DEPARTMENT OF ARKANSAS STATE POLICE RULES FOR LICENSING AND REGULATION OF PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS, PRIVATE SECURITY AGENCIES, ALARM SYSTEMS COMPANIES, POLYGRAPH EXAMINERS, AND VOICE STRESS ANALYSIS EXAMINERS

SECTION 1. TITLE/AUTHORITY/DEFINITIONS

Rule 1.3. Definitions -

- (1) ABAT Advanced Burglar Alarm Technician.
- (2) Administrator the designee of the Director of the Department of Arkansas State Police pursuant to A.C.A. § 17-39-110.
- (3) AFPC Arkansas Fire Prevention Code.
- (4) Applicant any person who has submitted a properly completed application to be licensed, credentialed, or commissioned under this chapter to the Department.
- (5) Commission holder person who is a Commissioned Security Officer (CSO) or Commissioned School Security Officer (CSSO).
- (6) Credential holder person who is a Credentialed Private Investigator (CPI), Manager (REP), Private Security Officer (PSO), Alarm Systems Technician (AT), Alarm Systems Monitor (AM), Alarm Systems Apprentice (AA), Alarm Systems Agent (AGT), Assistant Training Administrator (ATA), Training Administrator (TA), Training Instructor (TI), or Branch Office Manager.
- (7) Director of the Arkansas State Police or his or her designee.
- (7)(8) Disqualifying Factor or Offense any factor or offense that could cause an applicant to be ineligible to hold a license credential or commission.
- (8)(9) Department the Department of Arkansas State Police.
- (10)9)-ESA Electronic Security Association (formerly National Burglar and Fire Alarm Association (NBFAA)/National Training School (NTS)).
- (11)0) FAIM Fire Alarm Installation Methods.
- (12)1) Hearing Officer the appointed presiding officer over cases of adjudication pursuant to the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act.
- (132) Institution of Instruction (IOI) a teaching entity that has been approved by the department to instruct licensees, credential holders, and commission holders.
- (143) Licensee person who has been issued a Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D, Class E-M, Class E Restricted, Class E-S, Class E Unrestricted, Class G, Polygraph Examiners License, or Voice Stress Analysis Examiners License.
- (154) NESA National Electronic Security Alliance.
- (165) NICET National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies.

Comment [m1]: Summary – creates appropriate acronyms consistent with prior definition.

Comment [m2]: Summary – defines potentially confusing phrase.

SECTION 2. APPLICATION

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Rule 2.2. Application form - The application form for a license, credential, or commission shall be issued by the Director and shall include:

- (a) The name, address, place and date of birth, and sex of the applicant;
- (b) The driver's license number and social security number of the applicant;
- (c) Any previous address of the applicant for the two (2) years preceding the date of the application;
- (\underline{cd}) A statement as to which license(s), credential(s), or commission(s) the applicant is seeking; and
- (d) Questions related to the applicant's qualifications specified in A.C.A. § 17-39-202, § 17-39-206, § 17-39-304, § 17-40-306, § 17-40-337, or Rule 9.0, Rule 9.1, or Rule 10.4(c) below.

Comment [m3]: Summary – this information is not used by the Department or necessary to process an application, so it is being deleted.

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Rule 2.4. Transfer license or credential Reciprocity — An applicant who meets the qualifications set forth in A.C.A. § 17-39-205 or § 17-40-353 may obtain an Arkansas license or credential by submission of the required forms, non-refundable application fee, and national and state background check fees. The transfer applicant must also have his or her background check successfully completed through state and federal background check systems.

Rule 2.5. Transfer license, credential, or commission – Individuals who wish to transfer a license, credential, or commission from one company to another must complete the transfer application and submit the required background check and transfer fees. The transfer fee is \$20.00 for alarm systems agents, alarm systems apprentices, alarm systems technicians, alarm systems monitors, and security guards. The transfer fee is \$75.00 for credentialed private investigators.

