T	State of Arkansas As Engrossea: H5/10/17 H5/17/17			
2	91st General Assembly As Engrossed: H3/10/17 H3/17/17			
3	Regular Session, 2017 HOUSE BILL 195			
4				
5	By: Representative Collins			
6	By: Senator J. Hendren			
7				
8	For An Act To Be Entitled			
9	AN ACT TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE WORKERS'			
10	COMPENSATION LAW THAT RESULTED FROM INITIATED ACT NO.			
11	4 OF 1948; TO AMEND THE DEFINITION OF OBJECTIVE			
12	FINDINGS ENACTED BY INITIATED ACT NO. 4 OF 1948; TO			
13	REVISE THIRD-PARTY LIABILITY IN THE WORKERS'			
14	COMPENSATION LAW; TO AMEND THE LAW REGARDING THE			
15	LIABILITY OF AN EMPLOYER FOR MEDICAL COSTS RELATED TO			
16	A COMPENSABLE INJURY; TO RESTORE CONSISTENCY IN			
17	TEMPORARY TOTAL DISABILITY BENEFIT AND EMPLOYEE			
18	MISCONDUCT DETERMINATIONS AFTER TERMINATION UNDER			
19	INITIATED ACT NO. 4 OF 1948; TO REGULATE FINAL			
20	SETTLEMENTS OF CLAIMS INVOLVING JOINT PETITIONS; AND			
21	FOR OTHER PURPOSES.			
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23				
24	Subtitle			
25	TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE			
26	WORKERS' COMPENSATION LAW THAT RESULTED			
27	FROM INITIATED ACT NO. 4 OF 1948.			
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30	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:			
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32	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. <u>Legislative intent.</u>			
33	The purpose and intent of this act is to reverse specifically any case			
34	law providing that former employees who are properly terminated for			
35	misconduct are entitled to temporary total or temporary partial disability			
36	benefits if the employer has work available within the former employee's			

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1 restrictions, including without limitation, Tyson Poultry, Inc. v. Narvaiz, 2 2012 Ark. 118 (2012); and Superior Industries v. Thomaston, 72 Ark. App. 7, 3 32 S.W.3d 52 (2000). 4 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 11-9-102(16), concerning the definition of 5 6 "objective findings" under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to add 7 an additional subdivision to read as follows: 8 (C)(1) For muscle spasms to constitute an objective 9 finding of injury, a specific diagnosis of palpable muscle spasms is 10 necessary. 11 (2) The presence of muscle spasms may not be 12 inferred from diagnosis or treatment that involves a prescription for a type of muscle relaxant in the absence of objective findings. 13 14 15 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410(a)(2)(D), concerning the rights of 16 an employer in a claim for recovery by an injured employee against a third 17 party, is amended to read as follows: 18 (D)(i) Any excess amount of a settlement or judgment 19 remaining after the employer or the carrier has been reimbursed the amount 20 paid in workers' compensation benefits arising from an injury or death shall 21 belong to the injured employee or his or her dependents. 22 (ii) An employer or carrier is entitled to a future 23 credit in the claim for workers' compensation benefits in the amount paid to 24 or on behalf of the injured or deceased employee or his or her dependents from the settlement or judgment in this subdivision (a)(2). 25 (iii) An employer or carrier is not required to pay 26 27 additional workers' compensation benefits for the injuries or death arising from an incident involving a third party until the future credit is 28 29 exhausted. 30 SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410(b)(2), concerning subrogation in a 31 32 third-party claim, is amended to read as follows: 33 (2) After reasonable notice and opportunity to be represented in the action has been given to the compensation beneficiary, the liability of 34 35 the third party to the compensation beneficiary, to the employer, and to the 36 carrier shall be determined in the action, as well as the third party's

