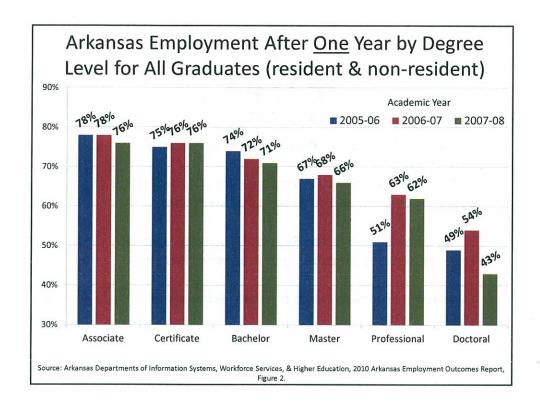
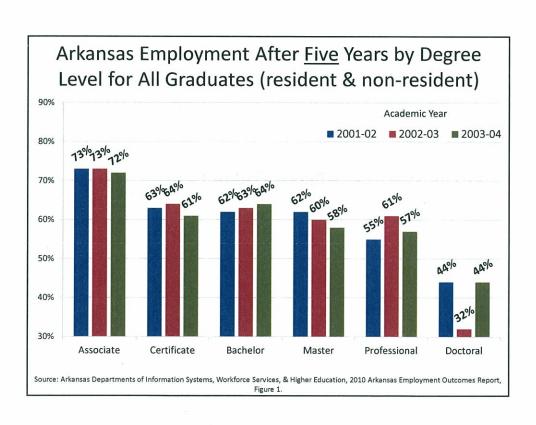
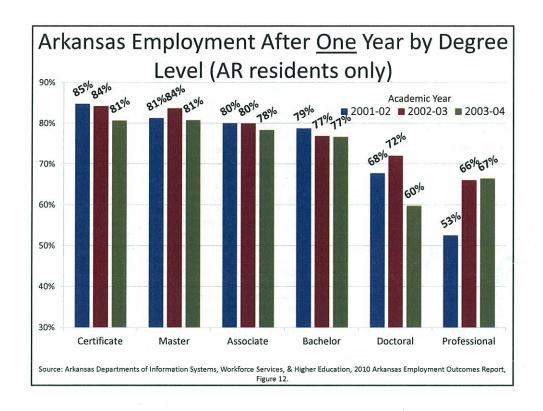


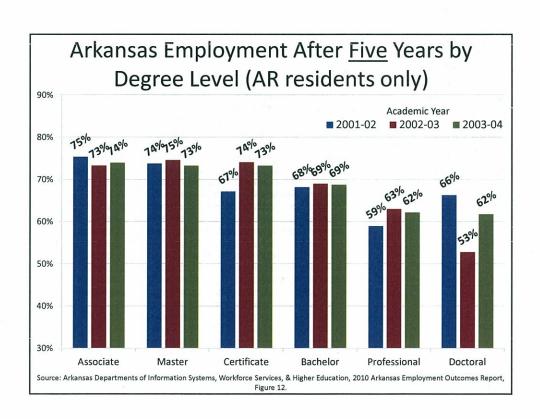
- C. The Worth of Degree Programs Across the State
- D. College Default Rate, Possible Federal Consequences of Default Increases, and Total Loans by Institution
- E. The Lumina Foundation Report, "A Stronger Nation Through Higher Education", and Arkansas's Progress
- F. Amounts Credited Due to the State Scholarship Stacking Policy

