

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

SUBJECT: Controlled Substances List

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>: The proposed listed amendments update the List of Controlled Substances to include these drugs.

- 1. Schedule I, (b), (67), now (47) is an item that has been marked for clean-up.
- 2. Fentanyl Related Substances language has been added, marked for clean- up, and will have substances following this updated language. Schedule I, (b), (78), now (52), (i) through (vi). The language indicates the following:

Fentanyl-related substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Fentanyl-related substance means any substance not otherwise listed, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that is structurally related to fentanyl by one or more of the following modifications:

- i. Replacement of the phenyl portion of the phenethyl group by any monocycle, whether or not further substituted in or on the monocycle;
- ii. Substitution in or on the phenethyl group with alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;
- iii. Substitution in or on the piperidine ring with alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, ester, ether, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;
- iv. Replacement of the aniline ring with any aromatic monocycle whether or not further substituted in or on the aromatic monocycle; or
- v. Replacement of the N-propionyl group by another acyl group;
- vi. Fentanyl-related substances shall include but are not limited to:
- 3. Schedule I, (b) (1), (7), (8), (11), (12), (34), (35), (42), (53), (56 through 65), (72 through 77) and (79 through 96) are current controlled substances. In addition, Schedule I, (b), (8) is marked for clean-up. These substances are moved to Fentanyl-related substances designation within Schedule I. Schedule I, (b), (52), (i) through (vi), (A) through (QQ). Relocation of these substances will result in subsequent numbering changes within Schedule I, (b).
- 4. Brorphine. The DEA has scheduled this opioid analgesic substance into Schedule I because it has no recognized medical use. This drug would be included in Schedule I to follow DEA. Schedule I, (b), (54).
- 5. Upon discussion with other state agencies with relevant knowledge of the substances, a request was submitted for the Benzimidazole-substances designation for substances with the following language be included into Schedule I without a recognized medical use.

It was also requested the following benzimidazole substances also listed after

implemented language which include: 4'-Hydroxy Nitazene, 5-Aminoisotonitazene, Butonitazene, Etodesnitazene [other name(s): Etazene], Flunitazene, Isotodesnitazene, Metodesnitazene, N-Desethyl Etonitazene, N-Desethyl Isotonitazene, N-Piperidinyl Etonitazene [other name(s): Etonitazepipne], N-Pyrrolidino Etonitazene, [other name(s): Etonitazepyne], N-Pyrrolidino Protonitazene and Protonitazene.

Of note, Clonitazene, Etonitazene and Isotonitazene are Schedule I substances and will be relocated from their current position and placed in the Benzimidazole-opioid substances designation within Schedule I with subsequent numbering changes.

Metonitazene. The DEA has placed this opioid analgesic substance into Schedule I because it has no recognized medical use. This drug would be in the Benzimidazole-opioid substances designation within Schedule I.

The language and the following benzimidazole-opioid substances will be included into Schedule I. Schedule I, (b), (55), (i) through (vi), (A) through (Q). The language and added substances are listed as the following:

Benzimidazole-opioid substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Benzimidazole-opioid substances means any substance not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has benzimidazole ring with an ethylamine at its 1-position and benzyl group at its 2-position:

- i. With or without substitution on the benzimidazole;
- ii. With or without substitution at the ethylamine;
- iii. With or without inclusion of the ethylamine in a cyclic structure;
- iv. With or without substitution on the benzyl ring; or
- v. With or without replacement of the benzyl ring with an aromatic ring;
- vi. Benzimidazole-opioid substances shall include but are not limited to:
 - A. 4'-Hydroxy Nitazene;
 - B. 5-Aminoisotonitazene;
 - C. Butonitazene:
 - D. Clonitazene;
 - *E. Etodesnitazene, [other name(s): Etazene];*
 - F. Etonitazene;
 - G. Flunitazene;
 - H. Isotonitazene;
 - I. Isotodesnitazene
 - J. Metodesnitazene:
 - K. Metonitazene;
 - L. N-Desethyl Etonitazene;
 - M. N-Desethyl Isotonitazene;
 - *N. N-Piperidinyl Etonitazene, [other name(s): Etonitazepipne];*
 - O. N-Pyrrolidino Etonitazene, [other name(s): Etonitazepyne];

P. N-Pyrrolidino Protonitazene; and O. Protonitazene.

6. Upon discussion with other state agencies with relevant knowledge of the substances, a request was submitted for this substance designation for benzodiazepine substances with the following language to be included into Schedule I without a recognized medical use. In addition, Clonazolam, Flualprazolam, Flubromazepam, Flubromazolam, and Phenazepam are current Schedule 1 substances and are relocated from their current position in Schedule I and placed in the benzodiazepine-substance designation within Schedule I with subsequent numbering changes.

Bromazolam. It was also requested that this depressant substance with no recognized medical use be included into Schedule I and placed in the benzodiazepine substances designation.

Lastly, Phenazolam [other names(s): Clobromazolam]. It was further requested that this depressant substance with no recognized medical use be included into Schedule I and placed in the benzodiazepine substances designation.

The language and the following benzodiazepine substances is included into Schedule I. Schedule I, (e), (4), (i) through (vii). The language and added substances are noted as the following:

Benzodiazepine substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Benzodiazepine substances includes any substance not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has a fused 1,4-diazepine and benzene ring structure with a phenyl connected to the diazepine ring, with any substitution(s) or replacement(s) on the 1,4-diazepine or benzene ring, any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any combination thereof. Benzodiazepine substances shall include but are not limited to:

- i. Bromazolam;
- ii. Clonazolam;
- iii. Flualprazolam;
- iv. Flubromazepam;
- v. Flubromazolam;
- vi. Phenazepam; and
- vii. Phenazolam [other name(s): Clobromazolam].

7. Upon discussion with other state agencies with relevant knowledge of the substances, a request was submitted for the substance designation for Thienodiazepine substances with the following language included into Schedule I without a recognized medical use.

In addition, Etizolam is relocated from its current position in Schedule I and placed in the Thienodiazepine substances designation within Schedule I with subsequent numbering changes.

The language and the following Thienodiazepine substance are included into Schedule I. Schedule I, (e), (5), (i). The language and added substances are noted as the following:

Thienodiazepine substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Thienodiazepine substances includes any substance not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has a fused 1,4-diazepine and thiophene ring structure with a phenyl connected to the 1,4-diazepine ring, with any substitution(s) or replacement(s) on the 1,4-diazepine or thiophene ring, any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any combination thereof. Thienodiazepine substances shall include but are not limited to:

i. Etizolam

- 8. Methiopropamine. (*N*-methyl-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-2-amine). The DEA has scheduled this stimulant substance into Schedule I because it has no recognized medical use. This drug would be included as Schedule I to follow DEA. Schedule I, (f), (1), (xv).
- 9. Eutylone is a Schedule I controlled substance. To follow DEA, a controlled substance code number has been set forth opposite of this substance. Schedule I, (f), (2), (xx).
- 10. Fenfluramine is a Schedule IV substance. Schedule IV, (d), (1). To follow DEA this drug is removed from the controlled substance list with subsequent outline changes that will follow within Schedule IV.
- 11. MDMB-4en-PINACA. Methyl 3,3-dimethyl-2-(1-(pent-4-en-1-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)butanoate. Upon discussion with other state agencies with relevant knowledge of the substances, a request was submitted for this synthetic cannabinoid with no recognized medical use be included into Schedule VI. Schedule VI, (a), (5), (xi), (JJ).
- 12. CH-PIATA. N-cyclohexyl-2-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)acetamide. Upon discussion with other state agencies with relevant knowledge of the substances, a request was submitted for this synthetic cannabinoid with no recognized medical use be included into Schedule VI. Schedule VI, (a), (5), (xi), (KK).

<u>PUBLIC COMMENT</u>: A public hearing was held on this rule on January 23, 2024. The public comment period expired on January 29, 2024. The agency provided the following synopsis of the public comment summary:

The Department received approximately fourteen comments, written and verbal, during the public comment period. All of the noted comments received indicated concerns and conveyed information regarding the scheduling of xylazine, specifically concerns recommending an exemption for veterinary use. (Comments received are attached.)

Due to its length, the full public comment summary is attached separately.

The proposed effective date is April 1, 2024.

FINANCIAL IMPACT: The agency indicated that this rule has no financial impact.

LEGAL AUTHORIZATION: The Department of Health administers the Uniform Controlled Substances Act and has authority to add substances to the Controlled Substances List and to delete or reschedule "any substance enumerated in a schedule[.]" Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-201(a)(1)(A)(i). "The Secretary of the Department of Health shall revise and republish the schedules annually." Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-216. If a substance is controlled under federal law, the Department "shall similarly control the substance" unless the Secretary objects to inclusion within thirty days of publication in the Federal Register of a final order designating a substance as a controlled substance. Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-201(d).

Arkansas Department of Health



4815 West Markham Street • Little Rock, Arkansas 72205-3867 • Telephone (501) 661-2000

Governor Sarah Huckabee Sanders

Renee Mallory, RN, BSN, Secretary of Health Jennifer Dillaha, MD, Director

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO RULES PERTAINING TO THE LIST OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES FOR THE STATE OF ARKANSAS

The proposed listed amendments update List of Controlled Substances to include these drugs.

- 1. Schedule I, (b), (67), now (47) is an item that has been marked for clean-up.
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QUESTIONNAIRE FOR FILING PROPOSED RULES WITH THE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

	ARTMENT				
	ARD/COMMISSION				
BOA	RD/COMMISSION DIRECTOR				
CON	VTACT PERSON				
ADD	ORESS				
	ONE NO EMAIL				
NAN	ME OF PRESENTER(S) AT SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING				
PRE	SENTER EMAIL(S)				
	INSTRUCTIONS				
Ques what	rder to file a proposed rule for legislative review and approval, please submit this Legislative stionnaire and Financial Impact Statement, and attach (1) a summary of the rule, describing the rule does, the rule changes being proposed, and the reason for those changes; (2) both a kup and clean copy of the rule; and (3) all documents required by the Questionnaire.				
of Re	If the rule is being filed for permanent promulgation, please email these items to the attention of Rebecca Miller-Rice, miller-ricer@blr.arkansas.gov, for submission to the Administrative Rules Subcommittee.				
Dire	e rule is being filed for emergency promulgation, please email these items to the attention of ctor Marty Garrity, garritym@blr.arkansas.gov , for submission to the Executive committee.				
Pleas	se answer each question completely using layman terms.				
**** 1.	**************************************				
2.	What is the subject of the proposed rule?				
3.	Is this rule being filed under the emergency provisions of the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act? Yes No				
	If yes, please attach the statement required by Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(c)(1).				
	If yes, will this emergency rule be promulgated under the permanent provisions of the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act? Yes No				

4.	Is this rule being filed for permanent promulgation? Yes No
	If yes, was this rule previously reviewed and approved under the emergency provisions of the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act? Yes No
	If yes, what was the effective date of the emergency rule?
	On what date does the emergency rule expire?
5.	Is this rule required to comply with a <i>federal</i> statute, rule, or regulation? Yes No
	If yes, please provide the federal statute, rule, and/or regulation citation.
_	
6.	Is this rule required to comply with a <i>state</i> statute or rule? Yes No
	If yes, please provide the state statute and/or rule citation.
7.	Are two (2) rules being repealed in accord with Executive Order 23-02? Yes No
	If yes, please list the rules being repealed.
	If no, please explain.
8.	Is this a new rule? Yes No
	Does this repeal an existing rule? Yes No If yes, the proposed repeal should be designated by strikethrough. If it is being replaced with a new rule, please attach both the proposed rule to be repealed and the replacement rule.
	Is this an amendment to an existing rule? Yes No If yes, all changes should be indicated by strikethrough and underline. In addition, please be

sure to label the markup copy clearly as the markup.

9.	What is the state law that grants the agency its rulemaking authority for the proposed rule, outside of the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act? Please provide the specific Arkansas Code citation(s), including subsection(s).
10.	Is the proposed rule the result of any recent legislation by the Arkansas General Assembly? Yes No
	If yes, please provide the year of the act(s) and act number(s).
11.	What is the reason for this proposed rule? Why is it necessary?

Please provide the web address by which the proposed rule can be accessed by the public as provided in Ark. Code Ann. § 25-19-108(b)(1).				
Will a public hearing be held on this proposed rule? Yes No				
If yes, please complete the following:				
Date:				
Time:				
Place:				
e be sure to advise Bureau Staff if this information changes for any reason.				
On what date does the public comment period expire for the permanent promulgation of the rule? Please provide the specific date.				
What is the proposed effective date for this rule?				
Please attach (1) a copy of the notice required under Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(a)(1) and (2) proof of the publication of that notice.				
Please attach proof of filing the rule with the Secretary of State, as required by Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(e)(1)(A).				
Please give the names of persons, groups, or organizations that you anticipate will comment on these rules. Please also provide their position (for or against), if known.				
Is the rule expected to be controversial? Yes No If yes, please explain.				

FINANCIAL IMPACT STATEMENT

PLEASE ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS COMPLETELY.

DEP	PARTMENT
	ARD/COMMISSION
PER	SON COMPLETING THIS STATEMENT
TEL	EPHONE NO. EMAIL
emai	omply with Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(e), please complete the Financial Impact Statement and l it with the questionnaire, summary, markup and clean copy of the rule, and other documents. se attach additional pages, if necessary.
TITI	LE OF THIS RULE
1.	Does this proposed, amended, or repealed rule have a financial impact? Yes No
2.	Is the rule based on the best reasonably obtainable scientific, technical, economic, or other evidence and information available concerning the need for, consequences of, and alternatives to the rule? Yes No
3.	In consideration of the alternatives to this rule, was this rule determined by the agency to be the least costly rule considered? Yes No
	If no, please explain:
	(a) how the additional benefits of the more costly rule justify its additional cost;
	(b) the reason for adoption of the more costly rule;
	(c) whether the reason for adoption of the more costly rule is based on the interests of public health, safety, or welfare, and if so, how; and
	(d) whether the reason for adoption of the more costly rule is within the scope of the agency's statutory authority, and if so, how.
4.	If the purpose of this rule is to implement a <i>federal</i> rule or regulation, please state the following

(a) What is the cost to implement the federal rule or regulation?

	Next Fiscal Year
General Revenue	General Revenue
Federal Funds	Federal Funds
Cash Funds	Cash Funds
Special Revenue	Special Revenue_
Other (Identify)	Other (Identify)
Total	Total
(b) What is the additional cost of the	state rule?
Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year
General Revenue	General Revenue
Federal Funds	Federal Funds
Cash Funds	Cash Funds
Special Revenue	Special Revenue_
Other (Identify)	Other (Identify)
Total	Total
business subject to the proposed, ame rule, and explain how they are affecte <u>Current Fiscal Year</u>	ended, or repealed rule? Please identify those subject
business subject to the proposed, ame rule, and explain how they are affecte Current Fiscal Year \$	ended, or repealed rule? Please identify those subjected. Next Fiscal Year \$
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7. With respect to the agency's answers to Questions #5 and #6 above, is there a new or increased cost or obligation of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per year to a private individual, private entity, private business, state government, county government, municipal government, or to two (2) or more of those entities combined?

Yes No

If yes, the agency is required by Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(e)(4) to file written findings at the time of filing the financial impact statement. The written findings shall be filed simultaneously with the financial impact statement and shall include, without limitation, the following:

- (1) a statement of the rule's basis and purpose;
- (2) the problem the agency seeks to address with the proposed rule, including a statement of whether a rule is required by statute;
- (3) a description of the factual evidence that:
 - (a) justifies the agency's need for the proposed rule; and
 - (b) describes how the benefits of the rule meet the relevant statutory objectives and justify the rule's costs:
- (4) a list of less costly alternatives to the proposed rule and the reasons why the alternatives do not adequately address the problem to be solved by the proposed rule;
- (5) a list of alternatives to the proposed rule that were suggested as a result of public comment and the reasons why the alternatives do not adequately address the problem to be solved by the proposed rule;
- (6) a statement of whether existing rules have created or contributed to the problem the agency seeks to address with the proposed rule and, if existing rules have created or contributed to the problem, an explanation of why amendment or repeal of the rule creating or contributing to the problem is not a sufficient response; and
- (7) an agency plan for review of the rule no less than every ten (10) years to determine whether, based upon the evidence, there remains a need for the rule including, without limitation, whether:
 - (a) the rule is achieving the statutory objectives;
 - (b) the benefits of the rule continue to justify its costs; and
 - (c) the rule can be amended or repealed to reduce costs while continuing to achieve the statutory objectives.

REVISED NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

The Arkansas Department of Health is extending the period to accept public comments on the Rules Pertaining to the List of Controlled Substances in Arkansas from December 22, 2023 to January 29, 2024.

Copies of the proposed Rules are available at www.healthy.arkansas.gov and at Pharmacy Services, Room #357, 3rd Floor South, at the Arkansas Department of Health, 4815 W. Markham St. Little Rock, AR 72205.

The Arkansas Department of Health will hold a public hearing at 9:30 a.m. on January 23, 2024, at the Arkansas Department of Health, Room 2508, located at 4815 West Markham, Little Rock, Arkansas, 72205 to allow interested persons to comment on the proposed amendments.

The public may submit written comments no later than 4:30 p.m. on January 29, 2024 .Comments may be sent by email to shane.david@arkansas.gov or by mail to Shane David, Pharm.D., Pharmacy Services Section, Arkansas Department of Health, 4815 West Markham Street, Slot #25, Little Rock, Arkansas, 72205.

List Of Controlled Substances



For the State Of Arkansas Pursuant to the provisions of Arkansas Code Annotated § 5-64-201 and § 5-64-216 of the laws of the State of Arkansas, the Secretary of the Arkansas Department of Health or duly authorized agent, as specified by law, is giving public notice of the publication of the List of Controlled Substances for the State of Arkansas.

Due consideration has been given applicable federal regulations, current scientific knowledge regarding the listed substances, the evidence of actual or relative potential for abuse, the history and current patterns of abuse, the risk to the public health, and potential to produce psychic or psychological dependence liability.

Based on these considerations the attached listing of the Schedule of Controlled Substances and the corresponding drugs that are included in each schedule is hereby promulgated by the Secretary of the Arkansas Department of Health as the List of Controlled Substances for the State of Arkansas.

Each controlled substance or basic class thereof has been assigned an "Administration Controlled Substance Code Number" for purposes of identification. These numbers are for internal management and are used as a means to identify substances with complex and cumbersome chemical names.

Next to the code number is the date the substance was placed in schedule by the Secretary of the Arkansas Department of Health. A "*" denotes the substance was scheduled prior to April, 1979.

I, Shane David, Pharm.D., Section Chief of Pharmacy Services for the Arkansas Department of Health, do hereby certify that the documents attached hereto are true and correct copies of the current List of Controlled Substances adopted by the Arkansas State Board of Health in accordance with Arkansas state law.

	Shane David, Pharm.D., Branch Chief Pharmacy Services Section
STATE OF ARKANSAS)	
COUNTY OF SALINE)	
I, Marci Middleton, do hereby certif me and signed the above referenced	fy that Shane David, Pharm.D., well known to me, appeared before document.
Sworn and subscribed to bef	ore me this day of ,
	Notary Public

My commission expires

ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

LIST OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

SECTION I AUTHORITY

The following scheduling of these controlled substances has been hereby promulgated pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated §5-64-201 and §5-64-216.

SECTION II PURPOSE

Due consideration has been given applicable Federal regulations, current scientific knowledge regarding the listed substances, the evidence of actual or relative potential for abuse, the history and current patterns of abuse, the risk to the public health, and potential to produce psychic or psychological dependence liability.

