or offered for sale in the State of Arkansas and shall be in addition to any and all other taxes heretofore or hereafter levied and collected on that merchandise.

(3) All taxes, penalties, fines, and costs received by the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration under the provisions of this subsection shall be deposited in the State Treasury as general revenues to the credit of the State Apportionment Fund. There those amounts shall be allocated to the various funds, fund accounts, and accounts participating in general revenues in the respective proportions to each as provided by, and shall be used for the respective purposes set forth in, the Revenue Stabilization Law of Arkansas, § 19-5-101 et seq.

(4) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 34. Arkansas Code §§ 4-18-101 and 4-18-102 are amended to read as follows:

4-18-101. Goods to weigh as marked - Penalty.

(a) Every package, bag, or bundle of goods or merchandise shall contain in weight what it is branded, marked, or said to contain.

(b) Any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one dollar ($1.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each package, bag, or bundle sold in violation of this section.
4-18-102. False or short weights and measures - Penalty.

Whoever knowingly buys or sells or permits any person in his employ to buy or sell any property and make or give any false or short weights or measure, and any person owning or having charge of any scales fixed for the purpose of misweighing any article bought or sold, and any person having any such scales for the purpose of weighing any property and who knowingly reports any false or untrue weight, and any firm or corporation using in the sale of any commodity a computing scale or device indicating the weight and price of the commodity upon which scale or device the graduation or indication are false or inaccurately placed, either as to weight or price, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction he or she shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100), and each sale made on any such scale or device shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 35. Arkansas Code § 4-18-106 is amended to read as follows:


(a) A box nine inches (9") deep, twelve inches (12") wide, and twenty inches (20") long shall constitute a lawful bushel measure for apples.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense.

SECTION 36. Arkansas Code § 4-18-221 is amended to read as follows:

4-18-221. Grain elevator moisture meters.

(a) The Arkansas Bureau of Standards shall periodically, at least annually, test all moisture meters used at public grain elevators in this state where wheat, soybeans, rice, milo, or any other grain is bought and sold.

(b) Moisture testers may be rejected for any of the following reasons:

(1) The moisture testing device tested is found to be out of tolerance with the testing machine used by the inspector by more than one-half of one percent (0.5%), plus or minus (+ or -), on grain under twenty-two percent (22%) moisture content or by more than one percent (1%), plus or
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minus (+ or -), on grain having twenty-two percent (22%) or more moisture content;

(2) The warehouseman does not have available the latest charts for the type of machine being used;

(3) The warehouseman does not have available the proper scale or scales and the thermometers for use with the type of machine being used; or

(4) The moisture testing device is not free from excessive dirt, cracked glass, or is not kept in good operational condition at all times.

(c) It is unlawful for any person to use any moisture meter disapproved by the bureau, and any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250).

SECTION 37. Arkansas Code § 4-57-103 is amended to read as follows:

4-57-103. Statement of principal and interest.

(a) Any seller, lender, or any other person, corporation, or legal entity extending credit in this state shall, upon written request of the borrower or debtor, furnish the borrower or debtor, at the time of extending credit or of making the sale, with a statement separately stating the principal and interest charged for any goods, property, or services sold to the borrower or debtor.

(b)(1) Any creditor willfully refusing to furnish the statement of principal and interest as herein required, or who, upon furnishing the statement of principal and interest to the borrower or debtor, fraudulently misrepresents the amount of principal or interest paid, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(2) Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 38. Arkansas Code § 4-70-202 is amended to read as follows:

4-70-202. Penalties.

Any person owning, carrying on, or transacting business as designated in this subchapter who fails to comply with any provision of this subchapter shall be guilty of a violation and fined not less than twenty-five dollars
($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100). Each day of the violation shall be a separate offense.

SECTION 39. Arkansas Code § 4-75-503 is amended to read as follows:

4-75-503. Furnishing or transmitting news.

(a) All corporations, companies, individuals, associations, persons, companies, or corporations associated for the purpose of furnishing news for publication in newspapers and engaged in furnishing news for publication shall furnish the service to all newspapers, persons, companies, or corporations authorized to do business under the laws of this state at uniform rates and without discrimination, and the service shall be given in the same manner and at the same cost to all. No increase in the rate charged for such news service shall apply in this state unless the increased rates shall be made in conformity with the uniform increased rates made for all other points wherever the news service may be furnished by the persons, companies, corporations, associations, or companies associated.

(b) Any person, association, company, or corporation associated violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a violation and fined in any sum not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000), and each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punished as such.

(c)(1) Any telegraph company or telephone company transmitting or permitting to be transmitted over its lines, by lease or otherwise, or which shall receive for transmission over any of its lines, from any persons, companies, corporations, associations, or persons associated, any news item, the transmission of which is prohibited by this section, shall be guilty of a violation and punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(2) The Attorney General or any prosecuting attorney of the state is empowered, authorized, and directed to bring suit in the name of the State of Arkansas for the recovery of the penalty prescribed by subdivision (c)(1) of this subsection and shall receive as compensation for their services twenty-five percent (25%) of all sums collected.

(d) Any person, company, corporation, or any association of persons against whom a discrimination shall be made in the rate charged or of services rendered by any association, company, or corporation, or persons
associated in the furnishing of news service, or to whom such news service is refused, shall be entitled to recover damages in any sum not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) per day for each day of the discrimination or refusal.

SECTION 40. Arkansas Code § 4-75-708 is amended to read as follows:

4-75-708. Sales at less than cost, rebates, concessions, etc. - Penalty.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any wholesaler, retailer, or salesperson with intent to injure competitors or destroy or substantially lessen competition to advertise, offer to sell, or sell, at retail or wholesale, cigarettes at less than cost to the wholesaler or retailer, as the case may be.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any wholesaler, retailer, or salesperson with intent to injure competitors or destroy or substantially lessen competition to offer a rebate in price, to give a rebate in price, to offer a concession of any kind, or to give a concession of any kind or nature whatsoever in connection with the sale of cigarettes.

(c)(1) It shall be unlawful for any retail dealer to induce or attempt to induce or to procure or attempt to procure the purchase of cigarettes at a price less than cost to the wholesaler.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any retail dealer to induce or attempt to induce or to procure or attempt to procure any rebate or concession of any kind or nature whatsoever in connection with the purchase of cigarettes.

(d) Any wholesaler, retailer, or salesperson who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punishable by violation and upon conviction is subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(e) The following shall be prima facie evidence of intent to injure competitors and destroy or substantially limit competition:

(1) The advertisement, offer for sale, or sale of cigarettes by any wholesaler, retailer, or salesperson at less than cost to him or her;

(2) Any offer of a rebate in price or the giving of a rebate in price or an offer of a concession or the giving of a concession of any kind or nature whatsoever in connection with the sale of cigarettes; or
(3) Inducing or attempting to induce or procuring or attempting
to procure the purchase of cigarettes at a price less than cost to the
wholesaler or the retailer.

SECTION 41. Arkansas Code § 4-75-807 is amended to read as follows:
4-75-807. Fresh dairy products - Unlawful to limit quantity of
purchase.
   (a) It shall be unlawful for any vendor of fresh dairy products in
this state who advertises or displays any of the products for sale at
specified prices to restrict or limit the number or quantity of any such
products to be sold to any purchaser desiring to purchase the products so
long as the supply of the products to be purchased is available.
   (b)(1) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be
guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a
fine of not more than one hundred dollars ($100).

   (2) Each violation of this section shall be punishable as a
separate offense.

SECTION 42. Arkansas Code § 4-75-903 is amended to read as follows:
4-75-903. Penalties.
   Any person violating or failing to comply with the provisions of this
subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction
shall be subject to a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) for each day the
violation or noncompliance continues.

SECTION 43. Arkansas Code § 4-104-204 is amended to read as follows:
4-104-204. Violations - Penalties.
   Any credit card issuer violating this subchapter shall be deemed guilty
of a misdemeanor violation and fined not less than five hundred dollars
($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each violation.

SECTION 44. Arkansas Code §§ 5-27-222, 5-27-223, and 5-27-224 are
amended to read as follows:
   Any parent or person standing in loco parentis to a child under the age
of eighteen (18) years whose gross neglect of parental duty with reference to
the child proximately results in delinquency of the child or who, through
gross neglect of parental duty with reference to the child, fails to correct
the delinquency of the child shall be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor**
violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed two
hundred fifty dollars ($250).

5-27-223. Permitting minors to play in saloons.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any owner or keeper of any dramshop or
saloon or any employee of such owner or keeper to permit minors to play in
such dramshop or saloon, or any apartment thereof, at any game of cards,
billiards, pool, or any other game known by any other name or without any
name, for a bet or wager on such game, or for amusement without any bet or
wager.
(b) Any person violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this
section shall be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor** violation and shall, on
conviction, be fined in any sum not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) nor
more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

5-27-224. Permitting minors to frequent and play in poolrooms.
(a) It shall be unlawful for the owner or keeper of any poolroom or
pool hall or pool parlor or any employee of such owner or keeper to permit
any person or persons under the age of eighteen (18) years to play pool,
billiards, or any other game, or frequent or congregate in such poolroom or
pool parlor or pool hall, or any department thereof.
(b) Any person violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this
section shall be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor** violation and shall, on
conviction, be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more
than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 45. Arkansas Code § 5-37-520 is amended to read as follows:
5-37-520. Misrepresentation of nature of business.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association, or
corporation to misrepresent the true nature of its business by use of the
words "manufacturer", "wholesaler", "retailer", or words of similar import or
for any person, firm, association, or corporation to represent itself as
selling at wholesale or to use the word wholesale in any form of sale or
advertising unless such person, firm, association, or corporation is actually
selling at wholesale those items advertised for the purpose of resale.

(b) For the purpose of this section, the term "wholesale" shall mean a
sale made for the purpose of resale and not one made to the consuming
purchaser.

(c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be
deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be
punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) and not more than
two hundred dollars ($200), with each day’s violation constituting a separate
offense.

SECTION 46. Arkansas Code § 5-38-210 is amended to read as follows:
5-38-210. Allowing animals into enclosures - Division fences.
(a)(1) Any person who shall willfully, directly, or indirectly turn
loose any horse, mule, hog, sheep, goat, or domesticated cattle or any other
animal, or so allow any such animals to be turned loose in any enclosure
where crops of any kind are growing or have been cultivated and not gathered,
without the consent of all persons or their agents owning and cultivating
such crops, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation, and upon conviction
shall be fined not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred
dollars ($100), this section not to be enforced for a trespass occurring
after the close of the year in which the crop has been grown.

(2) Willfully to leave open gates or gaps in fences in such
manner that an animal will or can enter such cultivated land when the crop is
not gathered and in the year in which the crop is grown shall be a violation
of this section and be punished as herein provided.

(b)(1) Where different owners or their tenants have cultivated under a
common enclosure, one (1) or more years, and anyone owning only a part of the
land desires to avoid the penalties of this section, and will put up half of
a division fence by March 1 in any year, and give notice in writing before
January 1 preceding March 1, to the owner of the balance of the field,
notifying him or her to put up the balance of the division fence, and the
owner so notified fails to enclose his or her land by putting up the balance
of the division fence, or a fence entirely his or her own, before April 1
following such notice, the person giving the notice shall not be liable to
the penalties herein provided for trespass that may occur on the land of the
owner so notified.

(2) Where division fences are put up under the provisions of this section or have existed for one (1) year or more by common consent of adjacent owners of land, no one shall break or remove the fences, or any part thereof, without giving at least nine (9) months' notice of the intention to do so to the owner or agent of the adjoining land enclosed by the fence, and, if done without such notice, the offender shall be punished as provided in this section.

(c) It is not the purpose of this section to repeal or modify any law of enclosure now existing, nor the remedies therein, nor to affect or repeal any animal statute or law whatever, nor the penalties therein.

SECTION 47. Arkansas Code § 5-38-212 is amended to read as follows:

5-38-212. Destruction of native growth.

(a) The wanton and willful destruction of holly, dogwood, pines, and cedar and other native southern growth is prohibited.

(b) The cutting or destruction of holly, dogwood, pines, and cedar and other native southern growth within a distance of fifty (50) yards of either side of the highways of this state is prohibited except by the owners of the land upon which the growth is found, or upon the consent of the owners.

(c) This section shall not be construed to prevent owners of real property from clearing their land of such growth or from cutting and marketing the pines, cedars, and other timber on their land.

(d) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 48. Arkansas Code §§ 5-39-212 and 5-39-213 are amended to read as follows:


(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association to:

(1) Construct any fence on any property in such manner as to enclose any cemetery unless suitable access by automobile to the cemetery is provided by gate or otherwise. The word "cemetery", as used in this
subsection, is not intended to apply to any private family burial plot which contains fewer than six (6) commercial grave markers and has not been used for burial purposes for at least twenty-five (25) years and which has not had an access road to the burial plot for at least thirty (30) years. Nothing in this section prohibits the placement of a fence around any cemetery for the purpose of defining boundaries or protection of grave sites;

(b) Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100), and every day that the violation shall exist shall be a separate offense.

5-39-213. Advertising on property without owner's written permission.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firms, or corporations to place any advertising on any property in this state without first securing the written permission of the owner of the property.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 49. Arkansas Code § 5-39-302 is amended to read as follows:


(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to enter upon any enclosed grazing land except by way of a gate, gap, or other opening.

(b) Any person so entering shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be punished by a fine of:

(1) Not less than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense; or

(2) Not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) for the second offense.

SECTION 50. Arkansas Code § 5-53-132 is amended to read as follows:

5-53-132. Misconduct in selecting or summoning jurors.

Every person whose duty it shall be to select or summon any jurors in
any court, or before any officer, who shall be guilty of any unlawful, partial, or improper conduct in selecting or summoning any juror shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 51. Arkansas Code § 5-54-130 is amended to read as follows:
5-54-130. Radio voice privacy adapters.
(a) It is unlawful for any person other than a law enforcement officer or agency, or fire department or employee thereof, to own or operate or possess any radio equipment described as a voice privacy adapter or any other device capable of receiving and decoding police and fire department communications which have been transmitted through a voice privacy adapter.
(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any police department or agency or any other agency having law enforcement responsibility nor to fire departments of any political subdivision of this state.
(c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).
(d) As used in this section, the word "person" shall include the singular and plural and shall also mean and include any person, firm, corporation, association, club, copartnership, society, or any other organization.

SECTION 52. Arkansas Code §§ 5-60-114 and 5-60-115 are amended to read as follows:
5-60-114. Open shafts or wells.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any corporation, company, individual person, or association of persons to leave any shaft, well, or other opening uncovered on any unenclosed land.
(b) Every corporation, company, individual person, or association of persons who shall dig any shaft, well, or other opening, whether for the purpose of mining or other purpose, shall be required to securely enclose the opening, or cover and keep it covered with strong and sufficient covering.
(c) Every corporation, company, individual, person, or association of
persons who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for any such offense and shall be liable to anyone who may lose any stock by such opening for twice the appraised value of the stock.

5-60-115. Filling or covering abandoned water wells.

(a) When the owner of lands shall abandon or cease to use any dug water well located on such lands, he shall either fill the well or place a sturdy cover over such well so as to prevent animals and persons from falling in the well.

(b) Any person who shall willfully fail or refuse to either fill or cover such well, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

SECTION 53. Arkansas Code §§ 5-63-201 and 5-63-202 are amended to read as follows:

5-63-201. Tickets to school athletic events or music entertainment events - Sale in excess of regular price.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation, firm, or partnership to sell or offer for sale any ticket to:

(A) High school or college athletic events or to athletic and other events held for the benefit of charity at a greater price than that printed on the ticket; or

(B) Any music entertainment events at a greater price than that printed on the ticket or the box office sale price plus any reasonable charge for handling or credit card use, whichever is the greater.

(2) This subsection shall not apply to institutions of higher education which receive funds per ticket above the face value of that ticket.

(b) Any person, persons, corporation, firm, or partnership violating any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), and every such sale or offer for sale shall be a separate offense.
5-63-202. Requiring borrower to pay contribution to substitute one insurance policy for another.

(a) No person, firm, or corporation engaged in the business of financing the purchase of real or personal property or of lending money on the security of real or personal property and no trustee, director, officer, agent, or other employee of any such person, firm, or corporation shall directly or indirectly require that a borrower pay a consideration of any kind to substitute the insurance policy of one (1) insurer for that of another.

(b) Any violation of the provisions of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor violation, and upon conviction the violator shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense.

SECTION 54. Arkansas Code §§ 5-67-101 — 5-67-105 are amended to read as follows:


(a) It shall be unlawful for any persons, firms, or corporations to place any advertising signs on the highway right-of-way in this state, excepting signs placed under direction of the State Highway Commission.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section or § 5-39-213 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

5-67-102. False or misleading signs.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to erect or cause to be erected or maintained, on or within one hundred yards (100 yds.) of the right-of-way of any state highway, any sign or billboard which has printed, painted, or otherwise placed thereon, words or figures calculated to cause the traveling public of this state or tourists from other states to abandon state highways and travel any public road to any town, city, or destination in this state unless the sign or billboard shall be erected and maintained by and with the consent and approval of the State Highway Commission.
(b) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to erect or cause to be erected on or within one hundred yards (100 yds.) of the right-of-way of any state highway any sign or billboard which has printed, painted, or otherwise placed thereon, words or figures which give to the traveling public any false or misleading information pertaining to the highways of this state.

c) Any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(d) The State Highway Commission shall cause the removal and destruction of, and it is made the duty of the commission to remove and destroy, any and all signboards now on or within one hundred yards (100 yds.) of the right-of-way of any state highway, which give to the traveling public any false and misleading information pertaining to the highways of this state.

5-67-103. Attaching signs to utility poles or living plants.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, or association to nail, staple, or otherwise attach or cause to be nailed, stapled, or otherwise attached, any sign, poster, or billboard to any public utility pole or to any living tree, shrub, or other plant located upon the rights-of-way of any public road, highway, or street in this state. However, this prohibition shall not apply to warning, safety, or identification signs attached to public utility poles by utility companies or cooperatives.

(b) Any person, firm, corporation, or association violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), and each day that any such violation shall continue shall constitute a separate offense.

5-67-104. Violation of posted bridge prohibitions.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person owning or operating a motor vehicle which shall in any way exceed or violate any properly posted limitations, regulations, or restrictions governing the use of a bridge structure to use the structure as long as such use shall violate any of the
posted prohibitions.

(b) Any unlawful action resulting in a violation of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be a misdemeanor violation, and any person convicted thereof shall be punished by fine of not more than two hundred dollars ($200), and the person shall be liable for the costs to restore the damage and injury to the structure occasioned by the violation.

5-67-105. Wreckage near memorial highway.

(a) If any person or corporation shall store wrecked, worn out, or discarded automobiles, or other scrap iron or steel within two hundred yards (200 yds.) of any public highway in the State of Arkansas, a part of which has been or may be designated by law as a memorial highway, it shall be his or its the person's or corporation's duty to construct a solid fence or wall high enough to hide them from persons passing along the memorial highway or to hide them behind some house or other structure or elevation of the land that will conceal them from public view of those passing along the highway.

(b) Any person failing to comply with the provisions of this section is guilty of a violation and shall be fined five dollars ($5.00) for each day in which he or she fails to comply, with the fine to go to the local school district in which the site of the violation is located.

SECTION 55. Arkansas Code § 5-68-202 is amended to read as follows:

5-68-202. Sale or possession of literature rejected by U.S. mails.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sell or to offer for sale, or to have in possession, any magazine, paper, or other literature or printed book, picture, or matter, the shipment or transportation of which has been refused and rejected from the United States mails, or which literature or literature of like character the Government of the United States will not permit to be sold, shipped, or handled.

(b) Any violation of the provisions of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall subject the offender to a fine of any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100), and each day that this section shall be violated shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 56. Arkansas Code § 5-69-102 is amended to read as follows:

(a) The use of natural gas within the State of Arkansas for the purpose of obtaining the carbon black content by the process of burning is prohibited.

(b) The erection, enlargement, maintenance, and operation of any plant in Arkansas for the purpose of burning natural gas to obtain therefrom the carbon black content is prohibited within this state.

(c) No person, firm, or corporation owning or operating any gas well within this state shall use any part of the gas produced, from any such well for the purpose of obtaining the carbon black content thereof by the process of burning, nor shall any such person, firm, or corporation so owning or operating the well sell or deliver any part of the gas to any other person, firm, or corporation for use by the person, firm, or corporation in obtaining the carbon black content thereof by the process of burning such gas.

(d) The erection, maintenance, or operation of any such carbon black plant in violation of this section or the use, sale, or delivery of any such natural gas from any gas well in this state, in violation of the provisions of this section is declared a public nuisance, and the Attorney General and the several prosecuting attorneys of this state and each of them are authorized and directed to proceed in the name of the State of Arkansas, in any court of competent jurisdiction by injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy for the abatement of any such nuisance.

(e) Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000), and each day that any such plant shall be operated for the purpose of manufacturing carbon black, or each day that any gas shall be used, sold, or delivered from any gas well in violation of the provisions of this section shall be deemed a separate offense.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the use of casing-head gas, produced from any oil well, in the manufacture of carbon black.

SECTION 57. Arkansas Code § 5-72-108 is amended to read as follows:

5-72-108. Injuring or destroying bridges, dams, levees, or
embankments.  

Every person who shall willfully and maliciously cut down, break, injure, or destroy any bridge, mill-dam or other dam, or levee erected or constructed to create hydraulic power, or to prevent the overflow of lands, or any embankment necessary to support the dam or levee, or shall make or cause to be made any aperture in the dam or embankment, with intent to destroy or injure the dam or embankment, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5,000).

SECTION 58. Arkansas Code § 6-2-111 is amended to read as follows:

6-2-111. Degrees, diplomas, and honors.

(a) All institutions incorporated as colleges or universities shall have power to confer the customary degrees and grant the usual diplomas and honors conferred by reputable institutions of like grade.

(b)(1) No degree or diploma of any kind shall be conferred by any institution of higher education that has not been incorporated in the manner provided by law.

(2) No institution of higher education shall confer degrees upon students for mere correspondence courses or upon any student who has not studied in residence at the institution for one (1) scholastic year.

(3) No purely honorary degree shall be conferred except by institutions of higher education maintaining standard collegiate or university courses with at least six (6) full professors and a body of genuine college or university students in residence.

(c) Any president, professor, or other officer of any institution of higher education who shall violate the provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), and it is made the duty of the Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board to enforce this section.

SECTION 59. Arkansas Code § 6-10-102 is amended to read as follows:

6-10-102. Penalty.

Any officer or employee of the State Board of Education, county board of education, or school district board of directors who shall willfully fail
or refuse to comply with any provisions of the School Law for which no
punishment is otherwise provided by law shall be deemed guilty of a
misdemeanor violation and shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars
($10.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 60. Arkansas Code § 6-11-119 is amended to read as follows:

6-11-119. Correspondence courses.

(a) The State Board of Education shall promulgate reasonable rules,
regulations, and standards for the accreditation of persons, firms, schools,
or educational institutions offering correspondence courses to the people of
this state and may grant certificates of approval to those persons, firms,
schools, or educational institutions offering correspondence courses which
meet the approval of its rules, regulations, and standards.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, school, or educational
institution to advertise by newspaper, magazine, pamphlet, handbill, or other
printed method published in this state, or by radio or by television in this
state, the offering of any correspondence courses unless that person, firm,
school, or educational institution shall have first registered with the board
and shall have been approved by the board as an accredited correspondence
school.

(c) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to all schools
or educational institutions offering correspondence courses whether the
schools are located in this state or in some other state. However, these
provisions shall not apply to those schools or educational institutions
regulated by the State Board of Private Career Education or by the Arkansas
Higher Education Coordinating Board.

(d) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
violation and upon conviction shall be fined in the sum of not less than two
hundred fifty dollars ($250) and not more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 61. Arkansas Code § 6-16-104 is amended to read as follows:

6-16-104. Basic language of instruction.

(a) The basic language of instruction in the public school branches in
all the schools of the state, public and private, shall be the English
language only.

(b) It shall be the duty of the Director of the Department of
Education, the Director of the Department of Workforce Education, and city
superintendents to see that the provisions of this section are carried out.

(c) Any person violating the provisions hereof shall be deemed guilty
of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not to exceed
twenty-five dollars ($25.00), payable into the general school fund of the
county.

(d) Each day this violation occurs shall be considered a separate
offense.

SECTION 62. Arkansas Code § 6-17-101 is amended to read as follows:

6-17-101. Certificate of health - Tuberculosis tests.

(a)(1) Every newly hired public school employee within this state,
prior to beginning employment each school year, shall present to the
secretary of the board of directors of the employing district a certificate
of health dated not more than ninety (90) days prior to the date of its
presentation stating that the employee is free from tuberculosis.

(2) The status of the individual regarding possible tuberculosis
infection must be determined by a method prescribed by regulation of the
State Board of Health, and reactors must undergo sufficient additional tests
prescribed by regulation of the board and shall be scheduled for a periodic
reexamination according to their risk status.

(3) Certificates of health stating that public school employees
are free from tuberculosis infection may be issued by a regularly licensed
physician or regularly constituted health authority, but interpretation of
any X ray film must be made by a competent roentgenologist or physician
experienced in tuberculosis.

(b) All school cafeteria employees and other school employees handling
food shall comply with the same health requirements imposed upon employees of
restaurants and other food service establishments in the State of Arkansas.

(c) Any teacher or other school employee or member of a school board
within this state violating the terms of this section shall be deemed guilty
of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction be fined not less than twenty-
five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 63. Arkansas Code § 6-17-106 is amended to read as follows:

6-17-106. Insult or abuse of teacher.
(a)(1) It is unlawful during regular school hours and in a place where a public school employee is required to be in the course of his or her duties, for any person to address a public school employee using language which in its common acceptation is calculated to:
   (A) Cause a breach of the peace;
   (B) Materially and substantially interfere with the operation of the school; or
   (C) Arouse the person to whom it is addressed to anger to the extent likely to cause imminent retaliation.

(2) A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction be liable for a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500).

(b) Each school district shall report to the Department of Education any prosecutions within the school districts under this section.

SECTION 64. Arkansas Code § 6-18-202 is amended to read as follows:


(a) For purposes of this section:
   (1) "Reside" means to be physically present and to maintain a permanent place of abode for an average of no fewer than four (4) calendar days and nights per week for a primary purpose other than school attendance;
   (2) "Resident" means a student whose parents, legal guardians, persons having legal, lawful control of the student under order of a court, or persons standing in loco parentis reside in the school district; and
   (3) "Residential address" means the physical location where the student's parents, legal guardians, persons having legal lawful control of the student under order of a court, or persons standing in loco parentis reside.

(b)(1) The public schools of any school district in this state shall be open and free through completion of the secondary program to all persons in this state between the ages of five (5) and twenty-one (21) years whose parents, legal guardians, or other persons having lawful control of the person under an order of a court reside within the school district and to all persons between those ages who have been legally transferred to the district.
for education purposes.

(2) For purposes of this section, a student may use the residential address of a legal guardian, person having legal lawful control of the student under order of a court, or person standing in loco parentis only if the student resides at the same residential address and if the guardianship or other legal authority is not granted solely for educational needs or school attendance purposes.

(3) Any school district may require a parent, legal guardian, or other person in loco parentis who enrolls a student in a school district to sign a statement under oath attesting to his or her residential address or to provide other proof that a student is a resident of the school district as defined by this section.

(c) Any person eighteen (18) years of age or older may establish a residence separate and apart from his or her parents or guardians for school attendance purposes.

(d) In order for a person under the age of eighteen (18) years to establish a residence for the purpose of attending the public schools separate and apart from his or her parents, guardians, or other persons having lawful control of him or her under an order of a court, the person must actually reside in the district for a primary purpose other than that of school attendance.

(e)(1) Any school district which admits for ten (10) school days or more a student the school district knows or should have known is a resident of another school district not included in a tuition agreement or is not officially transferred to it shall be liable to the resident district of the student for an amount of money equal to the state equalization funding per student the complainant district would have received or seven hundred fifty dollars ($750) per year, whichever is greater.

(2) Notice to a school district by a complainant school district that a student is attending illegally in the school district begins the running of the ten-day time period.

(3) Causes of action arising under this subsection (e) may be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(4) The school district which admits the student shall have the burden of proof as to the student's residency.

(5) Upon presentation of a court order or judgment finding that
a school district has admitted for ten (10) school days or more a student the
district should have known was a resident of another district, as set forth
in subdivision (e)(1) of this section, the Department of Education will
satisfy the defendant school district’s liability by transferring to the
complainant school district the appropriate amount of funds from state aid
which the department would have distributed to the defendant school district.
Such transfer will be made from the next payment due to the district from the
department after the order is received by the department.

(f) Any person who knowingly gives a false residential address for
purposes of public school enrollment is guilty of a misdemeanor violation and
subject to a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500).

(g) This section shall not be construed to restrict a student’s
ability to participate in a tuition agreement with a nonresident school
district or to officially transfer to another school district pursuant to the

SECTION 65. Arkansas Code § 6-18-219 is amended to read as follows:
Any teacher, principal, superintendent, or any other person whose duty
it is to make reports as to the schools of the county who shall make a false
report to the State Board of Education as to the number of children
enumerated, the number enrolled in school, or the number in average daily
attendance in the schools shall be:

(1) Guilty of a misdemeanor violation, punishable by a fine not
to exceed one hundred dollars ($100) payable into the general school fund of
the county; and

(2) Liable personally for any loss of revenue which the district
or state sustains as a result of the false report.

SECTION 66. Arkansas Code § 6-18-602 is amended to read as follows:
Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of
this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon
conviction shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more
than one hundred dollars ($100) for each and every offense.
SECTION 67. Arkansas Code § 6-19-119 is amended to read as follows:

6-19-119. School bus passengers required to be seated.

(a) As used in this section, "school bus" shall mean any vehicle being used to convey children to and from school that is marked in both front and rear with the words "SCHOOL BUS" in plain lettering readable in daylight at a distance of at least two hundred feet (200') from the vehicle.

(b) The driver of a school bus shall not operate the school bus until every passenger is seated.

(c)(1) The superintendent of each public school in this state shall be responsible for ensuring that no school bus is scheduled to transport more students than can be reasonably seated in the school bus.

(2) Any superintendent who knowingly violates subdivision (c)(1) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 68. Arkansas Code § 6-21-106 is amended to read as follows:

6-21-106. Fire hazards inspection prior to closing for breaks.

(a)(1) At least seven (7) calendar days prior to the beginning of Christmas break, the school superintendent of each public elementary and secondary school in this state shall request an inspection of the premises by the fire department providing fire protection to the school buildings. If the chief executive officer of the fire department receives the request at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the beginning of Christmas break, he shall cause the school buildings to be inspected for fire hazards. The inspection shall be conducted prior to the beginning of Christmas break.

(2) At least seven (7) calendar days prior to the end of the school year, the school superintendent of each public elementary and secondary school in this state shall request an inspection of the premises by the fire department providing fire protection to the school buildings. If the chief executive officer of the fire department receives the request at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the end of the school year, he shall cause the buildings to be inspected for fire hazards. The inspection shall occur prior to the end of the school year.

(3) The chief executive officer of the fire department shall file a written report of the inspection with the superintendent within seven
(7) calendar days after the inspection.

(4) The inspection shall be at no cost to the school.

(5) The superintendent shall file a written report with the chief executive officer of the fire department within seven (7) calendar days after receiving the inspection report.

(6) The superintendent’s report shall indicate what action was taken or will be taken in response to the inspection by the chief executive officer of the fire department.

(b) Any person who intentionally violates this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and subject to a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 69. Arkansas Code §§ 6-21-605 – 6-21-607 are amended to read as follows:

6-21-605. Injury to schoolhouse or fixtures.

(a) To cut, write upon, deface, disfigure, or damage any part or appurtenance or enclosure of any schoolhouse shall be a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).

(b) Any fine collected under this act for injury to any schoolhouse or other school property shall be paid into the school funds of the district where the crime was committed.

6-21-606. Annoying conduct by trespassers.

Any persons who shall, by any boisterous or other conduct, disturb or annoy any public or private school in this state or any person not a student who, after being notified to keep off the school grounds during the school hours by the board of directors, the superintendent, or principal teacher in charge of any such school, shall continue to trespass on or go upon the grounds, whether at recess or during the sessions of the school, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100), payable into the general school fund of the county.

6-21-607. Loitering on or near school grounds - Penalty.

(a) Any person who shall loiter upon or near the school grounds of any public or private school during school hours, or at any school-sponsored
activity such as ball games, dances, and other school-sponsored activities after regular school hours, without any lawful business or purpose shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250).

(b)(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any person who has a legitimate reason to visit any school from visiting it.

(2) If a person wishes to visit on the school grounds or in the school building, that person shall present himself to the office of the school and receive both permission to visit and a pass to indicate that proper permission has been granted.

(3) Failure to request and receive permission as herein provided shall be considered a violation of this section.

(4) As used in this section, "loiter" means the hanging around or lingering upon the grounds of any public school of this state, or within one hundred feet (100') of the grounds of any public school in this state, unless any such person is on his own property, walking or driving to some destination other than the school grounds, transacting some lawful business at a business establishment located near the school grounds, or has meaningful business to transact at such school.

SECTION 70. Arkansas Code § 6-21-609 is amended to read as follows:

6-21-609. Prohibition against smoking or use of tobacco or tobacco products - Exception.

(a) Smoking or use of tobacco or products containing tobacco in any form in or on any property owned or leased by a public school district, including school buses, is prohibited.

(b) A copy of this statute shall be posted in a conspicuous location at every entrance to each building owned or leased by a public school district and every school bus used to transport public school students.

(c) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 71. Arkansas Code § 6-43-105 is amended to read as follows:
6-43-105. Attendance - Enforcement.

(a) Every parent, guardian, or other person having control of any mentally normal minor over eight (8) years of age who is defective in hearing or sight to the extent that he cannot be benefited by instruction in the public schools shall be required to send such minor to the Arkansas School for the Deaf or the Arkansas School for the Blind at Little Rock.

(b) The minor shall continue to attend the schools for a term of at least thirty-two (32) weeks each year until he or she has completed the course of instruction prescribed for the schools by the board of trustees, or any other body or person designated by law to have control of the schools, respectively, or until he or she has been discharged by the superintendent of the school.

(c) The deaf or blind minor shall be exempt from attendance at the schools for any of the following reasons:

(1) Instruction by a private tutor or in another school approved by the board of trustees, or any other body or person designated by law to have control of the schools, for a time equal to that required by subsection (b) of this section;

(2) Physical incapacity for school work; or

(3) Any other reason deemed good and sufficient by the superintendent of the school, with the approval of the board of trustees.

(d) Failure for a period of one (1) week within the school year to send such minor to school shall constitute an offense, provided that the time necessary for such minor to travel from his home to Little Rock shall not be counted as time absent from school.

(e) Any person who induces or attempts to induce such deaf or blind minor to absent himself or herself from school or who employs or harbors such minor unlawfully while said schools are in session shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for each offense.

(f) It shall be the duty of county boards, or the boards' designees, school attendance officers, prosecuting attorneys, and any special attendance officers appointed by the Arkansas School for the Deaf and the Arkansas School for the Blind, as well as all peace officers, to enforce the provisions of this section.

(g) Any parent, guardian, or other person in charge of such minor or
minors who fails or refuses to comply with the requirements of this section 1
shall be guilty of a **misdemeanor violation** and upon conviction shall be fined 2
not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for 3
each offense.

SECTION 72. Arkansas Code § 6-64-1001 is amended to read as follows:
6-64-1001. Penalty.

Any officer or employee who shall violate any of the provisions of §§ 6-64-213, 6-64-1005 - 6-64-1009 shall be **guilty of a violation** and fined any 7
sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand 8
dollars ($1,000) and immediately removed from office.

SECTION 73. Arkansas Code § 6-65-107 is amended to read as follows:
6-65-107. Faculty and employees.

(a)(1) The faculty of each school shall consist of a principal, who 9
shall be a graduate of some reputable college or university; one (1) 10
instructor in stock raising and dairying; a competent textile instructor; and 11
assistants as may be necessary. The trustees may combine the duties of any 12
two (2) of the above when practicable.

(2)(A) It shall be unlawful for the board of trustees of any of 13
the schools to employ as teachers of the natural and domestic sciences any 14
other than graduates of agricultural colleges or colleges of domestic 15
science.

(B) Any member of the board of trustees violating this 16
subdivision shall be guilty of a **misdemeanor violation** and upon conviction 17
shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than 18
five hundred dollars ($500) and shall be removed from office by the Governor.

(b)(1) The board of trustees of any of the agricultural schools shall 19
not employ anyone related by consanguinity or affinity within the fourth 20
degree to any trustee.

(2) Any member of the board of trustees violating any of the 21
provisions of this subsection shall be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor 22
violation** and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than two 23
hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) and 24
subject to removal by the Governor.

(c) All persons, including the principal, instructors, and other
employees, except those participating in the student labor funds, shall be paid by warrants drawn monthly against the Auditor of State on funds appropriated for that purpose.

SECTION 74. Arkansas Code § 7-9-102 is amended to read as follows:

7-9-102. Duties of election officers - Penalty for failure to perform.
(a) The duties imposed by this act upon members of the State Board of Election Commissioners and county boards of election commissioners, election officials, and all other officers expressly named in this act are declared to be mandatory. These duties shall be performed in good faith within the time and in the manner provided.

(b)(1) If any member of any board, any election official, or any other officer so charged with the duty shall knowingly and willfully fail or refuse to perform his or her duty or shall knowingly and willfully commit a fraud in evading the performance of his or her duty, then he or she shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(2) Upon conviction, he or she shall be fined any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1000) and also shall be removed from office.

SECTION 75. Arkansas Code § 12-12-103 is amended to read as follows:

12-12-103. Pawnshop records - Penalty.
(a) It shall be the duty of each and every pawnshop and pawnbroker doing business in the State of Arkansas to keep a record showing in detail all property pawned with them.

(b)(1) The records required under subsection (a) of this section shall include:

(A) A detailed record of each and every transaction, including the type of identification displayed by the person from whom the property was received;

(B) The name, address, race, sex, height, weight, and date of birth of the person from whom the property was received;

(C) The driver’s license number, personal identification number issued under § 27-16-805, or the number from some other form of photographic identification of the person from whom the property was received; and
(D) A description of each item pawned, including, but not limited to, identifying numbers or serial numbers.

(2) The records shall be maintained on the following form:

"Ticket ________________ Description ________________
Owner ________________ D.O.B. ________________
Address ________________ Race ________________
DL#, ID# or SS# ________ Sex ________________
Article ________________ Ht. ________________
Serial # __________ Wt. ________________"

(c)(1) One (1) copy of the records required under subsection (a) of this section shall be maintained on file with the pawnshop or pawnbroker for a period of three (3) years. The Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police, any member of the Department of Arkansas State Police, any sheriff or deputy of the county, or any police officer of the municipality in which the pawnshop or pawnbroker is located shall have access to all such records at any and all reasonable times.

(2) The director, the county sheriff, or the chief of police in any county or municipality in which the pawnshop is located may require a report of such transactions for such periods of time as he or she shall deem necessary for the efficient enforcement of the criminal laws or to aid in criminal investigations.

(d)(1) The failure on the part of any pawnbroker, owner, or operator of a pawnshop to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction the offender shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(2) Each day a pawnbroker, owner, or operator fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed to constitute a separate offense and shall be punished accordingly.

SECTION 76. Arkansas Code § 12-12-601 is amended to read as follows:
12-12-601. Penalty.
Any person violating any provision of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined in any amount not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).
SECTION 77. Arkansas Code § 12-13-103 is amended to read as follows:

12-13-103. Officer's neglect of duty - Penalty.

(a) Any officer referred to in this subchapter who neglects to comply with any of the requirements of this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Upon conviction the officer shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each neglect or violation and in default of the payment thereof shall be imprisoned not to exceed thirty (30) days.

SECTION 78. Arkansas Code § 12-29-113 is amended to read as follows:

12-29-113. Notice of escape to law enforcement officers - Penalty.

(a)(1) Whenever any inmate of the Department of Correction shall escape from its custody, it will be the duty of the Director of the Department of Correction or his or her designee to immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement officers in the area where the escape took place.

(2) Notification of law enforcement officers in other areas of the state as well as surrounding states will be made as deemed necessary by the department.

(b) A violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be a misdemeanor violation and shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

SECTION 79. Arkansas Code § 12-80-106 is amended to read as follows:

12-80-106. Violations and penalties.

(a) Any owner knowingly constructing a public building within this state without complying with the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor violation and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(b) Each day of such unlawful construction practice shall constitute a distinct and separate offense.

SECTION 80. Arkansas Code § 13-2-101 is amended to read as follows:

13-2-101. Failure to return books or pay replacement costs.

(a)(1) It is unlawful for any person who checks out or otherwise removes any books or other materials from any library owned by the state or
any city, county, or other political subdivision of the state to fail or refuse to return those books or materials to the library or to pay the replacement costs of lost books and library materials within the time prescribed by the library rules.

(2) However, before a charge of violating the provisions of this section shall be filed against any person, the library shall send written notice, by ordinary mail, addressed to the last known address of the person who checked out or otherwise removed the books or materials from the library, notifying the person that if the books or materials are not returned to the library within thirty (30) days from the date of the notice, charges will be filed against the person under the provisions of this section and upon conviction, such person may be fined in an amount as provided in this section.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a violation and subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100), and each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 81. Arkansas Code § 16-17-221 is amended to read as follows:

16-17-221. Improper use of process - Granting privileges - Failure to report or pay over fines - Penalty.

Any district judge who makes use, directly or indirectly, of the process of his or her own court, either as a party litigant or in interest or as an attorney or agent for any party litigant or in interest, or who offers or gives by way of remission of fees or otherwise any pecuniary inducements to the instituting or maintaining of any suits, prosecutions, or proceedings in his or her court, and any sheriff, constable, police chief, or district court clerk who fails to report or pay over fines, penalties, forfeitures, fees, or costs collected by him or her, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction for each of such offenses, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). A conviction under this section shall work a forfeiture of office. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, sheriffs and constables may retain the fees and costs due them out of each cause.
SECTION 82. Arkansas Code §§ 16-22-211 and 16-22-212 are amended to read as follows:

16-22-211. Corporations or associations - Practice of law or solicitation prohibited - Exceptions - Penalty.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any corporation or voluntary association to practice or appear as an attorney at law for any person in any court in this state or before any judicial body, to make it a business to practice as an attorney at law for any person in any of the courts, to hold itself out to the public as being entitled to practice law, to tender or furnish legal services or advice, to furnish attorneys or counsel, to render legal services of any kind in actions or proceedings of any nature or in any other way or manner, or in any other manner to assume to be entitled to practice law or to assume or advertise the title of lawyer or attorney, attorney at law, or equivalent terms in any language in such manner as to convey the impression that it is entitled to practice law, or to furnish legal advice, service, or counsel, or to advertise that either alone or together with or by or through any person, whether a duly and regularly admitted attorney at law or not, it has, owns, conducts, or maintains a law office or any office for the practice of law, or for furnishing legal advice, services, or counsel.

(b) It shall also be unlawful for any corporation or voluntary association to solicit itself by or through its officers, agents, or employees, any claim or demand for the purpose of bringing an action thereon or of representing as attorney at law or for furnishing legal advice, services, or counsel to, a person sued or about to be sued in any action or proceeding or against whom an action or proceeding has been or is about to be brought, or who may be affected by any action or proceeding which has been or may be instituted in any court or before any judicial body, or for the purpose of so representing any person in the pursuit of any civil remedy.

(c) The fact that any officer, trustee, director, agent, or employee shall be a duly and regularly admitted attorney at law shall not be held to permit or allow any such corporation or voluntary association to do the acts prohibited in this section nor shall that fact be a defense upon the trial of any of the persons mentioned for a violation of the provisions of this section.

(d) This section shall not apply to a corporation or voluntary association lawfully engaged in the examination and insuring of titles to
real property, nor shall it prohibit a corporation or a voluntary association
from employing an attorney or attorneys in and about its own immediate
affairs or in any litigation to which it is or may become a party.

(e) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent a
corporation from furnishing to any person, lawfully engaged in the practice
of law, such information or such clerical services in and about his
professional work as, except for the provisions of this section, may be
lawful, if at all times the lawyer receiving such information or such
services shall maintain full professional and direct responsibility to his
clients for the information and services so received. However, no corporation
shall be permitted to render any services which cannot lawfully be rendered
by a person not admitted to practice law in this state, nor to solicit
directly or indirectly professional employment for a lawyer.

(f)(1) Any corporation or voluntary association violating any of the
provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and
punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than
five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(2) Every officer, trustee, director, agent, or employee of the
corporation or voluntary association who directly or indirectly engages in
any of the acts prohibited in this section or assists such corporation or
voluntary association to do such prohibited acts is guilty of a misdemeanor
violation and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred
dollars ($100) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to practice law or attempt to
practice law in any court in this state or to solicit business as, or in any
manner represent himself or herself to be, an attorney at law when such
person so practicing or attempting to practice law or soliciting business as,
or representing himself or herself to be, an attorney at law has previously
been disbarred from the practice of law in any other state of the United
States of America, while a resident of that state.

(b)(1) No person shall be admitted to practice law in this state who
has been disbarred from the practice of law in any other state.

(2) The disbarment of any person from the practice of law in any
other state shall operate as a disbarment of the person from the practice of
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law in this state under any license, permit, or enrollment issued to the
person by any court in this state, prior to his disbarment in the other
state.

(3) A certified copy of the order, judgment, or decree of the
disbarment in the other state shall be prima facie evidence of the disbarment
in the other state when filed in any court in this state.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any judge of any court of record,
municipal district judge, mayor, justice of the peace, or other judge or
magistrate to knowingly permit any person to practice law or attempt to
practice law, or to appear in any manner as an attorney at law before him or
her or in his or her court in violation of any of the terms and provisions of
this section.

(d) Any person violating the terms of this section shall be guilty of
a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not
less than five hundred dollars ($500) and not more than one thousand dollars
($1,000). Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 83. Arkansas Code §§ 16-66-215 and 16-66-216 are amended to
read as follows:

Whoever, whether principal, agent, or attorney, under the statutes of
this state on the subject of the exemption of property from levy and sale on
execution, or in attachment or garnishment, with intent to deprive any
resident of this state of his or her rights, sends, or causes to be sent out
of this state any claim for debt to be collected by proceeding in attachment,
garnishment, or other mesne process, when the creditor, debtor, person, or
corporation owing for the earnings intended to be reached by such proceedings
are each and all within the jurisdiction of the courts of this state, shall
be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined for
each and every claim so sent out of this state in any sum not less than ten
dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

16-66-216. Assignment or transfer of debt - Penalty for evasion.
Whoever, either directly or indirectly, assigns or transfers any claims
for debts against a citizen of this state for the purpose of having the
claims for debts collected by proceedings in attachment, garnishment, or
other process out of the wages or personal earnings of the debtor, in courts  
outside of this state, when the creditor, debtor, person, or corporation  
owing the money intended to be reached by the proceedings in attachment are  
each and all within the jurisdiction of the courts of this state, shall be  
guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any  
sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

SECTION 84. Arkansas Code § 16-85-408 is amended to read as follows:  
16-85-408. Public inspection and disclosure.

(a) When an a grand jury indictment for any offense known to the laws  
of this state shall be found against any person not in actual confinement or  
held by recognizance to answer thereto, the indictment shall not be open to  
the inspection of any person except the judge and clerk of the court and the  
prosecuting attorney, until the defendant has been arrested.

(b)(1) No judge, clerk, prosecuting attorney, or other officer of any  
court shall disclose the fact of any indictment being found until the  
defendant therein has been arrested or recognized to answer the indictment.

(2) Any judge, clerk, or other officer violating the provisions  
of subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor  
violation and, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one  
thousand dollars ($1,000).

(c) The provisions of this section shall not extend to any officer  
making the disclosure by the issuing, or in the execution, of any process on  
the indictment, or in any other manner, when it shall become necessary in the  
discharge of any official duty.

SECTION 85. Arkansas Code § 17-82-104 is amended to read as follows:  
17-82-104. Unlawful practice.

(a) It is unlawful for a dentist or dental hygienist to:

(1)(A) Practice in the State of Arkansas under any name other  
than his or her own true name, except a dentist may practice under a  
corporate name that complies with the Dental Corporation Act, § 4-29-401 et  
seq.

(B) A dentist or a dental corporation may practice under a  
fictitious name if the name has been registered with and approved by the  
Arkansas State Board of Dental Examiners. The fictitious name must comply
with the rules and regulations of the board and must not be false or
misleading to the general public; or

(2) Aid or assist in any manner any unlicensed person to
practice dentistry or dental hygiene or any branch thereof.

(b)(1) It is unlawful for a dentist, whether in practice as owner,
proprietor, manager, employee, or partner, to allow any person other than a
dentist licensed by the board to:

(A) Direct the dentist's practice; or

(B) Direct, participate in, or affect the diagnosis or
treatment of patients under the dentist's care.

(2) However, the phrase "any person" as used in this subsection
shall not apply to a patient’s dental insurer or dental HMO or their
designated utilization review organization.

(c) It is unlawful for any corporation to practice dentistry or dental
hygiene or to hold itself out as entitled to engage therein.

(d)(1) A registered licensed dental hygienist working at a Department
of Correction facility may work under the general supervision of a licensed
dentist.

(2) "General supervision", as used in this subsection, means
that:

(A) The dentist shall establish a written office protocol
that specifically indicates when a hygienist may treat a patient and when a
patient is to be seen by a dentist;

(B) The hygienist shall specifically adhere to the
protocol for treatment developed by the dentist;

(C) General supervision is limited to prophylaxis,
application of sealant, root planing, and any duties normally assigned to
dental assistants;

(D) The dentist is to review and countersign all entries
made in the patient’s chart by the hygienist within seven (7) working days;

(E) All hygienists working in a general supervision
capacity shall be currently certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation; and

(F) The hygienist shall review a patient’s dental health
history prior to treatment.

(e)(1) A person who violates any provision of this section shall be
guilty of a violation and shall be fined in any sum
not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(2) Each day a violation continues constitutes a separate offense.

(3) In addition to the foregoing criminal sanctions, a person who violates the provisions of this section is subject to the liabilities of § 17-82-301(b).

SECTION 86. Arkansas Code § 17-89-105 is amended to read as follows:

17-89-105. Penalties.

(a) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter or who, other than those persons specifically excluded from the provisions of this chapter, provides ophthalmic dispensing services to the public without a certificate of licensure or certificate of registration under this chapter or who engages in the business after his or her certificate of licensure or registration has been suspended or revoked shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(b) Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense and be punishable as such.

SECTION 87. Arkansas Code § 17-90-105 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Any optometrist, physician, or surgeon or individual, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(2) Each and every day the violation continues shall constitute a separate offense and be punishable as such.

(b)(1) The violation of any provision of this chapter may be enjoined by the State Board of Optometry in the circuit courts of this state, even though the violation may be punishable by fine, the intention of this chapter being to provide a speedy means of protecting the public which has not heretofore existed.

(2) The board shall not be required to execute or give a bond for cost, indemnity, or stay as a condition to the issuance of a restraining
order or injunction, either temporary or permanent, in any court of this state.

SECTION 88. Arkansas Code § 17-92-105 is amended to read as follows:
Violation of any part of this section and §§ 17-92-101(1)-(11), 17-92-102, 17-92-103, 17-92-205(b), 17-92-206(b), 17-92-303, 17-92-402, 17-92-404, 17-92-405, 17-92-409, 17-92-410, and 17-92-411(a) not otherwise provided for shall be deemed a misdemeanor violation and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not more than three hundred dollars ($300). Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 89. Arkansas Code § 17-92-303 is amended to read as follows:
Any person who shall take, use, or exhibit the title of licensed pharmacist, unless it has been regularly conferred upon him or her as set forth in §§ 17-92-306 and 17-92-309, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be liable to a penalty of not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 90. Arkansas Code § 17-92-402 is amended to read as follows:
17-92-402. Licensed pharmacist required.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person not a licensed pharmacist within the meaning of this act to conduct any pharmacy or other facility subject to this subchapter for the purpose of retailing, compounding, dispensing medicines, or otherwise performing the practice of pharmacy as defined in § 17-92-101 in the State of Arkansas except as provided.
(b) It shall be unlawful for the proprietor of a store or pharmacy or other facility subject to this chapter to allow any person other than a licensed pharmacist to compound or dispense the prescriptions of authorized practitioners except as an aid to and under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist as provided in this chapter.
(c) However, any person who is not a licensed pharmacist may own or conduct a pharmacy or other facility as identified in § 17-92-403 if the owner keeps constantly in the pharmacy or other facility a licensed pharmacist subject to § 17-92-607.
(d) Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 91. Arkansas Code § 17-92-404 is amended to read as follows:

17-92-404. Pharmacy permit required.

(a) No person shall conduct any pharmacy or other facility as identified in § 17-92-403 in which practitioners' prescriptions are compounded and drugs are retailed or dispensed and in which a licensed pharmacist-in-charge must be employed unless the pharmacy or other facility as identified in § 17-92-403 has obtained a permit issued by the Arkansas State Board of Pharmacy.

(b)(1) Keeping a pharmacy or other facility as identified in § 17-92-403 where drugs and medicines or chemicals are dispensed or sold or displayed for sale at retail or where prescriptions are compounded or which has on it a sign using the words "pharmacist", "pharmaceutical chemist", "apothecary", "pharmacy", "druggist", "drug store", "drugs", or their equivalent in any language, or advertising such a store or shop as a drugstore, apothecary shop, or pharmacy by any method or means shall be prima facie evidence of the sale and dispensing of drugs.

(2) Unless the place so conducted holds a permit issued by the board, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation:

(A) To carry on, conduct, or transact a retail business under any name that contains as a part thereof the words "drugs", "drugstore", "pharmacy", "medicine", "apothecary", or "chemist shop" or any abbreviation, translation, extension, or variation thereof; or

(B) In the operation of any pharmacy or other facility as identified in § 17-92-403 in any manner by advertisement, circular, poster, telephone directory listing, sign, or otherwise, to describe or refer to the place of business conducted by such a person, firm, or corporation by such a term, abbreviation, translation, extension, or variation.

(3) Any person, firm, or corporation violating this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, if a corporation, any officer thereof who participates in such a violation also shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be punished by a fine of not less than
twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not more than three hundred dollars ($300).

(c) The control of the dispensing of medicines being essential to the protection of the public health and general welfare of the people, any violation of subsection (b) of this section may be enjoined by action in any court of competent jurisdiction at the instance of the board or of the owner of any licensed pharmacy. Proceedings under this subsection shall be governed by rules applicable to circuit courts.

SECTION 92. Arkansas Code § 17-97-301 is amended to read as follows:
17-97-301. License required.
(a) If any person shall practice or hold himself or herself out to the public as being engaged in the practice of psychology, such as clinical, consulting, industrial, personnel, or counseling psychology, and shall not then possess in full force and virtue a valid license to practice as psychological examiner or psychologist under the provisions of this chapter, the person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.
(b) Upon conviction the person shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1000).

SECTION 93. Arkansas Code § 18-15-607 is amended to read as follows:
A person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and fined for each and every offense in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) if the person shall:
(1) Tap the mains or supply pipes of any water plant or company without first obtaining the permission of the proper city authorities, corporation, or owner of the water plant;
(2) Commit nuisance in or near the impounding dams or reservoirs of any water plant; or
(3) Pollute the water or affect its wholesome qualities.

SECTION 94. Arkansas Code § 18-27-204 is amended to read as follows:
18-27-204. Limitations on the purchase and disposition of personal property.
(a) As used in this section "pawnbroker" means any person, firm, or
corporation, or an agent thereof, who is engaged in the business of lending
money upon the security of articles of personal property or purchasing
personal property.

(b) No pawnbroker shall purchase or receive personal property as
security from any person under eighteen (18) years of age who has not been
emancipated under § 9-26-104.

(c) No pawnbroker shall dispose of personal property purchased or
received as security until at least fifteen (15) calendar days after the
property is purchased or pawned, or at least seven (7) calendar days after
the purchase or pawn is reported to the local police, whichever comes first,
unless the property is redeemed by the person who sold or pawned it.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to personal
property purchased by the pawnbroker from retailers or wholesalers.

(e) The failure on the part of a pawnbroker to comply with the
provisions of this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor violation. Upon
conviction the offender shall be punished by a fine of not more than one
thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 95. Arkansas Code § 18-28-402 is amended to read as follows:
18-28-402. Escrow accounts.

(a)(1) A holder of mineral proceeds shall establish an escrow account
for mineral proceeds if the person entitled to the receipt of the proceeds is
unknown or has not been located within one (1) year after the funds became
payable or distributable.

(2) The escrow account shall be for the benefit of the rightful
recipient of the mineral proceeds.

(3) Any person showing to the holder sufficient proof of
identity and ownership of the property shall be promptly paid the sum
accumulated for his or her benefit in the escrow account.

(b)(1) If a holder of mineral proceeds is required to establish more
than one (1) escrow account by operation of this section, then the mineral
proceeds accruing may be commingled in a single account.

(2) Separate records of each deposit and withdrawal on behalf of
specific persons shall be maintained.

(c) The Auditor of State and the Oil and Gas Commission shall require
a report of each account to be filed annually. The report shall include, but
shall not be limited to:

1. The name and last known address of the property owner;
2. The legal description of the property interest;
3. The location and account number of the escrow account;
4. The name of the person authorized to order withdrawals from the account; and
5. Any other information that the Auditor of State and the commission may require.

(d) Any holder of mineral proceeds who violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each violation.

(e) The commission shall enforce the provisions of this subchapter and shall conduct random audits of the escrow accounts required by this section.

SECTION 96. Arkansas Code § 18-44-108 is amended to read as follows:

18-44-108. Refusal to list parties doing work or furnishing materials.

(a) The owner or proprietor, material supplier, subcontractor, or anyone interested as mortgagee or trustee in the real estate upon which improvements are made under this subchapter, may, at any time, apply to the contractor or subcontractor for the following:

(1) A list of all parties doing work or furnishing material for the buildings and the amount due to each of the persons; and

(2) Certification that the owner or agent has received the preliminary notice specified under § 18-44-115.

(b) Any contractor or subcontractor who, upon request, refuses or fails within five (5) business days to give a correct list of the parties furnishing material or doing labor, and the amount due to each, on the building, or who falsely certifies that an owner or agent has received the preliminary notice specified under § 18-44-115, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500).

SECTION 97. Arkansas Code § 18-44-109 is amended to read as follows:

18-44-109. Unlawful to use materials other than as designated.

Any contractor or subcontractor who shall purchase materials on credit and represent at the time of purchase that they are to be used in a
designated building or other improvement and shall thereafter use, or cause
to be used, the materials in the construction of any building or improvement
other than that designated without the written consent of the person from
whom the materials were purchased, with intent to defraud that person, shall
be deemed guilty of a **misdemeanor violation** if the materials were valued at
one thousand dollars ($1,000) or more and **upon conviction** shall be punished
by a fine not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500).

**SECTION 98.** Arkansas Code § 18-44-115 is amended to read as follows:

18-44-115. Notice to owner by contractor.

(a)(1) No lien may be acquired by virtue of this subchapter unless the
owner or his or her authorized agent has received, by personal delivery or by
certified mail, a copy of the notice set out in subsection (c) of this
section.

(2) The notice required by this section shall not require the
signature of the owner or his or her authorized agent in instances when the
notice is delivered by certified mail.

(b)(1)(A) It shall be the duty of the contractor to give the owner or
his or her authorized agent the notice set out in subsection (c) of this
section on behalf of all potential lien claimants under his or her contract
prior to the supplying of any materials or fixtures.

(B) Any potential lien claimant may also give notice.

(2) However, no lien may be claimed by any supplier of material
or fixtures unless the owner or agent has received at least one (1) copy of
the notice, which need not have been given by the particular lien claimant.

(c) The notice set forth in this subsection may be incorporated into
the contract, or affixed thereto, and shall be conspicuous, worded exactly as
stated, in all capital letters, and shall read as follows:

"IMPORTANT NOTICE TO OWNER

I UNDERSTAND THAT EACH PERSON SUPPLYING MATERIAL OR FIXTURES IS
ENTITLED TO A LIEN AGAINST PROPERTY IF NOT PAID IN FULL FOR MATERIALS USED TO
IMPROVE THE PROPERTY EVEN THOUGH THE FULL CONTRACT PRICE MAY HAVE BEEN PAID
TO THE CONTRACTOR. I REALIZE THAT THIS LIEN CAN BE ENFORCED BY THE SALE OF
THE PROPERTY IF NECESSARY. I AM ALSO AWARE THAT PAYMENT MAY BE WITHHELD TO
THE CONTRACTOR IN THE AMOUNT OF THE COST OF ANY MATERIALS OR LABOR NOT PAID FOR. I KNOW THAT IT IS ADVISABLE TO, AND I MAY, REQUIRE THE CONTRACTOR TO FURNISH TO ME A TRUE AND CORRECT FULL LIST OF ALL SUPPLIERS UNDER THE CONTRACT, AND I MAY CHECK WITH THEM TO DETERMINE IF ALL MATERIALS FURNISHED FOR THE PROPERTY HAVE BEEN PAID FOR. I MAY ALSO REQUIRE THE CONTRACTOR TO PRESENT LIEN WAIVERS BY ALL SUPPLIERS, STATING THAT THEY HAVE BEEN PAID IN FULL FOR SUPPLIES PROVIDED UNDER THE CONTRACT, BEFORE I PAY THE CONTRACTOR IN FULL. IF A SUPPLIER HAS NOT BEEN PAID, I MAY PAY THE SUPPLIER AND CONTRACTOR WITH A CHECK MADE PAYABLE TO THEM JOINTLY.

SIGNED: ______________________________

______________________________

ADDRESS OF PROPERTY

DATE: ________________

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE SIGNATURE ABOVE IS THAT OF THE OWNER OR AGENT OF THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY AT THE ADDRESS SET OUT ABOVE.

______________________________

CONTRACTOR"

(d) If the contractor supplies a performance and payment bond or if the transaction is a direct sale to the property owner, the notice requirement of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply, and the lien rights arising under this subchapter shall not be conditioned on the delivery and execution of the notice. A sale shall be a direct sale only if the owner orders the materials from the lien claimant or authorizes another person to do so.

(e)(1)(A) The General Assembly hereby finds that owners and developers of commercial real estate are generally knowledgeable and sophisticated in construction law, are aware that unpaid suppliers of labor and material are entitled to assert liens against the real estate if unpaid, and know how to
protect themselves against the imposition of mechanics' and material
suppliers' liens.

(B) The General Assembly further finds that consumers who
construct or improve residential real estate containing four (4) or fewer
units generally do not possess the same level of knowledge and awareness and
need to be informed of their rights and responsibilities.

(C) Because supplying the notice specified in subsection
(c) of this section imposes a substantial burden on material suppliers, the
notice requirement mandated under subsection (b) of this section as a
condition precedent to the imposition of a material supplier's lien shall
only apply to construction of or improvement to residential real estate
containing four (4) or fewer units.

(2)(A) No material supplier or laborer shall be entitled to a
lien unless the material supplier or laborer notifies the owner of the
commercial real estate being improved, in writing, that such material
supplier or laborer is currently entitled to payment, but has not been paid.

(B) This notice shall be sent to the owner and to the
contractor by registered mail, return receipt requested, before seventy-five
(75) days have elapsed from the time that the labor was supplied or the
material furnished.

(C) Such notice shall contain the following information:

(i) A general description of the labor, service, or
material furnished, and the amount due and unpaid;

(ii) The name and address of the person furnishing
the labor, service, or materials;

(iii) The name of the person who contracted for
purchase of the labor, service, or materials;

(iv) A description of the job site sufficient for
identification; and

(v) The following statement set out in boldface
type:

"NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNER

IF BILLS FOR LABOR, SERVICES, OR MATERIALS USED TO CONSTRUCT AN
IMPROVEMENT TO REAL ESTATE ARE NOT PAID IN FULL, A CONSTRUCTION LIEN MAY BE
PLACED AGAINST THE PROPERTY. THIS COULD RESULT IN THE LOSS, THROUGH
FORECLOSURE PROCEEDINGS, OF ALL OR PART OF YOUR REAL ESTATE BEING IMPROVED.
THIS MAY OCCUR EVEN THOUGH YOU HAVE PAID YOUR CONTRACTOR IN FULL. YOU MAY
WISH TO PROTECT YOURSELF AGAINST THIS CONSEQUENCE BY PAYING THE ABOVE NAMED
PROVIDER OF LABOR, SERVICES, OR MATERIALS DIRECTLY, OR MAKING YOUR CHECK
PAYABLE TO THE ABOVE NAMED PROVIDER AND CONTRACTOR JOINTLY."

(3) Any contractor who fails to give the notice required by this
subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction
shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 99. Arkansas Code § 18-48-302 is amended to read as follows:
18-48-302. Penalty for sale, etc., of female animal.
Upon the sale, exchange, removal, or disposition of a female animal
described in § 18-48-301 without consent of the person holding the lien or
with intent to defraud him or her, the owner of the female animal shall be
guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any
sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00), nor more than fifty dollars
($50.00).

SECTION 100. Arkansas Code § 19-1-211 is amended to read as follows:
19-1-211. Investigations.
(a)(1) In any matters within the jurisdiction of the Department of
Finance and Administration, the Director of the Department of Finance and
Administration shall have the power to make investigations and may delegate
that power to any division or section head of the department.
(2) For this purpose, the director shall have the power to
subpoena witnesses and require the production of any books, records, papers,
or documents that may be material or relevant as evidence and to administer
oaths to, and take the testimony of, witnesses.
(b)(1) In case of disobedience to any subpoena or other process, the
director may invoke the aid, with the written approval of the Governor, of
the Circuit Court of Pulaski County in requiring the testimony of witnesses
and the production of evidence, books, records, papers, or documents.
(2)(A) In case of refusal to obey the subpoena issued to any
person, firm, or corporation, that court shall issue an order calling such
person, firm, or corporation to appear before the director or other employee
designated by the director and to produce all books and papers so ordered and
give evidence touching the matter in question.

(B) Any failure to obey the order of the court may be
punished by the court as contempt thereof.

(c) Subpoenas for witnesses shall be issued by the director or by
any division or section head of the department in whom any such authority may
have been vested by the director and shall be served as provided by law for
the service of other subpoenas.

(d)(1)(A) The failure or refusal of any witness to appear or to
produce any books, papers, or documents required by the director and to
submit them for inspection or the refusal to answer any relevant question
propounded by the director shall constitute a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more
than five hundred dollars ($500).

(B) Each failure or refusal by any witness to appear or
produce any such books, papers, or documents shall constitute a separate
offense.

(2) False testimony given in any such inquiry shall constitute
perjury punishable as provided by law.

SECTION 101. Arkansas Code § 19-2-104 is amended to read as follows:
19-2-104. Expenditures, contracts, or obligations in excess of
appropriations prohibited.

(a) No officer, employee, or agent of the State of Arkansas, nor any
board of regents or board of trustees, nor any other person or authority, who
is authorized by law to make expenditures of money appropriated for the
different state institutions, or who is authorized to direct the expenditure
of such money so appropriated, shall expend or direct the expenditure of
moneys or funds in excess of the amount appropriated and becoming a part of
any appropriation by executive approval for the particular purpose named in
the act making the appropriations. Nor shall any officer, employee, agent,
person, or authority make any contract which will exceed the amount
appropriated and becoming a part of any appropriation act by executive
approval for the particular purpose named in the act making the
appropriation. Nor shall any officer, agent, person, board, or authority
incur any obligation for any purpose in excess of the amount appropriated and
becoming a part of any appropriation by executive approval for the particular
purpose named in the act making the appropriation, except as provided.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be
deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined
in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred
dollars ($200).

SECTION 102. Arkansas Code § 19-4-103 is amended to read as follows:

19-4-103. Penalty.

With respect to all matters for which penalties have not otherwise been
provided for in this act, any person who shall knowingly violate any of the
provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon
conviction shall be fined in any amount not to exceed one thousand dollars
($1,000).

SECTION 103. Arkansas Code § 20-7-111 is amended to read as follows:

20-7-111. Administration of certain federal acts.

(a) The State of Arkansas does accept the benefits of any acts now
passed or hereafter to be passed by the Congress to provide for cooperation
with the states in the protection of mothers and infants and promotion of a
public health program.

(b) The State Board of Health is designated as the state board for the
purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the federal acts and this
section and shall have all necessary authority to cooperate with the federal
authorities administering the acts of Congress. The board shall administer
any legislation pursuant thereto enacted by the State of Arkansas under the
provisions of this section for promotion of a health program.

(c) The Director of the Department of Health shall act as executive
officer of the board for the purpose of administering the federal acts and
this section. The director shall carry into effect such rules and regulations
as the federal authorities and the board may adopt thereunder.

(d) The Treasurer of State is designated and appointed custodian of
all moneys received by the state from the appropriation made by the Congress,
and he or she is authorized to receive and provide for the proper custody of
the moneys and to make disbursements in the manner provided by law and for
the purpose specified in this section.
(e) The allocation of funds under this section shall be made to the respective counties in consecutive order as they make application and qualify for the funds.

(f)(1) Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this section upon conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined in a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500) at the discretion of the court.

(2) Each day the violation is committed shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 104. Arkansas Code § 20-9-202 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation establishing, conducting, managing, or operating any institution within the meaning of this subchapter without first obtaining a license therefor as provided or violating any provision of this subchapter or regulations lawfully promulgated hereunder under this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Upon conviction, the person shall be liable to a fine of fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense and not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each subsequent offense.

(c) Each day the institution shall operate after a first conviction shall be considered a subsequent offense.

SECTION 105. Arkansas Code § 20-9-301 is amended to read as follows:

20-9-301. Posting of room rates.

(a) All public and private hospitals located and operated in this state shall post in some conspicuous place in each patient's room the daily room rates for both a private and a semiprivate room.

(b) Any hospital or person violating subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for each violation.

SECTION 106. Arkansas Code § 20-9-305 is amended to read as follows:
20-9-305. Annual reports - Nonprofit hospitals.
(a)(1) Any nonprofit hospital association or corporation organized under the laws of this state which operates and maintains a hospital facility in this state primarily for providing hospital services for the employees of any corporation or company engaged in interstate commerce shall file annually with the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration a detailed report of income, fees, charges, and contributions from all sources received by it during the year, together with the expenses and disbursements of the corporation or association during the year. The report shall be filed on or before April 1 in each year.
(2) A copy of the report shall be furnished to each member of such hospital association or corporation upon the request of any member.
(b) Any nonprofit hospital association or corporation failing or refusing to file the report as required in subsection (a) of this section, or which fails or refuses to furnish any member a copy of such report or statement upon request, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of ten dollars ($10.00) for each day the violation continues.
(c)(1) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any nonprofit hospital association or corporation which operates and maintains a hospital facility in any county of this state having a population of not less than twenty-five thousand six hundred (25,600) nor more than twenty-five thousand seven hundred (25,700), according to the 1970 Federal Decennial Census.
(2) The provisions of this section shall not be applicable with respect to any nonprofit hospital associations or corporations which operate and maintain a hospital facility in any county of this state having a population of not less than forty-seven thousand (47,000) nor more than fifty thousand (50,000), according to the 1970 Federal Decennial Census.

SECTION 107. Arkansas Code § 20-9-307 is amended to read as follows:
20-9-307. Itemized statement for services, drugs, and supplies.
(a)(1) Each hospital in the state, except those operated by the State of Arkansas, shall furnish, upon the patient’s request at the time of discharge of each patient or at the time of billing the patient or the insurance company for the patient or at the time of billing the patient or the insurance company for the hospital services, drugs, and supplies, to the
patient and to the insurance company an itemized listing of all services, drugs, and supplies to be billed to that person while a patient in the hospital.

(2) The itemized statement shall be furnished to the patient and the insurance company no later than thirty (30) days after discharge of the patient.

(3) In addition, each patient discharged from a hospital in this state shall, at the time of discharge, be advised in writing of his or her right to receive the itemized statement for services, drugs, and supplies required by this section.

(4) The State Board of Health shall adopt rules specifying the items to be included and the manner in which they shall be presented on itemized statements as required in this section.

(b) The administrator or the agent of any hospital who fails or refuses to provide the itemized statement upon request as required in this section, or fails or refuses at the time of discharge of any patient to advise the patient of his or her right to receive the itemized statement provided for in this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred fifty dollars ($150) for each violation.

SECTION 108. Arkansas Code § 20-9-905 is amended to read as follows:

20-9-905. Penalty.

(a) A person who violates any provision of this subchapter or any regulation adopted under this subchapter is guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction is subject to a penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(b) Each day a violation is continued after the first conviction is a separate offense.

SECTION 109. Arkansas Code § 20-10-107 is amended to read as follows:


(a) As used in this section, "long-term care facility" means "long-term care facility" as defined by § 20-10-213(4) § 20-10-213.

(b)(1) Within twenty-four (24) hours after the incident requiring notification occurs, a long-term care facility shall notify, by telephone and
in writing, the legal representative or guardian of a resident of the facility when:

(A) The resident suffers an injury;
(B) The resident is taken outside the facility for medical care;
(C) The resident is moved to a different room; or
(D) There is any significant change in the physical or mental condition of the resident.

(2) Any person who does not comply with the provisions of this subsection (b) is guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of one thousand dollars ($1,000). The fine shall be deposited in the State Treasury and credited to the Economic and Medical Services Fund Account, there to be used exclusively for the support of the Office of Long-Term Care of the Department of Human Services.

(c)(1) It shall be the responsibility of the long-term care facility to obtain an address and telephone number where the legal representative or guardian is available for notification.

(2) It shall be the responsibility of the legal representative or guardian to notify the long-term care facility of any change in address or telephone number.

SECTION 110. Arkansas Code § 20-10-214 is amended to read as follows:
(a) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation establishing, conducting, managing, or operating any institution or facility, or any combination of separate entities working in concert within the meaning of §§ 20-10-213 - 20-10-228, without first obtaining a license therefor as provided, or violating any provision of §§ 20-10-213 - 20-10-228 or regulation lawfully promulgated thereunder, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Upon conviction, the person, partnership, association, or corporation shall be liable for a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the first offense nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each subsequent offense.

(c) Each day the institution shall operate after a first conviction shall be considered a subsequent offense.
SECTION 111. Arkansas Code § 20-10-803 is amended to read as follows:
20-10-803. Penalties.

(a)(1) Any person who violates any provision of this subchapter or regulations lawfully promulgated hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor under this subchapter shall be guilty of a violation.

(2) Upon conviction thereof, that person shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense and not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each subsequent offense.

(b) Each day that the person performs home health services shall operate after a first conviction shall be considered a subsequent offense.

SECTION 112. Arkansas Code § 20-16-506 is amended to read as follows:
20-16-506. Failure to notify - Penalty.

Failure to give notice as provided in §§ 20-16-501 - 20-16-505 shall be a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punishable by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

SECTION 113. Arkansas Code § 20-17-1012 is amended to read as follows:
20-17-1012. Permit - Transfer of ownership.

(a)(1) Whenever any change is proposed in the controlling interest or ownership of any perpetual care cemetery or any cemetery company or any organization which, directly or indirectly, owns a controlling interest in the cemetery company, the cemetery company which holds the current permit and the individual or organization proposing to obtain ownership or gain control shall file an application for the issuance of a new permit with the Arkansas Cemetery Board.

(2) The application must be accompanied by:

(A) A fee of one hundred dollars ($100);
(B) A statement of changes, if any, in the survey and map of the cemetery;
(C) A set of rules and regulations for the use, care, management, and protection of the cemetery;
(D) The proposed method of continuing the permanent
maintenance fund presently in existence;

(E) A statement of the proposed transfer;

(F) A copy of a current title opinion by an Arkansas-licensed attorney or title insurance policy that reflects that the current permit holder has good and merchantable title to the land covered by the permit;

(G) A notarized statement from the seller and purchaser disclosing any current or future lien or mortgage on the land covered by the permit;

(H) A notarized statement from any current or future lienholder or mortgage holder on the land covered by the permit that all paid-in-full burial spaces will be released from the lien or mortgage at least semiannually;

(I) A current detailed accounting of all paid-in-full merchandise contracts or accounts of the permit holder and seller for which the merchandise has not been delivered to the purchaser or placed in inventory for the benefit of the purchaser. This accounting shall be on an individual contract or account basis and contain the name of the purchaser, the contract or account number, the date of the contract, the gross amount of the contract, a description of the merchandise purchased, the date the contract or account was paid in full, and the specific location where the merchandise is stored;

(J) A current notarized statement from the permit holder and seller that the application contains a complete and accurate accounting of all his or her outstanding accounts receivable, discounted notes and paid-in-full merchandise accounts or contracts for which the merchandise has not been delivered to the purchaser or placed in inventory for the benefit of the purchaser;

(K) A current notarized statement from the purchaser or organization gaining control that it will assume the responsibility and liability for all the accounts, notes and contracts of the seller that are contained in the accountings and schedules that are filed as a part of the application;

(L) The financial statements of the applicant and purchaser required by the rules which reflect that the applicant and purchaser has a minimum net worth of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000); and
(M) Any additional information required by the board or the secretary of the board.

(b) Each vendor or the transferor of the cemetery company or interest therein shall remain liable for any funds and transactions up to the date of the sale or transfer.

(c)(1) Prior to the sale or transfer, the vendor or the transferor shall notify the board of the proposed sale or transfer and shall submit to the board, under oath, any document or record the board may require in order to demonstrate that the vendor or transferor is not indebted to the permanent maintenance fund.

(2) After the transfer of ownership or control, the vendor or transferor must present to the board proof of currency in the permanent maintenance fund.

(3) The board may additionally require the presentation of proof of the continued current status of the permanent maintenance fund by the vendee or transferee for such reasonable period of time as the board may determine to be necessary in the public interest.

(4) The board is further authorized to recover from that vendor or transferor or vendee or transferee, for the benefit of the permanent maintenance fund, all sums which the vendor or transferor or vendee or transferee has not properly accounted for and paid into the trust fund, together with reasonable expenses incurred by the board by bringing this action.

(d) The cemetery company who has been issued a permit to operate a cemetery under the provisions of this subchapter shall remain liable for the maintenance and care of the cemetery and all amounts due the permanent maintenance fund until a new permit is issued to the vendee or transferee.

(e) No new permit shall be issued to the vendee or transferee of any cemetery until that vendee or transferee complies with this subchapter and the board orders a new permit to be issued to the vendee or transferee.

(f) Any vendor or transferor or vendee or transferee who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the violation.