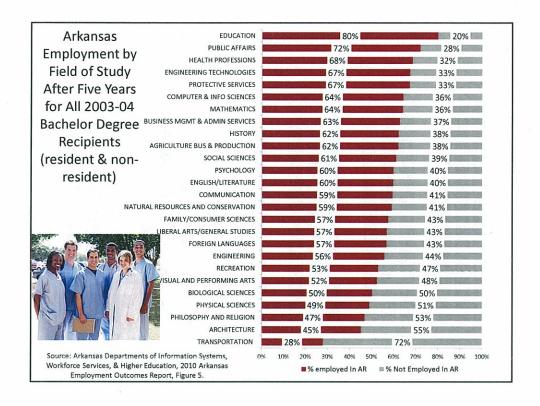
**C. The Worth of Degree Programs** 

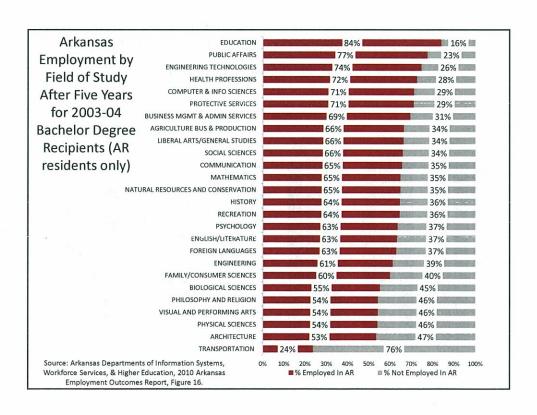


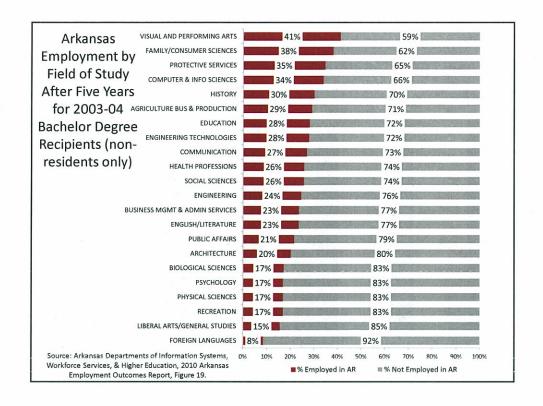


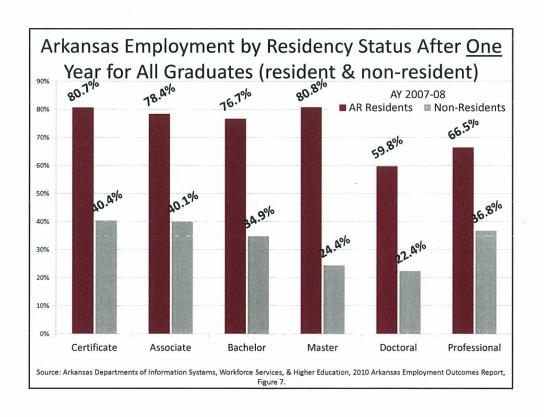


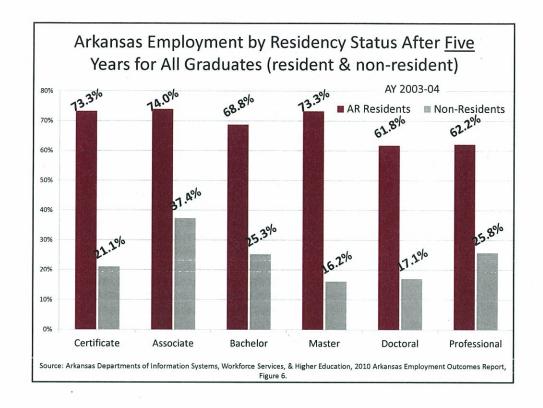


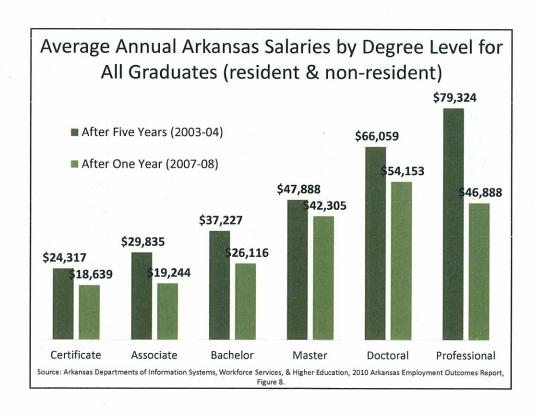


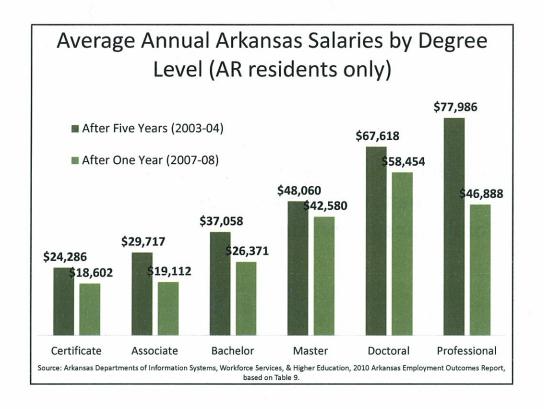


