

# Alcohol Industry & Regulation Overview

Center for Alcohol Policy Forum
Arkansas State Legislature
Little Rock, Arkansas
November 18, 2021

#### **Your Presenters**

#### Patrick Maroney

Former Director: Colorado Liquor Enforcement Division

President: Maroney Consulting Services

#### Paul Pisano

Senior Vice President of Industry Affairs and General Counsel

National Beer Wholesalers Association

## **Topics to Cover**

History of Alcohol Regulation
Industry Regulation to Achieve Public Health Regulation
Challenges (legal and practical) to alcohol regulation
Impacts of Alcohol Regulation
Federal Alcohol Regulation

## Takeaways

- 50 different alcohol markets...by constitutional design
- States are the lead, feds are backup guitar
- Higher alcohol products get and deserve more regulation
- There are real and continuing public health problems with alcohol's use and misuse
- The efforts to prevent the pre 1933 alcohol industry from reforming have been successful but economic forces are trying to collapse the tiers.

# PROHIBITION ENDS AT LAST!

**DECEMBER 5, 1933** 



# Utah Deciding State for 21st Amendment



# Timeline of Changes

Early years of country, regulate and taxation of alcohol important part of federal treasury... Whiskey Rebellion put down by President George Washington

1800's changing nature of USA... Rise of prohibition forces

1918 18th Amendment Passed

1933 21st Amendment Passed

1935 Federal Alcohol Administration Act passed

Since 1933 Thousands of state law changes

## 21st Amendment

# The 21st Amendment to the Constitution of the United States

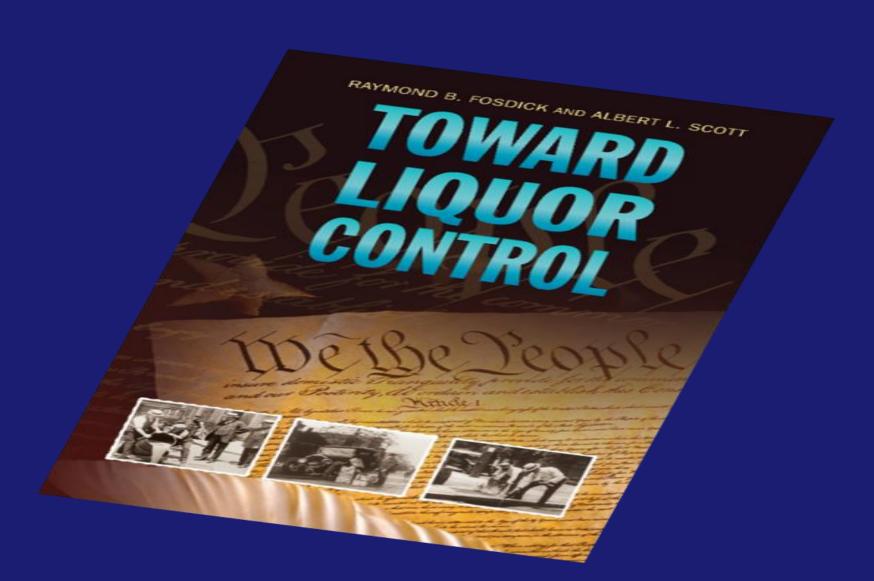
Section 1. The eighteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States is hereby repealed.

Section 2. The transportation or importation into any State, Territory, or possession of the United States for delivery or use therein of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws thereof, is hereby prohibited.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by conventions in the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

submitted in 1932 - approved in 1933

# The Road Map for Alcohol Regulation



# Highlights of Toward Liquor Control

Higher Strength Alcohol Needs More Regulation

State Stores to Sell Alcohol, Regulate Industry Intensely

Don't Raise Taxes Too Much, Drive Out Black Market

On and Off Premise Need Different Regulations



## Background

The three-tier system was born shortly after the end of prohibition – mostly designed to keep alcohol sales to consumers from monopolistic entities.