SECTION 114. Arkansas Code § 20-19-202 is amended to read as follows:

(a) All dogs and cats within the State of Arkansas shall be vaccinated at least once one (1) time a year against rabies, and it is made the duty of all owners of dogs or cats or persons having the possession or control of dogs or cats within this state to have the animals vaccinated with vaccine against rabies in an amount, quantity, and quality to be approved by the State Veterinarian.

(b) However, this section shall not apply within cities or incorporated towns through which a state line runs when the adjoining state has no comparable law.

(c) Any owner of any dog or cat or any person having the care and control of any dog or cat who fails to have the dog or cat vaccinated according to the terms of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense.

(d) Any dog or cat termed a stray that is not vaccinated is subject to destruction.

SECTION 115. Arkansas Code § 20-19-304 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Any person violating A person shall be guilty of a violation for:

(A) Violating or aiding in or abetting the violation of any provision of this subchapter or making subchapter; 
(B) Making a misrepresentation in regard to any matter prescribed by this subchapter; resisting;
(C) Resisting, obstructing, or impeding any authorized officer in enforcing this subchapter; or refusing;
(D) Refusing to produce for inoculation against rabies any dog or cat in his possession is guilty of a misdemeanor or her possession.

(2) Upon conviction, the person shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense.

(b) Any dog or cat termed a stray that is not vaccinated against rabies is subject to destruction.
(c)(1) Any officers failing or refusing to carry out the provisions of this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(2) Upon conviction, the officer shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense.

SECTION 116. Arkansas Code § 20-19-308 is amended to read as follows:

20-19-308. Shipment of head of animal suspected of being rabid to laboratory.

(a)(1) Any person causing the death of an animal, either wild or domesticated, suspected of being rabid shall cause the head thereof, together with an affidavit stating that he or she has reasonable grounds to believe that the animal was rabid, to be presented to the county court of the county in which the animal was killed, and it killed.

(2) It shall be the duty of the court to have the head shipped, prepaid, to the State Public Health Laboratory of the Department of Health. The expenses incurred in such shipment shall be paid from the county general fund of the county in which the animal was killed.

(b)(1)(A) Whenever health and other public officials request commercial bus lines operating in Arkansas to receive properly packaged small animal heads for transporting to the laboratory for examination for rabies and where a human life is in danger, it will be unlawful for bus lines to refuse to transport these properly packaged small animal heads to the laboratory for examination.

(B) Commercial bus lines failing, refusing, or neglecting to carry out the applicable provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense.

(2) The accepted method of packaging these severed animal heads will be formulated and distributed by the Department of Health. The Department of Health shall make arrangements to pick up these specimens at the bus terminal without delay. The Department of Health will develop a method of packaging that protects the patrons and bus company employees.
SECTION 117. Arkansas Code § 20-20-101 is amended to read as follows:

20-20-101. Date of manufacture stamped on cotton insecticides.

(a) Every person, firm, or corporation bagging any commercial cotton insecticide or poison shall stamp on each bag, or on a tag attached to each bag, the date on which the insecticide or poison was manufactured.

(b)(1) Any person, firm, or corporation failing or refusing to comply with the requirements of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) Each bag or other container which is shipped without first having the date placed thereon shall be a separate offense.

SECTION 118. Arkansas Code § 20-20-204 is amended to read as follows:

20-20-204. Penalties.

(a)(1) Any commercial or noncommercial applicator, dealer, or pilot who violates any provision of this subchapter or the regulations adopted thereunder under this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and for the second and any additional offense by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) and not more than two thousand dollars ($2,000).

(2)(A) Any private applicator who violates any provision of this subchapter or the regulations adopted thereunder under this subchapter subsequent to having received a written warning from the State Plant Board for a prior violation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense.

(B) An offense committed more than three (3) years after a previous conviction or written warning shall be considered as a first offense.

(b) No state court shall allow the recovery of damages from administrative action taken if the court finds that there was probable cause for such action.
SECTION 119. Arkansas Code § 20-20-227 is amended to read as follows: 20-20-227. Penalties for use inconsistent with labeling.

(a) Any person who uses a pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling is subject to the jurisdiction of the State Plant Board and its statutes, rules, and orders over which it has regulatory authority and may be subject to denial, suspension, revocation, or modification of a license or permit under § 20-20-214.

(b) Any person who knowingly uses a pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling is guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 120. Arkansas Code § 20-22-502 is amended to read as follows: 20-22-502. Penalties.

(a)(1) Every person operating any hotel, motel, apartment building, or other similar multiple-occupancy facility who shall fail or refuse to properly install and maintain an emergency lighting system, fire escape stairway and ladders, and a fire alarm system, in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(2) Upon conviction, the person shall be subject to a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(b) Every day that such violation continues shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 121. Arkansas Code § 20-22-703 is amended to read as follows: 20-22-703. Other exceptions.

(a)(1) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as applying to the manufacture, sale or use of signals necessary for the safe operation of railroads or other classes of public or private transportation or of illuminating devices for photographic use; nor as applying to the military

(B) Military or naval forces of the United States or of this state or to peace officers; nor as prohibiting the sale

(C) Sale or use of blank cartridges for ceremonial,
theatrical, or athletic events; nor as applying to the transportation, sale, or

(D) Transportation, sale, or use of permissible fireworks as defined in § 20-22-708 or special fireworks as defined in § 20-22-701 solely for agricultural or industrial purposes, provided the purchaser first secures a written permit to purchase and use the fireworks for agricultural or industrial purposes from the Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police.

(2) No permit for use of fireworks for agricultural purposes shall be issued by the director except after approval of the county agricultural agent of the county in which the fireworks are to be used.

(3) All fireworks purchased under permit as authorized herein in this section for agricultural or industrial purposes shall at all times be kept in the possession of the permit holder. The permits and fireworks shall not be transferable.

(b) Any person holding a permit to purchase and use fireworks for agricultural or industrial purposes as provided in this section who shall sell, give away, or otherwise transfer such fireworks to another or shall use or permit the use of the fireworks for any purpose other than agricultural or industrial purposes as stated on the permit shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction therefor shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisoned for not more than ninety (90) days, or both, in the discretion of the court in violation of this subchapter and subject to the penalties provided for in § 20-22-705.

SECTION 122. Arkansas Code § 20-22-706 is amended to read as follows:

20-22-706. License required - Penalty.

(a) No person shall do any act for which a license is required by this subchapter or by local authorities acting pursuant to it unless he holds the proper state and local license.

(b) Whoever violates subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000).

SECTION 123. Arkansas Code § 20-26-402 is amended to read as follows:
20-26-402. Door and window screens.

(a) It shall be the duty of every hotel or innkeeper in this state to properly screen with wire cloth or gauze mesh not to be more than 1-32, the doors and windows of the kitchen and dining room, and all openings therein, of the inn or hotel.

(b) Any proprietor, lessee, manager, or agent of an inn or hotel, agent, or clerk of an inn or hotel who shall fail or refuse to comply with the foregoing provisions and requirements shall be guilty of a misdemeanor requirements of subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

(c) The proprietor, lessee, manager, agent, or clerk in charge of the operation and conduct of the inn or hotel, whenever any violation of the provisions of this section shall occur, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction, shall be fined not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

SECTION 124. Arkansas Code § 20-26-405 is amended to read as follows:

20-26-405. Vented heating.

(a) Every person operating a tourist camp, motel, or auto court shall provide, for the purpose of heating the individual rooms in the tourist camp, motel, or auto court stoves or heating units adequately vented to carry the products of combustion to the outside atmosphere.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100), and each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 125. Arkansas Code § 20-27-702 is amended to read as follows:


Any person violating the provisions of this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 126. Arkansas Code § 20-27-801 is amended to read as follows:

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to leave or permit to remain outside of any dwelling, building, or other structure or within any unoccupied or abandoned building, dwelling, or other structure under his, her, or its control in a place accessible to children any abandoned, unattended, or discarded icebox, refrigerator, or other container which has an air-tight door or lid, snaplock, or other locking device which may not be released from the inside without first removing the door or lid, snaplock, or other locking device from the icebox, refrigerator, or container.

(2) The provisions of this subchapter shall not be applicable to reefers, refrigerator, or icer cars of any railroad or railway express agency or any other refrigerator vehicles unless the vehicles have been abandoned or discarded.

(b)(1) The Labor Safety Administrator of the Department of Labor or any of his or her deputies or inspectors shall have the right to remove the door hinges or to dismantle, if necessary, any icebox, refrigerator, or other container which has an air-tight door or lid, snaplock, or other locking device which violates the provisions of this subchapter.

(2) The administrator or any of his or her deputies or inspectors shall have the right to enter any junkyard, vacant lot, dump, yard, unoccupied or abandoned building, dwelling, or other structure or place frequented by children in order to perform duties pursuant to this section.

(c)(1) Any person, firm, or corporation who shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a violation of this subchapter. Any person, firm, or corporation that is found guilty of a violation of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each violation. Each and every icebox, refrigerator, or other container abandoned in a condition contrary to the provisions of this section shall be deemed a separate offense.

(2) Any person, firm, or corporation who shall be found guilty of a violation of the provisions of this section shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each violation.
SECTION 127. Arkansas Code § 20-28-103 is amended to read as follows:

20-28-103. Penalties - Enforcement.

(a) The owner or agent of any water system violating any provisions of this chapter shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Each day in violation shall constitute a separate offense, subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(b) Additionally, any water system violating any provision of this chapter shall be subject to civil penalties up to one thousand dollars ($1,000) per day for each day during which the violation occurs.

(c) The Attorney General or his or her designee shall assist the Department of Health in prosecuting water systems not in compliance with this chapter.

SECTION 128. Arkansas Code § 20-30-102 is amended to read as follows:

20-30-102. Penalty.

(a) Any person operating a public swimming pool who fails or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter or rules and regulations or otherwise operates a swimming pool in violation of this chapter or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Upon conviction, that person shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense. Each day of operation after sufficient notice has been given shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 129. Arkansas Code § 20-32-112 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person or carrier, or any officer, employee, agent, or representative thereof, while operating any vehicle transporting medical waste, or which is authorized to transport medical waste, who shall violate any of the regulations, including safety regulations, prescribed or hereafter prescribed by the Arkansas State Highway Commission pursuant to the provisions of Title 23 of the Arkansas Code or who shall violate any regulation of the Department of Health which specifically relates to the
transportation of medical waste shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Upon conviction, that person or carrier, or officer, employee, agent, or representative thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the first offense and not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for any subsequent offense.

SECTION 130. Arkansas Code § 20-57-402 is amended to read as follows:

20-57-402. Honey.

(a) It is unlawful for any person to package unless the product is pure honey manufactured by honeybees, it is unlawful for any person to:

(1) Package any product and label the product as "honey" or "imitation honey" or to use the word "honey" in any prominent location on the label of the product or to sell product; or

(2) Sell or offer for sale any product which is labeled "honey" or "imitation honey" or which contains a label with the word "honey" prominently displayed thereon unless the product is pure honey manufactured by honeybees.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). Each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 131. Arkansas Code § 20-58-101 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person, firm, or corporation retailing cold-storage eggs to the public shall mark the eggs in a sufficient manner so that the buyers of the eggs may have knowledge of their being cold-storage eggs by that mark.

(b) Any person, firm, or corporation, or the agents or employees of any person, firm, or corporation violating this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 132. Arkansas Code § 20-58-204 is amended to read as follows:

(a) Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this subchapter or regulations of the Arkansas Livestock and Poultry Commission shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall upon conviction:

(1) For the first offense be fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100);

(2) For the second offense be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250); and

(3) For the third offense be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(b) In addition to fines, in the discretion of the court:

(1) For the first offense, his or her permit may be suspended not more than thirty (30) days;

(2) For the second offense, his or her permit may be suspended not more than sixty (60) days; and

(3) For the third offense or any subsequent offense, his or her grading and packing permit may be revoked.

(c) Public notice shall be made upon conviction of violation under this subchapter.

SECTION 133. Arkansas Code § 20-59-202 is amended to read as follows:

Any person, firm, or corporation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined a sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than three hundred dollars ($300) if that person, firm, or corporation shall:

(1) Hinder, obstruct, or in any way interfere with the Director of the Department of Health or his or her deputies while discharging the duties of inspection;

(2) In any way obstruct or hinder in any way the director from carrying out the full meaning and intent of this subchapter;

(3) Refuse or fail to make the reports provided for by §§ 20-59-206 - 20-59-211 and 20-59-214 - 20-59-246;

(4) Refuse or neglect to conform to the rules and regulations of the Department of Health which have been published as provided in this subchapter regarding the care or condition of any animal kept for dairy
purposes or for the sanitary conditions of any room, building, or place where dairy products are kept either for storage or for the purpose of sale and distribution; or

(5) Sell, exhibit, or offer for sale any dairy product which is adulterated.

SECTION 134. Arkansas Code § 20-59-302 is amended to read as follows:


Any person, firm, or corporation that violates any of the provisions of this subchapter or any of the rules and regulations issued in connection therewith, or any officer, agent, or employee thereof, who directs or knowingly permits such violation or who aids or assists such violation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) and not less than fifty dollars ($50.00), and each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 135. Arkansas Code §§ 20-60-101 and 20-60-102 are amended to read as follows:

20-60-101. Use of imported meat in food establishment.

(a)(1) As used in this section, "food service establishment" means any:

(A) Fixed or mobile restaurant, coffee shop, cafeteria, short-order cafe, luncheonette, grille, tearoom, soda fountain, sandwich shop, hotel kitchen, smorgasbord, tavern, bar, cocktail lounge, night club, roadside stand, industrial feeding establishment, school lunch project, private, public, or nonprofit organization or institution routinely serving the public, catering kitchen, commissary, or similar place in which the food or drink is prepared for sale or for service on the premises or elsewhere; or

(B) Grocery store, delicatessen, meat market, retail bakery, or other establishment which sells or otherwise provides food for immediate or on-premise consumption, regardless of whether serving food for immediate consumption is the primary activity of the business; and any other eating or

(C) Eating and drinking establishment where food is served
or provided for the public with or without charge.

(2) The following places where food is served shall be exempt from the definition of a food service establishment:

(A) Group homes routinely serving ten (10) or fewer persons;

(B) Day-care centers routinely serving ten (10) or fewer persons;

(C) Potluck suppers, community picnics, or other group gatherings where food is served but not sold;

(D) Nonprofit organizations that sell food, on a temporary basis, for fund-raising events; and

(E) Hospital kitchens and nursing home kitchens.

(b) All food service establishments shall indicate on their menus or on a notice prominently placed in the establishment whether beef imported from outside the United States is served if the proprietor of the establishment knowingly, willfully, and consistently serves imported beef.

(c) Any person found guilty of violating this section shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction fined ten dollars ($10.00) for the first offense and twenty dollars ($20.00) for the second or subsequent offense.

20-60-102. Arkansas bacon.

(a)(1) The term "Arkansas bacon" shall not be used to identify any meat product other than the pork shoulder blade Boston roast prepared in Arkansas in accordance with this section.

(2) Pork shoulder blade Boston roast prepared outside the State of Arkansas but in the manner prescribed by this section may be identified as "Arkansas-style bacon".

(b)(1) "Arkansas bacon" and "Arkansas-style bacon" are produced from the pork shoulder blade Boston roast by removing the neck bones and rib bones by cutting close to the underside of those bones, removing the blade bone or scapula, and removing the dorsal fat covering, including the skin or clear plate, and leaving no more than one-quarter inch (1/4") of the fat covering the roast.

(2) The meat is then dry-cured with salt, sugar, nitrites, and spices, and smoked with natural smoke. The meat may not be injected or soaked in curing brine, nor may any artificial or liquid smoke be applied to the
meat.

(3) The pork shoulder blade Boston roast includes the porcine muscle, fat, and bone cut interior of the second or third thoracic vertebrae and posterior of the atlas joint or first cervical vertebrae, and dorsal of the center of the humerus bone.

(c) Any person who labels or otherwise identifies meat contrary to the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 136. Arkansas Code § 20-61-203 is amended to read as follows:

20-61-203. Penalties - Injunction.

(a)(1)(A) Any person who violates any provision of this subchapter for which no other civil penalty is provided by this subchapter shall upon conviction be guilty of a violation and subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(B) However, no person shall be subject to penalties under this section for receiving for transportation any article in violation of this subchapter if the receipt was made in good faith unless the person refuses to furnish, on request of a representative of the Director of the Arkansas Bureau of Standards the name and address of the person from whom he or she received the article and copies of all documents, if there are any, pertaining to the delivery of the article to him or her.

(2) All distributors, processors, wholesalers, or retailers who are distributing or selling species of fish as catfish that are not within the definition of "catfish" under § 20-61-202 shall be in violation of this subchapter and shall be assessed a civil penalty of:

(A) Not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for a first violation;

(B) Not less than eight hundred dollars ($800) nor more than two thousand dollars ($2,000) for a second violation within three (3) years after the date of the first violation; and

(C) Not less than one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) for a third violation within three (3) years after the date of the first violation.

(3) For a violation to be considered as a second or subsequent violation, it must be a repeat of the violation in subdivision (a)(2) of this
(4)(A) Any person subject to a civil penalty shall have a right to request an administrative hearing within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of the notice of the penalty.

(B) The State Plant Board is authorized to conduct the hearing after giving appropriate notice, and its decision shall be subject to judicial review.

(5)(A) If a violator has exhausted the administrative appeals and the civil penalty is upheld, the violator shall pay the civil penalty within twenty (20) calendar days after the date of the final decision.

(B) If the violator fails to pay the penalty, a civil action may be brought by the board in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover the penalty.

(C) Any civil penalty collected under this section shall be transmitted to the State Plant Board Fund.

(b) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as requiring the director to report for prosecution or for the institution of libel or injunction proceedings any minor violations of this subchapter whenever he or she believes that the public interest will be adequately served by a suitable written notice of warning.

(c)(1) It shall be the duty of each prosecuting attorney to whom any violation is reported to cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted and prosecuted in a court of competent jurisdiction without delay.

(2) Before the director reports a violation for prosecution, an opportunity shall be given the distributor or other affected person to present his or her views to the director.

(d) The director is authorized to apply for and the court to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this subchapter or any rule or regulation promulgated under this subchapter, notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. The injunction shall be issued without bond.

SECTION 137. Arkansas Code § 20-61-301 is amended to read as follows:

20-61-301. Penalty - Injunction.

(a) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates any provision of this subchapter for which no other civil penalty is provided by this
subchapter shall upon conviction be guilty of a violation and subject to a  
fine of not more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for the first offense and not  
more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the second and subsequent offenses.  

(b) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed as requiring the  
Director of the Arkansas Bureau of Standards to report for prosecution or for  
the institution of libel or injunction proceedings any minor violations of  
this subchapter whenever he or she believes that the public interest will be  
adequately served by a suitable written notice of warning.  

(c)(1) It shall be the duty of each prosecuting attorney to whom any  
violation is reported to cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted and  
prosecuted in a court of competent jurisdiction without delay.  

(2) Before the director reports a violation for prosecution, an  
opportunity shall be given the affected person to present his or her views to  
the director.  

d) The director is authorized to apply for and the court is  
authorized to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any  
person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this  
subchapter or any rule or regulation promulgated under this subchapter,  
notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. The injunction shall  
be issued without bond.  

SECTION 138. Arkansas Code § 20-62-101 is amended to read as follows:  
(a) It shall be unlawful to sell at retail arsenic and its compounds,  
strychnine and its salts, corrosive sublimate, hydrocyanic acid, phosphorus,  
opium, morphine, laudanum, or any preparation of opium containing over two  
(2) grains to the ounce without the container being plainly labeled in  
English with the name of the article, the name of the seller, and the word  
"POISON".  

(b) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section  
shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine  
of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred  
dollars ($100) for each offense.  

SECTION 139. Arkansas Code § 20-77-504 is amended to read as follows:  
20-77-504. Penalty.
(a) Any person violating this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

(b) Each violation shall constitute a separate offense and shall be punishable as such.

SECTION 140. Arkansas Code § 20-78-203 is amended to read as follows:

(a)(1) Any person violating any provisions of this subchapter and any person assisting any partnership, group, corporation, organization, or association in violating any provisions of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) Each day of the violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(b)(1) The Division of Child Care and Early Childhood Education is authorized to impose monetary fines as civil penalties to be paid for failure to comply with the provisions of this subchapter or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

(2) In determining whether a civil penalty is to be imposed, the following factors shall be considered by the division:

(A) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical harm to a child will result or has resulted, the severity and scope of the actual or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated;

(B) The exercise of good faith. Indications of good faith include, but are not limited to, awareness of the applicable statutes and regulations and reasonable diligence in securing compliance, prior accomplishments manifesting the desire to comply with the requirements, efforts to correct, and any other mitigating factors in favor of the operator;

(C) Any relevant previous violations committed; and

(D) The financial benefit of committing or continuing the violation.
(c) Prior to the imposition of monetary fines, the division shall provide notice and an opportunity to be heard before the Child Care Appeal Review Panel in accordance with hearing procedures in effect for the revocation or suspension of licenses.

(d)(1) The division, with the review and approval of the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission, shall publish and promulgate rules and regulations classifying violations as follows:

(A) Class A violations involve essential standards which must be met for substantial compliance to licensing requirements. These standards address fire, health, safety, nutrition, staff to child ratio, and space.

(B) Operation of an unlicensed child care facility shall be considered a Class A violation. However, the definition of unlicensed child care facility shall not be interpreted to include exempt child care facilities as defined in § 20-78-209.

(C) Class A violations are subject to a civil penalty of one hundred dollars ($100) for each violation; and

(2)(A) Class B violations involve administrative standards and standards which do not directly threaten the immediate health, safety, or welfare of the children.

(B) Class B violations are subject to a civil penalty of fifty dollars ($50.00) for each violation.

(3) Each day of occurrence of a Class A or Class B violation shall constitute a separate violation.

(4) Aggregate fines assessed for violation in any one (1) month shall not exceed five hundred dollars ($500) for Class A violations or two hundred fifty dollars ($250) for Class B violations.

(e) When a facility has been found by the division to have committed Class A or Class B violations, then upon final administrative determination by the panel, notice shall be posted in the facility stating the violations found by the division to have occurred and the current status of the license. This notice shall be posted in the facility, in a conspicuous place clearly visible to all staff, to all other individuals in the facility, and to all visitors to the facility.

(f) Failure to post a proper notice as required by this section shall be considered to be a Class B violation for which civil penalties may be
imposed as authorized by this section. Each day of noncompliance constitutes a separate offense.

SECTION 141. Arkansas Code § 21-8-202 is amended to read as follows:
(a) Any employee of the State of Arkansas, including employees of the state-supported institutions of higher learning, who fails to file, or who shall falsely file, any statement as required under the provisions of this subchapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation.
(b) Upon conviction, he or she shall be fined in an amount not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 142. Arkansas Code § 21-12-101 is amended to read as follows:
21-12-101. Limitation of employment for preparers of certain grant applications.
(a) Persons whose principal function in state employment is to apply for or assist in the preparation of applications for state or federal grants shall not, for a period of one (1) year after leaving state employment, assist, for compensation, other persons applying for grants of state or federal funds.
(b) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a violation and subject to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5,000).

SECTION 143. Arkansas Code § 22-3-210 is amended to read as follows:
22-3-210. Trespassing upon State Capitol grounds.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to ride, drive, walk, go, or enter upon the public lawns or grounds belonging to the State of Arkansas whereon is located the State Capitol Building, unless such person confines himself to the public driveways or walkways upon the grounds. However, this section shall not apply to the custodian of any state institutions or grounds, nor to any of his assistants, deputies, or employees, nor to any grounds laid out and designated by the custodian as playgrounds or public parks.
(b) Any person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars ($100).
SECTION 144. Arkansas Code § 22-3-220 is amended to read as follows:

22-3-220. Smoking in State Capitol Building prohibited.

Any person smoking any cigarette, cigar, pipe, or other tobacco product in the State Capitol Building shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine of twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

SECTION 145. Arkansas Code § 23-1-115 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Citizens band radio equipment shall not be used unless that equipment is certified by the Federal Communications Commission.

(2) Citizens band radio equipment shall not be operated on a frequency between twenty-four megahertz (24 mHz) and thirty-five megahertz (35 mHz) without authorization from the commission.

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any radio station that is licensed by the commission under 47 U.S.C. § 301.

(c)(1) A first violation of this section is a violation and punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) A second or subsequent violation of this section is a misdemeanor and violation punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 146. Arkansas Code § 23-2-409 is amended to read as follows:

23-2-409. Subpoenas - Failure to comply - Penalty.

The failure or refusal of any witness to appear or to produce any books, papers, or documents required by the Arkansas Public Service Commission or the Arkansas Transportation Commission [abolished] and to submit them to the inspection of the commission, or the refusal to answer any questions propounded by the commission, shall constitute a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 147. Arkansas Code § 23-13-101 is amended to read as follows:


(a) It shall be unlawful for any companies, firms, or corporations, or
officers of courts or individuals owning, operating, leasing, or subleasing any lines using vehicles propelled by any form of energy on the highways of Arkansas for the purpose of transporting passengers, freight, mail, express, or any commodity to keep their drivers on duty more than fifteen (15) consecutive hours. At the expiration of fifteen (15) hours of duty, the driver must have at least eight (8) hours of rest. 

(b) Any companies, firms, corporations, lessees or sublessees, or individuals violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). Each vehicle illegally operated as provided in this section shall constitute a separate offense.

(c) This section shall not apply in case of wrecks or washouts.

SECTION 148. Arkansas Code § 23-13-234 is amended to read as follows:

23-13-234. Operation without certificate or permit prohibited - Violation of terms, conditions, etc., of certificate, permit, or license prohibited.

(a)(1) Any motor carrier using the highways of this state without first having obtained a permit or certificate from the Arkansas Transportation Commission [abolished], as provided by this subchapter, or who, being a holder thereof, violates any term, condition, or provision thereof, shall be subject to a civil penalty to be collected by the commission, after notice and hearing, in an amount of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(2) If the penalty is not paid within ten (10) days from the date of the order of the commission assessing the penalty, twenty-five percent (25%) thereof shall be added to the penalty.

(3) Any amounts collected from the penalties provided for under this subsection shall be deposited by the commission in the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund Account of the State Apportionment Fund.

(b) Any person required by this subchapter to obtain a certificate of convenience and necessity as a common carrier or a permit as a contract carrier and operates as such a carrier without doing so shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction he or she shall be fined
not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the first such offense, and not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each subsequent offense. Each day of the violation shall be a separate offense.

(c)(1) Any person violating any other provision or any term or condition of any certificate, permit, or license, except as otherwise provided in § 23-13-258, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense and not more than five hundred dollars ($500) for any subsequent offense. Each day of the violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(2) In addition thereto, the person shall be subject to the civil penalties provided in subsection (a) of this section.

SECTION 149. Arkansas Code § 23-13-258 is amended to read as follows:

23-13-258. Operation of motor vehicle while in possession of, consuming, or under influence of any controlled substance or intoxicating liquor prohibited.

(a)(1) Any person operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle, which motor vehicle is susceptible at the time of such operation or physical control to any regulations of the State Highway Commission regarding the safety of operation and equipment of that motor vehicle, who commits any of the following acts shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction for the first offense shall be subject to a fine of not less than two hundred dollars ($200) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000):

(A) Operating or being in physical control of such a motor vehicle if he or she possesses, is under the influence of, or is using any controlled substance;

(B) Operating or being in physical control of such a motor vehicle if he or she possesses, is under the influence of, or is using any other substance which renders him or her incapable of safely operating a motor vehicle;

(C) Consumption of or possession of an intoxicating liquor, regardless of its alcoholic content, or being under the influence of an intoxicating liquor while in physical control of such a motor vehicle.

Provided, no person shall be considered in possession of an intoxicating liquor, regardless of its alcoholic content, or being under the influence of an intoxicating liquor while in physical control of such a motor vehicle.
liquor solely on the basis that an intoxicating liquor or beverage is manifested and being transported as part of a shipment.

(2) Upon second and subsequent convictions, that person shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(b) For the purposes of this section the term "controlled substance" shall have the same meaning ascribed to that term in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, §§ 5-64-101 - 5-64-608, and the regulations issued pursuant to that act.

(c) Nothing in this section is intended to abrogate any of the provisions of the Omnibus DWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., and any person violating any of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, who may be charged with a violation of the Omnibus DWI Act, § 5-65-101 et seq., shall be so charged with a violation of that act rather than with a violation of this section.

SECTION 150. Arkansas Code § 23-38-102 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Within sixty (60) days after December 31 each year, every building and loan association operating under the provisions of this act shall file with the Securities Commissioner a statement of its financial condition at the close of its business on December 31 setting forth such details of its financial condition upon such blanks as may be prescribed by the commissioner.

(2) Failure to file the statement within the time mentioned, unless an extension of time is granted in writing by the commissioner, shall be a misdemeanor and violation punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) for each day the statement is delinquent. The fine shall be assessed against the secretary of the association by any court of competent jurisdiction, upon complaint of the commissioner.

(b) The commissioner shall annually file with the Governor a report of the name, officers, directors, domicile, and financial statement of each building and loan association. This report shall be published in book form.

SECTION 151. Arkansas Code § 23-38-402 is amended to read as follows:

23-38-402. Publication of false advertisement or report of financial
condition.

Every director, officer, or agent of any building and loan association doing business in this state who knowingly concurs in making, publishing, circulating, or posting, either generally or privately to the stockholders or others, any advertisement, sign, written report, exhibit; statement of its affairs or financial condition, written or verbal; any book or notice containing any material statement which is false; or any untrue or willfully or fraudulently exaggerated reports, prospectus, account, statement of operations, values, business, profits, expenditures, or prospectus of any other property or documents intended to produce or give the shares of stock in the association a greater value or a less apparent or market value than they really possess, or which misrepresent in any way the powers or liabilities of the association, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 152. Arkansas Code § 23-40-119 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Each organization shall file an annual report and an annual report fee with the Insurance Commissioner on or before March 15 of each year in such form as the commissioner may require, showing the names or account numbers, or both, of all persons with whom contracts for prepaid funeral benefits have been made prior to January 1 of that year which had not been fully discharged on January 1, and also showing the date of contract, the name of the trustee holding the trust fund, and the amount in the trust fund under each contract on the preceding December 31.

(b) If any officer of any organization fails or refuses to file an annual report, or to cause it to be filed within thirty (30) days after he or she has been notified by the commissioner that the report is due and has not been received, then, upon a finding of such failure by a court of competent jurisdiction, he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as prescribed in this chapter violation.

(c) Effective on and after March 15, 1997, the annual report fee shall be based on the total amount of aggregate contracts for prepaid funeral benefits outstanding and unfulfilled as of December 31 of each year and shall be payable at the time the annual report is filed. The fee shall be based on
the following schedule and shall be payable to the State Insurance Department Prepaid Trust Fund:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING</th>
<th>ANNUAL PREPAID FUNERAL BENEFITS CONTRACTS</th>
<th>FEE DUE STATE OF ARKANSAS</th>
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<td>Over $40,000,001</td>
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(d)(1)(A)(i)(a) Effective for all prepaid funeral benefits contracts executed on and after April 1, 1997, each licensee selling a prepaid funeral benefits contract shall remit to the State Insurance Department a one-time per-contract fee of not less than five dollars ($5.00) for each prepaid funeral benefits contract, including any amendments thereto, entered into by the licensee whether cash or trust funded or funded by an insurance policy or annuity contract, unless the per-contract fees are otherwise eliminated or suspended by the commissioner pursuant to a rule or regulation.

(b) However, the per-contract fees once eliminated or suspended by rule of the commissioner may be reinstated by subsequent rule and regulation of the commissioner adopted upon a public hearing at a later date upon the commissioner's determination that these fees are essential and necessary to the operation of the State Insurance Department Prepaid Funeral Division.

(ii) On and after July 1, 2001, the commissioner shall then transfer from each per-contract fee remitted to the department, into the Prepaid Funeral Contracts Recovery Program Fund pursuant to this act, a portion of the fee in an amount to be determined by rules and regulations of the commissioner, and thereafter to be administered by the commissioner with advice from the Prepaid Funeral Contracts Recovery Program Board, pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter.

(B) The per-contract fees shall be remitted quarterly to
the department for each quarter of the calendar year, with a quarterly fee
form as prescribed by the commissioner.

(C) The fees shall be remitted to the department no later
than forty-five (45) days after each quarter.

(2)(A)(i) The commissioner on and after July 1, 2001, may by
rule or regulation eliminate, reduce, suspend, or increase the per-contract
fee or the portion of the per-contract fee allotted to the Prepaid Funeral
Contracts Recovery Program Fund.

(ii) The per-contract fee may be charged to the
purchaser of the contract.

(B) Any fee so charged and collected shall not be deemed
to be included in the term "contract proceeds", as defined in § 23-40-103(4),
and shall not be subject to the deposit requirements of § 23-40-114(a).

(e)(1) Absent the commissioner’s approval of an extension for good
cause shown, licensees failing to timely report and pay any administrative
and financial regulations fees to the State Insurance Department Prepaid
Trust Fund may be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars ($100) per day
for each day of delinquency, payable to the fund.

(2) The commissioner shall deposit all administrative and
financial regulation fees and any penalties assessed under this section
directly into the fund as special revenues.

(f)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 23-40-107, if there are any
unused funds from fees collected from organizations under subsections (c) and
(d) of this section not disbursed for personal services, operating expenses,
maintenance and operations, and support and improvements for the Division of
Prepaid Funeral Benefits of the State Insurance Department, such excess
funds, if any, may be transferred to the Prepaid Funeral Contracts Recovery
Program Fund to provide reparations to purchasers of prepaid funeral
contracts who have purchased cash-funded prepaid funeral contracts from
organizations which have been:

(A) Declared insolvent by a state or federal court of
competent jurisdiction; or

(B) Determined by either the commissioner or a state or
federal court of competent jurisdiction to have fund account deficiencies.

(2) Purchasers of prepaid funeral contracts requesting any
discretionary relief from the Prepaid Funeral Contracts Recovery Program Fund
after July 1, 2001, may include the contract holder or his or her surviving
family representative, or such other person as described in rules and
regulations of the department.

(3) The commissioner may by rule and regulation describe the
procedures, claim forms, qualifications, and process of filing a claim for
aggrieved purchasers desiring to make a claim for reparations from any excess
funds.

(4) No purchaser is hereby provided in this section with any
administrative right or legal or equitable right to any funds collected from
fees collected under this section to satisfy any judgment or economic loss of
the purchaser from a prepaid funeral organization, except to the extent that
the commissioner, in his or her discretion, has set aside funds to provide
discretionary relief to purchasers of prepaid funeral contracts from
insolvent prepaid funeral organizations or those organizations with trust
fund account shortages, and subject to limits of the Prepaid Funeral
Contracts Recovery Program Fund and the claimant's actual contract payments
made, excluding additional damages or interest or other equitable relief, or
noneconomic damages.

SECTION 153. Arkansas Code § 23-66-316 is amended to read as follows:
23-66-316. Advertising by health and accident insurers and prepaid
health plans.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any insurance company or association
transacting any health and accident or hospital or surgical insurance or
prepaid hospital and surgical or health care plan in this state, in violation
of a prior order or regulation of the Insurance Commissioner directed to the
company or association, to make, issue, circulate, or place before the public
or to cause the making, issuing, circulation, or placing before the public,
in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice,
brochure, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or by way of any radio or
television station, or in any other way or manner, any advertisement,
announcement, or statement with respect to the terms, benefits, premiums, or
advantages of the policy or plan, unless and until the advertisement,
announcement, or statement has been filed with and approved by the
commissioner, pursuant to the prior order or regulation, as not being untrue,
deceptive, or misleading in any respect.
(b) Any company or association violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon a first conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) and for a second or subsequent conviction shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000). Each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 154. Arkansas Code § 23-110-205 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) In the event any franchise holder or person is aggrieved by any action of the Arkansas Racing Commission, he or she shall be entitled to a hearing by the commission.

(2) The hearing shall be held at such place in the State of Arkansas and at such time as the commission may designate. Notice shall be served to those parties affected by mailing to those parties by registered United States mail the notice of the time and place that the hearing will be held.

(3) In conducting the hearing, the commission shall not be bound by technical rules of evidence.

(4) Any of the parties affected by the hearing may be represented by counsel and shall have the right to introduce evidence. In its discretion, the commission may likewise be represented by counsel at the hearing, and such counsel shall participate in the conduct of the hearing for and on behalf of the commission.

(b)(1)(A) For purposes of conducting the hearing, the commission shall have the power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses.

(B) Any person who has been served with a subpoena to appear and testify issued by the commission in the course of an inquiry or hearing conducted under the provisions of this chapter and who refuses and neglects to appear or testify relative to the hearing as commanded in the subpoena shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(2) In connection with any hearing, the commission or the
aggrieved may cause the deposition of witnesses within or without the state
to be taken in the manner of prescribed by existing statutes for the taking
of depositions in this state.

(c) All hearings shall be held before at least three (3) members of
the commission, and the concurrence of at least three (3) members of the
commission shall be necessary for any finding or order.

(d)(1) At the conclusion of the hearing, the commission shall make its
findings to be the basis for the action taken by the commission.

(2) The findings and order shall be subject to review in the
Pulaski County Circuit Court, from which an appeal may be taken to the
Arkansas Supreme Court.

SECTION 155. Arkansas Code § 23-110-308 is amended to read as follows:

23-110-308. Employees.

(a)(1) Each franchise holder under this chapter shall require each of
its employees to complete a written application for employment. Among other
things, the application shall state:

(A) Whether the applicant is a registered voter in
Arkansas; and

(i) Holder of a temporary franchise acquires a site
and commences construction within the ninety-day period but fails to complete
construction and be open for business within one (1) year next following the
end of the ninety-day period;

(ii) Construction by the holder of a temporary
franchise is not in substantial compliance with the plans and specifications
theretofore filed with, and approved by, the commission; or

(iii) Aggregate total of costs of acquisition of a
site, construction of buildings and facilities, and purchase of equipment by
the holder of a temporary franchise is less than three million dollars
($3,000,000).

(2) However, nothing contained in this section shall be so
construed as to prohibit mutual agreement on the part of the commission and
the corporation to making such changes in the plans and specifications for
construction as may be deemed necessary or desirable, but no changes may be
agreed to which will have the effect of reducing the total aggregate cost of
plant and equipment below three million dollars ($3,000,000).
(b)(1) Upon completion of any plant, within the time, in the manner, and at the minimum cost as provided in subsection (a) of this section and upon the payment of a franchise fee in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) to the commission by the holder of the temporary franchise, the commission shall issue its franchise in exchange for the temporary franchise held by the corporation. The corporation may then proceed to conduct horse racing meets in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or other applicable law.

(2) The franchise shall thereafter be effective in the hands of the corporation unless and until terminated by operation of law, or sooner if terminated by the commission based upon the corporation’s failure to comply with applicable horse racing laws or by the voluntary forfeiture of the franchise by the franchise holder.

SECTION 156. Arkansas Code § 23-110-415 is amended to read as follows:

23-110-415. Failure to pay tax.

(a) Any franchise holder failing or refusing to pay the amount found to be due the Arkansas Racing Commission from any tax provided for or imposed by this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars ($5,000), in addition to the amount due from the franchise holder as provided in this chapter.

(b) All fines paid into any court of this state by a franchise holder found guilty of violating this section shall be paid over by the clerk of the court to the commission within ten (10) days after it has been paid to the clerk by the franchise holder.

SECTION 157. Arkansas Code § 23-111-205 is amended to read as follows:

23-111-205. Hearings.

(a)(1) In the event any franchise holder or person is aggrieved by any action of the Arkansas Racing Commission, he or she shall be entitled to a hearing by the commission.

(2) The hearing shall be held at such place in the State of Arkansas and at such time as the commission may designate. Notice shall be served on the party affected by mailing the notice of the time and place that the hearing will be held by registered or certified United States mail to the
party affected.

(3) In conducting the hearing, the commission shall not be bound by technical rules of evidence.

(4) Any party affected in the hearing may be represented by counsel and shall have the right to introduce evidence, and the commission may in its discretion likewise be represented by counsel at the hearing. The counsel shall participate in the conduct of the hearing for and on behalf of the commission.

(b)(1) For purposes of conducting a hearing, the commission shall have the power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses.

(2) Any person who has been served with a subpoena to appear and testify issued by the commission in the course of an inquiry or hearing conducted under the provision of this chapter and who shall refuse and neglect to appear or testify relative to the hearing as commanded in the subpoena shall be guilty of a violation, and upon conviction, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(3) In connection with any hearing, the commission or the aggrieved may cause the deposition of witnesses within or without the state to be taken in the manner prescribed by existing statutes for the taking of depositions in this state.

(c) All hearings shall be held before at least three (3) members of the commission, and the concurrence of at least three (3) members of the commission shall be necessary for any finding or order.

(d) At the conclusion of the hearing, the commission shall make its findings to be the basis for the action taken by the commission. The findings and order shall be subject to review in the Pulaski County Circuit Court, from which an appeal may be taken to the Arkansas Supreme Court.

SECTION 158. Arkansas Code § 23-111-513 is amended to read as follows:

23-111-513. Failure to pay tax.

(a) Any franchise holder failing or refusing to pay the amount found to be due the Arkansas Racing Commission from any tax provided for or imposed by this chapter shall be guilty of a violation, and upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand
dollars ($5,000) in addition to the amount due from the franchise holder as
provided in this chapter.

(b) All fines paid into any court of this state by a franchise holder
found guilty of violating this section shall be paid over by the clerk of the
court to the commission within ten (10) days after the fines shall have been
paid to the clerk by the franchise holder.

SECTION 159. Arkansas Code § 25-18-403 is amended to read as follows:
Any person who violates the provisions of this subchapter shall be
deemed guilty of a misdemeanor punishable violation and punished by a fine
not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 160. Arkansas Code § 26-2-101 is amended to read as follows:
A violation of any provision or failure to comply with any of the
requirements of this act by any of the officers enumerated in this chapter
shall be a violation and malfeasance in office. Upon conviction, an officer
shall pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500) and be removed
from office.

SECTION 161. Arkansas Code § 26-2-104 is amended to read as follows:
26-2-104. Violations in assessment or equalization generally.
Whoever shall violate any provision of law intended to secure the
assessment or equalization of property, for which a penalty has not otherwise
been provided, or neglects or refuses to obey any lawful requirement or order
made by the county equalization board, shall be deemed guilty of a
misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than ten
dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 162. Arkansas Code § 26-2-107 is amended to read as follows:
26-2-107. Disposition of property to avoid assessment.
If any person shall, for the purpose of avoiding listing for the
payment of taxes any property subject to taxation, sell, give away, or
otherwise dispose of the property, under or subject to any agreement
expressed or implied, or any understanding with the purchaser, donee, or
recipient thereof, that it is to be reconveyed, restored, or redelivered to
the person so disposing of the property, he or she shall be guilty of a
violation and upon conviction be fined not less than five hundred dollars
($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 163. Arkansas Code § 26-2-109 is amended to read as follows:

No collector or his or her deputy shall, either directly or indirectly,
be concerned in the purchase of any tract of land or town lot sold for the
payment of taxes, under the penalty of five hundred dollars ($500), to be
recovered by indictment. A person violating this section shall be guilty of
a violation and subject to a fine of five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 164. Arkansas Code § 26-3-306 is amended to read as follows:
26-3-306. Disabled veterans, surviving spouses, and minor dependent
children.

(a)(1)(A)(i) A disabled veteran who has been awarded special monthly
compensation by the Department of Veterans Affairs for the loss of, or the
loss of use of, one (1) or more limbs, or for total blindness in one (1) or
both eyes, or for service-connected one hundred percent (100%) total and
permanent disability shall be exempt from payment of all state taxes on the
homestead and personal property owned by the disabled veteran.

(ii) In the event that the veteran sells his or her
home, the exemption shall be prorated to the date of sale so that the veteran
shall owe no tax for the portion of the year he or she claimed the home as a
homestead, and the purchaser shall be liable only for taxes relating to the
balance of the year. Upon request by the veteran, the county collector shall
make such record entries as may be necessary to effect the proration.

(B)(i) Upon the death of the disabled veteran, the
surviving spouse and minor dependent children of the disabled veteran shall
be exempt from payment of all state taxes on the homestead and personal
property owned by the surviving spouse and minor dependent children of the
deceased disabled veteran.

(ii) The surviving spouse and minor dependent
children of a member of the United States armed forces Armed Forces who was
killed while within the scope of his or her military duties, who died while
within the scope of his or her military duties, or who is missing in action
and the surviving spouse and minor dependent children of a veteran who died
from service-connected causes, as certified by the Department of Veterans
Affairs, shall also be exempt from payment of all state taxes on the
homestead and personal property owned by the surviving spouse and minor
dependent children.

(iii) The surviving spouse shall be entitled to the
exemption provided for in this section so long as the spouse remains
unmarried.

(iv) A surviving spouse of a member of the armed
forces who died while on active duty shall be eligible for reinstatement of
the homestead and personal property tax exemption upon termination of a
subsequent marriage and until the surviving spouse remarries.

(v) The exemption provided in this section for
surviving minor dependent children shall be available to the children during
their minority.

(2) As used in this section, the term "personal property" shall
mean only those items of tangible personal property used for other than a
commercial or business purpose.

(b)(1)(A) A disabled veteran eligible for the exemption provided for
in this section and desiring to claim an exemption shall furnish to the
collector a letter from the Department of Veterans Affairs verifying the fact
that he or she is in receipt of special monthly compensation for the loss of,
or the loss of use of, one (1) or more limbs, or total blindness in one (1)
or both eyes, or for service-connected one hundred percent (100%) total and
permanent disability.

(B)(i) A surviving spouse or dependent minor child of a
deceased disabled veteran desiring to claim the exemption provided in this
section shall furnish the collector a letter from the Department of Veterans
Affairs verifying the fact that the deceased disabled veteran was at the time
of death entitled to receive a special monthly compensation for the loss of,
or the loss of use of, one (1) or more limbs, or total blindness in one (1)
or both eyes, or for service-connected one hundred percent (100%) total and
permanent disability.

(ii) In addition thereto, a claimant shall furnish
the collector with an affidavit signed by the claimant stating that the
claimant is a surviving spouse or minor dependent child of the named deceased
disabled veteran.

(2)(A) The surviving spouse or minor dependent children of a
member of the United States Armed Forces who was killed while within the
scope of his or her military duties, who died while within the scope of his
military duties, or who is missing in action, or a surviving spouse or minor
dependent children of a veteran who died of service-connected causes, as
certified by the Department of Veterans Affairs, desiring to claim the
exemption provided in this section shall furnish the collector a letter from
the Department of Veterans Affairs certifying the fact that such a member of
the United States Armed Forces is missing in action, was killed while within
the scope of his military duties, or died while within the scope of his or
her military duties, or that the veteran died from service-connected causes,
and the surviving spouse is or would be entitled to Department of Veterans
Affairs benefits in the form of death indemnity compensation if the surviving
spouse were otherwise eligible to receive the Department of Veterans Affairs
benefits.

(B) In addition, the claimant shall furnish the collector
with an affidavit signed by the claimant or claimant's guardian stating that
the claimant is a surviving spouse or minor dependent child of the member of
the United States Armed Forces who is missing in action, who was killed while
within the scope of his or her military duties, or who died while within the
scope of his military duties, or is the surviving spouse or minor dependent
child of a veteran who died of service-connected causes as certified by the
Department of Veterans Affairs.

(c) Only disabled veterans and surviving spouses and minor dependent
children of disabled veterans who are citizens and residents of the State of
Arkansas shall be eligible for the exemption provided in this section.

(d) Any person evading or violating any of the provisions of this
section or attempting to secure benefits under this section to which he is
not entitled shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction
shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more
than one thousand dollars ($1,000), and such costs as are provided by law in
misdemeanor offenses.

(e) A person claiming the property tax exemption authorized by this
section shall not be entitled to claim the property tax credit authorized in
§ 26-26-1118.

SECTION 165. Arkansas Code § 26-26-202 is amended to read as follows:
26-26-202. Refusal to give name or description of property.

It shall be unlawful for any person to refuse to give the assessor or the appointed deputy his name and a complete and accurate description of his personal and real property, together with the location and value of it. Any person so refusing shall, upon conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) and not more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

SECTION 166. Arkansas Code §§ 26-26-712 and 26-26-713 are amended to read as follows:
26-26-712. Employees' names furnished on demand.

(a) Any person, partnership, company, or corporation having any person in their employ shall be required to give the names of the employees to the tax assessors, sheriffs, or tax collectors of the various counties when demanded in their official capacity.

(b) Any person, partnership, company, or corporation, or their agents, attorneys, or managers, who shall violate this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

26-26-713. Filing of required lists.

(a) All lists required in §§ 26-26-705, 26-26-707, 26-26-708, 26-26-710 [repealed], and 26-26-711 [repealed] and 26-26-708 by clerks, school directors, and others shall be filed with the tax assessor of the various counties on the first Monday in January of each year.

(b) The lists shall be filed in triplicate:

(1) One (1) to be forwarded by the assessor to the Arkansas Public Service Commission;

(2) One (1) to be filed with the county clerk; and

(3) One (1) to be retained by the assessor.

(c) The list retained by the assessor shall be checked by him and used in his or her endeavor to place all taxable property on the books. When his or her books are closed, the assessor shall certify all of the lists to the
county court, and the certificate shall show whether the individuals have
made an assessment, and if not, why not, and what effort the assessor has put
forth in each case to secure an assessment by each individual thereon.

    (d)(1) Any individual, school director, tax commissioner, tax
assessor, or other persons charged with duties who shall fail to perform
those duties shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon
conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100)
nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

    (2) In case of any public official, upon conviction for a second
offense, he or she shall be removed from office.

    (e) The commission shall prepare such forms as will ensure the
effective execution of these provisions.

SECTION 167. Arkansas Code § 26-26-1106 is amended to read as follows:

26-26-1106. Mobile home decal.

(a) Every owner of a mobile home shall be given a decal or sticker
from the county assessor upon assessing the mobile home for ad valorem tax
purposes, and the decal or sticker shall be attached to the mobile home by
the owner as evidence of assessment of it.

(b) The Assessment Coordination Division of the Arkansas Public
Service Commission shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the
provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Any mobile home owner who does not have a decal or sticker
attached to his mobile home after the deadline for personal property
assessment as is provided by law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation
and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor
more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

SECTION 168. Arkansas Code § 26-28-306 is amended to read as follows:


Under the system provided for in this subchapter:

    (1) All county tax collectors’ final tax settlements shall be
made and filed with the county court on or before the fourth Monday of
December each year;

    (2)(A) It is the duty of the county court to pass upon the final
tax settlement of the collector and to approve, reject, or restate it on or
before December 31 of each year.

(B) Failure of the county judge to so approve, reject, or restate the final tax settlement of the collector within this period of time shall constitute a misfeasance in office and shall be deemed a misdemeanor violation, punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) or removal from office;

(3)(A) If the final tax settlement shall be found to be correct, the county court shall order the settlement spread in full upon the records of the county court.

(B)(i) The county clerk shall certify to the Auditor of State, without delay, the action of the county court on the settlements, whether approved or rejected.

(ii) If rejected, the collector shall at once proceed to restate the settlement and again submit it to the county court; and

(4) After the final tax settlement made by the collector has been examined and acted upon by the county court, as provided in this subchapter, the collector shall, on or before December 31 of each year, make settlement with the county and its various subdivisions and with the Auditor of State for all state taxes collected.

SECTION 169. Arkansas Code § 26-35-602 is amended to read as follows:

26-35-602. Tax money to be kept in separate account.

(a)(1) The Director of the Division of Local Affairs and Audits shall require all collectors of taxes to keep any and all tax money collected in a separate account from all other money which he or she may have in his or her possession.

(2) The collectors shall have no authority to check on this account except in favor of a treasurer or depository to whom he or she is required to pay the money or to himself or herself for commission or salary already earned.

(b)(1) Failure to comply with this section on the part of the collector shall be a misdemeanor violation and render him or her liable to a penalty of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00). Each day's failure shall be considered a separate offense.

(2) The director is directed, upon finding that public funds and
private funds are being jointly deposited or improperly disbursed under this
section, to notify immediately the bondsmen of the offending officer and the
public of the violation.

SECTION 170. Arkansas Code § 26-37-305 is amended to read as follows:
(a) All lands or city or town lots belonging to insane persons,
minors, or persons in confinement that have been or may hereafter be sold for
taxes may be redeemed within two (2) years from and after the expiration of
such a disability.
(b)(1) In redemption of any such property by any person after the
expiration of such a disability, the purchaser shall be required to account
for all timber, gas, oil, or mineral substance taken from the land while
holding under such tax title and protect the rights of any person under
disability as provided in this section.
(2)(A) Persons desiring to take any timber, gas, oil, or mineral
substance from any land held under tax title within ten (10) years after the
sale for taxes shall first execute a bond in sufficient amount to cover the
substances to be removed, with good and sufficient sureties, conditioned that
the holder of the land will pay for all substances removed from the land in
case the land is redeemed under the provisions of this section.
(B) The bond shall be filed with, and approved by, the
clerk of the county court in the county where the property is located.
(c)(1) Any person removing timber, gas, oil, or mineral substance from
any land contrary to the provisions of this section and without first
executing the bond provided for shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation
and shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and
not more than double the amount of the substances removed.
(2) Persons may remove timber from lands cleared in good faith
for cultivation without becoming liable to the penalty provided in this
section.
(d) The county clerk shall keep a record of all certificates of
redemption of lands or town or city lots, or parts thereof, which were sold
for delinquent taxes and redeemed and shall retain the record of them for ten
(10) years from the date on which the redemption certificates were issued.
The clerk may thereafter, unless court order shall have been issued with
respect to any such certificate, destroy the record.

SECTION 171. Arkansas Code § 26-39-301 is amended to read as follows:
Any county collector of taxes who shall fail to file with the county clerk a full and complete list of all delinquent personal taxes on the day required by law shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation, punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) or removal from office.

SECTION 172. Arkansas Code §§ 26-39-401 and 26-39-402 are amended to read as follows:
Any county clerk who fails to set up the settlement of the county collector setting forth the amount due the various funds, on or before the fourth Monday of December of each year, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) or removed from office.

(a) All county tax collectors' settlements shall be made and filed with the county courts on or before the fourth Monday of December each year.
(b)(1) It is the duty of the county courts to pass upon the settlements of the collectors and to approve, reject, or restate them on or before December 31 of each year.
(2) Failure of the county judge to so approve, reject, or restate the settlements of the collectors within this period of time shall constitute a misfeasance in office and shall be deemed a misdemeanor violation, punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars ($100) or removal from office.

SECTION 173. Arkansas Code § 26-52-417 is amended to read as follows:
(a) The gross receipts or gross proceeds derived from the sale of motor fuels to owners or operators of motor buses operated on designated streets according to regular schedule and under municipal franchise which are used for municipal transportation purposes shall be exempt from the tax
levied in the Arkansas Gross Receipts Act, § 26-52-101 et seq.

(b) However, it shall be unlawful for the owners or operators of motor buses operating under municipal franchise as provided in this section to use any or permit the use of any motor fuels upon which the gross receipts tax has not been paid in any motor vehicle other than motor buses operated on designated streets according to regular schedules under municipal franchise.

(c)(1) Any owner or operator of motor buses permitting the motor fuels to be used in violation of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be fined in an amount of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(2) In addition thereto, the owner or operator shall be liable to the State of Arkansas for a penalty of triple the amount of gross receipts due the State of Arkansas on any motor fuels upon which the taxes have not been paid and used in violation of the provisions of this section.

SECTION 174. Arkansas Code § 26-53-117 is amended to read as follows:

26-53-117. Exemption for motor fuels used in municipal buses - Penalties for abuse of exemption.

(a) The gross receipts or gross proceeds derived from the sale of motor fuels to the owners or operators of motor buses operated on designated streets according to regular schedule, under municipal franchise, which are used for municipal transportation purposes, shall be exempt from the tax levied in the Arkansas Compensating Tax Act, § 26-53-101 et seq.

(b) However, it shall be unlawful for the owners or operators of motor buses operating under municipal franchise as provided in this section to use any, or permit the use of any, motor fuels upon which the compensating tax has not been paid in any motor vehicle other than motor buses operated on designated streets according to regular schedules under municipal franchise.

(c)(1) Any owner or operator of motor buses permitting the motor fuels to be used in violation of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in an amount of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(2) In addition, the owner or operator shall be liable to the State of Arkansas for a penalty of triple the amount of compensating tax due the State of Arkansas on any motor fuels upon which the taxes have not been paid and which were used in violation of the provisions of this section.
SECTION 175. Arkansas Code § 26-55-234 is amended to read as follows:

26-55-234. Statements and reports from persons not distributors.

(a) Every person or terminal purchasing or otherwise acquiring motor
fuel by pipeline, tank car, tank truck, or cargo lots and selling, using, or
otherwise disposing of the motor fuel for delivery in Arkansas not required
by the provisions of this subchapter to be licensed as a distributor in motor
fuel shall file a statement setting forth the name under which the person is
transacting business within the State of Arkansas, the location with the
street number address of that person's principal office or place of business
within the state, the name and address of the owner or the names and
addresses of the partners if the person is a partnership, or the names and
addresses of the principal officers if the person is a corporation or
association.

(b)(1) On or before the twenty-fifth day of each calendar month, the
person shall, on forms prescribed by the Director of the Department of
Finance and Administration, report to the director all purchases or other
acquisitions and sales or other disposition of motor fuel during the next
preceding calendar month, giving a record of each tank car, tank truck, or
cargo lot delivered to a point within the state and of all motor fuel
otherwise delivered to him.

(2) The report shall set forth from whom each tank car or cargo
lot was purchased or otherwise acquired, the point of shipment, to whom sold
or shipped, the point of delivery, the date of shipment, the name of the
carrier, the initials and number of the car, and the number of gallons
contained in the tank car if shipped by rail, and the name and owner of the
boat, barge, or vessel, and the number of gallons contained therein, if
shipped by water, and shall contain any other additional information the
director may require relative to the motor fuel.

(c) On or before the twenty-fifth day of each calendar month, the
terminal shall, on forms prescribed by the Director of the Department of
Finance and Administration, report to the director all purchases or other
acquisitions and sales or other disposition of motor fuel during the next
preceding calendar month, which report shall include the following:

(1) Beginning inventories in gallons of motor fuel in storage;

(2) Ending inventories in gallons of motor fuel in storage;
(3) Withdrawals of motor fuel in gallons from the pipeline outlet resulting in additions of motor fuel to storage, including the name of the distributor licensed as an importer who requested the placement of such motor fuel into storage; and

(4) Removals of motor fuel from storage, specifically including:

(A) Bill of lading numbers which represent physical movements of the motor fuel;

(B) The date of each removal;

(C) The quantity in gallons of motor fuel so removed;

(D) The person who had the motor fuel available for that particular removal; and

(E) The person possessing a license from the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration who requested the removal of such motor fuel from that storage.

(d) When any person or terminal not required by the provisions of this subchapter to register as a distributor in motor fuel, purchasing, or otherwise acquiring motor fuel by pipeline, or in tank car, tank truck, or cargo lots and selling or otherwise disposing of the motor fuel for delivery in Arkansas, fails to submit his monthly report to the director by the twenty-fifth day of each calendar month or, when the person or terminal fails to submit in the monthly report the data required by this subchapter, the person or terminal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined an amount not greater than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense and shall be fined an amount not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each subsequent offense.

SECTION 176. Arkansas Code § 26-56-208 is amended to read as follows:

26-56-208. Suppliers' and users' reports - Computation and remittance of tax.

(a)(1) On or before the twenty-fifth day of each calendar month, every supplier shall file with the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, on forms prescribed by the director, a report accounting for the distillate special fuels handled during the preceding month. The supplier shall file supporting documents necessary to assure accurate reporting. The reports shall include the following:

(1) An itemized statement of the number of gallons of
distillate special fuel received during the next-preceding calendar month by
the supplier;

{(B)(2)} An itemized statement of the number of gallons of
distillate special fuel received or sold during the next-preceding calendar
month and entitled to deduction or exemption under the provisions of this
subchapter;

{(C)(3)} Such other documents as the director requires; and

{(D)(4)} The total number of gallons of dyed distillate
special fuel sold to users during the next-preceding calendar month but shall
not contain an itemized listing identifying each purchaser.

(b)(1) When filing the report and paying the tax to the director as
required in this section, the supplier shall be entitled to deduct from the
total number of gallons upon which the tax levied hereunder is due, the
number of gallons:

(A) Purchased during the preceding calendar month from
another licensed supplier and upon which the tax levied hereunder was paid at
the time of that purchase; and

(B) Lost due to fire, flood, storm, theft, or other cause
beyond the supplier's control, other than through evaporation.

(2) The deduction for the loss may be included in the report
filed for the month in which such loss occurred or in any subsequent report
filed within a period of one (1) year.

(c)(1) Every pipeline company, water transportation company, and
common carrier transporting distillate special fuels to points within
Arkansas shall report under oath to the director, on forms prescribed by him,
all deliveries of distillate special fuels so made to points within Arkansas.

(2)(A) The reports shall cover monthly periods and shall be
submitted within twenty-five (25) days after the close of the month covered
by the report.

(B) The report shall show:

(i) The name and address of each person to whom
deliveries of fuel have actually been made;

(ii) The name and address of each originally named
consignee if fuel has been delivered to anyone other than the originally
named consignee;

(iii) The point of origin, point of delivery, and
date of delivery, as well as the name of the boat, barge, or vessel;

(iv) The number of gallons contained in the vessel, if shipped by water;

(v) The license number of each tank truck;

(vi) The number of gallons contained in the tank if transported by motor truck;

(vii) The point of origin, the name and address of the person or terminal to whom the delivery was made, the date of the delivery, and the quantity of distillate special fuels delivered, if shipped by pipeline company; and

(viii) The manner and quantities, if delivered by other means, in which such delivery is made.

(C) The reports shall also show such additional information relative to shipments of distillate special fuels as the director may require.

(d)(1) Every terminal purchasing or otherwise acquiring distillate special fuels by pipeline and selling, using, or otherwise disposing of the distillate special fuels for delivery in Arkansas not required by the provisions of this subchapter to be licensed as a supplier in distillate special fuels shall file a statement setting forth the name under which the terminal is transacting business within the State of Arkansas, the location with the street number address of that terminal's principal office or place of business within the state, the name and address of the owner or the names and addresses of the partners if the terminal is a partnership, or the names and addresses of the principal officers if the terminal is a corporation or association.

(2) On or before the twenty-fifth day of each calendar month, the terminal shall, on forms prescribed by the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, report to the director all purchases or other acquisitions and sales or other disposition of distillate special fuels during the next-preceding calendar month, which report shall include the following:

(A) Beginning inventories in gallons of distillate special fuels in storage;

(B) Ending inventories in gallons of distillate special fuels in storage;
(C) Withdrawals of distillate special fuels in gallons from the pipeline outlet resulting in additions of distillate special fuels to storage, including the name of the supplier licensed as an importer who requested the placement of such distillate special fuels into storage; and

(D) Removals of distillate special fuels from storage, specifically including:

(i) Bill of lading numbers which represent physical movements of the distillate special fuels;

(ii) The date of each removal;

(iii) The quantity in gallons of distillate special fuels so removed;

(iv) The person who had the distillate special fuels available for that particular removal; and

(v) The person possessing a license from the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration who requested the removal of such distillate special fuels from that storage.

(3) When any terminal not required by the provisions of this subchapter to register as a supplier in distillate special fuels, purchasing or otherwise acquiring distillate special fuels by pipeline and selling or otherwise disposing of the distillate special fuels for delivery in Arkansas, fails to submit his monthly report to the director by the twenty-fifth day of each calendar month, or when the terminal fails to submit in the monthly report the data required by this subchapter, the terminal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall be fined an amount not greater than one hundred dollars ($100) for the first offense and shall be fined an amount not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each subsequent offense.

SECTION 177. Arkansas Code § 26-57-501 is amended to read as follows:


Any person, firm, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this subchapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).
SECTION 178. Arkansas Code § 26-58-106 is amended to read as follows:
(a)(1) Any individual or firm desiring to engage in the business of
severing natural resources or timber shall before entering upon such business
make application to the director for a license or permit.
(2) The applicant shall state under oath, in a form of
application to be prescribed by the director, his name and address, the
business in which he desires to engage, and the counties in which the
proposed severing is to be carried on.
(b) The applicant shall be deemed by his application to have agreed to
abide by the provisions of this subchapter and to promptly pay, when due, the
severance tax imposed by this subchapter, and that such severance tax shall
constitute and remain a lien on each unit of production until paid to the
director.
(c) Upon the filing of such application, the director shall issue a
permit for which no charge shall be made.
(d) Whoever shall engage in the business of severing natural resources
or timber without first having made application for and secured such license
or permit shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction
shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five
hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 179. Arkansas Code § 26-58-115 is amended to read as follows:
26-58-115. Reports and payment due from producer actually severing or
from primary processor - Methods of accumulating tax payment - Penalty for
noncompliance.
(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, the monthly
reports shall be filed and the payment of the severance tax shall be made by
the producer actually severing the natural resources whether as owner,
lessee, concessionaire, or contractor and, in the case of severance taxes on
timber, the monthly reports shall be filed and the severance tax shall be
paid by the primary processor.
(b) The reporting taxpayer shall collect or withhold out of the
proceeds of the sale of the natural resources severed the proportionate parts
of the total severance tax due by the respective owners of such natural
resources at the time of severance.
(c) Every producer actually operating any oil or gas well, quarry, or other property from which natural resources are severed, but under contract or other obligation whereby payment directly to the owner of any royalty, excess royalty, or working interest, either in money or in kind is required, is hereby authorized, empowered, and required to deduct the amount of the severance tax in respect thereto from any such royalty or other interest before making such direct payment.

(d) All severed oil or gas sold or delivered to any pipeline company for transportation by it through pipes connected with the oil or gas well of the owner shall, notwithstanding such sale or delivery, be liable for the severance tax thereon.

(e) A primary processor of timber shall be responsible for the payment of severance taxes on all timber processed or acquired for processing by him or her whether or not the primary processor collects or withholds the tax from the producer.

(f) Any producer or primary processor failing or refusing to comply with any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each such offense.

SECTION 180. Arkansas Code § 26-62-205 is amended to read as follows:

26-62-205. Sales tickets.

(a)(1) Each alternative fuels supplier shall have available a sufficient number of sales tickets prepared in triplicate to cover sales of alternative fuels under the provisions of this chapter.

(2) The forms shall be numbered and prepared with blank spaces for the name and address of the alternative fuels supplier, the name and address of the purchaser, the date of the purchase, the number of gallons equivalent purchased, the total cost of fuels purchased including taxes, and such other information as the director may require.

(b)(1) The sales tickets shall be issued in triplicate by the alternative fuels supplier, shall be signed by the alternative fuels supplier or his or her authorized agent, and the original and one (1) copy shall be given to the purchaser.

(2) The remaining copy shall be retained by the seller as a
record for a period of at least three (3) years, during which period it shall be subject to inspection by the director or his or her representative at all reasonable times.

(c) The sales tickets as defined in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be the only evidence accepted for tax credit by the director under the provisions of § 26-62-209.

(d) Any licensed alternative fuels supplier or agent or employee of such alternative fuels supplier who issues any sales ticket or invoice to any user showing that the user has purchased a quantity of alternative fuels from such alternative fuels supplier, agent, or employee, when in fact such user has not purchased alternative fuels or has purchased less fuel than the ticket or invoice shows, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(e) The director, in consultation with the Director of Highways and Transportation, is hereby authorized and directed to promulgate rules and regulations regarding an alternative to the required usage of sales tickets for all sales of natural gas fuels made by alternative fuels suppliers by separate meter as provided in § 26-62-203. It is the intent of this directive that if a user, other than an interstate user or IFTA carrier user, receives natural gas fuels through a separate meter, there shall be no sales ticket requirement.

SECTION 181. Arkansas Code § 26-78-105 is amended to read as follows:

26-78-105. Payment of tax - Penalty.

(a) The vehicle tax shall be due and payable, without penalty, during the month of January of the calendar year next following the year in which the levy is made. Penalty for delinquent payment of the tax shall be one dollar ($1.00) per vehicle per month for each month’s delinquency.

(b) Any owner of any vehicle delinquent in the payment of the vehicle tax for more than five (5) months, who thereafter shall use and operate the vehicle upon the public roads, streets, and other public ways within the county or municipality levying the vehicle tax, or who shall knowingly permit it to be so used and operated by another, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, upon conviction, shall be fined any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for each
violation. The fine so assessed shall be in addition to the aforementioned tax and penalty.

(c) The owner of any vehicle first acquired or first used in the county after July 1 of the taxable year shall be required to pay only one-half (1/2) of the annual rate of the vehicle tax for the remainder of the calendar year, and the tax may be paid, without penalty, during the thirty-day period next following the date of the first acquisition or first use. However, no tax shall be required of the owner if the vehicle tax for the particular year has been paid by a former owner, whether or not in the same county or municipality.

SECTION 182. Arkansas Code § 28-65-315 is amended to read as follows:
28-65-315. Oil, gas, and mineral interests - Sale, lease, etc.

(a)(1) The guardian of the estate of an incompetent who owns land situated in this state or an interest therein, or who owns an interest in oil, gas, or other minerals in or under land situated in this state, or in an oil, gas, or other mineral lease on such land, on such terms as the guardian deems to be for the best interest of his or her ward and in the name and on behalf of his or her ward, may:

(A) Execute, acknowledge, and deliver a lease on the land or interest therein, or of the minerals thereunder, for the production of oil, gas, or other minerals from those lands;

(B) Make an assignment of the interest in the lease owned by the ward;

(C) Sell and convey the ward’s interest in the oil, gas, or other minerals or mineral rights in and under the land, or any part thereof; or

(D) Enter into a contract with reference thereto.

(2) Any such lease or assignment, sale, conveyance, or contract shall be binding upon the ward and his or her estate and all parties to the transaction, unless set aside as hereinafter provided.

(b)(1) Within sixty (60) days after the execution, acknowledgment, and delivery of the lease, assignment, conveyance, or contract, the guardian shall report the transaction to the circuit court of the county in which the land, or the greater part of the land in area, is situated, stating in detail the essential facts with reference to the transaction, attaching to his or
her report a copy of the instrument executed by him or her, and praying for an order ratifying the transaction evidenced by the instrument.

(2) After notice given to such persons, if any, as the court may direct, the court shall hear the petition and shall require a showing of the facts required for determination whether the lease, assignment, sale, conveyance, or contract was for the best interest of the ward under the circumstances existing at the time it was made.

(c)(1) If the court finds that the execution of the instrument in question was for the best interest of the ward at the time it was executed and delivered, the court shall make an order approving and confirming the acts of the guardian in executing, acknowledging, and delivering the instrument.

(2) Prior to making the order, the court shall ascertain whether the guardian's bond is sufficient in amount and security to protect the estate of the ward with respect to the proceeds of the transaction involved. If the bond is not sufficient, the court shall require, as a prerequisite to making the order, that the guardian's bond be increased or supplemented in amount or security to adequately protect the ward's estate, including the proceeds of the transaction reviewed. The supplemental bond may be filed with and approved by the court making the order.

(d) If the court finds that the transaction reported by the guardian was not for the best interest of the ward at the time it was entered into, the court shall make an order setting aside the lease, assignment, sale, conveyance, or contract and requiring the guardian to return the consideration he may have received for the execution and delivery thereof.

(e) If the court making the order is not the court in which the general guardianship proceedings are pending, the order shall direct that a certified copy of the order and the original of the supplemental bond, if any, with the court's approval endorsed thereon, be transmitted promptly by registered mail by the clerk of that court to, and filed with, the clerk of the court in which the general guardianship proceedings are pending.

(f) A guardian who fails to file a report and petition as required by the provisions of this section within the prescribed time shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(g)(1) If the guardian fails to file the report and petition as
provided in subsection (b) of this section, the person with whom the guardian has contracted or to whom he or she has executed and delivered an assignment, lease, conveyance, or other instrument may, after the expiration of sixty (60) days and within seventy-five (75) days after the date of the lease, assignment, conveyance, contract, or other instrument, petition the court of the county in which the land or the greater part in area is situated, to require the guardian to file the report and petition.

(2) It shall be the duty of the court to order the guardian to appear and show cause why his or her report and petition have not been filed.

(3) After citation of the guardian to appear and after notice given to such other parties, if any, as the court may direct, the court shall determine whether or not the lease, assignment, sale, conveyance, or contract should be approved and confirmed and shall make an order approving and confirming the transaction or setting the transaction aside as provided in subsection (b) of this section, as in the judgment of the court may be required by the facts developed at such hearing.

(h) A lease, assignment, sale, conveyance, or contract made by a guardian under the authority contained in this section, which is not reported to the court as provided by subsections (b) or (g) of this section, shall be null and void after the expiration of the time provided for the filing of the petition to require the guardian to file his report and petition.

SECTION 183. Arkansas Code § 5-62-122 is amended to read as follows:
5-62-122. Permitting livestock to run at large.

(a) A person commits the offense of permitting livestock to run at large if being the owner or person charged with the custody and care of livestock he knowingly permits such livestock to run at large.

(b) For purposes of this section, livestock includes horses, mules, cattle, goats, sheep, swine, chickens, ducks, and similar animals and fowl commonly raised or used for farm purposes.

(c)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (c)(2) of this section, permitting livestock to run at large is a violation and upon conviction may be subject to a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) Any person who allows any hog to run at large is guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine not to
exceed five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 184. Arkansas Code § 5-68-201 is amended to read as follows:

5-68-201. Exhibition of obscene figures.

(a) Every person publicly exhibiting any obscene figures shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation.

(b) Every person convicted under the provisions of this section shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) or more than one hundred dollars ($100.00).

SECTION 185. Arkansas Code § 6-18-702 is amended to read as follows:

6-18-702. Immunization.

(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, no infant or child shall be admitted to a public or private school or child care facility of this state who has not been age appropriately immunized from poliomyelitis, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, red (rubeola) measles, rubella, and other diseases as designated by the State Board of Health, as evidenced by a certificate of a licensed physician or a public health department acknowledging the immunization.

(b)(1) The responsibility for the enforcement of this section rests equally with each school district of this state and the parent or guardian of the child or pupil, and each of them shall be separately and individually liable for permitting any violation of this section.

(2)(A) The Child Care Facility Licensing Division of the Department of Human Services shall be responsible for enforcing this section with respect to child care facilities.

(B) The Division of Child Care and Early Childhood Education may promulgate appropriate rules and regulations, to be approved by the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission, for the enforcement of this section.

(C) The owners or managers of those facilities and any parent or guardian violating such regulations shall be subject to the penalties provided in § 20-78-201 et seq.

(c)(1)(A)(i) The Division of Child Care and Early Childhood Education shall be responsible for enforcing this section with respect to child care facilities.

(ii) The division may promulgate appropriate rules
and regulations for the enforcement of this section.

(B) The owners or managers of those facilities and any
parent or guardian violating the regulations shall be subject to the
penalties provided in § 20-78-201 et seq.

(2)(A) Regarding kindergarten through grade 12 (K-12), the State
Board of Education, after having consulted with the State Board of Health,
shall promulgate appropriate rules and regulations for the enforcement of
this section by school boards, superintendents, and principals.

(B) Any school official, parent, or guardian violating the
regulations shall be subject to the penalties imposed herein.

(d)(1)(A) The State Board of Health shall promulgate rules and
regulations to ensure that all exemptions provided by this section shall have
a minimal effect on the health and safety of all children attending day care
or kindergarten through grade twelve (K-12).

(B) The rules shall provide for, but are not limited to,
the tracking of those children with exemptions so that appropriate steps may
be taken in the event of an outbreak or epidemic.

(2) The Department of Health, and no other department or entity,
shall grant exemptions provided for by this section.

(3) If, in the discretion of the health authority having
jurisdiction or of any physician licensed to practice by the Arkansas State
Medical Board, any person to whom this section applies shall be deemed to
have a physical disability that may contraindicate vaccination, a certificate
to that effect issued by the health officer may be accepted in lieu of a
certificate of vaccination, provided that the exemption shall not apply when
the disability shall have been removed.

(4)(A) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the
parents or legal guardian of that child object thereto on the grounds that
immunization conflicts with the religious or philosophical beliefs of the
parent or guardian.

(B) The parents or legal guardian of the child shall
complete an annual application process developed in the rules and regulations
of the Department of Health for medical, religious, and philosophical
exemptions.

(C) The rules and regulations developed by the Department
of Health for medical, religious, and philosophical exemptions shall include,
but not be limited to:

(i) A notarized statement requesting a religious, philosophical, or medical exemption from the Department of Health by the parents or legal guardian of the child regarding the objection;

(ii) Completion of an educational component developed by the Department of Health that includes information on the risks and benefits of vaccination;

(iii) An informed consent from the parents or guardian that shall include a signed statement of refusal to vaccinate based on the Department of Health’s refusal-to-vaccinate form; and

(iv) A signed statement of understanding that:

(a) At the discretion of the Department of Health, the unimmunized child or individual may be removed from day care or school during an outbreak if the child or individual is not fully vaccinated; and

(b) The child or individual shall not return to school until the outbreak has been resolved and the Department of Health approves the return to school.

(D) No exemptions may be granted under this subdivision (d)(4) until the application process has been implemented by the Department of Health and completed by the applicant.

(5) Furthermore, the provisions of this section requiring pertussis vaccination shall not apply to any child with a sibling, either whole blood or half blood, who has had a serious adverse reaction to the pertussis antigen, which reaction resulted in a total permanent disability.

(e) Any person found guilty of violating the provisions of this section or the regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education or the division for the enforcement hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense.

SECTION 186. Arkansas Code § 6-18-804 is amended to read as follows:

6-18-804. Age and consent requirements.

(a) No pupil shall be designated a safety patrol member under this subchapter unless he or she is eleven (11) years of age or over and has the written permission of a parent or guardian.
(b) Any teacher or board member using any pupil for safety patrol purposes without the written permission of a parent or guardian shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense.

SECTION 187. Arkansas Code § 6-64-215 is amended to read as follows:

6-64-215. Records and reports regarding students and teachers.

(a) The Board of Trustees of the University of Arkansas shall keep or have kept a record showing:

(1) The number of students enrolled;
(2) The daily average attendance at classwork for each month and for the term;
(3) The number of teachers employed and their salary;
(4) The teachers’ daily attendance on and absence from classwork; and
(5) The number of hours the teacher is required to teach each day in each department.

(b) This record shall be open to any citizen at all reasonable hours.