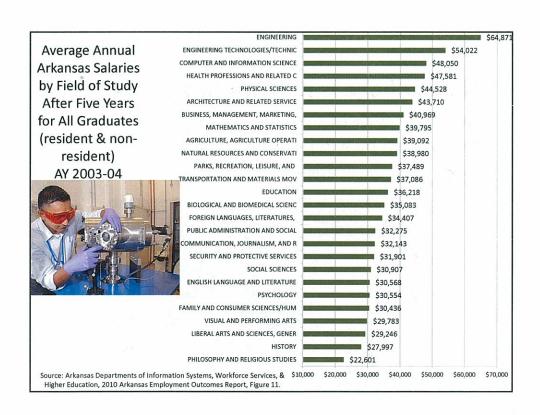










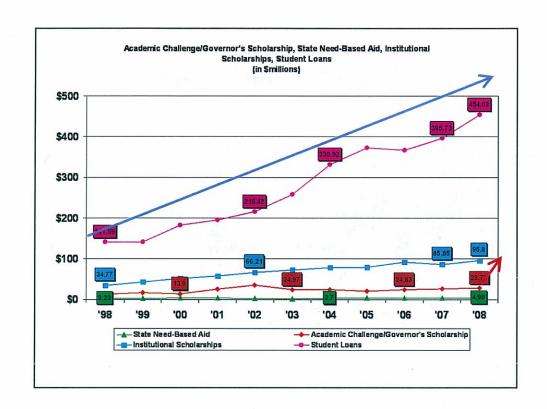


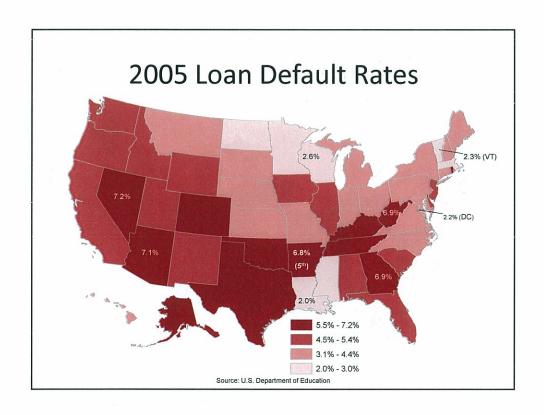
D. College Default Rate, Possible Federal Consequences of Default Increases, and Total Loans by Institution

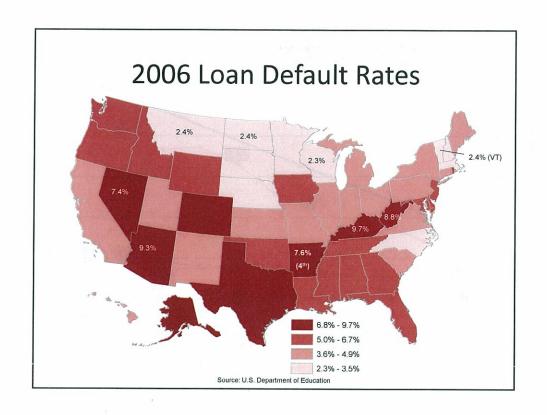
#### How college is paid for has changed