Toward Liquor Control – 1933 report that provides an in-depth analysis of the best methods of starting alcohol sales once Prohibition was repealed. (Republished by the Center of Alcohol Policy in 2011)



# Background (cont.)

Two styles of alcohol sales for states were developed:

<u>License States</u> – local/state agencies would issue a liquor license for private companies after due diligence.



<u>Control States</u> – state agencies sell alcohol (mostly liquor)



# Background (cont.)

The three tiers of alcohol sales was developed:

- ✓ Manufacturer
- ✓ Wholesaler
- ✓ Retailer



Each is separate and distinct.



# Three-tier System Benefits For the Regulator

- A proven regulatory system that monitors licensing, sales, and compliance with liquor laws
- Checks and balances to reduce counterfeit alcohol sold to consumers
- Equal access for all manufacturers to the marketplace that promotes competition and variety of choices for consumers





# Three-tier System Benefits For the Regulator

- Allows for the most efficient collection of alcohol taxes
- Prevents the monopolization of the alcohol industry and



Boosts consumer confidence in the quality of alcohol products



# Regulatory system

Local and state agencies can monitor all facets of alcohol sales through regulations that:

- 1. Issue licenses
- 2. Track sales
- 3. Monitors consumption
- 4. Have the authority to revoke such privileges if abused





#### Reduces Counterfeit Alcohol

Alcohol sales follow the three-tier system

Manufacturer » Wholesaler » Retailer



At each stage, records are kept to prove movement through the three-tier system and these records are available to regulators for compliance reviews



#### Reduces Counterfeit Alcohol

Wholesalers are one key to the discovery of counterfeit alcohol Since retailers have to purchase from wholesalers, any other sales would be suspicious and out of place



## **Equal Access to Market**

With three separate tiers, a large manufacturer is not able to dictate what products are sold to retailers, thus allowing start up companies to entire the market and sell their product



Cola v. craft beer: Compare how craft beers are on the shelf compared to cola products



#### Collection of Taxes

Most excise taxes are collected by wholesalers who are independent of either other tier



Removing the middle tier would open up the alcohol industry to tax evasion since no independent entity is involved



## **Prevents Monopolization**

Similar to the concept of equal access to market, three-tier laws are designed to prevent a supplier from influencing the product selection of the retailer.

- √ Pay to play schemes
- ✓ Slotting fees
- ✓ Free items





#### **Boost Consumer Confidence**

Consumers are assured the product they are purchasing is safe to consume

Counterfeit products are rare in the United States due to the three-tier system



Recalls are easily tracked and removed for public safety

# America Has Always Regulated the Alcohol Industry to Achieve Public Health Goals

- The alcohol industry is based on <u>INDUSTRY REGULATION</u>, not Self-Regulation.
- DUI, underage drinking issues are modern complements, not replacement to industry regulation



## Industry Regulation & Public Health

- Industry Regulation
  - Aggressive Sales Systems
  - Fair Competition
  - Gangsters
  - Corruption of police
  - Poisonous Products

- Public Health
  - Nearly 100,000 people a year die due to alcohol per CDC
  - 2.8 million life years lost
  - Millions of stories of harms or lives impacted
  - 1/3 of Americans don't drink alcohol per Gallup annual survey. Unchanged in 80 years. (but they vote)

# Industry Regulation

- Only those with licenses/ permits allowed to engage in alcohol commerce
  - Those without license...bootleggers, speakeasy, etc.
- State regulates the terms and conditions on these licenses to serve various public goals: health, taxation, competition
- Failure to comply with laws lose ability to engage in business
- Regulate the safety of manufacture, the number of retailers, their locations, the distribution and interrelations between the tiers (trade practices/franchise)

#### **Public Health**

There is no Federal Booksellers Administration Act or State Tied House law for cheese... Alcohol is the issue.

CDC, NIH, HHS, SAMHSA, state departments of health have billions of dollars of research and concerns about the misuse and abuse of alcohol.