(c) The board shall report to each session of the General Assembly the number of students enrolled, the daily average attendance on classwork for the month and for the term, the number of teachers employed and their salaries and the hours each is to teach each day, and their absence from and attendance on classwork.

(d) A failure to keep or have kept this record and to report to the General Assembly as provided in this section shall be a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction a person shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense upon the part of each member of the board.

SECTION 188. Arkansas Code § 6-65-110 is amended to read as follows:

6-65-110. Sale of farm products - Disposition of proceeds - Reports.

(a) The proceeds from the sale of all farm products shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of each of the schools and kept in a separate fund.

(b) The moneys may be drawn by warrant by the boards of trustees and
expended for the upbuilding and development of the school farms and used for no other purpose, if an itemized account of all sales and receipts for all disbursements of moneys is kept by the boards of trustees, is audited annually, and a report of the account is filed with the Governor within thirty (30) days after the audit is made.

(c) Any one of the boards of trustees or any member of either of the boards, or any member of the faculty of either of the schools, who violates any part of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each and every offense or violation of this section.

SECTION 189. Arkansas Code § 20-15-702 is amended to read as follows:


Any person who violates any of the provisions of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 190. Arkansas Code § 20-26-403 is amended to read as follows:

20-26-403. Toilets.

(a) It shall be the duty of every keeper, manager, or person in charge of the conduct of any hotel or inn in this state to keep the closets, toilet room, or privies, toilet rooms used in connection with the inn or hotel and provided for the use of guests at, or patrons of, the inn or hotel, in a clean and sanitary condition.

(b) Any keeper, manager, agent, or person in charge of the operation and conduct of any inn or hotel shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) if that person shall:

(1) Permit the closets, toilet stools, or privies, toilet stools provided for the use of guests or patrons to become foul or filthy or the vault thereof to become full or clogged with fecal matter; or

(2) Fail to keep the stools, seats, and floors of the closets and privies, toilet rooms clean and washed regularly when necessary, and in no
case less than once one (1) time per week.

SECTION 191. Arkansas Code § 2-33-110 is amended to read as follows:

2-33-110. Violations in interstate movement.

In the interstate movement of any livestock, poultry, or other domestic fowl, or in the interstate movement of any product derived from livestock, poultry, or other domestic fowl, it shall be a Class A misdemeanor for any person, firm, or corporation to violate any regulation of the Arkansas Livestock and Poultry Commission.

SECTION 192. Arkansas Code § 2-34-202 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person who knowingly places any brand upon any livestock which brand has not been registered with the division or which duplicates a brand that is registered with the division shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) Duplication shall constitute the use of a similar brand, used in any position on the animal designated for use of a registered brand, such as the head, neck, shoulder, rib, hip, or breeching.

SECTION 193. Arkansas Code § 3-5-1207 is amended to read as follows:

3-5-1207. Operation without license prohibited.

It shall be unlawful and constitute a Class A misdemeanor for any person not holding a valid microbrewery-restaurant license to operate as a microbrewery-restaurant as herein provided.

SECTION 194. Arkansas Code § 3-9-209 is amended to read as follows:

3-9-209. Sales without permit prohibited.

It shall be unlawful and constitute a Class A misdemeanor for any person not holding a valid permit issued hereunder to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption.

SECTION 195. Arkansas Code § 3-9-236 is amended to read as follows:

3-9-236. Permittees - Miscellaneous unlawful practices.

It shall be unlawful and constitute a Class A misdemeanor for any person holding a permit hereunder or his agents, servants, or employees
knowingly to do any of the following acts:

(1) Serve any alcoholic beverage to a person who is under the age of twenty-one (21) years;

(2) Serve any alcoholic beverage to an intoxicated person, to any person who is known to be insane or mentally defective, to any person who is known to habitually drink alcoholic beverages to excess, or to any person who is known to be an habitual user of narcotics or other habit-forming drugs;

(3) Sell alcoholic beverages at any prohibited time;

(4) Place any sign of any description on the exterior of the permitted premises indicating that alcoholic beverages are sold for consumption therein;

(5) Misrepresent the brand of any alcoholic beverage sold or offered for sale;

(6) Keep any alcoholic beverage otherwise than in the bottle or container in which it was purchased;

(7) Refill or partly refill any bottle or container of alcoholic beverage;

(8) Dilute or otherwise tamper with the contents of any bottle or container of alcoholic beverage;

(9) Fail to break and destroy by the close of each business day all empty bottles or containers;

(10) Remove or obliterate any label, mark, or stamp affixed to any bottle or container of alcoholic beverage offered for sale;

(11) Deliver or sell the contents of any bottles or containers, the label, mark, or stamp upon which has been removed or obliterated;

(12)(A) Employ any person less than twenty-one (21) years of age in the mixing or serving of alcoholic beverages.

(B) Provided, that any permittee that has obtained a permit under the provisions of §§ 3-9-202(8) or (9) may employ persons nineteen (19) years of age or older in the serving of alcoholic beverages.

(C) Nothing herein shall prohibit a minor eighteen (18) years of age or older to be employed as a musician, or to be employed in the preparation or serving of food or in the housekeeping department of any establishment authorized to dispense mixed drinks under this subchapter;

(13) Allow any immoral, lewd, obscene, indecent, or profane
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(14) Consume or allow the consumption by any employee of intoxicating beverages while on duty;

(15) Keep on the permitted premises a slot machine or any gambling or gaming device, machine, or apparatus;

(16) Sell any alcoholic beverage unless the beverage is owned outright by the permittee;

(17) Employ any person in the serving of alcoholic beverages who has been convicted of any violation of the laws against possession, sale, manufacture, or transportation of intoxicating liquor or any crime involving moral turpitude;

(18) Violate any rule, regulation, or order of the board;

(19) Fail to report all taxes applicable to the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption; or

(20) Possess on the permitted premises or sell or dispense any alcoholic beverages upon which the federal or state taxes have not been paid.

SECTION 196. Arkansas Code § 6-19-108 is amended to read as follows:


(a) An applicant seeking employment as a driver or operator of a school bus, either privately or publicly owned, is required to take and pass a series of tests as prescribed by the Department of Arkansas State Police and the Department of Education to determine the physical fitness and driving ability to serve as a school bus driver. The tests shall include a physical examination given by a licensed physician or registered nurse for school bus drivers, an eye test, a written or oral test on rules and regulations of driving, a road test given under the supervision of the Department of Arkansas State Police, and such other requirements as may be prescribed by rules and regulations issued jointly by the Department of Arkansas State Police and the Department of Education for qualifications and fitness of school bus drivers. In addition, the applicant shall participate in and pass a standard bus driver training and preservice behind-the-wheel training program as prescribed by the Department of Education.

(b) Upon successful completion of these tests, a certificate shall be issued by the Department of Arkansas State Police. Such certificate shall be
for a two-year period. Upon the expiration of a certificate, the holder thereof shall take a new examination as required by this section before a new certificate may be issued.

(c) No school bus driver shall be employed to act as chauffeur or operator of any school bus to transport children to and from school or school-sponsored activities unless he has satisfactorily passed the tests required herein and possesses a current valid certificate therefor. Such certificate shall be required in addition to a chauffeur's license or operator's license and such additional qualifications as may be required by the school district board of directors.

(d) Each school bus driver who seeks a renewal of his or her bus driver certificate shall provide proof that he or she has satisfactorily passed a physical examination given by a licensed physician and that he or she has satisfactorily completed an in-service workshop for school bus drivers as prescribed by the Department of Education.

(e) In the event that a qualified school bus operator as prescribed in this subchapter shall die, resign, or be ill, disabled, or otherwise not available to operate a school bus and the school district board of directors is not able to obtain a qualified bus operator with the certificate required in this section, the school district board of directors may provide a substitute driver to operate such school bus on a temporary basis without a certificate until the next regularly scheduled school bus operator's examination is held in the locality.

(f) Extracurricular trips shall be made by certified operators only.

(g) Any person or persons violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 197. Arkansas Code § 6-20-1206 is amended to read as follows:

6-20-1206. Manner and terms of sale - Maximum rate of interest.

(a)(1) All school bonds shall be sold to the highest bidder at public sale.

(2) Advertisement thereof shall be published in at least one (1) newspaper published in the county with such publication to be once a week for two (2) weeks, the first publication to be at least thirteen (13) days before the date of the sale, and by such other advertisement as the board of directors and the Director of the Department of Education shall deem
advisable.

(3) At any time after receiving bids on bonds, all bids may be rejected and the bonds readvertised for the time and in the manner herein provided.

(4) The bonds shall bear interest at a rate or rates not exceeding the maximum lawful rate as defined in subsection (b) of this section.

(5) Bonds may be sold at a discount, but in no event shall the district be required to pay more than the maximum lawful rate of interest on the amount received.

(6) Bonds may be sold with the privilege of conversion into bonds bearing a lower rate or rates of interest, but the district shall receive no less and pay no more in principal and interest combined than it would receive and pay if the bonds were not converted.

(7) The district shall pay the expenses of issuing the bonds and may supply the opinion of attorneys approving the validity of the bonds.

(8) No brokerage, agent's fees, or commissions of any kind for securing bids for the sale of school district bonds shall be allowed or paid on any bond sale, unless it is approved by the director, and any person giving or receiving it without approval shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) As used in this section, "maximum lawful rate" means a rate of interest equal to five percent (5%) per annum above the rate for primary credit or its functional equivalent in effect at the Federal Reserve bank in the Federal Reserve district in which Arkansas is located at the time a bid for bonds is accepted.

(c) The State Board of Education is authorized to set a maximum rate of interest at which school bonds may be sold under the conditions stated in subsection (a) of this section at any level below the maximum lawful rate.

SECTION 198. Arkansas Code § 12-11-104 is amended to read as follows:

12-11-104. Resistance to authority.

(a) When a sheriff or other public officer authorized to execute process finds or has reason to believe that resistance will be made to the execution of the process, he or she may command as many male inhabitants of his or her county as he or she may think proper, and any military companies
in his or her county, armed and equipped, to assist him or her in overcoming
the resistance and in arresting and confining the resisters and their aiders
and abettors, to be punished according to law.

(b) The officer must report to the court from which the process issued
the names of the resisters and their aiders and abettors so that they may be
punished for contempt.

(c) Every person commanded by a public officer to assist him or her in
the execution of process, who without lawful cause refuses or neglects to
obey the command, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and contempt of the
court from which the process issued.

SECTION 199. Arkansas Code § 12-13-110 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) The Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police, his or
her officers, or deputies, upon complaint of any person or on their own
motion, may inspect all buildings and premises within their jurisdiction and
issue orders for the compliance with such regulations.

(2) Failure or refusal to comply with the instructions of the
Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police in the enforcement of
such regulations shall be a misdemeanor and punishable as such Class A
misdemeanor.

(b)(1) The Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police and his
or her officers and deputies shall inspect all places of public assembly,
including factories or industrial plants normally employing ten (10) or more
persons, where hazards to the lives and safety of citizens might be present.

(2) If upon completion of the inspection an unsafe or hazardous
condition is found to exist, then the director shall promptly notify the
owner or operator thereof in writing.

(3) Upon the receipt of the written notice, the owner or
operator shall remove the hazardous or unsafe condition.

(4) On failure to remedy the condition, the director may file
injunction proceedings in the circuit court of the jurisdiction to abate the
condition as being a nuisance. The suit shall be filed in the name of the
director for the use and benefit of the State of Arkansas, without bond for
costs.
SECTION 200. Arkansas Code § 17-31-105 is amended to read as follows:

17-31-105. Violations — Penalties.

(a) Any person required to be registered under this chapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each offense or suffer imprisonment for a period not to exceed one (1) year, or both, if that person shall:

(1) Practice or offer to practice forestry without a valid certificate of registration issued pursuant to this chapter;

(2) Claim to be a forester certified under this chapter without being so certified;

(3) In any way tend to convey the impression that he or she is a forester certified under the provisions of this chapter without being so registered;

(4) Use as his or her own the certificate of registration of another;

(5) Give false or forged evidence to the Arkansas State Board of Registration for Foresters;

(6) Use an expired or revoked certificate; or

(7) Violate any provision of this chapter.

(b) A Class A misdemeanor shall also be charged against a registered forester, subject to penalties as prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, who endorses any plan, specification, estimate, report, or map unless he or she actually prepared the plan, specification, estimate, report, or map or has been in actual charge or supervision of the preparation of it.

SECTION 201. Arkansas Code § 17-82-105 is amended to read as follows:

17-82-105. Sales of dental services or appliances.

(a) Any person other than a licensed dentist who sells or delivers or offers to sell or deliver to the general public the services of construction, repair, reproduction, duplication, alteration, adjustment, cleaning, polishing, refinishing, or processing in any other manner, of any artificial or prosthetic tooth or teeth, bridge, crown, denture, restoration, appliance, device, structure, or material or orthodontic appliance or material to be worn or used in the mouth, is subject to the penalties and liabilities prescribed in § 17-82-301(b) and (c). This section does not prohibit selling
or delivering or offering to sell or deliver any of such articles to a
licensed dentist.

(b) Any licensed dentist who employs or engages the services of a
dental laboratory or dental laboratory technician or any other person, firm,
or corporation to perform any of the operations or to fabricate any of the
appliances or devices referred to in subsection (a) of this section shall
furnish that person, firm, or corporation with a written work authorization
which shall contain:

(1) The name and address of the person, firm, or corporation to
which the work authorization is directed;

(2) The patient’s name or an identification number. If a number
is used, the patient’s name shall be written upon the duplicate copy of the
work authorization retained by the dentist;

(3) The date on which the work authorization was written;

(4) A description of the work to be done, including diagrams, if
necessary;

(5) A specification of the type and quality of materials to be
used; and

(6) The signature of the dentist and the number of his or her
license to practice dentistry.

(c) The person, firm, or corporation receiving a work authorization
from a licensed dentist shall retain the original work authorization and the
dentist shall retain a duplicate copy for a period of two (2) years.

(d) Any licensed dentist shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and
the Arkansas State Board of Dental Examiners may revoke or suspend the
license of that dentist for a violation if that dentist:

(1) Employs or engages the services of any person, firm, or
corporation to construct or repair, extraorally, prosthetic dentures,
bridges, or other dental appliances without first providing the person, firm,
or corporation with a written work authorization;

(2) Fails to retain a duplicate copy of the work authorization
for two (2) years; or

(3) Commits any violation of this section.

(e) Any person, firm, or corporation shall be guilty of a Class A
misdemeanor if that person, firm, or corporation:

(1) Furnishes such services to any licensed dentist without
first obtaining a written work authorization from the dentist;
   (2) Fails to retain the original work authorization for two (2)
   years; or
   (3) Commits any violation of this section.

SECTION 202. Arkansas Code § 17-96-103 is amended to read as follows:
17-96-103. Unlawful acts - Penalties.
   (a) Any person who shall unlawfully obtain registration under this
   chapter, whether by false or untrue statements contained in the application
   to the Arkansas Board of Podiatric Medicine or by presenting to the board a
   fraudulent diploma, certificate for license, or one fraudulently obtained, or
   by practicing without any registration or certificate, shall be deemed guilty
   of a Class A misdemeanor.
   (b) Any person who shall swear falsely to any affidavit or oral testimony made or given by
   virtue of the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the board
   shall be deemed guilty of perjury and upon conviction shall be subject to all
   the pains and penalties of perjury.
   (c) Any person who shall knowingly violate any of the provisions of
   this chapter, upon conviction, shall be fined a sum not exceeding one
   thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed
   thirty (30) days, or be both fined and imprisoned.

SECTION 203. Arkansas Code § 23-2-405 is amended to read as follows:
23-2-405. Service of process, notices, complaints, etc.
   (a) All process issued by the commission shall extend to all parts of
   the state and any such process, together with the service of all notices
   issued by the commission, as well as copies of complaints, rules, orders, and
   regulations of the commission, may be served by any person authorized to
   serve process issued out of courts of law, or by mail, as the commission may
   direct.
   (b) In instances where service is had by mail, a duplicate of the
   instrument served shall be enclosed, upon which duplicate the person served
   shall endorse the date of his or her receipt of the original and promptly
   return the duplicate to the commission.
   (c) Any person who fails, neglects, or refuses to promptly return the
receipt and duplicate shall be deemed to be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 204. Arkansas Code §§ 23-17-106 and 23-17-107 are amended to read as follows:

23-17-106. Priority of dispatch of messages - Confidentiality.

(a)(1) In consideration of the right-of-way over the public property conceded in §§ 23-17-101 - 23-17-108 and 23-17-113, every telegraph or telephone corporation in the case of war, insurrection, or civil commotion of any kind and for the arrest of criminals shall give immediate dispatch at the usual rates of charge to any message connected therewith of any officer of the state or of the United States.

(2) Any officer or agent of a telegraph or telephone company who fails or refuses to carry out the provisions of the preceding subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b)(1) All other messages, including those received from other telegraph or telephone companies, shall be transmitted in order of their delivery, correctly and without unreasonable delay, and shall be strictly confidential. However, arrangements may be made with the publishers of newspapers for the transmission of intelligence of general and public interest.

(2) Any officer or agent of a telegraph or telephone company who willfully violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(3) The telegraph or telephone company so violating this section is liable in damages to the party aggrieved.

23-17-107. Interception of message - Injuring equipment - Penalty.

If any person without authority intercepts a dispatch or message transmitted by telegraph or telephone or willfully destroys or injures any telegraph telephone pole, wire, cable, or fixture, he or she is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 205. Arkansas Code § 23-66-307 is amended to read as follows:

23-66-307. Inducement to forfeit, surrender, etc., other policies.

(a)(1) It is the public policy of this state that life and accident
and health insurance agents shall provide reasonable and professional service to each insured or prospective insured.

(2) Each agent is therefor charged with the responsibility of exercising discretion and good faith in the sales presentation or transaction.

(3) Further, it is within the general welfare of the people that each life and accident and health agent, when it is professionally advisable, shall improve upon or change the type of insurance that any insured or prospective insured presently has by providing either better coverage or an overall program of insurance more suitable for the needs of the insured, his or her family, or a business.

(4) However, certain abuses occur when agents engage in the above type of solicitation without good faith and professional discretion.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any agent to encourage, induce, or solicit any insured to permit a policy of permanent insurance to lapse, or otherwise forfeit or surrender those contracts or policies except in compliance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.

(c) Whenever any agent in a sales presentation seeks to induce the holder of any permanent life insurance policy to permit it to lapse or to surrender, forfeit, or change the existing permanent life insurance coverage, the agent shall:

(1) Furnish the policyholder a written memorandum, dated, comparing the existing and the proposed life insurance coverage. The instrument shall be signed by the agent and by the insured to acknowledge receipt of the written memorandum; and

(2) File a duplicate of the memorandum with the company represented by the agent. The company shall retain the duplicate memorandum for a period of three (3) years.

(d) Any agent who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be subject to such reasonable disciplinary action as may be provided by the Arkansas Insurance Code.

SECTION 206. Arkansas Code § 23-69-131 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any director of a domestic stock or mutual insurer who votes for or concurs in the declaration or payment of a dividend, other than as
authorized under § 23-69-129 or § 23-69-130, to stockholders or members shall 1
upon conviction be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be jointly and 2
severally liable, together with other directors likewise voting for or 3
concurring, for any loss sustained by the insurer.

(b) Any stockholder receiving such a dividend shall be liable in the 6
amount thereof to the insurer.

(c) The Insurance Commissioner may revoke or suspend the certificate 8
of authority of an insurer which has declared or paid a dividend other than 9
as so authorized.

SECTION 207. Arkansas Code § 24-7-203 is amended to read as follows:
24-7-203. Penalty.

Any person who knowingly makes any false statement or who falsifies or 14
permits to be falsified any record or records in an attempt to defraud the 15
Arkansas Teacher Retirement System shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor 16
and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as provided by law.

SECTION 208. Arkansas Code § 26-52-403 is amended to read as follows:
26-52-403. Farm equipment and machinery.

(a) The sale of new and used farm equipment and machinery shall not be 21
subject to the Arkansas gross receipts tax levied by § 26-52-301(1), (2), 22
(3)(A), (3)(B), (3)(C)(i)-(3)(C)(iii), (4), and (5), but shall be exempt 23
therefrom.

(b)(1)(A) As used in this section, "farm equipment and machinery" 25
means implements used exclusively and directly in farming which for purposes 26
of this section is defined as the agricultural production of food or fiber as 27
a business or the agricultural production of grass sod or nursery products as 28
a business.

(B) Implements used to harvest crops produced in farming 30
by others shall be considered as used in farming.

(2) Irrigation pipe used to carry water from the irrigation well 32
to the crops produced in farming shall be considered "farm machinery or 33
equipment" regardless of whether the pipe is used above ground or is buried 34
underground.

(3) However, the term "farm equipment and machinery" shall not 36
include implements used in the production and severance of timber, motor
vehicles of a type subject to registration, airplanes, or hand tools.

(c)(1) Each purchaser of farm machinery must certify, in writing, on the copy of the invoice or sales ticket to be retained by the seller that he is engaged in farming and that the farm machinery will be used only in farming.

(2) The seller shall certify to the Department of Finance and Administration that the contract price of the items has been reduced to grant the full benefit of the exemption.

(3) Violation of this subsection by the purchaser or seller shall be a Class A misdemeanor and, upon violation or conviction for a second offense, the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration shall revoke the seller’s sales tax permit.

SECTION 209. Arkansas Code § 26-57-403 is amended to read as follows:

26-57-403. Automatic money payoff mechanisms not legalized.

(a) Nothing contained in this section and §§ 26-57-306 [repealed], 26-57-401, 26-57-402, and 26-57-404 - 26-57-407 shall be deemed to legalize, authorize, license, or permit any machines commonly known as slot machines, roscoes, jackpots, or any machine equipped with any automatic money payoff mechanism.

(b) Any person owning or possessing an amusement game or device described in § 26-57-402(1) or (2), or any person employed by or acting on behalf of any such person, who gives to any other person money for a noncash prize, toy, or novelty received as a reward in playing any such amusement game or device, or for free games won on any such machine, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 210. Arkansas Code § 3-3-208 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-208. Possession or procuring orders.

Any person who, by himself or herself or his or her employee, or servant, or agent for himself or herself, or any other person, shall keep or carry around on his or her person, or in any vehicle or leave in a place for another to secure, any intoxicating alcoholic liquor with the intent to sell the liquor in violation of this act or who shall, within this state, in any manner, directly or indirectly, solicit, take, or accept any order for the purchase, sale, shipment, or delivery of intoxicating liquor for beverage
purposes in violation of the requirements of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation. He or she shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the first offense. For the second and subsequent offenses he or she shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or to imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than one (1) year, or subject to both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court or jury. The penalties prescribed herein shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law.

SECTION 211. Arkansas Code § 3-3-302 is amended to read as follows:
3-3-302. Penalties.

(a) Unless a different penalty is specifically provided, any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be confined in the county jail for a period of not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year, or be both fined and imprisoned.

(b) In addition to all other fines and penalties herein provided for, the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division shall revoke all alcoholic beverage permits held by any person convicted for a violation of this subchapter.

SECTION 212. Arkansas Code § 4-18-203 is amended to read as follows:
4-18-203. Penalties.

(a) Any person who, by himself or herself or by his or her servant or agent or as the servant or agent of another person, performs any one (1) of the acts enumerated in subdivisions (b)(1)-(9) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon a first conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment for not more than three (3) months, or by both fine and imprisonment, and, upon a second or subsequent conviction, he or she shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or by both fine and imprisonment Class B misdemeanor
upon a first conviction, and, upon a second or subsequent conviction, shall
be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) Any person shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in
subsection (a) of this section who:

(1) Uses or has in his or her possession for the purpose of
using for any commercial purpose specified in § 4-18-219, sells, offers, or
exposes for sale or hire, or has in his or her possession for the purpose of
selling or hiring, an incorrect weight or measure or any device or instrument
used to or calculated to falsify any weight or measure;

(2) Uses or has in his or her possession for the purpose of
current use for any commercial purpose specified in § 4-18-219 a weight or
measure that does not bear a seal or mark such as is specified in § 4-18-217,
unless the weight or measure has been exempted from testing by the provisions
of § 4-18-219 or by a regulation of the Director of the Arkansas Bureau of
Standards issued under the authority of § 4-18-216;

(3) Disposes of any rejected or condemned weight or measure in a
manner contrary to law or regulation;

(4) Removes from any weight or measure, contrary to law or
regulation, any tag, seal, or mark placed thereon by the appropriate
authority;

(5) Sells or offers or exposes for sale less than the quantity
he or she represents of any commodity, thing, or service;

(6) Takes more than the quantity he or she represents of any
commodity, thing, or service when as a buyer he or she furnishes the weight
or measure by means of which the amount of the commodity, thing, or service
is determined;

(7) Keeps for the purpose of sale, advertises, or offers or
exposes for sale, or sells, any commodity, thing, or service in a condition
or manner contrary to law or regulation;

(8) Uses in retail trade, except in the preparation of packages
put up in advance of sale and of medical prescriptions, a weight or measure
that is not so positioned that its indications may be accurately read and the
weighing or measuring operation observed from some position which may
reasonably be assumed by a customer; or

(9) Violates any provision of §§ 4-18-201 - 4-18-220 and 4-18-
222 - 4-18-230 or of the regulations promulgated under the provisions of §§
SECTION 213. Arkansas Code § 4-18-211 is amended to read as follows:
4-18-211. Impersonation of bureau personnel - Penalty.

Any person who impersonates in any way the Director of the Arkansas Bureau of Standards, the deputy director, any one of the inspectors, or a sealer or deputy sealer by the use of his seal or a counterfeit of his seal, or in any other manner, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or by both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 214. Arkansas Code § 4-59-302 is amended to read as follows:
4-59-302. Issuance of bill containing false statement.

Any officer, agent, or servant of a carrier who with intent to defraud issues or aids in issuing a bill for goods, knowing that it contains any false statement, shall be guilty of a crime and upon conviction shall be punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 215. Arkansas Code § 4-59-306 is amended to read as follows:
4-59-306. Negotiation of bill for unowned or mortgaged goods.

Any person who ships goods to which he or she does not have title, or upon which there is a lien or mortgage, and who takes for such goods a negotiable bill which he or she afterwards negotiates for value with intent to deceive and without disclosing his or her want of title or the existence of the lien or mortgage shall be guilty of a crime, and upon conviction shall be punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 216. Arkansas Code § 4-59-402 is amended to read as follows:
4-59-402. Fraudulent issuance of receipt containing false statement.

A warehouseman or any officer, agent, or servant of a warehouseman, who
fraudulently issues or aids in fraudulently issuing a receipt for goods, knowing that it contains any false statement, shall be guilty of a crime and upon conviction shall be punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 217. Arkansas Code §§ 4-59-404 — 4-59-406 are amended to read as follows:

4-59-404. Issuance of receipt for goods owned by warehouseman without statement of ownership.

Where there are deposited with or held by a warehouseman goods of which he or she is owner, either solely or jointly, or in common with others, the warehouseman, or any of his or her officers, agents, or servants who, knowing of his or her ownership, issue or aid in issuing a negotiable receipt for the goods which does not state the ownership, shall be guilty of a crime, and upon conviction shall be punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both Class A misdemeanor.

4-59-405. Delivering goods without obtaining negotiable receipt.

A warehouseman or any officer, agent, or servant of a warehouseman, who delivers goods out of the possession of the warehouseman, knowing that a negotiable receipt, the negotiation of which would transfer the right to the possession of the goods, is outstanding and uncanceled, without obtaining the possession of the receipt at or before the time of the delivery, shall be guilty of a crime and upon conviction shall be punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both Class A misdemeanor.

4-59-406. Negotiation of receipt by depositor of encumbered or another's goods without disclosing facts.

Any person who deposits goods to which he or she has no title, or upon which there is a lien or mortgage, and who takes for the goods a negotiable receipt which he or she afterward negotiates for value, with intent to deceive and without disclosing his or her want of title or the existence of the lien or mortgage, shall be guilty of a crime and upon conviction shall be
punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 218. Arkansas Code § 4-88-304 is amended to read as follows:

4-88-304. Penalties, remedies, and enforcement.

(a) When a person violates this subchapter or a regulation prescribed under this subchapter, such violation shall constitute an unfair or deceptive act or practice as defined by this chapter. All remedies, penalties, and authority granted to the Attorney General under this chapter shall be available to the Attorney General for the enforcement of this subchapter.

(b) Any person who is found to have violated this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and imprisoned not more than one (1) year and subject to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or both, for each violation.

(c) The remedies and penalties provided by this section are cumulative to each other, the remedies under § 17-25-301 et seq., and the remedies or penalties available under all other laws of this state.

SECTION 219. Arkansas Code § 4-96-202 is amended to read as follows:

4-96-202. Conspiracy to violate subchapter - Penalties.

(a) No person shall conspire with any other person to violate this subchapter.

(b) Any person who is found to have violated the provisions of this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be imprisoned not more than one (1) year and subject to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(c)(1) A violation of this subchapter shall constitute an unfair or deceptive act or practice as defined by the Deceptive Trade Practices Act, § 4-88-101 et seq.

(2) All remedies, penalties, and authority granted to the Attorney General under the Deceptive Trade Practices Act, § 4-88-101 et seq., shall be available to the Attorney General for the enforcement of this subchapter.

SECTION 220. Arkansas Code § 5-39-210 is amended to read as follows:
Every person who shall take or keep possession of any real estate by actual force or violence, without the authority of law or who, being armed with a deadly or dangerous weapon, shall by violence to any person entitled to the possession, or by putting in fear of immediate danger to his or her person, obtain or keep possession of any real estate or property, without legal authority, shall upon conviction be adjudged guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) and be imprisoned not exceeding one (1) year.

SECTION 221. Arkansas Code § 5-52-108 is amended to read as follows:
(a) Except for the compensation a member of the General Assembly is entitled to from the State of Arkansas for the performance of his or her duties, no such member shall solicit or accept compensation for speeches or other appearances before a group of persons, unless the appearance is made as part of the normal course of business in the legislative member's private occupation.
(b) For the purpose of this section "compensation" means any money or anything of value received or to be received as a claim for services, whether in the form of a retainer, fee, salary, expense, allowance, honorarium, forbearance, forgiveness, interest, dividend, royalty, rent, or any other form of recompense or any combination thereof. "Compensation" does not include payments received for food, lodging, or travel which bears a relationship to a legislative member's office when such member is appearing in an official capacity.
(c) Any person who knowingly or willfully violates this section shall, upon conviction, be fined an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or both guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 222. Arkansas Code § 5-55-202 is amended to read as follows:
5-55-202. Illegal use, transfer, acquisition, or possession of vouchers.
Whoever knowingly uses, transfers, acquires, or possesses vouchers in any manner not authorized by the federal Special Supplemental Food Program
for Women, Infants and Children authorized by the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, or federal and state regulations issued pursuant to the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, if such vouchers are of a value of less than one hundred dollars ($100), shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or both.

SECTION 223. Arkansas Code § 5-63-304 is amended to read as follows:

5-63-304. Debt adjusting - Penalties.

Any person who acts or offers to act as a debt adjuster in this state shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one (1) year, or by both fine and imprisonment guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 224. Arkansas Code § 7-6-202 is amended to read as follows:

7-6-202. Penalties.

Any person who knowingly or willfully fails to comply with any provisions of this subchapter shall, upon conviction, be fined an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or both guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 225. Arkansas Code § 16-112-106 is amended to read as follows:

16-112-106. Service of writ.

(a) The writ shall be served by any qualified officer or by any private individual designated by the judge on the person to whom it is directed or, in his or her absence from the place where the petitioner is confined, on the person having him or her in immediate custody.

(b) If the person upon whom the writ ought to be served conceals himself or refuses admittance to the person attempting the service, it may be served by affixing a copy of the writ in some conspicuous place on the outside either of the dwelling house or jail, or place where the party is confined.

(c) Any person having in his or her custody or under his or her power any person for whose relief a writ of habeas corpus shall have been issued,
or who would be entitled to a writ of habeas corpus, to inquire into the
cause of his or her detention, who shall, with the intent to elude the
service of the writ or to avoid the effect thereof, transfer the person to
the custody, or place him or her under the control or power, of another, or
conceal him, or change the place of his or her confinement, shall be deemed
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Upon conviction, he shall be fined in any
sum not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned not exceeding
one (1) year, or punished by both fine and imprisonment, and shall pay the
party injured five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 226. Arkansas Code § 17-19-102 is amended to read as follows:
(a) Any person who is found guilty of violating any of the provisions
of this chapter shall upon conviction be fined not more than one thousand
dollars ($1,000) for each offense or imprisoned for not more than one (1)
year, or both guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
(b) Any person who falsely represents to the Professional Bail Bond
Company and Professional Bail Bondsman Licensing Board that any person has
met the education or continuing education requirements of §§ 17-19-107, 17-
19-212, and 17-19-401 et seq., shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and
upon conviction shall be punished accordingly.

SECTION 227. Arkansas Code § 17-44-101 is amended to read as follows:
(a) All dealers or purchasers of junk and scrap metals and materials
doing business in the State of Arkansas shall prepare and keep records
showing:
(1) The seller’s full name, address, driver’s license number,
and social security number;
(2) The type of scrap metals and material so purchased;
(3) The weights of the materials;
(4) The license number of the vehicle used in transporting the
materials to the place of business.
(b) These records shall:
(1) Be kept for a period of three (3) years;
(2) Be made available to any law enforcement officer of the
State of Arkansas or of any municipality; and

(3) Be available for use in any court, should that be necessary.

(c) Any person, firm, or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1000) or imprisoned for not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year in jail, or subject to both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 228. Arkansas Code §§ 17-44-103 and 17-44-104 are amended to read as follows:

17-44-103. Records of scrap copper utility wire purchases.

(a) All dealers or purchasers within this state of scrap copper utility wire shall prepare and maintain records of all purchases of scrap copper utility wire. The record will show the following:

(1) The seller’s full name, address, driver’s license number, and social security number;

(2) The license number of the vehicle used in transporting the material to the place of business;

(3) The date of the purchase; and

(4) The price in money or other consideration paid therefor.

(b) Records shall be maintained by the dealer or purchaser for a period of three (3) years and shall be made available, upon request, for inspection by law enforcement agencies and by representatives of public utilities.

(c) Purchases of scrap utility wire, either burned or hard drawn, from individuals other than from utility companies must be recorded separately, including all information set forth in subsection (a) of this section, by the purchaser if the purchase exceeds two hundred fifty pounds (250 lbs.).

(d) Any utility may notify dealers or purchasers of scrap utility copper wire of a known or presumed theft of wire setting forth any information concerning the theft as might be available to the utility, including, but not limited to, the approximate quantity and size of the wire stolen, the geographical area from which the wire was reported missing or presumed stolen, and any specific distinguishing marks on or in the wire or other method of identifying the wire.

(e) If notice is given to a dealer or purchaser and, subsequent
thereto, wire meeting that description is purchased by the dealer or offered
for sale to the dealer, then the dealer shall notify the local police, if
within a municipality, or sheriff’s department, if outside a municipality,
that the wire was purchased or offered for sale to the dealer.

(f) Any person, partnership, firm, or corporation who violates any of
the provisions of this section shall upon conviction be guilty of a Class A
misdemeanor and shall be fined an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars
($1000) or imprisoned for not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1)
year in jail, or subject to both fine and imprisonment.

17-44-104. Records of bronze cemetery memorial purchases.

(a) Whenever any collector of or dealer in junk or any secondhand
property purchases any bronze cemetery vase or receptacle, any bronze
cemetery memorial, or any bronze statuary, whatever may be the condition of
the vase or receptacle, cemetery memorial, or bronze statuary, he or she
shall make a record of the place of business of the seller in addition to all
other information required by § 17-44-101.

(b) Any peace officer of this state may inspect the register at any
reasonable time.

(c) Any person violating any of the provisions of this section is
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined an amount
not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1000) or imprisoned for not less than
six (6) months nor more than one (1) year in jail, or subject to both fine
and imprisonment.

SECTION 229. Arkansas Code § 23-16-201 is amended to read as follows:
23-16-201. Penalty

Any person, officer, manager, company, corporation, association, or
firm who shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter shall be
deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not less
than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000)
and by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than thirty
(30) days nor more than one (1) year.

SECTION 230. Arkansas Code § 23-66-505 is amended to read as follows:
23-66-505. Mandatory reporting of fraudulent insurance acts.
(a) A person engaged in the business of insurance having knowledge or a reasonable belief that a fraudulent insurance act is being, will be, or has been committed shall provide to the Insurance Commissioner the information required by, and in a manner prescribed by, the commissioner.

(b) Any person engaged in the business of insurance who knowingly fails to report as required by subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment for a period not to exceed one (1) year, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(c) Any other person having knowledge or a reasonable belief that a fraudulent insurance act is being, will be, or has been committed may provide to the commissioner the information required by, and in a manner prescribed by, the commissioner.

SECTION 231. Arkansas Code § 23-76-105 is amended to read as follows:

23-76-105. Penalties - Enforcement.

(a) In lieu of suspension or revocation of a certificate of authority under § 23-76-123, the Insurance Commissioner may levy an administration penalty in an amount not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250), nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500), if reasonable notice in writing is given of the intent to levy the penalty and the health maintenance organization has a reasonable time within which to remedy the defect in its operations which gave rise to the penalty citation. The commissioner may augment this penalty by an amount equal to the sum that he or she calculates to be the damages suffered by the enrollees or other members of the public.

(b) Any person who willfully violates this chapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and may be punished by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment for a period not exceeding one (1) year, or both fine and imprisonment.

(c)(1) If the commissioner or the Director of the Department of Health shall for any reason have cause to believe that any violation of this chapter has occurred or is threatened, the commissioner or the director may give notice to the health maintenance organization and to the representatives, or other persons who appear to be involved in the suspected violation, to arrange a conference with the alleged violators or their authorized representatives for the purpose of attempting to ascertain the facts relating
to the suspected violation and, in the event it appears that any violation
has occurred or is threatened, to arrive at an adequate and effective means
of correcting or preventing the violations.

(2) Proceedings under this subsection shall not be governed by
any formal procedural requirements and may be conducted in such manner as the
commissioner or the director may deem appropriate under the circumstances.

(d)(1) The commissioner may issue an order directing a health
maintenance organization or a representative of a health maintenance
organization to cease and desist from engaging in any act or practice in
violation of the provisions of this chapter.

(2) Within thirty (30) days after service of the order of cease
and desist, the respondent may request a hearing on the questions of whether
acts or practices in violation of this chapter have occurred. The hearings
shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of §§ 23-61-303 - 23-61-307,
and judicial review shall be available as provided in § 23-66-212.

(e) In the case of any violation of the provisions of this chapter, if
the commissioner elects not to issue a cease and desist order, or in the
event of noncompliance with a cease and desist order issued pursuant to
subsection (d) of this section, the commissioner may institute a proceeding
to obtain injunctive relief, or seeking other appropriate relief, in the
Circuit Court of Pulaski County for actions of this nature.

SECTION 232. Arkansas Code § 23-111-406 is amended to read as follows:


(a) A majority of all officers and directors of any greyhound dog
track in this state shall be qualified electors of this state who have
resided in the county in which the track is located for a period of not less
than two (2) years and shall maintain a residence in the county during their
tenure as officers or directors thereof.

(b) Any person who may be elected or selected as an officer or
director of any greyhound dog track, prior to his or her election or
selection, shall submit to the Arkansas Racing Commission a duly verified
affidavit setting forth information indicating whether he or she is a
qualified elector of this state, his or her place of residence, and the
period of time during which he or she has resided at his or her place of
residence, in order that the commission may determine that the provisions of
this section are being complied with.

(c) If there is any change in any of the material facts noted on the verified affidavit filed with the commission by the officer or director of a greyhound dog track, the officer or director, within thirty (30) days after the occurrence of the change, shall submit a new verified affidavit to the commission as required in this section, noting the change.

(d) Any person who furnishes false information in the affidavit filed with the commission, as required in this section, or fails to file a replacement verified affidavit with the commission within thirty (30) days after the change of any material fact noted on the affidavit previously filed with the commission shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisonment for not less than three (3) months nor more than one (1) year, or both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 233. Arkansas Code § 2-20-103 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-103. Penalty.

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment for not more than ninety (90) days, or by both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 234. Arkansas Code § 2-20-103 is amended to read as follows:

2-35-203. Penalty.

Anyone violating any of the provisions of this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Upon conviction, where the punishment is not specifically set out, an offender shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety (90) days, or by both a fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 235. Arkansas Code § 6-51-615 is amended to read as follows:

6-51-615. Denial or suspension of admissions representative’s license - Review - Penalty.
(a) No person shall be granted an admissions representative's license if, upon investigation, the applicant is found not to meet the requirements for an admissions representative under this subchapter.

(b) The director, upon receipt of information considered dependable which indicates fraud, misrepresentation, or unethical practices on the part of an applicant, may deny issuance of a license applied for or may suspend immediately a license already issued pending a review by the State Board of Private Career Education.

(c) Any applicant dissatisfied with the decision to refuse, suspend, or revoke a license may seek judicial review, provided the applicant files notice of appeal in Pulaski County Circuit Court within fifteen (15) calendar days immediately following the date of notification of action by the director.

(d) Any person violating the provisions of this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($500) or be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than three (3) months, or both.

SECTION 236. Arkansas Code § 16-85-101 is amended to read as follows:


(a) While confined to any prison or jail in this state awaiting trial, no prisoner shall be denied the right to:

1. Consult an attorney of the prisoner's own choosing;
2. Call a physician of the prisoner's own choosing if in need of one; or
3. Place free telephone calls to a bondsperson if the calls are local calls.

(b) Any officer or other person having charge or supervision of any prisoner in the state who refuses to permit the prisoner to consult an attorney of the prisoner's own choosing, call a physician of the prisoner's own choosing, or place free telephone calls to a bondsperson if the calls are local calls shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) and may be confined to prison for not more than ninety (90) days.
SECTION 237. Arkansas Code § 17-15-103 is amended to read as follows:

A person shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or suffer imprisonment for a period not exceeding three (3) months, or be both so fined and imprisoned, each day of the unlawful practice to constitute a distinct and separate offense, if that person shall:

(1) Practice or offer to practice the profession of architecture in this state without being registered or exempted there from in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;

(2) Give any false or forged evidence of any kind to the Arkansas State Board of Architects or to any member thereof for the purpose of obtaining a certificate of registration;

(3) Falsely impersonate any other registrant of like or different name;

(4) Attempt to use an expired or revoked certificate of registration; or

(5) Violate, or aid or abet any violation of, any of the provisions of this chapter.

SECTION 238. Arkansas Code § 17-84-103 is amended to read as follows:

17-84-103. Penalty — Injunction.
(a) Any person convicted of violating any provision of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500) or to imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety (90) days, or both.

(b) Any violation of the provisions of this chapter may be enjoined by the circuit courts of this state.

SECTION 239. Arkansas Code § 23-110-411 is amended to read as follows:

(a) Each franchise holder authorized to conduct a race meet under this chapter shall pay to the Arkansas Racing Commission, for the use and benefit of the State of Arkansas, either ten percent (10%) of all moneys received each day from admissions paid by persons attending the races at the meeting
or the sum of ten cents (10¢) on each and every paid admission, whichever sum
is the greater. All payments provided for in this section shall be made each
day of any and every race meeting.

(b)(1) The issuance of all tax-free passes shall be by the franchise
holder or its employees or agents. The commission shall have no authority
over the issuance or distribution of such passes.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation, firm,
partnership, or any other entity, to sell or offer for sale, for any
consideration, any tax-free pass issued by the commission for general
admission to the racing facility of any franchise holder.

(3) Any person, corporation, firm, partnership, or other entity,
who sells or offers for sale tax-free passes shall for each such offense,
upon conviction, be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. The penalty for each
such offense shall be a fine in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars
($500) or imprisonment for a period of time not to exceed ninety (90) days,
or both.

SECTION 240. Arkansas Code § 23-111-510 is amended to read as follows:

(a)(1) Each franchise holder authorized to conduct a race meeting
under this chapter shall pay to the Arkansas Racing Commission, for the use
and benefit of the State of Arkansas, either ten percent (10%) of all moneys
received each day from admissions paid by persons attending the races at the
meeting, or the sum of ten cents (10¢) on each and every paid admission,
whichever sum is the greater.

(2) All payments provided for in this section shall be made each
day of any and every race meeting.

(b)(1) The issuance of all tax-free passes shall be by the franchise
holder or its employees or agents. The commission shall have no authority
over the issuance or distribution of such passes.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation, firm,
partnership, or any other entity, to sell or offer for sale, for any
consideration, any tax-free pass issued by the commission for general
admission to the racing facility of any franchise holder.

(3) Any person, corporation, firm, partnership, or other entity,
who sells or offers for sale tax-free passes shall, upon conviction, be
guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. The penalty for each such offense shall be a fine in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment for a period of time not to exceed ninety (90) days, or both.

SECTION 241. Arkansas Code § 3-3-217 is amended to read as follows:
3-3-217. Free lunches prohibited – Penalty.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, company, or corporation to give free lunches in any place where liquors are sold by such persons, company, or corporation.
(b) Any person, company, or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days, or by both the fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 242. Arkansas Code § 6-19-110 is amended to read as follows:
(a) The driver of a school bus shall load and discharge the passengers of the bus at the extreme right side of the paved or improved portion of the road or highway and at the right curbing when such curbing is maintained on the road or highway.
(b)(1) As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means all vehicles, movable engines, or machines which are operated or propelled by motor vehicle fuel as hereinafter defined and which are operated and used for travel on public roads and highways.
(2) The term "school bus", when used in this section, shall mean any vehicle being used to convey children to and from school and which is marked in both front and rear with the words "SCHOOL BUS", in plain lettering, readable in daylight at a distance of at least two hundred feet (200') from such vehicle.
(c) Whoever, being the driver of a vehicle or school bus, fails to carry out the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) or be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed thirty (30) days, or both.
SECTION 243. Arkansas Code § 20-7-307 is amended to read as follows:
20-7-307. Penalties.
    (a)(1) Any person, firm, corporation, organization, or institution
that violates any of the provisions of this subchapter or any rules and
regulations promulgated hereunder under this subchapter regarding
confidentiality of information shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one
hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by
imprisonment not exceeding one (1) month, or both.
    (2) Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense.
    (b) Any person, firm, corporation, organization, or institution
knowingly violating any of the provisions of this subchapter or any rules and
regulations promulgated hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
a plea of guilty, a plea of nolo contendere, or under this subchapter shall
be guilty of a violation and upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of
not more than five hundred dollars ($500).
    (c)(1) Every person, firm, corporation, organization, or institution
that violates any of the rules and regulations adopted by the State Board of
Health or that violates any provision of this subchapter may be assessed a
civil penalty by the board.
    (2) The penalty shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars
($250) for each violation.
    (3) However, no civil penalty may be assessed until the person
charged with the violation has been given the opportunity for a hearing on
the violation pursuant to the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-
201 et seq.

SECTION 244. Arkansas Code § 17-96-301 is amended to read as follows:
17-96-301. License required - Penalty for unlawful practice.
    (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to profess to be a podiatrist
or to practice or assume the duties incident to podiatric medicine unless
licensed to do so by the Arkansas Board of Podiatric Medicine.
    (b)(1) If any person shall use the name or title "podiatrist",
"chiropractor", "D.S.C.", "D.P.M.", "foot specialist", or any other word,
abbreviation, or title to that person's name indicating or designed to
indicate the qualifications to practice podiatric medicine without first obtaining from the board a license authorizing the practice of podiatric medicine in this state, it shall be deemed prima facie evidence of practicing podiatric medicine within the meaning of this chapter.

(2) Upon conviction, the person shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned for not less than three (3) months nor more than one (1) year, or both. The fine and imprisonment are to be at the discretion of the court or jury.

(3) Each separate day on which any person so practices or attempts to practice or holds out to so practice or does both without the registration and certificate as provided in this chapter shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

SECTION 245. Arkansas Code § 26-57-241 is amended to read as follows:

26-57-241. Reuse of containers unlawful - Penalty.

Any person who reuses or refills with cigarettes any box, package, or container from which tax paid tobacco products have been removed is guilty of a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be punished as is provided by § 5-1-106(c).

SECTION 246. Arkansas Code § 5-36-116 is amended to read as follows:

5-36-116. Shoplifting.

(a) A person engaging in conduct giving rise to a presumption under § 5-36-102(b) may be detained in a reasonable manner and for a reasonable length of time by a peace law enforcement officer or a merchant or a merchant’s employee in order that recovery of such goods may be effected. The detention by a peace officer, merchant, or merchant’s employee shall not render the peace law enforcement officer, merchant, or merchant’s employee criminally or civilly liable for false arrest, false imprisonment, or unlawful detention.

(b)(1) The activation of an antishoplifting or inventory control device as a result of a person exiting the establishment or a protected area within the establishment shall constitute reasonable cause for the detention of the person so exiting by the owner or operator of the establishment or by an agent or employee of the owner or operator, provided sufficient notice has

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been posted to advise the patrons that such a device is being utilized. Each such detention shall be made only in a reasonable manner and only for a reasonable period of time sufficient for any inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the activation of the device or for the recovery of goods. Such detention by a peace law enforcement officer, merchant, or merchant's employee shall not render such peace law enforcement officer, merchant, or merchant's employee criminally or civilly liable for false arrest, false imprisonment, or unlawful detention.

(2) For purposes of this section, "antishoplifting or inventory control device" means a mechanism or other device designed and operated for the purpose of detecting the removal from a mercantile establishment or similar enclosure or from a protected area within such an enclosure of specially marked or tagged merchandise.

(c) A peace law enforcement officer may arrest without a warrant upon probable cause for believing the suspect has committed the offense of shoplifting. The peace law enforcement officer, merchant, or merchant's employee who has observed the person accused of committing the offense of shoplifting shall provide a written statement which shall serve as probable cause to justify the arrest. The accused shall be brought before a magistrate forthwith and afforded the opportunity to make a bond or recognizance as in other criminal cases.

SECTION 247. Arkansas Code § 5-73-210 is amended to read as follows:

5-73-210. Search warrants.

Warrant to search any house or place and seize any machine gun adapted to use pistol cartridges of 30 (.30 in. or 7.63 mm.) or larger caliber possessed in violation of this subchapter may issue in the same manner and under the same restrictions as provided by law for stolen property, and any court of record upon application of the prosecuting attorney shall have jurisdiction and power to order any illegal machine gun, thus or otherwise legally seized, to be confiscated and either destroyed or delivered to a peace law enforcement officer of the state or a political subdivision thereof.

SECTION 248. Arkansas Code § 16-81-105 is amended to read as follows:

16-81-105. Execution of summons and service of process.
Any peace law enforcement officer to whom any criminal summons or warrant of arrest is directed may serve or execute it in any county in the state.

SECTION 249. Arkansas Code § 16-81-203 is amended to read as follows:

16-81-203. Grounds to reasonably suspect.

The following are among the factors to be considered in determining if the officer has grounds to "reasonably suspect":

1. The demeanor of the suspect;
2. The gait and manner of the suspect;
3. Any knowledge the officer may have of the suspect’s background or character;
4. Whether the suspect is carrying anything, and what he is carrying;
5. The manner in which the suspect is dressed, including bulges in clothing, when considered in light of all of the other factors;
6. The time of the day or night the suspect is observed;
7. Any overheard conversation of the suspect;
8. The particular streets and areas involved;
9. Any information received from third persons, whether they are known or unknown;
10. Whether the suspect is consorting with others whose conduct is "reasonably suspect";
11. The suspect’s proximity to known criminal conduct;
12. Incidence of crime in the immediate neighborhood;
13. The suspect’s apparent effort to conceal an article; and
14. Apparent effort of the suspect to avoid identification or confrontation by the police a law enforcement officer.

SECTION 250. Arkansas Code § 16-81-301 is amended to read as follows:

16-81-301. Authority of peace law enforcement officers.

Any peace law enforcement officer of this state in fresh pursuit of a person who is reasonably believed to have committed a felony in this state or has committed, or attempted to commit, any criminal offense in this state in the presence of such officer, or for whom the officer holds a warrant of arrest for a criminal offense, shall have the authority to arrest and hold in
custody such person anywhere in this state.

SECTION 251. Arkansas Code § 16-81-303 is amended to read as follows:

16-81-303. Definition.

The term "fresh pursuit" as used in this subchapter shall include fresh pursuit as defined by the common law and also the pursuit of a person who has committed a felony or is reasonably suspected of having committed a felony in this state, or who has committed or attempted to commit any criminal offense in this state in the presence of the arresting law enforcement officer referred to in § 16-81-301 or for whom such officer holds a warrant of arrest for a criminal offense. It shall also include the pursuit of a person suspected of having committed a supposed felony in this state, though no felony has actually been committed, if there is reasonable ground for so believing. Fresh pursuit as used in this subchapter shall not necessarily imply instant pursuit, but pursuit without unreasonable delay.

SECTION 252. Arkansas Code § 16-85-603 is amended to read as follows:


(a) The process of arrest shall be issued by the clerk, upon the order of the court and may be reissued from time to time by order of the prosecuting attorney.

(b) The process of arrest on an indictment shall be a bench warrant.

(c) A bench warrant may be substantially in the following form:

"Pulaski Circuit Court - State of Arkansas.

"To any Sheriff, Coroner, Jailer, Constable, Marshal, or Policeman in Law Enforcement Officer of the State:

"You are hereby commanded forthwith to arrest A. B., and bring him or her as provided by law before the Pulaski Circuit Court, to answer an indictment found in that court against him or her for felony, (or misdemeanor, as the case may be) or, if the court be adjourned for the term, that you deliver him or her as provided by law to the custody of the jailer of (Pulaski) County.

"Given under my hand and seal of said court this _____ day of ________, 19___.

C. D., Clerk, P. C. C."
SECTION 253. Arkansas Code § 5-54-101 is amended to read as follows:


As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Correctional facility" means any place used for the confinement of persons charged with or convicted of an offense or otherwise confined under a court order. "Correctional facility" does not include juvenile training school youth services programs and applies to the Arkansas State Hospital only as to persons detained there charged with or convicted of an offense;

(2) "Custody" means actual or constructive restraint by a law enforcement officer pursuant to an arrest or a court order but does not include detention in a correctional facility, juvenile training school youth services program, or the Arkansas State Hospital;

(3) "Escape" means the unauthorized departure of a person from custody or a correctional facility;

(4) "Governmental function" means any activity which a public servant is legally authorized to undertake on behalf of any governmental unit he or she serves;

(5) "Implement for escape" means any weapon, tool, or other thing which may be useful for escape;

(6) "Implement for unauthorized departure" means any weapon, tool, or other thing which may be useful for unauthorized departure;

(7) "Juvenile detention facility" means any facility for the temporary care of juveniles alleged to be delinquent, or adjudicated delinquent and awaiting disposition, who require secure custody in a physically restricting facility designed and operated with all entrances and exits under the exclusive control of the facility's staff, so that a juvenile may not leave the facility unsupervised or without permission;

(8) "Physical force" means any bodily impact, restraint, or confinement, or the threat thereof;

(9) "Deadly physical force" means physical force that under the circumstances in which it is used is readily capable of causing death or serious physical injury;

(10) "Prohibited article" means:

(A) An intoxicating beverage other than sacramental wine
labeled as such and supplied by a religious official who supplies wine to an
inmate in the Arkansas Department of Correction and Community Punishment for
the sole purpose of approved religious services, pursuant to rules and
regulations promulgated by the Board of Correction and Community Punishment;

(B) A controlled substance, as defined by subchapters 1-6
of chapter 64 of this title as amended, not prescribed by a physician for the
benefit of the person to whom it is delivered;

(C) A weapon, including a firearm or anything manifestly
designed, made, adapted, or capable of being adapted to inflict physical
injury, and anything that in the manner of its use or intended use is capable
of causing physical injury; or

(D) Anything furnished an inmate in a correctional
facility, the Arkansas State Hospital, or juvenile training school without
authorization of a person charged with the duty of maintaining the safety or
security of such institution or any person confined there;

(11) "Public record" includes all official books, papers,
exhibits, or records of any type required by law to be created by or received
and retained in any governmental office or agency, affording notice or
information to the public, or constituting a memorial of an act or
transaction of a public office or public servant;

(12) "The Arkansas State Hospital" includes any subdivision or
facility thereof and any other hospital established by law or legally
designated for similar purposes; and

(13) "Youth services facility" means a facility, operated by the
state or its designee, for the care of juveniles who have been adjudicated
delinquent or convicted of a crime and who require secure custody in either a
physically restrictive facility or a staff-secured facility, operated so that
a juvenile may not leave the facility unsupervised or without supervision.

(13) "Youth services program" means a residential program
operated by the Division of Youth Services of the Department of Human
Services or its contractor for the purpose of detaining, housing, and
treating persons committed to the division. A person committed to the
division and placed in a youth services program is deemed to be in the
custody of the program while attending or participating in any activity
conducted or arranged by the program, regardless of the physical location of
the activity.
SECTION 254. Arkansas Code § 5-54-110 is amended to read as follows:

5-54-110. First degree escape.
(a) A person commits the offense of first degree escape if:
   (1) At any time, including from the point of departure from
   confinement to the return to confinement, aided by another person actually
   present, he or she uses or threatens to use physical force in escaping from:
   (A) Custody;
   (B) A correctional facility;
   (C) A juvenile detention facility; or
   (D) A youth services facility; or services program; or
   (2) At any time, including from the point of departure from
   confinement to the return to confinement, he or she uses or threatens to use
   a deadly weapon in escaping from:
   (A) Custody;
   (B) A correctional facility;
   (C) A juvenile detention facility; or
   (D) A youth services facility program.
(b) First degree escape is a Class C felony.

SECTION 255. Arkansas Code § 5-54-111 is amended to read as follows:

5-54-111. Second degree escape.
(a) A person commits the offense of second degree escape if he or she:
   (1) At any time, including from the point of departure from
   confinement to the return to confinement, uses or threatens to use physical
   force in escaping from custody;
   (2) Having been found guilty of a felony, escapes from custody;
   (3) Escapes from a correctional facility;
   (4) Escapes from a juvenile detention facility; or
   (5) Escapes from a youth services facility program.
(b) Second degree escape is a Class D felony.

SECTION 256. Arkansas Code § 5-54-116 is amended to read as follows:

5-54-116. Aiding an unauthorized departure.
(a) A person commits the offense of aiding an unauthorized departure
if, not being an inmate in a youth services facility, a youth
services facility, or the Arkansas State Hospital, he or she knowingly aids
another person in making or attempting to make an unauthorized departure from
a juvenile detention facility, a youth services facility, program, or the
Arkansas State Hospital.

(b) Aiding an unauthorized departure is a Class C felony if the person
aiding an unauthorized departure uses physical force or uses or threatens to
use a deadly weapon. Otherwise, it is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 257. Arkansas Code § 5-54-118 is amended to read as follows:
5-54-118. Furnishing implement for unauthorized departure.
(a) A person commits the offense of furnishing an implement for
analyzer departure if, with the purpose of facilitating an unauthorized
departure, he or she:
(1) Introduces such an implement into the Arkansas State
Hospital or a youth services facility, or youth services program; or
(2) Provides a person detained in the Arkansas State Hospital or
a youth services program with such an implement.
(b) Furnishing an implement for unauthorized departure is a Class C
felony, if the implement furnished is a deadly weapon. Otherwise, it is a
Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 258. Arkansas Code § 5-54-119 is amended to read as follows:
5-54-119. Furnishing prohibited articles.
(a) A person commits the offense of furnishing a prohibited article if
he or she knowingly:
(1) Introduces a prohibited article into a correctional
facility, the Arkansas State Hospital, or a youth services facility; or
(2) Provides a person confined in a correctional facility, the
Arkansas State Hospital, or a youth services program, with a prohibited article.
(b)(1) Furnishing or providing a weapon, intoxicating beverage,
controlled substance, moneys, a cellular telephone or other communication
device, the components of a cellular telephone or other communication device,
or any other items that would facilitate an escape, a continuing criminal
enterprise as defined in § 5-64-414, or violence within a facility is a Class B felony. Otherwise furnishing a prohibited article is a Class C felony.

(2) However, this section shall not apply to a religious official who supplies sacramental wine labeled as such to an inmate in the Arkansas Department of Correction for the sole purpose of approved religious services, pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the Board of Corrections and Community Punishment.

SECTION 259. Arkansas Code § 5-51-307 is amended to read as follows:


(a) If it shall become necessary for a public highway to be closed to travel for the protection of the public, it shall be lawful for the prosecuting attorney of the county where the highway is sought to be closed to apply to the chancery court or circuit judge for an order closing same, stating in writing the reasons and necessity therefor.

(b) The court shall cause reasonable notice to be given to all interested parties that the application is made, fixing a time and place for hearing.

(c) All parties interested as landowners or users of the highway, or to be affected by the closing, shall be entitled to be made parties to the cause and heard on the application.

(d) If the court shall find from the evidence that it is reasonable, just, and proper that travel on the highway should be restricted or prevented, appropriate orders shall be made by the court to do so, having due regard to the rights of the public and all parties in interest.

(e) Any aggrieved person may appeal from such orders as in other cases in equity any other case.

SECTION 260. Arkansas Code § 5-73-130 is amended to read as follows:

5-73-130. Seizure and forfeiture of firearm - Seizure and forfeiture of motor vehicle - Disposition of property seized.

(a) Whenever a person under eighteen (18) years of age is unlawfully in possession of a firearm, the firearm shall be seized and, after an adjudication of delinquency or a conviction, shall be subject to forfeiture.

(b) Whenever a felon or a person under eighteen (18) years of age is unlawfully in possession of a firearm in a motor vehicle, the motor vehicle
shall be subject to seizure and, after an adjudication of delinquency or a conviction, subject to forfeiture.

(c) As used in this section, the term "unlawfully in possession of a firearm" shall not include any act of possession of a firearm which is prohibited only by:

(1) Section 15-43-214, unlawful to possess firearms while hunting deer or turkey by bow and arrow;
(2) Section 15-43-225, unlawful for guide for persons hunting migratory birds to carry gun;
(3) Section 15-43-317, unlawful to shoot fish with a gun;
(4) Section 5-73-127, unlawful to possess loaded center-fire weapons in certain areas; or
(5) A regulation of the Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission.

(d) The procedures for forfeiture and disposition of the seized property shall be as follows:

(1) The prosecuting attorney of the judicial district within whose jurisdiction the property is seized which is sought to be forfeited shall promptly proceed against the property by filing in the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery court having jurisdiction of such person a petition for an order to show cause why the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery court should not order forfeiture of such property.

(2) The petition shall be verified and shall set forth:

(A) A statement that the action is brought pursuant to this section;
(B) The law enforcement agency bringing the action;
(C) A description of the property sought to be forfeited;
(D) A statement that on or about a date certain there was an adjudication of delinquency or a conviction and a finding that the property seized is subject to forfeiture;
(E) A statement detailing the facts in support of subdivision (d)(1) of this section; and
(F) A list of all persons known to the law enforcement agency, after diligent search and inquiry, who may claim an ownership interest in the property by title or registration or by virtue of a lien allegedly perfected in the manner prescribed by law.

(e)(1) Upon receipt of a petition complying with the requirements of
subdivision (d)(1) of this section, the judge of the circuit court of the
juvenile division of chancery court having jurisdiction shall issue an order
to show cause setting forth a statement that this subchapter is the
controlling law.

(2) In addition, the order shall set a date at least forty-one
(41) days from the date of first publication of the order pursuant to
subsection (f) of this section for all persons claiming an interest in the
property to file such pleadings as they desire as to why the circuit court of
the juvenile division of chancery court should not order the forfeiture of
such property for use, sale, or other disposition by the law enforcement
agency seeking forfeiture of the property.

(3) The circuit court of the juvenile division of chancery court
shall further order that all persons who do not appear on that date are
deemed to have defaulted and waived any claim to the subject property.

(f)(1) The prosecuting attorney shall give notice of the forfeiture
proceedings by:

(A) Causing to be published a copy of the order to show
cause twice two (2) times each week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a
newspaper having general circulation in the county where the property is
located, with the last publication being not less than five (5) days before
the show cause hearing; and

(B) Sending a copy of the petition and order to show cause
by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each person having ownership
of, or a security interest in, the property or in the manner provided in Rule
4 of the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure, if:

(i) The property is of a type for which title or
registration is required by law;

(ii) The owner of the property is known in fact to
the law enforcement agency at the time of seizure; or

(iii) The property is subject to a security interest
perfected in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code, § 4-1-101 et seq.

(2) The law enforcement agency shall be obligated only to make
diligent search and inquiry as to the owner of the property, and if, after
diligent search and inquiry, such agency is unable to ascertain the owner,
the requirement of actual notice by mail with respect to persons having
perfected security interests in the property shall not be applicable.
(g) At the hearing on the matter, the petitioner shall have the burden to establish that the property is subject to forfeiture by a preponderance of the evidence.

(h) In determining whether or not a motor vehicle should be ordered forfeited, the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery court may take into consideration the following factors:

1. Any prior criminal conviction or delinquency adjudication of the felon or juvenile;
2. Whether or not the firearm was used in connection with any other criminal acts;
3. Whether the vehicle was used in connection with any other criminal acts;
4. Whether the juvenile or felon was the lawful owner of the vehicle in question;
5. If the juvenile or felon is not the lawful owner of the vehicle in question, whether or not the lawful owner knew of the unlawful act being committed which gives rise to the forfeiture penalty; and
6. Any other factors the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery court deems relevant.

(i) The final order of forfeiture by the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery court shall perfect in the law enforcement agency right, title, and interest in and to such property and shall relate back to the date of the seizure.

(j) Physical seizure of property shall not be necessary in order to allege in a petition under this section that property is forfeitable.

(k) Upon filing the petition, the prosecuting attorney for the judicial district may also seek such protective orders as are necessary to prevent the transfer, encumbrance, or other disposal of any property named in the petition.

1. The law enforcement agency to which the property is forfeited shall:
   1. Destroy all forfeited firearms;
   2. (A) Sell the motor vehicle in accordance with subsection (m) of this section; or
   (B) If the motor vehicle is not subject to a lien which has been preserved by the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery
court, retain the motor vehicle for official use.

(m)(1) If a law enforcement agency desires to sell a forfeited motor vehicle, the law enforcement agency shall first cause notice of the sale to be made by publication at least twice two (2) times a week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in the county and by sending a copy of the notice of the sale by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each person having ownership of, or a security interest in, the property or in the manner provided in Rule 4 of the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure, if:

(A) The property is of a type for which title or registration is required by law;

(B) The owner of the property is known in fact to the law enforcement agency at the time of seizure; or

(C) The property is subject to a security interest perfected in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code, § 4-1-101 et seq.

(2) The notice of the sale shall include the time, place, and conditions of the sale and a description of the property to be sold.

(3) The property shall then be disposed of at public auction to the highest bidder for cash without appraisal.

(n) The proceeds of any sale and any moneys forfeited shall be applied:

(1) To payment of the balance due on any lien preserved by the circuit court or the juvenile division of chancery court in the forfeiture proceedings;

(2) To payment of the cost incurred by the seizing agency in connection with the storage, maintenance, security, and forfeiture of the property;

(3) To payment of the costs incurred by the prosecuting attorney or attorney for the law enforcement agency, approved by the prosecuting attorney, to which the property is forfeited; and

(4) To payment of costs incurred by the circuit court juvenile division of chancery court.

(o) The remaining proceeds or moneys shall be deposited into a special county fund to be titled the "Juvenile Crime Prevention Fund", and the moneys in that fund shall be used solely for making grants to community-based nonprofit organizations which work with juvenile crime prevention and
rehabilitation.

SECTION 261. Arkansas Code § 7-6-103 is amended to read as follows:
7-6-103. Campaign participation by judges - Penalty.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any judge of the municipal district, or circuit, or chancery courts and any Justice of the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals to participate in the campaign of any candidate for office at any election, other than his or her own.

(b) The word "participation", as used in this section, shall mean the managing of another’s campaign or any solicitation on his or her behalf.

(c) Participation shall be deemed to be misfeasance and malfeasance in office and shall subject the judge to impeachment therefor.

SECTION 262. Arkansas Code § 16-21-108 is amended to read as follows:

(a) The prosecuting attorneys of the several judicial districts in the State of Arkansas shall be designated as local units of government for the express purpose of permitting contracting with the Department of Finance and Administration for the provision of legal services under Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act of 1935, as delegated to the states in 1975.

(b) All collections resulting from such a program shall be placed in a special account for each county, namely a child support enforcement account, and distributed in keeping with the requirements of Public Law 93-647 and rules and regulations promulgated by the Department of Finance and Administration.

(c)(1) In all cases wherein any trial court, which shall, for the purposes of this section, mean circuit or chancery courts when any circuit court, shall levy a fine or forfeiture as a result of an appearance by the prosecutor or his or her deputy, the fine or forfeiture shall be deposited directly with the county treasurer, who shall enter the exact amount in a separate account and deposit the funds into the prosecuting attorney’s fund.

(2) The county treasurer of those counties comprising the Sixth Judicial District shall account for the prosecuting attorney’s fund on a separate ledger sheet and shall provide a monthly statement to the prosecuting attorney of the district, itemizing the total by amount of fines,
fees, forfeitures, and costs assessed for the month.

(d)(1) In each case in which the prosecuting attorney shall make an appearance and the defendant is judged guilty, the court shall assess the defendant costs, which shall be paid directly to the prosecuting attorney’s fund.

(2) The prosecuting attorney shall enforce the provisions of this section by action to compel assessment of costs, where necessary.

(e)(1) The prosecuting attorney of the Sixth Judicial District shall submit a proposed budget to the quorum courts of the counties comprising the Sixth Judicial District for their advice and counsel.

(2) The quorum court shall then make advisory recommendations to both houses of the General Assembly concerning the prosecuting attorney’s proposed budget.

SECTION 263. Arkansas Code § 16-43-210 is amended to read as follows:

16-43-210. Criminal proceedings - Attendance by witness in several criminal cases.

A witness subpoenaed to attend before any circuit court in more than one (1) criminal case at the same time or a justice of the peace at the same time shall be allowed pay, when the costs are paid by the county, in only one (1) case and only for the actual number of days he or she is in attendance, regardless of the number of cases in which he or she is summoned or called upon to testify.

SECTION 264. Arkansas Code § 16-43-801 is amended to read as follows:


Witnesses shall be allowed compensation as follows:

(1) For attendance before any circuit court, arbitration, auditor, commissioner, or other persons in civil cases, five dollars ($5.00) per day; and

(2) For attendance in criminal cases, five dollars ($5.00) per day.

(3) For attendance before a justice of the peace, fifty cents (50¢).

SECTION 265. Arkansas Code § 16-80-103 is amended to read as follows:
16-80-103. Disposition of stolen property.

(a) All property obtained by larceny, theft, robbery, or burglary shall be restored to the owner, and no sale, whether in good faith on the part of the purchaser or not, shall divest the owner of his or her right to the property.

(b) Any person losing property or any valuable thing by larceny, theft, robbery, or burglary may maintain his or her action not only against the felon but against any person whatsoever in whose hands or possession the property or valuable thing may be found.

(c) When property alleged to have been stolen comes into the possession of any sheriff, constable, law enforcement officer, or other person authorized to perform the duties of the officer, he or she shall hold the property subject to the order of the officer authorized pursuant to this section to direct the disposition thereof.

(d) Upon receiving satisfactory evidence of the ownership of the property, the judge or magistrate who shall take the examination of the person accused of stealing the property may order the property to be delivered to the owner, on his or her paying the reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, to be certified by the judge or magistrate, which order shall entitle the owner to demand and receive the property.

(e) If stolen property comes into the hands of a justice of the peace or other judge or magistrate, upon satisfactory proof of the ownership thereof, it shall be delivered to the owner, on the payment of the necessary expenses incurred in the preservation thereof, to be certified by the judge or magistrate.

(f) If the property stolen has not been delivered to the owner thereof, the court before which a conviction shall be had for stealing the property may, on proof of the ownership, order the property to be restored to the owner, on payment of the expenses incurred in the preservation thereof.

(g) If stolen property shall not be claimed by the owner within six (6) months from the time any person may have been convicted for stealing the property, the court judge or magistrate authorized by the preceding provisions to order a restoration may order the property to be sold. The proceeds of the sale, after payment of the expenses of the preservation and sale of the property, shall be paid into the county treasury for the use of
the county.

(h)(1) If the thing stolen is a living animal, or property of a perishable nature, the court judge or magistrate authorized to order a restitution may order a sale thereof, and the proceeds shall be applied in the same manner as otherwise directed in this section with respect to stolen property.

(2) In all cases of sale as specified in subdivision (h)(1) of this section a particular description of the property shall be made out in writing and filed with the court judge or magistrate making the order of sale, so that the owner may be enabled to identify the property if he or she shall claim the proceeds within the time allowed for making his or her claim.

SECTION 266. Arkansas Code §§ 16-81-103 and 16-81-104 are amended to read as follows:

16-81-103. Power of judge or magistrate to summon, examine, and issue warrant for arrest.

When a judge or magistrate is satisfied that a felony has been committed, he or she shall have power to summon before him or her any persons he or she may think proper and examine them on oath concerning it to enable him or her to ascertain the offender and to issue a warrant for his or her arrest.

16-81-104. Warrant of arrest generally.

(a)(1) A warrant of arrest may be issued by the following officers, who are called magistrates in this code: Judges of city or police courts, mayors, and justices of the peace any circuit, district, or city judge or magistrate. A warrant of arrest may be executed by the following officers, who are called peace officers in this code: Sheriffs, constables, coroners, jailers, marshals, and police officers any law enforcement officer.

(2) It shall be the duty of a judge or magistrate to issue a warrant for the arrest of a person charged with the commission of a public offense when, from his or her personal knowledge or from information given him or her on oath, he or she shall be satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for believing the charge.

(3) The prosecuting attorney of every district in this state shall have authority, whenever he or she believes any person has committed a
crime in any county in the district for which he or she is elected, to file before any justice of the peace circuit, district, or city judge or magistrate within the county in which he or she believes the crime has been committed a written information, under oath, charging the person in due form of law with the commission of the crime, whereupon the justice shall issue his or her warrant for the arrest of the offender and have him or her brought before him or her to be dealt with according to law.

(b) A warrant of arrest shall, in general terms, name or describe the offense charged to have been committed and the county in which it was committed. The warrant shall command the officer to whom it is directed to arrest the person named therein as the offender and bring him or her before some judge or magistrate of the county in which the offense was committed, to be dealt with according to law. It may be substantially in the following form, varying the terms to suit the case:

"The State of Arkansas.

To any Sheriff, Constable, Coroner, Jailer, Marshal, or Policeman, law enforcement officer of the State of Arkansas:

It appearing that there are reasonable grounds for believing that A. B. has committed the offense of larceny in the County of Pulaski, you are therefore commanded, forthwith, to arrest A. B., and bring him before some judge or magistrate of Pulaski County, to be dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand the _____ day of __________, 1920.

C.D.

Justice of the Peace for Pulaski County Judge or Magistrate,

Summon as witnesses E. F. and J. K."

SECTION 267. Arkansas Code § 16-81-106 is amended to read as follows:

(a) An arrest may be made by a certified law enforcement officer or by a private person.

(b) A certified law enforcement officer may make an arrest:
(1) In obedience to a warrant of arrest delivered to him or her; and

(2)(A) Without a warrant, where a public offense is committed in his or her presence, or where he or she has reasonable grounds for believing that the person arrested has committed a felony.

(B) In addition to any other warrantless arrest authority granted by law or court rule, a certified law enforcement officer may arrest a person for a misdemeanor without a warrant if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed battery upon another person and the officer finds evidence of bodily harm, and the officer reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested without delay.

(c)(1) A certified law enforcement officer who is outside his or her jurisdiction may arrest, without warrant, a person who commits an offense within the officer's presence or view, if the offense is a felony or a misdemeanor.

(2)(A) A certified law enforcement officer making an arrest under subdivision (c)(1) of this section shall, as soon as practicable after making the arrest, notify the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction where the arrest was made.

(B) The law enforcement agency shall then take custody of the person committing the offense and take the person before a judge or magistrate.

(3) Statewide arrest powers for certified law enforcement officers will only be in effect when the officer is working outside his or her jurisdiction at the request of or with the permission of the municipal or county law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in the locale where the officer is assisting or working by request.

(4) Any law enforcement agency exercising statewide arrest powers under this section must have a written policy on file regulating the actions of its employees relevant to law enforcement activities outside its jurisdiction.

(d) A private person may make an arrest where he or she has reasonable grounds for believing that the person arrested has committed a felony.

(e) A magistrate, or any judge, may orally order a certified law enforcement officer or private person to arrest anyone committing a public
offense in the magistrate's or judge's presence, which order shall authorize the arrest.

(f) For purposes of this section, the term "certified law enforcement officer" includes full-time wildlife officers of the Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission so long as they shall not exercise their authority to the extent that any federal funds would be jeopardized.

(g) The following persons employed as full-time law enforcement officers by the federal, state, county, or municipal government, who are empowered to effect an arrest with or without warrant for violations of the United States Code and who are authorized to carry firearms in the performance of their duties, shall be empowered to act as officers for the arrest of offenders against the laws of this state and shall enjoy the same immunity, if any, to the same extent and under the same circumstances as certified state law enforcement officers:

1. Federal Bureau of Investigation special agents;
2. United States Secret Service special agents;
3. Immigration and Naturalization Service special agents, investigators, and patrol officers;
4. United States Marshals Service deputies;
5. Drug Enforcement Administration special agents;
6. United States postal inspectors;
7. United States Customs Service special agents, inspectors, and patrol officers;
8. United States General Services Administration special agents;
9. United States Department of Agriculture special agents;
10. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms special agents;
11. Internal Revenue Service special agents and inspectors;
13. Members of federal, state, county, municipal, and prosecuting attorneys' drug task forces; and

(h) Pursuant to Article 1.124 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure,
any certified law enforcement officer of the State of Arkansas or law
enforcement officer as is specified in subsection (g) of this section shall
be authorized to act as a law enforcement officer in the State of Texas with
the same power, duties, and immunities of a peace officer of the State of
Texas who is acting in the discharge of an official duty:

(1) During a time in which:

(A)(i) The law enforcement officer from the State of
Arkansas is transporting an inmate or criminal defendant from a county in
Arkansas that is on the border of Texas to a hospital or other medical
facility in a county in Texas that is on the border between the two (2)
states.