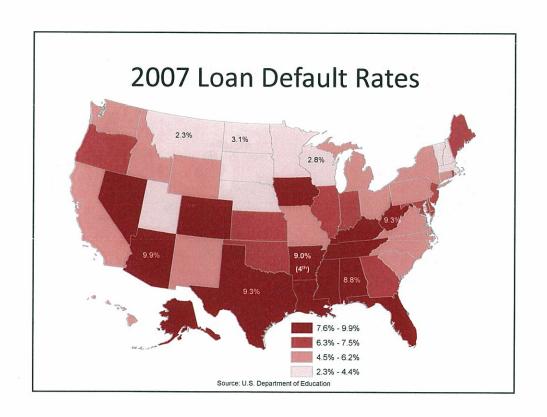
- In 1970's: 80% of the cost of attendance could be covered by a Pell grant
- Today, less than 40%

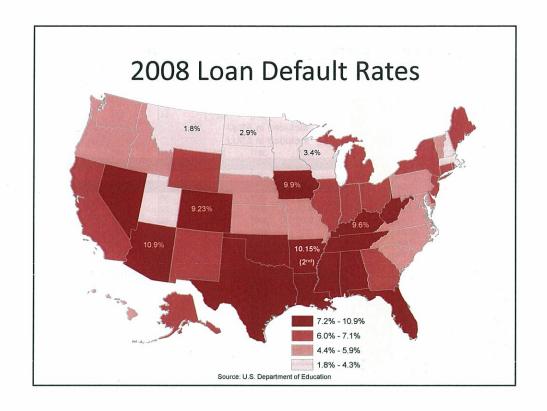












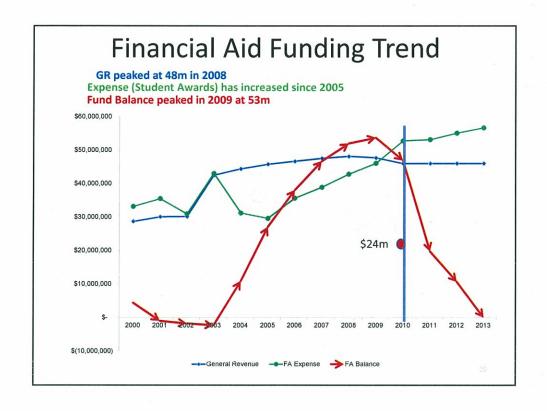
	Default Rate Fiscal year			Repay Default			Number of Loans in			
							Fiscal year			
	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	
ASUJ*	7.7%	8.2%	10.1%	4,371	3,862	3,787	338	317	408	
ATU	8.9%	9.3%	9.8%	1,662	1,491	1,560	149	139	154	
HSU	6.2%	6.8%	9.8%	1,065	961	857	67	66	84	
SAUM	10.4%	11.5%	11.6%	749	691	723	78	80	84	
UAF	2.3%	3.4%	4.3%	3,606	2,570	2,459	85	87	106	
UAFS	9.6%	11.2%	10.8%	1,126	1,091	1,083	109	123	118	
UALR	6.9%	8.9%	9.1%	3,649	3,032	2,967	255	270	272	
UAM	11.5%	13.4%	14.7%	987	872	825	114	117	122	
UAMS	0.2%	1.2%	1.6%	922	543	594	2	7	10	
UAPB	15.4%	15.9%	17.3%	1,115	1,057	915	172	169	159	
UCA	6.9%	6.4%	9.4%	2,650	2,455	2,483	184	162	234	
Total	7.1%	8.3%	9.6%	21,902	18,625	18,253	1,553	1,537	1,751	