SECTION III GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

(Attached copy of the listing of scheduling of controlled substances)

SECTION IV REPEAL

All lists of schedules of controlled substances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

CERTIFICATION

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ARTICLE II

SCHEDULE I

- (a) Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or substance has been assigned the DEA Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.
- (b) <u>Opiates: (Narcotic Drugs)</u> Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, salts is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of 3-methylthiofentanyl only, the term isomer includes the optical and geometric isomers):

(1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-[1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide)]	-9815-(2	
(2)(1) Acetylmethadol		
(3)(2) Allylprodine		9602*
(4)(3) Alphacetylmethadol (except Levo-alphacetylmethadol (LAAM)		9603*
(5)(4) Alphameprodine		9604*
(6)(5) Alphamethadol		9605*
(7) Alpha-methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl] propronanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4(N-propanilido)piperidine)]	- 9814-(6	-1982)
(8) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl(N-[1-methyl-2-(2thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	-9832-(2	-1986)
(9)(6) Benzethidine		9606*
(10)(7) Betacetylmethadol		9607*
(11) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)]	-9830-(2	-1986)
(12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl [other name(s): N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl) 3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropamamide]		-1986)
(13)(8) Betameprodine		9608*
(14)(9) Betamethadol		9609*
(15)(10) Betaprodine		9611*
(16) Clonitazene		9612*
(17)(11) Dextromoramide		9613*
(18)(12) Diampromide		9615*
(19)(13) Diethylthiambutene		9616*

(20)(14) Difenoxin	9168*
(21)(15) Dimenoxadol	9617*
(22)(16) Dimepheptanol	9618*
(23)(17) Dimethylthiambutene	9619*
(24)(18) Dioxaphetyl butyrate	9621*
(25)(19) Dipipanone	9622*
(26)(20) Ethylmethylthiambutene	9623*
(27) Etonitazene	9624*
(28)(21) Etoxeridine	9625*
(29)(22) Furethidine	9626*
(30)(23) Hydroxypethidine	
(31)(24) Ketobemidone	
(32)(25) Levomoramide	9629*
(33)(26) Levophenacylmorphan	9631*
(34) 3-Methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[3-Methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-Phenylpropanamide)] 9	813-(10-1985)
(35) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	9833-(2-1986)
(36)(27) Morpheridine	9632*
(37)(28) MPPP [other name(s): (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine)] 9	661-(10-1985)
(38)(29)_Noracymethadol	
(39)(30) Norlevorphanol	
(40)(31) Normethadone	9635*
	9636*
(41)(32) Norpipanone	7030
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-	812 (11-1986)
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-	812-(11-1986)
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-4-piperindinyl]propananmide] (43)(33) PEPAP [other name(s): 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4 acetyloxypiper-idine]	812-(11-1986) 9663-(10-
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-4-piperindinyl]propananmide] (43)(33) PEPAP [other name(s): 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4 acetyloxypiper-idine] 1985)	812 (11-1986) 9663-(10-
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-4-piperindinyl]propananmide] (43)(33) PEPAP [other name(s): 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4 acetyloxypiper-idine] 1985) (44)(34) Phenadoxone	812 (11-1986) 9663-(10- 9637* 9638*
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl) N-[1-(2-phenenthyl) 4-piperindinyl]propananmide] (43)(33) PEPAP [other name(s): 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4 acetyloxypiper-idine] 1985) (44)(34) Phenadoxone	812 (11-1986) 9663-(10- 9637* 9638* 9647*
(42) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl) N-[1-(2-phenenthyl) 4-piperindinyl]propananmide] (43)(33) PEPAP [other name(s): 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4 acetyloxypiper-idine] 1985) (44)(34) Phenadoxone	812 (11-1986) 9663-(10- 9637* 9638* 9647* 9641*

(50)(40) Properidine	9644*
(51)(41) Propiram	9649*
(52)(42) Racemoramide	9645*
(53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide	9835-(2-1986)
(54)(43) Tilidine	9750-(9-1981)
(55)(44) Trimeperidine	9646*
(56) Acetyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	-9821 (4-2017)
(57) Butyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutyramide]	-9822-(4-2017)
(58) Beta-hydroxythiofentanyl [other name(s): N-{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-N-phenylpropionamide]	-9836-(4-2017)
(59) Acetyl fentanyl 4-methylphenethyl analog [other name(s): N-{1-[2 (4-methylphenyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenyl-acetamide]	(4-2017)
(60) Valeryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide]	-9840-(4-2017)
(61) Furanyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylfuran 2-carboxamide]	-9834-(4-2017)
(62) Isobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methyl-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide]	-9827-(4-2017)
(63) Ocfentanil [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]acetamide]	-9838 (4-2017)
(64) 4-methoxy butyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin 4-yl)butyramide]	(4-2017)
(65) Para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide]	-9823-(4-2017)
(66)(45) Acetyl norfentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N-4-piperidinyl-acetamide]	(4-2017)
(67)(46) AH-7921 [other name(s): 3,4-dichloro- <i>N</i> -[(1-dimethylamino)cyclohexylmethyl]benzamide]	-9551-(4-2017)
(68)(47) W-18 [other name(s): 1-(4-nitrophenylethyl)piperidylidene-2-(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonamide]	(4-2017)
(69)(48) W-15 [other name(s): 1-phenylethylpiperidylidene-2-(4-chlorophenyl)Sulfonamide]	(4-2017)
(70)(49) MT-45 [other name(s): 1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine]	9560-(4-2017)
(71)(50) U-47700 [other name(s): trans-3,4-dichloro-N-(2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl)-N-methylbenzamide]	9547-(4-2017)

(/2) Acryl ientanyl jother name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide]	9811-(6-2020)
(73) 4-Fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin 4-yl)isobutyramide]	9824-(6-2020)
(74) Tetrahydrofuranyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide]	9843-(6-2020)
(75) Cyclopropyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)- N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide]	9845-(4-2021)
(76) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	-9825-(4-2021)
(77) Ortho-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9816-(4-2021)
(78)(51) Fentanyl-related substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Fentanyl-related substance means any substance not otherwise listed, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that is structurally related to fentanyl by one or more of the following modifications:	
(i) Replacement of the phenyl portion of the phenethyl group by any monocycle, whether or not further substituted in or on the monocycle;	
(ii) Substitution in or on the phenethyl group with alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;	
(iii) Substitution in or on the piperidine ring with alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, ester, ether, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;	
(iv) Replacement of the aniline ring with any aromatic monocycle whether or not further substituted in or on the aromatic monocycle; and/or	
(v) Replacement of the N-propionyl group by another acyl group.	
(vi) Fentanyl-related substances shall include, but are not limited to:	
(A) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-[1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide)]	<u>-9815-(2-1986)</u>
(B) Alpha-methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl] propronanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4(N-propanilido)piperidine)]	9814-(6-1982)
(C) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl(N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]- N-phenylpropanamide)	9832-(2-1986)
(D) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)]	9830-(2-1986)
(E) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl [other name(s): N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropamamide]	9831-(2-1986)

piperidyl]-N-Phenylpropanamide)]	9813-(10-1985)
(G) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	- 9833-(2-1986)
(H) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-4-piperindinyl]propananmide]	9812-(11-1986)
(I) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamid	
(J) Acetyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	9821-(4-2017)
(K) Butyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutyramide]	9822-(4-2017 <u>)</u>
(L) Beta-hydroxythiofentanyl [other name(s): N-{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2yl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-N-phenylpropionamide]	
(M) Acetyl fentanyl 4-methylphenethyl analog [other name(s): N-{1-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenyl-acetamide]	(4-2017)
(N) Valeryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide]	
(O) Furanyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide]	<u>9834-(4-2017)</u>
(P) Isobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methyl-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide]	<u>9827-(4-2017)</u>
(Q) Ocfentanil [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]acetamide]	<u>9838-(4-2017)</u>
(R) 4-methoxy butyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide]	(4-2017)
(S) Para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide]	9823-(4-2017)
(T) Acryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide]	- <u>9811-(6-2020)</u>
(U) 4-Fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide]	<u>- 9824-(6-2020)</u>
(V) Tetrahydrofuranyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl) N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide]	
(W) Cyclopropyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl) N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide]	
(X) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	

phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9816-(4-2021)
(B)(Z) Crotonyl fentanyl [other name(s): (E)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbut-2-enamide]	
(C)(AA) Cyclopentyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopentanecarboxamide]	9847-(5-2022)
(D)(BB) Para-chloroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide]	9826-(5-2022)
(E)(CC) Para-methoxybutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide]	9837-(5-2022)
(F)(DD) Beta-methyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-phenylpropyl) piperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9856-(5-2022)
(G)(EE) Beta'-phenyl fentanyl [other name: N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N,3-diphenylpropanamide]	9842-(5-2022)
(H)(FF) 2'-Fluoro ortho-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(2-fluorophenethyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N-(2-fluorophenyl)propionamide]	9855-(5-2022)
(I)(GG) 4'-Methyl acetyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(4-methylphenethyl) piperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	9819-(5-2022)
(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide]	9846-(5-2022)
(K)(II) Ortho-methyl acetylfentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-methylphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)acetamide]	-9848-(5-2022)
(L)(JJ) Ortho-methyl methoxyacetyl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methoxy-N-(2-methylphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)acetamide]	9820-(5-2022)
(M)(KK) Para-methylfentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9817-(5-2022)
(N)(LL) Phenyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbenzamide]	9841-(5-2022)
(O)(MM) Thiofuranyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylthiophene-2-carboxamide]	
(P)(NN) Fentanyl carbamate [other name(s): ethyl(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)(phenyl)carbamate]	9851-(5-2022)
(Q)(OO) Ortho-fluoroacryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)acrylamide]	9852-(5-2022)
(R)(PP) Ortho-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide]	9853-(5-2022)
(S)(QQ) Para-fluoro furanyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)furan-2-carboxamide]	9854-(5-2022)

(79) Isotonitazene 9614
(80)(52) Zipeprol 9873
(81)(53) Brorphine 9098
 (54) Benzimidazole-opioid substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Benzimidazole-opioid substances includes any substance, not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has benzimidazole ring with an ethylamine at its 1-position and benzyl group at its 2-position: With or without substitution on the benzimidazole; With or without substitution at the ethylamine; With or without inclusion of the ethylamine in a cyclic structure; With or without substitution on the benzyl ring; or With or without replacement of the benzyl ring with an aromatic ring.
(vi) Benzimidazole-opioid substances shall include but are not limited to:
(A)4'-Hydroxy Nitazene;
(B) 5-Aminoisotonitazene;
(C) Butonitazene;
(D) Clonitazene ;9612 *
(E) Etodesnitazene, [other name(s): Etazene];
(F) Etonitazene ; 9624*
(G) Flunitazene;
(H) Isotonitazene; 9614
(I) Isotodesnitazene;
(J) Metodesnitazene;
(K) Metonitazene; 9757
(L) N-Desethyl Etonitazene;
(M) N-Desethyl Isotonitazene;
(N) N-Piperidinyl Etonitazene [other name(s): Etonitazepipne];
(O) N-Pyrrolidino Etonitazene [other name(s): Etonitazepyne];
(P) N-Pyrrolidino Protonitazene; and
(Q) Protonitazene.

(c) **Opium derivatives: (Narcotic Drugs)** Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever

the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) A	Acetorphine	9319*
(2) A	Acetyldihydrocodeine	9051*
(3) B	Benzylmorphine	9052*
(4) C	Codeine methylbromide	9070*
` /	Codeine-N-Oxide	
	Cyprenorphine	
	Desomorphine	
	Dihydromorphine	
(9) D	Orotebanol	9335*
(10)	Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt)	9056*
(11)	Heroin	9200*
(12)	Hydromorphinol	9301*
(13)	Methyldesorphine	9302*
(14)	Methyldihydromorphine	
(15)	Morphine methylbromide	9305*
(16)	Morphine methylsulfonate	9306*
(17)	Morphine-N-Oxide	9307*
(18)	Myrophine	
(19)	Nicocodeine	9309*
(20)	Nicomorphine	9312*
(21)	Normorphine	9313*
(22)	Pholcodine	9314*
(23)	Thebacon	9315*
(24)	Mitragynine	(11-2015)
(25)	7-Hydroxymitragynine	-(11-2015)

(d) Hallucinogenic substances: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substance, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this paragraph only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position and geometric isomers):

(1) al	lpha-ethyltryptamine	7249-(12-1993)
	Some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl)indole; alpha-ET; and AET.	
(2) 4	-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine	7391*
	Some trade or other names: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alphamethylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA.	
(3) 4	-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine	- 7392-(8-1995)
	Some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1 aminoethane alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B, Nexus.	;
(4) 2	,5-dimethoxyamphetamine	7396*
	Some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA.	
(5) 2	,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine	- 7399-(3-1988)
	Some trade or other names: DOET.	
(6) 2	,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine	- 7348-(1-2005)
	Some trade or other names: 2C-T-7.	
(7) 4	-methoxyamphetamine	7411*
	Some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-alpha- methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA.	
(8) 5	-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine	7401*
(9) 4	-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine	7395*
	Some trade and other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alphamethylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP".	
(10)	3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine	7400*
(11)	3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine	7405-(10-1985)
	Some trade or other names: MDMA)	
(12)	3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine	- 7404-(6-1990)
	Some trade or other names: N- ethy-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA; MDE; MDEA.	
(13)	N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine	- 7402-(6-1990)
	Some trade or other names: N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy) phenethylamine; N-hydroxy MDA	
(14)	3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine	7390*
(15)	5-methoxy-n,n-dimethyltryptamine 5-MeO-DMT	- 7431*(1-2011)
(16)	alpha-methyltryptamine	- 7432-(7-2005)

	Some trade or other names: AMT	
(17)	Bufotenine	7433*
	Some trade and other names: 3-(beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N,N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine.	
(18)	Diethyltryptamine	· 7434*
	Some trade or other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine;DET.	
(19)	Dimethyltryptamine	····· 7435*
	Some trade or other names: DMT	
(20)	5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine	7439-(7-2005)
	Some trade or other names: 5-MeO-DIPT.	
(21)	Ibogaine	7260*
	Some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6 beta; 7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1',2': 1,2] azepino [5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe iboga.	
(22)	Lysergic acid diethylamide	
(23)	Mescaline	7381*
(24)	Parahexyl	7374-(7-1983)
	Some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl.	
(25)	Peyote	7415*
	Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; any extract from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts. (Interprets 21 USC 812 (c), Schedule I (c) (12)).	
(26)	N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate	7482*
(27)	N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate	7484*
(28)	Psilocybin	7437*
(29)	Psilocyn	7438*
(30)	Ethylamine Analog of phencyclidine	7455*
	Some trade or other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; PCE.	
(31)	Pyrrolidine Analog of phencyclidine	7458*
	Some trade or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine: PCPy: PHP	

(32)	Thiophene Analog of phencyclidine	7470*
	Some trade or other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl] Piperidine; 2-Thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP.	
(33)	1-[1-(2-Thienyl)cylcohexyl]pyrrolidine	- 7473-(9-1989)
	Some other trade or other names: TCPy.	
(34)	N,N-Diallyl-5-Methoxytryptamine;	(6-2012)
	Some trade or other names: 5-MeO DALT; 5-Methoxy-DALT	
(35)	2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine; 5C-NBOMe	(5-2013)
(36)	5I-NBOMe	
(37)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-E	
(38)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-D	7508-(11-2013)
(39)	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-C	7519-(11-2013)
(40)	2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-I	7518-(11-2013)
(41)	2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine; 2C-T-2	7385-(11-2013)
(42)	2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine; 2C-T-4	7532-(11-2013)
(43)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-H	7517-(11-2013)
(44)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine; 2C-N	7521-(11-2013)
(45)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-P	7524-(11-2013)
(46) N	2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine; 25B-IBOMe	(9-2018)
(47) N	2-[[[2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-phenol; 25B-	(11-2018)
(48)	2-[[[2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-phenol; 25I-NBOH	(11-2018)
	2-(4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl) methyl]ethanamine; 5E-NBOMe	(7-2019)
	2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl) methyl]ethanamine; 25H-IBOMe	(7-2019)
	2-[[[2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]- phenol; 25C-	(7-2019)
(52)	2-[[[2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-phenol; 25H-NBOH	(7-2019)
(53)	1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine	- 1245-(5-2022)
	Some trade or other names: Para-methoxymethamphetamine; PMMA	
(54)	2-(ethylamino)-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexan-1-one	7286

Some trade or other names: Methoxetamine; MXE

(e) **Depressants**: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Phenazepam	(6-2012)
(2)(1) gamma-hydroxybutyric acid [other name(s): GHB; gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxydutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate], and its known precursors and analogs. Precursors include but are not limited to: gamma-butyrolactone	2010 (2.2001)
(3)(2) Mecloqualone	,
(4)(3) Methaqualone	
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
(5) Etizolam	``
	(4-2021)
(7) Flualprazolam	(4-2021)
(8) Flubromazepam	(4-2021)
(9) Flubromazolam	(4-2021)
 (4) Benzodiazepine substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Benzodiazepine substances includes any substance, not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has a fused 1,4-diazepine and benzene ring structure with a phenyl connected to the diazepine ring, with any substitution(s) or replacement(s) on the 1,4-diazepine or benzene ring, any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any combination thereof. Benzodiazepine substances shall include but are not limited to: (i) Bromazolam; 	
(ii) Clonazolam;	(4-2021)
(iii) Flualprazolam;	(4-2021)
(iv) Flubromazepam;	(4-2021)
(v) Flubromazolam;	(4-2021)
(vi) Phenazepam;	(6-2012)
(vii) Phenazolam [other name(s): Clobromazolam].	
(5) Thienodiazepine substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of	

isomers, esters and ethers. Thienodiazepine substances includes any substance, not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in

effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has a fused 1,4-diazepine and thiophene ring structure with a phenyl connected to the 1,4-diazepine ring, with any substitution(s) or replacement(s) on the 1,4-diazepine or thiophene ring, any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any combination thereof. Thienodiazepine substances shall include but are not limited to:

(i) Etizolam ----- (12-2014)

(f) Stimulants:

(1) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant offset on the central nervous system, including its	1225 (2.1000)
substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:	1005 (0.1000)
(i) Cathinone 12	1235-(3-1988)
(ii) (±) CIS-4-Methylaminorex [(±)CIS-4,5-dihydro-4- methyl-5-phenyl-2- oxazolamine]	1590-(6-1990)
(iii) Fenethylline 1:	
(iv) N-Benzylpiperazine 74	7493-(1-2005)
Some trade or other names: BZP, 1-Benzylpiperazine	
(v) N-ethylamphetamine 1-	1475-(6-1982)
(vi) N-[1-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers 9	9818-(2-1986)
(vii) N-[1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropan-mide (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers9	9834-(2-1986)
(viii) N,N-Dimethylamphetamine [other name(s): N,N,Alpha-trimethylbenzeneethanamine; N,N,Alpha-trimethylphenethylamine], its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers	1480-(2-1989)
(ix) Methcathinone (some other names: 2-Methylamine-Proprophenone, alpha (methylamino)- Proprophenone, 2 (methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one, alpha-N-Methylaminopropiophenone, monomethylpropion, ephedrone, N-methylcathinone, methycathinone, AL-464, AL-422, AL-463 and UR-1431), its salts, optical isomers and salts of optical isomers	237-(12-1993)
(x) Aminorex [other name(s): aminoraphen, 2-amino-5 phenyl-2-oxazoline, or 4,5 dihyrdo-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine], its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers	585-(12-1993)
(xi) 4,4'-Dimethylaminorex some other names: 4,4'-DMAR, 4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolamine, or 4-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,3-oxazol-2-amine	1595-(5-2022)
(xii) Amineptine	,

	(xiii)) Mesocarb	1227
	(xiv)	Methyl-N-ethylcathinone (MEC)	(6-2014)
	(xv)	Methiopropamine. [other name(s): N-methyl-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-2-	
		amine]	<u> 1478</u>
(2)	•	material, compound, mixture, or preparation, whether produced directly or	
		rectly from a substance of vegetable origin or independently by means of nical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, that	t .
	conta	ains any quantity of the following substances, or that contains any of the	
		wing substances' analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the ence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the	.
		ific chemical designation, with the following chemical structure is included i	
	Sche	edule I:	
	(i)	4-Methylmethcathinone (Mephedrone)	
	(ii)	Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV)	` /
	(iii)	3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (Methylone	
	(iv)	4-Methoxymethcathinone	
	(v)	3-Fluoromethcathinone	
	(vi)	4-Fluoromethcathinone	(3-2011)
	(vii)	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-methylamino)butan-1-one-(Butylone)	7541-(11-2014)
	(viii)	Alpha-Pyrrolidinopentiophenone (Alpha-PVP)	
	(ix)	4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone (4-MEC)	1249-(9-2018)
	(x)	4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4-MePPP)	7498-(9-2018)
	(xi)	2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (Pentedrone)	1246-(9-2018)
	(xii)	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one (Pentylone; bk-	
		MBDP)	,
		4-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (4-FMC, Flephedrone)	
	` ′	3-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (3-FMC)	
		1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)pentan-1-one (Naphyrone)	
		Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone ([Alpha]-PBP)	7546-(9-2018)
	(xvii)A compound, unless listed in another schedule or a legend drug, that is structurally derived from 2-Amino-phenyl-1-propanone by modification of	
		by substitution:	(3-2012)
	(A) In the phenyl ring to any extent with alkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, haloalkyl or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the phenyl ring by one (1) or more other univalent substituents;	
	(B) At the 3-position with an alkyl substituent; or	

	(0	C) At the nitrogen atom with alkyl or dialkyl groups, or by inclusion of the nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.	
	(xvii	i) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)pentan-1-one (N-Ethylpentylone) 754	3-(7-2019)
	(xix)	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)propan-1-one (Ethylone)754	7-(4-2021)
	(xx)	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (<u>Eutylone</u>) <u>754</u>	9- (4-2021)
	(xxi)	2-(ethylamino)-1-phenylhexan-1-one [other name(s): (N-Ethylhexedrone; Alpha-Ethylaminohexanophenone)]	7246
	(xxii) 1-phenyl-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)hexan-1-one [other name(s): (Alpha-Pyrrolidinohexanophenone; Alpha-PHP)]	7544
	(xxii	i) 2-(ethylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)pentan-1-one [other name(s): (4-Methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone; 4-MEAP)]	7245
	(xxiv	1-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)hexan-1-one [other name(s): (4'-Methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinohexiophenone; MPHP)]	7446
	(xxv)	1-phenyl-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)heptan-1-one [other name(s): (Alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptaphenone; PV8)]	7548
	(xxvi	i) 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)pentan-1-one [other name(s): (4'-Chloro-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone; 4-chloro-alpha-PVP)]	7443
<u>SC</u>	HEDUL	<u>e II</u>	
(a)	usual nai	e II shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, comme, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or assigned the Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.	
(b)	or unless indirectly	Drugs: Substances, vegetable origin or chemical synthesis. Unless specifically slisted in another schedule, any of the following substances whether produced directly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of s, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:	ectly or
	opiat nalbı	am and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or the excluding apomorphine, thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, aphine, naldemedine, nalmefene, naloxegol, naloxone, 6β-naltrexol, exone and samidorphan, and their respective salts, but including the wing:	
	(i)		9600*
	(ii)	Raw opium	
			9610*
	(iii)	Raw opium	
	(iii) (iv)	Raw opium Opium extracts	9620*
		Raw opium Opium extracts Opium fluid extracts	9620* 9639*