(ii) Transportation to such a facility shall be for
purposes including, but not limited to, evidentiary testing of said inmate or
defendant as is authorized pursuant to laws of the State of Arkansas, or for
medical treatment; or

(B) The law enforcement officer from the State of Arkansas
is returning the inmate or defendant from the hospital or facility in Texas
to an adjoining county in Arkansas; and

(2) To the extent necessary to:

(A) Maintain custody of the inmate or defendant while
transporting the inmate or defendant; or

(B) Retain custody of the inmate or defendant if the
inmate or defendant escapes while being transported.

SECTION 268. Arkansas Code §§ 16-81-109 and 16-81-110 are amended to
read as follows:


(a)(1) When any sheriff or other law enforcement officer makes an
arrest, he or she is authorized to take and approve bail in the manner
provided by law wherever he makes the arrest.

(2) If the offense charged is a misdemeanor, the person arrested
may immediately give bail for appearing, on a day to be named in the bail
bond, before the judge or magistrate who issued the warrant or before the
court having jurisdiction to try the offense. The sheriff or other officer
making the arrest may be authorized by the justice judge or magistrate
issuing the warrant to take the bail by an endorsement made on the warrant to
that effect.

(b)(1) If the defendant gives bail for his or her appearance before
the judge or magistrate for an examination of the charge, as provided in
subsection (a) of this section, the sheriff or officer taking the bail shall
fix the day of the defendant’s appearance, which shall not exceed five (5)
days from the day of arrest, unless the arrest is made in a different county
from that in which the offense was committed, in which case there may be one
(1) day added for every twenty (20) miles of distance from the place of
arrest to the county in which the offense is charged to have been committed
appearance.

(2) A deviation from the provisions of subdivision (b)(1) of
this section shall not, however, render the bail bond invalid.

16-81-110. Return on the warrant.

(a)(1) The sheriff or officer who has executed a warrant of arrest
shall make a written return on the warrant of the time and manner of
executing it and deliver the warrant to the judge or
magistrate before whom
the defendant is brought.

(2) If bail is given, as provided in § 16-81-109(a)(2), the
officer shall deliver the warrant and bail bond to the judge or
magistrate
before whom, or to the clerk of the court in which, the defendant is bound by
the bail bond to appear.

(b) If the arrest is made in a different county from that in which the
offense is charged to have been committed, and bail is given, the sheriff or
officer may transmit the warrant and bail bond by mail to the person to whom,
by subsection (a) of this section, he or she is required to deliver them.

SECTION 269. Arkansas Code § 16-81-302 is amended to read as follows:

16-81-302. Disposition of prisoner.

If such an arrest is made in obedience to a warrant, the disposition of
the prisoner shall be as in other cases of arrest under a warrant; if the
arrest is without a warrant, the prisoner shall without unnecessary delay be
taken before a municipal court or a justice of the peace or other judge or
magistrate of the county wherein such an arrest was made, and such court
shall admit each person to bail, if the offense is bailable, by taking
security by way of recognizance for the appearance of the prisoner before the
court having jurisdiction of such criminal offense.

SECTION 270. Arkansas Code § 16-84-102 is amended to read as follows:

16-84-102. Persons authorized to take bail.

(a) The following may take bail:

(1) A competent court, judge, magistrate, or clerk of the court, or magistrate court;

(2) A sheriff or deputy sheriff with respect to any person committed to the common jail of the county;

(3) Any police law enforcement officer designated by a municipal police department with respect to any person committed to a municipal jail; and

(4) A law enforcement officer making an arrest as authorized under § 16-81-109.

(b) A constable shall not take bail.

SECTION 271. Arkansas Code §§ 16-84-109 and 16-84-110 are amended to read as follows:

16-84-109. Irregularity of bail bond or recognizance.

(a) No bail bond or recognizance shall be deemed to be invalid by reason of any variance between its stipulations and the provisions of this chapter, or of the failure of the judge or magistrate or officer to transmit or deliver the bail bond or recognizance at the times provided in this subchapter, or of any other irregularity, so that it is made to appear that the defendant was legally in custody, charged with the public offense, and that he or she was discharged therefrom by reason of the giving of the bond or recognizance, and that it can be ascertained from the bond or recognizance that the surety undertook that the defendant should appear before a judge or magistrate for the trial thereof.

(b)(1) If no day is fixed for the appearance, or an impossible day, or a day in vacation, the bond or recognizance, if for his or her appearance before a judge or magistrate, shall be considered as binding the defendant so to appear and surrender himself or herself into custody for an examination of the charge in twenty (20) days from the time of his or her giving the bond or recognizance.

(2) The bond or recognizance, if for his or her appearance for
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trial in court, shall be considered as binding the defendant to appear and surrender himself or herself into custody on the first day of the next term of the court which shall commence more than ten (10) days after the giving of the bond or recognizance.

16-84-110. Bail before conviction.

Before conviction, the defendant may be admitted to bail:

(1) For his or her appearance before a judge or magistrate for an examination of the charge, where the offense charged is a misdemeanor;

(2) For his or her appearance in the court to which he or she is sent for trial;

(3) For his or her appearance to answer an indictment which has been found against him or her; or

(4) For his or her appearance in a penal criminal action.

SECTION 272. Arkansas Code § 16-84-113 is amended to read as follows:


(a) If the defendant is committed to jail, and the application for bail is made to a magistrate, or judge of the circuit court judge or magistrate during vacation, it must be by written petition, signed by the defendant or his or her counsel, briefly stating the offense for which he or she is committed and naming the persons offered as surety.

(b) In all other cases, the application may be made orally to the court judge or magistrate.

SECTION 273. Arkansas Code § 16-85-512 is amended to read as follows:

16-85-512. Persons permitted to be present.

No persons except the prosecuting attorney, court reporter, and the witnesses under examination are permitted to be present while the grand jury is examining a charge, and no person whatever shall be present while the grand jury is deliberating or voting on a charge.

SECTION 274. Arkansas Code § 16-85-701 is amended to read as follows:

16-85-701. Definition.

As used in this code, unless the context otherwise requires, an "arraignment" is the reading of the indictment by the clerk to the defendant
and asking him or her if he or she pleads guilty or not guilty to the indictment.

SECTION 275. Arkansas Code § 16-85-713 is amended to read as follows:
16-85-713. Leave of court to enter nolle prosequi.
No prosecuting attorney shall enter a nolle prosequi on any indictment or in any other way discontinue or abandon the indictment without the leave of the court in which the indictment is pending and without being first entered on the minutes docket.

SECTION 276. Arkansas Code § 16-91-101 is amended to read as follows:
16-91-101. Right generally.
(a) Any person convicted of a misdemeanor or a felony by virtue of a trial in any circuit court of this state has the right of appeal to the Supreme Court of Arkansas.
(b) An appeal may be taken jointly by codefendants or by just one (1) defendant although he or she may have been jointly charged and convicted with another defendant. One (1) appeal may be taken where a defendant has been found guilty of one (1) or more charges contained in any one (1) felony information or indictment.
(c) There shall be no appeal from a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.

SECTION 277. Arkansas Code § 16-93-210 is amended to read as follows:
(a)(1) Beginning July 31, 2003, and on July 31 of each year thereafter, the Post Prison Transfer Board shall submit an annual report to the Legislative Council and the Commission on Disparity in Sentencing showing the number of persons who make application for parole and those who are granted or denied parole during the fiscal year for each criminal offense classification.
(2) The report shall include a breakdown by race of all persons sentenced in each criminal offense classification.
(b) The board shall cooperate with and upon request make presentations and provide various reports, to the extent the board’s budget will allow, to the Legislative Council and the Commission on Disparity in Sentencing concerning board policy and criteria on discretionary offender programs and
services.

SECTION 278. Arkansas Code § 16-93-304 is amended to read as follows:


(a) All municipal district court judges and circuit court judges shall immediately report to the Arkansas Crime Information Center, in the form prescribed by the Arkansas Crime Information Center, all probations of criminal defendants under §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303.

(b) Prior to granting probation to a criminal defendant under §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303, the court shall query the Arkansas Crime Information Center to determine whether the criminal defendant has previously been granted probation under the provisions of §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303.

(c) If the Arkansas Crime Information Center determines that an individual has utilized §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303 more than once, the center shall notify the last sentencing judge of that fact.

SECTION 279. Arkansas Code § 16-96-104 is amended to read as follows:

16-96-104. Pleadings and indictments.

(a) No written information or pleadings are required in prosecutions in which an indictment is not required.

(b) No indictment shall be necessary in prosecutions for violations of the bylaws or ordinances of a city or town, nor in other prosecutions in police or city courts.

SECTION 280. Arkansas Code § 16-96-503 is amended to read as follows:

16-96-503. Jurisdiction.

The court shall have appellate jurisdiction over the judgments of justices' courts, and of police and city courts, in their respective counties, without regard to the amount in controversy.

SECTION 281. Arkansas Code § 16-96-508 is amended to read as follows:


If the appellant shall fail to appear in the circuit court when the case is set for trial, or if, in the event that the justice or other judge or magistrate who tried the case shall fail to file the transcript and papers as provided in this subchapter, and the appellant shall fail to appear and move
the court for an order to compel the justice judge or magistrate to so file within the first three (3) days of the first term of the circuit court beginning more than ten (10) days after the appeal was prayed, then the circuit court may, unless good cause is shown to the contrary, affirm the judgment of the justice, police, or city court and enter judgment against the appellant for the same fine or penalty that was imposed in the inferior court of limited jurisdiction, with costs. This judgment shall have the same force and effect as other judgments of the circuit court in cases of convictions or indictments for misdemeanors.

SECTION 282. Arkansas Code § 16-112-109 is amended to read as follows:

16-112-109. Information relating to commitment.

(a) When the party for whose relief a writ of habeas corpus has been issued shall stand committed for any criminal or supposed criminal matter, it shall be the duty of the officer or person upon whom the writ is served to bring with the writ all and every examination and information in his or her hands, possession, custody, or charge, relating to the commitment.

(b) If no examination shall accompany the commitment, nor be in the possession of the officer having the prisoner in custody, the officer shall exhibit the habeas corpus, when served on him or her, to the judge or magistrate by whom the prisoner was committed, or the clerk of the court, if the papers are in his or her office. It shall be the duty of the judge, magistrate or clerk to deliver to the officer having the custody of the prisoner the examinations and proofs relating to the offense charged, to be returned by the officer with the writ.

(c) If no examination has been filed with the commitment or in the office of the clerk and none is produced by the committing judge or magistrate upon the exhibition of the writ of habeas corpus to him or her, as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the judge or magistrate shall appear in person at the time and place to which the writ is returnable and, if he or she fails to do so, may be proceeded against by attachment.

SECTION 283. Arkansas Code § 16-84-203 is amended to read as follows:

16-84-203. Certain absences excused.

(a) No forfeiture of any appearance or bail bond shall be rendered in any case where a sworn statement of a licensed court-appointed physician is
furnished the court showing that the principal in the bond is prevented from attending by some physical or mental disability, or where a sworn affidavit of the jailer, warden, or other responsible officer of a jail or penitentiary correctional facility in which the principal is being detained shall be furnished the court, or a sworn affidavit of any officer in charge is furnished the court showing that the principal in the bond is prevented from attending due to the fact that he or she is being detained by a force claiming to act under the authority of the federal government which neither the state nor the surety could control.

(b) The appearance or bail bond shall remain in full force and effect until the principal is physically or mentally able to appear or until a detainer against the principal is filed with the detaining authority.

SECTION 284. Arkansas Code § 16-91-111 is amended to read as follows:

16-91-111. Appeal after confinement.

(a) If a judgment of confinement in the penitentiary Department of Correction has been executed before the certificate of appeal was delivered to the sheriff whose duty it was to execute the judgment, the defendant shall remain in the penitentiary Department of Correction during the pendency of the appeal, unless discharged by the expiration of his term of confinement or by pardon.

(b) Upon a reversal, if a new trial is ordered, the defendant shall be removed from the penitentiary Department of Correction to the county jail from which he was brought by the sheriff of the county.

SECTION 285. Arkansas Code § 16-91-116 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Upon a mandate of reversal ordering a new trial being filed in the clerk's office of the circuit court in which the judgment of confinement in the penitentiary Department of Correction was rendered and executed, the clerk shall deliver to the sheriff a copy of the mandate and precept, authorizing and commanding him the sheriff to bring the defendant from the penitentiary Department of Correction to the county jail, which shall be obeyed by the sheriff and keeper of the penitentiary Department of Correction.

(b) If the defendant, upon the new trial, is again convicted, the
period of his or her former confinement in the Department of Correction shall be deducted by the court from the period of confinement fixed in the last verdict of conviction.

SECTION 286. Arkansas Code § 16-93-101 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this act, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Probation" means a procedure under which a defendant, found guilty upon verdict or plea, is released by the court without imprisonment, subject to conditions imposed by the court and subject to the supervision of the Board of Pardons and Paroles, but only if the supervision is requested in writing by the court; and

(2) "Parole" means the release of the prisoner into the community by the Board of Pardons and Paroles Post Prison Transfer Board prior to the expiration of his or her term, subject to conditions imposed by the board and to its supervision the supervision of the Department of Community Correction. When a court or other authority has filed a warrant against the prisoner, the board may release him or her on parole to answer the warrant of the court or authority.

SECTION 287. Arkansas Code §§ 16-93-1201 – 16-93-1206 are amended to read as follows:
16-93-1201. Findings and determinations.

(a) The State of Arkansas hereby finds that the cost of incarcerating the ever-increasing numbers of offenders in traditional penitentiaries is skyrocketing, bringing added fiscal pressures on state government, and that some inmates can be effectively punished, with little risk to the public, in a more affordable manner through the use of community punishment correction programs and nontraditional facilities.

(b) As a result of the rising cost of traditional incarceration, the state finds that the purpose of corrections in Arkansas is twofold:

(1) "Institutions", defined as traditional prison beds, are charged with the appropriate incapacitation of high risk offenders.

(2) "Incapacitation" involves traditional aspects of incarceration coupled with highly supervised community punishment when appropriate.
(B)(C) "High risk" is defined as those convicted of the most serious offenses, those who have longer criminal histories, and those who have repeatedly failed to comply with conditions imposed under less restrictive sanctions.

(2) "Community correction", defined as both nontraditional punishment correction centers and nonresidential community punishments correction, including supervision on probation, parole, and transfer, is charged with the provision of punishment correction focused on promoting offender accountability and the supervision of offenders at appropriate levels to promote public safety.

(c) Furthermore, the state determines that services designed to address offender needs must be integrated into the framework of both institutions and community punishment correction programs and must be balanced with supervision and punishment correction such that the community is repaid for the offense, public safety is promoted through supervision, and the offender is assisted in becoming a law-abiding member of society.

16-93-1202. Definitions.

(a) "Board" means the Board of Corrections.

(b) "Community punishment correction" means:

(1) Probation, a judicially imposed criminal sanction permitting varying levels of supervision of eligible offenders in the community;

(2) Economic sanctions programs, including an active organized collection of fees, fines, restitution, day fines, day reporting centers, and penalties attached for nonpayment of fines;

(3) Home detention programs, ranging from curfew programs to house arrest with and without electronic monitoring;

(4) Community service programs, including both supervised and unsupervised work assignments and projects such that offenders provide substantial labor benefit to the community;

(5) Work-release programs, including residential and nonresidential forms of labor, with salary, in the community;

(6) Restitution programs, an organized collection and dissemination of restitution by a designated entity within the community punishment range of services, including, when necessary, the use of restitution centers such that the offender is held accountable and the victim
receives restitution ordered by the court in a timely fashion;

(7) (A) Regional punishment Community correction facilities, multipurpose facilities encompassing security, punishment, and services such that offenders can be housed therein when necessary but can also be assigned to or access punishment correction programs and services which are housed there.

(B) Included therein are revocation centers, restitution centers, work-release centers, and community punishment correction centers;

(8) Boot camps, highly regimented programs encompassing strict discipline, education, treatment, and counseling designed to have the greatest positive impact on the offender in the shortest period of time;

(9) Drug and alcohol treatment services, including both inpatient and outpatient drug and alcohol abuse treatment and counseling provided by qualified community punishment correction service provider programs for correctional clients;

(10) Educational programs, including programs focused on the acquisition of basic learning skills, general educational developmental preparation, literacy training, and other applicable areas of education that are of value to correctional clients;

(11) Vocational programs, focused on the learning of a marketable skill by correctional clients utilizing qualified vocational and technical community punishment correction service provider programs whenever possible;

(12) Job skills programs, focused on the acquisition of basic job skills, especially those related to how to get a job and how to keep a job;

(13) Mental health treatment services, including both inpatient and outpatient mental health, family, and psychological counseling and treatment provided by qualified community punishment correction service provider programs for correctional clients;

(14) Parole, an administrative condition permitting state supervision of eligible offenders sentenced to state correctional facilities and released there from to community punishment correction programs or supervision;

(15) Post prison supervision, an administrative condition permitting state supervision of offenders sentenced to state correctional
facilities and transferred there from to community punishment correction programs or community supervision; and

(16) Pretrial programs including the supervision/monitoring of certain defendants while awaiting sentencing or disposition by a court.

(c) "Community punishment correction service provider program" means a public or private organization which provides treatment, guidance, training, support, or other rehabilitative services to individual offenders, offender groups, and their families in such areas as health, education, vocational training, special education, social services, psychological counseling, alcohol and drug treatment, and other applicable correctional concerns.

(d) "Department of Community Correction" means the administrative structure in place to oversee the development and operation of community punishment correction facilities, programs, and services, including probation and parole supervision.

(e) "Department of Correction" means the administrative structure in place to oversee the daily operation of secure prison facilities.

(f) "Eligibility" or "eligible offender" means any person convicted of a felony who is by law eligible for such sentence and who falls within the population targeted by the General Assembly for inclusion in community punishment facilities or who is otherwise under the supervision of the Department of Community Correction.

(g) "Incarceration" means commitment to the Department of Correction.

(h) "Supervision" means direct supervision at varying levels of intensity by either probation officers, in the case of sentences to probation with a condition of community punishment correction, or parole and post prison supervision officers, in the case of offenders eligible for release on parole or offenders transferred to community punishment correction or community supervision from the Department of Correction.

(i) "Suspended imposition of sentence" means a procedure whereby a defendant who pleads or is found guilty of an offense is released by the court without pronouncement of sentence and without supervision.

(j)(1)(A) "Target group" means a group of offenders and offenses determined to be, but not limited to, theft, theft by receiving, hot checks, residential burglary, commercial burglary, failure to appear, fraudulent use of credit cards, criminal mischief, breaking or entering, drug paraphernalia, driving while intoxicated, fourth or subsequent offense, all other Class C or
Class D felonies which are not either violent or sexual and which meet the eligibility criteria determined by the General Assembly to have significant impact on the use of correctional resources, Class A and Class B controlled substance felonies, and all other unclassified felonies for which the prescribed limitations on a sentence do not exceed the prescribed limitations for a Class C felony and which are not either violent or sexual.

(B) Offenders committing solicitation, attempt, or conspiracy of the substantive offenses listed above are also included in the group.

(C) For the purposes of this subsection, "violent or sexual" includes:

(i) All offenses against the person codified in chapters 10-14 of Title 5 of this Code; and

(ii) Any offense containing as an element of the offense the following:

(a) The use of physical force;

(b) The use or threatened use of serious physical force;

(c) The infliction of physical harm; or

(d) The creation of a substantial risk of serious physical harm.

(2) Offenders and offenses falling within the target group population may access community punishment correction facilities pursuant to § 16-93-1206 or § 16-93-1208.

(k) "Transfer" means an administrative condition permitting transfer of eligible offenders sentenced to traditional state correctional facilities to community punishment correction facilities, programming, and community supervision, provided that only target offenders are eligible for the facilities.

(l)(1) "Transfer date" means the earliest date on which an offender is eligible for transfer from the Department of Correction to the Department of Community Correction.

(2) Such date may be extended based on disciplinary behavior while under the custody of the Department of Correction.

(m) "Trial court" means any court of this state having jurisdiction of an eligible offender and the power to sentence the eligible offender to the
included options.

16-93-1203. Board of Corrections - Powers and duties.

The Board of Corrections shall have the following duties and responsibilities with regard to community punishment correction programming:

(1) Establish community punishment correction programs to which eligible offenders may be assigned as a condition of probation, sentenced to by the trial court pursuant to this subchapter, paroled to upon release from incarceration, or transferred to after incarceration in the Department of Correction;

(2) Notify the trial courts of the state having criminal jurisdiction of the availability of certified and approved community punishment correction programs;

(3) Establish standards for the monitoring, auditing, and certification of community punishment correction programs;

(4) Establish rules and regulations relating to the operation of community punishment correction programs and the supervision of eligible offenders participating therein;

(5) Promote cooperation among the courts and various law enforcement and correctional agencies of this state in the implementation of community punishment correction programs;

(6) Direct the departments and other entities involved in the implementation of community punishment correction options in a manner that will promote the safety and welfare of the people of this state;

(7) Establish rules, regulations, and procedures which shall be required or deemed appropriate for the implementation and ongoing operation of community punishment correction; and

(8) Establish minimum standards of eligibility and certification processes for all community punishment correction programs eligible to receive offenders under this subchapter.


(a) The Board of Corrections shall implement a correctional plan, to be developed in conjunction with the Arkansas Sentencing Commission, which ensures the efficient use of prison beds, which are becoming scarce resources, through the development and expansion of community punishment
correction options which will provide supervision, punishment correction, and services to a primary target group of nonviolent offenders who would otherwise have been eligible for and likely to be sentenced to traditional incarceration.

(b) The community punishment correction target group shall consist of those offenders who are involved in less serious criminal activity and/or are nonviolent by nature and crime, or both, even though the offender and offense may be repetitive, those who are technical violators of community supervision, and offenders returning to the community from incarceration who are in need of enhanced supervision options due to the nature of their criminal conviction.

16-93-1205. Operation and supervision of community punishment correction programs.

(a) The board shall promulgate policies, rules, and regulations relating to the operation of community punishment correction facilities and programs, the supervision of eligible offenders participating therein, and the termination of that participation, including, but not limited to:

(1) The terms, conditions, and qualifications of program eligibility;

(2) The time to be spent in specific punishment correction and treatment programs designated as community punishment correction;

(3) Receipt of compensation in the form of fees or other available sources from the eligible offender while participating in a community punishment correction program;

(4) Allocation of compensation received by an eligible offender while participating in a community punishment correction program, including designation to the Department of Community Correction of a percentage of any compensation received for the purpose of defraying the costs to the Department of Community Correction of establishing and operating community punishment correction programs and the costs of the offender’s custody and care;

(5) Receipt of compensation from public entities who benefit from the labor of offenders involved in community punishment correction work programs; and

(6) Collection of economic sanctions imposed by the court,
including, but not limited to, restitution, fines, fees, or other monetary penalties attached to an offender's sentence.

(b) The Department of Community Correction shall supervise all eligible offenders participating in any community punishment correction program with the goal of promoting the safety and welfare of the people of the state.


(a)(1) The trial court may require that either a presentence investigation be conducted by either the probation officer or presentence investigation officer assigned to the court or may require that the defense counsel of the person, the prosecuting authority, the probation officer, and other persons whom the trial court believes have knowledge or information relevant to the sentencing of the convicted person submit to the trial court such information in writing for the sentencing phase of the trial.

(2) Either the presentence investigation or information gathered by the above-mentioned parties shall be forwarded, with the commitment, to be retained in the offender’s file.

(b) Upon determination by the court that the offender is an eligible offender and that placement in a community punishment correction program is proper, the court may utilize the following methods of placement:

(1)(A) Suspend the imposition of the sentence or place the offender on probation, pursuant to §§ 5-4-104 - 5-4-311.

(A)(B) This sentence may be accompanied by assignment to a community punishment correction program for a designated period of time commensurate with the goals of the program assignment and the rules and regulations established by the board for the operation of community punishment correction programs.

(B)(C) The trial court shall maintain jurisdiction over the eligible offender sentenced in this manner with supervision outside the confines of the specific programming provided by probation officers assigned to the court;

(2)(A) In the event a person sentenced under subdivision (b)(1) of this section violates any terms or conditions of his or her sentence or term of probation, revocation of the sentence or term of probation shall be consistent with the procedures established by law for the revocation of
suspended imposition of sentence or probation.

(B) Upon revocation, the court of jurisdiction shall determine whether the offender shall remain under the jurisdiction of the court and be assigned to a more restrictive community punishment correction program, facility, or institution for a period of time or whether the offender shall be committed to the Department of Community Correction.

(C) If committed to the Department of Correction, the court shall specify if the commitment is for judicial transfer of the offender to the Department of Community Correction or is a regular commitment; and

(3)(A) Commit the eligible offender to the custody of the Department of Correction pursuant to this subchapter for judicial transfer to the Department of Community Correction subject to the following:

(i) That the sentence imposed provides that the offender shall serve no more than two (2) years of confinement, with credit for meritorious good time, with initial placement in a Department of Community Correction facility; and

(ii) That the initial placement in the Department of Community Correction is conditioned upon the offender’s continuing eligibility for Department of Community Correction placement and the offender’s compliance with all applicable rules and regulations established by the Board of Corrections for community punishment correction programs.

(B) Post prison supervision shall accompany and follow programming when appropriate.

(c) No offender may be excluded from placement in a community punishment correction program based solely on the offender’s inability to speak, read, write, or hear, or to understand English.

SECTION 288. Arkansas Code §§ 16-93-1208 and 16-93-1209 are amended to read as follows:

16-93-1208. Post commitment transfer.

(a)(1)(A) Upon commitment of an eligible offender to the Department of Correction, the department will transfer the eligible offender to a community punishment correction program, when he or she reaches his or her transfer date, in accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the Board of Corrections and conditions set by the Post Prison Transfer Board.
(B) Legal custody of inmates transferred to the Department of Community Correction shall remain with the Department of Correction unless altered by court order.

(2)(A) When a sentence is given which is outside the presumptive range set in the sentencing standards and which is not accompanied by written reasons for the departure, an offender may be transferred to community punishment correction or considered for any discretionary release applicable under the law as if he or she had received the presumptive sentence, and the transfer or releasing authority may review, grant, or deny transfer or release based on any eligibility established by the presumptive sentence term.

(B) This provision shall apply only to a conviction for the most serious offense in a particular case.

(C) In the event that such a conviction is vacated, any concurrent conviction in the same case need not have a written departure.

(3) Persons eligible for release from incarceration on parole may be placed in community punishment correction programming while under parole supervision upon the recommendation of such condition by the releasing authority.

(b)(1) The Board of Corrections and the Department of Correction are authorized to release medical and psychological data in their possession to a community punishment correction service provider concerning an eligible offender transferred to such community punishment correction program.

(2) The community punishment correction service provider shall use any medical or psychological data received from the Department of Correction and the board in compliance with rules concerning the use of such data as adopted by the board.

16-93-1209. Liability.

The Department of Correction, the Board of Corrections, the Department of Community Correction, the Post Prison Transfer Board, and all governmental agencies and units utilizing eligible offenders in community punishment correction programs as defined herein shall be immune from liability and suit for damages, and no tort action shall lie against the Department of Correction, the Board of Corrections, the Department of Community Correction, the Post Prison Transfer Board, and any governmental agency or unit or any
employee thereof because of any acts of eligible offenders utilized under the
provisions of this subchapter.

SECTION 289. Arkansas Code § 16-93-1302 is amended to read as follows:
16-93-1302. Transfer procedures.
(a)(1)(A) Inmates under sentence for all felonies except those listed
in subsection (b) of this section will be transferred from the Department of
Correction to the Department of Community Correction subject to rules and
regulations promulgated by the Board of Corrections and conditions set by the
Post Prison Transfer Board.

(B) This review may be conducted without a hearing when
the inmate has not received a major disciplinary report against him or her
which resulted in the loss of good time, there has not been a request by a
victim to have input on transfer conditions, and there is no indication in
the risk/needs assessment review that special conditions need to be placed on
the inmate.

(2)(A) When one (1) or more of the circumstances in subdivision
(a)(1) of this section are present, the Post Prison Transfer Board shall
conduct a hearing to determine the appropriateness of the inmate for
transfer.

(B) The Post Prison Transfer Board has two (2) options:
(i) To transfer the individual to the Department of
Community Correction accompanied by conditions of such transfer including,
but not limited to, supervision levels, programming requirements, and
facility placement when appropriate; or
(ii) To deny transfer based on a set of established
criteria and to accompany such denial with a course of action to be
undertaken by the inmate to rectify the Post Prison Transfer Board concerns.

(C) Upon completion of the course of action determined by
the Post Prison Transfer Board, after final review of the inmate’s file to
ensure successful completion, the Post Prison Transfer Board shall authorize
the inmate’s transfer to the Department of Community Correction in accordance
with administrative policies and procedures governing such transfer and
subject to conditions attached to such transfer.

(3) Should an inmate fail to fulfill the course of action
outlined by the Post Prison Transfer Board to facilitate transfer to
community punishment correction, it shall be the responsibility of such inmate to petition the Post Prison Transfer Board for rehearing.

(b)(1) Inmates under sentence for the following Class Y felonies shall be eligible for discretionary transfer to the Department of Community Correction by the Post Prison Transfer Board after having served the time required as set by the Arkansas Sentencing Commission with credit for meritorious good time:

(A) Murder in the first degree;
(B) Kidnapping;
(C) Rape;
(D) Aggravated robbery;
(E) Causing a catastrophe;
(F) Engaging in a continuing criminal enterprise; and
(G) The manufacture or delivery of a schedule I or II controlled substance which by aggregate weight including adulterants or diluents is greater than twenty-eight (28) grams.

(2)(A) Review of inmates convicted of the enumerated offenses in subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall be based upon policies and procedures adopted by the Post Prison Transfer Board for such review.

(B) Such policies and procedures shall include provision for notification of victims, that a hearing shall be held and records kept of such proceedings and that there be a listing of the criteria upon which a denial may be based.

(3) All transfers of offenders specified in this subsection shall be issued upon order, duly adopted, of the Post Prison Transfer Board in accord with such policies and procedures.

(c)(1) The course of action required by the Post Prison Transfer Board shall not be outside the current resources of the Department of Correction nor the conditions set be outside the current resources of the Department of Community Correction.

(2) However, the departments shall strive to accommodate the actions required by the board to the best of their ability.

(d) Transfer is not an award of clemency and it shall not be considered as a reduction of sentence or a pardon.

(e) Every inmate while on transfer status shall remain in the legal custody of the Department of Correction, under the supervision of the
Department of Community Correction, and subject to the orders of the Post
Prison Transfer Board.

(f) Inmates who are sentenced under the provisions of § 5-4-501(c) or
(d) for serious violent felonies or felonies involving violence may be
considered eligible for parole or for community correction
transfer upon reaching regular parole or transfer eligibility, but only after
reaching a minimum age of fifty-five (55) years.

SECTION 290. Arkansas Code § 5-4-701 is amended to read as follows:
5-4-701. Definitions.
For purposes of this subchapter:
(1) "Child" means a person under sixteen (16) years of age; and
(2) "In the presence of a child" means in the physical presence
of a child or knowing or having reason to know that a child is present and
may see or hear an act of assault, battery, domestic battering, or
assault on a family member or household member.

SECTION 291. Arkansas Code § 5-25-101 is amended to read as follows:
As used in this subtitle, unless the context otherwise requires:
(1) "Adult" means any person eighteen (18) years of age or
older;
(2) "Minor" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age;
(3) "Incompetent" means any person unable to care for himself
because of physical or mental disease or defect. The status embraced by this
definition may or may not exist regardless of any adjudication concerning
incompetency;
(4) "Sexual intercourse" means penetration, however slight, of a
vagina the labia majora by a penis;
(5) "Deviate sexual activity" means any act of sexual
gratification involving:
(A) The penetration, however slight, of the anus or mouth
of one person by the penis of another person; or
(B) The penetration, however slight, of the vagina labia
majora or anus of one person by any body member of or foreign instrument
manipulated by another person.
SECTION 292. Arkansas Code § 5-37-502 is amended to read as follows:

5-37-502. Animals -- Marking, branding, or altering brands.

If any person shall mark, brand, or alter the mark or brand of any animal, the subject of larceny, being the property of another, with an intent to steal or convert the carcass or skin of any such animal to his own use or to prevent identification by the true owner, then he shall upon conviction be punished in the same manner prescribed by law for feloniously stealing property theft of the value of the animals.

SECTION 293. Arkansas Code § 5-73-120 is amended to read as follows:

5-73-120. Carrying a weapon.

(a) A person commits the offense of carrying a weapon if he or she possesses a handgun, knife, or club on or about his or her person, in a vehicle occupied by him or her, or otherwise readily available for use with a purpose to employ it as a weapon against a person.

(b) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Handgun" means any firearm with a barrel length of less than twelve inches (12") that is designed, made, or adapted to be fired with one (1) hand;

(2) "Knife" means any bladed hand instrument that is capable of inflicting serious physical injury or death by cutting or stabbing. It includes a dirk, sword or spear in a cane, razor, ice pick, and a throwing star, switchblade, and butterfly knife; and

(3) "Club" means any instrument that is specially designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious physical injury or death by striking, including a blackjack, billie, and sap.

(c) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that at the time of the act of carrying a weapon:

(1) The person is in his or her own dwelling, place of business, or on property in which he or she has a possessory or proprietary interest;

(2) The person is a law enforcement officer, prison guard correctional officer, or member of the armed forces acting in the course and scope of his or her official duties;

(3) The person is assisting a law enforcement officer, prison guard correctional officer, or member of the armed forces acting in the
course and scope of official duties pursuant to the direction or request of
the law enforcement officer, prison guard correctional officer, or member of
the armed forces;

(4) The person is carrying a weapon when upon a journey, unless
the journey is through a commercial airport when presenting at the security
checkpoint in the airport or is in the person's checked baggage and is not a
lawfully declared weapon;

(5) The person is a licensed security guard acting in the course
and scope of his or her duties;

(6) The person is hunting game with a handgun which may be
hunted with a handgun under rules and regulations of the Arkansas State Game
and Fish Commission or is en route to or from a hunting area for the purpose
of hunting game with a handgun;

(7) The person is a certified law enforcement officer; or

(8) The person is in a motor vehicle and the person has a
license to carry a concealed weapon pursuant to § 5-73-301 et seq.

(d)(1) Any person who carries a weapon into an establishment that
sells alcoholic beverages shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject
to a fine of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or
imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or both.

(2) Otherwise, carrying a weapon is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 294. Arkansas Code § 16-85-506 is amended to read as follows:
16-85-506. Witnesses - Joint offenders.
In all cases where two (2) or more persons are jointly or otherwise
concerned in the commission of any crime or misdemeanor criminal offense,
either of the persons may be sworn as a witness in relation to the crime or
misdemeanor criminal offense, but the testimony given by the witness shall in
no instance be used against him in any criminal prosecution for the same
offense.

SECTION 295. Arkansas Code § 16-85-702 is amended to read as follows:
The arraignment shall only be made in indictments for felony felonies
and misdemeanors and may be dispensed with by the court, with the defendant's
SECTION 296. Arkansas Code § 5-51-201 is amended to read as follows:

5-51-201. Treason.

(a) Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against the state or adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort.

(b) No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two (2) witnesses to the same overt act or his or her own confession in open court.

(c) Treason is punishable by death or life imprisonment without parole pursuant to §§ 5-4-601 - 5-4-605, 5-4-607, and 5-4-608.

(d) For all purposes other than disposition under §§ 5-4-101 - 5-4-104, 5-4-201 - 5-4-204, 5-4-301 - 5-4-309, 5-4-311, 5-4-312, 5-4-401 - 5-4-404, 5-4-501 - 5-4-504, 5-4-505, 5-4-601 - 5-4-605, 5-4-607 and 5-4-609, treason is a Class A felony.

SECTION 297. Arkansas Code § 5-28-103 is amended to read as follows:

5-28-103. Criminal penalties for adult abuse.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person or caregiver to abuse, neglect, or exploit any person subject to protection under the provisions of this chapter.

(b)(1) Any person or caregiver who purposely abuses an endangered or impaired adult in violation of the provisions of this chapter, if the abuse causes serious physical injury or substantial risk of death, shall be guilty of a Class B felony and shall be punished as provided by law.

(2) Any person or caregiver who purposely abuses an endangered or impaired adult in violation of the provisions of this chapter, if such abuse causes physical injury, shall be guilty of a Class D felony and shall be punished as provided by law.

(c)(1) Any person or caregiver who neglects an endangered or impaired adult in violation of the provisions of this chapter, causing serious physical injury or substantial risk of death, shall be guilty of a Class D felony and shall be punished as provided by law.

(2) Any person or caregiver who neglects an endangered or impaired adult in violation of the provisions of this chapter, causing physical injury, shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided by law.
(d) Any person or caregiver who abuses an endangered or impaired adult shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided by law.

(e)(1) Any person or caregiver who exploits a person in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class B felony and shall be punished as provided by law, where the value of the property, assets, or resources is two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or more shall be guilty of a Class B felony.

(2) Any person or caregiver who exploits a person in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class C felony and shall be punished as provided by law, where the value of the property, assets, or resources is less than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500), but more than two hundred dollars ($200) shall be guilty of a Class C felony.

(3) Any person or caregiver who exploits a person in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided by law, where the value of the property, assets, or resources is two hundred dollars ($200) or less shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 298. Arkansas Code § 5-28-202 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person or caregiver required by this chapter to report a case of suspected adult maltreatment who purposely fails to do so shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided by law.

(b) Any person or caregiver required by this chapter to report a case of suspected adult maltreatment who purposely fails to do so shall be civilly liable for damages proximately caused by the failure.

(c) Any person, official, or institution willfully making false notification under this subchapter knowing the allegations to be false shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(d) Any person, official, or institution willfully making false notification under this subchapter knowing the allegations to be false and who has been previously convicted of making false allegations shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

(e) Any person who willfully permits and any other person who encourages the release of data or information contained in the adult
maltreatment central registry to persons to whom disclosure is not permitted
under this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 299. Arkansas Code § 5-79-101 is amended to read as follows:
(a) No person may possess body armor if that person has been found
guilty of or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any of the following
offenses:
   (1) Capital murder, § 5-10-101;
   (2) Murder in the first degree, § 5-10-102;
   (3) Murder in the second degree, § 5-10-103;
   (4) Manslaughter, § 5-10-104;
   (5) Aggravated robbery, § 5-12-103;
   (6) Battery in the first degree, § 5-13-201; or
   (7) Aggravated assault, § 5-13-204.
(b) For the purposes of this section, "body armor" means any material
designed to be worn on the body and to provide bullet penetration resistance.
(c) A violation of this section shall be deemed the criminal
possession of body armor and shall constitute a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 300. Arkansas Code § 15-4-1028 is amended to read as follows:
15-4-1028. Supervision of capital development companies.
(a) Each capital development company shall be subject to the
supervision, examination, and control of the Bank Commissioner in the same
manner, so far as applicable, as provided in § 23-46-501 et seq., and shall
make reports of its condition to the commissioner as the commissioner shall
prescribe, but the company shall not be deemed a financial institution.
(b) The commissioner shall have the power to:
   (1) Make rules and regulations to regulate the safety and
soundness of capital development companies;
   (2) Conduct investigations that may be necessary to determine
whether any person has engaged in or is about to engage in any act or
practice constituting a violation noncompliance with any provision of this
subchapter or of other laws of this state; and
   (3)(A) Classify as confidential records and information obtained
by the State Bank Department from an investigation or examination by the
department's staff under § 23-46-101.

(B) However, for purposes of this subchapter, applications for approval under § 15-4-1004 are public documents.

(c)(1) Whenever it appears, upon sufficient grounds or evidence satisfactory to the commissioner, that any company has engaged in or is about to engage in any act or practice in violation that is noncompliant of this subchapter or any rule or regulation or order under this subchapter or that the assets or capital of any company is impaired or a company's affairs are in an unsafe condition, the commissioner may:

(A) Refer the evidence that is available concerning violations noncompliance with this subchapter or any rule, regulation, or order under this subchapter to the appropriate agency; or

(B)(i) Summarily order the company to cease and desist from the act or practice during the time the commissioner may apply to the Pulaski County Circuit Court or the circuit court in the county in which the company is situated or has its principal office or place of business or in which its chief officer resides, to enjoin the act or practice and to enforce compliance with this subchapter or any rule, regulation, or order under this subchapter.

(ii) However, the commissioner may apply directly to the Pulaski County Circuit Court or the circuit court in the county in which the company is situated or has its principal office or place of business or in which its chief officer resides, for injunctive relief without issuing a cease and desist order.

(2) Upon the entry of the order, the commissioner shall promptly notify the company that the order has been entered, of the reasons for the entry of the order, and of the right to a hearing on the order.

(3)(A) A hearing shall be held on the written request of the company aggrieved by the order if the request is received by the commissioner within thirty (30) days after the date of the entry of the order or if ordered by the commissioner.

(B) If no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the commissioner, the order shall remain in effect until it is modified or vacated by the commissioner.

(C) If a hearing is requested or ordered, the commissioner, after notice of and an opportunity for hearing, may affirm,
modify, or vacate the order.

(4) Upon a proper showing, the circuit court shall grant a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or writ of mandamus and may appoint a receiver or conservator for the company or its assets.

(5) The circuit court shall not require the commissioner to post a bond.

(6) In addition to any other remedy provided in this subchapter or under other applicable law, the circuit court may impose as additional damages payable by the company the costs incurred by the commissioner in successfully prosecuting violations of this subchapter.

(7) The commissioner shall forward a copy of all reports of the investigation or other proceedings conducted under this section to the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration.

(d) Each company shall deliver a quarterly report to the commissioner and the Department of Finance and Administration that describes each investment transaction made by the company in the previous quarter and the economic benefits and any tax credits allowed under this subchapter.

(e) Each company shall deliver an annual report to the commissioner and the Department of Finance and Administration within six (6) months after the close of its fiscal year that shall include an annual audit of the activities conducted by the company and shall list any tax credits allowed under this subchapter.

SECTION 301. Arkansas Code § 5-64-101 is amended to read as follows:

5-64-101. Definitions.

As used in subchapters 1-6 of this chapter:

(a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:

(1) A practitioner; or

(2) The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner;

(b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier.
or warehouseman;

   (c)(1) "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestin, and corticosteroid that promotes muscle growth.

   (2) "Anabolic steroid" does not include an anabolic steroid which is expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other nonhuman species and which has been approved by the Director of the Department of Health for such administration. If any person prescribes, dispenses, or distributes such a steroid for human use, the person shall be considered to have prescribed, dispensed, or distributed an anabolic steroid within the meaning of this subsection.

   (d) "Bureau" means the Drug Enforcement Agency of the United States Department of Justice, or its successor agency;

   (e) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI;

   (f) The term "counterfeit" "Counterfeit substance" means a noncontrolled substance, which by overall dosage unit appearance (including color, shape, size, markings, packaging, labeling, and overall appearance) or upon the basis of representations made to the recipient, purports to be a controlled substance or to have the physical or psychological effect associated with a controlled substance; In determining whether a substance is counterfeit, the following factors shall be utilized. A finding of any two (2) of these factors constitutes prima facie evidence that a substance is a "counterfeit substance":

   (1) Statements made by an owner or by anyone else in control of the substance concerning the nature of the substance, or its use or effect;

   (2) The physical appearance of the finished product containing the noncontrolled substance is substantially the same as that of a specific controlled substance;

   (3) The noncontrolled substance is unpackaged or is packaged in a manner normally used for the illegal delivery of a controlled substance;

   (4) The noncontrolled substance is not labeled in accordance with 21 U.S.C. § 352 or § 353;

   (5) The person delivering, attempting to deliver, or causing delivery of the noncontrolled substance states or represents to the recipient
that the noncontrolled substance may be resold at a price that substantially exceeds the value of the substance;

(6) Evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or person in control of the substance to avoid detection by law enforcement authorities;

(7) Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or anyone in control of the object under state or federal laws related to controlled substances or fraud;

((f)) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one (1) person to another of a controlled substance or counterfeit substance in exchange for money or anything of value, whether or not there is an agency relationship;

(h) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Health or his duly authorized agent;

((g)) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery;

((h)) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses;

((i)) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance;

((j)) "Distributor" means a person who distributes;

((k)) "Drug" means:

(1) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;

(2) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals;

(3) Substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and

(4) Substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories;

((n)) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are used, intended for use, or designed for use, in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing,
compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing,
analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing,
injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body
a controlled substance in violation of this chapter. It includes, but is not
limited to:

(A) Kits used, intended for use, or designed for use in
planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or harvesting any species of
plant that is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can
be derived;

(B) Kits used, intended for use, or designed for use in
manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing
controlled substances;

(C) Isomerization devices used, intended for use, or
designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant that is a
controlled substance;

(D) Testing equipment used, intended for use, or designed
for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity
of controlled substances;

(E) Scales and balances used, intended for use, or
designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances;

(F) Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine
hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and lactose used, intended for
use, or designed for use in cutting controlled substances;

(G) Separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or
designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning
or refining, marijuana;

(H) Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing
devices used, intended for use, or designed for use in compounding controlled
substances;

(I) Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers
used, intended for use, or designed for use in packaging small quantities of
controlled substances;

(J) Containers and other objects used, intended for use,
or designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances;

(K) Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects used,
intended for use, or designed for use in parenterally injecting controlled
substances into the human body; and

(L) Objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:

(i) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;

(ii) Water pipes;

(iii) Carburetion tubes and devices;

(iv) Smoking and carburetion masks;

(v) Roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;

(vi) Miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials;

(vii) Chamber pipes;

(viii) Carburetor pipes;

(ix) Electric pipes;

(x) Air-driven pipes;

(xi) Chillums;

(xii) Bongs; and

(xiii) Ice pipes or chillers.

(2) In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following:

(A) Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use;

(B) Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance;

(C) The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a direct violation of this chapter;

(D) The proximity of the object to controlled substances;

(E) The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object;

(F) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons whom
he knows, or should reasonably know, intend to use the object to facilitate a
violation of this chapter; the innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control
of the object, as to a direct violation of this chapter shall not prevent a
finding that the object is intended for use, or designed for use, as drug
paraphernalia;

(G) Instructions, oral or written, provided with the
object concerning its use;

(H) Descriptive materials accompanying the object which
explain or depict its use;

(I) National and local advertising concerning its use;

(J) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;

(K) Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object,
is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a
licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;

(L) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of
sales of the objects to the total sales of the business enterprise;

(M) The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the
object in the community; and

(N) Expert testimony concerning its use;

(o) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the director has
found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly
used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical
intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled
substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit
manufacture;

(p) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation,
compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either
directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or
independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging
of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this
term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled
substance by an individual for his own use or the preparation, compounding,
packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:

(1) By a practitioner as an incident to his administering or
dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his or her professional
practice; or

(2) By a practitioner or by his or her authorized agent under
his supervision for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching,
or chemical analysis and not for sale;

Marijuana" means all parts and any variety and/or species of
the plant Cannabis that contains THC (Tetrahydrocannabinol) whether growing
or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant;
and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of
the plant, its seeds or resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the
plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the
plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted there from),
fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable
of germination;

"Narcotic drug" means any drug which is defined as a
narcotic drug by order of the Director of the Department of Health. In the
formulation of definitions of narcotic drugs, the Director of the Department
of Health is directed to include all drugs which he or she finds are narcotic
in character and by reason thereof are dangerous to the public health or are
promotive of addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining results upon the user
which threaten harm to the public health, safety, or morals. In formulating
these definitions, the Director of the Department of Health shall take into
consideration the provisions of the federal narcotic laws as they exist from
time to time and shall amend the definitions so as to keep them in harmony
with the definitions prescribed by the federal narcotic laws, so far as is
possible under the standards established herein and under the policy of this
section.

(2) "Narcotic drug" also means any of the following, whether
produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable
origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination
of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(A) Opium, opiates, derivatives of opium and opiates,
including their isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of such
isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical
designation. This term does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

(B) Poppy straw and concentrate of poppy straw;
(C) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaines, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

(D) Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

(E) Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;

(F) Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in subdivisions \((2)(A)-(E)\).

(g) "Noncontrolled substance" means any liquid, substance, or material not listed in Schedules I through VI of the Schedules of Controlled Substances promulgated by the Director of the Department of Health;

(p) "Person" means individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity;

(q) "Practitioner" means:

(1) A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific investigator, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;

(2) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;

(r) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance;

(s) "State" when applied to a part of the United States, includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the legal authority of the United States of America; and

(t) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for his own use or for the use of a member of his household or for administering to an animal owned by him or by a member of his household;

(u) "Director" shall mean the Director of the Arkansas Department of Health or his duly authorized agent.
The term "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or designed for use, in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter (meaning the Controlled Substances Act of this state). It includes, but is not limited to:

1. Kits used, intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived;
2. Kits used, intended for use, or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing controlled substances;
3. Isomerization devices used, intended for use, or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled substance;
4. Testing equipment used, intended for use, or designed for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of controlled substances;
5. Scales and balances used, intended for use, or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances;
6. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and lactose, used, intended for use, or designed for use in cutting controlled substances;
7. Separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marijuana;
8. Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing devices used, intended for use, or designed for use in compounding controlled substances;
9. Capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used, intended for use, or designed for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances;
10. Containers and other objects used, intended for use, or...
designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances;

(11) Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body; and

(12) Objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:

(A) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;

(B) Water pipes;

(C) Carburetion tubes and devices;

(D) Smoking and carburetion masks;

(E) Roach clips: meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;

(F) Miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials;

(G) Chamber pipes;

(H) Carburetor pipes;

(I) Electric pipes;

(J) Air-driven pipes;

(K) Chillums;

(L) Bongs; and

(M) Ice pipes or chillers.

In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following:

(1) Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use;

(2) Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance;

(3) The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a direct violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter;

(4) The proximity of the object to controlled substances;

(5) The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the
object;

(6) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons whom he knows, or should reasonably know, intend to use the object to facilitate a violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter; the innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter shall not prevent a finding that the object is intended for use, or designed for use, as drug paraphernalia;

(7) Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;

(8) Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use;

(9) National and local advertising concerning its use;

(10) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;

(11) Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;

(12) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the objects to the total sales of the business enterprise;

(13) The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community; and

(14) Expert testimony concerning its use;

(w) "Noncontrolled substance" means any liquid, substance, or material not listed in Schedules I through VI of the Schedules of Controlled Substances promulgated by the Director of the Arkansas Department of Health;

(x) The term "anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestin, and corticosteroid, that promotes muscle growth. Except that such term does not include an anabolic steroid which is expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other nonhuman species and which has been approved by the Director of the Department of Health for such administration. If any person prescribes, dispenses, or distributes such steroid for human use, such person shall be considered to have prescribed, dispensed, or distributed an anabolic steroid within the meaning of this subdivision.
SECTION 302. Arkansas Code § 5-64-201 is amended to read as follows:

5-64-201. Director's duties.

(a) The director shall administer subchapters 1-6 of this chapter and may add substances to or delete or reschedule all substances enumerated in the schedules, pursuant to the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, as amended, § 25-15-201 et seq. Provided, the director shall not delete any substance from the Schedules in effect on July 20, 1979, without prior approval by the Legislative Council. In making a determination regarding a substance, the director shall consider the following:

1. The actual or relative potential for abuse;
2. The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if known;
3. The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the substance;
4. The history and current pattern of abuse;
5. The scope, duration, and significance of abuse;
6. The risk to public health;
7. The potential of the substance to produce psychic or physiological dependence liability; and
8. Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under this subchapter.

(b) After considering the factors enumerated in subsection (a) of this section, the director shall make findings with respect thereto and issue a rule controlling the substance if he or she finds the substance has a potential for abuse.

(c) If the director designates a substance as an immediate precursor, substances which are precursors of the controlled precursor shall not be subject to control solely because they are precursors of the controlled precursor.

(d) If any substance is designated as a controlled substance under federal law and notice thereof is given to the director, the director shall similarly control the substance under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter after the expiration of thirty (30) days from publication in the Federal Register of a final order designating a substance as a controlled substance, unless within that thirty-day period, the director objects to inclusion. In that case, the director shall publish the reasons for objection and afford all
interested parties an opportunity to be heard. At the conclusion of the
hearing, the director shall publish his decision. Any person aggrieved by a
decision of the director shall be entitled to judicial review in the Circuit
Court of Pulaski County. Upon publication of objection to inclusion under
subchapters 1-6 of this chapter by the director, control under subchapters 1-
6 of this chapter is stayed until the director publishes his or her decision
or, if judicial review is sought, such inclusion is stayed until such
adjudication.

(e) Authority to control under this section does not extend to
distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco.

(f) The director shall schedule gamma-hydroxybutyrate and its known
precursors and analogs in a manner consistent with the procedures outlined in
this section.

SECTION 303. Arkansas Code § 5-64-301 is amended to read as follows:
5-64-301 - 5-64-306 5-64-304. [Reserved.]

SECTION 304. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 64, Subchapter 3 is
amended to add the following sections:
5-64-305. Powers of Arkansas State Board of Pharmacy – Sale of
nonnarcotic drugs.

Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to affect the
licensing or regulation of pharmacists or pharmacies in this state by the
Arkansas State Board of Pharmacy. The Arkansas State Board of Pharmacy is
also granted authority to inventory and destroy any outdated or unwanted
controlled substances at the request of its licensees with proper records of
such destructions provided to appropriate agencies. The Arkansas State Board
of Pharmacy is given primary but not exclusive jurisdiction in the
enforcement application of this chapter to its licensees. Nothing in this
chapter shall be deemed to prohibit the sale of nonnarcotic proprietary drugs
if such drugs may, under the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or the
Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act § 20-56-201 et seq., be lawfully sold over the
counter without a prescription.

5-64-306. Offenses relating to records.

It is unlawful for any person to refuse or fail to make, keep, or
furnish any record, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or information required under this chapter.

SECTION 305. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-401 – 5-64-405 are amended to read as follows:

5-64-401. Criminal penalties.

(a) Except as authorized by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance.

Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

(I) I or II NARCOTIC OR METHAMPHETAMINE.

(A) A controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, which is a narcotic drug or methamphetamine, and by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents, is less than twenty-eight grams (28 g.), is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than ten (10) years nor more than forty (40) years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000). For all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class Y felony.

(B) A controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, which is a narcotic drug or methamphetamine, and by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents, is twenty-eight grams (28 g.) or more but less than two hundred grams (200 g.), is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than fifteen (15) years nor more than forty (40) years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars ($50,000). For all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class Y felony.

(C) A controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, which is a narcotic drug or methamphetamine, and by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents, is two hundred grams (200 g.) or more but less than four hundred grams (400 g.), is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than twenty (20) years nor more than forty (40) years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). For all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class Y felony.

(D) A controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, which is a narcotic drug or methamphetamine, and by aggregate weight,
including adulterants or diluents, is four hundred grams (400 g.) or more, is
guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than forty (40)
years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding two hundred and
fifty thousand dollars ($250,000). For all purposes other than disposition,
this offense is a Class Y felony.

(2) OTHER I, II, or III.

(A) Any other controlled substance classified in
Schedules I, II, or III which by aggregate weight, including adulterants or
diluents, is less than twenty-eight grams (28 g.), is guilty of a felony and
shall be imprisoned for not less than five (5) years nor more than twenty
(20) years and shall be fined an amount not to exceed fifteen thousand
dollars ($15,000). For all purposes, other than disposition, this offense is
a Class B felony.

(B) Any other controlled substance classified in Schedules
I, II, or III which by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents,
is twenty-eight grams (28 g.) or more but less than four hundred grams (400
g.), is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than ten (10)
years nor more than forty (40) years, or life, and shall be fined an amount
not to exceed fifty thousand dollars ($50,000). For all purposes other than
disposition, this offense is a Class B felony.

(C) Any other controlled substance classified in Schedules
I, II, or III which by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents,
is four hundred grams (400 g.) or more, is guilty of a felony and shall be
imprisoned for not less than fifteen (15) years nor more than forty (40)
years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding one hundred
thousand dollars ($100,000). For all purposes other than disposition, this
offense is a Class B felony.

(3) IV or V.

(A) A substance classified in Schedules IV or V which
by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents, is less than two
hundred grams (200 g.), is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not
less than three (3) years nor more than ten (10) years and shall be fined an
amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000). For all purposes other
than disposition, this offense is a Class C felony.

(B) A substance classified in Schedules IV or V which by
aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents, is two hundred grams
(200 g.) or more but less than four hundred grams (400 g.), is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than ten (10) years nor more than forty (40) years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars ($50,000). For all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class C felony.

(C) A substance classified in Schedules IV or V which by aggregate weight, including adulterants or diluents, is four hundred grams (400 g.) or more, is guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned for not less than fifteen (15) years nor more than forty (40) years, or life, and shall be fined an amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). For all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class C felony.

(4) VI. (iv) A controlled substance classified in Schedule VI shall be guilty of a felony and be:

(A) Imprisoned no less than four (4) nor more than ten (10) years and/or fined no more than twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) if the quantity of the substance is less than ten pounds (10 lbs.) and for all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class C felony; or

(B) Imprisoned for no less than five (5) years nor more than twenty (20) years and/or fined no less than fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) nor more than fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) if the quantity of such substance is ten pounds (10 lbs.) or more but less than one hundred pounds (100 lbs.) and for all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class B felony; or

(C) Imprisoned for no less than six (6) years nor more than thirty (30) years and/or fined no less than fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) nor more than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) if the quantity of the substance is one hundred pounds (100 lbs.) or more and for all purposes other than disposition, this offense is a Class A felony.

(b) COUNTERFEIT SUBSTANCE – REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION. Except as authorized by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to create, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance. For purposes of this subsection, possession of one hundred (100) dosage units of any one (1) counterfeit substance or possession of two hundred (200) dosage units of counterfeit substances regardless of the type shall create a rebuttable presumption that such person possesses such counterfeit substance with intent to deliver, in violation of subsection (a).
and (b) of this section. (1) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

- (1) A counterfeit substance purporting to be a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II, which is a narcotic drug or methamphetamine is guilty of a Class B felony;
- (2) Any other counterfeit substance purporting to be a controlled substance classified in Schedules I, II, or III, is guilty of a Class C felony;
- (3) A counterfeit substance purporting to be a controlled substance classified in Schedule IV, is guilty of a Class C felony;
- (4) A counterfeit substance purporting to be a controlled substance classified in Schedule V, is guilty of a Class C felony; and
- (5) A counterfeit substance purporting to be a controlled substance which is not classified as a scheduled controlled substance, is guilty of a Class D felony.

(c) POSSESSION. It is unlawful for any person to possess a controlled substance or counterfeit substance unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter. Any person convicted of a first offense for violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Provided any person who is convicted of a second offense for a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class D felony. Provided, any person who is convicted of a third or subsequent offense for violation of this subsection shall be guilty of a Class C felony. Provided, however, any person who unlawfully possesses a controlled substance listed under Schedules I or II of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class C felony. Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

- (1) A controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II of this chapter is guilty of a Class C felony;
- (2) Any other controlled substance, first offense, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor;
- (3) Any other controlled substance, second offense, is guilty of a Class D felony; and
- (4) Any other controlled substance, third or subsequent offense, is guilty of a Class C felony.
(d) **Rebuttable Presumption** REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION. Possession by any person of a quantity of any controlled substance including the mixture or substance listed in this subsection in excess of the quantity limit set out herein shall create a rebuttable presumption that such person possesses such controlled substance with intent to deliver, in violation of subsections (a) and (b) of this section. Provided, however, the presumption provided for herein may be overcome by the submission of evidence sufficient to create a reasonable doubt that the person charged possessed a controlled substance with intent to deliver in violation of subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

- Heroin - 100 milligrams
- Lysergic Acid Diethylamide (LSD) - 100 micrograms
- Opium - 3 grams
- Morphine - 300 milligrams
- Cocaine - 1 gram
- Codeine - 300 milligrams
- Methamphetamine - 200 milligrams
- Pethidine - 300 milligrams
- Hydro morphine Hydrochloride - 16 milligrams
- Methadone - 100 milligrams
- Marijuana - 1 oz.
- Hashish - 6 grams
- Lysergic Acid Diethylamide (LSD) - 100 micrograms

For controlled substances other than those listed above:
- Depressant Drug - 20 hypnotic dosage units
- Stimulant Drug - 200 milligrams
- Hallucinogenic Drug - 10 dosage units.

(e) **Immunity** IMMUNITY. No civil or criminal liability shall be imposed by virtue of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter on any practitioner who manufactures, distributes, or possesses a counterfeit substance for use by a registered practitioner in the course of professional practice or research, or for use as a placebo by a registered practitioner in the course of professional practice or research.

(f) **Possession - Enhanced Penalties.** When any person is convicted of the unlawful possession of a controlled substance in any state, county, or city criminal detention facility, or any juvenile detention facility, the
penalty for the offense shall be increased to the next higher classification of felony or misdemeanor as prescribed by law for the offense.

(g) Rebuttable presumption on attempt to manufacture methamphetamine

REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION ON ATTEMPT TO MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE.
Simultaneous possession by any person of drug paraphernalia as defined in § 5-64-101 and drug precursors appropriate for use to manufacture methamphetamine, or possession by any person of drug paraphernalia appropriate for use to manufacture methamphetamine which tests positive for methamphetamine residue shall create a rebuttable presumption that such person has engaged in conduct that constitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct intended to result in the manufacture of methamphetamine in violation of § 5-3-201, conduct constituting attempt and this section. Provided, however, the presumption provided for herein The presumption may be overcome by the submission of evidence sufficient to create a reasonable doubt that the person charged attempted to manufacture methamphetamine.

(h)(i) CLEAN UP LIABILITY — RESTITUTION.

(1) A person who violates this section shall be liable for the cost of the cleanup of the site or sites where the person:

(A) Manufactured a controlled substance; or

(B) Possessed drug paraphernalia or chemicals for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled substance.

(2) The person shall make restitution to the state or local agency responsible for the cleanup for the cost of the cleanup under § 5-4-205.

5-64-402. Offenses relating to records, maintaining premises, etc.

(a) It is unlawful for any person:

(1) To refuse or fail to make, keep, or furnish any record, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or information required under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter;

(2) To refuse an entry into any premises for any inspection authorized by this chapter; or

(3) Knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop, warehouse, dwelling, building, or other structure or place or premise, which is resorted to by persons for the purpose of using or obtaining these substances or which is used for keeping them in violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter.
(b) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class D felony except that violation of this section is a Class B felony if the violation is committed on or within one thousand (1,000) feet of the real property of a certified Drug Free Zone.

(c) The following are certified Drug Free Zones:

(1) A city or state park;
(2) A public or private elementary or secondary school, public vocational school, or private or public college or university;
(3) A community or recreation center;
(4) A Boys Club, Girls Club, YMCA, or YWCA; or
(5) A skating rink or video arcade.

(d) For the purpose of this section, "minor" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

5-64-403. Fraud - Drug paraphernalia - Criminal penalties - Drug Paraphernalia.

(a) FRAUD. It is unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally:

(1) To distribute as a registrant a controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, except pursuant to an order form as required by § 5-64-307;
(2) To acquire or obtain possession of a controlled substance by misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception, subterfuge, or theft;
(3) To furnish false or fraudulent material information in, or omit any material information from, any record, application, report, or other document required to be kept or filed under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, or any record required to be kept by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter; or
(4) To make, distribute, or possess any punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or labeling thereof so as to render the drug a counterfeit substance; and
(5)(i) To agree, consent, or in any manner offer to unlawfully sell, furnish, transport, administer, or give any controlled substance to any person, or to arrange for any of the above, and then to substitute a non-controlled substance in lieu of the controlled substance bargained for.

(ii) The proffer of a controlled substance shall
create a rebuttable presumption of intent to deliver which does not require additional showing of specific intent to substitute a noncontrolled substance.

(b) PENALTIES.

(1) Any person who violates any provision of subdivisions (a)(1)-(4) of this section is guilty of a Class C felony.

(2) Any person who violates subdivision (a)(5) of this section with respect to:

(1)(A) A noncontrolled substance represented to be a controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, which is a narcotic drug, is guilty of a Class B felony;

(1)(B) Any other noncontrolled substance represented to be a controlled substance classified in Schedules I, II, or III, is guilty of a Class C felony;

(1)(C) A noncontrolled substance represented to be a controlled substance classified in Schedule IV, is guilty of a Class C felony;

(1)(D) A noncontrolled substance represented to be a controlled substance classified in Schedule V, is guilty of a Class C felony; and

(1)(E) A noncontrolled substance represented to be a controlled substance classified in Schedule VI, is guilty of a Class D felony.

(c)(1)(A)(i) DRUG PARAPHERNALIA.

(1)(A)(i) It is unlawful for any person to use, or to possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter.

(ii) A violation of this subdivision (c)(1)(A)(i) is a Class A misdemeanor.

(B) Any person who violates this section in the course of and in furtherance of a felony violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter is guilty of a Class C felony.

(2)(A) It is unlawful for any person to deliver, possess with
intend to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, drug paraphernalia, knowing, or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, that it will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter. Any person who violates this subdivision (c)(2)(A) of this section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(B) Any person who violates subdivision (c)(2)(A) of this section in the course of and in furtherance of a felony violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter is guilty of a Class C felony.

(3)(A) Any person eighteen (18) years of age or over who violates subdivision (c)(2) of this section immediately preceding by delivering drug paraphernalia in the course of and in furtherance of a felony violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter to a person under eighteen (18) years of age who is at least three (3) years his junior is guilty of a Class B felony.

(B) Delivering Otherwise, any person eighteen (18) years of age or over who violates subdivision (c)(2) by delivering drug paraphernalia to a person under eighteen (18) years of age who is at least three (3) years his junior is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(4) It is unlawful for any person to place in any newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication any advertisement knowing, or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, that the purpose of the advertisement, in whole or in part, is to promote the sale of counterfeit substances or of objects designed or intended for use as drug paraphernalia. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class C felony.

(5) It is unlawful for any person to use, or to possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to manufacture methamphetamine in violation of this chapter. Any person who pleads guilty, nolo contendere, or is found guilty of violating the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a Class B felony and shall be fined an amount not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000).

5-64-404. Penalties under other laws Communication Devices.

Any penalty imposed for violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter is
in addition to, and not in lieu of, any civil or administrative penalty or
sanction otherwise authorized by law.

(a) For purposes of this section, "communication device" means any and
all public and private instrumentalities used or useful in transmission of
writing, signs, signals, pictures, or sounds of all kinds and includes mail,
telephone, wire, radio, and all other means of communication.

(b) A person commits the offense of use of a communication device if
he or she knowingly uses any communication device in committing or in causing
or facilitating the commission of any act or acts constituting a felony under
this chapter or any act or acts constituting a felony inchoate offense under
§ 5-3-101 et seq. or the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, § 5-64-101 et
seq.

(c) Each separate use of a communication device shall be a separate
offense under this section.

(d) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class C
felony.

5-64-405. Foreign conviction Continuing Criminal Enterprise.
If a violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter is a violation of a
federal law or the law of another state, a conviction or acquittal under
federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to
prosecution in this state.

(a) A person commits the offense of engaging in a continuing criminal
enterprise if he or she:

(1) Violates any provision of this chapter which is a felony,
except § 5-64-401(c); and

(2) The violation is a part of a continuing series of two (2) or
more felony offenses of this chapter, except § 5-64-401(c):

(A) Which are undertaken by that person in concert with
five (5) or more other persons with respect to whom that person occupies a
position of organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of
management; and

(B) From which that person obtained substantial income or
resources.

(b) A person who engages in a continuing criminal enterprise is guilty
of a felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment
up to two (2) times the term otherwise authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision (a)(1) of this section and shall be fined an amount up to two (2) times that is authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision (a)(1) of this section. For all purposes other than disposition, engaging in a continuous criminal enterprise is a Class Y felony.

(c) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section after a previous conviction under subsection (a) of this section has become final is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by a term of imprisonment not exceeding three (3) times that authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision (a)(1) of this section, and a fine not exceeding three (3) times the amount authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision (a)(1) of this section. For all purposes other than disposition, engaging in a continuous criminal enterprise is a Class Y felony.

(d) Upon conviction the prosecuting attorney may institute a civil action against any person who violates this section to obtain a judgment against all persons who violate this section, jointly and severally, for damages in an amount equal to three (3) times the proceeds acquired by all persons involved in the enterprise or by reason of conduct in furtherance of the enterprise, together with costs incurred for resources and personnel used in the investigation and prosecution of both criminal and civil proceedings. The standard of proof in actions brought under this section is a preponderance of the evidence. The procedures in the asset forfeiture law § 5-64-505 shall apply. Defendants in civil actions brought under this subsection shall be entitled to trial by jury.

(e) Offenders found guilty of a violation of this section shall not have their sentence suspended, be placed on probation, have imposition of sentence suspended, have the execution of the sentence, or have the sentence deferred. The offender shall not be eligible for the First Offender Act, § 16-93-301 et seq.

SECTION 304. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-407 and 5-64-408 are amended to read as follows:

Whenever any person who has not previously pleaded guilty or been found guilty of any offense under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, plead guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled substance under § 5-64-401, with the exception of a conviction for possession of a substance listed under Schedule I, the court, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused may defer further proceedings and place him on probation for a period of not less than one (1) year, under such terms and conditions as may be set by the court. The court may require as a condition for probation that the defendant undergo an evaluative examination by a physician or medical facility approved by the court and, if warranted, undergo in-patient or out-patient treatment and rehabilitation for drug abuse. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for a second or subsequent conviction under § 5-64-410 [repealed]. There may be only one (1) discharge and dismissal under this section with respect to any person. A person against whom such proceedings are discharged or dismissed may seek to have the criminal records sealed, consistent with the procedures established in § 16-90-901 et seq.

(a) Any person who is found guilty of or who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to manufacture of methamphetamine, § 5-64-401(a)(1), or possession of drug paraphernalia with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine, § 5-64-403(c)(5) may be subject to an enhanced sentence of an additional term of imprisonment of ten (10) years if the offense is committed:

(1) In the presence of a minor who may or may not be related to the person;

(2) With a minor in the same home or building where the methamphetamine was being manufactured or where the drug paraphernalia to manufacture methamphetamine was in use or was in preparation to be used; or

(3) With a minor present in the same immediate area or in the
same vehicle at the time of the person's arrest for the offense.

(b) The enhanced portion of the sentence shall be consecutive to any other sentence imposed.

(c) Any person sentenced under this section shall not be eligible for early release on parole for the enhanced portion of the sentence.

(d) For the purpose of this section "minor" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

5-64-408. Subsequent convictions – Enhanced penalties.

(a) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent offense under this chapter shall be imprisoned for a term up to twice the term otherwise authorized, fined an amount up to twice that otherwise authorized, or both.

(b) For purposes of this section, an offense is considered a second or subsequent offense if, prior to his or her conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs.

(c) This section does not apply to offenses under § 5-64-401(c).

SECTION 305. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-410 – 5-64-413, as amended by Act 195 of 2005, are amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary:

(A) Any person convicted of delivering controlled substances included in Schedule I shall be sentenced for a term of imprisonment of not less than ten (10) years.

(B) Any person convicted of delivering controlled substances included in Schedules I through VI to school students in grades one through twelve (1-12) or any other person under eighteen (18) years of age shall be sentenced for a term of imprisonment of not less than ten (10) years.

(2) A person over eighteen (18) years of age convicted of the offenses defined in this subsection, except delivery of less than one (1) ounce of a Schedule VI controlled substance, shall not be eligible for early release on parole as provided in § 16-93-601.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be cumulative and supplemental
to any other laws of this state prescribing penalties for delivery of
controlled substances and shall be deemed to modify only those laws in direct
conflict.

5-64-411. Distribution near Proximity to certain facilities - Enhanced
penalties.
(a) Any person who commits an offense under § 5-64-401(a) by selling,
delivering, possessing with intent to deliver, dispensing, manufacturing,
transporting, administering, or distributing a controlled substance may be
subject to an enhanced sentence of an additional term of imprisonment of ten
(10) years if the offense is committed on or within one thousand feet
(1,000') of the real property of:
   (1) A city or state park;
   (2) A public or private elementary or secondary school, public
vocational school, or private or public college or university;
   (3) A skating rink, Boys Club, Girls Club, YMCA, YWCA, or
community or recreation center;
   (4) A publicly funded and administered multifamily housing
development;
   (5) A drug or alcohol treatment facility;
   (6) A day care center; or
   (7) A church; or
   (8) A shelter as defined in § 9-4-102.
(b) The enhanced portion of the sentence shall be consecutive to any
other sentence imposed.
(c) Any person convicted under this section shall not be eligible for
early release on parole for the enhanced portion of the sentence.
(d)(1) Property covered by this section shall have a notice posted at
the entrances to the property stating:
"THE SALE OF DRUGS UPON OR WITHIN ONE THOUSAND FEET (1000') OF THIS
PROPERTY MAY SUBJECT THE SELLER OF THE DRUGS TO AN ADDITIONAL TEN (10) YEARS
IMPRISONMENT IN ADDITION TO THE TERM OF IMPRISONMENT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR
THE UNLAWFUL SALE OF DRUGS."
(2) However, the posting of the notice shall not be a necessary
element for the enhancement of a sentence under this section.
(e) For the purpose of this section, the term "recreation center"
shall mean a public place of entertainment consisting of various types of entertainment, including, but not limited to, billiards or pool, ping pong or table tennis, bowling, video games, pinball machines, or any other similar type of entertainment.

5-64-412. Violations by public officials or law enforcement officers - Enhanced penalties.

(a) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(2) "Law enforcement officer" means any member of the Arkansas State Police or the Arkansas Highway Police and any other certified law enforcement officer employed full-time by the State of Arkansas or any political subdivision thereof or court personnel in Arkansas.

(2) "Public official" means any person holding or appointed to an elective office of state, county, or city government, and any member of any board or commission of state, county, city, or local government including improvement districts and school districts.

(b) Any public official or law enforcement officer who commits a felony violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, §§ 5-64-101 through 5-64-608 this chapter, shall have any term of imprisonment imposed for the violation enhanced by a term not to exceed ten (10) years and a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

5-64-413. Controlled substance analog Probation — Discharge and dismissal.

(a)(1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II or which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II; or with respect to a particular individual, which the individual represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II.

(2) The term does not include:
(A) A controlled substance;
(B) A substance for which there is an approved new drug application;
(C) A substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption; or
(D) Any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the substance.

(b) A controlled substance analog, to the extent intended for human consumption, shall be treated, for the purposes of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, as a substance included in Schedule I.

(c) Within ten (10) days after the initiation of prosecution with respect to a controlled substance analog by indictment or information, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the Director of the Department of Health of information relevant to emergency scheduling as provided for in § 5-64-201(d).

(d) After final determination that the controlled substance analog should not be scheduled, no prosecution relating to that substance as a controlled substance analog may continue or take place.

(a) Whenever any person who has not previously pleaded guilty or has been found guilty of any offense under this chapter or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled substance under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, § 5-64-401, with the exception of a conviction for possession of a substance listed under Schedule I, the court without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused may defer further proceedings and place him or her on probation for a period of not less than one (1) year under such terms and conditions as may be set by the court.

(b) The court may require as a condition for probation that the defendant undergo an evaluative examination by a physician or medical facility approved by the court and, if warranted, undergo in-patient or out-patient treatment and rehabilitation for drug abuse.

(c) Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.
(d) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him or her. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for a second or subsequent conviction under § 5-64-408. There may be only one (1) discharge and dismissal under this section with respect to any person. A person against whom such proceedings are discharged or dismissed may seek to have the criminal records sealed, consistent with the procedures established in § 16-90-901 et seq.

SECTION 306. Arkansas Code § 5-64-414 is amended to read as follows:

5-64-414. Continuing criminal enterprise Controlled substance analog.

(a) A person commits the offense of engaging in a continuing criminal enterprise if he:

(1) Violates any provision of subchapters 1 through 6 of this chapter which is a felony, except § 5-64-401(c); and

(2) The violation is a part of a continuing series of two (2) or more felony offenses of subchapters 1 through 6 of this chapter, except § 5-64-401(c):

(A) Which are undertaken by that person in concert with five (5) or more other persons with respect to whom that person occupies a position of organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management; and

(B) From which that person obtained substantial income or resources.

(b) A person who engages in a continuing criminal enterprise is guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment up to twice the term otherwise authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision (a)(1) of this section and shall be fined an amount up to twice that authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision (a)(1) of this section. For all purposes other than disposition, engaging in a continuous criminal enterprise is a Class Y felony.

(c) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section, after a previous conviction under that subsection has become final, is guilty of a
felony and shall be punished by a term of imprisonment not exceeding three
(3) times that authorized for the underlying offense referenced in
subdivision (a)(1) of this section, and a fine not exceeding three (3) times
the amount authorized for the underlying offense referenced in subdivision
(a)(1) of this section. For all purposes other than disposition, engaging in
a continuous criminal enterprise is a Class Y felony.

(d) Upon conviction, the prosecuting attorney may institute a civil
action against any person who violates this section to obtain a judgment
against all persons who violate this section, jointly and severally, for
damages in an amount equal to three (3) times the proceeds acquired by all
persons involved in the enterprise or by reason of conduct in furtherance of
the enterprise, together with costs incurred for resources and personnel used
in the investigation and prosecution of both criminal and civil proceedings.
The standard of proof in actions brought under this section is a
preponderance of the evidence. The procedures in the asset forfeiture law, §
5-64-505, shall apply. Defendants in civil actions brought under this
subsection shall be entitled to trial by jury.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, offenders
found guilty of a violation of this section shall not have their sentence
suspended, or be placed on probation, or have imposition of sentence
suspended, or have the execution of the sentence or have the sentence
defered. The individual shall not be eligible for the First Offender Act, §
16-93-301 et seq., the Youthful Offender Act, § 12-28-501 et seq., or the
Alternative Service Act, § 16-93-501 et seq. [repealed].

(a)(1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical
structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a
controlled substance in Schedule I or II or which has a stimulant,
deressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system
substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect
on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule
I or II; or with respect to a particular individual, which the individual
represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic
effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant,
deressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a
controlled substance included in Schedule I or II.

(2) The term does not include:
(A) A controlled substance;
(B) A substance for which there is an approved new drug application;
(C) A substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption; or
(D) Any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the substance.

(b) A controlled substance analog, to the extent intended for human consumption, shall be treated for the purposes of this chapter as a substance included in Schedule I.

(c) Within ten (10) days after the initiation of prosecution with respect to a controlled substance analog by indictment or information, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the Director of the Department of Health of information relevant to emergency scheduling as provided for in § 5-64-201(d).