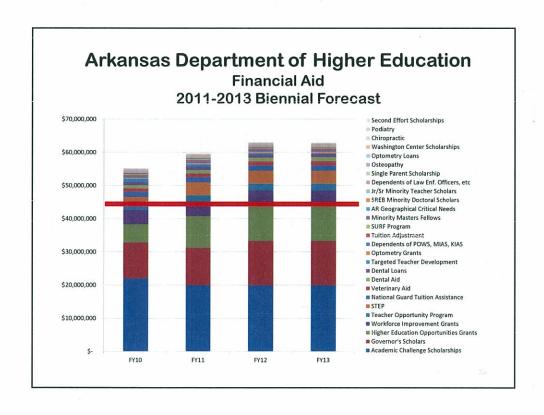
US Average = 7.0%
\*Includes ASUN, ASUMH.

	Default Rate Fiscal year			Number of Loans In Repay Fiscal year			Number of Loans in Default Fiscal year			
	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	2006	2007	2008	
ANC	10.8%	9.7%	12.8%	166	133	132	18	13	1	
ASUB	9.2%	8.9%	11.8%	477	589	633	44	53	75	
ASUMH				Inclu	ded in A	SUJ				
ASUN				Inclu	ided in A	SUJ				
BRTC	12.7%	14.4%	12.1%	376	381	328	48	55	40	
CCCUA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	A 16 17 18	Service.			ALC: NAME OF	7.50	
EACC	10.2%	11.7%	21.4%	68	94	121	7	11	26	
MSCC	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		MANAGE PR		SCORE IN IN IS	No.		
NAC	11.1%	16.0%	9.2%	322	350	324	36	56	30	
NPCC	13.0%	18.5%	16.1%	169	253	267	22	47	43	
NWACC	6.8%	7.8%	8.9%	580	532	594	40	42	53	
отс	15.4%	11.2%	9.9%	71	107	101	11	12	10	
ozc	16.5%	7.5%	13.9%	218	186	201	36	14	25	
PCCUA	9.8%	8.6%	21.2%	152	115	94	15	10	20	
PTC	10.3%	12.3%	14.9%	2,362	2,719	2,684	245	336	400	
RMCC	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%							
SACC	10.5%	9.8%	9.0%	276	243	221	29	24	20	
SAUT	13.2%	15.8%	10.7%	128	107	112	17	17	12	
SEAC	20.8%	13.6%	12.3%	254	279	291	53	38	36	
UACCB	13.8%	19.1%	18.5%	304	355	356	42	68	66	
UACCH	12.9%	12.5%	11.7%	77	72	68	10	9	8	
UACCM	11.1%	11.5%	7.5%	179	242	237	20	28	18	
Total	11.2%	12.4%	13.3%	6,179	6,757	6,764	693	833	899	

### Schools subject to loss of FFEL/FDSLP/Pell eligibility, 3 years of rates >=25.0%

A school subject to loss of eligibility to participate in the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program, William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan (Direct Loan) Program, and/or Federal Pell Grant Program has FY 2008, FY 2007, and FY 2006 official cohort `rates that are 25.0% or greater. If a school fails to successfully appeal this sanction, it will lose eligibility to participate in the FFEL, Direct Loan, and/or Federal Pell Grant Program until September 30, 2012. For more information on this sanction and specific exceptions, please refer to the Cohort Default Rate Guide.