1	liability to the employer and carrier.			
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3	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410(b)(3)(A), concerning recovery			
4	amounts from a third-party liability action, is amended to read as follows:			
5	(3)(A) After recovery shall be had against the third party, by			
6	suit or otherwise, the compensation beneficiary $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ entitled to any			
7	amount recovered over and above the amount that the employer and carrier have			
8	paid or are liable for in compensation, after deducting reasonable costs of			
9	collection except that:			
10	(i) An employer or carrier is entitled to a future			
11	credit in a claim for workers' compensation benefits in the amount of a			
12	settlement or judgment to be paid to or on behalf of the injured or deceased			
13	employee or his or her dependents from a third party after the employer or			
14	carrier has been reimbursed the amount paid to or on behalf of the injured or			
15	deceased employee or his or her dependents; and			
16	(ii) An employer or carrier is not required to pay			
17	additional workers' compensation benefits for the injuries or death arising			
18	from an incident involving a third party until the future credit is			
19	exhausted.			
20				
21	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410, concerning third-party liability,			
22	is amended to add additional subsections to read as follows:			
23	(d) Waiver or Abrogation of Subrogation.			
24	(1) The right of an employer or carrier to recover in an action			
25	in tort from a third party that caused the injury or death of an employee is			
26	absolute and may only be waived with the written consent of the employer or			
27	<u>carrier.</u>			
28	(2) The written consent of the employer of an injured employee			
29	or the carrier of the employer is required in any settlement of an action in			
30	tort against a third party outside of this section.			
31	(e) The purpose and intent of this subsection is to prevent any double			
32	recovery to the injured employee.			
33	(f) In considering the entitlement of an employer or carrier to an			
34	absolute lien in any third party claim, the commission or court shall not			
35	consider the "made whole doctrine" or whether the claimant has been made			
36	whole by the settlement proceeds.			

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2	SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 11-9-521(a), concerning worker's				
3	compensation for scheduled permanent injuries under the Workers' Compensation				
4	Law, is amended to read as follows:				
5	(a) An employee who sustains a permanent compensable injury scheduled				
6	in this section shall receive, in addition to compensation for temporary				
7	total and temporary partial benefits during the healing period or until the				
8	employee returns to work, whichever occurs first, weekly benefits in the				
9	amount of the permanent partial disability rate attributable to the injury,				
10	for that period of time set out in the following schedule				
11	(a)(1) An employee who sustains a compensable injury scheduled in this				
12	section may be entitled to temporary total disability benefits or temporary				
13	partial disability benefits, or both, during the healing period if the				
14	employer does not offer work within the employee's medical restrictions				
15	arising from the injury.				
16	(2)(A) When an employee is terminated for misconduct and the				
17	employer has work available within the former employee's medical restrictions				
18	from the workers' compensation injury, the former employee is not entitled to				
19	temporary total or temporary partial disability benefits during the healing				
20	period in which the misconduct occurred.				
21	(B) For purposes of subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section,				
22	the employer has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence.				
23	(3) An employee who sustains a permanent compensable injury				
24	scheduled in this section is entitled to weekly benefits in the amount of the				
25	permanent partial disability rate attributable to the injury for the time set				
26	out in the following schedule:				
27	$\frac{(1)(A)}{(A)}$ Arm amputated at the elbow, or between the elbow				
28	and shoulder, two hundred forty-four (244) weeks;				
29	$\frac{(2)(B)}{(B)}$ Arm amputated between the elbow and wrist, one				
30	hundred eighty-three (183) weeks;				
31	(3) (C) Leg amputated at the knee, or between the knee and				
32	the hip, one hundred eighty-four (184) weeks;				
33	$\frac{(4)(D)}{(D)}$ Leg amputated between the knee and the ankle, one				
34	hundred thirty-one (131) weeks;				
35	$\frac{(5)(E)}{(E)}$ Hand amputated, one hundred eighty-three (183)				

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weeks;