Rule 2.65. Fingerprinting for initial application - In the event a legible and classifiable set of fingerprints cannot be obtained, as determined by the Department or the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the applicant shall be contacted and shall be required to be fingerprinted again. After two (2) unsuccessful fingerprint card submissions, a name search through the FBI will be conducted. Electronic capture of the fingerprints of the applicant on a device and in a manner approved by the Director is allowed. The Director shall determine the applicant's eligibility for licensing only after successful completion of the FBI fingerprint-based check.

Rule 2.76. Issuance – A license, credential, or commission shall be issued by the Director if, after submission of a complete application:

- (a) The applicant satisfies the qualification requirements for the license, credential, or commission for which he or she is applying; and
- (b) The applicant has had his or her background check successfully completed through state and federal background check systems.

Comment [m4]: Summary - This Rule was improperly named as "Transfer" when it referred to statutes regarding "Reciprocity."

Rule 2.87. Unresolved arrests - If a check of the applicant's criminal records uncovers any unresolved arrest that may lead to the disqualification of the applicant, the applicant shall obtain a disposition of the open charge and return the disposition to the Department within sixty (60) days. The application will not be processed to completion without the Department having received the disposition information.

Rule 2.98. Prior offenses – the Director of the Department shall deny an application if the applicant has been found guilty or has pleaded guilty or "nolo contendere" to any criminal offense as set forth in listed in A.C.A. § 17-39-202, § 17-39-206, § 17-39-304, § 17-40-306, or § 17-40-337.

- (a) A prior conviction will disqualify the applicant even if the conviction has been sealed or expunged; but
- (b) A prior conviction will not disqualify an applicant if the applicant has received a pardon for the conviction in accordance with A.C.A. § 16-93-201, et seq.
 - (i) To qualify for a commission, the pardon must include a provision for full restoration of firearms rights.

Rule 2.10. Designated Offenses – Pursuant to A.C.A. § 17-40-306(e), the Department is required to designate the Class A misdemeanors under Arkansas law that constitute disqualifying offenses involving theft, sexual offenses, violence, an element of dishonesty, or a crime against a person. This list shall not be deemed to exclude comparable offenses from another state or comparable offenses in the State of Arkansas that have been renumbered or repealed if such an offense otherwise falls within the requirements of A.C.A. §17-40-306(d).

(a) Offenses involving theft:

- (1) A.C.A. §§ 5-12-102 and 103 Robbery and Aggravated Robbery;
- (2) A.C.A. §§ 5-36-101 to -405 Theft;
- (3) A.C.A. § 5-37-305 Worthless Checks (Hot Check Law);
- (4) A.C.A. § 5-37-402 Theft of Communication Services;
- (5) A.C.A. § 5-39-201 Residential and Commercial Burglary;
- (6) A.C.A. § 5-39-202 Breaking or Entering;
- (7) A.C.A. § 5-39-204 Aggravated Residential Burglary; and
- (8) A.C.A. § 15-32-603 Timber Theft.

(b) Sexual offenses:

- (1) A.C.A. §§ 5-14-101 to -134 Sexual Offenses;
- (2) A.C.A. § 5-16-102 Voyeurism;
- (3) A.C.A. § 5-26-314 Unlawful Distribution of Sexual Images or Recordings;
- (4) A.C.A. §§ 5-27-301 to -307 Sexual Exploitation of Children;
- (5) A.C.A. §§ 5-27-401 to -405 Use of Children in Sexual Performances;
- (6) A.C.A. §§ 5-27-601 to -609 Computer Crimes Against Minors;
- (7) A.C.A. §§ 5-70-101 to -106 Prostitution; and
- (8) A.C.A. §§ 12-12-901 to -927 Sex Offender Registration.

(c) Offenses involving violence:

- (1) A.C.A. §§ 5-10-101 to -106 Homicide;
- (2) A.C.A. §§ 5-13-201 to -203 Battery;
- (3) A.C.A. §§ 5-13-204 to -207, and 211 Assault;

Comment [m5]: Summary – reworded to insure compliance with modified disqualifying factors for applicants.