E. The Lumina Foundation Report, "A Stronger Nation Through Higher Education", and Arkansas's Progress

# The Lumina Foundation Report: A Stronger Nation Through Higher Education and Arkansas's Progress

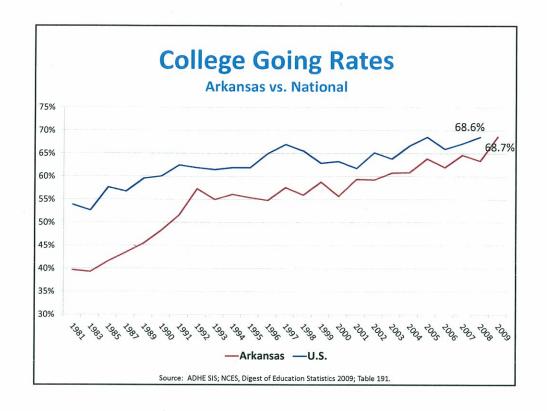
Dr. Karen Wheeler Associate Director Department of Higher Education

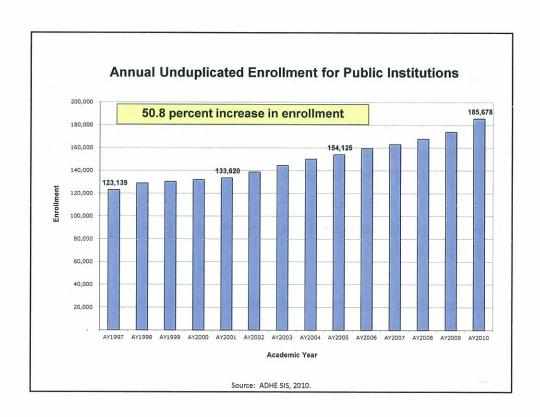
#### **Lumina's Big Goal**

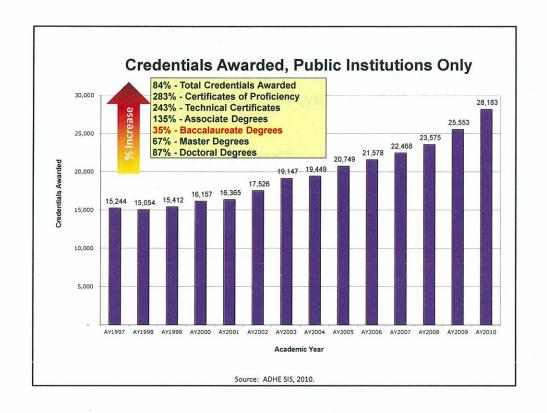
Increase the percentage of Americans with high-quality degrees and credentials from 39% to 60% by the year 2025.

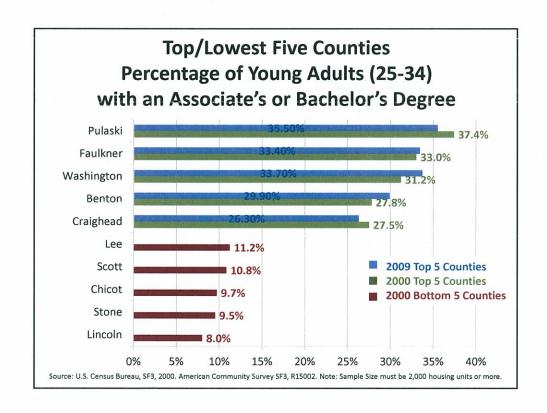
#### Why Degrees/Credentials Are Critical

- For generations the American economy has created large numbers of middle-class jobs that required no college-level knowledge or skills.
- Due to global competition, these jobs are rapidly disappearing.
- Lower-skills jobs are not producing middle-class wages (or tax revenues).









## Arkansas Democrat-Gazette More in State Graduating, But Rate Still Low Wednesday, Dec. 15, 2010

"Yes, we made strides. That's wonderful, but everybody knows that we have a long way to go."

Kathy Deck
University of Arkansas Economist

#### **High School Attainment**

- 81.3% of Arkansans hold a high school diploma or equivalent. (National=84.6%)
- High school diploma/GEDs have increased in all but one Arkansas county (Bradley).
- Arkansas still is 45<sup>th</sup> in nation.