(d) After final determination that the controlled substance analog should not be scheduled, no prosecution relating to that substance as a controlled substance analog may continue or take place.

SECTION 307. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-417 and 5-64-418 are amended to read as follows:

5-64-417. Communication facility - Offense - Penalty Penalties under other laws.

(a) For purposes of this section, the term "communication facility" means any and all public and private instrumentalities used or useful in transmission of writing, signs, signals, pictures, or sounds of all kinds and includes mail, telephone, wire, radio, and all other means of communication.

(b) A person commits the offense of use of a communication facility if he knowingly or intentionally uses any communication facility in committing or in causing or facilitating the commission of any act or acts constituting a felony under any provision of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, § 5-64-101 et seq., or any act or acts constituting a felony inchoate offense under § 5-3-101 et seq., or § 5-64-101 et seq.

(c) Each separate use of a communication facility shall be a separate
offense under this section.

(d) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class C felony.

(e) This section is based on 21 United States Code Section 843(b), Use of Communication Facility.

Any penalty imposed for violation of this chapter is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any civil or administrative penalty or sanction otherwise authorized by law.

5-64-418. Manufacture of methamphetamine in the presence of minors—Enhanced penalties—Foreign conviction.

(a) Any person who is found guilty of or who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to manufacture of methamphetamine, § 5-64-401(a)(1)(i), or possession of drug paraphernalia with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine, § 5-64-403(e)(5) may be subject to an enhanced sentence of an additional term of imprisonment of ten (10) years if the offense is committed:

(1) In the presence of a minor child or children who may or may not be related to the person;

(2) With a minor child or children in the same home or building where the methamphetamine was being manufactured or where the drug paraphernalia to manufacture methamphetamine was in use or was in preparation to be used; or

(3) With a minor child or children present in the same immediate area or in the same vehicle at the time of the person's arrest for the offense.

(b) The enhanced portion of the sentence shall be consecutive to any other sentence imposed.

(c) Any person sentenced under this section shall not be eligible for early release on parole for the enhanced portion of the sentence.

(d) For the purpose of this section "minor" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age.

If a violation of this chapter is a violation of a federal law or the law of another state, a conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to prosecution in this state.
SECTION 308. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-501 and 5-64-502 are amended to read as follows:


Any law enforcement officer, or any person authorized to enforce subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, or any employee of the State Health Department designated by the director to conduct examinations, investigations, or inspections under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter relating to controlled substances or to counterfeit drugs may:

1. Carry firearms in the performance of his official duties;
2. Execute and serve search warrants, arrest warrants, administrative inspection warrants, subpoenas, and summonses issued under the authority of this state;
3. Make arrests without warrant for any offense under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter committed in his presence, or if he has probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has committed a violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter which may constitute a felony;
4. Make seizures of property pursuant to subchapters 1-6 of this chapter; or
5. Perform other law enforcement duties as the director designates.

5-64-502. Issuance and execution of inspection warrants.

(a) Issuance and execution of administrative inspection warrants shall be as follows:

1. A judge of a court of record, within his jurisdiction, and upon proper oath or affirmation showing probable cause, may issue warrants for the purpose of conducting administrative inspections authorized by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter or rules hereunder, and seizures of property appropriate to the inspections. For purposes of the issuance of administrative inspection warrants, probable cause exists from showing a valid public interest in the effective enforcement of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter or rules hereunder, sufficient to justify administrative inspection of the area, premises, building, or conveyance in the circumstances specified in the application for the warrant;
2. A warrant shall issue only upon an affidavit of a designated officer or employee having knowledge of the facts alleged, sworn to before
the judge or magistrate and establishing the grounds for issuing the warrant. If the judge or magistrate is satisfied that grounds for the application exist or that there is probable cause to believe they exist, he shall issue a warrant identifying the area, premises, building, or conveyance to be inspected, the purpose of the inspection, and, if appropriate, the type of property to be inspected, if any. The warrant shall:

1. State the grounds for its issuance and the name of each person whose affidavit has been taken in support thereof;
2. Be directed to a person authorized by § 5-64-501 to execute it;
3. Command the person to whom it is directed to inspect the area, premises, building, or conveyance identified for the purpose specified and, if appropriate, direct the seizure of the property specified;
4. Identify the item or types of property to be seized, if any; and
5. Direct that it be served during normal business hours and designate the judge or magistrate to whom it shall be returned;

(3) A warrant issued pursuant to this section must be executed and returned within ten (10) days of its date unless, upon a showing of a need for additional time, the court orders otherwise. If property is seized pursuant to a warrant, a copy shall be given to the person from whom or from whose premises the property is taken, together with a receipt for the property taken. The return of the warrant shall be made promptly, accompanied by a written inventory of any property taken. The inventory shall be made in the presence of the person executing the warrant and of the person from whose possession or premises the property was taken, if present, or in the presence of at least one (1) credible person other than the person executing the warrant. A copy of the inventory shall be delivered to the person from whom or from whose premises the property was taken and to the applicant for the warrant;

(4) The judge or magistrate who has issued a warrant shall attach thereto a copy of the return and all papers returnable in connection therewith and file them with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the inspection was made.

(b) The director may make administrative inspections of controlled
premises in accordance with the following provisions:

(1) For purposes of this section only, "controlled premises" means:

(A) Places where persons are required by state law to keep records; and

(B) Places including factories, warehouses, establishments, and conveyances in which persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter are permitted to hold, manufacture, compound, process, sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of any controlled substance.

(2) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section an officer or employee designated by the director, upon presenting the warrant and appropriate credentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, may enter controlled premises for the purpose of conducting an administrative inspection.

(3) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant, an officer or employee designated by the director may:

(A) Inspect and copy records required by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter to be kept;

(B) Inspect, within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, controlled premises and all pertinent equipment, finished and unfinished material, containers and labeling found therein, and, except as provided in subsection (b)(5) of this section, all other things therein, including records, files, papers, processes, controls, and facilities bearing on violation of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter; and

(C) Inventory any stock of any controlled substance therein and obtain samples thereof;

(4) This section does not prevent the inspection without a warrant of books and records pursuant to an administrative subpoena, nor does it prevent entries and administrative inspections, including seizures of property, without a warrant:

(A) If the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises consents;

(B) In situations presenting imminent danger to health or safety;

(C) In situations involving inspection of conveyances
if there is reasonable cause to believe that the mobility of the conveyance makes it impracticable to obtain a warrant;

(D) In any other exceptional or emergency circumstance where time or opportunity to apply for a warrant is lacking; or

(E) In all other situations in which a warrant is not constitutionally required.

(5) An inspection authorized by this section shall not extend to financial data, sales data, other than shipment data, or pricing data unless the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises consents in writing.

SECTION 309. Arkansas Code § 5-64-504 is amended to read as follows:

5-64-504. Intergovernmental cooperation - Identities of patients and research subjects.

(a) The director shall cooperate with federal and other state agencies in discharging its responsibilities concerning traffic in controlled substances and in suppressing the abuse of controlled substances. To this end, he or she may:

(1) Arrange for the exchange of information among governmental officials concerning the use and abuse of controlled substances;

(2) Coordinate and cooperate in training programs concerning controlled substance law enforcement at local and state levels;

(3) Cooperate with the Bureau by establishing a centralized unit to accept, catalogue, file, and collect statistics, including records of drug dependent persons and other controlled substance law offenders within the state, and make the information available for federal, state, and local law enforcement purposes. He or she shall not furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject whose identity could not be obtained under subsection (c) of this section; and

(4) Conduct programs of eradication aimed at destroying wild or illicit growth of plant species from which controlled substances may be extracted.

(b) Results, information, and evidence received from the Bureau relating to the regulatory functions of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, including results of inspections conducted by it, may be relied and acted upon by the director in the exercise of its regulatory functions under
subchapters 1-6 of this chapter.

(c) A practitioner engaged in medical practice or research is not required or compelled to furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject to the director nor may he or she be compelled in any state or local civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other proceedings to furnish the name or identity of an individual that the practitioner is obligated to keep confidential.

SECTION 310. Arkansas Code § 5-64-505(i), concerning the disposition of moneys received from sales of forfeited property, is amended to read as follows:

(i) Disposition of moneys received. Subject to the provisions of subdivision (f)(5) of this section, the proceeds of sales conducted pursuant to subdivision (h)(1)(B) of this section and all moneys forfeited or obtained by judgment or settlement pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited and distributed in the manner set forth in this subsection. Moneys received from federal forfeitures shall be deposited and distributed pursuant to subdivision (i)(4) of this section.

(1) Asset Forfeiture Fund.

(A) The proceeds of any sale and any moneys forfeited or obtained by judgment or settlement under this chapter shall be deposited in the asset forfeiture fund of the prosecuting attorney and shall be subject to the following provisions:

(i) If, during a calendar year, the aggregate amount of moneys deposited in the asset forfeiture fund exceeds twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) per county, the prosecuting attorney shall, within fourteen (14) days of that time, notify the circuit judges in the judicial district and the Arkansas Drug Director;

(ii) Subsequent to the notification set forth in subdivision (i)(1)(A)(i) of this section, twenty percent (20%) of the proceeds of any additional sale and any additional moneys forfeited or obtained by judgment or settlement under this chapter in the same calendar year shall be deposited into the State Treasury as special revenues to be credited to the Crime Lab Equipment Fund, and the remainder shall be deposited in the asset forfeiture fund of the prosecuting attorney;

(iii) Failure by the prosecuting attorney to comply
with the notification requirement set forth in subdivision (i)(1)(A)(i) of this section shall render the prosecuting attorney and any entity eligible to receive forfeited moneys or property from the prosecuting attorney ineligible to receive such moneys or property, except as provided in subdivision (f)(5)(A) of this section; and

(iv) Twenty percent (20%) of any moneys in excess of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) that have been retained but not reported as required by subdivision (i)(1)(A)(i) of this section shall be subject to recovery for deposit into the Crime Lab Equipment Fund.

(B) The prosecuting attorney shall administer expenditures from the fund which shall be subject to audit by the Division of Legislative Audit. Moneys distributed from this fund must only be used for law enforcement and prosecutorial purposes. Moneys in the fund must be distributed in the following order:

(i) For satisfaction of any bona fide security interest or lien;

(ii) For payment of all proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses of seizure, maintenance of custody, advertising, and court costs;

(iii) Any balance under two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) shall be distributed proportionally so as to reflect generally the contribution of the appropriate local or state law enforcement or prosecutorial agency's participation in any of the activities that led to the seizure or forfeiture of the property or deposit of moneys under this chapter; and

(iv) Any balance over two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) shall be forwarded to the Arkansas Drug Director to be transferred to the State Treasury for deposit in the Special State Assets Forfeiture Fund for distribution as provided in subdivision (i)(3) of this section.

(C)(i) For forfeitures in an amount greater than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) from which expenses are paid for the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, under subdivision (i)(1)(B)(ii) of this section, an itemized accounting of the expenses shall be delivered to the Arkansas Drug Director within ten (10) calendar days after the distribution of the funds.
(ii) The itemized accounting shall include the expenses paid, to whom paid, and for what purposes the expenses were paid.

(2) Drug Control Fund.

(A) There is created on the books of law enforcement agencies and prosecuting attorneys a Drug Control Fund. The Drug Control Fund shall consist of all moneys obtained under subdivision (i)(1) of this section and other revenues as may be provided by law or ordinance. Moneys from the fund may not supplant other local, state, or federal funds. Moneys in this fund are appropriated on a continuing basis and are not subject to the Revenue Stabilization Law, § 19-5-101 et seq. Moneys in this fund must only be used for law enforcement and prosecutorial purposes. The fund is subject to audit by the Division of Legislative Audit.

(B) The law enforcement agencies and prosecuting attorneys shall submit to the Arkansas Drug Director on or before January 1 and July 1 of each year a report detailing all moneys received and expenditures made from the Drug Control Fund during the preceding six-month period.

(3) Special State Assets Forfeiture Fund.

(A) There is created and established on the books of the Treasurer of State, the Auditor of State, and the Chief Fiscal Officer of the State a fund to be known as the Special State Assets Forfeiture Fund.

(B) The Special State Assets Forfeiture Fund shall consist of revenues obtained under subdivision (i)(1)(B)(iv) of this section and any other revenues as may be provided by law. Moneys from the fund may not supplant other local, state, or federal funds.

(C) This fund shall not be subject to the provisions of the Revenue Stabilization Law, § 19-5-101 et seq., or the Special Revenue Fund Account, § 19-5-203(b)(2)(A).

(D) The Arkansas Drug Director shall establish through rules and regulations a procedure for proper investment, use, and disposition of moneys deposited in the Special State Assets Forfeiture Fund in accordance with the intent and purposes of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter. Moneys in this fund shall be distributed by the Arkansas Alcohol and Drug Abuse Coordinating Council and shall be distributed for drug interdiction, eradication, education, rehabilitation, the State Crime Laboratory, and drug courts.

(4) Federal forfeitures.
(A) All moneys received by prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement agencies from federal forfeitures shall be deposited and maintained in a separate account, provided that any balance over two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) shall be distributed as set forth in subdivision (i)(4)(B) of this section. No other moneys may be maintained in such account except for any interest income generated by such account. Moneys in this account must only be used for law enforcement and prosecutorial purposes consistent with governing federal law. Such accounts shall be subject to audit by the Division of Legislative Audit.

(B) Any balance over two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) shall be forwarded to the Arkansas Drug Director to be transferred to the State Treasury for deposit in the Special State Assets Forfeiture Fund where it shall be maintained separately and distributed consistent with governing federal law.

SECTION 311. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-506 – 5-64-508 are amended to read as follows:


(a) It is not necessary for the state to negate any exemption or exception in subchapters 1-6 of this chapter in any complaint, information, indictment, or other pleading or in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter. The burden of proof of any exemption or exception is upon the person claiming it.

(b) In the absence of proof that a person is the duly authorized holder of an appropriate registration or order form issued under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, he or she is presumed not to be the holder of the registration or form. The burden of proof is upon him or her to rebut the presumption.

(c) No liability is imposed by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter upon any authorized state, county, or municipal officer, engaged in the lawful performance of his duties.

5-64-507. Conclusiveness of findings.

All final determinations, findings, and conclusions of the director under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter are final and conclusive decisions of the matters involved. Any person aggrieved by the decision may obtain review
5-64-508. Prevention and deterrence - Educational and research programs.

(a) The Director of the Arkansas Office on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention shall carry out educational programs designed to prevent and deter misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In connection with these programs he or she may:

(1) Promote better recognition of the problems of misuse and abuse of controlled substances within the regulated industry and among interested groups and organizations;

(2) Assist the regulated industry and interested groups and organizations in contributing to the reduction of misuse and abuse of controlled substances;

(3) Consult with interested groups and organizations to aid them in solving administrative and organizational problems;

(4) Evaluate procedures, projects, techniques, and controls conducted or proposed as part of educational programs on misuse and abuse of controlled substances;

(5) Disseminate the results of research on misuse and abuse of controlled substances to promote a better public understanding of what problems exist and what can be done to combat them; and

(6) Assist in the education and training of state and local law enforcement officials in their efforts to control misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

(b) The Director of the Arkansas Office on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention shall encourage research on misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In connection with the research, and in furtherance of the enforcement of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, he or she may:

(1) Establish methods to assess accurately the effects of controlled substances and identify and characterize those with potential for abuse;

(2) Make studies and undertake programs of research to:

(A) Develop new or improved approaches, techniques, systems, equipment, and devices to strengthen the enforcement of subchapters...
1-6 of this chapter;

(iii) (B) Determine patterns of misuse and abuse of controlled substances and the social effects thereof; and

(iii) (C) Improve methods for preventing, predicting, understanding, and dealing with the misuse and abuse of controlled substances; and

(3) Enter into contracts with public agencies, institutions of higher education, and private organizations or individuals for the purpose of conducting research, demonstrations, or special projects which bear directly on misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

(c) The Director of the Arkansas Office on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention may enter into contracts for educational and research activities without performance bonds.

(d) The commissioner may authorize persons engaged in research on the use and effects of controlled substances to withhold the names and other identifying characteristics of individuals who are the subjects of the research. Persons who obtain this authorization are not compelled in any civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other proceeding to identify the individuals who are the subjects of research for which the authorization was obtained.

(e) The commissioner may authorize the possession and distribution of controlled substances by persons engaged in research. Persons who obtain this authorization are exempt from state prosecution for possession and distribution of controlled substances to the extent of the authorization.

SECTION 312. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-702 and 5-64-703 are amended to read as follows:

5-64-702. Promulgation of rules and regulations.

(a) The Arkansas Department of Health may promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the enforcement of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, as amended, subchapters 1-6 of this chapter.

5-64-703. Authority to make inspections.

In carrying out the functions under subchapters 1-6 of this chapter,
the Director of the Arkansas Department of Health, or his duly authorized
agent, is authorized to enter controlled premises and conduct administrative
inspections thereof.

SECTION 313. Arkansas Code §§ 5-64-705 — 5-64-708 are amended to read
as follows:

5-64-705. Authority to investigate and arrest in contiguous county.
Upon receiving permission from the proper county sheriff, any law
enforcement officer acting within the official scope of his duty may
investigate and arrest any person violating any provision of the Uniform
Controlled Substances Act, as amended, subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, in
any county contiguous to the county in which he is employed.

5-64-706. Grant of immunity.
(a) The prosecuting attorney of any judicial district in this state or
any grand jury properly convened according to law, with the approval of the
circuit judge, shall have the authority to grant immunity from criminal
prosecution with respect to matters revealed by the testimony of anyone
giving evidence concerning a violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances
Act, subchapters 1-6 of this chapter. However, immunity shall not extend to
perjury committed in the testimony.
(b) No prosecuting attorney shall grant immunity until he has applied
for and obtained in each case a written order from the judge of the circuit
court approving the grant of immunity.
(c) No such immunity shall be granted by a prosecuting attorney until
after the individual has declined to answer questions, or has requested
immunity before answering questions.

5-64-707. Admissibility of drug analysis - Cross-examination.
(a) In any criminal prosecution for an alleged violation of
subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, records and reports of any relevant drug
analysis made by the Arkansas Department of Health, Bureau of Environmental
Health Services, Division of Environmental Services, Drug Laboratory, shall
be received as competent evidence as to matters contained therein in any
preliminary hearing when attested to by the Director of the Department of
Health, his or her assistants or deputies.
(b)(1) Nothing herein shall abrogate the defendant's right of cross-examination.

(2) In the event the defendant desires to cross-examine the Director of the Department of Health or the appropriate assistant or deputy, the defendant may compel the Director of the Department of Health or his or her appropriate assistant or deputy to attend court by the issuance of a proper subpoena.

(3) In that event, the records and reports shall only be admissible through the Director of the Department of Health or the appropriate assistant or deputy, who shall be subject to cross-examination by the defendant or his or her counsel.

5-64-708. Local funding for undercover work.

Any municipality or county may allocate and expend funds for undercover work done in connection with attempts to apprehend violators of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, or for purchases of a controlled substance when purchased by a law enforcement officer for the purpose of apprehending violators.

SECTION 314. Arkansas Code § 5-64-710 is amended to read as follows:

5-64-710. Denial of driving privileges for minor - Restricted permit.

(a) As used in this section:

(1) "Drug offense" means the possession, distribution, manufacture, cultivation, sale, transfer, or the attempt or conspiracy to possess, distribute, manufacture, cultivate, sell, or transfer any substance the possession of which is prohibited under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, § 5-64-101 et seq. this chapter, or the operation of a motor vehicle under the influence of such a substance;

(2) "Substance, the possession of which is prohibited under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act" or "substance", as such phrase and term are utilized in subdivision (a)(1) of this section, means a controlled or counterfeit chemical, as those terms are defined in subsections 102(6) and (7) of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970; and

(3) "Motor vehicle", as such term is utilized in subdivision (a)(1) of this section, means any vehicle which is self-propelled by which persons or things may be transported upon a public highway and is registered
in the State of Arkansas or of the type subject to registration in Arkansas, provided, such term shall also mean and include any "motorcycle", "motor-driven cycle", or "motorized bicycle", as such terms are defined in § 27-20-101 and any "commercial motor vehicle" as defined in § 27-23-103.

(b)(1)(A) Whenever a person who is less than eighteen (18) years of age pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty of, driving while intoxicated under § 5-65-101 et seq., or of any criminal offense involving the illegal possession or use of controlled substances, or of any drug offense, in this state or any other state, or is found by a juvenile court to have committed such an offense, the court having jurisdiction of such matter, including any federal court, shall prepare and transmit to the Department of Finance and Administration an order of denial of driving privileges for the minor.

(B) Courts within the State of Arkansas shall prepare and transmit all such orders within twenty-four (24) hours after the plea or finding to the department.

(C) Courts outside Arkansas having jurisdiction over any such person holding driving privileges issued by the State of Arkansas shall prepare and transmit such orders pursuant to agreements or arrangements entered into between that state and the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration.

(D) Such arrangements or agreements may also provide for the forwarding by the department of orders issued by courts within this state to the state wherein any such person holds driving privileges issued by that state.

(2) For any such person holding driving privileges issued by the State of Arkansas, courts within this state in cases of extreme and unusual hardship may provide in an order for the issuance of a restricted driving permit to allow driving to and from a place of employment or driving to and from school.

(c) Penalties prescribed in this section and § 27-16-914 shall be in addition to all other penalties prescribed by law for the offenses covered by this section and § 27-16-914.

(d) In regard to any offense involving illegal possession under this section, it shall be a defense if the controlled substance is the property of an adult who owns the vehicle.
SECTION 315. Arkansas Code § 16-43-206 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Disobedience of a subpoena or a refusal to be sworn or to answer as a witness or to subscribe an affidavit or deposition when lawfully ordered may be punished as a contempt of the court or officer by whom the attendance or testimony is required.

(b) The punishment for the contempt provided in subsection (a) of this section shall be by a fine not exceeding thirty dollars ($30.00) and imprisonment not exceeding twenty-four (24) hours. But in case of the refusal of a witness to testify or be sworn or to give a deposition, he shall continue to be imprisoned so long as he refuses. If the court finally adjourns before he submits, he shall remain imprisoned until the next term. The final disposition of the case in which he so refuses shall discharge him from imprisonment.

(c) A witness imprisoned or fined for contempt by an officer before whom his or her deposition is being taken may apply to the circuit judge, who shall have power to discharge the witness if it appears that the imprisonment is illegal.

(d) Every warrant of commitment to prison issued by a court or an officer pursuant to this section must specify particularly the cause of commitment. Every warrant to arrest or commit a witness must be directed to the sheriff of the county where the witness may be located and must be executed in the same manner as process from the court.

SECTION 316. Arkansas Code § 5-51-306 is amended to read as follows:

5-51-306. Questioning and detaining suspected persons.

(a) It shall not be lawful for any private employees acting as watchmen, guards, or in a supervisory capacity, or any individual, partnership, association, or corporation engaged in the manufacture, production, transportation, or storage of any article or thing described in § 5-51-303 to arrest or detain any person found on any premises to which entry without permission is forbidden by § 5-51-305.

(b) All arrests under § 5-51-301 shall be made by regularly elected peace officers and upon warrants issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or where the crime is committed by such offender within the presence of said
peace officer.

(c) The person so arrested shall be immediately brought before a court or magistrate having jurisdiction of the crime and admitted to bail as in other cases.

SECTION 317. Arkansas Code § 16-85-403 is amended to read as follows:

(a)(1) The language of the indictment must be certain as to the title of the prosecution, the name of the court in which the indictment is presented, and the name of the parties.

(1) It shall not be necessary to include a statement of the act or acts constituting the offense, unless the offense cannot be charged without doing so.

(2) Nor shall it be necessary to allege that the act or acts constituting the offense were done willfully, unlawfully, feloniously, maliciously, deliberately, or with premeditation, but the name of the offense charged in the indictment shall carry with it all such allegations.

(3) (2) The state, upon request of the defendant, shall file a bill of particulars setting out the act or acts upon which it relies for conviction.

(b) An indictment may be substantially in the following form:

"The State of Arkansas,

vs. In the Pulaski Circuit Court.

John Doe.

The grand jury of Pulaski County, in the name and by the authority of the State of Arkansas, accuse John Doe of the crime of murder in the first degree (or other crime, as the case may be), committed as follows: The said John Doe, on January 1, 1936, in Pulaski County, did murder Richard Roe, against the peace and dignity of the State of Arkansas."

(c) The indictment must be direct and certain as regards:

(1) The party charged;

(2) The offense or offenses charged;

(3) The county in which the offense was or offenses were committed; and

(4) The particular circumstances of the offense or offenses charged where they are necessary to constitute a complete offense or
offenses.

SECTION 318. Arkansas Code § 16-85-405 is amended to read as follows:

16-85-405. Sufficiency and errors.

(a)(1) The indictment is sufficient if it can be understood from it:

(A) That it was found by a grand jury of a county, impaneled in a court having authority to receive it, though the name of the court is not accurately stated; it;

(B) That the offense was committed within the jurisdiction of the court and at some time prior to the time of finding the indictment; and

(C) That the act or omission, charged as the offense, is stated with such a degree of certainty so as to satisfy due process of law as to enable the court to pronounce judgment on conviction, according to the right of the case.

(2) No indictment is insufficient, nor can the trial, judgment, or other proceeding thereon be affected, by reason of any defect which does not tend to the prejudice of the substantial rights of the defendant on the merit.

(b) An error as to the name of the defendant shall not vitiate the indictment or proceedings thereon, and if his or her true name is discovered at any time before execution of the indictment, an entry shall be made on the minutes docket of the court of his or her true name, referring to the fact of his or her being indicted by the name mentioned in the indictment, and the subsequent proceedings shall be in the true name, substantially as follows:

"The State of Arkansas
against
A. B., indicted by the name of C. D."

(c) Where an offense involves the commission of or an attempt to commit an injury to person or property and is described in other respects with sufficient certainty to identify the act, then an erroneous allegation as to the person injured, or attempted to be injured, is not material.

(d)(c) The statement in the indictment as to the time at which the offense was committed is not material further than except as a statement that it was committed before the time of finding the indictment, except where the
time is a material ingredient in the offense.

(e) If the indictment contains no statement of the place in which the
offense was committed, it shall be considered as charged therein that it was
committed in the local limits of the jurisdiction of the court in which the
grand jury was impaneled.

(f) Neither presumptions of law nor matters of which judicial notice
is taken need be stated in an indictment.

(g) In pleading a judgment or other determination of or proceeding
before a court or officer of special jurisdiction, it is not necessary to
state the facts conferring jurisdiction, but the judgment, determination, or
proceedings may be stated to have been duly given or made. Where it is
necessary to prove the statement on the trial, the facts conferring the
jurisdiction must be established.

(h) An indictment for libel need not set forth any extrinsic facts for
the purpose of showing the application of the defamatory matter to the party
libeled; but it is sufficient to state generally that the defamatory matter
was published concerning him.

(i) When a written instrument which is the subject of an indictment
for forgery, larceny, or other offense has been withheld or destroyed by the
act or procurement of the defendant, and such destruction or withholding is
alleged in the indictment and proved on the trial, a misdescription of the
instrument is immaterial.

(j) In an indictment for perjury, it is not necessary to set forth the
pleadings, record, or proceedings with which the oath is connected so that
the substance of the controversy or matters in respect to which the offense
was committed is properly stated; nor is it necessary to set forth the
commission or authority of the court or person before whom the oath alleged
to be false was taken, but it is sufficient that it be stated in what court,
or before whom, it was taken, and that the court or person was authorized to
administer the oath.

(k)(d) The words used in a statute to define an offense need not be
strictly pursued in an indictment, but other words conveying the same meaning
may be used.

SECTION 319. Arkansas Code § 16-85-503 is amended to read as follows:
(a) The grand jury must inquire:

(1) Into the case of every person imprisoned in the county jail or on bail to answer a criminal charge in that court who is not indicted detention facility or on bail who has not been charged by indictment or information within sixty (60) days of arrest;

(2) Into the condition and management of the public prisons of the county; and

(3) Into the willful and corrupt misconduct in office of public officers of every description in the county.

(b) The grand jury has power, and it is their duty, to may inquire into all public offenses committed within the jurisdiction of the court in which they are impaneled and to indict such persons as they find guilty thereof.

(c) If a member of the grand jury knows, or has reason to believe, that a public offense has been committed within the jurisdiction of the court, he or she must disclose the knowledge or belief to his or her fellow jurors, who must thereupon investigate the offense.

(d) Grand jurors are entitled to free access, at all reasonable times, to public prisons and to the examination, without charge, of all public records in the county.

(e) It is the duty of every grand jury at each term of the circuit court to make careful examination of the condition of the accounts of the collecting officers of the county, dockets of justices of the peace, and any matters relating to the general school fund.

SECTION 320. Arkansas Code § 16-85-511 is amended to read as follows:


The grand jury can receive none but legal evidence. They are The grand jury is not bound to hear evidence for the defendant, but it is their duty to weigh all the evidence before them. If they believe that other evidence within their reach will explain away the charge, they should order the evidence to be produced.

SECTION 321. Arkansas Code § 16-85-602 is amended to read as follows:


Upon an indictment being found, if the defendant is not in custody, or
on bail, the court shall forthwith make an order for process to be issued on
the indictment, designating whether it shall be for arresting or summoning
the defendant; and, if it is for arresting the defendant and the offense
charged is bailable, the sum in which he may be admitted to bail shall be
fixed [defendant].

SECTION 322. Arkansas Code § 16-85-706 is amended to read as follows:
16-85-706. Motion to set aside indictment.
(a) The motion to set aside the indictment can only be made on the
following grounds:
(1) A substantial error in the summoning or formation of the
grand jury;
(2) That some person other than the grand jurors was present
before the grand jury when they finally acted upon the indictment; and
(3) That the indictment was not found and presented as required
by this code.
(b) If the motion is sustained, the court shall make an order that the
case be submitted to another grand jury, to be assembled at that or the next
term of the court. The defendant, if in custody, shall be remanded to jail,
or if he is on bail, the bail shall be liable for the defendant's appearance
to answer a new indictment, if one is found.
(c) Unless, however, a new indictment is found before the final
discharge of the next grand jury, the defendant shall be discharged from
custody or bail, unless for good cause shown the court shall otherwise order.
(d) If the motion is overruled, the defendant shall be required to
plead to the indictment.

SECTION 323. Arkansas Code § 16-85-709 is amended to read as follows:
There are but four (4) three (3) kinds of pleas to an indictment or
information:
(1) A plea of guilty;
(2) A plea of nolo contendere; or
(3) A plea of not guilty; guilty.
(4) A plea of former conviction or acquittal of the offense
charged, which may be placed with or without the plea of not guilty.

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SECTION 324. Arkansas Code § 16-93-103 is amended to read as follows:

16-93-103. Authority of officers to make arrests and carry firearms.

(a) All probation officers appointed by a court, excluding juvenile probation officers, whether circuit or district, and all parole and probation officers employed by the Department of Community Correction who are currently certified law enforcement officers may execute, serve, and return all lawful warrants of arrest issued by the State of Arkansas or any political subdivision thereof and are otherwise authorized to make lawful arrests as any law enforcement officers of the State of Arkansas.

(b) All such parole and probation officers are further authorized to carry firearms during all hours in which they are actively pursuing the obligations and duties of the office to which they are appointed or employed, pursuant to selection and training requirements under §§ 12-9-104, 12-9-106, and 12-9-107.

(c) All such parole and probation officers are further authorized to carry non-state-issued firearms during all hours in which they are not actively pursuing the obligations and duties of the office to which they are appointed or employed, pursuant to the restrictions in § 5-73-306 employed.

SECTION 325. Arkansas Code § 16-96-401 is amended to read as follows:

16-96-401. Collection and payment.

(a) All justices of the peace are prohibited from collecting fines, penalties, and forfeitures, but that duty shall devolve upon sheriffs and constables exclusively forfeitures.

(b) All constables or other collecting officers of any township shall, quarterly on the first Mondays in July, October, January, and April, turn over to the county treasurer of their respective counties all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, less the commission due the officers, which shall be three percent (3%) for constables on the amount collected by them, taking duplicate receipts therefor, one of which shall be immediately filed with the clerk of the county court of their respective counties.

(c)(1) On or before the first Mondays of July, October, January, and April of each year, the clerks of the county courts shall audit the accounts of constables and other collecting officers referred to in subsection (b) of this section. To that end, the clerks of the county courts shall open a
separate account with each of the officers in a book to be kept by the clerks
for that purpose.

(2) They shall charge the collecting officer with the amount of
fines, penalties, and forfeitures adjudged against defendants in justices or
other courts in the county, excepting only circuit courts, as shown by the
transcript of the judicial officers on file in the offices of the clerks of
the county courts.

(d) The clerks of the county courts shall further charge the county
treasurer with all fines, penalties, and forfeitures turned over by
constables and other collecting officers in pursuance of the provisions of
this section.

(e)(1) The constables and other collecting officers shall not be
credited with any deficits as to fines and penalties unless they shall be
able to show the death of the party against whom the fine or penalty was
adjudged, or that imprisonment in default of the payment of fine has been
complied with in accordance with the provisions of the criminal law.

(2) The constables and other collecting officers shall not be
credited with any deficit on forfeited bail bonds or recognizances unless the
return of the officer serving the execution in the case shall show that the
defendant had no property subject to execution. In that case, a certified
copy of the return shall be filed with the clerk of the county court by the
officer charged with the collection.

(f)(1) The clerk of the county court shall, at the commencement of
each session of the circuit court of his county, furnish the prosecuting
attorney with a written statement of all deficits of constables and other
collecting officers on account of fines, penalties, and forfeitures.

(2) It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney to bring
suit against the constables and collecting officers and their securities for
the deficiency due and also to prosecute the officers by indictment for
malfeasance in office.

SECTION 326. Arkansas Code § 23-14-104 is amended to read as follows:
23-14-104. Penalties.
Every person, including any officer, agent, or employee of a
corporation, who violates, procures, aids, or abets in the violation of who
violates any provision of this chapter or fails to comply with any order,
decision, or regulation issued by the Arkansas Transportation Commission [abolished] shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punishable by a fine of not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one (1) year, or both. Every day's violation of this chapter or any of the terms or conditions of any such order, decision, or regulation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 327. Arkansas Code § 5-39-401 is amended to read as follows:
5-39-401. Destruction or removal.
(a) It is unlawful for any person to destroy or carry away any cemetery marker or grave marker.
(b) Destruction or removal is a Class D felony.

SECTION 328. Arkansas Code § 5-52-101 is amended to read as follows:
(a) A person commits the offense of trading in public office abuse of public trust if:
(1) He or she solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept on behalf of any person, political party, or other organization any benefit from another person upon an agreement or understanding that the other person will or may be appointed a public servant or designated or nominated as a candidate for public office; or
(2) He or she offers, confers, or agrees to confer any benefit, the receipt of which is prohibited by this section; section;
(3) He or she solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept any benefit as compensation or consideration for having as a public servant given a decision, opinion, recommendation, or vote favorable to another or for having otherwise exercised his or her discretion in favor of another; or
(4) He or she offers, confers, or agrees to confer any benefit upon a public servant, the receipt of which is prohibited by this section.
(b) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this section that the decision, opinion, recommendation, vote, or use of discretion, except for the benefit, was otherwise proper.
(b)(c) Trading in public office is a Class A misdemeanor Abuse of public trust is a Class D felony.
SECTION 329. Arkansas Code § 5-54-115 is amended to read as follows:

5-54-115. Permitting unauthorized departure Permitting escape or unauthorized departure in the second degree.

(a) A public servant responsible for supervision of persons detained in the Arkansas State Hospital, in a juvenile detention facility, or in a youth services facility commits the offense of permitting unauthorized departure if he recklessly permits a person so detained to make an unauthorized departure.

(b) A public servant responsible for the supervision of persons from:

(1) A correctional facility;
(2) Custody; or
(3) Pursuant to a court order or petition in:
   (A) The Arkansas State Hospital; or
   (B) A juvenile detention facility or youth services program.

(c) Permitting escape or unauthorized departure in the second degree is a Class C misdemeanor.

SECTION 330. Arkansas Code § 2-2-202 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person, firm, or corporation violating any terms of § 2-2-201 shall be declared guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment of a period of not less than thirty (30) days or not more than six (6) months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

(b) Each violation of any provision of § 2-2-201 shall be deemed a separate offense.

SECTION 331. Arkansas Code § 2-16-304 is amended to read as follows:

2-16-304. Penalties - Prosecution.
(a) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter or who shall interfere with any member of the State Plant Board or any inspector or employee while engaged in the performance of his or her duties under this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Upon conviction he shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment for not less than ten (10) days nor more than six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court having jurisdiction.

(b) Upon information furnished by the board, it shall be the duty of the Attorney General or the prosecuting attorney of the district in which an alleged violation of any of the provisions of this subchapter may occur to enforce the provisions of this subchapter by proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction. If the remedy elected to be pursued is by writ of injunction, no court of this state shall have the right, previous to a hearing upon the merits, to set aside or stay the writ.

SECTION 332. Arkansas Code § 3-3-201 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-201. Unknowingly furnishing or selling to minor.

(a) The sale, giving away, or other disposition of intoxicating liquor to a minor is declared to be a misdemeanor.

(b) Any person who shall unknowingly sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of intoxicating liquor to a minor shall be guilty of a violation and punished by a fine of not less than two hundred dollars ($200) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the first offense.

For the second and subsequent offenses, he or she shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one (1) year, or both a fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the jury or court guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 333. Arkansas Code § 3-3-209 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-209. Furnishing to alcoholics or intoxicated persons.

Any person who shall sell, give away, or dispose of intoxicating liquor to a habitual drunkard or an intoxicated person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and for the first offense be punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred fifty
dollars ($250). For the second and subsequent offenses, he or she shall be
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of not less than two
hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by
imprisonment in the county jail for not less than six (6) months nor more
than one (1) year, or both so fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the
court or jury. The penalties prescribed herein shall be in addition to any
other penalty prescribed by law.

SECTION 334. Arkansas Code § 3-3-315 is amended to read as follows:
3-3-315. Failure to surrender confiscated beverages.
Any person who shall seize or confiscate any spirituous, vinous, or
malt beverages under the provisions of §§ 3-3-311 and 3-3-312, and who shall
not immediately turn over the spirituous, vinous, or malt beverages as
required by § 3-3-312 to the mayor or the county judge, as the case may be,
shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Upon conviction, he shall be
subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five
hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment of not less than three (3) months nor
more than one (1) year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 335. Arkansas Code § 3-7-303 is amended to read as follows:
3-7-303. Records - Penalties.
(a) Each wholesale distributor and importer of spirituous liquors
required to file a return shall keep such complete and accurate books,
papers, invoices, and other records as may be necessary to substantiate the
accuracy of his or her report and the amount of excise tax due and shall
retain the records for not less than three (3) years, subject to the use and
inspection of the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration or
his or her agents.
(b) Any person required by this subchapter to retain books, papers,
invoices, and other records who fails to produce them upon demand by the
Director of the Department of Finance and Administration or his or her agent
or agents of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division or its successor agency,
unless such failure to produce is due to providential or other causes beyond
his or her control, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon
conviction shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or
imprisoned not more than thirty (30) days, or punished by both the fine and
imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SECTION 336. Arkansas Code § 3-9-204 is amended to read as follows:

3-9-204. Penalties.

(a) Any person who shall violate any provision of §§ 3-9-201 - 3-9-214, 3-9-221 - 3-9-225, and 3-9-232 - 3-9-237 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction may be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and, in the discretion of the court, imprisoned for not more than six (6) months.

(b) Each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(c) The director shall have the authority to suspend, cancel, or revoke the permit of any permittee so convicted.

SECTION 337. Arkansas Code § 3-9-403 is amended to read as follows:

3-9-403. Penalties.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful and shall constitute a Class A misdemeanor for any person not holding a valid Sunday sales permit issued under this subchapter to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption.

(2) Any person found guilty of this provision may be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and, in the discretion of the court, imprisoned for not more than six (6) months.

(3)(2) Each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(b) The director shall have the authority to suspend, cancel, or revoke either the permit issued under this subchapter or the on-premises permit issued under § 3-9-201 et seq. to any hotel or restaurant, or both, if a permittee is convicted under this section.

SECTION 338. Arkansas Code § 4-18-103 is amended to read as follows:

4-18-103. Fruit and commodities Packing, selling, pledging, etc., with fraudulent intent - Penalty.

(a) Any person who shall pack any fruit or other merchantable commodity with the fraudulent intent of cheating others by a misrepresentation of the contents, either as to quality or quantity, shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment at hard labor not exceeding one (1) year, or both guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
(b) Any person who shall sell, pledge, or hypothecate any such commodity, knowing the same to be packed in the fraudulent manner aforesaid, with the intent to cheat and deceive shall on conviction be punished as provided in § 4-18-102.

SECTION 339. Arkansas Code § 4-18-210 is amended to read as follows:

4-18-210. Hindering or obstructing bureau personnel - Penalty.

Any person who hinders or obstructs in any way the Director of the Arkansas Bureau of Standards, the deputy director, any one of the inspectors, or a sealer or deputy sealer in the performance of his official duties, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by imprisonment for not more than three (3) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 340. Arkansas Code § 4-75-204 is amended to read as follows:

4-75-204. Penalties.

Any person, firm, or corporation, whether as principal, agent, officer, or director, for himself or herself, or itself, or for another person, or for any firm or corporation, or any corporation who or which shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for each single violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months, or by both a fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

SECTION 341. Arkansas Code § 4-75-208 is amended to read as follows:

4-75-208. Secret payments or allowance of rebates, refunds, etc. Penalty.

(a) The secret payment or allowance of rebates, refunds, commissions, or unearned discounts, whether in the form of money or otherwise, or secretly extending to certain purchasers special services or privileges not extended to all purchasers purchasing upon like terms and conditions, to the injury of a competitor and where the payment or allowance tends to destroy competition, is an unfair trade practice.

(b) Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or association
resorting to such trade practice shall be deemed guilty of a **Class A** misdemeanor and on conviction shall be subject to the penalties set out in § 4-75-204.

SECTION 342. Arkansas Code § 4-75-209(a), concerning the crime of selling below cost with intent to injure competitors, is amended to read as follows:

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, firm, corporation, joint-stock company, or other association engaged in business within this state, to sell, offer for sale, or advertise for sale any article or product, or service or output of a service trade, at less than the cost thereof to the vendor, or to give, offer to give, or advertise the intent to give away any article or product, or service or output of a service trade, for the purpose of injuring competitors and destroying competition.

(2) Any person or entity so doing shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be subject to the penalties set out in § 4-75-204 for any such act **Class A misdemeanor**.

SECTION 343. Arkansas Code § 4-89-104 is amended to read as follows:

4-89-104. Penalties.

Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity who knowingly and willfully commits a deceptive trade practice as defined in § 4-89-102(2) shall be guilty of a **Class A** misdemeanor and, upon conviction in the circuit court of any county in which any portion of the unlawful practice occurred, shall be subject to a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or to imprisonment of not exceeding one (1) year, or both a fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 344. Arkansas Code § 5-27-220 is amended to read as follows:

5-27-220. Contributing to the delinquency of a juvenile.

(a) Any person who shall willfully cause, aid, or encourage any person under eighteen (18) years of age to do or perform any act which, if done or performed, would make such person under eighteen (18) years of age a "delinquent juvenile" or "juvenile in need of supervision" within the meaning of this section and §§ 9-27-301 - 9-27-361 Arkansas Juvenile Code of 1989, § 9-27-301 et seq. shall be guilty of a **Class A** misdemeanor.
(b) The judge of the juvenile court shall have power to issue a bench warrant for the arrest of an adult where there is probable cause to believe the adult is committing an offense under this section, returnable to either the municipal court or the circuit court of the county in which the offense was committed.

(c) Any indictment or information under this section shall state the specific act(s) the defendant is alleged to have committed.

(d) Any person convicted of a violation of this section may be punished as provided for a Class A misdemeanor by imprisonment for not less than sixty (60) days nor more than one (1) year, and by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). However, the court may suspend or postpone enforcement of all, or any part, of the sentence or fine levied under this section if, in the judgment of the court, the suspension or postponement is in the best interest of the juvenile so caused, aided, or encouraged.

SECTION 345. Arkansas Code § 5-37-225 is amended to read as follows:

5-37-225. Use of false transcript, diploma, or grade report from postsecondary educational institution.

(a) No person may falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting a transcript, diploma, or grade report of a postsecondary educational institution.

(b) No person may use, offer, or present as genuine a false, forged, counterfeited, or altered transcript, diploma, or grade report of a postsecondary educational institution.

(c) No person may use, offer, or present a transcript, diploma, or grade report of a postsecondary educational institution in a fraudulent manner.

(d) A person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000), or imprisonment not to exceed six (6) months, or both.

SECTION 346. Arkansas Code § 5-37-503 is amended to read as follows:

5-37-503. Animals -- False registration or pedigree.
Every person who, by any false pretense, shall obtain from any club, association, society, or company for improving the breed of cattle, horses, sheep, swine, or other domestic animals a certificate of registration of any animal in the herd register or other register of any such club, association, society, or company, or a transfer on any registration, and every person who shall knowingly give a false pedigree of any animal, upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the Department of Correction for a term not exceeding three (3) years or in the county jail for a term not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both fine and imprisonment guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 347. Arkansas Code §§ 5-37-521 and 5-37-522 are amended to read as follows:

5-37-521. Farm implements -- Removal or alteration of serial number.  
(a) Any person who knowingly buys, receives, disposes of, sells, offers for sale, or has in his or her possession any tractor, trailer, or other farm implement or engine removed from such tractor or farm implement, from which the manufacturer's serial or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark or number placed thereon has been removed, defaced, covered, altered, or destroyed for the purpose of concealing or misrepresenting the identity of said tractor, trailer, or farm implement or engine, is guilty of a misdemeanor.  
(b)(1) No person shall with fraudulent intent deface, destroy, or alter the manufacturer's serial or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark of a tractor, trailer, or other farm implement.  
(2) No person shall place or stamp any fictitious or unauthorized serial, engine, or other number or distinguishing mark with the intention that the same pass for a number or mark placed thereon by the manufacturer of such tractor, trailer, or farm implement.  
(3) This subsection shall not prohibit the restoration by an owner or repairman of an original serial, engine, or other number or distinguishing mark but is designed to prohibit and prevent the fraudulent removal or alteration of marks or numbers placed on such tractors, trailers, and other farm implements by the manufacturer.  
(c) Anyone found guilty of violation of the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) and, ...
in the discretion of the jury, confinement in the county jail for a period of
not exceeding six (6) months guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

   (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to remove, obliterate, or
otherwise render unreadable the manufacturer’s serial or code number on any
case, carton, package, or other container of any tobacco product.
   (b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a
fine of two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisonment for a period of not to
exceed one (1) year, or both.

SECTION 348. Arkansas Code § 5-38-214 is amended to read as follows:
5-38-214. Willful removal or destruction of landmarks established by
legal survey.
   (a) Any person or persons who shall willfully cut down, destroy,
deface, remove, or carry off any witness tree, monument, or other landmark
established by legal survey and used to delineate boundary lines shall be
deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in
any sum not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand
dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not
less than thirty (30) days, or by both fine and imprisonment.
   (b) Furthermore, in any civil suit involving damages to property
arising from the removal or destruction of a marker established by a legal
survey, the complaining party shall be entitled to recover triple damages.

SECTION 349. Arkansas Code § 5-38-310 is amended to read as follows:
5-38-310. Unlawful burning - Miscellaneous misdemeanors.
   (a) The following acts shall be Class A misdemeanors and shall be
punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more
than three hundred dollars ($300) or a jail sentence of not more than one (1)
year, or both fine and imprisonment:
      (1) Setting on fire or causing or procuring to be set on fire
any forest, brush, or other inflammable vegetation on lands not his or her
own;
      (2) Allowing fire to escape from the control of the person
building or having charge of the fire, or to spread to the lands of any
person other than the builder of the fire;

(3) Burning any brush, stumps, logs, rubbish, fallen timber,
grass, stubble, or debris of any sort, whether on his or her own land or that
of another, without taking necessary precaution both before lighting the fire
and at all times thereafter to prevent the escape thereof. The escape of fire
to adjoining timber, brush, or grasslands shall be prima facie evidence that
necessary precautions were not taken;

(4) Building a camp fire upon lands not one's own, without
cleaning the ground immediately around it free from material which will carry
fire, or leaving thereon a camp fire to spread thereon or by throwing away a
lighted cigar, match, cigarette or by the use of firearms or in any other
manner starting a fire in forest material not his own and leaving the fire
unextinguished;

(5) Defacing or destroying fire warning notices; and

(6) Failure by any employee of the State Forestry Commission or
any officer charged with the duties of enforcing criminal laws to attempt to
secure the arrest and conviction of any persons against whom he or she has or
can secure evidence of violating the fire laws.

(7) [Repealed].

(b) No bond for costs shall be required in any courts of this state
for prosecution for violation of the provisions of this section.

SECTION 350. Arkansas Code §§ 5-51-205 and 5-51-206 are amended to
read as follows:

5-51-205. Advocating personal injury, destruction of property, or
overthrow of government – Writing or speaking.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person or persons:

(1) To write, indict, dictate, speak, utter, publish, or declare
or be interested in writing, indicting, dictating, speaking, uttering,
publishing, or declaring any word, sentence, speech, or article of whatsoever
nature or kind, with the intent to encourage, advise, aid, assist, or abet in
the infliction of any personal injury upon any person or the taking of human
life, or destruction or injury to either public or private property, without
due process of law; or

(2) In any manner to disseminate knowledge or propaganda which
tends to destroy or overthrow the present form of government of either the
State of Arkansas or the United States of America by any violence or unlawful
means whatsoever; or

(3) To employ any of the aforesaid means calculated to cause the
aforesaid results.

(b) Each person violating the provisions of this section shall be
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a
fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one thousand dollars
($1,000) and may be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six (6)
months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

5-51-206. Advocating personal injury, destruction of property, or
overthrow of government – Use of symbols.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to wear, use,
exhibit, display, or have in possession any symbol, token, device, or flag,
the meaning, object, purpose, or intent of which is to encourage, aid,
assist, or abet, with such intent, or incite with such intent to, or which is
calculated to encourage, aid, assist, abet, or incite any person in:

(1) The infliction of personal injury upon any other person; or

(2) The taking of human life; or

(3) The destruction of either public or private property without
due process of law; or

(4) The destruction or overthrow of, or that which tends to
destroy or overthrow, the present form of government of either the State of
Arkansas or the United States of America.

(b) Any person violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a
Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not
less than ten dollars ($10.00) and not more than one thousand dollars
($1,000) and may be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six (6)
months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 351. Arkansas Code § 5-68-204 is amended to read as follows:
5-68-204. Nudism.

(a) The term "nudism" as used in this section is defined to be the act
or acts of a person or persons congregating or gathering with his, her, or
their private parts exposed in the presence of one (1) or more persons of the
opposite sex as a form of social practice.

(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the enumerated acts when:

(1) The purpose of the person committing the act or acts is to render medical or surgical treatment, or to determine the need for medical or surgical treatment, or to cleanse such sexual part, and the person committing such act is a licensed physician, as defined by § 17-80-101, or any such physician of a sister state making a professional call into Arkansas, or the person committing any such act did so under the professional direction of any such physician, or the person committing any such act is a nurse duly registered or licensed by the Arkansas State Board of Nurse Examiners; or

(2) When the persons are married legally one to another.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person, club, camp, corporation, partnership, association, or organization to advocate, demonstrate, or promote nudism, or for any person to rent, lease, or otherwise permit his or her land, premises, or buildings to be used for the purpose of advocating, demonstrating, or promoting nudism.

(d) Any person, club, camp, corporation, partnership, association, or organization violating any of the provisions of § 5-68-204 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for each offense and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, or both such fine and imprisonment for each offense.

(e) This section shall not repeal any existing laws of the State of Arkansas except those in direct conflict herewith but shall be cumulative to such laws.

SECTION 352. Arkansas Code § 5-71-226 is amended to read as follows:
5-71-226. Disruption of campus activities.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any group composed of two (2) or more persons to act jointly with one another, or attempt any action in conjunction with one another, to obstruct or bar any hallway or door of any campus building or facility, seize control of buildings or campus facilities, prevent the meeting of or cause the disruption of any classes, or erect any type of barricades aimed at obstructing the orderly passage of persons or vehicles onto or off of campus grounds at the public, private, or parochial
schools and colleges of this state. However, nothing herein shall apply to
the activities of any labor organization or teachers' organization.

(b) Any person convicted of violating any provision of this section
shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, in addition to any lawful
penalty imposed by the institution on any student participating in conduct
prohibited by this section, shall be subject to a fine of not less than two
hundred dollars ($200) or imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not
less than six (6) months, or both.

SECTION 353. Arkansas Code § 23-32-209 is amended to read as follows:

23-32-209. Misleading actions or use of words by unauthorized persons.

(a)(1) All persons except those described in subdivision (a)(2) of

this section are prohibited from using in this state, as a portion of or in
connection with their place of business, their name or title, or in reference
to themselves in their stationery or advertising, the following words or

phrases, alone or in combination with any other word or phrase: "bank",
"banker", "bankers", "banking", "federal reserve", "trust company", "trust",
"savings and loan", "credit union", "building and loan", or any other word or
phrase which tends to induce the belief that the party using it is authorized
to engage in the business of a bank, trust company, savings and loan
association, or credit union.

(2) The prohibitions contained in subdivision (a)(1) of this

section shall not apply to those persons which discharge the burden of
proving their authority to use the words or phrases described in subdivision
(a)(1) of this section under the laws of this or another state or of the
United States.

(b) All persons except those described in subdivision (a)(2) of this

section are prohibited from doing or soliciting business in this state
substantially in the manner, or so as to induce the belief, that the
business, in whole or in part, is that of a bank, savings bank, trust
company, credit union, or savings and loan association, either by the sale of
contract or of shares of its capital stock upon partial or installment
payments thereof, or by the receipt of money, savings, dues, or other
deposits, or by the issuance of certificates of deposit or certificates of
investment of money, savings, or dues.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing the use
of the word "bankers" in combination with other words in connection with the place of business, name, and title of any finance or investment company operated in connection with, as a subsidiary to, or having joint offices with, a bank or trust company in this state, if the bank or trust company is subject to the supervision of the Bank Commissioner and if the bank or trust company has the word "bankers" alone or in combination with other words in its name or title.

(d) Each violation of subsection (a) of this section shall constitute a Class A misdemeanor which shall be punished by a fine of five hundred dollars ($500) per violation or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(e) It is declared to be public policy that this law be liberally construed in favor of its enforcement.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize any person to engage in any activity not otherwise authorized under Arkansas law.

(g) "Person" when used in this section means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, estate, limited liability company, or other unincorporated association or any other legal or commercial entity.

SECTION 354. Arkansas Code § 23-48-403 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Any person who willfully violates any provision of this subchapter, or order issued by the Bank Commissioner pursuant thereto, or any State Bank Department regulation is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) Any individual who willfully participates in a violation of any provision of this subchapter shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 355. Arkansas Code § 23-50-103 is amended to read as follows:

23-50-103. Misleading actions or use of words by unauthorized persons.

(a)(1) All persons except those described in subdivision (a)(2) of this section are prohibited from using in this state, as a portion of or in connection with their place of business, their name or title, or in reference
to themselves in their stationery or advertising, the following words or phrases, alone or in combination with any other word or phrase: "bank", "banker", "bankers", "banking", "federal reserve", "trust company", "trust", "savings and loan", "credit union", or "building and loan", or any other word or phrase which tends to induce the belief that the party using it is authorized to engage in the business of a bank, trust company, savings and loan association, or credit union.

(2) The prohibitions contained in subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall not apply to those persons who discharge the burden of proving their authority to use the words or phrases described in subdivision (a)(1) of this section under the laws of this or another state or of the United States.

(b) All persons except those described in subdivision (a)(2) of this section are prohibited from doing or soliciting business in this state substantially in the manner, or so as to induce the belief, that the business, in whole or in part, is that of a bank, savings bank, trust company, credit union, or savings and loan association, either by the sale of contract, or of shares of its capital stock upon partial or installment payments thereof, or by the receipt of money, savings, dues, or other deposits, or by the issuance of certificates of deposit or certificates of investment of money, savings, or dues.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing the use of the word "bankers" in combination with other words in connection with the place of business, name, and title of any finance or investment company operated in connection with, as a subsidiary to, or having joint offices with, a bank or trust company in this state, if the bank or trust company is subject to the supervision of the Bank Commissioner and if the bank or trust company has the word "bankers" alone or in combination with other words in its name or title.

(d) Each violation of subsection (a) of this section shall constitute a felony which shall be punished by a fine of five hundred dollars ($500) per violation or by imprisonment not exceeding one (1) year, or by both fine and imprisonment Class A misdemeanor.

(e) It is declared to be public policy that this law be liberally construed in favor of its enforcement.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize any person
to engage in any activity not otherwise authorized under Arkansas law.

SECTION 356. Arkansas Code § 23-74-703 is amended to read as follows:

23-74-703. Penalties.

(a) Any person who willfully makes a false or fraudulent statement in or relating to an application for membership or for the purpose of obtaining money from or a benefit in any society, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1000) or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than one (1) year, or both guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) Any person who willfully makes a false or fraudulent statement in any verified report or declaration under oath required or authorized by this chapter, or of any material fact or thing contained in a sworn statement concerning the death or disability of a member for that purpose of procuring payment of a benefit named in the certificate, is guilty of perjury and is subject to the penalties therefor prescribed by law shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

(c) Any person who solicits membership for, or in any manner assists in procuring membership in, any society not licensed to do business in this state, shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200).

(d) Any person guilty of a willful violation of, or neglect or refusal to comply with, this chapter for which a penalty is not otherwise prescribed, shall, shall be guilty of a violation and upon conviction, be subject to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1000).

SECTION 357. Arkansas Code § 23-77-103 is amended to read as follows:

23-77-103. Penalty.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association, copartnership, corporation, company, or other organization to organize, operate, or in any way solicit members for an automobile club or association, or offer any of the motor club services as defined in § 23-77-101, except in the manner provided in this chapter and under the rules and regulations promulgated by the Insurance Commissioner.

(b) Any person, firm, association, copartnership, corporation, company, or other organization violating the provisions of this section shall
be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisoned not more than six (6) months, or both fined and imprisoned.

SECTION 358. Arkansas Code § 23-78-104 is amended to read as follows:

23-78-104. Penalty.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association, copartnership, corporation, company, or other organization to organize, operate, or in any way solicit members for a burial association, or for participation in any plan, scheme, or device similar to burial associations, except in the manner provided by this chapter and the rules and regulations promulgated by the Burial Association Board.
(b) Any person, firm, association, copartnership, corporation, company, or other organization violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisoned not more than six (6) months, or both.

SECTION 359. Arkansas Code § 23-78-114 is amended to read as follows:

23-78-114. False claim, promise, or representation of agent.
Any burial association official, agent, or representative thereof who, for the purpose of inducing a member of one (1) association to change membership to another association, shall make any false claim, promise, or representation not authorized in the bylaws of the association represented by him or her shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both.

SECTION 360. Arkansas Code § 23-78-118 is amended to read as follows:

23-78-118. Books -- False entries prohibited
(a) Any person or burial association official who knowingly makes or allows to be made any false entry on the books of the association with intent to deceive or defraud any member thereof, or with intent to conceal the true condition of the association from the Burial Association Board or its agents or employees or any auditor authorized to examine the books of the association under the supervision of the board, shall be guilty of a Class A
misdemeanor.

(b) Upon conviction, the person shall be fined not more than two
hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or
both.

SECTION 361. Arkansas Code § 23-110-401 is amended to read as follows:
23-110-401. Accordance with license required.
(a) Any franchise holder or any person aiding or abetting in the
holding or conducting of any horse racing meet at which horse racing shall be
permitted for any stake, purse, or reward, except in accordance with a
license duly issued as provided in this subchapter, shall be guilty of a
Class A misdemeanor for each such offense and, upon conviction, shall be
punished for each offense by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars ($
5,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or by imprisonment for
not more than one (1) year, or by both fine and imprisonment.
(b) For the purposes of this subchapter, each day of racing in
violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be considered as a separate
and distinct offense.

SECTION 362. Arkansas Code § 24-4-102 is amended to read as follows:
24-4-102. Penalty.
Any person who knowingly makes any false statements or who falsifies or
permits to be falsified any record, in an attempt to defraud the system as
the result of such act, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall,
upon conviction by a court, be punished by a fine of not less than one
hundred dollars ($100) or a maximum of six (6) months in jail, or both.

SECTION 363. Arkansas Code § 24-5-102 is amended to read as follows:
24-5-102. Penalty.
Any person who knowingly makes any false statement or who falsifies any
record or records in an attempt to defraud the Arkansas State Highway
Employees’ Retirement System as a result of such act shall be guilty of a
Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not
less than one hundred dollars ($100) or imprisonment for a maximum of six (6)
months in jail, or both.
SECTION 364. Arkansas Code § 24-6-202 is amended to read as follows:

24-6-202. Penalty.

(a) Any person who knowingly makes any false statements or who falsifies or permits to be falsified any records of the State Police Retirement System or Department of Arkansas State Police, in an attempt to defraud the system as the result of that act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) Upon conviction by a court, that person shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) or a maximum of six (6) months in jail, or both guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 365. Arkansas Code § 25-17-207 is amended to read as follows:

25-17-207. Oath of members.

(a) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board member shall take, subscribe, and file in the office of the Secretary of State an oath that he or she will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Arkansas, that he or she will faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which he or she is about to enter, and that he will not be or become directly or indirectly interested in any contract made by the board.

(b)(1) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class A misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(2) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath shall be null and void.

SECTION 366. Arkansas Code § 3-3-207 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-207. Sales to persons failing to provide for families.

(a) Any person who shall sell intoxicating alcoholic liquor to any person who has been reported to the seller, by the juvenile court or any officer acting by its discretion, as failing to make a proper provision for his or her family shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisoned not less than ten (10) days nor more than sixty (60) days, or both so fined and imprisoned within the discretion of the court or
jury. The penalties prescribed herein shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law.

(b) Any person found guilty a second time shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or confined in the county jail not less than one (1) month nor more than six (6) months, or both so fined and imprisoned within the discretion of the court or jury guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 367. Arkansas Code §§ 3-3-210 and 3-3-211 are amended to read as follows:

3-3-210. Sale on Sunday or early weekday mornings.

(a) Any person who shall sell intoxicating alcoholic liquor on Sunday, except as such sales are authorized by § 3-9-215 and § 3-9-401 et seq., or between 1:00 a.m. and 7:00 a.m. on weekdays shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and for the first offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250). For the second and subsequent offenses, he shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment in the county jail for no fewer than ten (10) days nor more than six (6) months or both so fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the court or jury.

(b)(1)(A) As a further exception to the Sunday sales prohibition set out in subsection (a) of this section, counties and cities in the state in which the sale of alcoholic beverages is authorized, by the adoption of an ordinance by the county quorum court or city board or other governing body, may refer to the voters at an election the issue of whether or not to authorize the sale of alcoholic beverages on Sundays between the hours of 12:00 noon and 10:00 p.m. or within a lesser period within such hours as may be provided in the ordinance.

(B) The Sunday sale of alcoholic beverages as authorized in this subsection (b) shall be limited to those businesses within such county or city which possess a current and valid license for the sale of alcoholic beverages issued by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division.

(2)(A) The election shall be conducted on a citywide or countywide basis.

(B) All qualified electors within the city or county, as
the case may be, shall be eligible to vote even though they may reside in a
dry area thereof.

(C) The election on the Sunday sales question shall be
held in accordance with the procedures established for on-premises
consumption elections by § 3-9-201 et seq., and the ballot for such election
shall be printed substantially as follows:

"( ) FOR THE SALE FOR ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES ON SUNDAY IN (NAME OF
CITY OR COUNTY), ARKANSAS, AS AUTHORIZED BY LAW.
AGAINST THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES ON SUNDAY IN (NAME OF
CITY OR COUNTY), ARKANSAS, AS AUTHORIZED BY LAW."

(3)(A) The vote of the majority of the electors in a citywide
election approving Sunday sales shall authorize such sales in all permitted
outlets located within the incorporated areas of such city only.

(B) The vote of the majority of the electors in a
countywide election approving Sunday sales shall authorize such sales in all
permitted outlets located anywhere within such county.

(4) The vote of the majority of the electors against the sale of
alcoholic beverages on Sunday will have no effect on any area which had
previously approved Sunday sales of mixed drinks in hotels and restaurants as
authorized by § 3-9-215.

(c) Notwithstanding the authority granted to counties and cities in
this section, wholesale distributors of intoxicating alcoholic liquor may not
sell or deliver any alcoholic beverages to retailers on a Sunday.

3-3-211. Sales on Christmas Day.

(a) It shall be unlawful to sell intoxicating liquors on Christmas
Day.

(b) Any person who shall sell intoxicating alcoholic liquors on
Christmas Day shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be fined not
less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars
($1,000) or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days
nor more than six (6) months, or both so fined and imprisoned within the
discretion of the court or jury.

SECTION 368. Arkansas Code § 3-3-214 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-214. Sale of denatured alcohol.
(a) It is unlawful for any person to sell, give away, or dispose of denatured alcohol for any beverage purposes whatsoever.

(b) Any person who shall sell, give away, or dispose of denatured alcohol for any beverage purpose whatsoever shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and for the first offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250). For the second and subsequent offenses, he or she shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year, or both so fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the jury.

(c) Any person who shall sell, give away, or dispose of denatured alcohol to a habitual drunkard or an intoxicated person shall be prima facie guilty of selling denatured alcohol for beverage purposes and subject to the penalties herein provided.

SECTION 369. Arkansas Code § 3-3-216 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-216. Possession or sale of untaxed liquor.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to buy, bargain, sell, loan, own, have in possession, or knowingly transport in this state any intoxicating liquor of any kind upon which the Arkansas excise tax prescribed by law has not been paid.

(b) Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), or imprisoned for not more than six (6) months, or both so fined and imprisoned.

(c) However, it shall constitute a Class A misdemeanor for any person to transport intoxicating liquor from another state without the Arkansas excise tax having been paid on the liquor if the court determines that the defendant was transporting the intoxicating liquor for the purpose of resale.

SECTION 370. Arkansas Code § 3-3-310 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-310. Solicitation or taking orders.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation in this state in person, by letter, circular, or other printed matter, or in any
other manner, to solicit or take orders in this state for any alcoholic,
vinous, malt, spirituous, or fermented liquors or any compound or preparation
thereof commonly called tonic, bitters, or medicated liquors, or any other
liquors, bitters, or drinks prohibited by the laws of this state to be sold,
bartered, or otherwise disposed of.

(b) The prohibition of this section shall apply to such liquors,
bitters, and drinks, whether the parties intend that the liquors, bitters, or
drinks shall be shipped into this state from outside of the state or from one
point in this state to another point in this state.

(c) The taking or soliciting of orders for the above-described liquors
is within the inhibition of this section, although the orders are subject to
approval by some other person, and no part of the price is paid, nor any part
of the goods is delivered when the order is taken.

(d) If such order is in writing, parol evidence thereof is
admissible without producing or accounting for the absence of the original.

(e) Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions
of this section, except as otherwise expressly provided herein, upon
conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not
more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each offense and may be confined
not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days in the county
jail guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

(f) The prosecuting attorney or his deputy shall be allowed for each
conviction in cases prosecuted by him under this section the sum of twenty-
five dollars ($25.00).

SECTION 371. Arkansas Code § 3-5-203 is amended to read as follows:
3-5-203. Penalties.

(a) Any violation of the provisions of this subchapter or of any rule
or regulation of the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division or
the violation of any rule or regulation of city legislative bodies relative
to the conduct of this business shall be a Class B misdemeanor. The
punishment shall be by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500)
and imprisonment for not more than six (6) months in the discretion of the
court.

(b) Any person convicted of the violation of any provision of this
subchapter, which violation is defined by this subchapter as a misdemeanor
and for which no specific punishment is in this subchapter provided, shall, upon conviction, be punished as otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 372. Arkansas Code § 3-5-210 is amended to read as follows:

3-5-210. Sale or manufacture without state permit unlawful.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, any person who shall brew, manufacture, or sell any liquor as defined by this subchapter without first having secured a permit from the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division authorizing the brewing, manufacturing, or sale of such liquor shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in § 3-5-203.

(b) Home manufacturers of beer or wine in quantities not to exceed two hundred (200) gallons per year shall be exempt as provided in §§ 3-5-205(f)(2) and 3-5-207(b) from the permit requirements for the manufacture of beer and wine and shall not be prosecuted for brewing or manufacturing beer or wine without a permit.

SECTION 373. Arkansas Code § 3-5-222 is amended to read as follows:

3-5-222. Nudity on premises prohibited - Penalty - Regulations.

(a) No person who has received a permit under any law of the State of Arkansas for the sale or dispensing of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption shall suffer or permit any person to appear on the permitted premises in such manner or attire as to expose to view any portion of the pubic area, anus, vulva, or genitals or any simulation thereof, nor suffer or permit any female to appear on the premises in such manner or attire as to expose to view any portion of her breast below the top of the areola or any simulation thereof.

(b) Any retail beer permittee violating this section shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in § 3-5-203 guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

(c) The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board shall promulgate such regulations as it deems necessary for the implementation of this section.

SECTION 374. Arkansas Code § 3-5-403 is amended to read as follows:

3-5-403. Penalty.

Whoever shall violate any provision of this subchapter or any reasonable rule or regulation adopted by the Director of the Alcoholic
Beverage Control Division or the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration of this state shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to the other penalties prescribed in this subchapter, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not to exceed ninety (90) days, or by both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court or jury trying the case guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 375. Arkansas Code § 3-5-502 is amended to read as follows:
3-5-502. Penalty.
Any person who shall knowingly or illegally violate any of the provisions of this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine in an amount of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten (10) nor more than thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 376. Arkansas Code § 3-9-302 is amended to read as follows:
3-9-302. Penalties.
If any cafe or restaurant licensed to sell wines as authorized in this subchapter shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter or any of the provisions of other laws of this state regarding the sales of wine at retail, the owner or operator of the cafe or restaurant shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Upon conviction, the owner or operator shall be fined in the sum of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days, or be both so fined and imprisoned.

SECTION 377. Arkansas Code § 3-9-605 is amended to read as follows:
3-9-605. Penalties.
(a) If any facility licensed under this subchapter to sell wines for consumption on the premises shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter or any of the provisions of other laws of this state regarding the sales of wine at retail, the owner or operator of the facility shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
(b) Upon conviction, the owner or operator shall be fined in the sum of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days or be both so fined and imprisoned.

SECTION 378. Arkansas Code § 4-75-404 is amended to read as follows:

4-75-404. Penalties - Persons subject to penalties.

(a) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this subchapter, any person who is a party to any agreement or understanding, or to any contract prescribing any condition prohibited by this subchapter, any employee, agent, or officer of any person who shall participate, in any manner, in making, executing, enforcing, performing, or in urging, aiding, or abetting in the performance of any such contract, condition, agreement, or understanding, and any person who shall pay or give or contract to pay or give any thing or service of value prohibited by this subchapter, and any person who shall receive or accept or contract to receive or accept any thing or service of value prohibited by this subchapter shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(b) Each day's violation of this subchapter shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 379. Arkansas Code § 4-75-804 is amended to read as follows:

4-75-804. Penalties.

The sale, offer, or advertisement for sale of fresh milk in violation of the provisions of §§ 4-75-801 - 4-75-806, 4-75-808, and 4-75-809 is declared to be for the purpose of destroying competition and any person, firm, or corporation found to be in violation hereof shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or sentenced to the county jail for a period of not less than one (1) day nor more than thirty (30) days, or both. Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 380. Arkansas Code § 5-40-103 is amended to read as follows:
5-40-103. Removal of improvements to land after forfeiture to state.

(a) In all cases where any lands or town or city lots have been forfeited to the State of Arkansas for the nonpayment of taxes and the title of the state to any such lands or town or city lots has been confirmed thereto, it shall be unlawful after the date of such confirmation decrees for the former owner or any other person to remove from those lands, town, or city lots any buildings, fences, or other improvements thereon or to buy or sell any such building, fences, or other improvements.

(b) Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), and such person shall be liable to the State of Arkansas for treble the amount of the value of the improvements, as defined in subsection (a) of this section, so sold, damaged, or removed.

SECTION 381. Arkansas Code § 5-60-116 is amended to read as follows:

5-60-116. Breathing, inhaling, or drinking certain intoxicating compounds.

(a) No person shall breathe, inhale, or drink any compound, liquid, or chemical containing toluol, hexane, trichloroethylene, acetone, toluene, ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, trichlorathane, isopropanol, methyl isobutyl ketone, methyl cellosolve acetate, cyclohexanone, or any other similar substance or any gasoline or similar substance for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, stupefaction, depression, giddiness, paralysis, or irrational behavior or in any manner changing, distorting, or disturbing the auditory, visual, or mental processes. For the purposes of this section, any condition so induced shall be deemed to be an intoxicated condition.

(b)(1) This section shall not apply to any person who commits any act described herein pursuant to the direction or prescription of a licensed physician or dentist authorized to so direct or prescribe.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to the inhalation of anesthesia for medical or dental purposes.

(c) Any person who shall violate any provision of this section shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred
dollars ($200) or imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, or both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 382. Arkansas Code § 5-68-503 is amended to read as follows: 5-68-503. Penalties.

Any person violating any provision of this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment of not less than three (3) months nor more than six (6) months, or both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 383. Arkansas Code § 5-72-104 is amended to read as follows: 5-72-104. Leaving timber in navigable stream, drainage ditch, or stream bed.

(a) It is unlawful for any person, partnership, company, or corporation cutting any timber or trees in this state to leave any tree top, tree trunk, or tree limbs in any navigable stream, drainage ditch, or stream bed of any improved drainage project.

(b) Every person, partnership, company, or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisonment for not less than ten (10) days nor more than ninety (90) days, or both fine and imprisonment, and each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 384. Arkansas Code § 6-2-113 is amended to read as follows: 6-2-113. Prohibition on gaming and liquor sales.

(a) To protect the youth assembled at institutions organized under the provisions of this chapter, while removed from the customary restraints of home and parental watch-care, it is declared to be a misdemeanor to entice any student of such institution into the practice of gaming or to furnish any student any device or instrument for gaming or any intoxicating liquors of any kind whatever.

(b) If the institution is located in a city or any incorporated town or village, where a majority of the legal voters embraced in the territory within three (3) miles of the institution so decide by petition to the county
court, then any billiard room, bowling alley, or race course, or any device
or instrument for gaming, or any brothel or house of ill fame, or theatrical
or circus exhibition, or public place where intoxicating liquors are either
given away or sold, except for mechanical or medicinal purposes, within three
(3) miles of the site of the institution shall be prohibited by the court.

(c) Any person who violates such regulation established by the court
shall be punished by fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more
than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or imprisoned in the county jail not less
than ten (10) days nor longer than three (3) months, or both, at the
discretion of the court guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 385. Arkansas Code § 6-20-816 is amended to read as follows:
6-20-816. Fees prohibited.
(a) No fees of any nature, fiscal agent’s, legal, or otherwise, shall
be paid, either directly or indirectly, for any service performed with
respect to any loan made under the provisions of this subchapter.
(b) Any person who shall give or receive any such fee, or any person
who shall use or cause to be used the proceeds of any such loan for any
school purpose other than that for which it is made, shall be guilty of a
Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum of not more
than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the county jail not
exceeding six (6) months, or punished by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 386. Arkansas Code § 6-21-410 is amended to read as follows:
6-21-410. Illegal acts involving school officials. [Effective July 1, 2000.]
(a)(1) It shall be illegal for the Director of the Department of
Education or any other employee connected with the Department of Education,
any member of any selecting committee, or any member of any school board to
accept or receive any money, gift, property, or favor whatsoever from any
person, firm, or corporation, or any agent thereof offering for sale any item
pursuant to this subchapter or from any person in any way interested in such
sale.
(2) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is
found guilty of violating this subsection (a) shall be subject to a fine not
to exceed five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment in the county jail for
a period not to exceed six (6) months, or both guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

(3) Any fines collected under this subsection (a) shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Public School Fund.

(b)(1) It shall be illegal for any teacher in the public schools of Arkansas or any person connected with the public school system of Arkansas in any capacity to have any interest in the profits, proceeds, or sale of any school textbooks or other instructional materials used in the schools of Arkansas under his or her charge or with which he or she is connected in any official capacity, provided, this provision shall not apply nor have any reference to royalties or fees received by a person from the sale of school books or other instructional materials of which he or she is the author.

(2) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating this subsection (b) shall be guilty of a violation and subject to a fine of no less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200).

(3) Any fines collected under this subsection (b) shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Public School Fund.

(c)(1) It shall be illegal for any person directly or indirectly to promise or offer to give or cause to be promised, offered, or given any money, good, bribe, present, reward, or any valuable thing whatsoever to the Director of the Department of Education, his or her assistants, or any other employee of the Department of Education, the Director of the Department of Workforce Education, his or her assistants, or any other employee of the Department of Workforce Education, any school board members, teachers, or other persons with the intent of influencing their decisions on any questions, matters, causes, or proceedings in the selection of any textbooks or other instructional materials.

(2) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating this subsection (c) shall be subject to a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or both guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

(3) Any fines collected under this subsection (c) shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Public School Fund.
SECTION 387. Arkansas Code § 6-43-101 is amended to read as follows:

6-43-101. Board of trustees.

(a) There is created an honorary board constituting the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas School for the Blind and the Arkansas School for the Deaf.

(b)(1) The board shall consist of five (5) members.

(2) The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members of the board.

(3) The Secretary of State shall furnish a certificate to each board member within ten (10) days following appointment, whereupon the appointee shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of his or her acceptance of the appointment within thirty (30) days, and if the appointee fails to give notice of his or her acceptance within the time required, then the appointment shall be declared void and another appointment shall be made.

(c)(1) Members of the board appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this section, in addition to possessing the qualifications of an elector, shall reside in the State of Arkansas.

(2)(A) The Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Commissioner of State Lands, Supreme Court Justices, and the directing head of any state department, state agency, or state institution shall be ineligible for membership on the board provided for in this section during the time for which he or she was elected or appointed.

(B) No individual may be a member of more than one (1) of the boards created under the provisions of this section and § 25-17-201 at the same time.

(3) There shall be at all times one (1) member of the board who is a deaf person who fluently utilizes deaf sign language.