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(4) A.C.A. § 5-13-209 – Abuse of Athletic Official;
(5) A.C.A. § 5-26-303 to -305 – Domestic Battering;
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- (6) A.C.A. §§ 5-26-306 to -309 Assault on a Family or Household Member;
- (7) A.C.A. § 5-54-103(a) Resisting Arrest;
- (8) A.C.A. § 5-54-104 Interference with a Law Enforcement Officer;
- (9) A.C.A. § 5-54-126 Killing or Injuring Animals Used by Law Enforcement or Search and Rescue Dogs;
- (10) A.C.A. § 5-62-103 Cruelty to Animals;
- (11) A.C.A. § 5-71-201(a)(3) Riot;
- (12) A.C.A. § 5-71-211 Threatening Fire or Bombing;
- (13) A.C.A. § 5-73-103 Possession of a Firearm by Certain Persons;
- (14) A.C.A. § 5-73-104 Criminal Use of Prohibited Weapons;
- (15) A.C.A. § 5-73-120 Carrying Certain Prohibited Weapons;
- (16) A.C.A. § 5-73-122 Carrying a Loaded Weapon in a State Building;
- (17) A.C.A. § 5-73-124 Use Tear Gas or Pepper Spray Against Law Enforcement; and
- (18) A.C.A. § 27-50-307 Negligent Homicide/Involuntary Manslaughter. (d) Offenses involving an element of dishonesty:
- (1) A.C.A. § 5-26-203 Concealing Birth;
 - (2) A.C.A. § 5-27-503 Possession of Fraudulent or Altered ID;
 - (3) A.C.A. § 5-37-201 to -228 Forgery and Fraudulent Practices;
 - (4) A.C.A. § 5-37-502 Marking or Altering Brand of Animal;
 - (5) A.C.A. § 5-37-525 Defrauding Materialmen;
 - (6) A.C.A. § 5-41-205 Unlawful Act Involving Electronic Mail;
 - (7) A.C.A. § 5-52-101 to -108 Corruption in Public Office;
 - (8) A.C.A. § 5-53-103 False Swearing;
 - (9) A.C.A. § 5-53-110 Tampering;
 - (10) A.C.A. § 5-53-116 Simulating Legal Process;
 - (11) A.C.A. § 5-54-102(a)(4) Obstructing Governmental Operations;
 - (12) A.C.A. § 5-54-105 Hindering Apprehension or Prosecution;
 - (13) A.C.A. § 5-54-122 Filing False Reports;
 - (14) A.C.A. § 5-55-103 Violation of Medicaid Fraud Act;
 - (15) A.C.A. § 5-55-111 Medicaid Fraud;
 - (16) A.C.A. § 5-64-403 Controlled Substances Fraudulent Practices;
 - (17) A.C.A. § 5-71-210 Communicating a False Alarm;
 - (18) A.C.A. § 7-9-103 Falsify Petition;
 - (19) A.C.A. § 12-12-504 Making a False Child Abuse Report;
 - (20) A.C.A. § 12-12-1720(d) False Report of Adult Abuse;
 - (21) A.C.A. § 12-18-203 False Report of Child Abuse;
 - (22) A.C.A. § 21-8-403 Violation of Ethics and Conflict of Interest Laws;
 - (23) A.C.A. § 21-14-111 Unlawful Act by a Notary;
 - (24) A.C.A. § 23-42-507 Fraudulent or Deceitful Actions (Securities Fraud); and
 - (25) A.C.A. § 27-23-114 Fraudulent Application for CDL.
- (e) Offenses involving a crime against a person:
 - (1) A.C.A. § 5-11-104 False Imprisonment;