		(vii)	Codeine	9050*
		(viii)	Dihydroetorphine	9334*
		(ix)	Ethylmorphine	9190*
		(x)	Etorphine hydrochloride	9059*
		(xi)	Hydrocodone	9193*
		(xii)	Hydromorphone	9150*
			Metopon	
			Morphine	
			Oripavine	
			Oxycodone	
		(xvii	Oxymorphone	9652*
			i) Thebaine	
		(xix)	Tapentadol	9780-(5-2009)
		(xx)	Noroxymorphone	9668-(4-2021)
	(2)	equivof th	salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically valent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (b) (1) is section, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline oids of opium.*	
	(3)	Opiu	am poppy and poppy straw.*	
	(4)	leave deriv deriv	a leaves (9040) and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca es, (including cocaine (9041) and ecgonine (9180) and their salts, isomers, ratives and salts of isomers and derivatives), and any salt, compound, rative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with of these substances, except that the substances shall not include:	*
		(i)	Decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;	*
		(ii)	[123I]ioflupane; or	
		(iii)	[¹⁸ F]FP-CIT.	
	(5)	solid	centrate or poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium by),	9670.*
(c)	foll wh	lowin eneve	(Narcotic Drugs) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedulg opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, ester the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the designations:	s and ethers
	(1)	Alfe	ntanil	9737-(2-1987)

(2) A	lphaprodine	9010*
(3) A	nileridine	9020*
(4) B	ezitramide	9800*
(5) B	ulk Dextropropoxyphene (non-dosage forms)	9273-(9-1981)
(6) C	arfentanil	9743-(9-1988)
(7) D	hydrocodeine	9120*
` /	Piphenoxylate	
(9) F	entanyl	
(10)	Isomethadone	
(11)	Levo-alphacetylmethadol (LAAM)	
(12)	Levomethorphan	9210*
(13)	Levorphanol	
(14)	Metazocine	
(15)	Methadone	9250*
(16)	Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane	9254*
(17) ca	Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-arboxylic acid	9802*
(18)	Pethidine (Meperidine)	9230*
(19)	Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine	9232*
(20)	Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate	9233*
(21)	Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid	9234*
(22)	Phenazocine	9715*
(23)	Piminodine	9730*
(24)	Racemethorphan	9732*
(25)	Racemorphan	9733*
(26)	Remifentanil	- 9739-(11-1996)
(27)	Sufentanil	9740-(9-1981)
(28)	Thiafentanil	9729-(4-2021)
(29)	Oliceridine	9245-(5-2022)
(30)	Tianeptine	(5-2022)

⁽d) **Stimulants:** Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:

(1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers	1100*
(2) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers	
(3) Lisdexamefetamine	1205*(7-2007)
(4) Phenmetrazine and its salts	1631*
(5) Methylphenidate	1724*
(e) Depressants : Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, an compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following st depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and sa whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible with chemical designation:	abstances having a lts of isomers
(1) Amobarbital	2125*
(2) Glutethimide	2550-(2-1991)
(3) Pentobarbital	
(4) Phencyclidine	7471*
(5) Secobarbital	2315*
(f) Hallucinogenic Substances:	
(1) Nabilone	7379-(11-1987)
[Other name(s) for nabilone: (±)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10 hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one].	0a-
(2) Dronabinol in an oral solution in a drug product approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; [(-)-delta-9-trans-tetrahydrocannabinol(delta-9-THC)]	
(g) Immediate Precursor : Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another so material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the for substances:	
(1) Immediate precursor to Amphetamine and Methamphetamine:	
(i) Phenylacetone	8501-(3-1980)
Some trade or other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl Ketone; methyl benzyl Ketone.	
(2) Immediate precursor to Phencyclidine (PCP):	
(i) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine	7460*
(ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC)	8603*
(3) Immediate precursor to Fentanyl:	
(i) 4-anilino-N-phenethylpiperidine (ANPP)	8333*(8-2010)

(ii) N-phenyl-N-(piperidin-4-yl)propionamide (norfentanyl) ----- 8366-(4-2021)

SCHEDULE III

- (a) Schedule III shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or substance has been assigned the DEA Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.
- (b) **Stimulants:** Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers (whether optical, position, or geometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- (c) **Depressants**: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
 - (1) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing:

(1	l)	Amobarbital	2126*
(i	ii)	Secobarbital	2316*
(i	iii)	Pentobarbital	2271*
(i	iv)	Embutramide	2020*(9-2006)
		or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule.	

(2) Any suppository dosage form containing:

(i)	Amobarbital	2126*
(ii)	Secobarbital	2316*
(iii)	Pentobarbital	2271*

or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository.

Administration for marketing only as a suppository.	
(3) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any salt thereof	2100*
(4) Chlorhexadol	2510*
(5) Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act	
(6) Ketamine. its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers	7285-(7-1999)
Some other names for Ketamine: (+-)-2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(Methylamino)-Cyclohexanone.	
(7) Lysergic acid	
(8) Lysergic acid amide	7310*
(9) Methyprylon	2575*
(10) Sulfondiethylmethane	
(11) Sulfonethylmethane	
(12) Sulfonmethane	
(13) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof	7295-(3-1988)
Some trade or other name for a tiletamine- zolazepam combination product: Telazol.	
Some trade or other names for tiletamine: -2(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone.	
Some trade or other names for zolazepam: -4(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8,-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e] [1,4,]-diazepin-7(1-H)-one. flupyrazapon.	
(14) Perampanel	2261-(11-2013)
(d) Nalorphine	9400*
(e) Narcotic drugs: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule:	7100
(1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:	
(i) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium	9803*
(ii) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9804*

	(iii)	Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9807*
	(iv)	Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9808*
	(v)	Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9809*
	(vi)	Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9810*
		material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following otic drugs or their salts, as set forth below:	
	(i)	Buprenorphine (10-02 Transfer)	9064-(6-1985)
	(ii)	Reserved	
(f)	compou	c Steroids: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, and, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substance omers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of isomers is property.	es, including its
		eific chemical designation:	4000
	(1) Bolo	denone;	4000 (9-1991)
	(1) Bolo		4000 (9-1991)
	(1) Bolo(2) Bolo(3) Chlo	denone;dione;	(9-1991) (1-2010) (9-1991)
	(1) Bolo(2) Bolo(3) Chlo	denone;dione;	(9-1991) (1-2010) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos	denone;dione;	(9-1991) (1-2010) (9-1991) (9-1991)
	 (1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Closs (5) Deh 	denone; dione; protestosterone (4-chlortestosterone); stebol;	4000 (9-1991) (1-2010) (9-1991) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih	denone; dione; protestosterone (4-chlortestosterone); ydrochlormethyltestosterone; oxymethyltestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);	4000 (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (1-2010) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih	denone;	4000 (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (1-2010) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih	denone; dione; protestosterone (4-chlortestosterone); ydrochlormethyltestosterone; oxymethyltestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);	4000 (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih; (8) Dro (9) Ethy	denone;	4000 (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih (8) Dro (9) Ethy (10) F	denone;	4000(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(1-2010)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih (8) Dro (9) Ethy (10) F (11) F	denone;	4000 (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991) (9-1991)
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih; (8) Dro (9) Ethy (10) F (11) F (12) M	denone;	
	(1) Bold (2) Bold (3) Chld (4) Clos (5) Deh (6) Des (7) Dih; (8) Dro (9) Ethy (10) F (11) F (12) M (13) M	denone;	4000(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)(9-1991)

(16	(i) Methenolone;	(9-1991)
(17	() Methyltestosterone;	(9-1991)
(18	d) Mibolerone;	(9-1991)
(19) Nandrolone;	(9-1991)
(20	19-Nor-4,9(10)-Androstadienedione	(1-2010)
(21) Norethandrolone;	(9-1991)
(22		(
(23	(a) Oxymesterone;	(9-1991)
(24	Oxymetholone;	(9-1991)
(25	s) Stanolone;	(9-1991)
(26	5) Stanozolol;	(9-1991)
(27	() Testolactone;	(9-1991)
(28		
(29) Trenbolone	(9-1991)
(30		(8-2012)
(31) Methasterone	(8-2012);
	and	
(32	Any salt, ester, or isomer of a drug or substance described or list in this paragraph, if that salt, ester, or isomer promotes muscle growth	(9-1991)
/	empt anabolic steroid products: Compounds, mixtures, or preparations that coroid that have been exempted by the Secretary:	ontain an anabolic
	NDC Number	
(1)	Andro-Estro 90-4	0536-1605
(2)	Androgyn L.A	0456-1005
(3)	Component E-H in Process Pellets	Ivy Labs Inc.
(4)	Component E-H in Process Granulation	Ivy Labs Inc
(5)	Component TE-S in process Granulation	Ivy Labs Inc
(6)	Component TE-S in process Pellets	Ivy Labs Inc
(7)	depANDROGYN	0456-1020
(8)	Depo-Testadiol	0009-0253
(9)	DEPO-T.E	52765-257
(10	depTESTROGEN	51698-257
(11) Duomone	52047-360

(12)	DUO-SPAN II	0684-0102
(13)	DURATESTRIN	43797-016
(14)	Essian	- Pharmaceutics
(15)	Essian H.S	- Pharmaceutics
(16)	Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone, USP (0.625 mg/1.25mg)	Interpharm
(17)	Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone, USP (1.25mg/2.5mg)	Interpharm
(18)	Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone (0.625mg/1.25mg) Tablet	ANDAPharm
(19)	Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone (1.25mg/2.5mg) Tablet	ANDAPharm
(20)	Estratest	0032-1026
(21)	Estratest HS	
(22)	Menogen	
(23)	Menogen HS	59243-560
(24)	Methyltestosterone & Esterified Estrogens (2.5mg/1.25Mg)	Lannett Co
(25)	Methyltestosterone & Esterified Estrogens (Half Strength) (1.25mg/0.625mg)	Lannett Co
(26)	PAN ESTRA TEST	
(27)	Premarin with Methyltestosterone	
(28)	Premarin with Methyltestosterone	0046-0878
(29)	Syntest D.S	66576-231
(30)	Stntest H.S	66576-230
(31)	Synovex H in process bulk pellets	
(32)	Synovex H in process granulation	Syntex Animal
(33)	Synovex Plus in process granulation	Fort Dodge
(34)	Synovex Plus in process bulk pellets	Fort Dodge
(35)	TEST-ESTRO Cypionates	0536-9470
(36)	Testoderm with Adhesive 4mg/d	Alza Corp
(37)	Testoderm 4mg/d	17314-4608
(38)	Testoderm 6mg/d	17314-4609
(39)	Testoderm with Adhesive 6mg/d	17314-2836
(40)	Testoderm in process film	Alza Corp
(41)	Testoderm with Adhesive in process film	Alza Corp
(42)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	54274-530
(43)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	0182-3069
(44)	Testosterone Cyp 50 Estradiol Cyp 2	0814-7737

(45)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	0364-6611
(46)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	0402-0257
(47)	Testosterone Enanthate/Estradiol Valerate injection	0182-3073
(48)	Testosterone Enanthate/Estradiol Valerate injection	0364-6618
(49)	Testosterone Enanthate/Estradiol Valerate injection	0402-0360
(50)	Testosterone Ophthalmic Solution	Allergan
(51)	Tilapia Sex Reversal Feed (investigational	Ranger, Inc
` /	rinary Anabolic Steroid Implant Products: Anabolic steroid products nistration through implants in cattle or other nonhuman species exemplants	± *
	NDC/DIN	
(1)	Component E-H	021641-002
	Component E-H	
	Component TE-S	
` /	Component T-H	
	Component T-S	
	T-TO	
(7) F	inaplix-H	12799-807-10
` '	inaplix-S	
(9) H	Ieifer-old	
(10)	Heifer-old	
(11)	Heifer-old	
(12)	Implus-H	0009-0434-01
(13)	Implus-H	06-0434-01
	01968327	
(14)	Masculinizing Feed for Fish (Invesitigational)	Rangen,Inc.
(15)	Revalor-G	12799-811
(16)	Revalor-H	12799-810
(17)	Revalor-S	12799-809
(18)	Synovex H	0856-3901
(19)	Synovex H	Syntex
(20)	Synovex Plus	0856-3904
(21)	Tilapia Sex Reversal Feed (investigational)	Zeigier Bros.

If veterinary products that are granted exempted status are subsequently distributed with the intent that they be used in humans, the distribution would be subject to the criminal sanctions of the CSA despite the drugs' exempted status.

(i) Hallucinogenic substances:

(1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug product ----- 7369-(11-1987)

[Some other names for dronabinol: (6a R-trans)-6a,7,8, 10a-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] phyran-1-ol, or (-)-delta 9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol]

SCHEDULE IV

- (a) Schedule IV shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or substance has been assigned the DEA Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.
- (b) <u>Narcotic drugs</u>: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:
 - (1) Not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit------ 9167*
 - (2) Dextro propoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane) ------ 9278-(11-1987)
- (c) <u>Depressants</u>: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Alprazolam	2882-(6-1982)
(2) Barbital	2145*
(3) Bromazepam	2748-(1-1985)
(4) Camazepam	2749-(1-1985)
(5) Chloral betaine	2460*
(6) Chloral hydrate	2465*
(7) Chlordiazepoxide	2744*
(8) Clobazam	2751-(1-1985)
(9) Clonazepam	2737*
(10) Clorazepate	2768*

(11)	Clotiazepam	2752-(1-1985)
(12)	Cloxazolam	2753-(1-1985)
(13)	Delorazepam	2754-(1-1985)
(14)	Diazepam	2765*
(15)	Dichloralphenazone	2467-(10-2002)
(16)	Estazolam	2756-(1-1985)
(17)	Ethchlorvynol	2540*
(18)	Ethinamate	2545*
(19)	Ethyl loflazepate	
(20)	Fludiazepam	2759-(1-1985)
(21)	Flunitrazepam	2763-(1-1985)
(22)	Flurazepam	2767*
(23)	Fospropofol	
(24)	Halazepam	2762-(6-1982)
(25)	Haloxazolam	2771-(1-1985)
(26)	Ketazolam	2772-(1-1985)
(27)	Loprazolam	2773-(1-1985)
(28)	Lorazepam	2885*
(29)	Lormetazepam	2774-(1-1985)
(30)	Mebutamate	
(31)	Medazepam	2836-(1-1985)
(32)	Meprobamate	2820*
(33)	Methohexital	2264*
(34)	Methylphenobarbital (mephorbarbital)	
(35)	Midazolam	2884-(1-1985)
(36)	Nimetazepam	2837-(1-1985)
(37)	Nitrazepam	2834-(1-1985)
(38)	Nordiazepam	2838-(1-1985)
(39)	Oxazepam	2835*
(40)	Oxazolam	2839*
(41)	Paraldehyde	2585*
(42)	Petrichloral	2591*
(43)	Phenobarbital	2285*

(44)	Pinazepam	2883-(1-1985)
(45)	Prazepam	2764*
(46)	Quazepam	2881-(11-1986)
(47)	Temazepam	2925-(9-1981)
(48)	Tetrazepam	2886-(1-1985)
(49)	Triazolam	2887-(7-1983)
(50)	Zaleplon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(51)	Zolpidem	2783-(12-1993)
(52)	Zopiclone	
(53)	Alfaxalone	2731-(2-2014)
(54)	Carisoprodol	8192-(4-1997)
(55)	Tramadol	9752-(8-2007)
(56)	Suvorexant	2223-(8-2014)
(57)	Brexanolone	2400-(4-2021)
(58)	Lemborexant	2245-(4-2021)
(59)	Remimazolam	2846-(5-2022)
(60)	Daridorexant	2410
follor of su (1) F (e)(d) comparisments	Iuramine: Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which wing substances, including its salts, isomers (whether optical, positive isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts). Senfluramine Stimulants: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in anotopound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the foliant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomerometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such	tion, or geometric), and salts sof isomers is possible: 1670* ther schedule, any material, following substances having a ters (whether optical, position,
isom	ers is possible within the specific chemical designation:	
` ′	Cathine ((+)-Norpseudeophedrine	
` /	Diethylpropion	
` /	Gencamfamin	,
	Senproporex	
` /	Lorcaserin	` '
` /	Mazindol	,
(7) N	Mefenorex	1580-(3-1988)

	(8) M	odafinil	1680-(1-1999)
	(9) Pe	emoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof)	1530*
	(10)	Phentermine	1640*
	(11)	Pipradrol	1750-(9-1981)
	(12)	Serdexmethylphenidate	1729
	(13)	Sibutramine	1675-(2-1998)
	(14)	Solriamfetol	` /
	(15)	SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2,diphenylethane)	1635-(9-1981)
(f) (mater substa	Other substances: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schial, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the followances, including its salts; isomers whether optical, position, or geometric), and salts, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible.	ving alts of such
	(1) Pe	entazocineutorphanol	9709-(4-1979)
		albuphine	, ,
	(4) El	luxadoline	9725-(4-2017)
SC	HEDU	ULE V	
(a)		lule V shall consist of the drugs and other substances by whatever official name, name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.	common or
(b)	(b) Narcotic Drugs: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs and their salts, as set forth below.		
	Reser	ved	
(c) Narcotic drugs containing nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients. Any compound, m or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts the which shall include one or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proper confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than the possessed by the narcotic drug alone:		salts thereof, t proportion to	
	(1) N	ot more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams	*
		ot more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 rams.	*
		ot more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 rams.	*

(4) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit*
(5) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams*
(6) Not more than 0.5 milligrams of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit*
(d) <u>Stimulants</u> : unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:
(1) Pyrovalerone 1485-(3-1988)
(2) Ephedrine:a -{-(Methylamino)ethyl}benzene-methanol;(10-1995)
a-{-(methylamino) ethyl} benzyl alcohol; 2-methylamino-1-phenyl-1-propanol; 1-phenyl-1-hydroxy-2-methylaminopropane; 1-phenyl-2-methylaminopropanol; a - hydroxy-b-methylaminopropylbenzene; a product which occurs in the Chinese herb Ma Huang (Ephedra vulgaris, Ephedra sinica Stapf., Ephedra equisetina Bunge, Gnetaceae) in several other Ephedra spp.
(3) Phenylpropanolamine(7-2005)
(4) Pseudoephedrine (7-2005)
Pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-212 as amended in 2005, this Schedule V classification shall NOT apply to any ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine in liquid, liquid capsule, or liquid gel capsule form. However, sales limits mandated by statute shall apply to all products with ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine as a listed ingredient regardless of the dosage form.
(e) Depressants: Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
(1) Pregabalin [(S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid 2782-(1-2006)
(2) Lacosamide 2746-(5-2009)
(3) Brivaracetam 2710-(4-2017)
(4) Lasmiditan 2790-(4-2021)
(5) Cenobamate 2720-(4-2021)
(6) Ganaxolone 2401
(f) Other substances:

(1) None.