(d)(1) The term of office for each member shall commence on January 15 and shall end on January 14 of the fifth year following the year in which the regular term commenced.

(2) The Governor shall submit to the Senate for approval, on or before the fourteenth day following the commencement of each regular session of the General Assembly, the names of all unconfirmed appointments made by him or her to fill expired terms and the names of appointments to fill the
terms expiring during the regular session of the General Assembly. The
members appointed by the Governor to fill vacancies caused by the expiration
of the terms of members may qualify and hold office until the appointments
are rejected by the Senate.

(e) Any vacancies arising in the membership of the board for any
reason other than the expiration of the regular terms for which the members
were appointed shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, subject to
the approval by a majority of the remaining members of the board, and shall
be thereafter effective until the expiration of the regular terms.

(f)(1) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board
member shall take and subscribe, and file in the office of the Secretary of
State, an oath to support the United States Constitution and Arkansas
Constitution, and to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which
he or she is about to enter, and that he or she will not be or become
interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the board.

(2)(A) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class B misdemeanor
and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500)
or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and
imprisonment.

(B) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath
shall be null and void.

(g) The board of trustees shall meet at least monthly and shall fix a
regular date for the monthly meeting.

(h) Each member of the board may receive expense reimbursement in
accordance with § 25-16-901 et seq.

(i)(1) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the
board before the expiration of his or her term for cause only, after notice
and hearing.

(2) The removal shall become effective only when approved in
writing by a majority of the total number of the board, but the member
removed or his or her successor shall have no right to vote on the question
of removal.

(3) The removal action shall be filed with the Secretary of
State together with a complete record of the proceedings at the hearing.

(4)(A) An appeal may be taken to the Pulaski County Circuit
Court by the Governor or the member ordered removed, and the appeal shall be
tried de novo on the record of the hearing before the Governor.

(B) An appeal may be taken from the circuit court to the
Supreme Court, which shall likewise be tried de novo.

SECTION 388. Arkansas Code § 6-61-301 is amended to read as follows:
6-61-301. Incorporation generally.
(a)(1)(A) Individuals desiring to establish a postsecondary education
institution in the State of Arkansas, other than a state-supported
institution, a school as defined by §§ 6-51-601 et seq., or a school which is
regulated by the State Board of Cosmetology, shall be required to incorporate
under the applicable laws of the State of Arkansas and to receive
certification for offering educational programs from the Arkansas Higher
Education Coordinating Board.

(B) Any postsecondary education institution located in
another state, other than those covered by §§ 6-51-601 et seq., or those
regulated by the State Board of Cosmetology, which desires to offer
coursework or degrees in the State of Arkansas shall be required, prior to
offering any coursework, to obtain certification to do so from the Arkansas
Higher Education Coordinating Board.

(C) Any postsecondary education institution in the State
of Arkansas desiring to offer programs leading to a degree which is
customarily granted by colleges or universities shall be required to obtain
certification to grant such degree from the Arkansas Higher Education
Coordinating Board.

(2) State-supported vocational and technical schools,
institutions covered under §§ 6-51-601 et seq., or institutions regulated by
the State Board of Cosmetology shall be required to obtain approval for
programs in which such degrees would be granted from both the State Board of
Higher Education and the State Board of Education.

(3) Nonpublic colleges and universities currently incorporated
and operating under the applicable laws of this state shall not be required
to receive such certification.

(b) The Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board shall be
empowered to establish the criteria required for certification and to
promulgate rules and regulations for the purpose of carrying out the
provisions of this chapter and shall be charged with the final responsibility
for decisions as required by the chapter.

(c) Any person violating the provisions of subdivision (a)(1)(B) or (C) or subsection (b) shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned in the county jail not more than three (3) months.

(d)(1) To secure legal existence by act of incorporation, the individuals desiring to become a corporation as trustees of a college, university, or other postsecondary institution shall prepare a charter for the proposed institution and shall present the charter to the Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board.

(2) If the Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board determines that the charter is in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Arkansas and the rules and regulations of the Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board, the board shall issue to the trustees a certificate appended to a copy of the charter with the Great Seal of the State of Arkansas attached.

(3) The certificate shall state that the accompanying charter is granted to the trustees, that they have complied with the provisions of law, and that they are thereby constituted the board of directors of that institution and invested with all powers prescribed in the charter.

(4) A copy of the charter and certificate shall be filed with the Secretary of State and recorded by him or her in a book to be kept for the purpose.

(5) The Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board shall have the power, after giving thirty (30) days’ notice in writing to the trustees to show cause why such action should not be taken, to revoke any certification issued by the board whenever the board shall find, after proper investigation, that the institution is conferring degrees or diplomas without requiring sufficient work therefor or is in violation of any of the provisions of the laws of this state or the regulations of the board relative thereto.

SECTION 389. Arkansas Code § 6-65-201 is amended to read as follows:

6-65-201. Board of Trustees of Arkansas State University.

(a) There is created an honorary board constituting the Board of Trustees of Arkansas State University.
(b)(1) The board shall consist of five (5) members appointed from the state at large.

(2) The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members of the board.

(3) The Secretary of State shall furnish a certificate to each board member within ten (10) days following appointment, whereupon the appointee shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of his or her acceptance of such appointment within thirty (30) days, and if such appointee shall fail to give such notice of his or her acceptance within the time required, then the appointment shall be declared void and another appointment shall be made.

(c)(1) Members of the board appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this section, in addition to possessing the qualifications of an elector, shall reside in the State of Arkansas.

(2)(A) The Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Commissioner of State Lands, Justices of the Supreme Court, and the director or employees of any state department, state agency, or state institution shall be ineligible for membership on the board provided for in this section during the time for which he or she was elected or appointed.

(B) No individual may be a member of more than one (1) of the boards created under the provisions of § 25-17-201 at the same time.

(d)(1) The term of office for each member shall commence on January 15 and shall end on January 14 of the fifth year following the year in which the regular term commenced.

(2) The Governor shall submit to the Senate for approval, on or before the fourteenth day following the commencement of each regular session of the General Assembly, the names of all unconfirmed appointments made by him or her to fill expired terms and the names of appointments to fill the terms expiring during the regular session of the General Assembly. The members appointed by the Governor to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of members may qualify and hold office until the appointments are rejected by the Senate.

(e) Vacancies on the board shall be filled by appointments by the Governor from the state at large.

(f) Any vacancies arising in the membership of the board for any
reason other than the expiration of the regular terms for which the members were appointed shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, subject to the approval by a majority of the remaining members of the board and shall be thereafter effective until the expiration of the regular terms.

(g)(1) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board member shall take and subscribe, and file in the office of the Secretary of State, an oath to support the United States Constitution and the Arkansas Constitution, and to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which he or she is about to enter, and that he or she will not be or become interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the board.

(2)(A) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(B) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath shall be null and void.

(h) Members of the board provided for in this section may receive expense reimbursement in accordance with § 25-16-901 et seq.

(i)(1) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the board before the expiration of his or her term for cause only, after notice and hearing.

(2) The removal shall become effective only when approved in writing by a majority of the total number of the board, but the member removed or his or her successor shall have no right to vote on the question of removal.

(3) The removal action shall be filed with the Secretary of State together with a complete record of the proceedings at the hearing.

(4)(A) An appeal may be taken to the Pulaski County Circuit Court by the Governor or the member ordered removed, and the appeal shall be tried de novo on the record of the hearing before the Governor.

(B) An appeal may be taken from the circuit court to the Supreme Court, which shall likewise be tried de novo.

SECTION 390. Arkansas Code § 6-65-301 is amended to read as follows:

6-65-301. Board of Trustees of Arkansas Tech University.

(a) There is created an honorary board constituting the Board of
Trustees of Arkansas Tech University.

(b)(1) The board shall consist of five (5) members to be appointed from the counties in the Second Agricultural and Mechanical District.

(2) The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members of the board.

(3) The Secretary of State shall furnish a certificate to each board member within ten (10) days following appointment, whereupon the appointee shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of his or her acceptance of such appointment within thirty (30) days, and if such appointee shall fail to give such notice of his or her acceptance within the time required, then the appointment shall be declared void and another appointment shall be made.

(c)(1) Members of the board appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this section, in addition to possessing the qualifications of an elector, shall reside in the State of Arkansas.

(2)(A) The Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Commissioner of State Lands, Justices of the Supreme Court, and the director or employees of any state department, state agency, or state institution shall be ineligible for membership on the board provided for in this section during the time for which he or she was elected or appointed.

(B) No individual may be a member of more than one (1) of the boards created under the provisions of § 25-17-201 at the same time.

(d)(1) The term of office for each member shall commence on January 15 and shall end on January 14 of the fifth year following the year in which the regular term commenced.

(2) The Governor shall submit to the Senate for approval, on or before the fourteenth day following the commencement of each regular session of the General Assembly the names of all unconfirmed appointments made by him or her to fill expired terms and the names of appointments to fill the terms expiring during the regular session of the General Assembly. The members appointed by the Governor to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of members may qualify and hold office until the appointments are rejected by the Senate.

(e) Any vacancies arising in the membership of the board for any reason other than the expiration of the regular terms for which the members
were appointed shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, subject to
the approval by a majority of the remaining members of the board and shall be
thereafter effective until the expiration of the regular terms.

(f)(1) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board
member shall take and subscribe, and file in the office of the Secretary of
State, an oath to support the United States Constitution and the Arkansas
Constitution, and to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which
he or she is about to enter, and that he or she will not be or become
interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the board.

(2)(A) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class B misdemeanor
and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500)
or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and
imprisonment.

(B) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath
shall be null and void.

(g) Members of the board provided for in this section may receive
expense reimbursement in accordance with § 25-16-901 et seq.

(h)(1) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the
board before the expiration of his or her term for cause only, after notice
and hearing.

(2) The removal shall become effective only when approved in
writing by a majority of the total number of the board, but the member
removed or his or her successor shall have no right to vote on the question
of removal.

(3) The removal action shall be filed with the Secretary of
State together with a complete record of the proceedings at the hearing.

(4)(A) An appeal may be taken to the Pulaski County Circuit
Court by the Governor or the member ordered removed, and the appeal shall be
tried de novo on the record of the hearing before the Governor.

(B) An appeal may be taken from the circuit court to the
Supreme Court, which shall likewise be tried de novo.
University.

(b) The board shall constitute the Board of Trustees of Southern Arkansas University and shall be appointed from the counties in the Third Agricultural and Mechanical College District.

(c)(1) All board members appointed under the provisions of this section shall be qualified electors and shall reside in the State of Arkansas.

(2) The Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Commissioner of State Lands, and Justices of the Supreme Court and the director or employees of any state department, state agency, or state institution shall not be eligible for membership on the board appointed under this section.

(d) The Governor shall submit to the Senate for approval, on or before the fourteenth day following the commencement of each regular session of the General Assembly, the names of all unconfirmed appointments made by him or her to fill expired terms and the names of appointments to fill the terms expiring during the regular session of the General Assembly. However, members appointed by the Governor to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of members may qualify and hold office until such appointments shall be rejected by the Senate.

(e)(1) The Secretary of State shall furnish a certificate to each board member within ten (10) days following appointment, whereupon the appointee shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of his or her acceptance of the appointment within thirty (30) days.

(2) If the appointee fails to give such notice of his or her acceptance within the time required, then the appointment shall be declared void and another appointment shall be made.

(f)(1) The regular term of office of the members of the board to be appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this section shall be arranged in such a manner that the term of one (1) of the board members shall expire on January 14 of each year.

(2) The term of office shall commence on January 15 immediately following the expiration date of the preceding term and shall end on January 14 of the fifth year following the year in which the regular term commenced.

(g) Any vacancies arising in the membership of the board for any reason other than the expiration of the regular terms for which the members
were appointed shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, subject to
the approval by a majority of the remaining members of the board and shall be
thereafter effective until the expiration of the regular term unless the
appointment is rejected by the Senate at the next regular session of the
General Assembly.

(h)(1) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board
member shall take, subscribe, and file in the office of the Secretary of
State an oath to support the United States Constitution and the Arkansas
Constitution and to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which he
or she is about to enter, and that he or she will not be or become
interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the board.

(2)(A) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class B misdemeanor
and the punishment for the violation shall be by fine of not less than five
hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or
by both fine and imprisonment.

(B) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath
shall be null and void.

(i)(1) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the
board before the expiration of his or her term for cause only, after notice
and hearing.

(2) The removal shall become effective only when approved in
writing by a majority of the total number of the board, but without the right
to vote by the member to be removed or his or her successor, which action
shall be filed with the Secretary of State with a complete record of the
proceedings at the hearing.

(3)(A) An appeal may be taken to the Pulaski County Circuit
Court by the Governor or the member ordered removed, and the cause shall be
tried de novo on the record of the hearing before the Governor.

(B) An appeal may be taken from the circuit court to the
Supreme Court, which shall likewise be tried de novo.

SECTION 392. Arkansas Code § 6-66-101 is amended to read as follows:
6-66-101. Board of Trustees of Henderson State University.

(a) There is created an honorary board constituting the Board of
Trustees of Henderson State University, which is made and continued a body
politic and corporate.
(b)(1) The board shall consist of seven (7) members.

(2) The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members of the board.

(3) The Secretary of State shall furnish a certificate to each board member within ten (10) days following appointment, whereupon the appointee shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of his or her acceptance of such appointment within thirty (30) days, and if such appointee shall fail to give such notice of his or her acceptance within the time required, then the appointment shall be declared void and another appointment shall be made.

(c)(1) Members of the board appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this section, in addition to possessing the qualifications of an elector, shall reside in the State of Arkansas.

(2)(A) The Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Commissioner of State Lands, Justices of the Supreme Court, and the director or employees of any state department, state agency, or state institution shall be ineligible for membership on the board provided for in this section during the time for which he or she was elected or appointed.

(B) No individual may be a member of more than one (1) of the boards created under the provisions of § 25-17-201 at the same time.

(d)(1) The term of office for each member shall commence on January 15 and shall end on January 14 of the seventh year following the year in which the regular term commenced.

(2) The Governor shall submit to the Senate for approval, on or before the fourteenth day following the commencement of each regular session of the General Assembly the names of all unconfirmed appointments made by him or her to fill expired terms and the names of appointments to fill the terms expiring during the regular session of the General Assembly. The members appointed by the Governor to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of members may qualify and hold office until the appointments are rejected by the Senate.

(e) Any vacancies arising in the membership of the board for any reason other than the expiration of the regular terms for which the members were appointed shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, subject to the approval by a majority of the remaining members of the board, and shall
be thereafter effective until the expiration of the regular terms.

    (f)(1) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board
member shall take and subscribe and file in the office of the Secretary of
State an oath to support the United States Constitution and the Arkansas
Constitution, and to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which
he or she is about to enter, and that he or she will not be or become
interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the board.

    (2)(A) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class B misdemeanor
and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500)
or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and
imprisonment.

    (B) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath
shall be null and void.

    (g)(1)(A) There shall be one (1) regular meeting of the board each
year to be held within thirty (30) days after the close of commencement week.

    (B) Called meetings may be held at the request of the
president or of any two (2) members of the board if at least seven (7) days’
written notice is given in advance to each member of the called meeting,
except in cases of emergency, when three (3) days’ notice will suffice.

    (2) The board shall elect from its members a chair who shall
preside at the meetings of the board, a vice chair who shall preside at the
meetings of the board in the absence of the regular chair, and a secretary
who shall keep the records of the meetings of the board. The secretary need
not be a member of the board.

    (3) A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum.

    (4) Members of the board provided for in this section may
receive expense reimbursement in accordance with § 25-16-901 et seq.

    (h)(1) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the
board before the expiration of his or her term for cause only, after notice
and hearing.

    (2) The removal shall become effective only when approved in
writing by a majority of the total number of the board, but the member
removed or his or her successor shall have no right to vote on the question
of removal.

    (3) The removal action shall be filed with the Secretary of
State together with a complete record of the proceedings at the hearing.
(4)(A) An appeal may be taken to the Pulaski County Circuit Court by the Governor or the member ordered removed, and the appeal shall be tried de novo on the record of the hearing before the Governor.

(B) An appeal may be taken from the circuit court to the Supreme Court, which shall likewise be tried de novo.

SECTION 393. Arkansas Code § 6-67-102 is amended to read as follows:

6-67-102. Board of Trustees of the University of Central Arkansas.

(a) There is created an honorary board constituting the Board of Trustees of the University of Central Arkansas, which is made and constituted a body politic and corporate.

(b)(1) The board shall consist of seven (7) members.

(2) The Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members of the board.

(3) The Secretary of State shall furnish a certificate to each board member within ten (10) days following appointment, whereupon the appointee shall notify the Governor and the Secretary of State in writing of his or her acceptance of such appointment within thirty (30) days, and if such appointee shall fail to give such notice of his or her acceptance within the time required, then the appointment shall be declared void and another appointment shall be made.

(c)(1) Members of the board appointed by the Governor under the provisions of this section, in addition to possessing the qualifications of an elector, shall reside in the State of Arkansas.

(2)(A) The Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Commissioner of State Lands, Justices of the Supreme Court, and the director or employees of any state department, state agency, or state institution shall be ineligible for membership on the board provided for in this section during the time for which he or she was elected or appointed.

(B) No individual may be a member of more than one (1) of the boards created under the provisions of § 25-17-201 at the same time.

(d)(1) The term of office for each member shall commence on January 15 and shall end on January 14 of the seventh year following the year in which the regular term commenced.

(2) The Governor shall submit to the Senate for approval, on or
before the fourteenth day following the commencement of each regular session of the General Assembly, the names of all unconfirmed appointments made by him or her to fill expired terms and the names of appointments to fill the terms expiring during the regular session of the General Assembly. The members appointed by the Governor to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the terms of members may qualify and hold office until the appointments are rejected by the Senate.

(e) Any vacancies arising in the membership of the board for any reason other than the expiration of the regular terms for which the members were appointed shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, subject to the approval by a majority of the remaining members of the board, and shall be thereafter effective until the expiration of the regular terms.

(f)(1) Before entering upon his or her respective duties, each board member shall take and subscribe, and file in the office of the Secretary of State, an oath to support the United States Constitution and the Arkansas Constitution to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which he or she is about to enter, and that he or she will not be or become interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract made by the board.

(2)(A) Any violation of the oath shall be a Class B misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(B) Any contract entered into in violation of the oath shall be null and void.

(g)(1)(A) There shall be one (1) regular meeting of the board each year, to be held within thirty (30) days after the close of commencement week.

(B) Called meetings may be held at the request of the president or of any two (2) members of the board if at least seven (7) days’ written notice is given in advance to each member of the called meeting, except in cases of emergency, when three (3) days’ notice is sufficient.

(2) The board shall elect from its members a chair who shall preside at the meetings of the board, a vice chair who shall preside at the meetings of the board in the absence of the regular chair, and a secretary who shall keep the records of the meetings of the board. The secretary need not be a member of the board.
(3) A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum.

(4) Members of the board provided for in this section may receive expense reimbursement in accordance with § 25-16-901 et seq.

(h)(1) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the board before the expiration of his or her term for cause only, after notice and hearing.

(2) The removal shall become effective only when approved in writing by a majority of the total number of the board, but the member removed or his or her successor shall have no right to vote on the question of removal.

(3) The removal action shall be filed with the Secretary of State together with a complete record of the proceedings at the hearing.

(4)(A) An appeal may be taken to the Pulaski County Circuit Court by the Governor or the member ordered removed, and the appeal shall be tried de novo on the record of the hearing before the Governor.

(B) An appeal may be taken from the circuit court to the Supreme Court, which shall likewise be tried de novo.

SECTION 394. Arkansas Code § 7-6-105 is amended to read as follows:

7-6-105. Use of sound equipment — Penalty for interference.

(a) When any citizen of Arkansas becomes a candidate in any primary or general election and complies with all the laws pertaining thereto, then the candidate shall be entitled to go into any city, town, municipality, or rural community in Arkansas and operate his acoustical or sound equipment between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. notwithstanding any town or city ordinance to the contrary.

(b) Any person who interferes in any manner with the right granted in this section shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than one (1) month nor more than six (6) months, or both guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

SECTION 395. Arkansas Code § 16-43-212 is amended to read as follows:

16-43-212. Criminal proceedings - Issuance of subpoenas pursuant to investigations.

(a) The prosecuting attorneys and their deputies may issue subpoenas
in all criminal matters they are investigating and may administer oaths for
the purpose of taking the testimony of witnesses subpoenaed before them.
Such oath when administered by the prosecuting attorney or his or her deputy
shall have the same effect as if administered by the foreman of the grand
jury. The subpoena shall be substantially in the following form:
"The State of Arkansas to the Sheriff of __________ County: You are
commanded to summon __________ to attend before the Prosecuting Attorney at
__________ on the ________, A.D. 19________, at _____M., and testify in the
matter of an investigation then to be conducted by the said Prosecuting
Attorney growing out of a representation that __________ has committed the
crime of __________ in said County. Witness my hand this __________ A.D. 19
20___.

________________________________________
Prosecuting Attorney

By _____________________________________
Deputy Prosecuting Attorney"

(b) The subpoena provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall
be served in the manner as provided by law and shall be returned, and a
record made and kept, as provided by law for grand jury subpoenas. The fees
and mileage of officers serving the subpoenas and of witnesses in appearances
in answer to the subpoenas shall be the same, and shall be paid in the same
manner, as provided by law for grand jury witnesses.
(c) The failure of any officer to serve the subpoena or of a witness
to appear on the returned date thereof shall constitute a Class B misdemeanor
and be punishable by fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than
one hundred dollars ($100) or by imprisonment in the county jail not to
exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 396. Arkansas Code § 16-43-602 is amended to read as follows:
Any person who refuses to give testimony after an order has been issued
by the circuit court for the judicial district in which the proceeding is or
may be held directing him or her to give such testimony, as provided in this
subchapter, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed the sum of fifty
dollars ($50.00) or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to
exceed ninety (90) days, or both guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Each
refusal of the witness to so testify shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 397. Arkansas Code § 16-105-203 is amended to read as follows:
16-105-203. Penalties.
(a) If any person shall break into or enter or use any building or
place while closed under a preliminary injunction granted under the
provisions of this subchapter, or shall violate any permanent injunction
under the provisions of this subchapter, he or she shall be subject to
punishment for contempt.
(b) Upon conviction for the contempt, the person shall be imprisoned
in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6)
months and may also be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00)
guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. The building or place shall be closed and
not thereafter used for any purpose whatever for a period of twelve (12)
months, except by order of the court having cognizance of the case.

SECTION 398. Arkansas Code § 17-32-103 is amended to read as follows:
17-32-103. Penalty.
Any person who violates this chapter or who does any of the following
shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less
than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200) or
imprisonment for a period not exceeding three (3) months, or both:
(1) Publicly practices or offers to publicly practice geology
for others in this state without being registered in accordance with this
chapter;
(2) Presents or attempts to use as his or her own the
certificate of registration or the seal of another;
(3) Gives any false or forged evidence of any kind to the State
Board of Registration for Professional Geologists or to any member of the
board in obtaining a certificate of registration;
(4) Falsely impersonates any other registrant of like or
different name; or
(5) Attempts to use an expired or revoked certificate of
registration or attempts to practice at any time during a period when the
board has suspended or revoked his or her certificate of registration.

SECTION 399. Arkansas Code § 17-44-102 is amended to read as follows:
17-44-102. Records of copper purchases.
(a) Every owner, keeper, or proprietor of junk shop, junk store,
salvage yard, scrap yard, or possessor of a junk car or other vehicle, or
both, and collector or dealer in junk salvage or other second-hand property,
shall prepare and maintain records of all purchases in excess of twenty-five
dollars ($25.00) of copper or copper alloy.
(b) The records shall:
(1) Contain:
(A) The name and address of the one from whom the purchase
was made;
(B) The license tag number of the vehicle in which the
copper or copper alloy is delivered; and
(C) The quantity of copper or copper alloy purchased; and
(2) Be kept for a period of three (3) years; and
(3) Be made available to any law enforcement officer at any time
during regular business hours.
(c) Any person, partnership, firm, or corporation failing to maintain
any records required under this section shall upon conviction be guilty of a
Class B misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars
($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the county
jail for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or subject to both fine and
imprisonment.
(d) Any person who shall knowingly give false information with respect
to the matters required to be maintained in the records provided for in this
section shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be fined not less
than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or
imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or
subject to both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 400. Arkansas Code § 17-44-105 is amended to read as follows:
(a)(1) Every scrap metal dealer, junk yard operator, or operator of
any junk shop, junk store, salvage yard, scrap yard, or other collector or
dealer in junk salvage shall prepare and maintain records of all purchases in
excess of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) of aluminum irrigation pipe, aluminum
utility wire, aluminum traffic delineators, aluminum posts, aluminum guard
rails, aluminum bridge rails, or aluminum traffic signs, hereinafter referred
to in this section as aluminum products.

(2) The records shall contain:
    (A) The seller’s full name, address, driver’s license
        number, and social security number;
    (B) The license tag number of the vehicle in which the
        aluminum products were delivered;
    (C) The quantity of aluminum products purchased;
    (D) The date of the purchase; and
    (E) The amount in money or other consideration paid for
        the aluminum products.

(b)(1) The records herein provided for shall be kept for a period of
three (3) years.

    (2) The records shall be made available to any law enforcement
        officer at any time during regular business hours.

(c) Any person may notify dealers or purchasers of scrap metals of a
known or presumed theft of aluminum products setting forth any information
concerning the theft as might be available to that person, including, but not
limited to:

    (1) The approximate quantity and size of the aluminum products
        stolen;
    (2) The geographical area from which the aluminum products were
        reported missing or presumed stolen; and
    (3) Any specific distinguishing marks on or in the aluminum
        products, or other method of identifying the aluminum products.

(d) If notice is given to a dealer or purchaser and, subsequent
thereto, aluminum products meeting that description are purchased by the
dealer or offered for sale to the dealer, then the dealer shall notify the
local police, if within a municipality, or sheriff’s department, if outside a
municipality, that the aluminum products were purchased by or offered for
sale to the dealer.

(e)(1) Any person, partnership, firm, or corporation failing to
maintain any records required under this section shall upon conviction thereof be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or both fine and imprisonment.

(2) Any person who shall knowingly give false information with respect to the matters required to be maintained in the records provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be fined an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1000) or imprisoned for not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year in jail, or both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 401. Arkansas Code § 17-48-102 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Unless a different penalty is specifically provided, any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, or by both.

(2) It shall be the duty of all duly constituted officers of the state and all of its political subdivisions to enforce the provisions of this chapter and prosecute any persons violating them.

(b)(1) The State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors is authorized to levy a civil penalty against any registered engineer or land surveyor or land surveyor-in-training who is found guilty of any fraud or deceit in his or her practice or in securing a certificate of registration, or of gross negligence, incompetence, misconduct, or who fails or refuses to comply with any laws relating to the registration and practice of engineers, land surveyors, or surveyors-in-training or any rules or regulations adopted by the board pursuant to the authority granted in such laws.

(2) Any civil penalty levied by the board may be in lieu of or in addition to any other sanction which may be imposed by the board.

(3) No civil penalty assessed by the board shall be less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than two thousand dollars ($2,000).
(c) The Attorney General or his or her assistants shall act as legal advisors to the board and render such legal assistance as may be necessary.

(d) The board may employ counsel to enforce this chapter, the costs to be paid from the funds of the board.

SECTION 402. Arkansas Code § 17-93-103 is amended to read as follows:

17-93-103. Penalties.

(a) Any person violating the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than one (1) month nor more than six (6) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(b) Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 403. Arkansas Code § 2-20-305 is amended to read as follows:

2-20-305. Penalties.

(a) Each person who by himself or herself or through his or her agents or employees violates any of the provisions of this subchapter, shall, for each offense, be deemed guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

(b)(1) Upon conviction, an offender shall be punished by a fine:

(A) Not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor less than ten dollars ($10.00) for the first offense;

(B) Not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) nor less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or thirty (30) days in jail for the second offense; and

(C) Not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200) nor less than one hundred dollars ($100) or thirty (30) days in jail, or both, for the third and all subsequent offenses.

(2) An offender shall also be liable for all costs for each and every offense.

SECTION 404. Arkansas Code § 2-40-1001 is amended to read as follows:

2-40-1001. Penalty for stock crossing lines.

(a) Any owner of stock who shall allow his or her stock to drift across a quarantine line which has been established by law shall be guilty of
a Class C misdemeanor and subject to arrest and fine of from one dollar ($1.00) to twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

(b) This section shall apply only to residents living on land and owning cattle adjoining lines or within five (5) miles of the lines and shall not apply to dealers or their agents who are driving the cattle out of quarantine territory.

SECTION 405. Arkansas Code § 3-3-202 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-202. Knowingly furnishing or selling to minor.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to give, procure, or otherwise furnish any alcoholic beverage to any person under twenty-one (21) years of age. However, this section shall not apply to the serving of such to one's family or to the use of wine in any religious ceremony or rite in any established church or religion.

(2) Any person violating this subsection shall, upon a first conviction, be deemed guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned for not more than ten (10) days, or both fined and imprisoned. Upon a second conviction within three (3) years, a person violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a Class D felony and may be imprisoned in the Department of Corrections for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($500), or both.

(b)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to sell or otherwise furnish for money or other valuable consideration any alcoholic beverage to any person under twenty-one (21) years of age.

(2)(A) Any person violating this subsection shall, upon a first conviction, be deemed guilty of a Class D felony and shall be punished as provided by law.

(B) Upon a second conviction within five (5) years, a person violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a Class C felony and may be imprisoned or fined, or both as provided by law.

(c)(1) A warning notice that includes the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be posted in public view in each place of business where alcoholic beverages are sold.

(2) The warning notice shall be posted in a manner prescribed by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.
SECTION 406. Arkansas Code § 3-8-310 is amended to read as follows:

3-8-310. Effect of voting for or against sale - Penalty for unlawful sales.

(a)(1) Whenever a local option election shall be held in any county, city, town, district, or precinct in this state and a majority of the votes cast at the election shall be in favor of prohibiting the sale of liquor in the territory in which the election shall have been held, the law prohibiting the sale shall be in full force and effect at the expiration of sixty (60) days from the date of the entry of the certificate of the canvassing board in the record of the county court.

(2) After the expiration of sixty (60) days, no liquor license theretofore issued in the territory under the laws of this state shall be of any force or effect whatever, but the owner of the license shall be entitled to recover from the county, city, town, district, or precinct to which the license money was paid, the proportional part thereof as the unexpired period of license bears to the whole of the year.

(b)(1) Any person who shall, after the sixty (60) days, sell, barter, or loan, directly or indirectly, any such liquors in the city, county, town, district, or precinct, shall upon conviction be fined not less than sixty dollars ($60.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) and be confined in the county jail for not less than twenty (20) nor more than forty (40) days for each offense guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

(2) Any person who knowingly furnishes or rents a house, room, wagon, or any conveyance or thing in which spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors are sold, bartered, or loaned, in violation of this act, shall upon conviction thereof be guilty of a violation and fined not less than sixty dollars ($60.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100). The house, wagon, vehicle, or other thing in which the liquors were sold, bartered, or loaned shall be liable for all fines adjudged against the person selling, bartering, or loaning the same.

(c) In the event that a majority of the votes cast at the election shall be in favor of the sale of liquors, then no license shall be granted to any person, firm, or corporation to sell such liquors in the territory until after the expiration of the aforesaid sixty (60) days, if the issuing of the liquor license was in that territory prohibited by law prior to the holding
of the election.

SECTION 407. Arkansas Code § 3-8-311 is amended to read as follows:

3-8-311. Sale, barter, or loan in dry territory - Penalties.
   (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for anyone to sell, barter, or loan, directly or indirectly, any beverage containing any alcohol or any liquid mixture or decoction of any kind which produces or causes intoxication in any county, city, town, district, or precinct in which the sale, barter, or loan of spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors is or shall be prohibited in accordance with the local option law.
   (2) Any sale, barter, or loan of any article with the agreement, expressed or implied, that the right or title to or possession of any such beverage, liquid mixture, or decoction shall also pass, shall be considered a sale, barter, or loan within the terms of this subsection.
   (3) Any person who shall sell, barter, or loan, directly or indirectly, any such beverage, liquid mixture, or decoction in any such county, city, town, or precinct, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a violation and fined the sum of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense.
   (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, lend, give, procure for, or furnish to another, any spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors, or to have in his or her possession spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors, for the purpose of selling them in any territory where this act is in force. Any person so offending shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) and imprisoned not less than ten (10) nor more than fifty (50) days guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
   (c) The possession of a United States special tax stamp commonly called United States license for carrying on the business of a retail dealer in spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors, or the having of the tax permit issued by the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration or license at the place of business in the territory shall be prima facie evidence of guilt under this section.
   (d) Nothing herein shall prohibit the sale, barter, loan, or having in the custody or possession of any person any beverage, liquid mixture, or decoction for the sale of which the United States does not require the payment of the special tax on retail liquor dealers.
SECTION 408. Arkansas Code § 5-37-501 is amended to read as follows:
5-37-501. Animals -- Altering teeth or failing to disclose defects.
   (a) It is declared to be unlawful for any person, in any manner
   whatever, to change or alter or cause to be changed or altered the teeth of
   any mule, horse, or other livestock, with an intention to deceive one to whom
   the livestock is offered for sale.
   (b) Anyone who with the intent to defraud or cheat another shall
designedly represent any livestock which he or she offers for sale to another
as being of a markedly superior quality, or who fails to reveal material
physical defects of the animal, when selling the animal to another, shall be
guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and be punished as specified in this section.
   (c) Violation of the provisions of this section shall be punished by
imprisonment in the county jail for not more than thirty (30) days or by a
fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred fifty
dollars ($150), or both.

SECTION 409. Arkansas Code § 5-51-305 is amended to read as follows:
5-51-305. Unlawful entry on property.
   (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to enter upon the enclosed
premises of another, without permission of the owner, for the purpose of
committing an act declared by this subchapter to be unlawful.
   (b) Whoever shall violate the provisions of this section shall be
deemed guilty of a Class C misdemeanor criminal offense and punished by
imprisonment for not more than ten (10) days or by a fine of not more than
fifty dollars ($50.00), or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion
of the court or jury trying the case.

SECTION 410. Arkansas Code § 16-10-108 is amended to read as follows:
   (a) Every court of record shall have power to punish, as for criminal
contempt, persons guilty of the following acts, and no others:
      (1) Disorderly, contumacious, or insolent behavior committed
during the court's sitting, in its immediate view and presence, and directly
tending to interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its
authority;
(2) Any breach of the peace, noise, or disturbance directly tending to interrupt its proceedings;
(3) Willful disobedience of any process or order lawfully issued or made by it;
(4) Resistance, willfully offered, by any person to the lawful order or process of the court; and
(5) The contumacious and unlawful refusal of any person to be sworn as a witness and, when so sworn, a similar refusal to answer any legal and proper interrogatory.

(b)(1) Punishments for contempt may be by fine or imprisonment in the jail of the county where the court may be sitting, or both, in the discretion of the court. However, the fines shall in no case exceed the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) nor the imprisonment ten (10) days is a Class C misdemeanor.

(2) Courts shall always have power to imprison until their adjournment.
(3) When any person is committed to prison for the nonpayment of any such fine, he or she shall be discharged at the expiration of thirty (30) days.

(c) Contempts committed in the immediate view and presence of the court may be punished summarily. In other cases, the party charged shall be notified of the accusation and shall have a reasonable time to make his or her defense.

(d)(1) Whenever any person is committed for a contempt under the provisions of this section, the substance of his or her offense shall be set forth in the order or warrant of commitment.

(2) Nothing in subdivision (d)(1) of this section shall be construed to extend to any proceedings against parties or officers, as for contempt, for the purpose of enforcing any civil right or remedy.

(e) A person punished for contempt under the preceding subsections shall, notwithstanding, be liable to an indictment for the contempt if the contempt is an indictable offense, but the court before which a conviction may be had on such an indictment shall, in forming its sentence, take into consideration the punishment previously inflicted.

SECTION 411. Arkansas Code § 16-15-106 is amended to read as follows:
16-15-106. Punishment for contempt. The county court of each county, for an interruption of its proceedings, or any contempt offered it while in session, shall have the power to impose a fine not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) and to imprison the offender or offenders for each offense, not exceeding twenty-four (24) hours Class C misdemeanor.

SECTION 412. Arkansas Code § 16-81-107 is amended read as follows:


(a) An arrest is made by placing the person of the defendant in restraint or by his or her submitting to the custody of the person making the arrest.

(b) No unnecessary force or violence shall be used in making the arrest.

(c) To make an arrest, an a law enforcement officer may break open the door of a house in which the defendant may be, after having demanded admittance and explained the purpose for which admittance is desired.

(d) An a law enforcement officer making an arrest may orally summon as many persons as he or she deems necessary to aid him or her in making the arrest, and all persons failing, without reasonable excuse, to obey the summons shall be guilty of Class C misdemeanors and punished by fine and imprisonment, or either.

(e) The person making the arrest shall inform the person about to be arrested of the intention to arrest him or her and the offense charged against him or her for which he or she is to be arrested and, if acting under a warrant of arrest, shall give information thereof and, if required, show the warrant.

(f) The law enforcement officer making an arrest in obedience to a warrant shall proceed with the defendant as directed by the warrant.

SECTION 413. Arkansas Code § 25-19-104 is amended to read as follows:


Any person who negligently violates any of the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred dollars ($200) or thirty (30) days in jail, or both, or a sentence of appropriate public service or education, or both.
SECTION 414. Arkansas Code § 5-73-211 is amended to read as follows:

5-73-211. Perpetrating or attempting crime.

Possession or use of a machine gun in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a crime of violence is declared to be a crime punishable by imprisonment in the State Penitentiary for a term of not less than twenty (20) years.

SECTION 415. Arkansas Code § 4-56-102 is amended to read as follows:

4-56-102. Unlawful acts relating to secured interests on certain farm products.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person who buys soybeans, corn, wheat, rice, or milo from a person engaged in farming operations, or for any commission merchant or selling agent who sells soybeans, corn, wheat, rice, or milo for a person engaged in farming operations for a fee or commission, to knowingly fail to include as joint payee on the check or other instrument issued in payment for the farm products the name of any person disclosed by the seller as having a security interest in the farm products.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person engaged in farming operations who sells soybeans, corn, wheat, rice, or milo to knowingly fail to disclose the names of any parties having a security interest in the farm products before accepting payment of the proceeds of the sale.

(c)(1) It shall be unlawful for a person who owes payment or other performance of an obligation under a security agreement to sell or otherwise dispose of soybeans, corn, wheat, rice, or milo used as collateral or any part thereof and to knowingly fail to pay to the secured party the amount of the proceeds from such sale or other disposition if the person:

(A) Has no right to sell or otherwise dispose of the farm products used as collateral; or

(B) Has the right to sell or otherwise dispose of the farm products used as collateral, provided that the secured party receives the proceeds from such sale or other disposition.

(2) Failure to pay the proceeds to the secured party within ten (10) days after the sale or other disposition of the collateral shall be prima facie evidence of a knowing failure to pay under this section.

(d) A violation of this section shall be a Class C felony punishable...
by imprisonment for not less than four (4) years nor more than fifteen (15) years and by a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(e) The terms used in this section shall have the same meaning as used in the Uniform Commercial Code, Acts 1961, No. 185, as amended, unless the context requires otherwise.

SECTION 416. Arkansas Code § 5-38-311 is amended to read as follows:

5-38-311. Unlawful burning - Miscellaneous felonies.

(a) The following acts shall be Class C felonies and shall be punishable by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or less than one (1) year in the penitentiary nor more than ten (10) years, or both fine and imprisonment:

(1) Purposely or willfully or maliciously setting on fire the lands of another;

(2) Starting a fire on one's own lands or lands which he or she has leased or are under his or her control with the intent of letting it escape to the lands of another; and

(3) The destruction or injuring of, or theft of, any telephone lines, towers, buildings, tools, or equipment used in the detection, reporting, or suppression of fires.

(b) No bond for costs shall be required in any courts of this state for prosecution for violation of the provisions of this section.

SECTION 417. Arkansas Code § 5-51-202 is amended to read as follows:

5-51-202. Advocating assassination or overthrow of government.

(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "government in the United States" means the government of the United States or the government of this state.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person:

(1) To knowingly or willfully advocate, abet, advise, or teach the duty, necessity, desirability, or propriety of overthrowing or destroying any government in the United States by force or violence or by the assassination of any officer of any such government;

(2) With the intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of any government in the United States, to print, publish, edit, issue, circulate, sell, distribute, or publicly display any written or printed matter
advocating, advising, or teaching the duty, necessity, desirability, or
propriety of overthrowing or destroying any government in the United States
by force or violence;

(3)(A) To organize or help to organize any society, group, or
assembly of persons who teach, advocate, or encourage the overthrow or
destruction of any government in the United States by force or violence; or

(B)(4) To be or become a member of or affiliate with any such
society, group, or assembly of persons, knowing the purposes thereof.

(c)(1) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section
shall be deemed guilty of a Class C felony and, upon conviction, be fined not
more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or imprisoned for not more than ten
years, or both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) No person convicted of violating any of the provisions of
this section shall, during the five (5) years next following his or her
conviction, be eligible for employment by the State of Arkansas or by any
department or agency thereof.

SECTION 418. Arkansas Code § 6-13-701 is amended to read as follows:
6-13-701. Powers and duties. [Effective July 1, 2000.]
(a) The board of directors of any school district in Arkansas is
authorized to appoint a treasurer to handle the funds of the district.

(1) The treasurer shall be appointed at a regular meeting of the
board.

(2) An executed certificate of appointment shall be filed with
the county clerk, the county treasurer, and the Director of the Department of
Finance and Administration.

(b) School district treasurers shall execute a surety bond in such
amount as may be required by the Director of the Department of Finance and
Administration, who shall approve the bond. The premium on such bond shall be
paid out of the funds of the district.

(c) The duties of the school district treasurer shall be as follows:

(1) To receive and disburse funds of the school district.
Disbursements of such funds shall be made only upon warrants signed by the
president and secretary of the school district board of directors and
countersigned by the superintendent of schools of the district. As an
evidence of authority for disbursement of any funds, he or she shall have on
hand approved invoices and payrolls, such payrolls to be in conformance with
written contracts on file in his or her office;

(2) To keep a record of all financial transactions of the school
district on forms approved by the Department of Education and the Division of
Legislative Audit;

(3) To make a monthly statement to the school district board of
directors of the financial condition of the district;

(4) To submit an annual statement of the affairs of the district
to the school district board of directors in July of each year;

(5) To make such financial reports to the Department of
Education as are required by law;

(6) To not be interested directly or indirectly in any contract
authorized by the school district board of directors;

(7) To make his or her records available at all times for
inspection by any taxpayer of the district; and

(8) To perform all duties now imposed by law upon the treasurer
of a school district and to be subject to all regulations.

(d)(1) All local taxes of the district shall be remitted to the county
treasurer by the collector. The county treasurer shall remit the funds in a
timely manner to the school district treasurer in those districts maintaining
a school district treasurer.

(2) The district treasurer shall issue duplicate receipts for
all funds he or she receives. The original shall be transmitted to the party
making the remittance, and the duplicate shall be kept by the district
treasurer.

(e)(1) For the purposes of this section, "activity funds" means those
funds whose sources of revenues are from:

(A) The sale of tickets to athletic contests or other
school-sponsored activities;

(B) The sale of food, except that which is sold in the
lunchroom;

(C) The sale of soft drinks, school supplies, and books;

and

(D) Fees charged by clubs and organizations.

(2)(A) All school districts may maintain activity funds and
school service funds at the school.
(B) All activity funds and school food service funds shall be maintained and accounted for in accordance with guidelines and procedures established by the Department of Education.

(C) The superintendent of the school maintaining activity funds and school food service funds shall be the official custodian of all activity funds and school service funds and shall be responsible and accountable for the funds.

(D) By resolution adopted by a majority vote of the local school district board of directors, the superintendent may appoint another school employee to be the cocustodian of any or all activity funds and school food service funds.

(E) The cocustodian shall also be responsible and accountable for activity funds and school food service funds maintained by the cocustodian.

(f) The county treasurer shall receive as commission for handling the funds of such districts only one-fourth of one percent (.25%) of all funds passing through his or her hands on which county treasurers are authorized by law to charge commissions.

(g) The records of the school district treasurers shall be audited by the division annually in the same manner as now provided for the auditing of county officials.

(h) The fraudulent use by the school district treasurer of any funds of the school district or by any school board members shall constitute a Class C felony. Upon conviction, such person shall be fined ordered to pay in restitution an amount double the amount involved and imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term of one (1) to five (5) years.

SECTION 419. Arkansas Code § 3-8-209 is amended to read as follows:

3-8-209. Sales, or furnishing place for sale, in dry territory prohibited - Penalty.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to manufacture, sell, barter, loan, or give away intoxicating liquor in any county, township, municipality, ward, or precinct in which the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquor is or shall be prohibited under the provisions of Initiated Act No. 1 of 1942, §§ 3-8-201 - 3-8-203 and 3-8-205 - 3-8-209.

(b) Any person who or officers of any firm or corporation which shall
manufacture, sell, barter, loan, or give away any intoxicating liquor in any territory which has been made dry under the provisions of this subchapter shall, upon first conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000). For a second conviction, he or she shall be guilty of a violation and fined not less than two hundred dollars ($200) nor more than two thousand dollars ($2,000); and for any subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a Class D felony and shall be sentenced to not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years in the Department of Corrections. If any person so convicted is punished by a fine only, if such fine is not paid immediately, he shall be confined in the Department of Corrections at hard labor until such fine and costs are paid at the rate of two dollars ($2.00) per day.

(c) Any person who or officers of a firm or corporation which knowingly furnishes or rents a house, room, wagon, vehicle, or any conveyance or thing in which intoxicating liquor is manufactured or sold, bartered, loaned, or given away in violation of prohibition secured under the provisions of this subchapter is declared to be a particeps criminis and, upon conviction, shall be subject to the same punishment as the principal. The house, room, wagon, vehicle, conveyance, or other thing in which the intoxicating liquor is manufactured or sold, bartered, loaned, or given away shall be liable for all fines adjudged against either the principal or the particeps criminis or both, as defined in this subsection.

SECTION 420. Arkansas Code § 3-8-312 is amended to read as follows:

3-8-312. Sale, barter, or possession for sale or barter in dry area - Penalties.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sell or barter, or possess for purposes of sale or barter, any intoxicating liquor or beverage in any county, township, municipality, ward, or precinct in which the sale or barter of intoxicating liquor or beverage is or shall be prohibited by law.

(b) Any person, or officers of any firm or corporation, who shall do so shall upon first conviction be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000). The person or officers of a firm or corporation
for a second conviction shall be guilty of a violation and fined not less than two hundred dollars ($200) nor more than two thousand dollars ($2,000). For any subsequent conviction, the person or officers of a firm or corporation shall be deemed guilty of a Class D felony and shall be sentenced to not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years in the Department of Corrections.

(c) The defendant shall be specifically charged with violating the felony provision of this section.

(d) Bond forfeitures under this section or any statute or municipal ordinance of this state prohibiting the unlawful sale or barter or possessing for sale or barter of any intoxicating liquor or beverage shall be considered as a conviction in determining whether or not the defendant is properly charged with a second offense or a felony as set out herein.

SECTION 421. Arkansas Code § 4-59-301 is amended to read as follows:

4-59-301. Issuance of bill for goods not received.

Any officer, agent, or servant of a carrier who with intent to defraud issues or aids in issuing a bill, knowing that all or any part of the goods for which the bill is issued have not been received by the carrier or by an agent of the carrier or by a connecting carrier, or are not under the carrier's control at the time of issuing the bill, shall be guilty of a Class D felony crime and upon conviction shall be punished for each offense by imprisonment not exceeding five (5) years or by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5,000), or by both.

SECTION 422. Arkansas Code § 5-39-211 is amended to read as follows:

5-39-211. Cemeteries - Mining and other unlawful entries.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any corporation, company, or individual to:

   (1) Mine, extract, or remove coal or any other mineral or substance from under or beneath any cemetery, graveyard, or burying place in this state;

   (2) Make, place, or drive any slope, pit, or entry of any kind into, under, through, or across any cemetery, graveyard, or other burying place in this state.

(b) Any corporation, company, or individual violating the provisions
of this section shall be guilty of a **Class D** felony and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000) and be imprisoned not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years.

SECTION 423. Arkansas Code § 5-51-203 is amended to read as follows:

5-51-203. Usurping office.

If any person shall exercise or attempt to exercise the duties of any office created by the Constitution and laws of this state without first being qualified in the manner prescribed by law for the discharge thereof, the offender shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a period not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, in the discretion of the court guilty of a Class D felony.

SECTION 424. Arkansas Code §§ 5-51-303 and 5-51-304 are amended to read as follows:

5-51-303. Intentional injury to or interference with government property.

Whoever shall knowingly and intentionally destroy or injure any article or thing whatsoever belonging to the United States, the State of Arkansas, or any county, city, or other subdivision of this state with intent to hinder or interfere with the owners in the preparation for prosecution of war, or in their use for defense purposes, shall be punished by imprisonment of not more than three (3) years or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court or jury trying the case guilty of a Class D felony.

5-51-304. Intentionally defective workmanship.

Whoever shall knowingly and intentionally make or cause to be made any defective article or thing to be used by the United States or the State of Arkansas, or any subdivision of this state, with intent to injure or hinder them or either of them in the preparation for war or prosecution thereof, or in their use for defense purposes, shall be deemed guilty of a criminal offense and punished by imprisonment of not more than three (3) years or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court or jury trying the case **Class D**
felony.

SECTION 425. Arkansas Code § 5-53-133 is amended to read as follows:

5-53-133. Approaching jury commissioners to influence juror selections.

(a)(1) After the circuit judges of any district in this state have appointed jury commissioners to select grand and petit jurors to serve in the circuit courts of this state, it shall be unlawful for any person to approach any of the jury commissioners for the purpose of having any person placed upon the grand or petit jury.

(2) Any person violating this subsection shall be guilty of a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be imprisoned in the Department of Correction not less than two (2) years nor more than five (5) years.

(b) If any state, county, city, or township official shall approach any jury commissioner for the purpose of having any person placed upon the grand or petit jury, he or she shall be guilty of a Class D felony and shall be imprisoned in the Department of Correction not less than two (2) years nor more than five (5) years pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, and shall be suspended from office permanently by the circuit judge.

(c) If any licensed attorney shall approach any commissioner for the purpose of having any person placed upon the grand or petit jury, he or she shall be guilty of a Class D felony and shall be imprisoned in the Department of Correction not less than two (2) years nor more than five (5) years pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, and the Supreme Court shall revoke his license to practice law.

(d) It shall be the duty of the circuit judges to instruct jury commissioners in regard to the provisions of this section.

SECTION 426. Arkansas Code § 5-55-201 is amended to read as follows:

5-55-201. Traffic in illegal food coupons or vouchers.

(a) Any individual, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity which shall issue food coupons in a manner not authorized by federal law and regulations or state law and regulations or which shall use, transfer, acquire, possess, or present any such coupons for payment not authorized by federal and state law or federal and state regulations shall be guilty of a Class D felony and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than ten
thousand dollars ($10,000) or imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or
both, or, if such coupons are of a value of less than one hundred dollars
($100), shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction
thereof, be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned
for not more than one (1) year, or both.

(b) Any individual, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity
which shall issue vouchers used in the federal Special Supplemental Food
Program for Women, Infants and Children in a manner not authorized by federal
law and regulations or state law and regulations or which shall use,
transfer, acquire, possess, or present any such vouchers for payment not
authorized by federal and state law or federal and state regulations shall be
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined
not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned for not more than
one (1) year, or both.

(c) As used in this chapter, the term "food coupon" means any printed
material, magnetically encoded instrument, or other device or process issued
by the Department of Human Services, or its successors, the purpose of which
is to permit the purchase of food as provided for by the Federal Food Stamp
Act, 7 U.S.C. § 2011 et seq., or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

SECTION 427. Arkansas Code § 5-55-203 is amended to read as follows:
5-55-203. Illegal presentation of food coupons or vouchers for
payment.

(a) Whoever presents, or causes to be presented, coupons for payment
or redemption of the value of one hundred dollars ($100) or more, knowing the
same to have been received, transferred, or used in any manner in violation
of the provisions of the federal Food Stamp Law or the federal or state
regulations issued pursuant to the Food Stamp Law, shall be guilty of a Class
D felony and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than ten thousand
dollars ($10,000) or imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or both,
or, if such coupons are of a value of less than one hundred dollars ($100),
shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be fined
not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned for not more than
one (1) year, or both.

(b) Whoever presents, or causes to be presented, vouchers for payment
or redemption of the value of one hundred dollars ($100) or more, knowing the
same to have been received, transferred, or used in any manner in violation of the provisions of the federal Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children authorized by the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, or the federal or state regulations issued pursuant to the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or both.

SECTION 428. Arkansas Code § 5-61-102 is amended to read as follows:

5-61-102. Unlawful abortion.

(a) It shall be unlawful for anyone to administer or prescribe any medicine or drugs to any woman with child, with the intent to produce an abortion or premature delivery of any fetus before or after the period of quickening or to produce or attempt to produce such abortion by any other means.

(b) Any person offending against the provisions of this section shall be fined in any sum not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) and imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one (1) nor more than five (5) years guilty of a Class D felony.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow the charging or conviction of a woman with any criminal offense in the death of her own unborn child in utero.

SECTION 429. Arkansas Code § 5-68-203 is amended to read as follows:

5-68-203. Obscene films.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to exhibit, sell, offer to sell, give away, circulate, produce, distribute, attempt to distribute, or have in his or her possession any obscene film.

(b) As used in this section:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, club, corporation, or other legal entity;

(2) "Obscene" means that to the average person, applying contemporary community standards, the dominant theme of the material taken as a whole appeals to prurient interest;

(3) "Film" means motion picture film, still picture film, slides, and movie film of any type.
(c) Any person who knowingly exhibits, sells, offers to sell, gives away, circulates, produces, distributes, or attempts to distribute any obscene film shall be guilty of a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars ($2,000) or be imprisoned for a period not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or be both so fined and imprisoned. Any person who shall have in his or her possession obscene film shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed one (1) year, or both.

SECTION 430. Arkansas Code § 5-68-405 is amended to read as follows:

5-68-405. Possession, sale, or distribution.

(a) Every person who, with knowledge of its contents, sends or causes to be sent, or brings or causes to be brought, into this state for sale or commercial distribution, or in this state prepares, publishes, sells, exhibits, or commercially distributes, or gives away or offers to give away or has in his or her possession with intent to sell or commercially distribute or to exhibit or to give away, any obscene printed or written matter or material, other than mailable matter, or any mailable matter known by such person to have been judicially found to be obscene under this subchapter, or who knowingly informs another of when, where, how, or from whom or by what means any of these things can be purchased or obtained, shall be guilty of a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars ($2,000) or be imprisoned for a period not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or be both so fined and imprisoned.

(b) Every person who, with knowledge of its contents, has in his or her possession any obscene printed or written matter or materials, other than mailable matter, or any mailable matter known by that person to have been judicially found to be obscene under this subchapter, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed one (1) year, or both.

SECTION 431. Arkansas Code § 5-72-109 is amended to read as follows:

5-72-109. Injuring levees.
(a) Should any person cut, break, or in any wise damage any public levee constructed, or which shall be constructed, by authority of this state, or paid for, or which shall be paid for, out of any funds of this state, or out of the funds of any county or public corporation, in whole or in part, that person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a Class D felony.

(b) Any person who shall enter upon the premises of another and shall willfully and maliciously cut down, break, or destroy any levee erected or constructed to prevent the overflow of lands, or any embankment necessary to support such levee, with intent to destroy or injure the same, shall be deemed guilty of a felony. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to protect any levee or embankment obstructing or damming a running stream or natural outlet for the water so as to injure other persons, unless the same has been condemned to public use in the manner provided by the Constitution and laws of the state.

(c) Whenever any person shall be convicted of a felony in any case which shall occur or arise under the provisions of this section, he shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary of this state for a period not less than one (1) nor more than five (5) years.

SECTION 432. Arkansas Code § 16-93-302 is amended to read as follows:

16-93-302. Penalties.

(a)(1) No person may avail himself or herself of the provisions of §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303 on more than one (1) occasion.

(2) Any person seeking to avail himself or herself of the benefits of §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303 who shall falsely testify, swear, or affirm to the court that he or she has not previously availed himself or herself of the benefits of §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303 shall be deemed guilty of a Class D felony and shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500), or by imprisonment in the state penitentiary for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or by both the fine and imprisonment.

(b)(1) Any person charged under the provisions of §§ 16-93-301 - 16-93-303 with keeping the confidential records of first offenders, as provided in § 16-93-301, who shall divulge any information contained in the records to any person or agency other than a law enforcement officer or judicial officer
shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and shall, upon conviction, be
subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500).

(2) Each violation shall be considered a separate offense.

SECTION 433. Arkansas Code § 23-35-801 is amended to read as follows:
23-35-801. Misleading conduct or use of words "credit union".
(a) It is unlawful for any person, corporation, copartnership, or
association except a credit union subject to the provisions of this chapter
or the Federal Credit Union Act to:
   (1) Use a name or title containing the words "credit union" or
       any derivation thereof;
   (2) Represent themselves in their advertising as a credit union;
       or
   (3) Otherwise conduct business as a credit union.
   (b) Any person who willfully violates this section shall be guilty of
       a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be fined not more than five
       hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the state penitentiary for not more
       than five (5) years, or both, and may be permanently enjoined from such
       conduct.
   (c) The State Credit Union Supervisor may institute and prosecute
       actions in his or her own name in the circuit court of any county having
       jurisdiction, to seek any judicial remedy necessary to enforce the provisions
       of this section.

SECTION 434. Arkansas Code § 23-38-403 is amended to read as follows:
Every officer, director, employee, or agent of any building and loan
association who, for the purpose of concealing any fact or suppressing any
evidence against himself or against any other person, abstracts, removes,
mutilates, destroys, or secretes any paper, book, or record of any building
and loan association or of the Securities Commissioner shall be deemed guilty
of a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be punished by confinement in
the state penitentiary for a period of not less than one (1) year nor more
than five (5) years.

SECTION 435. Arkansas Code § 23-60-109 is amended to read as follows:
23-60-109. Penalty for false or misleading statements.
Any person who files any statement, application, form, or other
document required to be filed by the Arkansas Insurance Code, knowing the
statement or information contained in the document to be false or misleading
in any material respect, shall be guilty of a Class D felony and upon
conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars
($5,000) or by imprisonment in the Department of Correction for not more
than three (3) years, or by both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 436. Arkansas Code § 3-3-205 is amended to read as follows:
3-3-205. Sale or possession without license.
(a)(1) Any person who shall sell, barter, exchange, or give any
intoxicating alcoholic liquor without having a valid license as provided by
this act shall, in addition to losing his or her license, be deemed guilty of
a Class A misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not
less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars
($1000), or imprisoned for not exceeding one (1) year, or both so fined and
imprisoned in the discretion of the court or jury.
(2) Any person found guilty of a third or subsequent violation
of this subsection within a period of three (3) years shall be deemed guilty
of a Class D felony.
(b) Any person who has in his or her possession intoxicating alcoholic
liquor not obtained under, and in conformity with, the provisions of this act
shall be deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction,
be fined not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand
dollars ($1000) or imprisoned for not exceeding one (1) year, or both so
fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the court or jury.
(c) This penalty shall apply whether the intoxicating liquor is for
the use of the person illegally possessing it or for the use and benefit of
another.
(d) Each act in violation of this section shall constitute a separate
misdemeanor.
(e) Nothing herein contained shall relieve any licensee from
forfeiture of his or her license.
(f) [As amended by Acts 1991, No. 498, § 1.]
(1) Any person found guilty a second time of subsection (b) of
this section shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more
than five hundred dollars ($500), or confined in the county jail not less
than one (1) month nor more than six (6) months, or both so fined and
imprisoned within the discretion of the court or jury.

(2) Any person found guilty of a second violation of subsection
(a) within a period of three (3) years shall be deemed guilty of a Class A
misdemeanor. Any person found guilty of a third or subsequent violation of
subsection (a) of this section within a period of three (3) years shall be
deemed guilty of a Class D felony.

(f) [As amended by Acts 1991, No. 577, § 1.] Any person found guilty a
second time within a three-year period shall be fined not less than one
thousand dollars ($1000), or confined in the county jail not less than one
month, or both so fined and imprisoned within the discretion of the court
or jury.

SECTION 437. Arkansas Code § 5-39-304 is amended to read as follows:
(a) The owner, agent, lessee, or assign assignee of any lands
including farm, timber, or otherwise may notify any person by certified mail,
deliver to addressee only, by notice served by any official authorized to
serve process, or by personal oral notification to cease any trespass or to
stay off the premises of any property belonging to the owner, his or her
agent, or assign assignee.
(b) Notice shall specify the lands by description containing section,
township, and range.
(c) Any person receiving notice shall immediately cease any trespass
or entrance upon the described lands of the owner.
(d) Any further entrance or trespass by the person receiving the
notice shall be considered a criminal trespass, and the person shall be
deemed guilty of a Class C misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in
any sum not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than five
hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 438. Arkansas Code § 5-73-104 is amended to read as follows:
5-73-104. Criminal use of prohibited weapons.
(a) A person commits the offense of criminal use of prohibited weapons
if, except as authorized by law, he or she uses, possesses, makes, repairs, sells, or otherwise deals in any bomb, machine gun, sawed-off shotgun or rifle, firearm specially made or specially adapted for silent discharge, metal knuckles, or other implement for the infliction of serious physical injury or death which serves no common lawful purpose.

(b) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that:

(1) The person was a law enforcement officer, prison guard, or member of the armed forces acting in the course and scope of his or her duty at the time he or she used or possessed the prohibited weapon; or

(2) The defendant used, possessed, made, repaired, sold, or otherwise dealt in any of the above enumerated articles under circumstances negating any likelihood that the weapon could be used unlawfully as a weapon.

(c) Criminal use of prohibited weapons is a Class B felony if the weapon is a bomb, machine gun, or firearm specially made or specially adapted for silent discharge. Otherwise, it is a Class D felony.

SECTION 439. Arkansas Code § 16-82-201 is amended to read as follows:

16-82-201. Authority and grounds to issue Issuance of search warrants upon oral testimony.

(a) A search warrant may be issued by any judicial officer of this state only upon affidavit sworn to before a judicial officer which establishes the grounds for its issuance.

(b) A warrant may be issued to search for and to seize any property:

(1) Stolen or embezzled in violation of the laws of this state; or

(2) Designed or intended for use or which has been used as a means of committing a criminal offense; or

(3) Which is held or possessed by any person in violation of the laws of this state; or

(4) That constitutes evidence of a criminal offense or is of evidentiary value in any criminal prosecution.

(c) Upon complaint being made on oath before any officer authorized to issue process for the apprehension of offenders that any personal property has been stolen or embezzled and that the complainant suspects that the property is concealed in any particular house or place, if the officer shall be satisfied that there is reasonable ground for the suspicion, he shall
issue a warrant to search for the property.

(d) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be supplementary to existing statutory and common law authority for the issuance of search warrants and shall repeal only those in irreconcilable conflict herewith.

(e) Warrant upon Oral Testimony.

(1) General Rule. If the circumstances make it reasonable to dispense with a written affidavit, any judicial officer of this state may issue a warrant based upon sworn oral testimony communicated by telephone or other appropriate means.

(2) Application.

(A) The person who is requesting the warrant shall prepare a document, in a form approved by the Arkansas Judicial Council, to be known as a "duplicate original warrant" and shall read such duplicate original warrant verbatim to the judicial officer.

(B) The judicial officer shall enter verbatim what is so read to such magistrate on a document to be known as an "original warrant".

(C) The judicial officer may direct that the warrant be modified.

(3) Issuance.

(A) If the judicial officer is satisfied that the circumstances are such as to make it reasonable to dispense with a written affidavit and that grounds for the application exist or that there is probable cause to believe that they exist, the judicial officer shall order the issuance of a warrant by directing the person requesting the warrant to sign the judicial officer's name on the duplicate original warrant.

(B) The judicial officer shall immediately sign the original warrant and enter on the face of the original warrant the exact time when the warrant was ordered to be issued.

(C) The finding of probable cause for a warrant upon oral testimony may be based on the same kind of evidence as is sufficient for a warrant upon affidavit.

(4) Recording and Certification of Testimony.

(A) When a caller informs the judicial officer that the purpose of the call is to request a warrant, the judicial officer shall immediately place under oath each person whose testimony forms a basis for the application and each person applying for that warrant.
(B)(1)(2)(A) If a voice recording device is available, the judicial officer shall record by means of such device all of the call after the caller informs the judicial officer that the purpose of the call is to request a warrant.

(iii)(B) Otherwise, a stenographic or longhand verbatim record shall be made immediately.

(iii)(C) If a voice recording device is used or a stenographic record made, the judicial officer shall have the record transcribed, shall certify the accuracy of the transcription, and shall file a copy of the original record and the transcription with the court.

(iv)(D) If a longhand verbatim record is made, the judicial officer shall file a signed copy with the court.

(e) Contents. The contents of a warrant upon oral testimony shall be the same as the contents of a warrant upon affidavit.

(f) Additional Rule of Execution. The person who executes the warrant shall enter the exact time of execution on the face of the duplicate original warrant.

(g) Motion to Suppress Precluded. Absent a finding of bad faith, evidence obtained pursuant to a warrant issued under this subsection is not subject to a motion to suppress on the ground that the circumstances were not such as to make it reasonable to dispense with a written affidavit.

SECTION 440. Arkansas Code § 16-93-610 is amended to read as follows:
16-93-610. Computation of sentence.
(a) Time served shall be deemed to begin on the day sentence is imposed, not on the day a prisoner is received by the Department of Correction. It shall continue only during the time in which a prisoner is actually confined in a county jail or other local place of lawful confinement or while under the custody and supervision of the Department of Correction.
(b) The sentencing judge, in his discretion, may direct, when he or she imposes sentence, that time already served by the defendant in jail or other place of detention shall be credited against the sentence defendant.

SECTION 441. Arkansas Code § 23-79-136 is amended to read as follows:
23-79-136. Agreement for insurer to invest premium prohibited.
(a) It is unlawful for any insurance company authorized to do business in this state to issue or offer for sale or issue in this state any policy of insurance under which the insurer agrees to invest a portion of the policy premium, whether for one (1) or more years, and hold a portion of the policy premium for investment in its own name either directly or indirectly, or as trustee for the benefit of the insured or for the benefit of a certain class of policyholders.

(b) Any insurance company issuing or offering to issue any policy in violation of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall upon conviction be fined in any sum not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000), and in addition, the authority of the insurance company to do business in this state may be revoked.

(c) (1) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the offer or sale of a variable annuity contract issued, or variable benefit payable, in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Arkansas Insurance Code, the Securities Act of 1933, the Investment Company Act of 1940, and the Arkansas Securities Act, § 23-42-101 et seq.

(2) This section shall not apply to contracts with respect to amounts maintained by insurers in such group pension, profit-sharing, and annuity separate accounts as may be authorized by law.

(3) This section shall not apply to policy provisions permitting benefits to be left on deposit with the insurer at a specified rate of interest.

SECTION 442. Arkansas Code § 5-1-102 is amended to read as follows:

5-1-102. Definitions.

As used in this code, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Act" or "action" has the meaning specified in § 5-2-201(1);

(2) "Actor" includes, where appropriate, a person who possesses something or who omits to act;

(3) "Conduct" has the meaning specified in § 5-2-201(3);

(4) "Deadly weapon" means:

(A) A firearm or anything manifestly designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting death or serious physical injury; or

(B) Anything that in the manner of its use or intended use is capable of causing death or serious physical injury;
(5) "Element of the offense" means the conduct, the attendant circumstances, and the result of conduct that:

(A) Is specified in the definition of the offense; or

(B) Establishes the kind of culpable mental state required for commission of the offense; or

(C) Negates an excuse or justification for the conduct;

(6) "Firearm" means any device designed, made, or adapted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or any device readily convertible to that use, including such a device that is not loaded or lacks a clip or other component to render it immediately operable, and components that can readily be assembled into such a device;

(7) "Included offense" has the meaning specified in § 5-1-110(b);

(8) "Knowingly" and equivalent terms such as "knowing", "with knowledge", "willful", or "willfully", have the meaning specified in § 5-2-202(2); § 5-2-202(2), unless the statute clearly indicates a legislative intent to require a culpable mental state of "purposely", in which case "willful" or "willfully" shall have the same meaning as "purposely" specified in § 5-2-202(1);

(9) "Law" includes statutes and court decisions;

(10) "Negligently" and equivalent terms such as "negligence" or "with negligence" have the meaning specified in § 5-2-202(4);

(11) "Omission" or "omit to act" has the meaning specified in § 5-2-201(2);

(12) "Law enforcement officer" means any public servant vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for offenses;

(13)(A) "Person", "actor", "defendant", "he", "she", "her", or "him" includes any natural person and, where appropriate, an organization as that term is defined in § 5-2-501(1).

(B)(i)(a) For the purposes of §§ 5-10-101 - 5-10-105, "person" also includes an unborn child in utero at any stage of development;

(b) "Unborn child" means a living fetus of twelve (12) weeks or greater gestation.

(ii) Subdivision (13)(B) of this section does not apply to:

(a) Acts which cause the death of an unborn
child in utero if those acts were committed during a legal abortion to which
the woman consented;

(b) Acts which are committed pursuant to usual
and customary standards of medical practice during diagnostic testing or
therapeutic treatment; and

(c) Acts which are committed in the course of
medical research, experimental medicine, or acts deemed necessary to save the
life or preserve the health of the mother.

(iii) Nothing in subdivision (13)(B) of this section
shall be construed to allow the charging or conviction of a woman with any
criminal offense in the death of her own unborn child in utero;

(14) "Physical injury" means the:
(A) Impairment of physical condition;
(B) Infliction of substantial pain; or
(C) Infliction of bruising, swelling, or visible marks
associated with physical trauma;

(15) "Possess" means to exercise actual dominion, control, or
management over a tangible object;

(16) "Public servant" means:
(A) Any officer or employee of this state or of any
political subdivision thereof; or
(B) Any person exercising the functions of any such
officer or employee; or
(C) Any person acting as an adviser, consultant, or
otherwise in performing any governmental function but not including
witnesses; or
(D) Any person elected, appointed, or otherwise designated
to become a public servant although not yet occupying that position;

(17) "Purposely" and equivalent terms such as "purpose" or "with
purpose", "with purpose", "intentional", "intentionally",
"intended", or "with intent to" have the meaning specified in § 5-2-202(1);

(18) "Reasonably believes" or "reasonable belief" means the
belief that an ordinary, prudent person would form under the circumstances in
question and one not recklessly or negligently formed;

(19) "Sawed-off or short-barrelled shotgun" means a shotgun
having one (1) or more barrels less than eighteen inches (18") in length and
any weapon made from a shotgun, whether by alteration, modification, or
otherwise, if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length of less than
twenty-six inches (26''); and

"Sawed-off or short-barrelled rifle" means a rifle
having one (1) or more barrels less than sixteen inches (16'') in length and
any weapon made from a rifle, whether by alteration, modification, or
otherwise, if such weapon, as modified, has an overall length of less than
twenty-six inches (26'').

"Serious physical injury" means physical injury that
creates a substantial risk of death or that causes protracted disfigurement,
protracted impairment of health, or loss or protracted impairment of the
function of any bodily member or organ;

"Statute" includes the Constitution and any statute of
this state, any ordinance of a political subdivision of this state, and any
rule or regulation lawfully adopted by an agency of this state;

SECTION 443. Arkansas Code § 5-38-203 is amended to read as follows:
5-38-203. Criminal mischief in the first degree.
(a) A person commits the offense of criminal mischief in the first
degree if he or she purposely and without legal justification destroys or
causes damage to:

(1) Any property of another; or
(2) Any property, whether his own or that of another, for the
purpose of collecting any insurance therefor.

(b) In actions under this section involving cutting and removing
timber from the property of another, the failure to obtain the survey as
required by § 15-32-101 or the purposeful misrepresentation of the ownership
or origin of the timber shall create a presumption of willful intent purpose
to commit the offense of criminal mischief in the first degree.

(c) Criminal mischief in the first degree is a Class C felony if the
amount of actual damage is five hundred dollars ($500) or more. Otherwise, it
is a Class A misdemeanor.

(d) In actions under this section involving cutting and removing
timber from the property of another, there shall be imposed in addition to
the penalty in subsection (c) of this section, a fine of not more than two
(2) times the value of the timber destroyed or damaged; provided, however,
that in addition to the above, the court can require the defendant to make restitution to the owner of the timber.

SECTION 444. Arkansas Code § 23-35-803 is amended to read as follows:

23-35-803. Prohibited actions by officers, directors, agents, etc.

(a)(1) It is unlawful for any officer, director, committee member, agent, employee, or loan officer of a credit union to permit a loan to be made to a nonmember or to participate in a loan to a nonmember.

(2) It is unlawful for any corporation, officer, director, member, committee member, agent, employee, or loan officer of a credit union to receive, either directly or indirectly, the proceeds of a credit union loan made in the name of another person, corporation, or credit union with the intent to avoid compliance with this chapter.

(3) Any person who willfully violates this subsection shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be primarily liable to the credit union for the amount thus illegally loaned.

(4) The illegality of such a loan shall be no defense in any action of the credit union to recover on the loan.

(b) It is unlawful for any officer, director, committee member, agent, or employee of a credit union to make or subscribe to false entries or exhibit a false or fictitious paper, instrument, or security to a person authorized to examine the credit union books and records. Any person who willfully violates this subsection shall be guilty of a Class D felony and upon conviction shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($500) or imprisoned in the state penitentiary for not more than two (2) years, or both.

(c) It is unlawful for any officer, director, committee member, agent, or employee of a credit union to receive payments on shares knowing the credit union is insolvent. Any person who willfully violates this subsection shall be guilty of a Class C felony and upon conviction shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars ($5,000) or imprisoned in the state penitentiary for not more than ten (10) years, or both.

SECTION 445. Arkansas Code § 23-38-404 is amended to read as follows:


Any person who shall knowingly make, utter, or circulate any statement
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untrue in fact and derogatory to the financial condition of any building and
loan association in this state, with intent the purpose to injure the
association, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon
conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars
($500).

SECTION 446. Arkansas Code § 23-50-105 is amended to read as follows:
23-50-105. Embezzlement, misuse of funds, etc., by officer, director,
etc.

(a) The following persons shall be guilty of a felony:

(1) Any officer, director, agent, or employee of any bank or
subsidiary trust company who:

(A) Embezzles or willfully misapplies any of the moneys,
funds, or credits of the bank or subsidiary trust company; or
(B) Without authority from the directors of the bank or
subsidiary trust company issues or puts forth any certificate of deposit,
draws any order or bill of exchange, makes any acceptance, or assigns any
note, bond, draft, bill of exchange, mortgage, judgment, or decree; or
(C) Makes any false entry in any book, report, or
statement of the bank or trust company with the intent purpose in any case to
injure or defraud the bank or subsidiary trust company, or the Bank
Commissioner, or any agent or examiner appointed to examine the affairs of
the bank or subsidiary trust company, or the State Banking Board;

(2) Every receiver or liquidating agent of a bank or subsidiary
trust company who, with like intent purpose to defraud or injure, shall
embezzle or willfully misapply any of the moneys, funds, or assets of his or
her trust; and

(3) Every agent, attorney, employee, or assistant of any
receiver or liquidating agent of any bank or subsidiary trust company who,
with like intent purpose to defraud or injure, shall embezzle or willfully
misapply any of the moneys, funds, or assets of the trust of the receiver or
liquidating agent; and

(4) Every person who, with like intent, shall aid or abet any
officer, director, receiver, liquidating agent, employee, agent, attorney, or
receiver in any violation of this section.

(b) Upon conviction, the person shall be fined in any sum not more
than one million dollars ($1,000,000) or shall be imprisoned in the Arkansas
penitentiary for not more than thirty (30) years, or both.

SECTION 447. Arkansas Code § 23-50-106 is amended to read as follows:
23-50-106. False statements or records -- Bribery of commissioner,
examiner, or department employee.

The following persons shall be guilty of a Class D felony:
(1) Any person or persons who shall knowingly and willfully
subscribe to or make or cause to be made any false statement or false entry
in the books of any financial institution with the intent purpose to deceive
the Bank Commissioner or examiner; or
(2) Any person or persons who shall knowingly subscribe to or
exhibit false papers with the intent purpose to deceive the commissioner or
the examiner; or
(3) Any person or persons who shall make or publish any false
statement concerning the assets, liabilities, or affairs of any financial
institution; or
(4) Any person or persons who shall bribe or attempt to bribe or
offer any gratuity to the commissioner or any examiner.

SECTION 448. Arkansas Code § 23-50-107 is amended to read as follows:
23-50-107. False statements or records by officer, agent, or employee.
Every officer, agent, or employee of any financial institution
organized or doing business under the laws of the state who willfully and
knowingly subscribes to or makes any false reports or any false statements or
entries in the books of the financial institution or knowingly subscribes or
exhibits any false writing or paper with the intent purpose to deceive any
person as to the condition of the financial institution is guilty of a Class
A misdemeanor.

SECTION 449. Arkansas Code § 23-50-108 is amended to read as follows:
23-50-108. False reports by commissioner or examiner -- Acceptance of
bribe.
Any commissioner or examiner who shall knowingly and willfully make a
false or fraudulent report of the condition of any financial institution with
the intent purpose to aid or abet its officers, owners, or agents in
continuing to operate an insolvent institution or to injure the financial institution, or any examiner who shall receive or accept any bribe or gratuity given for the purpose of inducing him or her not to file a true and correct report of the condition thereof or who shall neglect to make an examination thereof because of having received a bribe or gratuity, is guilty of a Class D felony.

SECTION 450. Arkansas Code § 23-63-522 is amended to read as follows:

23-63-522. Criminal and civil proceedings.

(a) Whenever it appears to the Insurance Commissioner that any insurer or any director, officer, employee, or agent of the insurer has committed a willful violation of this subchapter, the commissioner may cause criminal proceedings to be instituted in the circuit court for the county in which the principal office of the insurer is located or, if the insurer has no office in the state, then by the Circuit Court of Pulaski County, against the insurer or the responsible director, officer, employee, or agent of the insurer.

(b)(1) Any insurer which willfully violates this subchapter shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars ($ 10,000).