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(2) A.C.A. § 5-13-208 – Coercion;
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- (3) A.C.A. § 5-13-210 Administering to Another, Controlled Substances;
- (4) A.C.A. § 5-16-101 Video Voyeurism;
- (5) A.C.A. § 5-27-201 to -207 Endangering the Welfare of an Incompetent Person or Minor;
- (6) A.C.A. § 5-27-221 Permitting Abuse of a Minor;
- (7) A.C.A. § 5-28-103 Abuse, Neglect, or Exploitation of Endangered/Impaired Person;
- (8) A.C.A. § 5-41-108 Unlawful Computerized Communications;
- (9) A.C.A. § 5-53-112 Retaliation Against a Witness, Informant, or Juror;
- (10) A.C.A. § 5-53-134 Violation of a Protection Order;
- (11) A.C.A. § 5-71-217 Cyberbullying;
- (12) A.C.A. § 5-71-229 Stalking:
- (13) A.C.A. § 9-15-207 Violation of Order of Protection; and
- (14) A.C.A. § 16-85-714 Violation of No Contact Order.
- Rule 2.119. Incomplete application Applicants must tender all documents and information necessary for a complete application upon submission. Application deficiencies must be corrected within thirty (30) days. Dispositions must be received within sixty (60) days of request for same or the application shall be voided. Applications not complete after 120 days of submission shall be voided.
- **Rule 2.120. Denial** If the Director denies an application, he or she shall notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial. The letter shall be sent certified mail, return receipt requested.
- Rule 2.131. New Employees If a licensee hires an individual required to be licensed, credentialed, or commissioned by the Department, the licensee must file an application to obtain a license, credential, so or a commission for the employee within 14 days of the hire. The employee may then continue to work under the supervision of the licensee or credential holder for the licensee without a credential eard-until the application has been processed by the Department.
 - (a) "Supervision" is defined as the licensee or credential holder watching and directing the applicant's activities while in the immediate presence (line of sight proximity) of the applicant at all times.
 - (b) If the required state and federal background check uncovers a potential disqualifying factor in the applicant's criminal history, the applicant shall immediately cease work upon notification by the Department until the disqualifying factor has been resolved.
 - (a)(c) A commissioned applicant cannot work in an armed capacity until the application has been fully processed and the ID card issued.
- Rule 2.142. Upgrades A licensee, credential holder, or commission holder may upgrade the status of his or her license, credential, or commission during the active period of his or her license. In order to receive an upgrade, the company or individual must:
 - (a) Complete any additional training required by the new license, credential, or commission;

Comment [m6]: Summary – reworded to comply with modifications to 17-40-325 and to define "supervision."

- (b) Successfully complete the examination required by the new license, credential, or commission;
- (c) Undergo and successfully complete new federal and state background checks;
- (d) Pay any fees associated with the federal and state background checks; and
- (e) Pay the difference between the application fee for the initial license, credential, or commission and the application fee for the new license, credential, or commission.

The upgraded license, credential, or commissionredential will expire on the date the initial license, credential, or commission is due to expire.

Rule 2.1<u>53</u>. Fees – All fees for original licensure, registration, transfer, renewal, and delinquencies shall be charged as outlined in A.C.A. § 17-39-207, § 17-39-210, § 17-39-305, and §17-40-302.

SECTION 6. DENIAL, SUSPENSIONS, REVOCATIONS, AND REPRIMANDS

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Rule 6.7. Temporary Suspension – Pending an appeal of a denial, suspension, revocation, or reprimand, the Director may suspend a license, credential, or commission when that person has been convicted in any jurisdiction of a felony, class A misdemeanor, crime of violence, or crime involving moral turpitudedisqualifying offense under A.C.A. § 17-39-202, § 17-39-206, § 17-39-211, § 17-39-304, § 17-39-306, § 17-40-364, or § 17-40-350.

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SECTION 8. APPROVED INSTITUTIONS OF INSTRUCTION (IOI) AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATORS

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Rule 8.7. Termination of Training Administrator, Assistant Training Administrator, or Training Instructor - If a TA, ATA, or TI ceases to be employed with an approved IOI for any reason whatsoever, the IOI shall notify the Department in writing within seven (7) days. The business of the IOI may be carried on for thirty (30) days from the date the TA was terminated, pending the qualification of another TA. If the IOI fails to have an approved TA when the thirty (30) day period expires, they shall be subject to decertification by the Administrator of the Board.

SECTION 9. ALARM SYSTEMS COMPANIES

Comment [m7]: Summary – correct error.

Comment [m8]: Summary – reworded to ensure compliance with modifications to disqualifying factors for license holders.