SCHEDULE VI ****

indirectl by a con substance	5-64-214, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, whether produced day from a substance of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical subination of extraction and chemical synthesis, that contains any quantity of the ces, or that contains any of their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the exi	ynthesis, or following stence of the
salts, iso Schedul	omers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation, is eVI:	is included in
(1) Mar	ijuana	*:
(2) Tetra	ahydrocannabinols, unless the tetrahydrocannabinol is:	*:
(i)	Contained in hemp-derived cannabidiol;	(6-2020
(ii)	Not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol in the hemp-derived cannabidiol on a dry weight basis as verified by a nationally accredited laboratory for quality, purity and accuracy standards; and	(6-2020) ***
(iii)	Not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for marketing as a medication;	(6-2020
(3) A sy	enthetic equivalent of:	
(i)	The substance contained in the Cannabis plant; or	*
(ii)	The substance contained in the resinous extractives of the genus Cannabis;	
class the p man extra salts	ria divinorum or Salvinorin A, which includes all parts of the plant presently sified botanically as Salvia divinorum, whether growing or not, the seeds of plant, any extract from any part of the plant, and every compound, ufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its acts, including salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the s, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical gnation;	*
class spec Com num The	thetic substances, derivatives, or their isomers in the chemical structural sees described below in subdivisions $(a)(5)(i)-(a)(5)(x)$ of this section and also diffic unclassified substances in subdivision $(a)(5)(xi)$ of this section. In appears of the structures described in this subdivision $(a)(5)$, regardless of derivatives designation of atomic positions, are included in this subdivision $(a)(5)$, synthetic substances, derivatives, or their isomers included in this subdivision $(a)(5)$ are:	
(i)	Tetrahydrocannabinols:	
((A) Tetrahydrocannabinols, including without limitation the following:	*:
	a) Delta-1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol [other name(s): Delta-9 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol], and its optical isomers;	*:

(a) In addition to any substance placed in Schedule VI by the Secretary of the Department of Health

	b)	Delta-6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol [other name(s): Delta-8 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol], and its optical isomers;	**
	c)	Delta- 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol [other name(s): Delta-6a,10a cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol], and its optical isomers;	**
	d)	Delta-10 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;	***
	e)	Delta-8 tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester;	***
	f)	Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester;	***
	g)	Delta-6a,10a, tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester;	***
	h)	Delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester; and,	***
	i)	A product derived from industrial hemp that was produced as a result of a synthetic chemical process that converted the industrial hemp or a substance contained in industrial hemp into Delta-8, Delta-9, Delta 6a,10a, or Delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol including their respective acetate esters.	***
(E	dru Ad	onabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a ag product approved by the United States Food and Drug lministration is not a tetrahydrocannabinol under this subdivision (5)(i);	**
ii)	nap the cyc (4- ind	othoylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-chthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane by substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the lole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl g to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A	A)JW	7H-007, or 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(E	3) JW	7H-015, or 1-Propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(C	C) JW	7H-018, or 1-Propyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	
(D)JW	7H-019, or 1-Hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(E	E) JW	7H-073, or 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(F) JW	7H-081, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(0	i)JW	7H-098, or 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(F	H) JW	H-122, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(I)) JW	H-164, or 1-pentyl-3-(7-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
(J)) JW	TH-200, or 1-[2-(4-morpholiny)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl) indole;	**
(K	()JW	H-210, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
		TH-398, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole;	

((M) AM-2201, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((N) MAM2201, or (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)-methanone;	**
((O) EAM2201, or (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(4-ethyl-1-naphthalenyl)-methanone; and	**
((P) THJ-2201, or [1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl](naphthalen-1-yl)methanone;702	24-(7-2019)
(iii)	indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl) methane by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	
((A) JWH-175, or 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane; and	**
((B) JWH-184, or 1-Pentyl-1H-3-yl-(4-methyl-1-naphthyl)methane;	**
(iv)	Naphthoylpyrroles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent, including without limitation JWH-307, or (5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-pentylpyrrol-3-yl)-naphthalen-1-ylmethanone;	*
(v)	Naphthylmethylindenes, or any compound structurally derived from 1-(1-napthylmethyl)indene with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent, including without limitation JWH-176, or E-1-[1-(1-Naphthalenylmethylene)-1H-inden-3-yl]pentane;	**
(vi)	Phenylacetylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-phenylacetylindole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
((A) JWH-201, or 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)ethanone;	**
((B) JWH-203, or 1-Pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole;	**
((C) JWH-250, or 1-Pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole;	**

(D) JWH-251, or 1-Pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl) indole; and	**
(E) RCS-8, or 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2- methoxyphenylacetyl)indole;	**
(vii) Cyclohexylphenols, or any compound structurally derived from 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol by substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A) CP 47,497 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol;	**
(B) Cannabicyclohexanol or CP 47,497 C8 homologue, or 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol; and	**
(C) CP 55,940, or 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl]-phenol;	**
(viii) Benzoylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from a 3- (benzoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A) AM-694, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole;	**
(B) RCS-4, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole;	**
(C) WIN-48,098 or Pravadoline, or (4-Methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-y]methanone;	**
(D) AM-2233, or 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole; and	**
(E) RCS-4 (C4 homologue) or (4-methoxyphenyl)(1-butyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-methanone;	**
(ix) Adamantoylindoles, or Adamantoylindazoles, including Adamantyl Carboxamide Indoles and Adamantyl Carboxamide Indazoles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-adamantoyl) indole, 3-(1-adamantoyl) indazole, or 3-(2-adamantoyl)indole by substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indole or indazole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cyanoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl,cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the indole or indazole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the adamantly ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A) AM-1248, or 1-adamantyl-[1-[(1-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]indol-3-yl]methanone;	**
y i pinomanono,	

	(B) AB-001, or 1-adamantyl-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)methanone;	**
	(C) JWH-018 adamantyl carboxamide, or 1-pentyl-N-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide [other name(s): 2NE1, moved in Schedule VI in 2020]	**
	(D) AKB-48, or N-(1-adamantyl)-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	**
	(E) 5F-AKB-48, or N-((3s,5s,7s)-adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	7049**
	(F) STS-135, or N-(1-adamantyl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indole-3-carboxamide;	**
(x)	Tetramethylcyclopropylcarbonylindoles or any compound structurally derived from 3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylcarbonyl) indole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl,haloalkyl, alkenyl, cyanoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, (N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
	(A) UR-144, or (1-pentylindol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(B) XLR-11, or [1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(C) A-796,260, or [1-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl](2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(D) 5-Chloro-UR-144, or ([-(5-chloropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl](2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(E) 5-Bromo-UR-144, or [1-(5-bromopentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl](2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone; and	**
	(F) A-834,735, or 1-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
(xi	Unclassified Synthetic Cannabinoids, including without limitation the following:	**
	(A) CP 50556-1 hydrochloride, or [(6S,6aR,9R,10aR)-9-hydroxy-6-methyl-3-[(2R)-5-phenylpentan-2-yl]oxy-5,6,6a,7,8,9,10,10a-octahydrophenanthridin-1-yl] Acetate;	**
	(B) HU-210, or (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol;	**
	(C) HU-211, or Dexanabinol,(6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol;	**
	(D) Dimethylheptylpyran or DMHP:	**

(E) WIN55,212-2, or 2,3-Dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl-1-naphthalenylmethanone;	**
(F) URB597, or [3-(3-carbamoylphenyl)phenyl] N-Cyclohexylcarbamate;	**
(G) URB754, or 6-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-1-benzoxazin-4-one	e; **
(H) CB-13, or 1-naphthalenyl[4-(pentyloxy)-1 naphthalenyl]-methanone;	**
a) URB602, or cyclohexyl N-(3-phenylphenyl)carbamate;	**
(I) PB-22, or quinolin-8-yl 1-(5-pentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate;	
(J) 5F-PB-22, or quinolin-8-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxyla	
(K) BB-22, or quinolin-8-yl 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxyla	
(L) NNEI (MN-24), or N-1-naphthalenyl-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxam**	
(M) 5F-NNEI, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(naphthalene-1-yl)-1H-indole carboxamide;	
(N) 5-Fluoro-AMB, or n-[[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-valine methyl ester	L- 7033-(9-2018)
(O) MMB-CHMICA,or methyl-(1-cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbon L-valinate	nyl)- 7044-(9-2018)
(P) 5-Fluoro-ADB, or methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H- indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate;	7034-(11-2018)
(Q) 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PICA, or methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3 carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	
(R) MDMB-CHMICA, or methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H- indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate;	
(S) FUB-AMB, or methyl 2-(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate;	7021-(11-2018)
(T) MDMB-FUBINACA, or methyl 2-(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3 carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate;	
(U) AB-PINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H indazole-3-caroboxamide;	
(V) AB-CHMINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	7031-(7-2019)
(W) MAB-CHMINACA, or N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	• /
(X) AB-FUBINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	(9-2018)

(Y) ADB-PINACA, or N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;(9-2018
(Z) 5F-CUMYL-PINACA, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide7083-(6-2020
(AA) ADB-FUBINACA, or N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide 7010-(4-2021
(BB) 4-Fluoro-MDMB-BUTINACA, or methyl(S)-2-(1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate; 7043-(4-2021
(CC) 5F-AB-PINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide 7025-(5-2022
(DD) 4-CN-CUMYL-BUTINACA, or 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide 7089 –(5-2022
(EE) 5F-CUMYL-P7AICA, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine-3-carboxamide 7085-(5-2022
(FF) NM2201, or Naphthalen-1-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate 7221-(5-2022
(GG) 5F-EDMB-PINACA, or Ethyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate 7030
(HH) FUB-144, or (1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl) methanone; 7014
(II) FUB-AKB48, or N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide; 704
(JJ)MDMB-4en-PINACA, or Methyl 3,3-dimethyl-2-(1-(pent-4-en-1-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)butanoate;
(KK) CH-PIATA, or N-cyclohexyl-2-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)acetamide.
(6) A synthetic substance, derivative, or its isomers with:
(i) Similar chemical structure to any substance described in subdivisions (a)(1)- (a)(5) of this section; or*
(ii) Similar pharmacological effects to any substance described in subdivisions (a)(1)-(a)(5) of this section. ***
(b) However, except as provided under subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary shall not delete a controlled substance listed in this section from Schedule VI.
(c) A prescription drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. § 355 is excluded from Schedule VI unless the secretary objects under § 5-64-201.
*-Scheduled before April, 1979.
**-Schedule VI is revised to conform to Act 329 of 2013

- *** Schedule VI is revised further to conform to Act 629 of 2023. Each substance added to the Controlled Substances List pursuant to Act 629 of 2023 shall have the following effective dates:
 - (a) For persons who are under twenty-one (21) years of age, the effective date shall be the effective date of Act 629 of 2023; and,
 - (b) For persons who are twenty-one (21) years of age or older, the effective date shall be August 1, 2023.

**** Pursuant to ongoing litigation, and a preliminary injunction against enforcing Act 629 of 2023, the changes made to the List of Controlled Substances pursuant to Act 629 of 2023 are not enforceable until a final order issued in the matter, Bio Gen, LLC, et al. v. Sarah Huckabee Sanders, et al., Case No. 4:23-CV-00718-BRW, Central Division, Eastern District of Arkansas, United States District Court.



List Of Controlled Substances



For the State Of Arkansas Pursuant to the provisions of Arkansas Code Annotated § 5-64-201 and § 5-64-216 of the laws of the State of Arkansas, the Secretary of the Arkansas Department of Health or duly authorized agent, as specified by law, is giving public notice of the publication of the List of Controlled Substances for the State of Arkansas.

Due consideration has been given applicable federal regulations, current scientific knowledge regarding the listed substances, the evidence of actual or relative potential for abuse, the history and current patterns of abuse, the risk to the public health, and potential to produce psychic or psychological dependence liability.

Based on these considerations the attached listing of the Schedule of Controlled Substances and the corresponding drugs that are included in each schedule is hereby promulgated by the Secretary of the Arkansas Department of Health as the List of Controlled Substances for the State of Arkansas.

Each controlled substance or basic class thereof has been assigned an "Administration Controlled Substance Code Number" for purposes of identification. These numbers are for internal management and are used as a means to identify substances with complex and cumbersome chemical names.

Next to the code number is the date the substance was placed in schedule by the Secretary of the Arkansas Department of Health. A "*" denotes the substance was scheduled prior to April, 1979.

I, Shane David, Pharm.D., Section Chief of Pharmacy Services for the Arkansas Department of Health, do hereby certify that the documents attached hereto are true and correct copies of the current List of Controlled Substances adopted by the Arkansas State Board of Health in accordance with Arkansas state law.

	Shane David, Pharm.D., Branch Chief Pharmacy Services Section
STATE OF ARKANSAS)	
COUNTY OF SALINE)	
I, Marci Middleton, do hereby certif me and signed the above referenced	fy that Shane David, Pharm.D., well known to me, appeared before document.
Sworn and subscribed to bef	ore me this day of ,
	Notary Public

My commission expires

ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

LIST OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

SECTION I AUTHORITY

The following scheduling of these controlled substances has been hereby promulgated pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated §5-64-201 and §5-64-216.

SECTION II PURPOSE

Due consideration has been given applicable Federal regulations, current scientific knowledge regarding the listed substances, the evidence of actual or relative potential for abuse, the history and current patterns of abuse, the risk to the public health, and potential to produce psychic or psychological dependence liability.

SECTION III GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

(Attached copy of the listing of scheduling of controlled substances)

SECTION IV REPEAL

All lists of schedules of controlled substances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

CERTIFICATION

		of the Board hel Public Hearing		,
••••	 	0		nt of Health Buildi
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ARTICLE II

SCHEDULE I

- (a) Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or substance has been assigned the DEA Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.
- (b) <u>Opiates: (Narcotic Drugs)</u> Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, salts is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of 3-methylthiofentanyl only, the term isomer includes the optical and geometric isomers):

(1) A	cetylmethadol	9601*
(2) A	llylprodine	9602*
	lphacetylmethadol (except Levo-alphacetylmethadol (LAAM)	
(4) A	lphameprodine	9604*
(5) A	.lphamethadol	9605*
	enzethidine	
	etacetylmethadol	
(8) B	etameprodine	9608*
(9) B	etamethadol	
(10)	Betaprodine	
(11)	Dextromoramide	9613*
(12)	Diampromide	9615*
(13)	Diethylthiambutene	
(14)	Difenoxin	9168*
(15)	Dimenoxadol	
(16)	Dimepheptanol	9618*
(17)	Dimethylthiambutene	9619*
(18)	Dioxaphetyl butyrate	9621*
(19)	Dipipanone	9622*
(20)	Ethylmethylthiambutene	9623*
(21)	Etoxeridine	9625*
(22)	Furethidine	9626*
(23)	Hydroxypethidine	9627*

(24)	Ketobemidone	9628*
(25)	Levomoramide	9629*
(26)	Levophenacylmorphan	9631*
(27)	Morpheridine	9632*
(28)	MPPP [other name(s): (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine)]	9661-(10-1985)
(29)	Noracymethadol	9633*
(30)	Norlevorphanol	
(31)	Normethadone	
(32)	Norpipanone	9636*
(33)	PEPAP [other name(s): 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4 acetyloxypiper-idine] - 9	9663-(10-1985)
(34)	Phenadoxone	9637*
(35)	Phenampromide	
(36)	Phenomorphan	
(37)	Phenoperidine	9641*
(38)	Piritramide	
(39)	Proheptazine	9643*
(40)	Properidine	
(41)	Propiram	9649*
(42)	Racemoramide	9645*
(43)	Tilidine	
(44)	Trimeperidine	9646*
(45)	Acetyl norfentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N-4-piperidinyl-acetamide]	(4-2017)
(46) di	AH-7921 [other name(s): 3,4-dichloro- <i>N</i> -[(1-imethylamino)cyclohexylmethyl]benzamide]	-9551-(4-2017)
	W-18 [other name(s): 1-(4-nitrophenylethyl)piperidylidene-2-(4-nlorophenyl)sulfonamide]	(4-2017)
	W-15 [other name(s): 1-phenylethylpiperidylidene-2-(4-nlorophenyl)Sulfonamide]	(4-2017)
(49)	MT-45 [other name(s): 1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine]	9560-(4-2017)
(50) N	U-47700 [other name(s): trans-3,4-dichloro-N-(2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl)-methylbenzamide]	9547-(4-2017)
	Fentanyl-related substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of omers, esters and ethers. Fentanyl-related substance means any substance not therwise listed, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section	ı

	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that is turally related to fentanyl by one or more of the following modifications:	(4-2021)
(i)	Replacement of the phenyl portion of the phenethyl group by any monocycle, whether or not further substituted in or on the monocycle;	
(ii)	Substitution in or on the phenethyl group with alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;	
(iii)	Substitution in or on the piperidine ring with alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, ester, ether, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;	
(iv)	Replacement of the aniline ring with any aromatic monocycle whether or not further substituted in or on the aromatic monocycle; or	
(v)	Replacement of the N-propionyl group by another acyl group.	
(vi)	Fentanyl-related substances shall include, but are not limited to:	
(.	A) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-[1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide)]	9815-(2-1986)
(-	B) Alpha-methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl] propronanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4(N-propanilido)piperidine)]	- 9814-(6-1982)
(C) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl(N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	- 9832-(2-1986)
(.	D) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)]	- 9830-(2-1986)
(.	E) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl [other name(s): N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropamamide]	- 9831-(2-1986)
	F) 3-Methylfentanyl [other name(s): (N-[3-Methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-Phenylpropanamide)]	9813-(10-1985)
(G) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide)	- 9833-(2-1986)
(H) Para-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): (N-[4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenenthyl)-4-piperindinyl]propananmide]	9812-(11-1986)
(I) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamid	
(.	J) Acetyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	9821-(4-2017)
(.	K) Butyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutyramide]	
(L) Beta-hydroxythiofentanyl [other name(s): N-{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2yl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-N-phenylpropionamide]	

(M) Acetyl fentanyl 4-methylphenethyl analog [other name(s): N-{1-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenyl-acetamide]	(4-2017)
(N) Valeryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide]	-9840-(4-2017)
(O) Furanyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide]	-9834-(4-2017)
(P) Isobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methyl-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide]	-9827-(4-2017)
(Q) Ocfentanil [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]acetamide]	-9838-(4-2017)
(R) 4-methoxy butyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide]	(4-2017)
(S) Para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide]	-9823-(4-2017)
(T) Acryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide]	9811-(6-2020)
(U) 4-Fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide]	9824-(6-2020)
(V) Tetrahydrofuranyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide]	9843-(6-2020)
(W) Cyclopropyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide]	9845-(4-2021)
(X) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methoxy-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	9825-(4-2021)
(Y) Ortho-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9816-(4-2021)
(Z) Crotonyl fentanyl [other name(s): (E)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbut-2-enamide]	9844-(5-2022)
(AA) Cyclopentyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopentanecarboxamide]	9847-(5-2022)
(BB) Para-chloroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide]	9826-(5-2022)
(CC) Para-methoxybutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide]	9837-(5-2022)
(DD) Beta-methyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-phenylpropyl) piperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9856-(5-2022)
(EE) Beta'-phenyl fentanyl [other name: N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N,3-diphenylpropanamide]	9842-(5-2022)

	(FF) fluo	2'-Fluoro ortho-fluorofentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(2-rophenethyl)piperidin-4-yl)-N-(2-fluorophenyl)propionamide]	9855-(5-2022)
	(GG) pipe	4'-Methyl acetyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-(4-methylphenethyl) ridin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide]	9819-(5-2022)
	(HH) (1-p	Ortho-fluorobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-henethylpiperidin-4-yl)butyramide]	9846-(5-2022)
		no-methyl acetylfentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-methylphenyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)acetamide]	-9848-(5-2022)
		no-methyl methoxyacetyl fentanyl [other name(s): 2-methoxy-N-(2-nylphenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)acetamide]	9820-(5-2022)
	(KK) pher	Para-methylfentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)propionamide]	9817-(5-2022)
	(LL)	Phenyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-nylbenzamide]	
	(MM) N-pl	Thiofuranyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-nenylthiophene-2-carboxamide]	9839-(5-2022)
	(NN) yl)(p	Fentanyl carbamate [other name(s): ethyl(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-phenyl)carbamate]	9851-(5-2022)
	(OO) pher	Ortho-fluoroacryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-nethylpiperidin-4-yl)acrylamide]	9852-(5-2022)
	(PP) N-(1	Ortho-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(2-fluorophenyl)-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide]	9853-(5-2022)
	(QQ) (1-p	Para-fluoro furanyl fentanyl [other name(s): N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-henethylpiperidin-4-yl)furan-2-carboxamide]	9854-(5-2022)
(52)			
(53)	Brorphin	e	9098
ise su ar A	omers, est obstance, r oproval is ct [21 U.S	dazole-opioid substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of ers and ethers. Benzimidazole-opioid substances includes any not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or in effect under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic J.C. 355], that structurally has benzimidazole ring with an ethylamine tion and benzyl group at its 2-position:	f
(i)) With o	or without substitution on the benzimidazole;	
(ii	i) With o	or without substitution at the ethylamine;	
(ii	ii) With o	or without inclusion of the ethylamine in a cyclic structure;	
(ir	v) With o	or without substitution on the benzyl ring; or	
(v) With o	or without replacement of the benzyl ring with an aromatic ring.	
(v	i) Benzi	midazole-opioid substances shall include but are not limited to:	

	(A)4'-Hydroxy Nitazene;	
	(B) 5-Aminoisotonitazene;	
	(C) Butonitazene;	
	(D) Clonitazene ;	9612 *
	(E) Etodesnitazene, [other name(s): Etazene];	
	(F) Etonitazene ;	9624*
	(G) Flunitazene;	
	(H) Isotonitazene;	9614
	(I) Isotodesnitazene;	
	(J) Metodesnitazene;	
	(K) Metonitazene;	9757
	(L) N-Desethyl Etonitazene;	
	(M) N-Desethyl Isotonitazene;	
	(N) N-Piperidinyl Etonitazene [other name(s): Etonitazepipne];	
	(O) N-Pyrrolidino Etonitazene [other name(s): Etonitazepyne];	
	(P) N-Pyrrolidino Protonitazene; and	
	(Q) Protonitazene.	
sche the	um derivatives: (Narcotic Drugs) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed edule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomersistence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specifically excepted or unless listed edule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specifically excepted or unless listed edule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specifically excepted or unless listed edule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specifically excepted or unless listed edule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specifically excepted or unless listed edule.	ners whenever
(1)	Acetorphine	9319*
(2)	Acetyldihydrocodeine	9051*
(3)		7051
(4)	Benzylmorphine	
(5)	BenzylmorphineCodeine methylbromide	9052*
(5)		9052* 9070*
` ′	Codeine methylbromide	9052* 9070* 9053*
(6)	Codeine methylbromide Codeine-N-Oxide	9052* 9070* 9053* 9054*
(6) (7) I	Codeine methylbromide Codeine-N-Oxide Cyprenorphine	9052* 9070* 9053* 9054* 9055*
(6) (7) 1 (8) 1	Codeine methylbromide Codeine-N-Oxide Cyprenorphine Desomorphine	9052* 9070* 9053* 9054* 9055* 9145*
(6) (7) 1 (8) 1	Codeine methylbromide Codeine-N-Oxide Cyprenorphine Desomorphine Dihydromorphine Drotebanol	9052*9070*9053*9055*9145*9335*
(6) (7) 1 (8) 1 (9) 1	Codeine methylbromide Codeine-N-Oxide Cyprenorphine Desomorphine Dihydromorphine Drotebanol Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt)	9052* 9070* 9053* 9055* 9145* 9335* 9056*

(13)	Methyldesorphine	9302*
(14)	Methyldihydromorphine	9304*
(15)	Morphine methylbromide	9305*
(16)	Morphine methylsulfonate	9306*
(17)	Morphine-N-Oxide	9307*
(18)	Myrophine	9308*
(19)	Nicocodeine	
(20)	Nicomorphine	
(21)	Normorphine	
(22)	Pholcodine	
(23)	Thebacon	
(24)	Mitragynine	, , ,
(25)	7-Hydroxymitragynine	(11-2015)
geom	nation (for purposes of this paragraph only, the term "isomer" includes the optical etric isomers): pha-ethyltryptamine	
(1) aij	Some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-	/2 49- (12-1993)
(2) 4	ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl)indole; alpha-ET; and AET. bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine	7201*
(2) 4-	Some trade or other names: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alphamethylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA.	/391
(3) 4-	bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine	7392-(8-1995)
	Some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1 aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B, Nexus.	
(4) 2,	5-dimethoxyamphetamine	7396*
	Some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA.	
(5) 2,	5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine	7399-(3-1988)
	Some trade or other names: DOET.	
(6) 2		
(0) 2,	5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine	7348-(1-2005)