#### **Higher Education Attainment**

- Second to last with 18.9% of adults with a bachelor's. (Nationally=27.5%)
- West Virginia is last in terms of bachelor's at 17.1%.
- 60 counties saw increases in the percentage of adults with bachelor's degrees.
- SREB report that 37% of FT-FT four-year students in 2002 graduated in 6 years. (Lowest of the 16 SREB states) (Nationally=55%)

Non-Traditional No More:
Policy Solutions for Adult Learners





WICHE Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education



#### **WICHE Project Goals**

- To increase access and success for the adult learner population in postsecondary education.
- To stimulate and guide policy and practice changes that will make it easier for "ready adults"—those who are just shy of having enough credits to obtain a degree but haven't yet returned to college-to earn their diplomas.

#### **Major Project Accomplishments**

- Adults included in Lottery Scholarship awards.
- Identified state- and institutional-level barriers.
- Generated and shared detailed data on adult student success.

### Arkansas Public Colleges and Universities 2008 Fall Term, Undergraduate Students Only

Average Age	25.0				
Non-Traditional Students	32.4%				
Traditional Students	67.6%				
Age 55 or higher	1.6%				
Age 45-54	3.9%				
Age 35-44	8.4%				
Age 25-34	18.5%				
Age 20-24	36.1%				
Age less than 20	31.5%				

### Arkansas Public Colleges and Universities 2008 Fall Term, Undergraduate Students Only

Age Range	4-Year Universities	2-Year Colleges	Difference
Age less than 20	35.7%	25.2%	10.5%
Age 20-24	42.8%	26.5%	16.3%
Age 25-34	13.6%	25.6%	-12.0%
Age 35-44	5.0%	13.3%	-8.3%
Age 45-54	2.2%	6.5%	-4.3%
Age 55 or higher	0.7%	2.9%	-2.2%
Traditional	78.5%	51.7%	26.8%
Non-Traditional	21.5%	48.3%	-26.8%
Average Age	23.0	27.9	-4.9%

### Arkansas Public Colleges and Universities Graduates

Academic Year 2008 (2007-08)	Number	Percent
Traditional	11,535	51.6%
Non-Traditional	10,812	48.4%
Total	22,347	100.0%

#### **Summary**

- Two-year public colleges serve substantially higher rates of non-traditional students than do four-year universities.
- Traditional students make up about two-thirds of public higher education enrollment.
- Traditional students make up about one-half of public higher education graduates, only slightly higher than Non-Traditional students.

F. Amounts Credited Due to the State Scholarship Stacking Policy

## Stacking Policies of the State's Institutions

- · One state stacking policy
- Each institution has variations in FA packaging policies

A postsecondary institution shall not award state aid in a student aid package in excess of the cost of attendance. When a student receives a student aid package that includes state aid and the student's aid package exceeds the cost of attendance, the institution shall repay state aid in the amount exceeding cost of attendance, starting with state aid received under the Academic Challenge Scholarship.

#### **Stacking Definitions**

- <u>Cost of Attendance</u> An estimate of a student's educational expenses that is designed to provide an accurate projection of the reasonable costs for the period of enrollment.
- <u>State Aid</u> scholarships or grants awarded to a student from public funds, including without limitation the Academic Challenge Scholarship, DHE scholarship and grant programs, state general revenue, tuition, and local tax revenue.
- <u>Student aid package</u> federal aid, state aid, and other aid a student receives for postsecondary education expenses
  - "Federal Aid" -- scholarships or grants awarded to a student as a result of the FAFSA, excluding the Pell Grant
  - "Other Aid" scholarships, grants, tuition waivers, or housing waivers awarded to a student from a postsecondary institution or private sources.

#### Reductions due to stacking Fall 2010

Program	# of students	Amount
Academic Challenge Scholarship	220	\$ 229,453.66
Governor's Scholars Program	4	\$ 2,767.00
Go! Grant	69	\$ 24,428.00
National Guard Tuition Incentive Program	1	\$ 2,500.00
	294	\$ 259,148.66