Comment [m9]: Summary – omit to correct error

Rule 9.0. Class "E" Unrestricted alarm system company - installs alarm systems, including those systems in structures that are required by the AFPC to have a fire alarm system. An applicant that is qualified for a Class "E" Unrestricted license is also qualified for a Class "E" Restricted license. To be licensed as a Class "E" Unrestricted alarm system company, the applicant must meet the following qualifications:

(a) <u>Manager certification requirements</u> - the manager must have completed all of the <u>following</u> courses from one of the following organizations:

- (i) NICET
 - (1) Level III; or
 - (2) Level IV.
- (ii) ESA
 - (1) Level I;
 - (2) Level IIA Electronics or ABAT; and
 - (3) FAIM.
- (iii) NESA
 - (1) Electronics; and
 - (2) Fire Installation and wiring codes.
- (b) <u>Alarm Technician or Alarm Agent requirements</u> the applicant must have completed one (1) of the following courses:
 - (i) NICET Level II;
 - (ii) ESA Level I;
 - (iii) NESA Level I; or
 - (iv) Elite CEU Level I.

Rule 9.1. Class "E" Restricted alarm systems company – installs alarm systems in structures that are not required by the AFPC to have a fire alarm system. To be licensed as a Class "E" Restricted alarm system company, the applicant must meet the following qualifications:

- (a) Manager certification requirements the manager must have completed <u>all of the following courses from one of the following organizations</u>:
 - (i) NICET Level II;
 - (ii) ESA
 - (1) Level 2A Electronics or ABAT; and
 - (2) Level 2B fire systems installation standards or FAIM; or
 - (iii) NESA
 - (1) Electronics; and
 - (2) Fire Installation and Wiring Codes.
- (b) <u>Alarm Technician or Alarm Agent requirements</u> the applicant must have completed one (1) of the following courses:
 - (i) NICET Level II;
 - (ii) ESA Level I;
 - (iii) NESA Level I; or
 - (iv) Elite CEU Level I.

Comment [m10]: Summary – reworded to match actual requirements. It is not necessary to complete all courses.

Comment [m11]: Summary – reworded to match actual requirements. It is not necessary to complete all courses.

SECTION 10. SECURITY AGENCIES

Rule 10.5. Phase III - In addition to Phase I and Phase II training, the training requirements for Phase III must be taught to all CSSO applicants and shall consist of thirty-six (36) hours minimum on the following subjects:

- (a) Legal limitations on the use of firearms and on the powers and authority of a CSSO
- (b) Active Shooter Training
 - (i) ALERRT Active Shooter Training or an approved equivalent this training must comprise at least sixteen (16) of the total thirty-six (36) hours; and
 - (ii) Incorporating security response with law enforcement.
- (c) <u>Active Shooter Simulations and Live-Fire Range Practice</u> this training must comprise at least ten (10) of the total thirty six (36) hours and include, but not be limited to:
 - (i) Shoot/don't shoot drills;
 - (ii) Rapid situational awareness; and
 - (iii) Simulated live fire weapon training, such as:
 - (1) Simunition;
 - (2) Paintball;
 - (3) Air soft; or
 - (4) Other simulated weapons.
- (d) Trauma Care
 - (i) Wound management pertaining to active shooter situations; and
 - (ii) CPR training and certification.
 - (1) Note: prior CPR and/or wound management training or certification will not be accepted. CPR and wound management training and certification must be taught during Phase III training to ensure that the certification will not expire during the credential period.
- (e) Defensive Tactics
 - (i) Strikes and kicks, including blocks and stunning strikes;
 - (ii) Handcuffing techniques;
 - (iii) Joint manipulation; and
 - (iv) Weapon disarming techniques.
- (f) $\underline{\text{Weapon Retention}}$ blocks, strikes, and maneuvers designed to maintain possession and control of a firearm from the holster and from the drawn position.