(2) Any individual who willfully violates this subchapter shall be fined not more than three thousand dollars ($3,000) or, if the willful violation involves the deliberate perpetration of a fraud upon the commissioner, imprisoned not more than two (2) years, or both.

(c) Any officer, director, or employee of an insurance holding company system who willfully and knowingly subscribes to or makes or causes to be made any false statements or false reports or false filings with the intent purpose to deceive the commissioner in the performance of his or her duties under this subchapter, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than three thousand dollars ($ 3,000), or imprisoned for not more than two (2) years, or both guilty of a Class D felony. Any fines imposed shall be paid by the officer, director, or employee in his or her individual capacity.

(d) Any insurer failing, without just cause, to file any registration statement as required in this subchapter shall be required, after notice and hearing, to pay a penalty of two hundred dollars ($200) for each day’s delay, to be recovered by the commissioner, if necessary, by a civil suit therefor.
brought by the commissioner in the Circuit Court of Pulaski County. The commissioner may reduce the penalty hereunder if the insurer demonstrates to the commissioner that the imposition of the penalty would constitute a financial hardship to the insurer.

(e) Every director or officer of an insurance holding company system who knowingly violates, participates in, or assents to, or who knowingly shall permit any of the officers or agents of the insurer to engage in transactions or make investments which have not been properly reported or submitted pursuant to §§ 23-63-506 -- 23-63-513, or which violate this subchapter, shall pay, in their individual capacity, a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars ($5,000) per violation, after notice and hearing before the commissioner. In determining the amount of the civil penalty, the commissioner shall take into account the appropriateness of the forfeiture with respect to the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations, and such other matters as justice may require.

(f) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any insurer subject to this subchapter or any director, officer, employee, or agent thereof has engaged in any transaction or entered into a contract which is subject to § 23-63-515 and which would not have been approved had such approval been requested, the commissioner may order the insurer to cease and desist immediately any further activity under that transaction or contract. After notice and hearing, the commissioner may also order the insurer to void any such contracts and restore the status quo if such an action is in the best interest of the policyholders, creditors, or the public.

SECTION 451. Arkansas Code § 23-69-134(c), regarding maintenance of home office and records, is amended to read as follows:

(c)(1) Removal of all or a material part of the records or assets of a domestic insurer from this state except pursuant to a plan of merger or consolidation approved by the commissioner under the Arkansas Insurance Code, or for such other reasonable purposes and periods of time as may be approved by the commissioner in writing in advance of the removal, or concealment of the records or assets or material part thereof from the commissioner is prohibited.

(2) Any person who removes or attempts to remove the records or assets or the material part thereof from the home office or other place of
business or of safekeeping of the insurer in this state with the intent to remove them from this state, or who conceals or attempts to conceal them from the commissioner, in violation of this subsection, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a Class D felony punishable by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than five (5) years or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

(3) Upon any removal or attempted removal of the records or assets, or upon retention of the records or assets or material part thereof outside this state beyond the period specified in the commissioner’s consent under which the records were so removed, or upon concealment of or attempt to conceal records or assets in violation of this section, the commissioner may institute delinquency proceedings against the insurer pursuant to the provisions of § 23-68-101 et seq.

SECTION 452. Arkansas Code § 5-53-131 is amended to read as follows:

5-53-131. Frivolous, groundless, or malicious prosecutions. Any officer or any person who shall knowingly bring or aid and encourage others to bring frivolous, groundless, or malicious prosecutions shall be deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 453. Arkansas Code § 5-54-102 is amended to read as follows:

5-54-102. Obstructing governmental operations. (a) A person commits the offense of obstructing governmental operations if the person:

(1) Knowingly obstructs, impairs, or hinders the performance of any governmental function;

(2) Knowingly refuses to provide information requested by an employee of a governmental agency relating to the investigation of a case brought under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act and is the physical custodian of the child in the case;

(3) Fails to submit to court-ordered scientific testing by a noninvasive procedure to determine the paternity of a child in a case brought under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act; or

(4) Falsely identifies himself or herself to a law enforcement officer.
(b) Obstructing governmental operations by using or threatening to use physical force is a Class A misdemeanor. Otherwise, obstructing governmental operations is a Class C misdemeanor.

(c) This section shall not apply to:
   (1) Unlawful flight by a person charged with an offense; or
   (2) Refusal to submit to arrest; or
   (3) Any means of avoiding compliance with the law not involving affirmative interference with governmental functions unless specifically set forth in this section; or
   (4) The obstruction, impairment, or hindrance of what a person reasonably believes is a public servant's unlawful action by a public servant.

SECTION 454. Arkansas Code § 23-3-304 is amended to read as follows:

23-3-304. Penalties.
   (a) Any person who willfully and knowingly does or causes to be done any act, matter, or thing prohibited or declared to be unlawful by this subchapter, or who willfully and knowingly omits or fails to do any act, matter, or thing required by this subchapter to be done, or willfully and knowingly causes such an omission or failure, shall be punished upon conviction thereof by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars ($5000) or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both. In addition, the violation shall be punishable upon conviction by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) for each day during which the offense occurs.

(b) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates any rule, regulation, restriction, condition, or order made or imposed by the Arkansas Public Service Commission under authority of this subchapter shall be guilty of a violation and, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, be punished upon conviction by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) for each day during which such an offense occurs.

(c) In addition, should any person consummate, by whatever means, the acquisition of any of the voting securities of a domestic public utility in violation of this subchapter, the commission upon finding that one (1) or more of the conditions set forth in § 23-3-310 exist or will exist by virtue of the acquisition, may order the immediate divestiture of so much of the voting securities held by that person as, in the commission’s opinion, is
necessary to remove the domestic public utility from the control of that person.

SECTION 455. Arkansas Code § 23-13-257 is amended to read as follows:

23-13-257. Violations by carriers, shippers, brokers, etc., or employees, agents, etc. – Penalties.

Any person, whether a carrier, shipper, consignee, or broker, or any officer, employee, agent, or representative thereof who shall knowingly offer, grant, or give or solicit, accept, or receive any rebate, concession, or discrimination in violation of any provision of this subchapter; who by means of any false statement or representation, or by the use of any false or fictitious bill, bill of lading, receipt, voucher, roll, account, claim, certificate, affidavit, deposition, lease, or bill of sale, or by any other means or device shall knowingly and willfully assist, suffer, or permit any persons, natural or artificial, to obtain transportation of passengers or property subject to this subchapter for less than the applicable fare, rate, or charge; who shall knowingly and willfully by any such means or otherwise fraudulently seek to evade or defeat regulation as in this subchapter is provided for motor carriers or brokers; or who shall violate any of the regulations, including safety regulations, prescribed or hereafter prescribed by the State Highway Commission pursuant to the provisions of Title 23 of this Code, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation. Upon conviction that person, unless otherwise provided in this chapter, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the first offense and not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) for any subsequent offense.

SECTION 456. Arkansas Code § 23-50-109 is amended to read as follows:


Any examiner who shall disclose any information obtained by him or her in the course of his or her employment, except to the Bank Commissioner or the directors of the financial institution, or when subpoenaed as a witness in a legal proceeding, or who shall knowingly and willfully make, state, or publish any false statement or report concerning the assets, liabilities, or affairs of the financial institution, shall be immediately removed from office, shall be liable under his or her official bond to the institution
injured, and is guilty of a Class D felony.

SECTION 457. Arkansas Code § 23-78-111 is amended to read as follows:

23-78-111. Fees -- Oath at payment.

(a)(1)(A) In order to meet the expense of supervision and of carrying out the other provisions of this chapter, the Burial Association Board shall have and is given the power and authority to set license fees for burial associations, subject to its jurisdiction as set forth in § 23-78-109.

(B) The board shall determine the amount of such fees based on a burial association's membership or reserves, or a combination thereof.

(2) The board shall collect the annual license fee from each burial association that is operating and in good standing on January 1 of the year in which the license fee is payable.

(b)(1) The fee shall be due and payable to the board not later than February 1 of each year, and upon payment of the fee, the board shall issue to each burial association a license which shall entitle the association to do business in the State of Arkansas during the calendar year for which the license is issued.

(2) If the license fee for any year shall not be paid within thirty (30) days from the date upon which it is due, the board may revoke and cancel the authorization of the delinquent burial association to transact business in the State of Arkansas.

(c) It shall be the duty of every burial association to certify under oath at the time of the payment of the license fee the true and correct membership of the burial association on January 1 of the applicable year.

(d) If any officer or agent of any burial association shall knowingly or willfully make any false statement with respect to the information required by this section to be furnished, he or she shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars ($ 500) or imprisoned not more than six (6) months, or both.

(e) The board shall have and is given the power and authority to reduce or increase, temporarily or permanently, the fees set forth in subsection (a) of this section if the board deems such an action advisable.
SECTION 458. Arkansas Code § 23-89-504 is amended to read as follows:

23-89-504. Safety inspection and insurance required - Enforcement – Violations.

(a) It is unlawful for any person or entity to operate an amusement attraction or amusement ride, unless the person or entity maintains liability insurance in the minimum amount required by this subchapter at all times during the operation of the amusement attraction or ride in the state and, unless the person has a current safety inspection report made at the time of set-up of the attraction or ride, but before use by the public.

(b)(1) The Director of the Department of Labor may conduct examinations and investigations into the affairs of any person or entity subject to the provisions of this subchapter for the purpose of determining compliance with the provisions of this subchapter.

(2) The director shall administer and enforce the provisions of this subchapter.

(3) The director shall promulgate regulations for the proper administration and enforcement of this subchapter, including regulations establishing minimum safety requirements for the operation and maintenance of amusement rides and attractions.

(4) The director shall employ amusement ride inspectors certified by the National Association of Amusement Ride Safety Officials.

(c) If the director finds that an operator or owner has failed to comply with the provisions of this subchapter, he or she may order the operator or owner to immediately cease operating the amusement attraction or ride and may impose upon the operator or owner an administrative penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(d)(1) If the director finds that an operator or owner failed to comply with the provisions of this subchapter, he or she shall so inform the prosecuting attorney in whose district any purported violation may have occurred.

(2)(A) Upon conviction, the operator or owner shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(B) Upon conviction of a willful or knowing violation, the operator or owner shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

(3) Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(e) The director shall have authority to bring a civil action in any
court of competent jurisdiction, without payment of costs or giving bond for
costs, to recover any administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this
subchapter or to recover any delinquent fees owed pursuant to this
subchapter.

(f) The director and his or her deputies, assistants, examiners, and
employees and the Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police and his
or her deputies, officers, assistants, and employees and any public law
enforcement officer shall not be liable for any damages occurring as a result
of the implementation of this subchapter.

SECTION 459. Arkansas Code § 23-103-103 is amended to read as follows:

23-103-103. Penalties.

(a)(1) Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter
shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be
punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than
one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each offense.

(2) Each succeeding day on which this chapter is violated shall
be a separate offense.

(b) If any title insurance agent shall willfully and knowingly falsify
any public record or information required to be furnished, the title
insurance agent shall be guilty of a Class D felony in addition to any civil
liability.

SECTION 460. Arkansas Code § 23-66-502 is amended to read as follows:

23-66-502. Fraudulent insurance acts, interferences, and participation
of convicted felons prohibited.

(a) A person shall not commit a fraudulent insurance act.

(b) A person shall not knowingly or intentionally interfere with the
enforcement of the provisions of this subchapter or investigations of
suspected or actual violations of this subchapter.

(c)(1) A person convicted of a felony involving dishonesty or breach
of trust shall not participate in the business of insurance, unless the
person was pardoned, the conviction was expunged, or the person has obtained
the written consent of the Insurance Commissioner pursuant to subsection (d)
of this section.

(2) A person in the business of insurance shall not knowingly or
intentionally permit a person convicted of a felony involving dishonesty or breach of trust to participate in the business of insurance, unless the person was pardoned, the conviction was expunged, or the person has obtained the written consent of the commissioner pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.

(d)(1) A person described in subdivision (c)(1) of this section may participate in the business of insurance if written consent is obtained from the commissioner who, in the commissioner's sole discretion, may grant the written consent upon a finding that to do so would not endanger the public health, safety, and welfare.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision in this subchapter, a person convicted in this state of a felony involving a fraudulent insurance act, dishonesty, or breach of trust after having obtained the written consent of the commissioner under this subsection shall have the fine and term of imprisonment for such a class of felony under the Arkansas Criminal Code enhanced to that of the next highest classification and shall be permanently disqualified from participating in the business of insurance in this state. If after obtaining the written consent of the commissioner under this subsection a person is convicted in a foreign jurisdiction of a felony involving a fraudulent insurance act, dishonesty, or breach of trust, the person shall be permanently disqualified from participating in the business of insurance in this state.

SECTION 461. Arkansas Code § 5-37-510 is amended to read as follows:

5-37-510. Unauthorized copying or sale of recordings.

(a) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Owner" means the person:

(A) Who owns the original fixation of sounds embodied in the master phonograph record, master disc, master tape, master film, or other device used for reproducing sounds on recordings upon which sound is recorded and from which the transferred recorded sounds are directly derived; or

(B) The person who owns the right to record a live performance;

(2) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, or association; and

(3) "Recording" means the tangible medium on which sounds or
images are recorded or otherwise stored and includes any phonograph record, audio or video disc, audio or video tape, wire, film, or other medium now known or later developed on which sounds or images are recorded or otherwise stored.

(b) It is unlawful for any person for commercial advantage or private financial gain knowingly to:

(1) Transfer or cause to be transferred any sound recorded on a phonograph record, disc, wire, tape, film, or other article on which sounds are recorded, or any live performance, onto any recording without the consent of the owner; or

(2) Sell, distribute, circulate, offer for sale, distribution, or circulation, possess for the purpose of sale, distribution, or circulation, cause to be sold, distributed, or circulated, offered for sale, distribution, or circulation, any recording on which sounds or a performance have been transferred, knowing it to have been made without the consent of the owner.

(c) It is unlawful for any person for commercial advantage or private financial gain to sell, distribute, circulate, offer for sale, distribution, or circulation, or possess for the purposes of sale, distribution, or circulation, any recording on which sounds or images have been transferred unless the recording bears the actual name and address of the transferor of the sounds or images in a prominent place on its outside face, label, cover, jacket, or package.

(d) This section does not apply to any person who transfers or causes to be transferred any such sounds or images:

(1) Intended for or in connection with radio or television broadcast transmission, for communication media, or related uses;

(2) For archival purposes;

(3) For educational purposes, with no compensation being derived as a result of the transfer;

(4) For the internal operations of a business;

(5) With prior authorization by a court of competent jurisdiction; or

(6) Solely for the personal use of the person transferring or causing the transfer if the person transferring or causing the transfer has no intention to evade the provisions or intent of this section, provided that
proof of intent shall be an element of the offense.

(e)(1) Any person violating the provisions of this section, upon conviction, shall be deemed guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for the first offense involving fewer than one hundred (100) sound recordings or fewer than seven (7) audiovisual recordings.

(2) For a subsequent offense, and for offenses involving one hundred (100) or more sound recordings, or seven (7) or more audiovisual recordings, the person shall be deemed guilty of a Class D felony and shall be subject to an additional fine not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000).

(f) This section shall neither enlarge nor diminish the rights of parties in private litigation.

(g) When a person is convicted of any violation of this section, the court in its judgment of conviction shall order the forfeiture and destruction or other disposition of all recordings which do not conform to the requirements of this section and all implements, devices, labels, or equipment used in the manufacture of such recordings.

(h)(1) It shall be the duty of all law enforcement officers, upon discovery, to confiscate all recordings that do not conform to the provisions of this section.

(2)(A) The recordings shall be delivered to the district attorney for the county in which the confiscation was made.

(B) The district attorney, by court order, shall destroy or otherwise dispose of such recordings.

(2) It shall be the duty of law enforcement to, by court order, destroy or otherwise dispose of such recordings.

SECTION 462. Arkansas Code § 3-3-206 is amended to read as follows:

3-3-206. Sale or delivery to retailer without valid license tax receipt.

(a) Any manufacturer or jobber who shall sell or deliver intoxicating liquor within the state to a retailer who does not possess a valid license tax receipt, as provided for in this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. For the first offense he or she shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars ($250) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or imprisoned not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, or
both so fined and imprisoned within the discretion of the court or jury
guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. The penalties prescribed herein shall be in
addition to any other penalty prescribed by law.

(b) Any person found guilty a second time shall be fined not less than
fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or confined
in the county jail not less than one (1) month nor more than six (6) months,
or both so fined and imprisoned within the discretion of the court or jury
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 463. Arkansas Code § 5-36-203 is amended to read as follows:

5-36-203. Penalties.
(a) Theft of public benefits is a Class B felony if the value of the
public benefit is two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or more.
(b) Theft of public benefits is a Class C felony if the value of the
public benefit is less than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) but
more than two hundred dollars ($200) five hundred dollars ($500).
(c) Theft of public benefits is a Class A misdemeanor if the value of
the public benefit is two hundred dollars ($200) five hundred dollars ($500)
or less.

SECTION 464. Arkansas Code § 5-37-212 is amended to read as follows:

5-37-212. Unlawfully using slugs.
(a) A person commits the offense of unlawfully using slugs if:
(1) With purpose to defraud, he or she obtains property or a
service sold or offered by means of a coin machine by inserting, depositing,
or using a slug in that machine; or
(2) He or she makes, possesses, or disposes of a slug with
purpose to enable a person to use it fraudulently in a coin machine.
(b) Unlawfully using slugs is a Class C felony if the value of
the property or slugs exceeds one hundred dollars ($100) five hundred dollars
($500). Otherwise, it is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 465. Arkansas Code § 5-53-112 is amended to read as follows:

5-53-112. Retaliation against a witness, informant, or juror.
(a) A person commits the offense of retaliation against a witness,
informant, or juror if he or she harms or threatens to harm another by any
unlawful act in retaliation for anything lawfully done in the capacity of 
witness, informant, or juror.
(b) Retaliation against an informant who is recognized as such by the 
county sheriff, the chief of police of a first or second class city, an 
officer of the State Police, or any of their respective designees, informant, 
a juror, or a witness is a Class D felony.
(c) Retaliation against any juror or witness or retaliation against an 
informant not recognized as such by law enforcement is a Class A 
misdemeanor.
(c) An informant is a person who provides information to any law 
enforcement agency in an effort to assist that agency in solving crimes or 
apprehending persons suspected of criminal offenses.

SECTION 466. Arkansas Code § 5-53-114 is amended to read as follows: 5-53-114. Intimidating a juror, juror, a witness, or an informant.
(a) A person commits the offense of intimidating a juror, a 
witness, or an informant if he or she threatens a juror, a witness, or 
an informant with the purpose of influencing the juror's vote or decision or 
other action as a juror, the witness's or informant's statement or testimony. 
(b) Intimidating a juror, juror, a witness, or an informant is a Class 
C felony.
(c) An informant is a person who provides information to any law 
enforcement agency in an effort to assist that law enforcement agency in 
solving crimes and apprehending persons suspected of criminal offenses.

(a) It is declared to be unlawful for any person, in any manner 
whatever, to change, extend, or alter, or to cause to be changed, extended, 
or altered, any service or other pipe or attachment of any kind, by or 
through which natural or artificial gas is furnished from the gas mains or 
pipes of any person, company, or corporation without first securing from that 
person, company, or corporation written permission to make such change, 
extension, or alteration. 
(b) Any person violating any provision of subsection (a) of this 
section shall, upon conviction, be fined in any sum not less than five
dollars ($5.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for such offense guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 468. Arkansas Code §§ 5-72-102 and 5-72-103 are amended to read as follows:

5-72-102. Removal of trees growing on navigable rivers or streams.
(a) It is unlawful to remove any trees growing below the normal high watermark, as defined in § 15-22-202(6), on any river or stream in this state which has been designated as a navigable river or stream by legislative act. Provided, authorized representatives of the United States Government or of this state who are charged with the responsibility of maintaining navigation and flood control on navigable rivers and streams may remove such trees growing below the normal high watermark of navigable rivers and streams as they deem necessary to properly carry out their duties.
(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

5-72-103. Cutting timber on swamp and overflowed lands.
(a) Any person who cuts, destroys, or removes any timber standing on any of the swamp and overflowed lands granted by Congress to this state shall be subject to indictment and on conviction shall be fined the full value of the timber cut, destroyed, or carried away and be imprisoned not less than two (2) nor more than twenty (20) days guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Additionally, restitution shall be set at full value of the timber cut, destroyed, or carried away.
(b) However, any person residing on swamp or overflowed lands shall have the right to cut any timber growing on the tract which he may occupy for his own use for building or farming purposes.

SECTION 469. Arkansas Code §§ 5-72-105 – 5-72-107 are amended to read as follows:

5-72-105. Obstruction of drains by timber or material - Floating logs or boom.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person or corporation to cause any
timber, tree, or material to be felled or thrown into any ditch, drain, stream, or canal, whether natural or artificial, which will tend to obstruct the free flow of water therein. However, this subsection shall not prevent any person from floating logs or having a boom in any natural stream in this state, where the same does not tend to overflow the lands adjacent to the boom.

(b) Any person or persons or levee or drainage district interested in the maintenance of the free flow of water through any stream, drain, ditch, or canal may, where there is any timber, tree, or material in any such stream, ditch, drain, or canal, which tends to obstruct the free flow of water, remove them and shall have a cause of action against any person or corporation who may have felled or thrown, or caused to be felled or thrown timber, trees, or material into a stream, drain, ditch, or canal, for the reasonable cost of removing the same, whether the obstruction was placed in the stream, ditch, drain, or canal either before or after the passage of this section.

(c) Any person or corporation who shall violate subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) one thousand dollars ($1,000).

5-72-106. Obstructing natural drains.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to obstruct in any manner any natural drain in this state.

(b) Any person who shall so obstruct any natural drain shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(c) This section shall not apply to the following counties: Lee, Woodruff, Phillips, and Craighead.


(a) Any person owning, operating, or controlling any dam or other obstruction across any river, creek, or other stream in this state shall at all times keep the dam or other obstruction open so as to permit a flow of
water sufficient to maintain fish life in the stream below the dam or other
obstruction.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be
guilty of a misdemeanor violation and on conviction shall be fined in any sum
not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars
($500) one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 470. Arkansas Code § 5-72-110 is amended to read as follows:
5-72-110. Driving on levees - Destruction of barricades - Duty of
justice of the peace.
(a) Any person who shall drive any vehicle or ride on any public
levee, or any private levee without the consent of the owner using the same
as a road bed, or who shall cut, tear down, destroy, or injure barricades,
fences, or other constructions erected or built for the protection of the
levee, shall be deemed guilty of a Class B misdemeanor and on conviction
shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than
fifty dollars ($50.00) or imprisonment in the county jail not less than five
(5) nor more than thirty (30) days, or both, at the discretion of the court
having jurisdiction, provided, the levees are constructed and maintained for
the purpose of protection against overflow.

(b) It shall be the duty of any justice of the peace, whenever it
appears from the oath of any person that such offense has been committed, or
whenever he is cognizant of the offense, to issue his warrant of arrest for
the person so offending. The justice shall order the sheriff or constable to
take in custody the vehicle so driven on the levee, which, in default of the
payment of the fine, shall be applied toward satisfaction of any fine that
may be imposed under the provisions of this section.

(c) Any justice of the peace who shall refuse or fail to receive the
complaint of any person charging any other person with a violation of the
preceding subsection, or shall fail to proceed with the hearing of the
evidence upon which the complaint is based, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor,
and upon indictment by the grand jury, and conviction thereon, shall be fined
in any sum not more than one hundred dollars ($100), with full costs of the
same.

(d)(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply in those cases
where:
(1) Roads have been laid out by the properly constituted lawful authorities upon levees which have ceased to be of any practical use to the county in the rear of the same; or

(2) The proper lawful authorities have established crossings over the levees.

SECTION 471. Arkansas Code § 16-85-514 is amended to read as follows:


(a) Every member of the grand jury must keep secret whatever he himself the member, or any other grand juror, may have said, or in what manner he or she, or any grand juror, may have voted on a matter before them.

(b)(1) No grand juror shall disclose any evidence given before the grand jury, except when lawfully required to testify as a witness in relation thereto; nor shall he or she disclose the fact of any indictment having been found against any person not in actual confinement, until the defendant shall have been arrested thereon.

(2) Any grand juror violating the provisions of this subsection shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor violation and, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) one thousand dollars ($1,000).

(c)(1) A member of the grand jury may, however, be required by a court to disclose the testimony of a witness examined before the grand jury for the purpose of ascertaining its consistency with the testimony given by the witness on trial, or for the purpose of proceeding against the witness for perjury in his or her testimony, or upon the trial of a prosecution of the witness for perjury.

(2) It shall be the duty of the foreman of the grand jury to communicate to the prosecuting attorney, when requested, the substance of the testimony before them.

(d) A grand juror cannot be questioned for anything he may say or any vote he may give relative to a matter legally before the grand jury, except for a perjury he or she may have committed in making accusation or giving testimony before his or her fellow jurors.

SECTION 472. Arkansas Code §§ 17-14-302 and 17-14-303 are amended to read as follows:
17-14-302. License required — Membership in other organizations.
   (a) On or after December 31, 2001, it shall be unlawful a Class B misdemeanor for any individual to perform an appraisal or provide appraisal services as defined herein, without holding a registration, license, or certificate except as provided in § 17-14-104.
   (b) No person shall be excluded from obtaining a registration, license, or certification based solely upon membership or lack of membership in any particular appraisal organization.

17-14-303. Unlicensed persons — Federally and nonfederally related transactions.
   (a) It shall be unlawful a Class B misdemeanor for any person who is not licensed or certified pursuant to this chapter to perform appraisal services as defined herein in connection with a federally related transaction.
   (b) An appraiser who does not hold an appraiser's classification which permits the performance of a particular appraisal assignment for use in federally related transactions must include in such an appraisal report a statement that the appraisal may not be eligible for use in a federally related transaction.

SECTION 473. Arkansas Code § 21-12-406 is amended to read as follows:
21-12-406. Failure to execute warrant - Penalty Recovery.
   Any officer to whom a warrant issued under § 21-6-403 may be directed and delivered who shall fail to execute or return the warrant or perform any duty required of him or her shall forfeit to the use of the county any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), to be recovered by indictment. If an officer receives a warrant issued under § 21-12-403 and fails to execute or return the warrant, the officer shall be liable to the county in a civil action for an amount between one hundred dollars ($100) and five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 474. Arkansas Code § 5-13-201 is amended to read as follows:
5-13-201. Battery in the first degree.
   (a) A person commits battery in the first degree if:
      (1) With the purpose of causing serious physical injury to
another person, he or she causes serious physical injury to any person by
means of a deadly weapon; or

(2) With the purpose of seriously and permanently disfiguring
another person or of destroying, amputating, or permanently disabling a
member or organ of his that person's body, he or she causes such an injury to
any person; or

(3) He or she causes serious physical injury to another person
under circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human
life; or

(4) Acting alone or with one (1) or more other persons, he or
she commits or attempts to commit a felony, and in the course of and in
furtherance of the felony, or in immediate flight therefrom:

(A) He or she or an accomplice causes serious physical
injury to any person under circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to
the value of human life; or

(B) Another person who is resisting the offense or flight
causes serious physical injury to any person; or

(5)(A) He causes physical injury to a pregnant woman in the
commission of a felony or a Class A misdemeanor causing her to suffer a
miscarriage or stillbirth as a result of that injury; or

(B) He recklessly causes physical injury to a pregnant
woman or causes physical injury to a pregnant woman under circumstances
manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life causing her to
suffer a miscarriage or stillbirth as a result of that injury.

(C) As used in this subdivision (a)(5), unless the context
otherwise requires:

(i) "Physical injury" means the impairment of
physical condition, including, but not limited to, the inability to complete
a full-term pregnancy, as defined by the pregnant woman's physician, or the
infliction of substantial pain;

(ii) "Miscarriage" means the interruption of the
normal development of the fetus, other than by a live birth and which is not
an induced abortion, resulting in the complete expulsion or extraction of a
fetus from a pregnant woman; and

(iii) "Stillbirth" means the death of a fetus prior
to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother, irrespective of the
duration of pregnancy and which is not an induced abortion, and death is
manifested by the fact that after the expulsion or extraction, the fetus does
not breathe spontaneously or show other evidence of life such as heart beat,
pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles; or

(5) With the purpose of causing serious physical injury to an
unborn child or to the woman who is pregnant with the unborn child, he or she
causes serious physical to the unborn child;

(6) He or she knowingly causes physical injury to a pregnant
woman in the commission of a felony or a Class A misdemeanor, and in so
doing, causes serious physical injury to the woman’s unborn child, and the
unborn child is subsequently born alive;

(6)(7) He or she intentionally or knowingly without legal
justification causes serious physical injury to one he or she knows to be
twelve (12) years of age or younger; or

(7)(8) With the purpose of causing physical injury to another
person, he or she causes physical injury to any person by means of a
firearm.

(b) It is an affirmative defense in any prosecution under subdivision
(a)(4) of this section in which the defendant was not the only participant
that the defendant:

(1) Did not commit the battery or in any way solicit, command,
induce, procure, counsel, or aid its commission; and

(2) Was not armed with a deadly weapon; and

(3) Reasonably believed that no other participant was armed with
a deadly weapon; and

(4) Reasonably believed that no other participant intended to
engage in conduct which could result in serious physical injury.

(c) Battery in the first degree is a Class B felony.

SECTION 475. Arkansas Code § 5-64-406 is amended to read as follows:

5-64-406. Distribution to minors — Enhanced penalties.

(a) Any person eighteen (18) years of age or over who violates § 5-64-
401(a) by distributing a controlled substance listed in Schedules I or II
which is a narcotic drug or methamphetamine to a person under eighteen (18)
years of age who is at least three (3) years his junior is punishable by the
fine authorized by § 5-64-401(a)(1)(i), by a term of imprisonment of up to
twice that authorized by § 5-64-401(a)(1)(i), or by both.

(b) Any person eighteen (18) years of age or over who violates § 5-64-
401 by distributing any other controlled substance listed in Schedules I, II,
III, IV, and V to a person under eighteen (18) years of age who is at least
three (3) years his junior is punishable by the fine authorized by § 5-64-
401(a)(1)(ii), (iii), or (iv), by a term of imprisonment up to twice that
authorized by § 5-64-401(a)(1)(ii), (iii), or (iv), or both.

SECTION 476. Arkansas Code § 5-73-119 is amended to read as follows:

5-73-119. Handguns - Possession by minor or possession on school
property.

(a)(1)(A) No person in this state under the age of eighteen (18) years
shall possess a handgun.

(B)(i) A violation of subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this
section shall be a Class A misdemeanor.

(ii) A violation of subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this
section shall be a Class D felony if the person has previously:

(a) Been adjudicated delinquent for a
violation of subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section; or

(b) Been adjudicated delinquent for any
offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult; or

(c) Plead guilty or nolo contendere to, or
been found guilty of, a felony in circuit court while under the age of
eighteen (18) years.

(2)(A) No person in this state shall possess a firearm:

(i) Upon the developed property of the public or
private schools, K-12; or

(ii) In or upon any school bus; or

(iii) At a designated bus stop as identified on the
route lists published by school districts each year.

(B) A violation of subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section
shall be a Class D felony, and no sentence imposed for violation thereof
shall be suspended or probated or treated as a first offense under § 16-93-
301 et seq.

(3)(A) No person in this state shall possess a handgun upon the
property of any private institution of higher education or the publicly
supported institutions of higher education in this state on or about his
person, in a vehicle occupied by him, or otherwise readily available for use
with a purpose to employ it as a weapon against a person.

(B) A violation of subdivision (a)(3)(A) of this section
shall be a Class D felony.

(b) A "handgun" is a firearm, capable of firing rimfire ammunition or
centerfire ammunition, which is designed or constructed to be fired with one
(1) hand.

(c) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that at the time
of the act of possessing a handgun or firearm:

(1) The person is in his or her own dwelling or place of
business or on property in which he or she has a possessory or proprietary
interest; or, except upon the property of a public or private institution of
higher learning;

(2) The person is a law enforcement officer, prison guard
 correctional officer, or member of the armed forces acting in the course and
scope of his or her official duties; or

(3) The person is assisting a law enforcement officer, prison
guard correctional officer, or member of the armed forces acting in the
course and scope of his or her official duties pursuant to the direction or
request of the law enforcement officer, prison guard correctional officer, or
member of the armed forces; or

(4) The person is a licensed security guard acting in the course
and scope of his or her duties; or

(5) The person is hunting game with a handgun or firearm which
may be hunted with a handgun or firearm under the rules and regulations of
the Arkansas State Game and Fish Commission or is en route to or from a
hunting area for the purpose of hunting game with a handgun or firearm; or

(6) The person is a certified law enforcement officer; or

(7) The person is on a journey, unless the person is eighteen
(18) years old or less; or

(8) The person is participating in a certified hunting safety
course sponsored by the commission or a firearm safety course recognized and
approved by the commission or by a state or national nonprofit organization
qualified and experienced in firearm safety; or
(9) The person is participating in a school-approved educational course or sporting activity involving the use of firearms; or

(10) The person is a minor engaged in lawful marksmanship competition or practice or other lawful recreational shooting under the supervision of his parent, legal guardian, or other person twenty-one (21) years of age or older standing in loco parentis or is traveling to or from this activity with an unloaded handgun or firearm accompanied by his parent, legal guardian, or other person twenty-one (21) years of age or older standing in loco parentis.

SECTION 477. Arkansas Code § 16-93-1207 is amended to read as follows:

16-93-1207. Order of court.

(a) Upon the sentencing or placing on probation of any person under the provisions of this subchapter, the sentencing court shall issue an order or commitment, whichever is appropriate, in writing, setting forth the following:

(1) That the offender is being:

(A) Committed to the Department of Correction;

(B) Committed to the Department of Correction with judicial transfer to the Department of Community Correction;

(C) Placed on suspended imposition of sentence; or

(D) Placed on probation under the provisions of this subchapter;

(2) That the offender has knowledge and understanding of the consequences of the sentence or placement on probation and violations thereof;

(3) A designation of sentence or supervision length along with community punishment correction program distinctions of that sentence or supervision length;

(4) Any applicable terms and conditions of the sentence or probation term; and

(5) Presentence investigation or sentencing information, including, but not limited to, criminal history elements and other appropriate or necessary information for correctional use.

(b)(1) Upon the successful completion of probation or a commitment to the Department of Correction with judicial transfer to the Department of
Community Correction for one of the offenses targeted by the General Assembly for community punishment correction placement, the court may direct that the record of the offender be expunged of the offense of which the offender was either convicted under the following conditions: or placed on probation under the condition that the offender has no more than one (1) previous felony conviction and that the previous felony was other than a conviction for a capital offense, murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, first degree rape, kidnapping, aggravated robbery, delivering controlled substances to a minor, as prohibited in § 5-64-701(a)(2).

(A) That the offender was under the age of twenty-six (26) years at the time of the commission of the felony offense and had no more than one (1) previous felony conviction and that the previous felony was other than a conviction for a capital offense, or murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, first degree rape, kidnapping, or aggravated robbery; or

(B) That the offender was over the age of eighteen (18) years of age and does not have a previous conviction for the offense of delivering controlled substances to a minor, as prohibited in § 5-64-701(a)(2); or

(C) That the offender has no prior felony convictions.

(2) The fact that a prior felony conviction has been previously expunged shall not prevent its counting as a prior conviction for the purposes of this subsection.

(3) The procedure, effect, and definition of "expungement" for the purposes of this subsection shall be in accordance with that established in § 16-90-901 et seq.

SECTION 478. Arkansas Code § 16-93-1301 is amended to read as follows:

16-93-1301. Transfer provisions.

(a) As used in this subchapter, "felonies" means those crimes classified as Class Y, Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D, or unclassified felonies by the laws of this state.

(b)(1) Persons who committed felonies prior to January 1, 1994, and who were convicted and incarcerated for those felonies, shall be eligible for release on parole in accordance with the parole eligibility law in effect at the time the crime was committed.
(2) Persons who committed target offenses under the Community Punishment Act, § 16-93-1201 et seq., prior to January 1, 1994, and who have not been sentenced to a term of incarceration, may waive the right to be released under the parole eligibility law in effect at the time the crimes were committed and shall become eligible for judicial transfer pursuant to the transfer provisions provided in subdivision (c)(2) of this section.

(3) Persons who have committed felonies who are within a target group as currently defined under § 16-93-1202(l)(1), and who are released on parole shall be eligible, pursuant to rules and regulations established by the Post Prison Transfer Board, for commitment to a community punishment correction facility if they are found to be in violation of any of their parole conditions, unless the parole violation constitutes a nontarget felony offense.

(4) [Expired].

(c) Persons who commit felonies on or after January 1, 1994, and who shall be convicted and incarcerated for those felonies, shall be eligible for transfer to community punishment correction as follows:

(1)(A) Inmates under sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole shall not be eligible for transfer, but may be pardoned or have their sentences commuted by the Governor, as provided by law.

(B) Inmates sentenced to life imprisonment shall not be eligible for transfer unless the sentences are commuted to a term of years by executive clemency.

(C) Upon commutation, inmates shall be eligible for transfer as provided in this subchapter;

(2)(A)(i)(a) Offenders convicted of a target offense under the Community Punishment Act, § 16-93-1201 et seq., may be committed to the Department of Correction and judicially transferred to the Department of Community Correction by specific provision in the commitment that the trial court orders such a transfer.

(b) No other offenders are eligible for transfer to a Department of Community Correction facility.

(ii) A copy of such commitment shall be immediately forwarded to the Department of Correction and to the Department of Community Correction.

(iii) In the event that an offender is sentenced to
the Department of Correction without judicial transfer on one (1) sentence and concurrently sentenced to the Department of Correction with judicial transfer on another sentence, the offender shall remain in the Department of Correction, and the sentence with judicial transfer may be discharged in the same manner as those offenders transferred back to the Department of Correction.

(B) The Department of Community Correction shall take over supervision of the offender in accordance with the order of the court.

(C) The Department of Community Correction shall provide for the appropriate disposition of the offender as expeditiously as practicable under rules and regulations developed by the Board of Corrections.

(D) The offender shall not be transported to the Department of Correction on the initial placement in a Department of Community Correction facility pursuant to a judicial transfer.

(E) An offender who is transferred back to the Department of Correction for disciplinary reasons may be considered for transfer to Department of Community Correction supervision after earning good-time credit equal to one-half (1/2) of the remainder of his sentence.

(F) An offender who is transferred back to the Department of Correction for administrative reasons may be considered for transfer to Department of Community Correction supervision after earning good-time credit equal to one-half (1/2) of his sentence.

(3)(A) All other classified or unclassified felons who are incarcerated therefor shall be eligible for transfer to community punishment after having served one-third (1/3) or one-half (1/2), with credit for meritorious good time, of their sentences depending on the seriousness determination made by the Arkansas Sentencing Commission, or one-half (1/2), with credit for meritorious good time, of the time to which their sentences are commuted by executive clemency.

(B) For example, a six-year sentence with optimal meritorious good time credits will make the offender eligible for transfer in one (1) year if he or she is required to serve one third (1/3) of his or her sentence, or one and one-half (1 1/2) years if he or she is required to serve one-half (1/2) of his or her sentence.
SECTION 479. Arkansas Code § 17-81-303 is amended to read as follows:


(a) It shall be unlawful for any person not licensed under the provisions of this chapter:

(1) To practice or offer to practice chiropractic; or

(2) To use any sign, card, or device to indicate that the person is a professional licensed doctor of chiropractic.

(b) Any person who shall practice or attempt to practice chiropractic, as defined in this chapter, or use any sign, card, or device to indicate that the person is a professional licensed doctor of chiropractic without having first been licensed or otherwise permitted under the provisions of this chapter to do so shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. Upon conviction, he or she shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than one (1) month nor more than eleven (11) months, or by both fine and imprisonment. Each day shall constitute a separate offense.

(c) The courts of this state having general equity jurisdiction are vested with jurisdiction and power to enjoin the unlawful practice of chiropractic in a proceeding by the board or any member thereof, or by any citizen of this state, in the county in which the alleged unlawful practice occurred or in which the defendant resides, or in Pulaski County. The issuance of an injunction shall not relieve a person from criminal prosecution for violation of the provisions of this chapter, but the remedy of injunction shall be in addition to liability to criminal prosecution.

(d) It is unlawful for any person other than a physician licensed to practice chiropractic under the provisions of the Arkansas Chiropractic Practices Act, § 17-81-101 et seq., or a physician licensed to practice medicine under the Arkansas Medical Practices Act, §§ 17-95-201 - 17-95-207, 17-95-301 - 17-95-305, and 17-95-401 - 17-95-411, to perform spinal mobilizations, spinal adjustments, or spinal manipulations as those terms are defined in § 17-81-102(7).

(2) Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to limit or restrict the authority of a licensed physical therapist to practice physical therapy as defined in § 17-93-102(6).
(3) Any person violating the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor violation and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars ($5,000), and each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(e)(1) If the Arkansas State Board of Chiropractic Examiners determines, after due notice and a hearing, that any provision of this chapter or any regulation promulgated by the board pursuant to this chapter has been violated, the board may impose a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000) per violation.

(2)(A) The board may file an action in the Circuit Court of Pulaski County to collect any civil penalty not paid within thirty (30) days of service of the order assessing the penalty unless the circuit court enters a stay of the board’s order.

(B) If the board prevails in the action, the defendant shall be directed to pay reasonable attorney’s fees and costs incurred by the board in prosecuting the action in addition to the civil penalty.

(3) Any person aggrieved by an action of the board imposing civil penalties may appeal the decision in the manner and under the procedure prescribed in the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-201 et seq., for appeals from administrative decisions.

SECTION 480. Arkansas Code § 5-2-621 is amended to read as follows:

5-2-621. Attempting to protect persons during commission of a felony.

No persons shall be civilly liable for actions or omissions intended to protect themselves or others from personal injuries during the commission of a felony unless such actions or omissions constitute a felony.

SECTION 481. Arkansas Code §§ 5-26-303 – 5-26-305 are amended to read as follows:

5-26-303. Domestic battering in the first degree.

(a) A person commits domestic battering in the first degree if:

(1)(A) With the purpose of causing serious physical injury to a family or household member, he or she causes serious physical injury to a family or household member by means of a deadly weapon; or

(B) With the purpose of seriously and permanently disfiguring a family or household member or of destroying, amputating, or
permanently disabling a member or organ of a family or household member's body, he or she causes such an injury to a family or household member; or

(C) He or she causes serious physical injury to a family or household member under circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life; or

(2) He or she commits any act of domestic battering as defined in subdivisions (a)(1)(A)–(C) of this section or § 5-26-304 or § 5-26-305 and, for conduct which occurred within the ten (10) years preceding the commission of the current offense, he or she has on two (2) previous occasions been convicted of any act of battery against a family or household member as defined by the laws of this state or by the equivalent laws of any other state or foreign jurisdiction.

(b)(1) Domestic battering in the first degree is a Class B felony.

(2) However, domestic battering in the first degree is a Class A felony upon a conviction pursuant to subsection (a) of this section if committed against a woman the person knew or should have known was pregnant or if, for conduct which occurred within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the current offense, the person has been:

(A) Committed Convicted of a prior offense of:

(i) Domestic battering in the first degree;

(ii) Domestic battering in the second degree, § 5-26-302; or

(iii) Domestic battering in the third degree, § 5-26-305; or

(B) Violated Convicted of an equivalent penal law of this state or of another state or foreign jurisdiction.

5-26-304. Domestic battering in the second degree.

(a) A person commits domestic battering in the second degree if:

(1) With the purpose of causing physical injury to a family or household member, he or she causes serious physical injury to a family or household member; or

(2) With the purpose of causing physical injury to a family or household member, he or she causes physical injury to a family or household member by means of a deadly weapon; or

(3) He or she recklessly causes serious physical injury to a
family or household member by means of a deadly weapon.

(b)(1) Domestic battering in the second degree is a Class C felony.

(2) However, domestic battering in the second degree is a Class B felony if:

(A) committed against a woman the person knew or should have known was pregnant; or if,

(B) for conduct which occurred within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the current offense, the person has been convicted of a prior offense of:

(A) Committed a prior offense of:

(i) Domestic battering in the first degree, § 5-26-303;

(ii) Domestic battering in the second degree;

(iii) Domestic battering in the third degree, § 5-26-305; or

(iv) Violated an equivalent penal law of this state or of another state or foreign jurisdiction;

(C) For conduct which occurred within the ten (10) years preceding the commission of the current offense, the person has on two (2) previous occasions been convicted of any act of battery against a family or household member as defined by the laws of this state or by the equivalent laws of any other state or foreign jurisdiction.

5-26-305. Domestic battering in the third degree.

(a) A person commits domestic battering in the third degree if:

(1) With the purpose of causing physical injury to a family or household member, a person causes physical injury to a family or household member; or

(2) A person recklessly causes physical injury to a family or household member; or

(3) A person negligently causes physical injury to a family or household member by means of a deadly weapon; or

(4) A person purposely causes stupor, unconsciousness, or physical or mental impairment or injury to a family or household member by administering to a family or household member, without the family or household member's consent, any drug or other substance.
(b)(1) Domestic battering in the third degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

(2) However, domestic battering in the third degree is a Class D felony if:
   
   (A) Committed against a woman the person knew or should have known was pregnant; or if,
   
   (B) For conduct which occurred within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the current offense, the person has been convicted of a prior offense of:
   
   (A) Committed a prior offense of:
      
      (i) Domestic battering in the first degree, § 5-26-303;
      
      (ii) Domestic battering in the second degree, § 5-26-304;
      
      (iii) Domestic battering in the third degree; or
      
      (B) Violated an equivalent penal law of this state or of another state or foreign jurisdiction; or
      
      (C) For conduct which occurred within the ten (10) years preceding the commission of the current offense, the person has on two (2) previous occasions been convicted of any act of battery against a family or household member as defined by the laws of this state or by the equivalent laws of any other state or foreign jurisdiction.

SECTION 482. Arkansas Code § 5-41-206 is amended to read as follows:

5-41-206. Computer password disclosure.

(a) A person commits computer password disclosure if the person purposely and without authorization discloses a number, code, password, or other means of access to a computer or computer network that is subsequently used to access a computer or computer network.

(b) Computer password disclosure is a Class A misdemeanor.

(c) If the violation of subsection (a) of this section was committed to devise or execute a scheme to defraud or illegally obtain property, the person is guilty of a Class D felony.

SECTION 483. Arkansas Code § 5-71-228 is amended to read as follows:

5-71-228. Obstruction of shooting, hunting, fishing, or trapping
activities.

(a) It is unlawful for any person to willfully obstruct or impede the participation of any individual in the lawful activity of shooting, hunting, fishing, or trapping in this state. Provided, that nothing in this section shall prohibit a landowner or lessee from exercising his or her lawful right to prohibit hunting, fishing, or trapping on his or her land, or from exercising any other legal right.

(b)(1) A court of general jurisdiction may enjoin conduct which would be in violation of subsection (a) of this section upon petition by a person affected or who reasonably may be affected by such conduct, upon a showing that such conduct is threatened or that it has occurred on a particular premises in the past and that it is not unreasonable to expect that under similar circumstances it will be repeated.

(2)(A) A court of general jurisdiction may award damages to any person adversely affected by a violation of subsection (a) of this section which may include an award for punitive damages.

(B) In addition to other items of special damage, measure of damages may include expenditures of the affected person for license and permit fees, travel, guides, special equipment, and supplies, to the extent that such expenditures were rendered futile by prevention of taking of a wild animal or fish.

(c)(1) Any person violating the provisions of this section and in possession of a firearm shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500), or imprisonment for not to exceed thirty (30) days, or both, and if otherwise it is a Class B misdemeanor.

(2) If such a person holds an Arkansas hunting, fishing, or trapping license at the time of conviction, such the license shall be revoked.

(d) This section shall not prevent any wildlife officer or other law enforcement officer from performing his or her duties.

SECTION 484. Arkansas Code § 7-3-108 is amended to read as follows:

7-3-108. **Communist or subversive** Subversive parties - New parties - Affidavit required - Penalty.
(a) No political party shall be recognized, qualified to participate, or permitted to have the names of its candidates printed on the ballot in any election in this state:

(1) Which is directly or indirectly affiliated by any means whatsoever with the Communist Party of the United States, the Third Communist International, or any other foreign agency, political party, organization, or government; or

(2)(1) Which either directly or indirectly advocates, teaches, justifies, aids, or abets the overthrow by force or violence, or by any unlawful means, of the government of the United States or this state, or act of terrorism as defined by § 5-54-205; or

(3)(2) Which directly or indirectly carries on, advocates, teaches, justifies, aids, or abets a program of sabotage, force and violence, sedition, or treason against the government of the United States or this state.

(b)(1) No newly organized political party shall be recognized, qualified to participate, or permitted to have the names of its candidates printed on the ballot in any election in this state until it has filed an affidavit, by the officers of the party in this state under oath, that:

(A) It is not directly or indirectly affiliated by any means whatsoever with the Communist Party of the United States, the Third Communist International, or any other foreign agency, political party, organization, or government;

(B) It does not either directly or indirectly advocate, teach, justify, aid, or abet the overthrow by force or violence or by any unlawful means of the government of the United States or this state, or act of terrorism as defined by § 5-54-205; or

(C) It does not directly or indirectly carry on, advocate, teach, justify, aid, or abet a program of sabotage, force and violence, sedition, or treason against the government of the United States or this state.

(2) The affidavit shall be filed with the Secretary of State.

(c) Any person who shall violate any provision of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and upon conviction the person shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and, in addition thereto, may be
imprisoned for not more than six (6) months.

SECTION 485. Arkansas Code § 23-110-405 is amended to read as follows:
   (a)(1) Any franchise holder conducting a horse racing meet may provide
   a place or places in the race meeting grounds or enclosure at which it may
   conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering.
   (2) If conducted under the provisions of this chapter, the pari-
   mutuel or certificate method of wagering shall not under any circumstances be
   held or construed to be unlawful, all other laws or parts of laws of the
   State of Arkansas to the contrary notwithstanding.
   (b)(1) With the prior approval of the Arkansas Racing Commission and
   consistent with applicable federal law, a franchise holder may enter into
   agreements and arrangements with other parties pursuant to which:
      (A) Its patrons may wager on races run at other race
   tracks which are shown live or in any other manner approved by the
   commission, by television, or otherwise, at locations on the grounds at the
   Arkansas race track at any time or times during the calendar year; and
      (B) Its races are shown live or in any other manner
   approved by the commission at other race tracks and locations.
   (2) Such agreements and arrangements shall specify all
   financial, wagering, distribution, and other details which shall govern. To
   that end, the provisions of §§ 23-110-402 and 23-110-407 and any other
   inconsistent provisions shall not be applicable to such agreements and
   arrangements.
   (3)(A) For all races simulcast to the grounds of the franchise
   holder’s Arkansas race track from other race tracks and races conducted in
   the past and rebroadcast by electronic means and shown on a delayed or
   replayed basis on the grounds of the franchise holder’s Arkansas race track
   under subdivision (b)(1) of this section, the franchise holder shall withhold
   and pay to the commission as a privilege tax for the use and benefit of the
   State of Arkansas one percent (1%) of all moneys wagered on the races on the
   grounds of the franchise holder’s Arkansas race track.
      (B) The difference between the two percent (2%) rate being
   withheld and so paid by the franchise holder to the State of Arkansas on
   wagers on the races described in subdivision (b)(3)(A) of this section under
rules and regulations of the commission in effect prior to the enactment of this subdivision (b)(3) and the one percent (1%) rate established in subdivision (b)(3)(A) of this section, shall be withheld by the franchise holder from wagers on such races and set aside by the franchise holder in a separate account to be used only for purses and construction, for debt service on money borrowed by the franchise holder for construction, or for promotions to encourage patronage and tourism, in accordance with the provisions of § 23-110-407(a)(3).

(c) No franchise holder shall permit any person under eighteen (18) years of age to be a patron of the pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering conducted or supervised by it.

(d)(1)(A) However, nothing contained in this section shall be construed to permit the pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering upon any race track unless the track is licensed as provided by this chapter.

(B) It is declared to be unlawful for any franchise holder to permit, conduct, or supervise upon any race track any pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering except in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

(2)(A) There shall be no wagering on the results of any races except under the pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering as provided for in this section, and then only by the installation and use of equipment approved by the commission.

(B) Any franchise holder using or permitting wagering or any person wagering under any other method at a licensed race track shall be guilty of a Class D felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars ($5,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) and imprisonment for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years.

SECTION 486. Arkansas Code § 23-111-508 is amended to read as follows:


(a)(1) Any franchise holder conducting a greyhound racing meet may provide places in the race meeting grounds, or enclosure, at which it may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering by patrons on the races conducted by the franchise holder at the meeting.

(2) The pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering upon races
held at the race track, within the race track, and at the racing meet shall not under any circumstances, if conducted under the provisions of this chapter, be held or construed to be unlawful, all other laws or parts of laws of the State of Arkansas to the contrary notwithstanding.

(b) No other place or method of wagering shall be used or permitted by the franchise holder, nor shall the pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering be conducted on any races except races at the race track where the franchise holder holds a current license issued by the Arkansas Racing Commission.

(c) No franchise holder shall permit any minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering conducted or supervised by it.

(d)(1)(A) However, nothing contained in this section shall be construed to permit the pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering upon any race track unless the track is licensed as provided by this chapter.

(B) It is declared to be unlawful for any franchise holder to permit, conduct, or supervise any pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering upon any race track, except in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

(2) There shall be no wagering on the results of any races except under the pari-mutuel or certificate method of wagering, as provided for in this chapter, and then only by the installation and use of equipment approved by the commission.

(3) In addition to the pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering as authorized by this chapter, the commission is authorized and directed to establish and adopt rules and regulations permitting the conduct of pari-mutuel or certificate system of wagering upon racing, either horse or greyhound, shown live or in any other manner approved by the commission by television or otherwise to or from the premises of the franchise holder.

(4) Any franchise holder using or permitting wagering or any person wagering under any other method at a licensed race track shall be guilty of a Class D felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars ($ 5,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars ($ 10,000) and imprisonment for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years for each such offense.

SECTION 487. Arkansas Code § 17-1-103 is amended to read as follows:
17-1-103. Registration, certification, and licensing for criminal offenders.

(a)(1) It is the policy of the State of Arkansas to encourage and contribute to the rehabilitation of criminal offenders and to assist them in the assumption of the responsibilities of citizenship.

(2) The public is best protected when offenders are given the opportunity to secure employment or to engage in a meaningful trade, occupation, or profession.

(b)(1)(A) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, in determining eligibility under this section, the board, commission, department, or agency may take into consideration conviction of certain crimes which have not been annulled, expunged, or pardoned.

(B) However, such convictions shall not operate as an automatic bar to registration, certification, or licensing for any trade, profession, or occupation.

(c)(2) The following criminal records shall not be used, distributed, or disseminated in connection with an application for a registration, license, or certificate:

(A) Records of arrest not followed by a valid felony conviction by the courts;

(B) Convictions which have been annulled or expunged or pardoned by the Governor; and

(C) Misdemeanor convictions, except misdemeanor sex offenses and misdemeanors involving violence.

(d)(c) The board, commission, department, or agency shall state explicitly in writing the reasons for a decision which prohibits the applicant from practicing the trade, occupation, or profession if the decision is based in whole or in part on conviction of a felony.

(e)(d) For the purposes of this section, completion of the following shall be deemed prima facie evidence of sufficient rehabilitation:

(1) Probation or parole supervision; and

(2) A period of five (5) years after final discharge or release from any term of imprisonment in the state penitentiary without any subsequent conviction.

(f)(e) Any complaints concerning the violation of this section shall be adjudicated in accordance with the procedure set forth in the Arkansas
Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-201 et seq., for administrative and judicial review.

(f)(1) This section shall apply to any board, commission, department, agency, or any other body that deals in licensing or regulating a profession, trade, or occupation in the State of Arkansas.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to make this section known to any board, commission, department, or agency affected by this section.

(i) This section shall not apply to teacher licensure or certification, as these areas of licensure or certification are specifically governed by § 6-17-410.

(g) This section shall not apply to teacher licensure or certification or nursing licensure and certification as governed by §§ 6-17-410 and 17-87-312 respectively.

SECTION 488. Arkansas Code § 20-33-205 is amended to read as follows:

20-33-205. Provisional licenses - Disqualification from employment - Resubmission of applications - Denial or revocation - Penalties.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section:

(1) A licensing agency shall issue a forty-five-day provisional license to a qualified entity whose operator has been found guilty or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of this section;

(2) A licensing agency shall issue a determination that a person is disqualified from employment with a qualified entity if the person has been found guilty or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of this section; and

(3)(A) A qualified entity shall not knowingly employ a person who has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, or has been found guilty of, any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of this section by any court in the State of Arkansas or of any similar offense by a court in another state or of any similar offense by a federal court.

(B) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section:

(i) A licensing agency shall issue a forty-five-day provisional license to a qualified entity whose operator has been found guilty of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any of the offenses listed
in subsection (b) of this section; and

(ii) A licensing agency shall issue a determination that a person is disqualified from employment with a qualified entity if the person has been found guilty of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of this section. A requesting agency shall issue a determination that a person or ElderChoices provider is disqualified from providing care to the elderly or to an individual with a disability, or both, if the person or provider has been found guilty of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of this section.

(b)(1) Capital murder, as prohibited in § 5-10-101;

(2) Murder in the first degree and second degree, as prohibited in §§ 5-10-102 and 5-10-103;

(3) Manslaughter, as prohibited in § 5-10-104;

(4) Negligent homicide, as prohibited in § 5-10-105;

(5) Kidnapping, as prohibited in § 5-11-102;

(6) False imprisonment in the first degree, as prohibited in § 5-11-103;

(7) Permanent detention or restraint, as prohibited in § 5-11-106;

(8) Robbery, as prohibited in § 5-12-102;

(9) Aggravated robbery, as prohibited in § 5-12-103;

(10) Battery, as prohibited in §§ 5-13-201 – 5-13-203;

(11) Aggravated assault, as prohibited in § 5-13-204;

(12) Introduction of controlled substance into body of another person, as prohibited in § 5-13-210;

(13) Terroristic threatening in the first degree, as prohibited in § 5-13-301;

(14) Rape, as prohibited in § 5-14-103;

(15) Sexual indecency with a child, as prohibited in § 5-14-110;

(16) Sexual assault in the first degree, second degree, third degree, and fourth degree, as prohibited in §§ 5-14-124 – 5-14-127;

(17) Incest, as prohibited in § 5-26-202;

(18) Offenses against the family, as prohibited in §§ 5-26-303 – 5-26-306;

(19) Endangering the welfare of incompetent person in the first degree;
degree, as prohibited in § 5-27-201;
(20) Endangering the welfare of a minor in the first degree, as prohibited in § 5-27-203;
(21) Permitting child abuse, as prohibited in § 5-27-221(a)(1) and (3);
(22) Engaging children in sexually explicit conduct for use in visual or print media, transportation of minors for prohibited sexual conduct, pandering or possessing visual or print medium depicting sexually explicit conduct involving a child, or use of a child or consent to use of a child in a sexual performance by producing, directing, or promoting a sexual performance by a child, as prohibited in §§ 5-27-303 – 5-27-305, 5-27-402, and 5-27-403;
(23) Felony adult abuse, as prohibited by § 5-28-103;
(24) Theft of property, as prohibited in § 5-36-103;
(25) Theft by receiving, as prohibited in § 5-36-106;
(26) Arson, as prohibited in § 5-38-301;
(27) Burglary, as prohibited in § 5-39-201;
(28) Felony violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, § 5-64-101 et seq., as prohibited in § 5-64-401;
(29) Promotion of prostitution in the first degree, as prohibited in § 5-70-104;
(30) Stalking, as prohibited in § 5-71-229;
(31) Criminal attempt, criminal complicity, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy, as prohibited in §§ 5-3-201, 5-3-202, 5-3-301, and 5-3-401, to commit any of the offenses listed in this subsection;
(32) Forgery, as prohibited in § 5-37-201;
(33) Breaking or entering, as prohibited in § 5-39-202;
(34) Obtaining a controlled substance by fraud, as prohibited in § 5-64-403;
(35) Computer child pornography, as prohibited in § 5-27-603; and
(36) Computer exploitation of a child in the first degree, as prohibited in § 5-27-605.
(c) A qualified entity that is issued a provisional license based on the criminal history of the operator may resubmit the application for
licensure with a new operator. If the qualified entity does not resubmit the application within fifteen (15) days of the issuance of the provisional license, then the qualified entity's license shall be immediately denied or revoked.

(d)(1) The provisions of this section shall not be waived by the licensing or requesting agency.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (d)(2)(B) of this section, a conviction for an offense listed in subsection (b) of this section shall not disqualify an applicant for employment if the date of conviction of the offense is at least ten (10) years from the date of the application and the individual has no criminal convictions of any type or nature during the ten-year period. To the extent that there is any conflict with § 17-1-103, this section shall be deemed to supersede § 17-1-103.

(B) Because of the serious nature of the offenses and the close relationship to the type of work that is to be performed, the following shall result in permanent disqualification of employment:

(i) Capital murder, as prohibited in § 5-10-101;
(ii) Murder in the first degree and murder in the second degree, as prohibited in §§ 5-10-102 and 5-10-103;
(iii) Kidnapping, as prohibited in § 5-11-102;
(iv) Rape, as prohibited in § 5-14-103;
(v) Sexual assault in the first degree and second degree, as prohibited in §§ 5-14-124 and 5-14-125;
(vi) Endangering the welfare of incompetent person in the first degree, as prohibited in § 5-27-201;
(vii) Felony adult abuse, as prohibited by § 5-28-103; and
(viii) Arson, as prohibited in § 5-38-301.

(e)(1) A qualified entity shall not be disqualified from licensure when the operator has been found guilty of or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a misdemeanor if the offense did not involve exploitation of an adult, abuse of a person, neglect of a person, theft, or sexual contact.

(2) An applicant, ElderChoices provider, or employee shall not be disqualified from permanent employment or providing care to the elderly or an individual with a disability, or both, when the applicant, provider, or employee has been found guilty of or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to
a misdemeanor if the offense did not involve exploitation of an adult, abuse of a person, neglect of a person, theft, or sexual contact.

(f) If an operator or qualified entity fails or refuses to cooperate in obtaining criminal records checks, such circumstances shall be grounds to deny or revoke the qualified entity’s license or other operating authority, provided the process of obtaining criminal records checks shall not delay the process of the application for a license or other operational authority.

(g) Any unlicensed qualified entity violating this subchapter shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for each violation.

(h) This section shall not apply to teacher licensure or certification or nursing licensure and certification as governed by §§ 6-17-410 and 17-87-312 respectively.

SECTION 489. Arkansas Code § 16-81-112 is amended to read as follows:

16-81-112. Escape of prisoner.

(a) If the defendant, after an arrest, escapes or is rescued, the person in whose custody he was may immediately pursue and recapture him in any part of the state.

(b)(1) If any person charged with, or convicted, of, treason, murder, rape, robbery, burglary, arson, larceny, perjury, counterfeiting, or any other a felony within this state breaks prison, escapes, or flees from justice, or absconds or secretes himself, it shall be lawful for the Governor, if he deems it necessary, to offer a reward, not to exceed the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), for the apprehending and delivering of the person into the custody of such officer as he may direct.

(2) Any person apprehending and delivering the person to the proper officer and producing to the Governor the receipt of the officer for the body of the person shall be entitled to the reward offered by the Governor, and the Governor shall certify the amount of the reward to the Auditor of State, who shall issue his warrant on the State Treasury therefor, to be paid out of any money appropriated for the contingent expenses of the executive department.

SECTION 490. Arkansas Code § 1-5-107 is amended to read as follows:

1-5-107. Confederate Flag Day.
The Saturday immediately preceding Easter Sunday of each year is designated as "Confederate Flag Day" in this state.

No person, firm, or corporation shall display any Confederate flag or replica thereof in connection with any advertisement of any commercial enterprise, or in any manner for any purpose except to honor the Confederate States of America.

Any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000).

SECTION 491. Arkansas Code § 5-2-610 is amended to read as follows:

5-2-610. Use of physical force by law enforcement officers.

(a) A law enforcement officer is justified in using nondeadly physical force, or threatening to use deadly physical force, upon another person when he reasonably believes it necessary:

(1) To effect an arrest or to prevent the escape from custody of an arrested person unless the officer knows that the arrest is unlawful; or

(2) To defend himself or a third person from what he reasonably believes to be the use or imminent use of physical force while effecting or attempting to effect an arrest or while preventing or attempting to prevent an escape.

(b) A law enforcement officer is justified in using deadly physical force upon another person when he reasonably believes that it is necessary:

(1) To effect an arrest or to prevent the escape from custody of an arrested person whom he reasonably believes has committed or attempted to commit a felony and is presently armed or dangerous; or

(2) To defend himself or a third person from what he reasonably believes to be the use or imminent use of deadly physical force.

SECTION 492. Arkansas Code § 5-27-602 is amended to read as follows:

5-27-602. Distributing, possessing, or viewing matter depicting sexually explicit conduct involving a child.

(a) A person commits distributing, possessing, or viewing of matter depicting sexually explicit conduct involving a child if the person:

(1) Knowingly receives for the purpose of selling or knowingly
sells, procures, manufactures, gives, provides, lends, trades, mails, delivers, transfers, publishes, distributes, circulates, disseminates, presents, exhibits, advertises, offers, or agrees to offer through any means, including the Internet, any photograph, film, videotape, computer program or file, computer-generated image, video game, or any other reproduction or reconstruction which depicts a child or incorporates the image of a child engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or

(2) Knowingly possesses or views through any means, including on the Internet, any photograph, film, videotape, computer program or file, computer-generated image, video game, or any other reproduction, which depicts a child or incorporates the image of a child engaging in sexually explicit conduct.

(b) Distributing, possessing, or viewing of matter depicting sexually explicit conduct involving a child is a:

(1) Class C felony for the first offense; and
(2) Class B felony for any subsequent offense.

(c) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that the defendant in good faith reasonably believed that the child depicted in the matter was seventeen (17) years of age or older.

SECTION 493. Arkansas Code § 5-27-607 is amended to read as follows:


(a) For purposes of this subchapter, the state must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the child who is depicted as or presents the appearance of being under the age of seventeen (17) in any photograph, film, videotape, computer program or file, computer-generated image, video game, or any other reproduction or reconstruction is under the age of seventeen (17).

(b) If it becomes necessary for purposes of this subchapter to determine whether a child depicted engaging in sexually explicit conduct was under seventeen (17) years of age, the court or jury may make this determination by any of the following methods:

(1) Personal inspection of the child;
(2) Inspection of the photograph, film, videotape, computer program or file, computer-generated image, video game, or any other reproduction or reconstruction picture that depicts the child engaging in the sexually explicit conduct;
(3) Expert medical testimony based on the appearance of the child engaged in the sexually explicit conduct; or
(4) Any other method authorized by law.

SECTION 494. Arkansas Code § 5-54-129 is amended to read as follows:
5-54-129. Search of persons and vehicles entering institutions.
It shall be lawful for the superintendent, warden, or jailor or their duly authorized agent to require, as a condition of admission, a reasonable search as permitted by the state and federal constitutions of the person or vehicle of anyone seeking admission to, or to visit in, the Department of Community Correction, reformatories, industrial schools, county penal farms, jails, state institutions, or other places of confinement where prisoners persons are confined.

SECTION 495. Arkansas Code § 5-60-112 is amended to read as follows:
5-60-112. Misconduct on bus - In general.
(a) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
(1) "Bus" means any passenger bus or coach or other motor vehicle having a seating capacity of not less than fifteen (15) passengers operated by a bus transportation company for the purpose of carrying passengers or cargo for hire, but not to include a bus or coach utilized exclusively to transport children to and from schools;
(2) "Bus transportation company" or "company" means any person, group of persons, or corporation providing for-hire transport to passengers or cargo by bus upon the highways of this state, but not to include a company utilizing buses transporting children to and from school. These terms shall also include bus transportation facilities owned or operated by local public bodies, municipalities, public corporations, boards, and commissions, except school districts established under the laws of this state;
(3) "Charter" means a group of persons who, pursuant to a common purpose and under a single contract, and at a fixed charge for the vehicle in accordance with a bus transportation company's tariff, have acquired the exclusive use of a bus to travel together as a group to a specified destination; and
(4) "Passenger" means any person served by the transportation company. This term shall also include persons accompanying or meeting another
who is transported by a company and any person shipping or receiving cargo.  

(b) It is unlawful, while on a bus, for any person:

(1) To threaten a breach of the peace or use any obscene, profane, or vulgar language;

(2) To be under the influence of alcohol or unlawfully under the influence of a controlled substance or to ingest or have in his or her possession any controlled substance unless properly prescribed by a physician or medical facility, or to drink intoxicating liquor of any kind in or upon any passenger bus, except a chartered bus; or

(3) To fail to obey a reasonable request or order of a bus driver or any authorized company representative.

(c) If any person violates any provision of subsection (b) of this section, the driver of the bus or person in charge may stop it at the place where the offense is committed or at the next regular or convenient stopping place of the bus and require the person to leave the bus.

(d) Any person violating any provision of subsection (b) of this section is deemed guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

SECTION 496. Arkansas Code § 5-14-122 is amended to read as follows:

5-14-122. Bestiality.

(a) For purposes of this section "animal" means any nonhuman vertebrate, either dead or alive.

(b) A person commits bestiality when he or she performs or submits to any act of sexual gratification with an animal involving the sex organs of the one and the mouth, anus, penis, or vagina of the other.

(c) Bestiality is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 497. Arkansas Code § 5-64-409 is repealed.

5-64-409. Breaking or entering to steal controlled substances—Bail. It is unlawful for any person to break or enter any establishment maintained for the manufacture, storage, distribution, dispensing, or administration of controlled substances with intent to steal any controlled substance contained therein. When any person is charged with breaking and entering an establishment in violation of this subsection, bail for such person shall be set at not less than ten thousand dollars ($10,000).
SECTION 498. Arkansas Code § 16-85-604 is repealed.


(a) If the offense is bailable, an endorsement shall be made on the bench warrant, substantially as follows:
"The defendant is to be admitted to bail in the sum of _____ dollars, and if he desires to give bail, it may be taken by the sheriff of the county in which he is arrested, or the sheriff of (Pulaski) County."

(b) If the bench warrant is executed by any officer other than a sheriff, the officer, at the defendant's request, shall take him before a sheriff of the county in which he is arrested, or of the county in which the indictment was found, for the purpose of giving bail.

(c) If the defendant is on bail, and the indictment is for an offense not bailable, and he appears in pursuance of the bail bond, he shall be forthwith committed to jail. If he does not appear on being required by the court, the bond shall be forfeited and a bench warrant issued for his arrest.

SECTION 499. Arkansas Code §§ 16-81-201 and 16-81-202 are repealed.

16-81-201. Limitations on construction.

This subchapter shall not be construed to:

(1) Permit an officer to stop just any passerby and search him, nor allow the search of any person merely because he has a criminal record;

(2) Permit the stopping and searching of any person found in the vicinity of a felony scene merely because he happens to be there;

(3) Dispense with the need for adequate observation and investigation, depending upon all the circumstances, before a stop is made;

(4) Permit an officer to stop anyone, under this subchapter, unless he is prepared to explain with particularity his reasons for stopping the person;

(5) Permit any officer to stop anyone, under this subchapter, unless the crime he reasonably suspects is a felony;

(6) Permit everyone stopped to be searched. Searches are only permitted when the officer reasonably suspects he is in danger;

(7) Impair any existing law permitting an officer to make an arrest without an arrest warrant, or a search incident to the arrest.

For the purposes of this subchapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Law enforcement officer" and "officer" mean any law enforcement officer authorized to arrest individuals for the commission of a felony;

(2) "Reasonably suspects" means that degree of certainty less than the probable cause necessary to justify a lawful arrest but more than a mere suspicion, which a reasonably prudent law enforcement officer would have under all circumstances before he interferes with a person's liberty in the conscientious performance of his duties to prevent, detect, and investigate crime and preserve law and order in the community.

SECTION 500. Arkansas Code §§ 16-81-204 - 16-81-209 are repealed.

16-81-204. Stop and detain generally.

(a) A law enforcement officer lawfully present in any place may, in the performance of his duties, stop and detain any person whom he reasonably suspects is committing, has committed, or is about to commit a felony, if the action is reasonably necessary to identify or determine the lawfulness of such person's conduct.

(b) An officer acting under this section may require that person to remain in or near the place in the officer's presence for a period of not more than fifteen (15) minutes, at the end of which period the person detained shall be released without further restraint, or arrested and charged with a crime.

(c) As promptly as is reasonable under the circumstances, a law enforcement officer who has detained a person under this section shall advise that person of his official identity and inform the person of the reason for the detention.

16-81-205. Stop and detain - Use of force.

A law enforcement officer acting under the authority of § 16-81-204 may use such force as may be reasonably necessary under the circumstances to stop and detain any person for the purposes authorized by this subchapter.

16-81-206. Stop and detain - Search for weapons.

(a) A law enforcement officer who has detained a person under § 16-81-
204 may, if he reasonably suspects that the person is armed and presently
dangerous to the officer or others, search the outer clothing of the person
and the immediate surroundings for, and seize, any weapon or other dangerous
thing which may be used against the officer or others.

(b) In no event shall that search be more detailed than is reasonably
necessary to ensure the safety of the officer or others.

16-81-207. Stop and search distinct from right to arrest.
(a) The right to stop provided in this subchapter in no way changes
the previously existing authority of an officer to make an arrest without an
arrest warrant.

(b) The rights to stop and to search, as defined in this subchapter,
are separate and distinct from the established right to arrest, as provided
by existing law, and to make a complete search incident to the arrest.

16-81-208. Civil liability for unlawful stop and search.
Any officer making a stop and search not in accordance with the laws of
this state shall be civilly liable for damages suffered by the person who was
unlawfully stopped and searched.

16-81-209. Detention of material witness to felony.
Whenever a law enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe that
any person found at or near the scene of a felony is a material witness to
the felony, he may stop that person and, after having identified himself, he
must advise the person of the purpose of the stopping and may then demand of
him his name, address, and any information he may have regarding the felony.
The detention shall in all cases be reasonable and in no event shall the
detention be in excess of fifteen (15) minutes.

SECTION 501. Arkansas Code § 16-82-202 is repealed.

(a)(1) The warrant shall be directed to the sheriff of the county or
to any constable and shall command him to search, in the daytime, the place
where the property is suspected to be concealed, which place shall be
designated and the property particularly described, and to bring the property
before the magistrate issuing the warrant.
(2) If there is positive proof that any property stolen or embezzled is concealed in any particular house or place, the warrant may order the searching of the house or place at night.

(b) Every search warrant shall be executed by a public officer and not by any other person.

SECTION 502. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 85, Subchapter 2 is repealed.

16-85-201. Proceeding when no warrant issued.

(a) Where an arrest is made without a warrant, whether by a peace officer or private person, the defendant shall be forthwith taken before the most convenient magistrate of the county in which the arrest is made, and the grounds on which the arrest was made shall be stated to the magistrate.

(b)(1) If the offense for which the arrest was made is charged to have been committed in a different county from that in which the arrest was made, and the magistrate believes, from the statements made to him on oath, that there are sufficient grounds for an examination, he shall, by his written order, commit the defendant to a peace officer, to be conveyed by him before a magistrate of the county in which the offense is charged to have been committed.

(2) If the offense is a misdemeanor only, the defendant may give bail before the magistrate for appearing before a court having jurisdiction to try the offense, on a day to be fixed by the magistrate.

(3) The magistrate taking bail, as provided in subsection (b) of this section, shall transmit by mail the bail bond, to the officer before whom, or the clerk of the court in which, the defendant is bound to appear.

(c)(1) Where the arrest is made in the county in which the offense is charged to have been committed, the magistrate before whom the defendant is taken, shall forthwith proceed to an examination of the charge.

(2) If the offense charged is a felony, the magistrate shall commit, hold to bail, or discharge the defendant, or, if he has jurisdiction to hear and finally try the charge, the magistrate shall proceed to final determination and judgment therein.


A magistrate of the county in which a public offense has been committed
is authorized to examine the charge and commit to jail or hold to bail the
person charged with its commission.

16-85-203. Procedure generally.
(a) When a person who has been arrested shall be brought, or in
pursuance of a bail bond shall come, before a magistrate of the county in
which the offense is charged to have been committed, the charge shall be
forthwith examined. Reasonable time, however, must be allowed for procuring
counsel and the attendance of witnesses.
(b) The magistrate, before commencing the examination, shall state the
charge and inquire of the defendant whether he desires the aid of counsel and
shall allow a reasonable opportunity for procuring it.

16-85-204. Exclusion of persons from courtroom.
Upon the request of the defendant, all persons may be excluded from the
room in which the examination is made except the magistrate, his clerk, the
peace officer, the prosecutor, the attorney or attorneys representing the
state, the prisoner, his counsel, and the witnesses under examination.

16-85-205. Witnesses.
(a) The magistrate shall issue subpoenas for witnesses either for or
against the defendant, which shall be executed by a peace officer, and shall
coerce their attendance by the same process as in the circuit courts.
(b) In no preliminary examination before any justice of the peace or
other officer authorized by law to hold the examinations shall the fees of
more than five (5) witnesses be taxed against any county or the state, unless
their materiality and importance are first affirmed and certified to, under
oath, by the attorney at whose instance the additional witnesses are
subpoenaed.
(c) For the purpose of procuring the attendance of witnesses, either
against or for the defendant, or other sufficient reason, the magistrate may
adjourn the examination from time to time, not, however, exceeding three (3)
days at a time.
(d) During the examination, the magistrate may cause the witnesses to
be kept out of hearing of the witness deposing and also separate from each
other.
(e) The magistrate, in the minutes of the examination, shall state the name and place of residence of each witness and shall make a general statement of the substance of what was proved and file the minutes with the proceedings.


(a)(1) During the periods of adjournment, the defendant shall be committed to jail, or to the custody of a peace officer.

(A) However, the defendant may give bail, or the magistrate may fix a sum equivalent to bail, upon which being deposited with the peace officer in attendance, unless he is a policeman, as surety for the defendant's appearance at the time or times appointed, he may be released from custody during the periods of the adjournment of the examination.

(B) Magistrates shall have no power to admit to bail in such cases, where the charge is for a capital offense, murder, or manslaughter.

(2) An entry shall be made by the magistrate of the deposit, and by whom made, on the minutes of the examination.

(A) If the defendant appears on that day, or on a day to which the magistrate may extend the time of his appearance, or dies during the adjournment, the money shall be returned by the peace officer to the person depositing it or his representatives.