(7) 4	-methoxyamphetamine	7411*
	Some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-alpha- methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA.	
(8) 5	-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine	7401*
(9) 4	-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine	7395*
	Some trade and other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alphamethylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP".	
(10)	3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine	7400*
(11)	3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine	7405-(10-1985)
	Some trade or other names: MDMA)	
(12)	3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine	- 7404-(6-1990)
	Some trade or other names: N- ethy-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA; MDE; MDEA.	
(13)	N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine	- 7402-(6-1990)
	Some trade or other names: N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy) phenethylamine; N-hydroxy MDA	
(14)	3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine	7390*
(15)	5-methoxy-n,n-dimethyltryptamine 5-MeO-DMT	
(16)	alpha-methyltryptamine	- 7432-(7-2005)
	Some trade or other names: AMT	
(17)	Bufotenine	7433*
	Some trade and other names: 3-(beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N,N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine.	
(18)	Diethyltryptamine	· 7434*
	Some trade or other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine;DET.	
(19)	Dimethyltryptamine	····· 7435*
	Some trade or other names: DMT	
(20)	5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine	- 7439-(7-2005)
	Some trade or other names: 5-MeO-DIPT.	
(21)	Ibogaine	· 7260*
	Some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6 beta; 7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1',2': 1,2] azepino [5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe iboga.	
(22)	Lysergic acid diethylamide	7315*

(23)	Mescaline	7381*
(24)	Parahexyl	- 7374-(7-1983)
	Some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl.	
(25)	Peyote	7415 *
	Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; any extract from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts. (Interprets 21 USC 812 (c), Schedule I (c) (12)).	
(26)	N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate	
(27)	N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate	
(28)	Psilocybin	
(29)	Psilocyn	
(30)	Ethylamine Analog of phencyclidine	7455*
	Some trade or other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; PCE.	
(31)	Pyrrolidine Analog of phencyclidine	7458*
	Some trade or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine; PCPy; PHP	
(32)	Thiophene Analog of phencyclidine	7470*
	Some trade or other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl] Piperidine; 2-Thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP.	
(33)	1-[1-(2-Thienyl)cylcohexyl]pyrrolidine	- 7473-(9-1989)
	Some other trade or other names: TCPy.	
(34)	N,N-Diallyl-5-Methoxytryptamine;	(6-2012)
	Some trade or other names: 5-MeO DALT; 5-Methoxy-DALT	
(35)	2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine; 5C-NBOMe	
(36)	2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl) methyl]ethanamine; 5I-NBOMe	(8-2013)
(37)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-E	7509-(11-2013)
(38)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-D	7508-(11-2013)
(39)	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-C	7519-(11-2013)
(40)	2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-I	7518-(11-2013)
(41)	2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine; 2C-T-2	7385-(11-2013)

	(42)	2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine; 2C-T-4	7532-(11-2013)
	(43)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-H	7517-(11-2013)
	(44)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine; 2C-N	7521-(11-2013)
	(45)	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine; 2C-P	7524-(11-2013)
	(46) N	2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)ethanamine; 25B-BOMe	(9-2018)
		2-[[[2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-phenol; 25B-BOH	(11-2018)
	(48)	2-[[[2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-phenol; 25I-NBOH-	(11-2018)
	(49) 25	2-(4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl) methyl]ethanamine; 5E-NBOMe	(7-2019)
	(50) N	2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl) methyl]ethanamine; 25H-BOMe	(7-2019)
		2-[[[2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]- phenol; 25C-BOH	(7-2019)
	(52)	2-[[[2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]methyl]-phenol; 25H-NBOH	(7-2019)
	(53)	1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine	1245-(5-2022)
		Some trade or other names: Para-methoxymethamphetamine; PMMA	
	(54)	2-(ethylamino)-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexan-1-one	7286
		Some trade or other names: Methoxetamine; MXE	
(e)	comp depre when	essants: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any nound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following subsessant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts ever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the ical designation:	tances having a of isomers
	hy ar	amma-hydroxybutyric acid [other name(s): GHB; gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-ydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxydutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate], nd its known precursors and analogs. Precursors include but are not limited to:	-2010-(2-2001)
	(2) N	Mecloqualone	2572*
	(3) M	lethaqualone	2565*
	es of	enzodiazepine substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers sters and ethers. Benzodiazepine substances includes any substance, not therwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect ander section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355],	,

on the 1,4-diazepine or benzene ring, any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any combination thereof. Benzodiazepine substances shall include but are not limited to:

(i)	Bromazolam;		

(ii)	Clonazolam;		(4-2021))
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- (iii) Flualprazolam:-----(4-2021)
- (iv) Flubromazepam; -----(4-2021)
- (v) Flubromazolam; -----(4-2021)
- (vi) Phenazepam; -----(6-2012)
- (vii) Phenazolam [other name(s): Clobromazolam].
- (5) Thienodiazepine substances, their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers. Thienodiazepine substances includes any substance, not otherwise listed or excepted, and for which no exemption or approval is in effect under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.S.C. 355], that structurally has a fused 1,4-diazepine and thiophene ring structure with a phenyl connected to the 1,4-diazepine ring, with any substitution(s) or replacement(s) on the 1,4-diazepine or thiophene ring, any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any combination thereof. Thienodiazepine substances shall include but are not limited to:
 - (i) Etizolam ----- (12-2014)

(f) Stimulants:

(1) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

(i)	Cathinone	 	 1235-((3-1988)
(1)	Cammone	 	1233-((3-1766)

- (ii) (<u>+</u>) CIS-4-Methylaminorex [(<u>+</u>)CIS-4,5-dihydro-4- methyl-5-phenyl-2- oxazolamine] ------ 1590-(6-1990)
- (iii) Fenethylline ------ 1503-(9-1981)
- (iv) N-Benzylpiperazine------ 7493-(1-2005) Some trade or other names: BZP, 1-Benzylpiperazine
- (v) N-ethylamphetamine ----- 1475-(6-1982)
- (vi) N-[1-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers ------ 9818-(2-1986)
- (vii) N-[1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropan-mide (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers ------ 9834-(2-1986)

	(viii)	N,N-Dimethylamphetamine [other name(s): N,N,Alpha-trimethylbenzeneethanamine; N,N,Alpha-trimethylphenethylamine], its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers	1480-(2-1989)
	(ix)	Methcathinone (some other names: 2-Methylamine-Proprophenone, alpha (methylamino)- Proprophenone, 2 (methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one, alpha-N-Methylaminopropiophenone, monomethylpropion, ephedrone, N-methylcathinone, methycathinone, AL-464, AL-422, AL-463 and UR-1431), its salts, optical isomers and salts of optical isomers	1237-(12-1993)
	(x)	Aminorex [other name(s): aminoraphen, 2-amino-5 phenyl-2-oxazoline, or 4,5 dihyrdo-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine], its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers	1585-(12-1993)
		4,4'-Dimethylaminorex some other names: 4,4'-DMAR, 4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolamine, or 4-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,3-oxazol-2-amine	1595-(5-2022)
		Amineptine	
		Mesocarb	
	(xiv)	Methyl-N-ethylcathinone (MEC)	(6-2014)
	(xv)	Methiopropamine. [other name(s): N-methyl-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-2-amine]	1478
(2)	indire chemiconta follow existe speci	material, compound, mixture, or preparation, whether produced directly or ectly from a substance of vegetable origin or independently by means of ical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, that ins any quantity of the following substances, or that contains any of the wing substances' analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the ence of the analogs, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the fic chemical designation, with the following chemical structure is included in dule I:	ı
	(i)	4-Methylmethcathinone (Mephedrone)	1248-(3-2011)
	(ii)	Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV)	(3-2011)
	(iii)	3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (Methylone	7540-(3-2011)
	(iv)	4-Methoxymethcathinone	(3-2011)
	(v)	3-Fluoromethcathinone	(3-2011)
	(vi)	4-Fluoromethcathinone	(3-2011)
	(vii)	1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-methylamino)butan-1-one-(Butylone)	7541-(11-2014)
	(viii)	Alpha-Pyrrolidinopentiophenone (Alpha-PVP)	7545-(11-2015)
	(ix)	4-methyl-N-ethylcathinone (4-MEC)	-1249-(9-2018)
	(x)	4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (4-MePPP)	-7498-(9-2018)
	(xi)	2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpentan-1-one (Pentedrone)	-1246-(9-2018)

(XII) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(methylamino)pentan-1-one (Pentylone; bk-MBDP)	7542-(9-2018)
(xiii) 4-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (4-FMC, Flephedrone)	,
(xiv) 3-fluoro-N-methylcathinone (3-FMC)	
(xv) 1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)pentan-1-one (Naphyrone)	1258-(9-2018)
(xvi) Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone ([Alpha]-PBP)	
(xvii)A compound, unless listed in another schedule or a legend drug, that is structurally derived from 2-Amino-phenyl-1-propanone by modification or by substitution:	
(A) In the phenyl ring to any extent with alkyl, alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, haloalkyl or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the phenyl ring by one (1) or more other univalent substituents;	
(B) At the 3-position with an alkyl substituent; or	
(C) At the nitrogen atom with alkyl or dialkyl groups, or by inclusion of the nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.	
(xviii) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)pentan-1-one (N-Ethylpentylone	e) 7543-(7-2019)
(:)1(121 1: 15 1)2(11 1:)	
(xix) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)propan-1-one (Ethylone)	7547-(4-2021)
(xix) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)propan-1-one (Ethylone)(xx) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (Eutylone)	
	7549-(4-2021)
(xx) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (<u>Eutylone</u>)(xxi) 2-(ethylamino)-1-phenylhexan-1-one [other name(s): (N-Ethylhexedrone;	7549-(4-2021) 7246
 (xx) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (<u>Eutylone</u>)	7549-(4-2021) 7246 7544
 (xx) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (<u>Eutylone</u>)	7549-(4-2021) 7246 7544 7245
 (xx) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (<u>Eutylone</u>)	7549-(4-2021) 7546 7544 7245
 (xx) 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (Eutylone)	7549-(4-2021)7246754472457548

SCHEDULE II

- (a) Schedule II shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or substance has been assigned the Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.
- (b) Narcotic Drugs: Substances, vegetable origin or chemical synthesis. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances whether produced directly or

indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate excluding apomorphine, thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, naldemedine, nalmefene, naloxegol, naloxone, 6β-naltrexol, naltrexone and samidorphan, and their respective salts, but including the following:

(i) Raw opium	
(ii) Opium extracts	
(iii) Opium fluid extracts	
(iv) Powdered opium	9639*
(v) Granulated opium	9640*
(vi) Tincture of opium	9630*
(vii) Codeine	9050*
(viii) Dihydroetorphine	9334*
(ix) Ethylmorphine	9190*
(x) Etorphine hydrochloride	9059*
(xi) Hydrocodone	9193*
(xii) Hydromorphone	
(xiii) Metopon	
(xiv) Morphine	9300*
(xv) Oripavine	
(xvi) Oxycodone	
(xvii)Oxymorphone	9652*
(xviii) Thebaine	9333*
(xix) Tapentadol	9780-(5-2009)
(xx) Noroxymorphone	9668-(4-2021)

- (2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (b) (1) of this section, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.*
- (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.*
- (4) Coca leaves (9040) and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, (including cocaine (9041) and ecgonine (9180) and their salts, isomers, derivatives and salts of isomers and derivatives), and any salt, compound,

	any of these substances, except that the substances shall not include:	
	(i) Decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves, which extraction not contain cocaine or ecgonine;	is do
	(ii) [123I]ioflupane; or	
	(iii) [18F]FP-CIT.	
	Concentrate or poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy),	
followhe	ates: (Narcotic Drugs) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another sclewing opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, never the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within nical designations:	esters and ethers
(1)	Alfentanil	9737-(2-1987)
(2)	AlfentanilAlphaprodine	9010*
(3)	Anileridine	9020*
(4)	Bezitramide	9800*
(5)	Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (non-dosage forms)	9273-(9-1981)
(6)	Carfentanil	9743-(9-1988)
(7)	Dihydrocodeine	9120*
(8)	Diphenoxylate	9170*
(9)	Fentanyl	9801*
(10)		
(11)	Levo-alphacetylmethadol (LAAM)	9648-(12-1993)
(12)	Levomethorphan	9210*
(13)	Levorphanol	9220*
(14)	Metazocine	9240*
(15)	Methadone	9250*
(16)	Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane	9254*
(17)	Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-	
ĺ	carboxylic acid	9802*
(18)	Pethidine (Meperidine)	9230*
(19)	Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine	9232*
(20)	Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate	9233*

	(21)	Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid	9234*
	(22)	Phenazocine	9715*
	(23)	Piminodine	9730*
	(24)	Racemethorphan	9732*
	(25)	Racemorphan	9733*
	(26)	Remifentanil	9739-(11-1996)
	(27)	Sufentanil	
	(28)	Thiafentanil	
	(29)	Oliceridine	
	(30)	Tianeptine	(5-2022)
(a)	comp	clants: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, around, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following lant effect on the central nervous system: Imphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers	substances having a
		ethamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers	
		sdexamefetamine	
	(4) Pł	nenmetrazine and its salts	1631*
	(5) M	ethylphenidate	1724*
(e)	depres when	essants: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, abound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following sant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and sever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible wincal designation:	substances having a salts of isomers
	(1) A	mobarbital	2125*
	(2) G	lutethimide	2550-(2-1991)
	(3) Pe	entobarbital	2270*
	(4) Pl	nencyclidine	7471*
	(5) Se	ecobarbital	2315*
(f)	Hallu	cinogenic Substances:	
	(1) N	abilone	7379-(11-1987)
		[Other name(s) for nabilone: (±)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10, hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one].	10a-

	U.S	nabinol in an oral solution in a drug product approved for marketing by the . Food and Drug Administration; [(-)-delta-9-trans-ahydrocannabinol(delta-9-THC)]	-7365-(7-2019)
(g)		iate Precursor: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another sched, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the followies:	
	(1) Imn	nediate precursor to Amphetamine and Methamphetamine:	
	(i)	Phenylacetone	8501-(3-1980)
		Some trade or other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl Ketone; methyl benzyl Ketone.	
	(2) Imn	nediate precursor to Phencyclidine (PCP):	
	(i)	1-phenylcyclohexylamine	7460*
	(ii)	1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC)	8603*
	(3) Imn	nediate precursor to Fentanyl:	
	(i)	4-anilino-N-phenethylpiperidine (ANPP)	8333*(8-2010)
	(ii)	N-phenyl-N-(piperidin-4-yl)propionamide (norfentanyl)	8366-(4-2021)
<u>SC</u>	<u>HEDUI</u>	<u>LE III</u>	
(a)	usual na	le III shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drugs assigned the DEA Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.	ug or substance
(b)	compou stimular or geom	ants: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any maind, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers (whether operic), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:	tances having a ptical, position,
	stim prep Sect list	ose compounds, mixtures, or preparations in dosage unit form containing any nulant substances listed in Schedule II which compounds, mixtures, or parations were listed on August 25, 1971, as excepted compounds under tion 308.32, and any other drug of the quantitative composition shown in that for those drugs or which is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of trolled substances————————————————————————————————————	
	(2) Ben	zphetamine	1228*
	(3) Chlo	orphentermine	1645*
	(4) Clo	rtermine	1647*
	(5) Phe	ndimetrazine	1615*

aepres	ssant effect on the central nervous system:	
(1) Ar	ny compound, mixture, or preparation containing:	
(i)	Amobarbital	212
(ii)) Secobarbital	231
(iii		
(iv	y) Embutramide	2020*(9-200
	or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule.	
(2) Ar	ny suppository dosage form containing:	
(i)	Amobarbital	212
(ii)		231
(iii	i) Pentobarbital	227
	or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository.	
	ny substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or y salt thereof	210
(4) Ch	nlorhexadol	251
isc	ny drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, omers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under section of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act	- 2012-(2-20
(6) Ke	etamine. its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers	7285-(7-19
	Some other names for Ketamine: (+-)-2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(Methylamino)-Cyclohexanone.	
(7) Ly	vsergic acid	730
(8) Ly	sergic acid amide	 731
(9) Me	ethyprylon	257
(10)	Sulfondiethylmethane	260
(11)	Sulfonethylmethane	260
(12)	Sulfonmethane	261
(13)	Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof	- 7295-(3-19
	Some trade or other name for a tiletamine- zolazepam combination product: Telazol.	

			Some trade or other names for tiletamine: -2(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-yclohexanone.	
			some trade or other names for zolazepam: -4(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-,3,8,-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e] [1,4,]-diazepin-7(1-H)-one. flupyrazapon.	
	(14	·) P	Perampanel	2261-(11-2013)
(d)	Na	lorpl	nine	9400*
(e)	Na	rcot	tic drugs: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule:	
	(1)	narc	material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following cotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in ted quantities as set forth below:	5
		(i)	Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium	9803*
		(ii)	Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9804*
		(iii)	Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9807*
		(iv)	Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9808*
		(v)	Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 gram or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	
		(vi)	Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts	9810*
	(2)	•	material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following cotic drugs or their salts, as set forth below:	5
		(i)	Buprenorphine(10-02 Transfer)	- 9064-(6-1985)
		(ii)	Reserved	
(f)	cor sal	npou ts, is	ic Steroids: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, and, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substance omers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of isomers is effic chemical designation:	es, including its possible within

(1) Boldenone;	(9-1991)			
(2) Boldione;				
(3) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlortestosterone);				
(4) Clostebol;				
(5) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;	(9-1991)			
(6) Desoxymethyltestosterone	(1-2010)			
(7) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);				
(8) Drostanolone;				
(9) Ethylestrenol;				
(10) Fluoxymesterone;				
(11) Formebulone (formebolone);	(9-1991)			
(12) Mesterolone;	(9-1991)			
(13) Methandienone, also known as Methandrostenolone;	(9-1991)			
(14) Methandranone;	(9-1991)			
(15) Methandriol;				
(16) Methenolone;	(9-1991)			
(17) Methyltestosterone;				
(18) Mibolerone;				
(19) Nandrolone;	(9-1991)			
(20) 19-Nor-4,9(10)-Androstadienedione				
(21) Norethandrolone;				
(22) Oxandrolone;	(9-1991)			
(23) Oxymesterone;	(9-1991)			
(24) Oxymetholone;	(9-1991)			
(25) Stanolone;				
(26) Stanozolol;	(9-1991)			
(27) Testolactone;	(9-1991)			
(28) Testosterone;	(9-1991)			
(29) Trenbolone	(9-1991)			
(30) Prostanozol	(8-2012)			
(31) Methasterone	(8-2012);			
and				

(32) Any salt, ester, or isomer of a drug or substance described or list in this paragraph, if that salt, ester, or isomer promotes muscle growth	(9-1991)		
(g) Exempt anabolic steroid products: Compounds, mixtures, or preparations that contain an anabolic steroid that have been exempted by the Secretary:			
NDC Number			
(1) Andro-Estro 90-4	0536-1605		
(2) Androgyn L.A			
(3) Component E-H in Process Pellets	Ivy Labs Inc.		
(4) Component E-H in Process Granulation	-		
(5) Component TE-S in process Granulation	_		
(6) Component TE-S in process Pellets	Ivy Labs Inc		
(7) depANDROGYN	0456-1020		
(8) Depo-Testadiol			
(9) DEPO-T.E			
(10) depTESTROGEN			
(11) Duomone	52047-360		
(12) DUO-SPAN II			
(13) DURATESTRIN	43797-016		
(14) Essian			
(15) Essian H.S	Pharmaceutics		
(16) Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone, USP (0.625 mg/1.25mg)	Interpharm		
(17) Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone, USP (1.25mg/2.5mg)	Interpharm		
(18) Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone (0.625mg/1.25mg) Tablet	- ANDAPharm		
(19) Esterified Estrogens & Methyltestosterone (1.25mg/2.5mg) Tablet	- ANDAPharm		
(20) Estratest	0032-1026		
(21) Estratest HS	0032-1023		
(22) Menogen	59243-570		
(23) Menogen HS	59243-560		
(24) Methyltestosterone & Esterified Estrogens (2.5mg/1.25Mg)	Lannett Co		
(25) Methyltestosterone & Esterified Estrogens (Half Strength) (1.25mg/0.625mg) -	Lannett Co		
(26) PAN ESTRA TEST	0525-0175		
(27) Premarin with Methyltestosterone	0046-0879		

Premarin with Methyltestosterone ------ 0046-0878

(28)

(29)	Syntest D.S	66576-231
(30)	Stntest H.S	66576-230
(31)	Synovex H in process bulk pellets	Syntex Animal
(32)	Synovex H in process granulation	Syntex Animal
(33)	Synovex Plus in process granulation	Fort Dodge
(34)	Synovex Plus in process bulk pellets	Fort Dodge
(35)	TEST-ESTRO Cypionates	
(36)	Testoderm with Adhesive 4mg/d	
(37)	Testoderm 4mg/d	
(38)	Testoderm 6mg/d	17314-4609
(39)	Testoderm with Adhesive 6mg/d	
(40)	Testoderm in process film	Alza Corp
(41)	Testoderm with Adhesive in process film	Alza Corp
(42)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	54274-530
(43)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	0182-3069
(44)	Testosterone Cyp 50 Estradiol Cyp 2	0814-7737
(45)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	0364-6611
(46)	Testosterone Cypionate/Estradiol Cypionate injection	0402-0257
(47)	Testosterone Enanthate/Estradiol Valerate injection	0182-3073
(48)	Testosterone Enanthate/Estradiol Valerate injection	0364-6618
(49)	Testosterone Enanthate/Estradiol Valerate injection	0402-0360
(50)	Testosterone Ophthalmic Solution	Allergan
(51)	Tilapia Sex Reversal Feed (investigational	Ranger, Inc
	rinary Anabolic Steroid Implant Products: Anabolic steroid products expinistration through implants in cattle or other nonhuman species exempted NDC/DIN	-
(1) (Component E-H	021641-002
(2) (Component E-H	01968327
(3) (Component TE-S	021641-004
(4) (Component T-H	0211641-006
(5) (Component T-S	0211641-005
(6) I	G-TO	00093351

(7) Fi	naplix-H	12799-807-10
(8) Fi	naplix-S	12799-807-07
(9) H	eifer-old	Boehringer
(10)	Heifer-old	Ingelheim
(11)	Heifer-old	Ivy Lab.
(12)	Implus-H	0009-0434-01
(13)	Implus-H	06-0434-01
	01968327	
(14)	Masculinizing Feed for Fish (Invesitigational)	Rangen,Inc.
(14)(15)	Revalor-G	12799-811
` /		12799-811
(15)	Revalor-G	12799-811 12799-810
(15) (16)	Revalor-G	12799-811 12799-810 12799-809 0856-3901
(15) (16) (17)	Revalor-G	12799-811 12799-810 12799-809 0856-3901
(15) (16) (17) (18)	Revalor-G	12799-811 12799-810 12799-809 0856-3901 Syntex

If veterinary products that are granted exempted status are subsequently distributed with the intent that they be used in humans, the distribution would be subject to the criminal sanctions of the CSA despite the drugs' exempted status.