Rule 10.7. Firearms Training Instructor - A qualified Firearms Training Instructor must conduct the firearms training portion for CSOs and CSSOs. An individual seeking to be a

Comment [m12]: Summary – this expands the training approved for Active Shooting Training.

qualified Firearms Training Instructor must prove that he or she meets the following requirements of the Department:

- (a) Hold a current firearms training instructor certificate from a recognized instruction course, such as:
 - (i) Firearm instructor certificate issued by the Arkansas Law Enforcement Standards and Training Commission;
 - (ii) Firearm instructor certificate issued by any federal, state, or local law enforcement agency;
 - (iii) Certificate of completion of a Certified Pistol Instructor-Basic Pistol Shooting Course and a current certificate of completion of a Range Officer SafetySafety Officer Course by a Chief Range Safety Officer Instructor;
 - (iv) Certificate of completion of a Certified <u>Instructor</u> Rifle Shooting Course and a certificate of completion of a Range <u>Officer SafetySafety Officer</u> Course by a Chief Range Safety Officer Instructor; or
- (b) Been approved by the Director of the Arkansas State Police.

Comment [m13]: Summary – corrects a transposition.

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SECTION 11. PRIVATE INVESTIGATION COMPANIES AND INDIVIDUALS

Rule 11.0. Credentialed Private Investigator (CPI) - An applicant for a CPI credential must work under the supervision of a qualified manager of a Class A company and pass an examination administered by the ASP, complete a course of instruction taught by an approved IOI and pass an examination administered by the Training Administrator, Assistant Training Administrator, or Training Instructor.

Rule 11.1. <u>CPI Course of Instruction</u> – all applicants for a <u>CPI credential Class A or D license</u> must complete the following training requirements <u>if they do not meet the experience of a manager as outlined in A.C.A. § 17-40-306</u>:

- (a) Fifteen (15) hours of basic doctrines of private security (orientation) including history, ethics, organization and functions of private security;
- (b) Fifteen (15) hours of purposes of security;
- (c) Twenty-five (25) hours of criminal law;
- (d) Twenty-five (25) hours of civil law;
- (e) Five (5) hours of legal powers and limitations;
- (f) Forty (40) hours of security functions including report writing, patrol, interviewing and interrogation, investigations, surveillance, evidence, public relations, and safety;
- (g) Five (5) hours of A.C.A. § 17-39-101, et seq. and A.C.A. § 14-40-101, et seq.;
- (h) Sixty (60) hours of security supervision management including administrative responsibilities, investigative responsibilities, managerial responsibilities, and business communications;
- (i) Ten (10) hours of emergencies and disaster control; and
- (j) Ten (10) hours of self defense (armed and unarmed).

Comment [m14]: Summary – corrects erroneous qualification requirement.

Comment [m15]: Summary – corrects erroneous qualification requirement.

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SECTION 12. POLYGRAPH EXAMINERS

——Rule 12.1. Application - An applicant must submit with their new polygraph application:

- (a) One (1) copy of his or her college transcript or diploma OR proof of five (5) consecutive years of active law enforcement experience shall be documented on agency letterhead; and
- (b) Certificate of completion from an accredited polygraph course.
- Rule 12.2. Sponsors A sponsor is a polygraph examiner who has held a Polygraph Examiners License for at least two (2) years.
- Rule 12.3. Sponsor limit No polygraph examiner shall sponsor more than two (2) interns at one time.
- **Rule 12.4.** Unauthorized reproduction Polygraph examiner licenses issued by the Department shall not be reproduced or copied.
- Rule 12.5. Continuing education All polygraph examiners renewing their license must submit proof of continuing polygraph examiner education consisting of at least fourteen (14) hours within the past two years.
- Rule 12.6. Subject unfit The polygraph examiner shall not conduct a polygraph examination of a subject who he or she believes, through observation or any other creditable evidence, to be physically or psychologically unfit for an examination at that time.
- Rule 12.7. Voluntary examination No examiner shall record any physiological or psychological reaction or response with an instrument, or any part of an instrument, without the subject being aware that their physiological or psychological reactions or responses are being recorded for the purpose of determining truth or deception.
- Rule 12.8. Compliance with law An examiner shall not conduct an examination where he or she has reason to believe the examination is intended to cause him or her to circumvent or defy the law.