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                       (6)(F) Thumb amputated, seventy-three (73) weeks;
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                       (7)(G) First finger amputated, forty-three (43) weeks;
                       (8)(H) Second finger amputated, thirty-seven (37) weeks;
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                       (9)(I) Third finger amputated, twenty-four (24) weeks;
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                       (10)(J) Fourth finger amputated, nineteen (19) weeks;
 6
                       (11)(K) Foot amputated, one hundred thirty-one (131)
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     weeks;
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                       (12)(L) Great toe amputated, thirty-two (32) weeks;
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                       (13)(M) Toe other than great toe amputated, eleven (11)
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     weeks;
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                       (14)(N) Eye enucleated, in which there was useful vision,
     one hundred five (105) weeks;
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                       \frac{(15)}{(0)} Loss of hearing of one (1) ear, forty-two (42)
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    weeks;
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                       (16)(P) Loss of hearing of both ears, one hundred fifty-
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     eight (158) weeks; and
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                       (17)(Q) Loss of one (1) testicle, fifty-three (53) weeks;
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     loss of both testicles, one hundred fifty-eight (158) weeks.
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           SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 11-9-526 is amended to read as follows:
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           11-9-526. Compensation for disability - Refusal of employee to accept
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     employment - Termination for misconduct.
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           (a) If any injured employee refuses employment suitable to his or her
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     capacity offered to or procured for him or her, he or she shall not be
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     entitled to any compensation during the continuance of the refusal, unless in
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     the opinion of the Workers' Compensation Commission, the refusal is
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     justifiable If an injured employee refuses employment suitable to his or her
     capacity offered to or procured for him or her, the injured employee is not
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     entitled to compensation during the continuance of the refusal unless, in the
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     opinion of the Workers' Compensation Commission, the refusal is justifiable.
           (b)(1) When an employee is terminated for misconduct and the employer
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     has work available within the former employee's medical restrictions from the
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     workers' compensation injury, the former employee is not entitled to
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     temporary total or temporary partial disability benefits.
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                 (2) For purposes of subdivision (b)(1) of this section, the
     employer has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence.
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2	SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 11-9-805 is amended to read as follows:				
3	11-9-805. Joint petition for final settlement.				
4	(a) $\underline{(1)}$ Upon Except as provided in subdivision (a)(2) of this section				
5	upon petition filed by the employer or carrier and the injured employee				
6	requesting that a final settlement be had between the parties, the Workers'				
7	Compensation Commission shall hear the petition and take testimony and mak				
8	investigations as may be necessary to determine whether a final settlement				
9	should be had.				
10	(2)(A) If a claimant has been determined to be Medicare				
11	eligible, the parties may petition the commission for a partial settlement of				
12	all issues other than future medical treatment.				
13	(B) A partial settlement under subdivision (a)(2) of this				
14	section is final concerning all issues except future medical treatment.				
15	(b)(1) $\underline{(A)}$ If the commission decides it is for that a final settlement				
16	<u>award is in</u> the best interests of the claimant that a final award be made, it				
17	parties, the commission may order an award that shall be final as to				
18	concerning the rights of all the parties to the joint petition.				
19	(B) After the commission enters an order with regard to				
20	any full settlement, the commission shall not have jurisdiction over any				
21	claim for the same injury or any results arising from it.				
22	(2)(A) Thereafter, the commission shall not have jurisdiction				
23	over any claim for the same injury or any results arising from it <u>If the</u>				
24	commission decides that a partial settlement award is in the best interests				
25	of the parties, the commission may order an award that shall be final				
26	concerning the partial settlement of the rights of all the parties to the				
27	joint petition.				
28	(B) After the commission enters an order with regard to				
29	any partial settlement, the commission shall not have jurisdiction over any				
30	claim for the same injury or any results arising from it other than claims				
31	for future medical expenses.				
32	(c) If an employee has returned to work or agreed to return to work,				
33	the commission shall not approve a joint petition which has allotted moneys				
34	for vocational rehabilitation or any indemnity benefits in excess of that				
35	payable as an anatomical impairment as established by objective and				
36	measurable findings.				

1	(d)	If the commission denies the petition, the denial shall be without
2	prejudice	to either party.
3	(e)	No An appeal shall not lie from an order or award denying or
4	<u>approving</u>	a joint petition.
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