(i) Hallucinogenic substances:

(1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug product ----- 7369-(11-1987)

[Some other names for dronabinol: (6a R-trans)-6a,7,8, 10a-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] phyran-1-ol, or (-)-delta 9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol]

SCHEDULE IV

- (a) Schedule IV shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name or brand name designated, listed in this section. Each drug or substance has been assigned the DEA Controlled Substances Code Number set forth opposite it.
- (b) <u>Narcotic drugs</u>: Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:

(1) Not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit 9167*		
(2) Dextro propoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane) 9278-(11-1987)		
(c) <u>Depressants</u> : Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:		
(1) Alprazolam 2882-(6-1982)		
(2) Barbital 2145*		
(3) Bromazepam 2748-(1-1985)		
(4) Camazepam 2749-(1-1985)		
(5) Chloral betaine2460*		
(6) Chloral hydrate 2465*		
(7) Chlordiazepoxide 2744*		
(8) Clobazam 2751-(1-1985)		
(9) Clonazepam 2737*		
(10) Clorazepate 2768*		
(11) Clotiazepam 2752-(1-1985)		
(12) Cloxazolam 2753-(1-1985)		
(13) Delorazepam 2754-(1-1985)		
(14) Diazepam 2765*		
(15) Dichloralphenazone 2467-(10-2002)		
(16) Estazolam 2756-(1-1985)		
(17) Ethchlorvynol 2540*		
(18) Ethinamate 2545*		
(19) Ethyl loflazepate 2758-(1-1985)		
(20) Fludiazepam 2759-(1-1985)		
(21) Flunitrazepam 2763-(1-1985)		
(22) Flurazepam 2767*		
(23) Fospropofol 2138-(11-2009)		
(24) Halazepam 2762-(6-1982)		
(25) Haloxazolam 2771-(1-1985)		

(26)	Ketazolam	2772-(1-1985)
(27)	Loprazolam	2773-(1-1985)
(28)	Lorazepam	2885*
(29)	Lormetazepam	2774-(1-1985)
(30)	Mebutamate	2800*
(31)	Medazepam	2836-(1-1985)
(32)	Meprobamate	2820*
(33)	Methohexital	2264*
(34)	Methylphenobarbital (mephorbarbital)	2250*
(35)	Midazolam	2884-(1-1985)
(36)	Nimetazepam	2837-(1-1985)
(37)	Nitrazepam	2834-(1-1985)
(38)	Nordiazepam	
(39)	Oxazepam	2835*
(40)	Oxazolam	
(41)	Paraldehyde	2585*
(42)	Petrichloral	
(43)	Phenobarbital	2285*
(44)	Pinazepam	2883-(1-1985)
(45)	Prazepam	
(46)	Quazepam	2881-(11-1986)
(47)	Temazepam	2925-(9-1981)
(48)	Tetrazepam	2886-(1-1985)
(49)	Triazolam	2887-(7-1983)
(50)	Zaleplon	2781-(9-1999)
(51)	Zolpidem	2783-(12-1993)
(52)	Zopiclone	2784-(1-2006)
(53)	Alfaxalone	2731-(2-2014)
(54)	Carisoprodol	8192-(4-1997)
(55)	Tramadol	9752-(8-2007)
(56)	Suvorexant	2223-(8-2014)
(57)	Brexanolone	2400-(4-2021)
(58)	Lemborexant	2245-(4-2021)

(59) Remimazolam	2846-(5-2022)
(60) Daridorexant	2410
(d) <u>Stimulants</u> : Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the follow stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers (w or geometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:	ving substances having a hether optical, position,
(1) Cathine ((+)-Norpseudeophedrine	
(2) Diethylpropion	1610*
(3) Fencamfamin	
(4) Fenproporex	
(5) Lorcaserin	
(6) Mazindol	
(7) Mefenorex	1580-(3-1988)
(8) Modafinil	1680-(1-1999)
(9) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof)	1530*
(10) Phentermine	
(11) Pipradrol	1750-(9-1981)
(12) Serdexmethylphenidate	1729
(13) Sibutramine	1675-(2-1998)
(14) Solriamfetol	1650-(4-2021)
(15) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2,diphenylethane)	1635-(9-1981)
(e) <u>Other substances</u> : Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another scompound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the follow including its salts; isomers whether optical, position, or geometric), and salts whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible.	ving substances, of such isomers,
(1) Pentazocine	9709-(4-1979)
(2) Butorphanol	9720-(4-1997)
(3) Nalbuphine	(4-1997)
(4) Eluxadoline	9725-(4-2017)

SCHEDULE V

(a) Schedule V shall consist of the drugs and other substances by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) **Narcotic Drugs:** Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs and their salts, as set forth below.

Reserved

(c) Narcotic drugs containing nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients. Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts thereof, which shall include one or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:
(1) Not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams*
(2) Not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams*
(3) Not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams*
(4) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit*
(5) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams*
(6) Not more than 0.5 milligrams of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit*
(d) <u>Stimulants</u> : unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:
(1) Pyrovalerone 1485-(3-1988)
(2) Ephedrine:a -{-(Methylamino)ethyl}benzene-methanol; (10-1995)
a-{-(methylamino) ethyl} benzyl alcohol; 2-methylamino-1-phenyl-1-propanol; 1-phenyl-1-hydroxy-2-methylaminopropane; 1-phenyl-2-methylaminopropanol; a - hydroxy-b-methylaminopropylbenzene; a product which occurs in the Chinese herb Ma Huang (Ephedra vulgaris, Ephedra sinica Stapf., Ephedra equisetina Bunge, Gnetaceae) in several other Ephedra spp.
(3) Phenylpropanolamine(7-2005)

Pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 5-64-212 as amended in 2005, this Schedule V classification shall NOT apply to any ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine in liquid, liquid capsule, or liquid gel capsule form. However, sales limits mandated by statute shall apply to all products with ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine as a listed ingredient regardless of the dosage form.

(4) Pseudoephedrine ----- (7-2005)

(e)	material	ants: Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another so, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the follow depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers,	wing substances
	(1) Preg	abalin [(S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid	- 2782-(1-2006)
	(2) Laco	osamide	- 2746-(5-2009)
	(3) Briv	aracetam	- 2710-(4-2017)
		niditan	
		obamate	
	(6) Gana	axolone	2401
(f)	Other s	substances:	
	(1) Non	e.	
<u>SC</u>	HEDUL	E VI ****	
	by a con substance salts, isc Schedule	y from a substance of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical phination of extraction and chemical synthesis, that contains any quantity of theses, or that contains any of their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the owners, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation of VI:	the following existence of the in, is included in
	(2) Tetra	ahydrocannabinols, unless the tetrahydrocannabinol is:	**
	(i)	Contained in hemp-derived cannabidiol;	
	(ii)	Not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol in the hemp-derived cannabidiol on a dry weight basis as verified by a nationally accredited laboratory for quality, purity and accuracy standards; and	(6-2020) ***
	(iii)	Not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for marketing as a medication;	(6-2020)
	(3) A sy	nthetic equivalent of:	
	(i)	The substance contained in the Cannabis plant; or	**
	(ii)	The substance contained in the resinous extractives of the genus Cannabis;	**
	class the p	ia divinorum or Salvinorin A, which includes all parts of the plant presently sified botanically as Salvia divinorum, whether growing or not, the seeds of plant, any extract from any part of the plant, and every compound, ufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its	

	salts, ison	ncluding salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the ners, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical on;	**
(5)	classes de specific un Compoun numerical	substances, derivatives, or their isomers in the chemical structural scribed below in subdivisions $(a)(5)(i)-(a)(5)(x)$ of this section and also nclassified substances in subdivision $(a)(5)(xi)$ of this section. ds of the structures described in this subdivision $(a)(5)$, regardless of designation of atomic positions, are included in this subdivision $(a)(5)$. etic substances, derivatives, or their isomers included in this subdivision	
	(i) Tetr	ahydrocannabinols:	
	(A) Te	trahydrocannabinols, including without limitation the following:	**
	a)	Delta-1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol [other name(s): Delta-9 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol], and its optical isomers;	**
	b)	Delta-6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol [other name(s): Delta-8 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol], and its optical isomers;	**
	c)	Delta- 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol [other name(s): Delta-6a,10a cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol], and its optical isomers;	**
	d)	Delta-10 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;	***
	e)	Delta-8 tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester;	***
	f)	Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester;	***
	g)	Delta-6a,10a, tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester;	
	h)	Delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol acetate ester; and,	***
	i)	A product derived from industrial hemp that was produced as a result of a synthetic chemical process that converted the industrial hemp or a substance contained in industrial hemp into Delta-8, Delta-9, Delta 6a,10a, or Delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol including their respective acetate esters.	***
	dr Ac	conabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a superpoduct approved by the United States Food and Drug Iministration is not a tetrahydrocannabinol under this subdivision (5)(i);	**
	na the cy (4- ine rin	hthoylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-phthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane by substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the dole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ag to any extent, including without limitation the following:	
	(A)JV	/H-007, or 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**

((B) JWH-015, or 1-Propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl) indole;	**
((C) JWH-018, or 1-Propyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	
((D) JWH-019, or 1-Hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((E) JWH-073, or 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((F) JWH-081, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((G) JWH-098, or 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((H) JWH-122, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((I) JWH-164, or 1-pentyl-3-(7-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((J) JWH-200, or 1-[2-(4-morpholiny)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl) indole;	**
((K) JWH-210, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl) indole;	**
((L) JWH-398, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole;	
((M) AM-2201, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole;	**
((N) MAM2201, or (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)-methanone;	
((O) EAM2201, or (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(4-ethyl-1-naphthalenyl)-methanone; and	**
((P) THJ-2201, or [1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl](naphthalen-1-yl)methanone;7	024-(7-2019)
(iii)	Naphthylmethylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from an H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl) methane by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
((A) JWH-175, or 1-Pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane; and	**
((B) JWH-184, or 1-Pentyl-1H-3-yl-(4-methyl-1-naphthyl)methane;	**
(iv)	Naphthoylpyrroles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent, including without limitation JWH-307, or (5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-pentylpyrrol-3-yl)-naphthalen-1-ylmethanone;	**
(v)	Naphthylmethylindenes, or any compound structurally derived from 1-(1-napthylmethyl)indene with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-	

methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent, including without limitation JWH-176, or E-1-[1-(1-Naphthalenylmethylene)-1H-inden-3-yl]pentane;	**
(vi) Phenylacetylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from 3- phenylacetylindole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N- methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A) JWH-201, or 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)ethanone;	**
(B) JWH-203, or 1-Pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole;	**
(C) JWH-250, or 1-Pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole;	
(D) JWH-251, or 1-Pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl) indole; and	**
(E) RCS-8, or 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2- methoxyphenylacetyl)indole;	**
(vii) Cyclohexylphenols, or any compound structurally derived from 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol by substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A) CP 47,497 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol;	**
(B) Cannabicyclohexanol or CP 47,497 C8 homologue, or 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol; and	**
(C) CP 55,940, or 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl]-phenol;	**
(viii) Benzoylindoles, or any compound structurally derived from a 3- (benzoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
(A) AM-694, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole;	**
(B) RCS-4, or 1-Pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole;	**
(C) WIN-48,098 or Pravadoline, or (4-Methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-y]methanone;	**

	(D) AM-2233, or 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole; and	**
	(E) RCS-4 (C4 homologue) or (4-methoxyphenyl)(1-butyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-methanone;	**
(ix)	Adamantoylindoles, or Adamantoylindazoles, including Adamantyl Carboxamide Indoles and Adamantyl Carboxamide Indazoles, or any compound structurally derived from 3-(1-adamantoyl) indole, 3-(1-adamantoyl) indazole, or 3-(2-adamantoyl)indole by substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indole or indazole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cyanoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl,cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the indole or indazole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the adamantly ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
	(A) AM-1248, or 1-adamantyl-[1-[(1-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]indol-3-yl]methanone;	
	(B) AB-001, or 1-adamantyl-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)methanone;	**
	(C) JWH-018 adamantyl carboxamide, or 1-pentyl-N-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide [other name(s): 2NE1, moved in Schedule VI in 2020]	
	(D) AKB-48, or N-(1-adamantyl)-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	**
	(E) 5F-AKB-48, or N-((3s,5s,7s)-adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	7049**
	(F) STS-135, or N-(1-adamantyl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indole-3-carboxamide;	**
(x)	Tetramethylcyclopropylcarbonylindoles or any compound structurally derived from 3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylcarbonyl) indole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl,haloalkyl, alkenyl, cyanoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, (N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, including without limitation the following:	**
	(A) UR-144, or (1-pentylindol-3-yl)-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(B) XLR-11, or [1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(C) A-796,260, or [1-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl](2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**
	(D) 5-Chloro-UR-144, or ([-(5-chloropentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl](2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;	**

(E) 5-Bromo-UR-144, or [1-(5-bromopentyl)-1H-indol-3-yl](2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone; and**
(F) A-834,735, or 1-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone;**
(xi) Unclassified Synthetic Cannabinoids, including without limitation the following:**
(A) CP 50556-1 hydrochloride, or [(6S,6aR,9R,10aR)-9-hydroxy-6-methyl-3- [(2R)-5-phenylpentan-2-yl]oxy-5,6,6a,7,8,9,10,10a- octahydrophenanthridin-1-yl] Acetate;**
(B) HU-210, or (6aR,10aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol;*
(C) HU-211, or Dexanabinol,(6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol;*
(D) Dimethylheptylpyran or DMHP;**
(E) WIN55,212-2, or 2,3-Dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinylmethyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl-1-naphthalenylmethanone;**
(F) URB597, or [3-(3-carbamoylphenyl)phenyl] N-Cyclohexylcarbamate;*
(G) URB754, or 6-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-1-benzoxazin-4-one;*
(H) CB-13, or 1-naphthalenyl[4-(pentyloxy)-1 naphthalenyl]-methanone;*
a) URB602, or cyclohexyl N-(3-phenylphenyl)carbamate;**
(I) PB-22, or quinolin-8-yl 1-(5-pentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate;**
(J) 5F-PB-22, or quinolin-8-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate;*
(K) BB-22, or quinolin-8-yl 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate;*
(L) NNEI (MN-24), or N-1-naphthalenyl-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide; **
(M) 5F-NNEI, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(naphthalene-1-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide;**
(N) 5-Fluoro-AMB, or n-[[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-L-valine methyl ester 7033-(9-2018
(O) MMB-CHMICA,or methyl-(1-cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl)- L-valinate 7044-(9-2018
(P) 5-Fluoro-ADB, or methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H- indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate; 7034-(11-2018)
(Q) 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PICA, or methyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate 7041-(11-2018)

(R) MDMB-CHMICA, or methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H- indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate;	7042-(11-2018)
(S) FUB-AMB, or methyl 2-(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate;	7021-(11-2018)
(T) MDMB-FUBINACA, or methyl 2-(1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate;	7020-(11-2018)
(U) AB-PINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-caroboxamide;	7023-(7-2019)
(V) AB-CHMINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1- (cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	7031-(7-2019)
(W) MAB-CHMINACA, or N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl) 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;)- (11-2014)
(X) AB-FUBINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	(9-2018)
(Y) ADB-PINACA, or N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	(9-2018)
(Z) 5F-CUMYL-PINACA, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	7083-(6-2020)
(AA) ADB-FUBINACA, or N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	
(BB) 4-Fluoro-MDMB-BUTINACA, or methyl(S)-2-(1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate;	- 7043-(4-2021)
(CC) 5F-AB-PINACA, or N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	- 7025-(5-2022)
(DD) 4-CN-CUMYL-BUTINACA, or 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide	7089 –(5-2022)
(EE) 5F-CUMYL-P7AICA, or 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine-3-carboxamide	
(FF) NM2201, or Naphthalen-1-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate	- 7221-(5-2022)
(GG) 5F-EDMB-PINACA, or Ethyl 2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate	
(HH) FUB-144, or (1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl) methanone;	7014
(II) FUB-AKB48, or N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;	7047
(JJ)MDMB-4en-PINACA, or Methyl 3,3-dimethyl-2-(1-(pent-4-en-1-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)butanoate:	-

- (KK) CH-PIATA, or N-cyclohexyl-2-(1-pentylindol-3-yl)acetamide.
- (6) A synthetic substance, derivative, or its isomers with:
 - (i) Similar chemical structure to any substance described in subdivisions (a)(1)(a)(5) of this section; or ------**
 - (ii) Similar pharmacological effects to any substance described in subdivisions (a)(1)-(a)(5) of this section. -----**
- (b) However, except as provided under subsection (c) of this section, the Secretary shall not delete a controlled substance listed in this section from Schedule VI.
- (c) A prescription drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. § 355 is excluded from Schedule VI unless the secretary objects under § 5-64-201.
 - *-Scheduled before April, 1979.
 - **-Schedule VI is revised to conform to Act 329 of 2013.
 - *** Schedule VI is revised further to conform to Act 629 of 2023. Each substance added to the Controlled Substances List pursuant to Act 629 of 2023 shall have the following effective dates:
 - (a) For persons who are under twenty-one (21) years of age, the effective date shall be the effective date of Act 629 of 2023; and,
 - (b) For persons who are twenty-one (21) years of age or older, the effective date shall be August 1, 2023.
 - **** Pursuant to ongoing litigation, and a preliminary injunction against enforcing Act 629 of 2023, the changes made to the List of Controlled Substances pursuant to Act 629 of 2023 are not enforceable until a final order issued in the matter, Bio Gen, LLC, et al. v. Sarah Huckabee Sanders, et al., Case No. 4:23-CV-00718-BRW, Central Division, Eastern District of Arkansas, United States District Court.

Arkansas Department of Health



4815 West Markham Street • Little Rock, Arkansas 72205-3867 • Telephone (501) 661-2000

Governor Sarah Huckabee Sanders Renee Mallory, RN, BSN, Secretary of Health Jennifer Dillaha, MD, Director

PUBLIC COMMENT REPORT **Proposed Rules Pertaining to the List of Controlled Substances in Arkansas**

PUBLIC COMMENTS:

Public comment period expired January 29, 2024. A public hearing was held at the Department of Health, 4815 W. Markham St., Little Rock, Arkansas on January 22, 2024. A notice of the public comment period and the public hearing was posted in newspaper on December 22, 2023, December 23, 2023, and December 24, 2023. In addition, a second notice was also posted in the newspaper on December 30, 2023, December 31, 2023, and January 1, 2024, extending the public comment period to January 29, 2024.

The Department received approximately fourteen comments, written and verbal, during the public comment period. All of the noted comments received indicated concerns and conveyed information regarding the scheduling of xylazine, specifically concerns recommending an exemption for veterinary use. (Comments received are attached.)

AGENCY RESPONSE:

Upon review and consideration of the concerns raised by members of the public and industry professionals the Department is withdrawing its proposed scheduling of xylazine and will proceed with the remaining proposed amendments to the List of Controlled Substances.

The Department will further review the potential scheduling of xylazine, to include any input or recommendations from the Drug Enforcement Administration or other experts, as well as potential exemption for legitimate veterinary use before the next proposed amendments to the List are presented.

Shane David

From: Shane David

Sent: Wednesday, January 10, 2024 1:15 PM

To: Kate Williams

Cc: Laura Shue (ADH); S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH)

Subject: RE: Xylazine

Good afternoon Dr. Williams,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Kate Williams <katewilliamsdvm@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, January 9, 2024 5:19 PM

To: Shane David <Shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Re: Xylazine

You don't often get email from katewilliamsdvm@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

Shane,

Please see attached background information pertaining to xylazine.