(B) However, if the defendant fails to appear, the peace officer, within ten (10) days after the failure, shall pay over the money to the county treasurer of his county.

(3) The peace officer shall be responsible on his official bond for the money deposited as provided in this subsection.

(b) Where a deposit of money has been made, or bail given, the magistrate may, for sufficient cause, extend the time for the appearance of the defendant, not exceeding, however, ten (10) days.

(c) The sum of money to be deposited, as provided in this section shall not be less than the full amount in which bail would be required, upon the defendant's being held for trial of the charge.

(d) If the defendant gives bail for his appearance during the examination according to subdivision (a)(1) of this section, and fails to appear at the time specified or at the time extended, according to subsection
(b) of this section, the magistrate shall endorse on the bail bond the word "forfeited," with his signature thereto, and return the bond to the clerk of the circuit court of the county, who shall proceed thereon as directed in § 16-84-203, and the endorsement shall be sufficient evidence of the forfeiture of the bond.


(a) When the examination is closed, if the magistrate is of opinion that there is not sufficient cause for believing that the defendant has committed a public offense, he shall discharge the defendant from custody and make an entry thereof on the minutes.

(b) If, however, the magistrate is of the opinion, from the examination, that there are reasonable grounds to believe the defendant guilty of the offense charged, he shall be held for trial and committed to jail or discharged on bail, if the offense is bailable.

(1) If upon the trial it shall appear that the defendant is guilty of a public offense other than that charged in the warrant, he shall be held in custody of the officer and tried for the offense, a reasonable opportunity having been given him to obtain his witnesses and prepare his defense.

(2) If the defendant is committed to jail, the magistrate shall make out a written order of commitment, signed by him, which shall be delivered to the jailer by the peace officer who executed the order of commitment.

(A) If the offense is bailable, the magistrate must fix the sum for which bail is to be given and, if sufficient bail is offered, take the bail and discharge the defendant.

(B) If, however, sufficient bail is not offered, the sum in which bail is required must be stated in the order of commitment.

(c) Justices of the peace shall have no power to admit to bail in cases of murder, manslaughter, or any capital offense.

16-85-208. Recognizance of trial witnesses.

(a) On holding the defendant to answer the charge, the magistrate shall cause each of the material witnesses on behalf of the state to enter into a recognizance before him, to the effect that each witness will attend
and testify at the court to which the defendant is sent for trial or forfeit a sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) to the State of Arkansas.

(b) The magistrate shall, in like manner, at the defendant's request, cause the material witnesses for the defendant to enter into recognizances in the same penalty for appearing and testifying in the court to which he is sent for trial. However, it shall be named in the recognizances that they are witnesses for the defendant, and the state shall not be liable for their attendance and mileage as witnesses.

(c) In criminal cases tried or examined before a justice of the peace where witnesses are recognized to appear before any circuit court, they shall all, when practicable, be included in one (1) recognizance, and in no case shall the justice receive pay from the county for more than one (1) recognizance.

16-85-209. Delivery of minutes, decision of magistrate, bail bond, etc., to clerk of trial court.

The magistrate shall in ten (10) days, and before the commencement of the next term of the court to which the defendant is sent for trial, deliver to the clerk of the court the warrant, if any, the minutes of the examination, including the statements of the witnesses, the instruments of writing and other things used in evidence, the decision and action of the magistrate, the bail bond, if any, and the recognizance of the witnesses.

16-85-210. Examination of certain witnesses prior to trial.

(a) If any witness fails to enter into the recognizance required by § 16-85-208, or if the magistrate, from the proceedings had before him, or from testimony on oath, has reasonable grounds to believe that any witness who has entered into recognizance may nevertheless not appear and testify at the trial of the cause, the witness shall be examined on behalf of the state or the defendant on application made for that purpose.

(1) The examination shall be preceded by notice to the other party and shall be by question and answer in the presence of the defendant and the prosecuting attorney or his deputy or other attorney for the prosecution, with opportunity given for cross-examination, and the testimony given shall be transcribed in writing.

(2) The examination shall be conducted in the same manner as
other examinations of witnesses before a committing magistrate are required by law to be conducted and shall be part of the preliminary examination.

(3) The magistrate, on rendering judgment that the defendant be held to await further proceedings, shall not then dismiss the hearing, but shall continue it, and shall be deemed to have continued it whether or not he has entered a formal order to that effect and shall retain his jurisdiction over the case, for the purpose set out in this section only, until the case is acted upon by the grand jury.

(4) The magistrate, when he releases any defendant on bond to await further proceedings, shall require as a condition in the bond, in addition to other conditions required by law, that the defendant appear before the magistrate for further proceedings in the preliminary examination at any time that he may be lawfully summoned so to appear, the bond to be forfeited for breach of this condition as for breach of other conditions contained therein.

(5) The magistrate shall reopen the preliminary examination for the purpose of hearing and preserving the testimony of witnesses, as provided in this section, on motion of either the state or the defendant, at any time while he still retains jurisdiction of the case.

(b) When a witness has been examined as provided in subsection (a) of this section and his testimony taken as provided therein, the transcript of his testimony shall be admitted in evidence upon the trial of the defendant for any offense arising out of the criminal transaction for which he is held, either on behalf of the state or of the defendant, if for any reason the testimony of the witness cannot be obtained at the trial and the court is satisfied that the inability to procure the testimony is not due to the fault of the party offering the transcript in evidence.

16-85-211. Time for appearance of witnesses and defendants.

(a)(1) In any county where the term of circuit court is allowed by law to be held for a period of two (2) weeks or longer, the justices of the peace, coroners, or other peace officers, in any criminal case tried or examined before the officer, where any defendant is committed or any witness is recognized to appear before any circuit court, it shall be the duty of the officer to commit the defendant or recognize any witness for the first day of the term of the court to which the defendant may be sent for trial.
(A) The officer, having committed any defendant or recognized any witness to appear on the second day of any term of the circuit court, shall thereafter in all succeeding criminal cases or examining trials commit the defendant and recognize the witness to appear on the second, third, and fourth days, respectively, of the term of court.

(B) When the officer shall have committed any defendant or recognized any witness to appear on the first, second, third, and fourth days of the term of any circuit court as provided in this section, then the officer shall thereafter commit the defendant and shall take recognizance of the witness in all succeeding criminal cases tried or examined by the officer and committed or recognized for the term of court in regular rotation as tried, to appear on the second, third, and fourth days of the term of court.

(2) However, if at the time of committing any defendant or recognizing any witness as provided in this section, the circuit court to which such defendant or witness is committed or recognized is then in session, then the officer shall commit the defendant and recognize the witness to appear at the earliest day practicable of the then term of court to which the defendant may be committed or to which the witness may be recognized.

(b)(1) The commitment of any defendant or the recognizance of any witness provided in this section shall show the day of the term of court on which the defendant or witness shall appear, the name of the witness, and his post office address and place of residence.

(2) The commitment or recognizance shall be transmitted by the officer trying the case as is now required by law for transcripts, but the failure or neglect of any officer to comply with the provisions of this subsection shall in no way invalidate the commitment of any defendant or the recognizance of any witness.

(c) Any justice of the peace, coroner, or other peace officer failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

16-85-212. Oral statements.

(a) Any judicial officer authorized to conduct probable cause hearings may conduct the hearings by accepting oral statements under oath which shall
be recorded by the judicial officer and may be communicated to the judicial
officer by telephone.

(b) The oral statement shall be transcribed within seventy-two (72) hours.

(c) The recording of the oral statement and the transcribed statement
shall be certified by the judicial officer receiving it and shall be retained
as a part of the record of the proceedings.

SECTION 503. Arkansas Code § 16-85-404 is repealed.


(a) An indictment, except in cases mentioned in subsection (b) of this
section, must charge but one (1) offense, but, if it may have been committed
in different modes and by different means, the indictment may allege the
modes and means in the alternative.

(b) The offenses named in each of the subdivisions of this section may
be charged in one (1) indictment:

(1) Robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, larceny, and
knowingly receiving stolen property;

(2) Larceny, embezzlement, knowingly receiving stolen property,
and obtaining money or property under false pretense;

(3) Forgery and uttering forged instruments, or several acts of
forgery and uttering forged instruments, when the forgery and the uttering of
the forged instruments grow out of the same matter, business, or transaction,
or when done in a series of transactions relating to the same matter or
business;

(4) Passing, or attempting to pass, counterfeit money or bank
notes, knowing them to be such, and having in possession counterfeit money or
bank notes, knowing them to be such, with the intention of circulating them;

(5) Possessing a still, or still worm; manufacturing a still or
still worm; making or manufacturing alcoholic, vinous, malt, spirituous,
ardent, fermented, or intoxicating liquors, or making or fermenting mash,
wort, or wash for the purpose of making alcoholic or intoxicating liquors;
the sale of any alcoholic, vinous, malt, spirituous, fermented, or
intoxicating liquors; and the possession for sale as a beverage, of any
alcoholic, intoxicating, vinous, malt, spirituous, or fermented liquors; or
unlawfully transporting or storing the same;
(6) Several acts of perjury, when they grow out of the same matters, business, or transactions, or when committed in a series of transactions relating to the same matter or business;

(7) Larceny of animals, which it is made a felony to steal, belonging to different owners, if taken at the same time or place;

(8) Larceny of several animals, which it is made a felony to steal, the property of the same owner, although of different species and taken at different times and places;

(9) All items of money or property embezzled by a public official, bank official or employee, or any other person, although such items of money or property may have been embezzled at different times and places;

(10) Several kidnappings when committed at the same time, or in the attempt to commit or in furtherance of the commission of another crime, or in an effort to escape after the commission of or attempt to commit another crime;

(11) Kidnapping and the crime which the kidnapping is used as a means of committing or attempting to commit, or as a means of escape after the commission of or attempt to commit the crime;

(12) The homicide of several persons, when committed by the same person or persons, at the same time or in furtherance of the same criminal design.

SECTION 504. Arkansas Code § 16-85-410 is repealed.


If there shall be, at any time, pending against the same defendant two (2) indictments for the same offense, or two (2) indictments for the same matter, although charged as different offenses, the indictment first found shall be deemed to be suspended by the second indictment and shall be quashed.

SECTION 505. Arkansas Code § 16-85-605 is repealed.

16-85-605. Summons.

(a) The summons on an indictment may be substantially in the following form:

"Pulaski Circuit Court - State of Arkansas.

"To any Sheriff, Coroner, Jailer, Constable, Marshal, or Policeman in
this State:

"You are hereby commanded to summon A. B., to appear in the Pulaski
Circuit Court, on the first day of its next (June) term, to answer an
indictment for misdemeanor found against him in that court.

"Given under my hand the_____ day of__________, 19__
C. D., Clerk, P. C. C."

(b) The summons shall be issued and served in the same manner as a
summons in civil actions.

(c) The summons shall only be issued on indictments for misdemeanors,
where the court has not ordered a bench warrant to issue, and may be issued
without any order by the court.


16-85-703. Prearraignment – Assignment of Counsel.

If any person about to be arraigned upon an indictment for a felony is
without counsel to conduct his defense and shall be unable to employ any, it
shall be the duty of the court to assign him counsel, at his request, not
exceeding two (2), who shall have free access to the prisoner at all
reasonable hours.

16-85-704. Prearraignment – Copy of indictment to accused.

(a) It shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in which an
indictment against any person for a capital offense may be pending, whenever
the defendant shall be in custody, to make out a copy of the indictment and
cause the indictment to be delivered to the defendant or his counsel at least
forty-eight (48) hours before he shall be arraigned on the indictment.
However, the defendant may, at his request, be arraigned and tried at any
time after the service of the copy.

(b) Every person indicted for an offense who is in custody or held by
recognizance to appear and answer the indictment shall, on demand and on the
payment of the fees allowed by law for it, be entitled to a copy of the
indictment and all endorsements on it.

16-85-705. Proceeding upon arraignment or call of indictment.

Upon the arraignment or upon the call of the indictment for trial, if
there is no arraignment, the defendant must either move to set aside the
indictment or plead to it.


16-85-707. Demurrer or plea generally.

(a) The only pleading on the part of the defendant is a demurrer or a plea.

(b) The demurrer and plea must be put in open court and may be oral, but an entry thereof must be made on the record.

(c) The entry on the record of the demurrer and pleas may be substantially in the following forms:

(1) A demurrer: "The defendant demurs to the indictment";

(2) A plea of guilty: "The defendant pleads that he is guilty of the offense charged in the indictment";

(3) A plea of nolo contendere: "The defendant will not contest the offense charged in the indictment";

(4) A plea of not guilty: "The defendant pleads that he is not guilty of the offense charged in the indictment";

(5) A plea of former acquittal or conviction: "The defendant pleads that he has been acquitted (or convicted, as the case may be), of the offense charged in the indictment, by the judgment of ________ court, (naming it), rendered on the _____ day of __________ (naming the time)."

(d) Neither a joinder in demurrer nor a reply to the plea of former acquittal or conviction shall be necessary; but the demurrer shall be heard and decided, and the plea shall be considered as controverted by denial and by any matter of avoidance that may be shown in evidence.


(a) A demurrer is proper:

(1) Where it appears from the indictment that the offense was not committed within the local jurisdiction of the court;

(2) Where it does not substantially conform to the requirements of Article II of Chapter II of Title VI of the Criminal Code;

(3) When more than one (1) offense is charged in the indictment, except as provided in § 16-85-404(b);

(4) Where the facts stated do not constitute a public offense;

(5) Where the indictment contains matter which is a legal
defense or a bar to the prosecution.

(b)(1) If the demurrer is sustained on account of its appearing that the offense was not committed within the jurisdiction of the court and it does appear that the offense is a felony and was committed in the jurisdiction of another court in this state, the court shall make an order that the clerk transmit to the clerk of the court having jurisdiction of the offense a copy of the indictment and all the original papers, including the bail bond if there is any, and, if the defendant is in custody, that he be taken and delivered, with a copy of the order, to the jailer of the county to which the papers are directed to be transmitted.

(2) The order, and the proceedings in obedience thereto, shall operate in all respects as an order of a magistrate holding a defendant to answer the charge according to Title IV of the Criminal Code. The bail, if any, shall be liable for the appearance of the defendant to answer an indictment in the court to which the papers are transmitted and shall have the right of surrendering the defendant to the jailer of that county or to that court.

(3) The same orders and proceedings may be had whenever it appears on the trial, by proof, that the offense, being a felony, was committed out of the jurisdiction of the court in which the indictment was found, but within the jurisdiction of another court of this state.

(c) Where the indictment improperly charges more than one (1) offense, the prosecuting attorney may dismiss one (1) of them, and thereupon the demurrer shall not be sustained on that ground.

(d) If the demurrer is sustained because the indictment contains matter which is a legal defense or bar to the indictment, the judgment shall be final and the defendant discharged from any further prosecution for the offense.

(e) If the demurrer is sustained on any other grounds than those mentioned in subsections (b)–(d) of this section, the case may be submitted to another grand jury. An order to that effect may be made by the court on the record, whereupon the defendant shall be held in custody, or on bail, in the manner and for the time as provided in § 16-85-706(b) and (c).

(f) If the demurrer is overruled, the defendant has a right to plead to the indictment. If he fails to do so, final judgment shall be entered against him and, if necessary, a jury impaneled to fix the punishment.
SECTION 508. Arkansas Code §§ 16-85-710 and 16-85-711 are repealed.

16-85-710. Plea of guilty.
(a) The plea of guilty can only be put in by the defendant himself in open court.
(b) At any time before judgment, the court may permit the plea of guilty to be withdrawn and a plea of not guilty substituted.

16-85-711. Plea of not guilty.
The plea of not guilty is a denial of every material allegation in the indictment, and all matters of fact tending to establish a defense, other than a former conviction or acquittal, may be given in evidence under it.

SECTION 509. Arkansas Code § 16-85-712 is repealed.

16-85-712. Plea of former acquittal or conviction.
(a) An acquittal by a judgment on a verdict, or a conviction, shall bar another prosecution for the same offense, notwithstanding a defect in form or substance in the indictment on which the acquittal or conviction took place.
(b) When a person has been either acquitted or convicted on the merits of an offense against the United States or against another state or territory thereof, the acquittal or conviction is a bar to prosecution for an offense against this state or any governmental subdivision thereof, when the two (2) offenses were committed in the same course of conduct and are of the same character.

(1)(A) For purposes of this subsection, two (2) offenses are of the same character when the elements which must be proved to obtain a conviction of one (1) offense are not substantially different from the elements which must be proved to obtain a conviction of the other. In determining whether the elements are not substantially different, the court shall compare the respective purposes of the laws defining the two (2) offenses, as the purposes relate to the particular course of conduct of the defendant.

(B) However, the following differences shall not be considered in deciding whether the two (2) offenses are of the same character:
(i) Differences attributable solely to the fact that the defendant's conduct affected, in the same manner, the person or property of two (2) or more individuals; and

(ii) Differences consisting of elements necessary merely to establish subject matter jurisdiction.

(2) There is an acquittal on the merits if the prosecution resulted in a finding of not guilty by the trier of fact or in a determination that there was insufficient evidence to warrant a conviction.

(3) There is a conviction if the prosecution resulted in a judgment of conviction which has not been reversed or vacated, a verdict of guilty which has not been set aside and which is capable of supporting a judgment, or a plea of guilty accepted by the court.

(4) The time for pleading the bar to prosecution provided for in this subchapter shall be at the regular time for pleading double jeopardy under Arkansas Constitution, Article 2, § 8.

(c)(1) Whenever any party shall have been convicted before any police or mayor's court or before any justice of the peace or circuit court, the conviction shall be a bar to further prosecution before any police or mayor's court or justice of the peace or circuit court for the offense or for any misdemeanor embraced in the act committed.

(2) However, the conviction before any police or mayor's court shall not be a bar unless the penalty imposed is at least the minimum penalty prescribed by state laws for the same offense or act.

(d) Where an offense consists of different degrees, a conviction, or acquittal by judgment upon a verdict, shall be a bar to another prosecution for the offense in any of its degrees.

(e) The dismissal of the indictment by the court, on demurrer, except as provided in § 16-85-708(d), for an objection to its form or substance taken on the trial or for variance between the indictment and the proof shall not bar another prosecution for the same offense.

SECTION 510. Arkansas Code § 16-91-118 is repealed.

16-91-118. Misdemeanors.

(a) The Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction in prosecutions for misdemeanors.

(b)(1) When the prosecuting attorney prays an appeal, the clerk shall
immediately make and certify a complete transcript of the record and transmit it to the Attorney General or deliver it to the prosecuting attorney for that purpose.

(2) If the Attorney General, on inspecting the record, believes it proper to take the appeal, he shall do so by filing the transcript in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court within sixty (60) days after the judgment.

(c) A judgment on a verdict of acquittal of an offense for which the punishment is imprisonment shall not be reversed.

SECTION 511. Arkansas Code § 5-11-107 is repealed.


(a) As used in this section, "school bus" means every motor vehicle owned by a public school district or a private school or a governmental agency and operated for the transportation of children to or from school or school-sponsored activities.

(b)(1) A person commits school bus piracy if, without lawful authority, he possesses a deadly weapon as defined in § 5-1-102(4) and seizes or exercises control of a school bus and the vehicle is occupied by one (1) or more unconsenting persons.

(2) School bus piracy is a Class A felony.

SECTION 512. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 15, Subchapter 1 is repealed.


(a) Slander shall be a felony.

(b) Any person who shall be found guilty of the crime of slander shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned in the penitentiary at hard labor, for a term of not less than six (6) months nor more than three (3) years, or fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than three thousand dollars ($3,000), or both fine and imprisonment may be imposed.

5-15-102. Charge of fornication or adultery.

If any person shall falsely use, utter, or publish words which, in their common acceptance shall amount to charge any person with having been guilty of fornication or adultery, such words, so spoken, shall be deemed
actionable, and he so falsely publishing, speaking, or uttering the same
shall be deemed guilty of slander.

5-15-103. Charge of false swearing.
It shall be deemed slander, and shall be actionable, to charge any
person with swearing falsely or with having sworn falsely or to use, utter,
or publish words of, to, or concerning any person which in their common
acceptation amount to such charge, whether the words be spoken in
conversation of and concerning a judicial proceeding or not.

5-15-104. Proclaiming one as coward for not accepting challenge Penalty.
(a) If any person shall in any newspaper or handbill or other
advertisement, printed or written, publish or proclaim any other person as a
coward, or use any other opprobrious or abusive language, for not accepting a
challenge to fight a duel or for not fighting a duel, the person commits a
felony and shall be fined in any sum not less than three hundred dollars
($300) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned in the
penitentiary at hard labor for a term of not less than two (2) months nor
more than one (1) year, or both fine and imprisonment.
(b) The publisher or printer of any newspaper, handbill, or other
publication may be summoned as a witness and shall be required to testify
against the writer of the handbill or publication. If the publisher or
printer shall refuse to testify in relation to the premises, either before
the grand or petit jury, or any judicial officer, he shall be deemed guilty
of a flagrant contempt of court and may be punished by fine and imprisonment
or either. However, the testimony given by such witness shall in no case be
used in any prosecution or civil suit against that witness.

5-15-105. Other statements.
(a) It shall be deemed slander to:
(1) Falsely use, utter, or publish words which, in their common
acceptation, shall amount to charge any person with having been guilty of any
other crime or misdemeanor not mentioned in §§ 5-15-101, 5-15-103 and 5-15-
105—5-15-109;
(2) Charge any person with having been guilty of any dishonest
business or official conduct or transaction, the effect of which charge would be to injure the credit or business standing; or

(3) Bring into disrepute the good name or character of such person so slandered.

(b) Words so spoken shall be actionable, and he so falsely publishing, speaking, or uttering them shall be deemed guilty of slander and punished accordingly.

5-15-106. Civil remedy not affected.

No indictment shall be found under §§ 5-15-101 – 5-15-103 and 5-15-105 – 5-15-109, except at the instance, or by consent, of the person slandered or his legal representative.

All presentments made under §§ 5-15-101 – 5-15-103 and 5-15-105 – 5-15-109 must be made within twelve (12) months from the date of uttering or publishing the slander.

Under the trial of any person for the crime of slander, he shall be allowed to give in evidence the truth of the words charged in the indictment to have been spoken by him or her.

SECTION 513. Arkansas Code § 5-28-109 is repealed.

(a) The primary purposes of an investigation are to:
(1) Protect maltreated adults; and
(2) Refer for prosecution those persons maltreating any endangered or impaired adult.
(b) The Attorney General shall conduct a thorough investigation that
may include a medical, psychological, social, vocational, financial, and educational evaluation and review.

(c)(1) Upon request, the medical, mental health, or other records regarding the maltreated adult maintained by any facility or maintained by any person required by this chapter to report suspected maltreatment shall be made available to the Attorney General for the purposes of conducting an investigation under this chapter.

(2) Upon request, financial records regarding the subject of the investigation maintained by a bank or similar institution shall be made available to the Attorney General for the purpose of conducting an investigation under this chapter.

(d)(1) A subpoena requiring the production of documents or the attendance of a witness at an interview, trial, or hearing conducted pursuant to the jurisdiction of the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit within the office of the Attorney General may be served by the Attorney General or any law enforcement officer in the State of Arkansas personally, by telephone, or by registered or certified mail.

(2) If service is by registered or certified mail, the return shall be accompanied by the return post office receipt of delivery of the demand.

(e)(1) If a facility or person objects to or otherwise fails to comply with the Attorney General's request for records, the Attorney General may file an action in circuit court for an order to enforce the request.

(2) Venue for the action to enforce the request shall be in Pulaski County.

(f) The circuit court, upon good cause shown, shall order the facility or person who maintains medical, mental health, or other records regarding the maltreated adult to tender records to the Attorney General for the purpose of conducting an investigation under this chapter.

(g)(1) Records obtained by the Attorney General under this subchapter shall be classified as confidential information and shall not be subject to outside review or release by an individual unless the records are used or are potentially to be used by any governmental entity in any legal, administrative, or judicial proceeding.

(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no person shall be subject to any civil or criminal liability for providing access to
records to the Attorney General or to the prosecuting attorneys.

SECTION 514. Arkansas Code § 5-36-118 is repealed.

5-36-118. Embezzlement by officer or employee of certain institutions.

Any officer or employee who shall appropriate, to his own use and purposes, or embezzle any amount of the funds or property belonging to the School for the Blind, School for the Deaf, or State Hospital shall be guilty of larceny and prosecuted as in cases of larceny.

SECTION 515. Arkansas Code § 5-38-201 is repealed.

5-38-201. Fines to State Forestry Fund.

All fines collected as a result of State Forestry Commission law enforcement activities shall go to the State Forestry Fund.

SECTION 516. Arkansas Code § 5-38-213 is repealed.

5-38-213. Sowing Johnson grass on land of another.

(a) It is declared unlawful for any person to sow or scatter Johnson grass on any property other than his own.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 517. Arkansas Code §§ 5-38-215 and 5-38-216 are repealed.

5-38-215. Removal or destruction of section or quarter section corners.

(a) Any person who shall by clearing or improving lands or in any other manner destroy or remove any section or quarter section corner established by United States survey without first having the corner fixed by a competent surveyor who shall establish monuments as reference points which shall clearly indicate the section or quarter section corner and have his notes of this recorded as provided in §§ 14-86-501 - 14-86-504 for engineers and commissioners shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250).

(b) Twenty-five dollars ($25.00) of the fine is to be paid to the informer.
5-38-216. Knowing and malicious removal or destruction of landmarks.

Every person who shall knowingly and maliciously remove any monument of stone or other durable material, erected for the designation of any corner or other point in the boundary of any lot or tract of land, or of the state or any legal division of the state, or shall alter or deface the marks upon any tree, post, or other monument made for the purpose of designating any point in such boundary, or shall cut down or remove any tree upon which any such mark shall be made, with the intent to destroy the marks, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 518. Arkansas Code §§ 5-40-101 and 5-40-102 are repealed.


Every trespasser upon the school lands shall be liable to indictment and, upon conviction, fined in three (3) times the amount of damages done and shall stand committed as in other cases of misdemeanor.

5-40-102. Cutting or removing timber or stone from sixteenth-section land.

(a) It shall not be lawful for any person to cut or remove any timber or stone off the sixteenth sections of land reserved for the use of schools, or from any section or fractional sections selected instead of the sixteenth sections.

(b) If any apprentice shall violate the provisions of this section, the master of the apprentice shall be responsible for the act and be proceeded against in all respects as though the act had been his own.

(c) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall, for each offense, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), to be recovered by indictment in the circuit court of the county in which the trespass shall or may be committed. This section shall not apply to persons who reside on or have improvements on the lands, so as to prevent them from residing on or using timber or stone for their use or for the use of their improvement; but this shall not be so construed as to permit residents or those having improvements on the land to cut and remove
or to remove any timber or stone off the lands for purposes of speculation or
sale.

SECTION 519. Arkansas Code § 5-40-104 is repealed.

5-40-104. Unlawful possession of state property.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to take possession, keep
possession, or otherwise occupy or continue to maintain his presence on or in
the buildings and grounds of any institution owned and operated by the State
of Arkansas, whether the same be enclosed or unenclosed, from and after he
shall have been notified by a security officer or other authorized employee
of the institution to leave.

(b) Any person violating this section or refusing to comply
immediately with the notice to quit shall be punished by a fine of not less
than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) or
by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed six (6) months,
or by both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 520. Arkansas Code § 5-54-127 is repealed.

5-54-127. Officer failing to execute process.

If any sheriff or other officer shall willfully and corruptly fail or
refuse to execute any lawful process whatever, which by law it is his duty to
execute, requiring the apprehension or confinement of any person charged with
a criminal offense, whereby such person shall escape, the offending officer
shall be punished in the same manner as persons aiding or assisting an
escape.

SECTION 521. Arkansas Code § 5-60-111 is repealed.

5-60-111. Communicating false alarm by means of citizen's band radio—
Penalty.

(a) A person commits the offense of communicating a false alarm by
means of a citizen's band radio if he purposely initiates or circulates a
report of an automobile wreck or other catastrophe by means of the channel of
a citizen's band radio set aside for emergency reports, knowing that the
report is false or baseless and knowing that it is likely:

(1) To cause action of any sort by an official or volunteer
agency organized to deal with emergencies; or
(2) To place any person in fear of physical injury to himself or another person or of damage to his property or that of another person; or

(3) To cause total or partial evacuation of any occupiable structure, vehicle, or vital public facility.

(b) Communicating a false alarm by means of a citizen's band radio is a Class D felony if physical injury to a person results. Otherwise, it is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 522. Arkansas Code § 5-60-113 is repealed.

5-60-113. Using abusive language to school bus driver.

(a) It is unlawful for any person or persons to threaten, curse, or use abusive language to a school bus driver in the presence of students in this state.

(b) Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 523. Arkansas Code § 5-71-225 is repealed.

5-71-225. Picketing or demonstrating before a private residence.

(a) It is declared that:

(1) The protection and preservation of the home is the keystone of democratic government;

(2) The public health and welfare and good order of the community requires that members of the community enjoy in their homes a feeling of well-being, tranquility, and privacy, and when absent from their homes carry with them the sense of security inherent in the assurance that they may return to the enjoyment of their homes;

(3) The practice of picketing or demonstrating before or about residences and dwelling places causes emotional disturbance and distress to the occupants;

(4) This practice has as its object the harassing of the occupants and, without resort to such practice, full opportunity exists, and under the terms and provisions of this section will continue to exist, for the exercise of freedom of speech and other constitutional rights; and

(5) The provisions of this section are necessary to the public
interest, to avoid the detrimental results herein set forth.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in demonstrations of any type or picketing before or about any residence or dwelling place of any individual.

(c) Any person violating any provision of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisoned not more than six (6) months, or both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 524. Arkansas Code § 5-72-101 is repealed.

5-72-101. Poisoning lake or stream.
Any person who shall poison any lake or stream of water for the purpose of killing fish, stock, or for any other purpose shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 525. Arkansas Code § 16-22-213 is repealed.


(a) No attorney shall use the printed media or broadcast media, cable television, or any other medium to directly solicit clients or encourage litigation in this state. Attorneys may utilize the media and all other media for advertising their areas of practice or expertise, fees, addresses, telephone numbers, and as otherwise permitted by the Arkansas Supreme Court.

(b) Violations of this section shall constitute Class A misdemeanors.

SECTION 526. Arkansas Code § 16-85-102 is repealed.

16-85-102. Corporal or physical punishment prohibited.

(a) Any officer or other person having charge or supervision of any prisoner in the state who administers, or permits any other person or persons under supervision to administer, any corporal or physical punishment to the prisoner shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) and may be confined to prison for not more than ninety (90) days.

(b) In the event a prisoner becomes maimed or permanently or fatally injured, then the punishment shall constitute a felony in keeping with the degree of injury inflicted and prosecuted in such manner as other felonies of
a similar class are now prosecuted.

SECTION 527. Arkansas Code § 17-95-205 is repealed.

17-95-205. Itinerant vendor.

Any itinerant vendor of any drug, nostrum, ointment, or application of any kind intended for the treatment of disease or injury who by writing, print, or other methods may profess to cure or treat diseases or deformity by any drug, nostrum, manipulation, or other expedient, in this state shall be deemed to be in violation of this law and punished as provided.

SECTION 528. Arkansas Code § 20-48-102 is repealed.

20-48-102. Abuse, ridicule, and teasing prohibited.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully tease, ridicule, or abuse any mentally deficient or mentally retarded person declared to be such by a court of competent jurisdiction, or who, in the judgment of two (2) regularly licensed physicians, may be found to be such.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine in a sum not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100) or by six (6) months' imprisonment, or both.

SECTION 529. Arkansas Code § 5-36-119 is repealed.


Nothing in this section, § 5-36-103, § 5-36-105, § 5-36-106, or § 5-37-207 is intended to prevent a prosecutor from seeking a Class B felony conviction under § 5-36-103(b) if the value of property stolen with a credit card or account number exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500).

SECTION 530. Arkansas Code § 5-39-402 is repealed.


A person who violates the provisions of this subchapter is guilty of a Class D felony.

SECTION 531. Arkansas Code §§ 5-52-102 and 5-52-103 are repealed.

5-52-102. Unlawful compensation for past official action.

(a) A person commits the offense of unlawful compensation for past
official action if he:

(1) Solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept any benefit as compensation for having, as a public servant, given a decision, opinion, recommendation, or vote favorable to another or for having otherwise exercised his discretion in favor of another; or

(2) Offers, confers, or agrees to confer any benefit upon a public servant, the receipt of which is prohibited by this section.

(b) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this section that the decision, opinion, recommendation, vote, or use of discretion, except for the benefit, was otherwise proper.

(c) Unlawful compensation for past official action is a Class A misdemeanor.

5-52-103. Public servant bribery.

(a) A person commits public servant bribery if:

(1) He offers, confers, or agrees to confer any benefit upon a public servant as consideration for the recipient's decision, opinion, recommendation, vote, or other exercise of discretion as a public servant; or

(2) He solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept any benefit, the conferring of which is prohibited by this section.

(b) Public servant bribery is a Class D felony.

SECTION 532. Arkansas Code § 5-54-114 is repealed.

5-54-114. Permitting escape in the second degree.

(a) A public servant responsible for supervision of persons detained in correctional facilities or in custody commits the offense of permitting escape in the second degree if he recklessly permits a person so detained to escape.

(b) Permitting escape in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 533. Arkansas Code § 2-38-201 is repealed.

2-38-201. Penalty for running at large.

(a)(1) If any seed horse or any unaltered mule or jack, over the age of two (2) years, is found running at large, the owner shall be fined three dollars ($3.00) for the first offense and not exceeding ten dollars ($10.00) for every subsequent offense, to be recovered by civil action in the name of
any person who shall sue for the fine, one-half (1/2) to his own use and the
other to the county's.

(2) The action may be prosecuted before any justice of the peace
of the county where the offense is committed.
(b) The owner shall also be liable for all damages that may be
sustained by the running at large of any seed horse, jack, or mule, to be
recovered by a civil action before any court having jurisdiction thereof.

SECTION 534. Arkansas Code § 4-70-101 is repealed.

4-70-101. Right to select customers — Penalty for customer's failure
to comply.
(a) Every person, firm, or corporation engaged in any public business,
trade, or profession of any kind whatsoever in the State of Arkansas,
including, but not restricted to, hotels, motels, tourist courts, lodging
houses, restaurants, dining room or lunch counters, barber shops, beauty
parlors, theaters, moving picture shows, or other places of entertainment and
amusement, including public parks and swimming pools, and stores of any kind
wherein merchandise is offered for sale, is authorized and empowered to
choose or select the person or persons he or she or it desires to do business
with. Further, such persons, firms, or corporations are authorized and
empowered to refuse to sell to, wait upon, or serve any person that the
owner, manager, or employee of the public place of business does not desire
to sell to, wait upon, or serve. However, the provisions of this section
shall not apply to public utility corporations or associations engaged in the
business of selling electricity, natural gas, or water to the general public
or furnishing telephone service to the public.

(b) Any public place of business may display, if it so desires, a sign
posted in the place of business serving notice upon the general public that
"the management reserves the right to refuse to sell to, wait upon, or serve
any person". The display of such a sign shall not be a prerequisite to
exercising the authority conferred by this section.

(c) Any person who enters a public place of business in this state, or
upon the premises thereof, and is requested or ordered to leave the place of
business by the owner, manager, or any employee and, after having been so
requested or ordered to leave, refuses to do so, shall be guilty of a
trespass and upon conviction shall be fined not more than five hundred
dollars ($500) or imprisoned in jail not more than six (6) months, or punished by both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 535. Arkansas Code § 5-1-125 is repealed.

5-1-125. Right of action not merged in felony.

In no case shall the right of action of any party injured by the commission of a felony be deemed or adjudged to be merged in such felony, but damages sustained thereby may be recovered in an action brought for that purpose.

SECTION 536. Arkansas Code § 5-27-223 is repealed.

5-27-223. Permitting minors to play in saloons.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any owner or keeper of any dramshop or saloon or any employee of such owner or keeper to permit minors to play in such dramshop or saloon, or any apartment thereof, at any game of cards, billiards, pool, or any other game known by any other name or without any name, for a bet or wager on such game, or for amusement without any bet or wager.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).

SECTION 537. Arkansas Code § 5-27-224 is repealed.

5-27-224. Permitting minors to frequent and play in poolrooms.

(a) It shall be unlawful for the owner or keeper of any poolroom or pool hall or pool parlor or any employee of such owner or keeper to permit any person or persons under the age of eighteen (18) years to play pool, billiards, or any other game, or frequent or congregate in such poolroom or pool parlor or pool hall, or any department thereof.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 538. Arkansas Code § 5-27-225 is repealed.
5-27-225. Permission for certain minors to participate where both bowling and pool are played.

A minor who is fifteen (15) years of age or older and who shows written consent of his parent or guardian may be permitted to enter any place of recreation in this state in which both bowling and pool or billiards are played and may participate in games of bowling or pool or billiards in such place of recreation, until such time as the consent of the parent or guardian is revoked.

SECTION 539. Arkansas Code § 5-27-226 is repealed.

5-27-226. Distinguishing family recreation centers from poolrooms.

(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "family recreation center" shall mean a place of entertainment consisting of various types of entertainment, including pocket billiards, snooker, miniature billiards, ping pong or table tennis, shuffle board, and other forms of wholesome entertainment.

(b) No family recreation center shall sell or serve on its premises any type of intoxicating beverage or knowingly allow any type of intoxicating beverage to be consumed or served, nor shall any family recreation center knowingly allow any gambling or gambling devices upon the premises.

(c) No family recreation center shall have on its premises any type of coin-operated amusement machine or similar device of like nature unless such machine is licensed by the state, and its operation is legal under state law.

(d) All family recreation centers shall be well-lighted and have sufficient front glass to allow any passing person to observe activities conducted within.

(e) No family recreation center shall be operated between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 8:00 a.m.

(f) A family recreation center is distinguished from a poolroom, pool hall, pool parlor, or billiard room under existing laws enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas.

SECTION 540. Arkansas Code § 5-36-117 is repealed.

5-36-117. Possession of more than 10 pounds of mercury without evidence of title.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to have or possess in excess
of ten pounds (10 lbs.) of mercury unless the person also has in his
possession or can produce without unreasonable delay a bill of sale or other
written evidence of title to the mercury.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a
fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand
dollars ($1,000) or imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days nor more
than one (1) year, or both fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 541. Arkansas Code § 5-37-523 is repealed.

5-37-523. Packaging of strawberries.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

(1) Sell or offer for sale to any consumer in this state any
strawberries in which fifteen percent (15%) or more of such strawberries in
any container shall be faulty to the extent of rendering the same unfit or
undesirable for human consumption;

(2) Sell or offer for sale in this state any strawberries packed
in closed packages in which the label or exposed surface gives a false
representation of the contents of the packages. It shall be considered a
false representation if the exposed surface does not reasonably represent the
size, quality, and varietal characteristics of the remaining portions of the
package in which the strawberries are contained.

(b) Any person violating any provisions of this section shall be
guilty of a misdemeanor. The State Plant Board is empowered to make
inspections of strawberries sold or offered for sale in this state, and the
State Plant Board is empowered to confiscate and destroy strawberries offered
for sale in violation of this section unless the berries are immediately
repacked under supervision to conform to this section.

SECTION 542. Arkansas Code § 5-53-130 is repealed.

5-53-130. Perjury - Indictments.

In indictments for perjury, it shall be sufficient to set forth the
substance of the offense charged, and by what court, or before whom the oath
or affirmation was taken, averring such court or person to have competent
authority to administer the same, together with the proper averments to
falsify the matter wherein the perjury is charged or assigned, without
setting forth any part of the record, proceeding, or process, either in law
or equity, or any commission or authority of the court or person before whom
the perjury was committed, or the form of the oath or affirmation or the
manner of administering it.

SECTION 543. Arkansas Code § 5-60-110 is repealed.

5-60-110. Relinquishing party line for emergency calls—Notice in
telephone directory.
(a) Any person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor who shall:
(1) Willfully refuse to immediately relinquish a party line when
informed that the line is needed for an emergency call to a fire department
or police department or for medical aid or ambulance service; or
(2) Secure the use of a party line by falsely stating that the
line is needed for an emergency call.
(b) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
(1) "Party line" means a subscribers’ line telephone circuit,
consisting of two (2) or more main telephone stations connected therewith,
each station with a distinctive ring or telephone number;
(2) "Emergency" means a situation in which property or human
life is in jeopardy and the prompt summoning of aid is essential.
(c)(1) Every telephone directory distributed to the members of the
general public in this state or in any portion thereof which lists the
calling numbers of telephones of any telephone exchange located in this state
shall contain a notice which explains the offense provided for in this
section, this notice to be preceded by the word "warning". The provisions of
this section shall not apply to those directories distributed solely for
business advertising purposes, commonly known as "classified directories", or
to any telephone directory heretofore distributed to the general public.
(2) Any person, firm, or corporation providing telephone
service, which distributes or causes to be distributed in this state copies
of a telephone directory which is subject to the provisions of this section
and which does not contain the notice herein provided for, shall be guilty of
a misdemeanor.

SECTION 544. Arkansas Code §§ 5-60-117 – 5-60-119 is repealed.

5-60-117. Endurance contests.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, organization, firm, or corporation to conduct, promote, participate in, or cause to be conducted within the State of Arkansas any endurance contests of a similar nature to those set forth in the preamble hereto, wherein human beings are contestants therein, which contests last for a longer aggregate period than twelve (12) hours.

(b) Any person who shall conduct, participate in, or promote any such endurance contests within the State of Arkansas in violation of subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), and each violation in any one (1) day shall constitute a separate offense.

5-60-118. X-ray shoe-fitting equipment.
(a) No shoe-fitting device or shoe-fitting machine which uses fluoroscopic, X-ray, or radiation principles shall be operated or maintained in this state.
(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) and not more than five hundred dollars ($500), and each day that this violation shall continue shall constitute a separate offense.

5-60-119. Motion pictures shown on Sunday.
It shall be lawful for motion picture shows that charge admission to operate and conduct their business on Sunday.

SECTION 545. Arkansas Code § 5-63-203 is repealed.
5-63-203. Record of bicycle sales.
(a) Any person who sells a bicycle in this state shall make and preserve a record of the name and address of the person to whom such bicycle was sold, the date of the sale, and the serial number of such bicycle or bicycles.
(b) For the purposes of this section, the word "person" shall mean one (1) or more individuals, a company, a corporation, a partnership, or any association.
(c) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 546. Arkansas Code § 5-72-111 is repealed.

5-72-111. Making cutoffs on the Mississippi River.

(a) If any person shall make, or commence to make, or shall aid or assist in making or commencing to make, any cutoff upon or near the Mississippi River in this state across or partly across any point of land or elsewhere, or shall make or commence to make, or shall aid or assist in making or commencing to make any ditch or trench, or other excavation, or work whatever, near or upon the river in this state, or keep the same open, if now made, whereby the course of the river may be extended or changed, or intended to be changed, directed, or turned, or any point of land cut off, such person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine, in any sum not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one (1) nor more than three (3) years.

(b) In order to prevent the commission of such offense, it is made the duty of the judges of the circuit court of the respective counties in this state, on the Mississippi River, in the exercise of equity jurisdiction, upon the petition of any citizen interested, to enjoin the commencement or prosecution of any work, in violation of the subsection (a) of this section, the petition having been first verified by the affidavit of the person making the same, and upon giving bond for costs. An unlimited number of citizens may choose to unite in the petition and shall proceed as a suit upon this petition in behalf of this state.

SECTION 547. Arkansas Code § 5-73-123 is repealed.

5-73-123. Disposition of metal knuckles or canes containing weapons.

(a) Any person who shall sell, barter, or exchange, or otherwise dispose of, or in any manner furnish to any person any dirk or a sword or a spear in a cane or brass or metal knuckles shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) Any person convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars.
($50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200) or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than three (3) months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

(c) Any justice of the peace in this state, who, from his own knowledge or from legal information, knows, or has reasonable grounds to believe, any person guilty of a violation of the provisions of this section, and shall fail or refuse to proceed against that person, shall be deemed guilty of a nonfeasance in office, and upon conviction, shall be punished by the same fines and penalties provided in subsection (b) of this section and shall be removed from office.

(d) Any officer in this state, whose duty it is to make arrests, who may have personal knowledge of any person carrying arms contrary to the provisions of this section, and shall fail or refuse to arrest that person and bring him to trial, shall be punished as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

(e) All persons violating any of the provisions of this section may be prosecuted in any of the courts of this state having jurisdiction to try the same.

SECTION 548. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 64, Subchapter 6 is repealed.

5-64-601. Prior criminal acts - Prior forfeitures - Pending litigation.

(a) Prosecution for any violation of law occurring prior to April 7, 1971, is not affected or abated by subchapters 1-6 of this chapter. If the offense being prosecuted is similar to one set out in §§ 5-64-401-5-64-408, then the penalties under §§ 5-64-401-5-64-408 apply if they are less than those under prior law.

(b) Civil seizures or forfeitures and injunctive proceedings commenced prior to April 7, 1971, are not affected by this chapter.

(c) All administrative proceedings pending under prior laws which are superseded by this chapter shall be continued and brought to a final determination in accord with the laws and rules in effect prior to April 7, 1971. Any substance controlled under prior law, which is not listed within Schedules I through V, is automatically controlled without further proceedings and shall be listed in the appropriate schedule.
(d) This chapter applies to violations of law, seizures and
forfeiture, injunctive proceedings, administrative proceedings, and
investigations which occur following April 7, 1971.

5-64-602. Effectiveness of prior rules.
Any orders and rules promulgated under any law affected by subchapters
1-6 of this chapter and in effect on April 7, 1971, and not in conflict with
it continue in effect until modified, superseded, or repealed.

5-64-603. Uniformity of application and construction.
Subchapters 1-6 of this chapter shall be so applied and construed as to
effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the
subject of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter among those states which enact it.

5-64-604. Title.
Subchapters 1-6 of this chapter may be cited as the "Uniform Controlled
Substances Act."

5-64-605. Severability.
If any provision of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter or the application
thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity does
not affect other provisions or applications of subchapters 1-6 of this
chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
application, and to this end the provisions of subchapters 1-6 of this
chapter are severable.

5-64-606. Repealer.
All laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

5-64-607. Emergency.
It is found and determined by the General Assembly that there is an
increasing problem of drug abuse in the State of Arkansas and that in order
to protect the public health and safety immediate steps must be taken to
enact a comprehensive and uniform narcotics and controlled drugs act and the
immediate passage of subchapters 1-6 of this chapter is necessary to
accomplish this purpose; therefore, an emergency is hereby declared to exist
and subchapters 1-6 of this chapter being necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

5-64-608. Powers of State Board of Pharmacy—Sale of non-narcotic drugs.

Nothing contained in subchapters 1-6 of this chapter shall be construed to affect the licensing or regulation of pharmacists or pharmacies in this state by the State Board of Pharmacy. The State Board of Pharmacy is also granted authority to inventory and destroy any outdated or unwanted controlled substances at the request of its licensees, with proper records of such destructions provided to appropriate agencies. The Arkansas State Board of Pharmacy is given primary but not exclusive jurisdiction in the enforcement application of this chapter to its licensees. Nothing in subchapters 1-6 of this chapter shall be deemed to prohibit the sale of nonnarcotic proprietary drugs if such drugs may, under the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or the Arkansas Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act § 20-56-201 et seq., be lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription.

SECTION 549. Arkansas Code § 5-64-701 is repealed.


(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary:

(1) Any person who is hereafter convicted of delivering controlled substances included in Schedule I, as promulgated by the Director of the Arkansas Department of Health pursuant to subchapters 1-6 of this chapter, shall be sentenced for a term of imprisonment of not less than ten (10) years.

(2) Any person who is hereafter convicted of delivering to school students in grades one (1) through twelve (12) or any other person under eighteen (18) years of age controlled substances included in Schedules I through VI, as promulgated by the Director of the Arkansas Department of Health pursuant to subchapters 1-6 of this chapter as amended, shall be sentenced for a term of imprisonment of not less than ten (10) years. A person over eighteen (18) years of age convicted of the offense defined in this subsection, except delivery of less than one (1) ounce of a Schedule VI
controlled substance, shall not be an "eligible offender" under the provisions of the Alternative Service Act, §§ 16-93-501 - 16-93-510 {repealed} and 16-93-601.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the term "delivery" means the actual or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance included in Schedule I in exchange for money or anything of value, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

(c) The provisions of this section shall be cumulative and supplemental to any other laws of this state prescribing penalties for delivery of controlled substances and shall be deemed to modify only those laws in direct conflict herewith.

SECTION 550. Arkansas Code § 16-80-101 is repealed.


(a) All public offenses may be prosecuted by indictment, except:

(1) Offenses of public officers, where a different mode of procedure is prescribed by law;

(2) Offenses exclusively within the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, or of police or city courts;

(3) Offenses arising in the militia, of which a military court has exclusive jurisdiction.

(b) Offenses within the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace, or of a city or police court, may be prosecuted by a summons or warrant of arrest, in which shall be stated in general terms the offense charged to have been committed.

(c)(1) A public offense for which the only punishment is a fine may be prosecuted by a penal action in the name of the State of Arkansas, or in the name of an individual or corporation where the whole fine is given to the individual or corporation.

(2) The proceedings in penal actions are regulated by the Code of Practice in Civil Cases of 1869.

(d) In all cases where any fine or penalty shall be imposed by any statute of this state as a punishment for any offense and no other provision is made for the recovery thereof, the fine or penalty may be recovered by indictment.
SECTION 551. Arkansas Code § 16-81-101 is repealed.

§ 16-81-101. Persons subject to arrest.

Persons charged with the commission of a public offense shall be liable to be immediately arrested and proceeded against in the manner directed.

SECTION 552. Arkansas Code § 16-81-111 is repealed.

§ 16-81-111. Transportation of prisoner.

(a) Every officer or other person who has arrested, or has in his custody, under the authority of the laws of this state, any prisoner who is to be conveyed from one (1) county to another, may carry the prisoner through such parts of any county as shall be in the ordinary route of travel, from the place where the prisoner was arrested to the place where he is to be conveyed and delivered, under the process or authority by which the person was arrested or is detained.

(b)(1) The officer or person having the prisoner in charge shall not be liable to arrest on his route.

(2) The officer or person shall have the like power to require any person to aid in securing the prisoner, and retaking him if he escapes, as sheriffs or other officers have in their respective counties. The refusal or neglect to render the aid shall be an offense punishable in the same manner as for disobedience to a summons to assist in the execution of process.

(c) The jailer of any county through which any prisoner may be taken is required to receive and safely keep the prisoner in the jail of which he has charge when so requested by the officer or person having lawful charge of the prisoner, and to redeliver him on the demand of the officer or person.

SECTION 553. Arkansas Code § 16-96-111 is repealed.

§ 16-96-111. Trials in police court.

(a) All trials in the police court for a violation of the bylaws or ordinances of the city shall be before the police judge without the intervention of a jury, but the defendant, upon appeal, shall have the right to a jury trial in the circuit court.

(b) The police court of any city shall have concurrent jurisdiction with justices of the peace over all misdemeanors committed in violation of the laws of this state within the corporate limits of the city. In cases of
conviction, the like fees and costs shall be taxed and allowed as in similar
cases before justices of the peace; however, those items that would be
allowed justices of the peace or constables shall not be paid to the police
judge, or police officers, but shall be paid into the city treasury. Every
defendant convicted of such misdemeanor and committed to imprisonment, either
as a part of his punishment or in default of the payment of fine or costs,
shall be committed to the county jail in the same manner as if committed by a
justice of the peace, and all fines imposed in the police court shall be paid
into the city treasury.

SECTION 554. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 96, Subchapter 2 is
repealed.

The provisions of law regulating proceedings in the circuit courts in
criminal cases, so far as applicable, shall govern the trial, verdict,
judgment, and execution in justices' courts, except as otherwise provided in
this subchapter.

No written information or pleadings shall be required in prosecutions
in justices' courts.

16-96-203. Warrant and summons.
(a) Where, from his personal knowledge or from information given to
him on oath, a justice is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for
believing that a person has committed a public offense within the
jurisdiction of his court, he shall either issue a warrant of arrest or a
summons against the person.

(b) The warrant of arrest shall not be issued unless the offense
charged is one of actual or apprehended violence to person or property,
accompanied by a breach of the peace, or the justice is satisfied that there
are reasonable grounds for believing that the defendant will escape
punishment unless arrested.

(c) The warrant of arrest and the summons shall be similar to those
prescribed in subchapter 1 of this chapter.
16-96-204. Subpoenas.
The justice shall issue subpoenas for witnesses and for the production of documentary evidence and shall enforce their attendance or production as prescribed in the Civil Code.

16-96-205. Bail bond.
It shall be the duty of the justice to require bail of the defendant upon it being made to appear that, unless bail is required, he will probably escape punishment or that his discharge without bail would endanger persons or property, in which latter case the justice may also require security for the peace or for good behavior.

16-96-206. Speedy trial - Postponement.
(a) Where a person is brought or, in obedience to a bail bond, comes before a justice of the peace, charged with the commission of an offense within the jurisdiction of his court, as prescribed in §§ 16-88-101-16-88-103, 16-88-105, and 16-88-108 - 16-88-110, the justice shall forthwith proceed to the trial of the charge or, for sufficient cause, may postpone the trial to a future day.
(b) If the trial is postponed, the defendant may be committed to the custody of a peace officer, or to jail, or discharged upon bail or without bail.

16-96-207. Trial by justice or jury.
(a) The issues of law and of fact may be tried by the justice unless the defendant demands a trial by jury, in which case the issues shall be tried by a jury of twelve (12) persons unless the defendant shall consent to be tried by a lesser number.
(b) Upon a jury trial's being lawfully demanded, the justice shall order a peace officer to summon a sufficient number of qualified jurors, from which the jury may be formed.

16-96-208. Change of venue.
(a)(1) The defendant in any criminal cause pending, either for trial or for preliminary examination, before any justice of the peace in any county in this state may take a change of venue removing the cause to some other
justice of the peace in the same township and county in which the cause is then pending.

(2) The defendant shall, at or before the commencement of the trial or examination, file with the justice of the peace before whom the cause is pending an affidavit setting forth that the justice is a material witness in the cause or that the justice is so prejudiced against him that he cannot obtain a fair and impartial trial before the justice.

(3) When any change of venue shall be taken under the provisions of this subsection, and there is no other justice in the same township in which the cause is then pending, it shall be the duty of the justice of the peace to transmit the cause and all papers connected therewith to some other justice of the peace in an adjoining township.

(b)(1) The defendant in any criminal cause pending before any justice of the peace in any county in this state may take a change of venue removing the cause to some other township in the same county.

(2) He shall first file with the justice an affidavit setting forth that the inhabitants of the township in which the cause is then pending are so prejudiced against him that he cannot obtain a fair and impartial trial in the township.

(3) Nothing in this subsection shall be so construed as to allow a change of venue from one (1) township to another when the cause is pending for preliminary examination only.

(c) Any change of venue taken under the provisions of this section shall be upon the application of the defendant setting forth the foregoing facts verified by affidavit and supported by the affidavit of some other credible person.

(d)(1) Every order for the removal of a criminal cause shall specify the cause of removal and designate the justice of the peace or the township and justice to which the cause is to be removed.

(2) The order shall be entered on the docket of the justice granting the order, and all papers in the cause shall be transmitted by him to the justice to whom the cause has been removed.

16-96-209. Submissions of misdemeanors.

(a) Whoever shall commit an offense less than a felony in this state may submit a statement of the facts constituting a charge of the offense to a
justice of the peace of the township in which the offense shall have occurred.

(b) The justice of the peace shall immediately enter upon his docket the substance of the statement, naming the offense committed and the time when and the place where the offense was committed. He shall read the statement to the offender and ask the offender if he is guilty or not guilty; and, if he pleads guilty, the justice of the peace shall enter the plea on his docket and shall issue a warrant of arrest for the offender, who may give bail as in other cases of misdemeanor.

c) To ascertain the gravity of the offense, the justice of the peace shall subpoena the person or persons maltreated by the offender in the commission of the offense and such other witnesses for the state and defense as will give a clear understanding of the circumstances of the case.

d) The justice of the peace may postpone the case from time to time as in trials of misdemeanors.

e) The justice of the peace shall immediately, after the examination of the witnesses, render judgment against the offender, fixing and specifying the punishment of the offender, and for all costs incurred, as in the procedure in other cases of misdemeanor.

(f) The judgment shall be a bar to another prosecution for the same offense.


(a) It shall be the duty of each justice of the peace in this state to file an abstract of all the misdemeanors tried before him with the clerk of his county, on or before the first day of the succeeding term of the circuit court, giving the style of the case, the nature of the offense, how he obtained jurisdiction of the case, whether the defendant was acquitted or convicted, and, if convicted, the amount of fine or punishment imposed.

(b) The abstract provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall remain on file with the clerk, subject to the inspection of the grand jury, the prosecuting attorney, and all other persons interested therein.

(c) Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00).
16-96-211. Suspended sentence.
In all cases in which the justice of the peace has, with or without authority, granted a suspended sentence of confinement, the sentence shall run from the date of the decree rendering the suspended sentence, and, when a period of time has elapsed equal to the term of the sentence, the sentence shall be deemed to have expired and shall be of no force and effect thereafter.

SECTION 555. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 96, Subchapter 3 is repealed.

16-96-301. Construction.
Nothing in this subchapter shall be so construed as to prevent officers of the law from arresting and prosecuting offenders when the officers are eyewitnesses of the offense.

16-96-302. Requirement.
(a) In all prosecutions in cases less than felony in courts of justice of the peace and in other inferior courts, the prosecutor, or some person for him, shall enter into bond with good and sufficient security for the payment of all costs which may accrue in the prosecution.

(b)(1) It shall be lawful, however, for the justice or other officer, when he has strong reason to believe that the person applying for a warrant has been, in plain violation of the criminal laws of this state, maltreated, either in person or property, to permit the person to prosecute without giving the bond required in subsection (a) of this section.

(2) The person so applying for a warrant, besides making the affidavit required by law, shall also make affidavit that he is unable to give security for the costs which may accrue in the prosecution.

16-96-303. Form.
The bond may be substantially in the following form:
"State of Arkansas against A __________ B __________
I, __________, as principal, and __________, as security, bind ourselves to pay all costs in this cause.
Signed this _____ day of __________, A. D. _____.

If the accused is acquitted, the court rendering the judgment of acquittal shall immediately render judgment for the costs against the principal and surety in the bond, but, if the accused is convicted, the court rendering the judgment shall, in addition to the fine or imprisonment which it shall impose upon the person convicted, render judgment against that person for all costs accrued in the case. If the costs are not immediately paid, the convicted person, besides undergoing the penalty adjudged against him, shall be confined in the county jail at the rate of one (1) day for every one dollar ($1.00) adjudged against him for the fine and costs.

SECTION 556. Arkansas Code § 16-96-402 is repealed.

16-96-402. Reports by justices of the peace—Duties of clerk—Penalty.

(a) Justices of the peace shall, on or before the first day of the county court at each term thereof, file in the office of the county clerk of their respective counties an official transcript of all fines, penalties, and forfeitures adjudged by them against defendants in court, giving the amounts of judgments, if any, in each case and the name of the officer collecting them.

(b)(1) The clerk of the county court shall charge the officers named as the collecting officers with all fines, penalties, and forfeitures adjudged by the justices of the peace.

(2) The officers so charged shall not be credited with any deficit on fines or penalties collected by the officers named in subsection (a) of this section unless they shall file in the county clerk’s office the receipt of the county treasurer for the fine or penalty, or shall be able to show the death of the party against whom the fine or penalty was adjudged or the party’s imprisonment in default of fine, as provided by law in such cases.

(c) Any person violating this section shall be guilty of malfeasance
in office and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to repeal or affect in any manner whatever any law requiring officers referred to in this section to make similar reports in other cases.

SECTION 557. Arkansas Code § 16-96-502 is repealed.

16-96-502. By state.

The state shall have no right of appeal from judgments of justices’ courts.

SECTION 558. Arkansas Code § 16-96-504 is repealed.

16-96-504. Bond.

In all cases where a person has been convicted of a misdemeanor and shall appeal, there shall be no supersedeas of the judgment unless bond shall be given with approved security conditioned that the appellant shall appear in the court to which the appeal is taken and submit himself to the jurisdiction of the court and not depart therefrom without leave of the court.

SECTION 559. Arkansas Code § 16-96-510 is repealed.

16-96-510. Attorney’s fees.

Upon an affirmance, an attorney’s fee of ten percent (10%) of the amount of the judgment shall be taxed as part of the costs. The costs in the justice’s court shall be taxed as part of the costs of the appeal.

SECTION 560. Arkansas Code § 18-16-104 is repealed.

18-16-104. Penalty for enticing renter away.

If any person shall interfere with, entice away, knowingly employ, or induce a renter who has contracted with another person for a specified time to leave the leased premises before the expiration of his contract without the consent of the landlord, that person, upon conviction before any justice of the peace or circuit court, be fined not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). In addition, he shall be liable to the landlord for all advances made by him to the renter by virtue of his contract, whether verbal or written, with the renter and for all
damages which he may have sustained by reason thereof.

SECTION 561. Arkansas Code § 22-3-212 is repealed.

22-3-212. Skating in State Capitol Building with metal skates.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any person above the age of ten (10) years to skate with metal skates or to wear metal skates upon any portion of the State Capitol Building or any of the abutments thereof or approaches thereto.
(b) Any person violating subsection (a) of this section shall be arrested and dealt with in the manner prescribed by law for such offenses.

SECTION 562. Arkansas Code § 23-4-636 is repealed.

23-4-636. False reports regarding receipt of money for transportation -- Penalty.

Every person, by any letter, mark, sign, or designation whatever or by any verbal statement, who falsely and without probable cause reports to any railroad or any other company or corporation or to any individuals or to any of the officers, servants, agents, or employees of any such corporation, or individuals that any conductor, brakeman, engineer, fireman, station agent, or other employees of any railroad company, corporation, or individuals, have received any money for the transportation of persons or property or who falsely and without probable cause reports that any conductor, brakeman, engineer, fireman, station agent, or other employees of any such railroad company, corporation, or individuals neglected, failed, or refused to collect any money for transportation of persons or property when it was their duty to do so, then that person upon conviction shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 563. Arkansas Code § 23-4-803 is repealed.

23-4-803. State officers accepting passes -- Penalty.

Any officer, legislative, executive, or judicial, of this state, who shall accept and use any free pass to be transported for any distance over the line of any railroad or transportation company, either free of charge or for less compensation than that received therefor from the general public, for every case where the pass is so used, shall be deemed guilty of a
misdemeanor. Upon conviction thereof, the officer shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200) and shall be removed from office. The officer may be prosecuted in any county where he or she resides or in which the free pass may have been used by him or her.

SECTION 564. Arkansas Code §§ 23-10-201 — 23-10-208 are repealed.

23-10-201. Depot facilities.

(a)(1) All persons who own or operate any lines of railroad in this state shall keep waiting rooms in all depot buildings for the accommodation of their passengers. The waiting room shall be open both day and night for the free and unrestricted use of their passengers.

(2) However, upon all railroad lines running neither freight nor passenger trains over the lines at night, the owners or operators shall be allowed to close their waiting rooms at 7:00 p.m. and open their waiting rooms to the public at 6:00 a.m.

(3) The waiting rooms shall at all proper times and seasons be comfortably heated, and stations and waiting rooms shall at all times be supplied with wholesome drinking water.

(4) All railroads shall in all other respects keep and maintain the waiting rooms in a sanitary and clean manner.

(b)(1) All railroads passing through or into any city or incorporated town in this state shall construct and maintain two (2) restrooms at their passenger depots, one (1) for males and one (1) for females. The restrooms shall be designated by proper lettering.

(2) The restrooms shall be kept open at all hours for the accommodation of passengers and employees of the railroads and shall be constructed and kept in good condition.

(c)(1) All railway companies that refuse and neglect to comply with the provisions and requirements of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction before any court of competent jurisdiction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than three hundred dollars ($300). Every day or night that the railway company fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be a separate offense.

(2) Any agents of the railway company at the depot who refuse or neglect to carry out the provisions of this section shall on conviction be
fined not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars
($25.00) for each offense.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to Benton,
Washington, and Crawford counties.

23-10-203. Bulletin boards showing time of arrival and departure of
trains.

(a)(1) All railroads operating within this state are required to set
up bulletin boards at each and every telegraph station on the railroad and
shall post on these bulletin boards the time of the arrival and departure of
all passenger trains.

(2) If any passenger train is ten (10) or more minutes behind
time, there shall be posted on the bulletin boards as near the time the train
is behind as can be ascertained.

(b) All railroad companies failing to comply with the provisions of
this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction in a
court of competent jurisdiction shall be fined in any sum not more than one
hundred dollars ($100) for each and every offense.

23-10-204. Passenger trains to depart only from depot at junction.

All railroad companies operating railroads in this state shall require
at all junctions where two (2) or more trains connect that all trains
carrying passengers departing from the junction shall depart only from the
station house or depot at the junction.

23-10-205. Announcements of departures, destinations, and track
numbers.

(a) All railroad companies operating passenger trains in this state
shall provide and have on duty at the depot or station a crier whose duty it
shall be to cry out at the depot or station the departure of all trains, the
destination, and the track from which any train will depart. The crier shall
cry out the departures a sufficient time before the departure of any train to
give passengers ample time to reach the trains.

(b) All railroad companies as mentioned in § 23-10-204 shall be
responsible for the faithful performance of such criers employed by them.

(c)(1) Any railroad company, as provided by § 23-10-204, which fails,
refuses, or neglects to provide the crier, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of from twenty-five dollars ($25.00) to one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) Each failure to cry out the departure of each train shall constitute a separate offense.

Companies violating §§ 23-10-204 and 23-10-205 shall be punishable in and by the courts as is now provided for persons guilty of a misdemeanor.

23-10-207. Protection of passengers from annoyance or fraud.

Penalty for perpetration.

(a) All persons, agents, and corporations who own or operate any railroads in this state are authorized and empowered to do and perform all acts and things which may be necessary to protect passengers on their cars and at their stations from all acts of fraud, imposition, or annoyance which are attempted or perpetrated while the passengers are on the cars or in or upon the property of the railroads at their stations.

(b) All persons found practicing acts of fraud, imposition, or annoyance or attempting to perpetrate acts of fraud, imposition, or annoyance at the places set forth in subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) for each offense.

23-10-208. Business solicitations of passengers prohibited — Penalties

— Enforcement.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any persons, except as provided in subdivision (b)(2) of this section, to drum or solicit business or patronage for any hotel, lodging house, eating house, bath house, physician, masseur, surgeon, or other medical practitioner on the trains, cars, or in the depots of any railroad or common carrier operating or running within the State of Arkansas.

(2) Any persons plying or attempting to ply the vocation of drumming or soliciting, except as provided in subdivision (b)(2) of this section, upon the trains, cars, or in the depots of the railroads or common carriers shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be
punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense.

(b)(1) It shall be unlawful for any railroad or common carrier operating a line within the State of Arkansas knowingly to permit its trains, cars, or depots within the state to be used by any persons for drumming or soliciting business or patronage for any hotel, lodging house, eating house, bath house, physician, masseur, surgeon, or other medical practitioner, or drumming or soliciting for any business or profession whatsoever.

(2) However, it may be lawful for railroads or common carriers to permit agents of transfer companies on their trains to check baggage or provide transfers for passengers, or for persons or corporations to sell periodicals and such other articles as are usually sold by news agencies for the convenience and accommodation of the passengers.

(c)(1) It shall be the duty of the conductor or person in charge of the train of any railroad or common carrier to report to the prosecuting attorney any persons found violating any of the provisions of this section.

(2) Upon a willful failure or neglect to report any persons known to be violating the provisions of this section, by drumming or soliciting, the conductor or other person in charge of the train shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(d) For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this section, conductors, trainmen, or special officers employed by railroads or common carriers are required to forbid any violations of this section. If necessary, they are authorized to call an officer at such a place where the officer can be had and report a violation of this section to the officer. It shall be the officer's duty to arrest the person charged with violating this section and to take him or her immediately before some officer to be tried according to law.

SECTION 565. Arkansas Code § 23-12-401 is repealed.

23-12-401. Requirements of construction of engines.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person, company, or corporation, or receiver of any railroad, to use or operate any locomotive engines in the State of Arkansas that are not constructed so that the engineer and fireman will be located under the same roof of the engine cab at all times while
engaged in firing, running, and operating the engine.

2 (2) The roof is not to be more than fourteen feet (14') in length and is to extend entirely over the deck or gangway of the engine.

(b) It is intended that subsection (a) of this section shall apply to engines of the "Woo ten Firebox Type", or "Mother Hubbard" or "Double Cab" or "Camel Back" engines only.

(c) Any person, company, or corporation or receiver of any railroad violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) and not more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense, and each day shall constitute a separate offense.

SECTION 566. Arkansas Code § 23-12-403 is repealed.

23-12-403. Requirements of construction of caboose cars.

(a) The provisions of this section shall apply to any corporation or to any persons while engaged as common carriers in the transportation by railroad of passengers or property within this state to which the regulative power of this state extends.

(b)(1) It shall be unlawful, except as otherwise provided in this section, for any such common carrier by railroad to use on its lines any caboose or other car used for similar purposes unless the caboose or other car is at least twenty-four feet (24') in length inclusive of the platform and equipped with two (2) four-wheel trucks.

(2) The caboose car or other car used for similar purposes:

(A) Shall be of constructive length equal to that of the thirty-ton capacity freight cars constructed according to M. C. B. standards;

(B) Shall be provided with a door in each end and with an outside platform across each end of the car, and each platform shall not be less than twenty-four inches (24") in width; and

(C) Shall be equipped with proper guard rails and with grab irons and steps for the safety of persons getting on and off the cars.

The steps shall be equipped with a suitable rod, board, or other guards at each end and at the back thereof properly designed to prevent slipping from the step.

(3) The caboose shall be not less than seven feet (7') in height, with cupola, and have the necessary closets and windows.
(c) Whenever any caboose car or other cars now in use by a common carrier as provided in subsection (a) of this section shall be brought into any shop for general repairs, it shall be unlawful to again put the caboose or other car into service of the common carrier within this state unless it is equipped as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

(d) Any common carrier as provided in subsection (a) of this section violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense.

SECTION 567. Arkansas Code § 23-12-405 is repealed.

23-12-405. First aid kits and drinking water required.

(a) Every person operating a common carrier railroad in this state shall equip each locomotive and caboose used in train or yard switching service and every passenger car used in passenger service with a first aid kit of a type to be approved by the Arkansas Transportation Commission. [abolished]. However, the first aid kits shall not be required on equipment used exclusively in yard or switching service where first aid kits are maintained in the yard or terminal.

(b) Each locomotive and caboose shall be furnished with sanitary drinking cups and pure ice-cooled drinking water dispensed from a suitable sanitary container.

(c) Any person guilty of violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined, in the name of the State of Arkansas, not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense, and each day shall constitute a separate offense by the railroad employer thereof.

(d) For the purpose of this section, "locomotive" shall include all engines propelled by any form of energy and used in railroad service such as transfer or rail line haul or yard switching service.

SECTION 568. Arkansas Code § 23-12-511 is repealed.


(a) Every railroad operating in this state shall provide its maintenance-of-way employees with sanitary drinking water to be dispensed
through sanitary drinking facilities.

(b) It is made the duty of the Director of the Department of Health of this state to enforce the provisions of this section when a complaint is properly filed with the State Board of Health, and it shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney of any district in this state, upon the request of the director, to enforce the provisions of this section.

(c) Failure to comply with this section shall constitute a misdemeanor, and any employer upon conviction for violation of this section shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

SECTION 569. Arkansas Code § 23-12-513 is repealed.

23-12-513. Shelter required where railroad equipment constructed or repaired.

(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for any railroad company or corporation, or other persons who own, control, or operate any lines of railroad in the State of Arkansas, to build, construct, or repair railroad equipment without first erecting and maintaining a building or shed over the repair tracks at every division point.

(2) The building or shed is to be provided with a floor where the construction or repair work is permanently done, so as to provide that all men permanently employed in the construction and repair of cars, trucks, and other railroad equipment shall be under shelter during snows, sleet, rain, and other inclement weather.

(b)(1) Every corporation, person, manager, superintendent, or foreman of any company, corporation, or person who fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100).

(2) Each day that the railroad company, corporation, person, manager, foreman, or agent of any railroad company, corporation, or person refuses or fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct violation thereof.

SECTION 570. Arkansas Code § 23-12-801 is repealed.

23-12-801. Improper language in waiting rooms or cars.
(a) It shall be unlawful for any passenger or any railroad official or employee to use any obscene, profane, or boisterous language in any railroad waiting room or car in which passengers are transported.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be fined not less than five dollars ($5.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00).

(c) It shall be the duty of conductors and station agents to eject any person violating the provisions of this section from the car or waiting room.

SECTION 571. Arkansas Code § 23-12-803 is repealed.

23-12-803. Use of track as highway.

Every person who shall use any railroad track as a common highway for horses, cattle, or vehicles other than those propelled on the rails of the railroad in the operation thereof shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each offense and may be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days.

SECTION 572. Arkansas Code § 23-12-806 is repealed.

23-12-806. Animals killed on railroad -- Penalty for disposition of carcass without notice.

If any section boss, master, hand, or other person employed by any railroad company owning and operating any railroad in this state or any other person connected with any railroad in this state is caught mutilating, disfiguring, burning, hauling off, or burying any dead carcass that is killed on any railroad in this state, without first notifying at least two (2) citizens of the neighborhood, whose duty it shall be to take and preserve all marks, flesh, ear, or otherwise determine the value of the animal, brute, swine, or other stock, he or she shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) for the offense.

SECTION 573. Arkansas Code § 23-12-911 is repealed.

23-12-911. Killing or injuring livestock -- Claims agents.

(a) All persons, firms, or corporations operating any railroad within this state are required to employ one (1) or more claims agents whose duty it shall be to visit all regular stations upon their lines, where notice has
been given to the agent of the company at the station that any kind of stock
has been killed by the operation of the road, as often as once every thirty
(30) days. At that time and place the claims agent shall take up the matter
of settlement for the killing of any stock with the owner thereof, with a
view to making final settlement for the stock and paying for the stock.

(b) The claims agent shall give notice to the station agent at least
five (5) days before his or her visit at the station, stating therein the
time of his or her visit as near as may be practicable.

(c) Any person, firm, or corporation engaged in the operation of a
railroad within this state who shall fail to comply with the provisions of
subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and
upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty dollars
($50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500). Each month that the
claims agent fails or refuses to visit any station where the station agent
has been notified that stock has been killed or injured by the railroad shall
constitute a separate offense.

(d) Should the claims agent fail or refuse to comply with the
provisions of this section, he or she shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor
and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars
($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) for each offense.

SECTION 574. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 13, Subchapter 4 is
repealed.

Any person violating any of the provisions of §§ 23-13-401 -- 23-13-
405 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by
a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($
50.00) or by imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days, or by both fine
and imprisonment.

23-13-402. Liability to passengers.
The owners and operators of motor buses operating between cities and
towns in Arkansas shall not be liable to passengers on account of their

23-13-403. Seating and aisle space to be numbered.
Each seat and portion of aisle space used for passengers on motor buses operating between cities and towns in Arkansas shall be numbered.

23-13-404. Assignment of seats or standing places.
(a) Each passenger upon entering a motor bus shall be assigned to a numbered seat or standing place.
(b) Seats and standing places shall be assigned in such a manner as to ensure:
   (1) An equal distribution throughout the bus of the weight of the passengers being transported, as nearly as practicable, to secure the comfortable, safe, and efficient operation of the bus to the end that traffic hazards likely to result in accidents or collisions may be minimized;
   (2) The maximum convenience, welfare, health, and safety of the passengers being transported so that the comfort, life, limb, and person of the passengers will not be inconvenienced, endangered, or threatened by collision, violence, or otherwise; and
   (3) The peace and good order among the passengers being transported.
(c) The maximum seating capacity of each motor bus shall not be greater than the manufacturer's rated capacity, but passengers may be permitted to stand if each passenger is assigned a standing place in the bus in keeping with the provisions of §§ 23-13-401–23-13-405.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to occupy any seat, standing space, or any other space on a motor bus except that assigned by the operator thereof.
(b) Any passenger who refuses to accept and occupy the space assigned to him or her and who, upon tender of the fare paid, refuses peaceably and without disorder to remove himself or herself from the motor bus after being requested so to do by the driver shall be guilty of violating the provisions of §§ 23-13-401–23-13-405 and shall be punished as provided in § 23-13-401.
(c) The driver of any motor bus may cause any person violating the provisions of §§ 23-13-401–23-13-405 to be delivered to the proper authority for arrest.
23-13-406. Refusal to take assigned seat or leave vehicle -- Failure to enforce seating assignments.

(a) All passengers on any motor-propelled, passenger-carrying vehicle shall be required to take the seats or spaces assigned to them. Any person refusing to do so shall immediately leave the vehicle. If he or she remains upon the vehicle, he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500) or sentenced to the county jail for not less than one (1) month or more than six (6) months, or both.

(b)(1) Upon refusal of any passenger to leave the vehicle, the operator or person in charge shall proceed to the nearest town, city, hamlet, or village and shall make complaint to the first available peace officer, whose duty it shall be to remove the passenger and subject him or her to arrest.

(2) The failure on the part of the operator or other person in charge of the vehicle to cause the passengers to take and remain in their seats and spaces provided for them or to immediately cause the arrest of any passenger refusing to comply with request to take or remain in the seat and space so designated shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction the operator or other person shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

SECTION 575. Arkansas Code § 23-17-109 is repealed.

23-17-109. Telegraph companies -- Divulging contents of message -- Willful refusal to transmit or deliver message -- Penalty.

Any person connected with any telegraph company in this state, either as agent, clerk, operator, messenger, or in any other capacity, who willfully divulges the contents or the nature of the contents of any private communication entrusted to him or her for transmission or delivery or who willfully refuses or neglects to transmit or deliver the private communication entrusted to him or her for transmission or delivery on conviction before any court of competent jurisdiction shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor and shall pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars ($500) nor more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than six (6) nor more than twelve (12) months.
or shall be punished with both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court trying the same.

SECTION 576. Arkansas Code § 23-17-111 is repealed.

23-17-111. Overcharge by telegraph operators prohibited.

(a) All agents or operators for any telegraph company doing business in this state are prohibited from charging, collecting, or receiving pay for any message sent or received by them in excess of the regular rate charged for the same.

(b) Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars ($100) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500).

/s/ Luker

APPROVED: 04/11/2005