I recommend that the Arkansas Dept of Health Pharmacy shadow the language in the Support Act to keep xylazine in the hands of veterinarians as federal law allows and to not schedule on the state level this very important veterinary use drug as a CS Schedule III.

Veterinarians are not the source of the illegal use of xylazine, illegal raw ingredients (powdered raw xylazine) in the hands of drug cartels when mixed with fentanyl, etc are the source of the illegal drug. Why make it more difficult for veterinarians to procure, store or use a "veterinary use only" FDA approved drug within their daily practices. Additionally, since xylazine is a veterinary use drug, the CS scheduling could entice legitimate manufacture of xylazine for sale to veterinarians to stop due to overwhelming government oversight. There is no other drug to replace xylazine in the veterinary market. Since surrounding states (OK) have currently exempt xylazine from scheduling for veterinarians, (I think LA and TN are working on legislation as well), I recommend the state of AR mirror the Support Act language to keep xylazine off the CS list and within the hands of the veterinarians.

Once again, I appreciate your attention in this matter and I am available as needed to answer questions regarding the Xylazine scheduling and concerns within the veterinary community.

Kate Williams, DVM (479) 633-1317

On Tue, Jan 9, 2024 at 1:10 PM Kate Williams < katewilliamsdvm@gmail.com > wrote: Shane,

I am reaching out to you regarding the Arkansas Department of Health, Pharmacy Services issuance of a meeting notice on 1/23/2024 regarding xylazine. Xylazine is a very important drug for use in veterinary medicine used for sedation, anesthesia and analgesia in animals such as horses, cattle and other animals. Can you assist me with understanding of the Ar Department of Health's proposed plan to schedule Xylazine as CS III in the state of Arkansas? I am a member of the Arkansas Veterinary Medical Association and serve on the American Veterinary Medical Association, House of Delegates representing Arkansas. After participating in proposed legislation of xylazine on the federal level, I would like to understand the proposal for the upcoming meeting since any action/recommendation will impact the veterinarians in the state of Arkansas.

Please feel free to call me at (479) 633-1317 or via email, katewilliamsdvm@gmail.com. I appreciate your time and look forward to hearing from you.

Kate Williams, DVM, MS

Medical Director/Veterinarian
St Francis Animal Hospital
121 Virginia St
Springdale, AR 72764
cell: 479-633-1317
katewilliamsdvm@gmail.com
sfahdvm@gmail.com

Xylazine: an essential animal sedative used across veterinary medicine



Veterinary access to legitimate xylazine must be preserved while combating the emerging public health threat of illicit xylazine

KEY POINTS:

- Xylazine is an essential drug for the safe handling of many species, particularly cattle, given there is no practical alternative for sedation in cattle.
- Any legislative or regulatory interventions to combat illicit xylazine need to safeguard the availability of veterinary prescription xylazine and its responsible use by veterinarians and our clients.
- Scheduling of xylazine without a provision for its unique uses in veterinary medicine will severely disrupt or eliminate the legitimate supply and prohibit critical uses of the drug.
- The AVMA supports public health efforts and policy intended to combat illicit xylazine.

What is the issue?

- Illicit xylazine is being mixed with illicit fentanyl. This
 potent drug combination poses grave health and
 safety risks for humans.
- As policy is crafted to help stop the illicit supply, we are concerned that new enforcement tools could severely impact the legal and responsible access and use of xylazine by veterinarians and our clients.
- <u>Limiting veterinary access to xylazine will jeopardize</u> animal welfare and human safety.

Why is xylazine so important in veterinary medicine?

- Xylazine is a prescription animal sedative used to facilitate safe medical evaluation, treatment, and surgical care of many species and is critical when working with livestock, zoo, laboratory, and wildlife species.
- In cattle, xylazine is the <u>only</u> safe and effective sedative drug.
- Xylazine can be reversed in veterinary patients, which prevents secondary injuries and allows them to quickly and safely re-enter the herd or the wild.

How is xylazine currently regulated for veterinary use?

- Xylazine is an FDA-approved prescription animal drug that can only be used by or under the order of a licensed veterinarian and can only be dispensed in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice.
- Federal and state laws require all prescription drugs (for people and animals) to be distributed only to those who are legally entitled to obtain and possess them, and veterinarians are required to keep extensive records.
- Manufacturers and distributors have established internal compliance systems to ensure they are only providing products to those legally entitled to them.

Why is the AVMA concerned about scheduling of xylazine without addressing the unique veterinary uses?

- Without legislation from Congress, the AVMA is concerned the DEA will move to schedule xylazine without a veterinary exemption which would limit how veterinarians are able to use the drug.
- Additionally, without federal legislative and regulatory uniformity, some states will individually regulate xylazine creating a patchwork of rules and regulations for manufacturers and distributors to navigate, increasing the likelihood for supply disruption.
- Xylazine is a low-volume, low-margin generic animal drug. If the regulatory burden or facility investments are too high, these manufacturers will likely choose to discontinue production.
- It is our understanding that there is not significant diversion of xylazine from U.S. veterinary supply channels. In discussions with the Administration, federal agencies, and state law enforcement, illicit manufacturing and importation of xylazine from overseas is commonly raised as a concerning source.

Xylazine: an essential animal sedative used across veterinary medicine



What type of legislation would the AVMA support?

- The AVMA would support legislation that exempts the legitimate veterinary uses from any policy interventions, such as scheduling. This has been done before for an animal drug and will strike the right balance of protecting communities from illicit xylazine while maintaining critical veterinary access.
- The AVMA supports continued FDA-oversight of xylazine in non-human species as a <u>prescription</u> animal drug.
- The AVMA supports requiring manufacturers and distributors of legitimate xylazine to report sales to the DEA through an existing tracking system (ARCOS) that identifies unusual activity or changes in ordering patterns.

Status of current xylazine legislation:

- Xylazine language was included in H.R. 4531, the Support for Patients and Communities
 Reauthorization Act, which recently passed the
 House with overwhelming bipartisan support on a
 vote of 386-37. The included provision schedules
 xylazine as a Schedule III drug and exempts the FDAapproved veterinary product and its use from
 scheduling. The Senate will now consider the House
 version of the bill.
- Additionally, H.R. 1839/S. 993 Combating Illicit Xylazine Act is a bipartisan, bicameral bill that would help combat illicit xylazine trafficking while maintaining veterinarians' access under its current prescription status.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Colin MacCarthy

Phone: 202-641-2533Cell: 202-641-2533 FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: 07/19/2023

(WASHINGTON, DC) July 19, 2023 — The House Energy and Commerce Committee passed the SUPPORT Act - a legislative package aimed to address the growing threat of the opioid crisis, which includes key components of the AVMA-endorsed Combating Illicit Xylazine Act. After sustained advocacy efforts from the AVMA, the language within the SUPPORT Act would schedule xylazine as a Schedule III drug while exempting from scheduling the FDA-approved animal drug, which means that veterinarians will be able to use it as they always have under federal law.

Illicit xylazine has now been found across the country mixed with fentanyl and other narcotics. This potent drug combination poses grave health and safety risks to human users. In veterinary medicine, xylazine is an important prescription sedative used to facilitate the safe handling and treatment of many species and is particularly important for use in cattle, horses, wildlife, and research species.

In both the House and Senate, the AVMA helped develop, introduce, and build support for the bipartisan <u>Combating Illicit Xylazine Act.</u> In this bill, anyone involved with the manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or possession of xylazine with the intent to traffic for human use would be subject to Schedule III penalties under the federal Controlled Substances Act. At the same time, the legitimate veterinary uses would remain under their current prescription status.

The AVMA remains supportive of the approach taken in both the SUPPORT Act and the Combating Illicit Xylazine Act as they both equip the DEA with resources to address illicit xylazine while maintaining veterinary access to the animal drug at its current prescription status under the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

"The House Energy and Commerce Committee advancing key components of the Combating Illicit Xylazine Act represents months of collaborative work between the AVMA, congressional offices, federal agencies, and other stakeholders," said Dr. Rena Carlson, AVMA President. "The AVMA appreciates the dedication lawmakers have demonstrated to address the public health crisis of illicit xylazine while at the same time understanding how essential the animal sedative is to veterinary medicine. On behalf of the veterinary community, we are incredibly appreciative of the strong leadership demonstrated by Reps. August Pfluger, Jimmy Panetta, Gus Bilirakis, and Ken Buck, and Senators Catherine Cortez Masto, and Chuck Grassley - the steadfast congressional champions of this legislation that protects public health and animal welfare. Thank you to Chairwoman Cathy McMorris Rodgers and Ranking Member Frank Pallone for their bipartisan support in recognizing the need to advance this legislation as part of the Committee's public health initiatives. This policy strikes a well-balanced approach and the AVMA will continue its efforts in both chambers to ensure this policy is signed into law."

Reps. Pfluger, Panetta, Bilirakis, and Buck issued the following statements:

"The drug crisis in our country is becoming more tragic by the day, with drug traffickers turning to an important veterinary tranquilizer to make drugs more addictive—and more deadly," said Rep. Plufger. "I am proud that the SUPPORT Act builds upon my legislation with Rep. Panetta to address illicit xylazine use while protecting access to the critical drug for veterinary use."

"The rise of xylazine-adulterated fentanyl threatens public health and public safety in communities throughout our country," said Rep. Panetta. "After seeing the threat start to grow, I authored the bipartisan Combating Illicit Xylazine Act to take a proactive and targeted approach to regulating xylazine's use in veterinary medicine while ensuring that our law enforcement has the tools they need to prevent its abuse. We just took another important step forward in this fight, and I'll continue to work alongside my partners both in and out of Congress to deliver the urgent action needed to confront this crisis head-on."

"Our goal is to save lives and to make sure law enforcement has the tools it needs to respond appropriately to those who are making these deadly concoctions that are killing so many of our neighbors," said Rep. Bilirakis. "At the same time, we must ensure that those veterinarians who are using xylazine for legitimate purposes have the ability to continue doing so. Our legislation strikes that right balance."

"The opioid epidemic has taken far too many lives across our country, including in my own home state of Colorado. Adding the deadly fentanyl adulterant xylazine to the Controlled Substances Act would save lives and prevent needless opioid overdoses," said Rep. Buck. "The Combating Illicit Xylazine Act would give law enforcement the tools necessary to stop this drug from wreaking havoc in our most vulnerable communities while also protecting the rights of veterinarians and cattlemen to use xylazine legally."

About the AVMA

Serving more than 100,000 member veterinarians, the AVMA is the nation's leading representative of the veterinary profession, dedicated to improving the health and wellbeing of animals, humans and the environment. Founded in 1863 and with members in every U.S. state and territory and more than 60 countries, the AVMA is one of the largest veterinary medical organizations in the world. Informed by our members' unique scientific training and clinical knowledge, the AVMA supports the crucial work of veterinarians and advocates for policies that advance the practice of veterinary medicine and improve animal and human health.

Shane David

From: Shane David

Sent: Wednesday, January 10, 2024 5:05 PM

To: Everett Rogers

Cc: S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH); Laura Shue (ADH)

Subject: RE: Xylazine Pharmacy Board Regulation

Good afternoon Dr. Rogers,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Everett Rogers <everettrogers@hotmail.com>

Sent: Wednesday, January 10, 2024 4:30 PM To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Cc: Arkansas VMA <arkansasvma@comcast.net>; Everett Rogers <everettrogers@hotmail.com>

Subject: Xylazine Pharmacy Board Regulation

You don't often get email from everettrogers@hotmail.com. Learn why this is important

Mr. David,

Attached please find a PDF letter for public comment regarding proposed changes in the Controlled Substance List for Xylazine hearing on January 23, 2024.

Sincerely,
Everett Rogers, DVM, President
Arkansas Veterinary Medical Association
1404 Clover Circle
Paragould, AR 72450-4868
(870) 236-0778
everetetrogers@hotmail.com

January 10, 2024

Arkansas Department of Health Center for Health Protection, Pharmacy Services Section

Ref: Proposed changes in the Controlled Substance List Summary (Final) 002: "10. Xylazine. Xylazine is utilized in veterinarian medicine and would be included into Schedule III. Schedule III,(c), (15)."

The Arkansas Veterinary Medical Association would urge that the commercially available xylazine, for veterinary use, be exempted from being listed as a Schedule III drug when being "dispensed or prescribed for, or administration to, a nonhuman species of a drug containing xylazine that has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.A. 360b)".

The Veterinary Medical Profession is well aware of and concerned about the illicit use of xylazine. The drug cartels intercept powdered bulk supplies of the product in transit to legitimate production facilities. This powdered product is then mixed with other illicit drugs which are sold on the streets. However, the commercially available xylazine used by veterinary practitioners is a liquid injectable product, which cannot be used to mix with illicit street drugs and is not the source of the illicit use of xylazine. Our profession supports efforts to end the illicit use of all drugs, including xylazine. We would urge and support the criminalization of the illicit use of xylazine punishable as a felony offense.

Xylazine is an essential tool used by veterinary practitioners for the sedation of many species, especially large animals, in order to humanely and safely perform diagnostic and surgical procedures. There are no practical alternatives for sedation in food animals. This drug is a low volume, low margin generic animal drug. If the regulatory burden is too high, the few manufacturers of this product will likely choose to stop production. This would prove disastrous to livestock producers and to food animal veterinary practitioners.

Currently, there are two pieces of federal legislation being considered: HR1839/S993 "Combating Illicit Xylazine Act" and HR4531 "Support for Patients and Communities Reauthorization Act" both of which exempt the FDA approved veterinary product and its use from scheduling and maintain its prescription status. The American Veterinary Medical Association supports both of these pieces of legislation.

Everett Rogers, DVM, President Arkansas Veterinary Medical Association 1404 Clover Circle Paragould, AR 72450-4868

Shane David

From: Shane David

Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2024 10:39 AM

To: Lindy O'Neal

Cc: Laura Shue (ADH); Charles Thompson (ADH); S.Craig Smith

Subject: RE: Veterinary Xylazine Use

Good morning Dr. O'Neal,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Lindy O'Neal < lindyoneal.dvm@gmail.com> Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2024 10:33 AM

To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Veterinary Xylazine Use

You don't often get email from lindyoneal.dvm@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

Hello Mr. David,

My name is Lindy O'Neal, and I am a small animal practitioner in Northwest Arkansas. I own two animal hospitals in Rogers, AR.

I am writing today to offer a perspective regarding the xylazine scheduling and offer support for a veterinary exemption. Right now two neighboring states, Louisiana & Tennessee, have passed a waiver to keep veterinary use of xylazine not-scheduled. The ideal situation would be for Arkansas to also waive xylazine scheduling for veterinary use.

The xylazine problem stems from the powdered form that is coming from Mexico in large quantities (20 pound packages). The veterinary form is a liquid, sold in small quantities of 10, 20 or 50mL bottles. There is no way that the liquid veterinary drug could play a significant part in today's xylazine use problem because it would take SO much of the liquid to convert to powder.

While human medicine does not use this medication, veterinarians count on this mediation on a daily basis. Thankfully, small animal medicine has developed newer medications so I don't personally rely on this medication on a daily basis. But there is NO other approved drug equal to xylazine for use in bovine. If this becomes more highly regulated, the manufacturers within the US may discontinue production of the xylazine due to costs and regulatory burdens. Our cattle industry is struggling enough as it is, please help us by preventing a new barrier for them.

Please let me know if you'd like to talk, I can make myself available. I have attached a document that is more eloquent with wording than I am. Please take time to review it and ask questions if you have any.

Sincerely,

Lindy O'Neal, DVM 1203 S. 43rd Street Rogers, AR 72758

w. 479.335.1400 c. 501.580.5420 /https://www.amcrogers.com/

Xylazine: an essential animal sedative used across veterinary medicine



Veterinary access to legitimate xylazine must be preserved while combating the emerging public health threat of illicit xylazine

KEY POINTS:

- Xylazine is an essential drug for the safe handling of many species, particularly cattle, given there is no practical alternative for sedation in cattle.
- Any legislative or regulatory interventions to combat illicit xylazine need to safeguard the availability of veterinary prescription xylazine and its responsible use by veterinarians and our clients.
- Scheduling of xylazine without a provision for its unique uses in veterinary medicine will severely disrupt or eliminate the legitimate supply and prohibit critical uses of the drug.
- The AVMA supports public health efforts and policy intended to combat illicit xylazine.

What is the issue?

- Illicit xylazine is being mixed with illicit fentanyl. This
 potent drug combination poses grave health and
 safety risks for humans.
- As policy is crafted to help stop the illicit supply, we are concerned that new enforcement tools could severely impact the legal and responsible access and use of xylazine by veterinarians and our clients.
- <u>Limiting veterinary access to xylazine will jeopardize</u> animal welfare and human safety.

Why is xylazine so important in veterinary medicine?

- Xylazine is a prescription animal sedative used to facilitate safe medical evaluation, treatment, and surgical care of many species and is critical when working with livestock, zoo, laboratory, and wildlife species.
- In cattle, xylazine is the <u>only</u> safe and effective sedative drug.
- Xylazine can be reversed in veterinary patients, which prevents secondary injuries and allows them to quickly and safely re-enter the herd or the wild.

How is xylazine currently regulated for veterinary use?

- Xylazine is an FDA-approved prescription animal drug that can only be used by or under the order of a licensed veterinarian and can only be dispensed in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice.
- Federal and state laws require all prescription drugs (for people and animals) to be distributed only to those who are legally entitled to obtain and possess them, and veterinarians are required to keep extensive records.
- Manufacturers and distributors have established internal compliance systems to ensure they are only providing products to those legally entitled to them.

Why is the AVMA concerned about scheduling of xylazine without addressing the unique veterinary uses?

- Without legislation from Congress, the AVMA is concerned the DEA will move to schedule xylazine without a veterinary exemption which would limit how veterinarians are able to use the drug.
- Additionally, without federal legislative and regulatory uniformity, some states will individually regulate xylazine creating a patchwork of rules and regulations for manufacturers and distributors to navigate, increasing the likelihood for supply disruption.
- Xylazine is a low-volume, low-margin generic animal drug. If the regulatory burden or facility investments are too high, these manufacturers will likely choose to discontinue production.
- It is our understanding that there is not significant diversion of xylazine from U.S. veterinary supply channels. In discussions with the Administration, federal agencies, and state law enforcement, illicit manufacturing and importation of xylazine from overseas is commonly raised as a concerning source.

Xylazine: an essential animal sedative used across veterinary medicine



What type of legislation would the AVMA support?

- The AVMA would support legislation that exempts the legitimate veterinary uses from any policy interventions, such as scheduling. This has been done before for an animal drug and will strike the right balance of protecting communities from illicit xylazine while maintaining critical veterinary access.
- The AVMA supports continued FDA-oversight of xylazine in non-human species as a <u>prescription</u> animal drug.
- The AVMA supports requiring manufacturers and distributors of legitimate xylazine to report sales to the DEA through an existing tracking system (ARCOS) that identifies unusual activity or changes in ordering patterns.

Status of current xylazine legislation:

- Xylazine language was included in H.R. 4531, the Support for Patients and Communities
 Reauthorization Act, which recently passed the
 House with overwhelming bipartisan support on a
 vote of 386-37. The included provision schedules
 xylazine as a Schedule III drug and exempts the FDAapproved veterinary product and its use from
 scheduling. The Senate will now consider the House
 version of the bill.
- Additionally, H.R. 1839/S. 993 Combating Illicit Xylazine Act is a bipartisan, bicameral bill that would help combat illicit xylazine trafficking while maintaining veterinarians' access under its current prescription status.

From: Shane David

Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2024 4:45 PM

To: Rene' LaVergne

Cc: Laura Shue (ADH); S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH)

Subject: RE: Xylazine for veterinary use

Good afternoon Dr. LaVergne,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Rene' LaVergne <cajundvm@gmail.com>
Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2024 4:24 PM
To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Xylazine for veterinary use

You don't often get email from cajundvm@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

To whom it may concern:

I stand with my veterinary colleagues in asking that Xylazine for prescriptive purposes be preserved and under the direction of a licensed veterinarian with an established doctor, client patient relationship. This drug is the only sedative for safe handling of cattle, and in my small animal hospital, is valuable for the sedation of an injured animal, where general anesthesia is not a viable option.

We are in favor of scheduling the elicit use, diversion of the powder form, mixed with other elicit drugs and sold on the streets. All elicit drug trade poses a threat to our human youth. Our concern is that this valuable drug in the hands of a licensed veterinarian is vital. If the schedule is applied, manufacturers will discontinue production, which will critically affect the safety of cattle producers, veterinarians and the animals themselves.

Please consider following the proposed federal statute that classifies the drug (from elicit channels), while preserving the legitimate veterinary prescriptive use.

Thank you for fighting the good fight,

Rene' LaVergne, DVM Pinnacle Valley Westrock Animal Hospital 501-878-7375

From: Shane David

Sent: Thursday, January 18, 2024 11:55 AM

To: Yahoo Mail

Cc: S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH); Laura Shue (ADH)

Subject: RE: Xylazine

Good morning Dr. Helms,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Yahoo Mail <gatewayanimals@sbcglobal.net>

Sent: Wednesday, January 17, 2024 7:32 PM
To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Xylazine

You don't often get email from gatewayanimals@sbcglobal.net. Learn why this is important

January 17, 2024

Arkansas Department of Health Center for Health Protection, Pharmacy Services Section

Ref: Proposed changes in the Controlled Substance List concerning Xylazine

Dear Mr. David and whoever else that may be concerned:

I have been a mixed animal practice owner and a predominately large animal veterinarian in the Great State of Arkansas for over 28 years. My practice utilizes Xylazine on a daily basis, whether it be to sedate a small companion animal, a horse, a cow or any other farm animal species. Xylazine is an economical and safe drug for use as a chemical restraint agent.

I believe most veterinary practitioners are fully aware of the abuse of Xylazine within the illicit drug trade. Most of what I read states that the Xylazine creating the abusive drug problem is not coming from veterinary channels; therefore, how is restricting Xylazine in veterinary medicine going to decrease the illicit human abuse of this product? Restricting Xylazine, will in fact, create more work for veterinarians by requiring stricter documentation of when and where it is administered. Without easy access to Xylazine many animals may be made to suffer if an economical alternative can not be secured.

If extra restrictions are placed on Xylazine, it will most likely drive the cost of this product up placing greater financial burdens on both pet and farm animal owners.

Again I ask the question; if the illicit product that is being abused is not believed to be coming from veterinary channels, then how is restricting Xylazine going to decrease the number of human overdoses?

Classifying Xylazine as a controlled substance simply does not make any sense because it will not stop nor will it decrease the human abuse problem.

Sincerely,

Roger Helms, DVM Gateway Animal Clinic 3219 Hwy 67B North Walnut Ridge, AR 72466 870-759-1031 870-886-6704 GatewayAnimals@sbcglobal.net

From: Shane David

Sent: Thursday, January 18, 2024 12:12 PM

To: Darren McVay
Subject: RE: Xylazine

Good afternoon Dr. McVay,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Darren McVay <dmcvay865@gmail.com>
Sent: Wednesday, January 17, 2024 9:06 PM
To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Xylazine

You don't often get email from dmcvay865@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

To whom it may concern.

Veterinarians have long been entrusted as an integral part of ensuring the safety of this nation's (and the world's) food supply. As a practicing food animal veterinarian, I do not take this responsibility lightly. We work hard to continually improve our quality of medicine, and thus positively affect the welfare of all animals entrusted to our care. Veterinarians have non-regulatory, self-imposed bans on medications which we honor and abide by: the voluntary ban on aminoglycosides in food animals. I believe these clearly prove veterinarians have the safety of the public as an utmost priority. The fact that obtaining xylazine for illicit use is outside the veterinary channels indicates no veterinary wrongdoing and should negate any and all efforts to impose needless, burdensome regulations on law abiding veterinarians. Furthermore, increased regulation would likely lead to decreased use by veterinarians, leading to decreased demand, which may very well lead manufacturers to either cease production or increase price incrementally. Ceasing production would remove the ONLY licensed product for chemical restraint of cattle, which is a serious welfare issue. Price increases must be passed on to clients, which places an undue financial burden on the public. These unintended consequences and collateral fallout alone far outweigh any rational attempt to proceed with or even logically consider increased regulation on veterinary xylazine use and would be an egregious leap backward for animal welfare, not forward progress. Any effort in regulating xylazine should specifically exempt veterinary use. The fact that Arkansas is experiencing a shortage of large animal veterinarians is a widely known problem. Xylazine regulation in an individual state will be a repulsion to attracting potential veterinarians interested in practicing in Arkansas, not a draw to our state. This will further compound our large animal shortage. This is yet another negative unintended consequence. When we step back and look at the big picture of illicit xylazine use, the veterinarian is absolutely nowhere in the picture. As a governing body, I

would hope your interest would be to stand with and support the veterinarian, not to oppose the veterinarian and impose burdensome regulations that will have no effect on its intended purpose,

Sincerely, Darren McVay DVM

From: Shane David

Sent: Monday, January 22, 2024 4:21 PM

To: Michelle Bufkin Horton

Cc: Laura Shue (ADH); S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH); Connie Melton

Subject: RE: Comment Letter for the Proposed Rule Change - Controlled Substance List

Good afternoon Mr. Bufkin,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Michelle Bufkin Horton <michelle@arbeef.org>

Sent: Monday, January 22, 2024 3:52 PM
To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Comment Letter for the Proposed Rule Change - Controlled Substance List

You don't often get email from michelle@arbeef.org. Learn why this is important

David,

Attached you will find the comment letter from the Arkansas Cattlemen's Association addressing SUMMARY OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO RULES PERTAINING TO THE LIST OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES FOR THE STATE OF ARKANSAS.

Thank you for the opportunity to submit comments. Please let me know if I can provide any more information to you.

Kindly,

Michelle Bufkin Horton

Executive Vice President Arkansas Cattlemen's Association Office: 501-224-2114 | Cell: 334-313-2315

www.arbeef.org



Arkansas Cattlemen's Association

www.arbeef.org • 310 Executive Court • Little Rock, Arkansas 72205 • (501) 224-2114

January 22, 2024

Arkansas Department of Health Center for Health Protection, Pharmacy Services Section

Re: Proposed changes in the Controlled Substance List Summary 002: "10 Xylazine. Xylazine is utilized in veterinarian medicine and would be included into Schedule III.

The Arkansas Cattlemen's Association (ACA) urges the Arkansas Department of Health to exempt the commercially available xylazine, for veterinary use, from being listed as a Schedule III drug when being "dispensed or prescribed for, or administration, to a nonhuman species of a drug containing xylazine that has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.A 260b)."

Xylazine is an essential tool for cattle producers to humanely sedate cattle for treatment or to examine the animal. Moving this drug to a Schedule III classification, without exemption, would cause substantial harm to the cattle in our members' care and to the industry. Furthermore, increasing the regulatory burden for manufacturers could create a supply issue, as there are limited manufacturers of xylazine. The end effect would be disastrous to livestock producers and their veterinarians, as there are no practical alternatives for sedation in livestock used for food production.

There are currently two pieces of federal legislation in committee that exempt the FDA-approved veterinary product and its use from scheduling and maintaining its prescription status: HR18369/S993 and HR4531.

While the ACA is aware of the illicit use of xylazine and the dangers it can pose to the public; it is important to note that the commercially available xylazine used by veterinary practitioners and livestock producers is a liquid injectable product, which cannot be used to mix with illicit street drugs.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide these comments and can be reached for any clarification and discussion needed.

Sincerely,

Michelle Bufkin Horton
Executive Vice President
Arkansas Cattlemen's Association

From: Shane David

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 8:29 AM

To: Helen Wick

Cc: S.Craig Smith; Laura Shue (ADH); Charles Thompson (ADH)

Subject: RE: Keeping xylazine exempt from Class III schedule for veterinarians

Good morning Dr. Hoerler,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Helen Wick < helenwick@gmail.com>
Sent: Monday, January 22, 2024 8:29 PM
To: Shane David < shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Keeping xylazine exempt from Class III schedule for veterinarians

You don't often get email from helenwick@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

To the Arkansas Department of Health Center for Health Protection, Pharmacy Services Section,

Ref: Proposed changes in the Controlled Substance List Summary (Final) 002: "10. Xylazine. Xylazine is utilized in veterinarian medicine and would be included into Schedule III. Schedule III. (c), (15)."

I am a mixed practice veterinarian and regularly use xylazine, especially for large animal sedation. On my food animal farm calls, I often hear from rural farmers and ranchers how difficult it is to even find a veterinarian to come out on a call, much less have it be economical. I can reach for xylazine to sedate a dangerous, injured, or very painful animal, making this much less stressful for both the animal and all the people involved. I always worry about a farmer or farmhand getting injured by an unpredictable animal. With economical and relatively safe sedation provided by xylazine, we can accomplish good veterinary care with fewer people. If this drug becomes controlled, I will have to get my own DEA license, spend extra time with logs, and pay a much higher price for this drug. As a result, I will have to pass on most of this cost to the producer, which fills me with dread knowing that I somehow have to make veterinary care economical for food animals. I don't want to hesitate using a sedative because of its cost or lack of availability, only to put more people in harm's way of a dangerous animal. I don't want to hesitate giving an animal pain relief and preventing further injury.

I am very concerned about keeping our medications out of the wrong hands, and agree that something must be done, but I do not think increasing xylazine to a Schedule III drug will achieve that. I have made it a point to lock up all sedatives to prevent any access, whether accidental or malicious, and I think a lot of other veterinarians are also becoming more cautious. We all need to work together and be creative in finding ways to curb illicit drug use, and many ways do not have to be legislative. In this case, increased regulatory pressure for veterinarians is very unlikely to make a positive difference, and will certainly make a very negative one for the animals under our care.

Sincerely,

Helen Hoerler, DVM 17960 Syble Road Lincoln, AR 72744 phone 918-575-1514

From: Shane David

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 1:53 PM

To: Sarah Shedenhelm

Cc: S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH); Laura Shue (ADH)

Subject: RE: Xylazine

Good afternoon Dr. Shedenhelm,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Sarah Shedenhelm <sarah.shed@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 9:34 AM
To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Xylazine

You don't often get email from sarah.shed@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

Mr. David,

I'm sure you have received many emails from veterinarians regarding our concern over xylazine becoming a schedule III drug. I will keep this concise. I fully support the request to grant AR veterinarians a waiver to continue to use the veterinary formulation of xylazine without registering as a controlled drug. If this waiver is not granted, the manufactures of our vet formulations will most certainly discontinue manufacturing leaving a devastating impact on cattle medicine. Thank you for considering our request and please reach out if you have any questions.

Sarah Shedenhelm, DVM 870-421-6927

From: Shane David

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 11:30 AM

To: Fuchs, David - FSIS

Cc: S.Craig Smith; Charles Thompson (ADH); Laura Shue (ADH)

Subject: RE: [External Email]Re: Regarding xylazine usage in Veterinary Medicine

Good morning Dr. Fuchs,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Fuchs, David - FSIS <david.fuchs@usda.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 9:31 AM

To: Sarah Shedenhelm <sarah.shed@gmail.com>

Cc: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>; David Fuchs <david.fuchsdvm@yahoo.com>

Subject: RE: [External Email]Re: Regarding xylazine usage in Veterinary Medicine

You don't often get email from david.fuchs@usda.gov. Learn why this is important

Understood

Thank you very much.

Dr. David C. Fuchs VMO/SPHV

Office of Field Operations Circuit 3502 (P/M112)(P/M112A)(P/M7211)
Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA 601 Tyson Drive Building 1
Green Forest, AR 72638
Phone: (870) 438-7114
Fax (870)438-5247
Cell (870)577-5543
David.Fuchs@usda.gov

From: Sarah Shedenhelm <sarah.shed@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 9:29 AM
To: Fuchs, David - FSIS < david.fuchs@usda.gov>

Cc: shane.david@arkansas.gov; David Fuchs david.fuchsdvm@yahoo.com>
Subject: [External Email]Re: Regarding xylazine usage in Veterinary Medicine

You don't often get email from sarah.shed@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

(External Email)

If this message comes from an unexpected sender or references a vague/unexpected topic;

From: Fuchs, David - FSIS <david.fuchs@usda.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 9:22 AM

To: sarah.shed@gmail.com
Cc: Shane David; David Fuchs

Subject: Regarding xylazine usage in Veterinary Medicine

You don't often get email from david.fuchs@usda.gov. Learn why this is important

Dr. Shedenhelm,

If petitions are needed to be signed, I can support this concern.

Thank you for all your works!

Regards

Dr. David C. Fuchs VMO/SPHV
Office of Field Operations Circuit 3502
(P/M112)(P/M112A)(P/M7211)
Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA 601 Tyson Drive Building 1
Green Forest, AR 72638
Phone: (870) 438-7114
Fax (870)438-5247
Cell (870)577-5543
David.Fuchs@usda.gov

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There is no petition that I am aware of. The best thing that you can do is write an email to Shane David expressing your concerns. Tennessee and Louisiana have granted waivers for vet use and so we are simply asking for the same waiver.

Sarah Shedenhelm, DVM

On Tue, Jan 23, 2024 at 9:22 AM Fuchs, David - FSIS david:fuchs@usda.gov wrote:

Dr. Shedenhelm,

If petitions are needed to be signed, I can support this concern.

Thank you for all your works!

Regards

Dr. David C. Fuchs VMO/SPHV

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David.Fuchs@usda.gov

From: Laura Shue (ADH)

Sent: Thursday, January 25, 2024 7:30 AM

To: lilesanimalclinic@att.net

Subject: Re: Xylazine

Thank you for your comment. It will be included in the public comment report with the agency response.

Laura Shue

From: lilesanimalclinic@att.net <lilesanimalclinic@att.net>

Sent: Thursday, January 25, 2024 2:36 AM

To: Laura Shue (ADH) <Laura.Shue@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Xylazine

[You don't often get email from lilesanimalclinic@att.net. Learn why this is important at

https://aka.ms/LearnAboutSenderIdentification]

Ms Shue:

Thank you for working on the xylazine dilemma. It is very important to practitioners in small and especially large animal practice. Encumbering its use could very well cause injury or fatalities among veterinarians, clients, and/or patients. Does this constitute a written comment, or is it an egregious breach of protocol again?

Sincerely,

Michael Liles , DVM 501-279-7553.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Shane David

Sent: Monday, January 29, 2024 3:53 PM

To: Mark Lambert

Cc: Laura Shue (ADH); Charles Thompson (ADH); S.Craig Smith

Subject: RE: Comments regarding Controlled Substances

Good afternoon Mr. Lambert,

I have received your public comment. It will be included in our public comment report that will be available on our website after conclusion of the public comment period, along with the Department's response.

Thanks,

Shane

From: Mark Lambert <mark.lambert@arfb.com>

Sent: Monday, January 29, 2024 2:20 PM
To: Shane David <shane.david@arkansas.gov>

Subject: Comments regarding Controlled Substances

You don't often get email from mark.lambert@arfb.com. Learn why this is important

Mr. David,

Please see the attached comments in regard to Xylazine being listed on the Controlled Substance List. Please don't hesitate to reach out if you have any questions.

Thank you for your time,

Mark Lambert



January 29, 2024

Arkansas Department of Health Center for Health Protection, Pharmacy Services Section 4815 W. Markham St. Little Rock, AR 72205

RE: Re: Proposed changes in the Controlled Substance List Summary 002: "10 Xylazine. Xylazine is utilized in veterinarian medicine and would be included into Schedule III."

The Arkansas Farm Bureau Federation urges the Arkansas Department of Health to exempt commercially available xylazine, for veterinary use, from being listed as a Schedule III drug when being "dispensed or prescribed for, or administration to, a nonhuman species of a drug containing xylazine that has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.A 260b)."

Xylazine is an essential tool for large animal veterinarians to humanely sedate animals for examination, diagnosis and treatment. Moving this drug to a Schedule III classification, without a veterinary exemption, would cause substantial harm to ranchers and negatively impact the safe and affordable care of their animals. Ranchers must utilize veterinarians to care for and diagnose livestock to ensure herd health and provide a safe and vibrant food system. The addition of xylazine as a schedule III drug, without a veterinary exemption, will burden veterinarians with unnecessary regulations and jeopardize ranchers' access to expert care of their animals. Currently, there are no other cost effective and practical alternatives to sedate large animals. Additionally, loss of access to xylazine will jeopardize the safety of veterinarians who rely on this drug to safely examine livestock, potentially causing a negative impact to animal and herd health within our state. The only acceptable alternatives would financially impact ranchers, who must now pay for far more expensive sedatives during veterinary examination, if those alternative medications are even available.

There are currently two pieces of federal legislation in committee that exempt the FDA-approved veterinary product and its use from scheduling and maintaining its prescription status: HR18369/S993 and HR4531.

While Arkansas Farm Bureau is aware of the illicit use of xylazine and the dangers it can pose to the public; it is important to note that the commercially available xylazine used by veterinary practitioners and livestock producers is a liquid injectable product, which cannot be used to mix with illicit street drugs.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide these comments and can be reached for any clarification and discussion needed.

Regards,

Mark Lambert

Director of State Affairs

Rule and Specific Information:	Individual/Group	Comments
Proposed Amendment(s) to the Controlled Substance List. All comments listed are in opposition to the addition of xylazine into Schedule III without an exemption for veterinarian use.	*Dr. Kate Williams, Companion Animal Veterinarian in Northwest Arkansas, Serves on Arkansas Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA) Board as American Veterinary Medical Association alternate delegate	Xylazine is "an important prescription veterinary sedative used to facilitate safe handling and treatment of large animals, primarily equine and cattle. Any changes to scheduling of xylazine in the state of Arkansas could potentially negatively impact veterinary access to the drug and limit what veterinarians can do for safe handling of cattle. The cattle and horse business in the state of Arkansas is a very large economic benefit to the state of Arkansas. Xylazine is used as a sedative for fractious and large animals and used for safe handling. Because it is not an opioid, it can be reversed, and the animals can be right back into the herd during post operative care."
		"We as veterinarians understand the pose to public health, but limiting veterinary access to this drug is critical and jeopardizes animal and human safety. On the legislative side and on the big picture side, there are two acts that are currently being proposed at the federal government side. One is the Combating Illicit Xylazine Act which is primarily targeted to create illicit xylazine as a Schedule III drug exempting veterinary use so it can continue

^(*) An asterisk denotes the individual had provided a written public comment and made a verbal public comment at the public hearing held on January 23, 2024. This will reflect one comment received.

as we are currently using it. Then there is the Support Act language which does the same thing, it schedules Xylazine as a Schedule III federally while exempting the use of the medication as legitimate use in veterinary medicine. Without congressional legislation, the AVMA is concerned that the DEA removes xylazine to schedule III without the veterinary exemption which will limit the access of this important drug to veterinary medicine. Without federal legislation, this results in a regulatory uniformity mismatch. Basically, states are trying to patchwork their listing of xylazine as a schedule III drug and acting before the federal government has an opportunity to schedule xylazine as a schedule III. The intent of these two legislative actions is to exempt veterinary use."

"Xylazine is a liquid, comes directly through legitimate veterinary channels. It is an FDA approved veterinary use only bottle of liquid xylazine. What we use in veterinary medicine on the farms, in clinics, in zoos, in laboratory animals, in wildlife is the injectable version which comes in 50 ml bottles. That is not the source of the problem. The source of illicit xylazine is diversion of xylazine from the

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manufacturers. So, it's coming into Mexico, basically from overseas. So, the raw product is being manufactured illicitly or legally but is being diverted into the drug market and then that raw product, which is a powder form, is then being split into fentanyl and entering the illicit drug trade. So, I urge and encourage the ADH to consider the information that our team is about to present and consider exempting xylazine from a schedule III drug in the state of Arkansas while we wait for the federal government to actually schedule it as a Schedule III with the exemption for the states." Xylazine is "an indispensable *Dr. Everett Rogers, President of the Arkansas Veterinary Medical tool particularly in the large Association, practicing animal section, for the use of veterinarian for 49 years, has cattle and horses for sure. These large animals can be very health small animal practice in Jonesboro threatening to their handlers, injuries can occur. On the other side of it, when we do minor surgical procedures on large animals, from a humane standpoint the xylazine does provide a mechanism to provide some pain relief during these minor surgical procedures." "The problem with Schedule III is it would require more paperwork, more bureaucracy involved with that. If a veterinarian had a particular client that was a large producer and had a large number of

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	horses or cattle, was well trained and responsible, if that veterinarian wanted to dispense a small quantity, maybe 5 cc, for
	them to use in their management procedures in their farms, having it Schedule III would eliminate this."
	"Where the problem is coming from is not from the veterinary practitioner out in the field, the problem is coming from the diversion of the powdered product before it is manufactured. Also, there is no compounding situation with this drug, all of our sources are coming directly from end stage manufacturers. There are probably only a couple of manufacturers producing
	xylazine now, there are some fears that is kind of a low volume drug for them and if this is scheduled, they might stop producing it. We are concerned about the lack of availability for
	the legitimate use of it in veterinary practice."
Dr. Rob Conner, veterinarian of 34 years from Mountain Home with a mixed animal practice	"Xylazine is a product we use routinely on the farm for our horse clients as well as our food animal clients. We also use it historically occasionally in small animal practice when there is a lack of availability of analogous
	products. The risk for us as large animal practitioners, and speaking on behalf of the farmers and others, in those

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	applications, I have no other
	alternative. So, if you take that
	away as the product that I can
	use to sedate animals, to assist
	in their capture, control, or
	anesthesia, I have no analogous
	products to use. As a matter of
	safety, which is paramount on
	the farm, when dealing with
	large animals that tend to be
	fractious, it is certainly
	something that could put the
	public at higher risk."
	"Products that we use are small
	bottles of liquid and I'm told the
	nefarious use of xylazine is
	actually powder coming from
	other sources. So, I do think we
	are not putting the public as
	risk. We are very careful with
	those drugs. I do hold a DEA
	license, so I am very careful to
	not risk my license.
	Veterinarians can be trusted to
	protect the public from this
	drug. I do feel quite confident
	that this is something that
	should continue to be available
	as a prescription item. We do
	not sell bottles of this over the
	counter, this is something that
	we do totally control."
Rodney Baker, lobbyist for the	"I've been asked by my friends
Arkansas Veterinarian Medical	at the Cattlemen's Association
Association	to share that they have filed a
	letter on this issue reflecting
	their concerns about losing
	xylazine as a prescription drug.
	They asked me to share that

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	with you. They couldn't be here today and send their apologies."
*Mark Lambert, State Affairs Director with Farm Bureau	"We represent 180,000 farmers, ranchers, and rural Arkansans across Arkansas. The number one thing that everyone is concerned with is the safe and effective use of veterinary care. If veterinarians can't do their job and treat these animals in a safe and effective manner then that puts our farmers, our ranchers, our veterinarians, and everybody at risk with the loss of this product. Farm Bureau plans to submit comments on the rescheduling of xylazine to exempt our veterinarians so they can have safe and effective veterinary care for animals."

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