Alcohol regulation was <u>not</u> set up as an economic development issue

The Only Constant In the Alcohol Industry Is Change ... And Griping About Regulation



# Alcohol Is <u>NOT</u> the Most Regulated Industry



# Or Try Opening One of These



# No Entry Exams For Participants





## Don't Be A Criminal



#### Some Common Laws- Tied House

Separate Retailers from Producers/ Wholesalers:

"The 'tied house' system had all the vices of absentee ownership. The manufacturer knew nothing and cared nothing about the community. All he wanted was increased sales. He saw none of the abuses... A license law should endeavor to prohibit all such relations between the manufacturer and the retailer, difficult as this may be."

Toward Liquor Control

# All About Independence

Three Tier Laws Assign Separate Responsibility and Independence to each function: Supplier, Distributor, Retailer

 Tied House Laws Keep Suppliers and Wholesalers From Impacting the Independence of Retailers

 Franchise Laws Keep Suppliers and Retailers from Impacting the Independence of Distributors

# So Is It Working?

## No Three Tier



# Independent Three Tier



### On Premise – Non Alcoholic

### On Premise – Beer









## Soda Aisle is 71' Long

Coke takes up 37' of the soda aisle! 52% of space

Pepsi takes up 30' of the soda aisle! 42% of space



## Soup Aisle is 61' Long

Progresso = 22 Feet

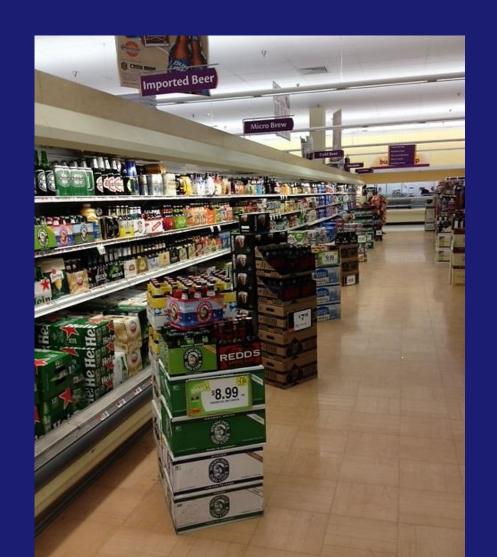


Campbell's = 31 Feet





## Beer Aisle is 71' Long



245 Consumer choices in the cold box.

18 Stacks along the cooler for consumers.



## Federal Alcohol Regulation

1917/1935 Webb Kenyon Act
Amended in 2000 "21st Amendment Enforcement Act"

1935 Federal Alcohol Administration Act

Only change at federal legislative change is Senator Strom Thurmond's warning labels addition in the 1980's

STATES ARE THE LEAD HORSE

### Federal Alcohol Administration Act

Legislative purpose to support the 21st Amendment, collect revenue, enforce postal laws, promote competition

Regulate by permits. Promote independence of other tiers.

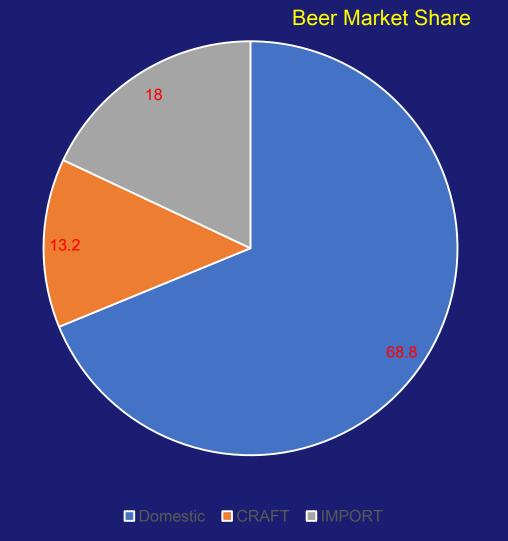
Breweries and Retailers do not have to get federal permits

Other parts of FAAA on beer laws require "similar state law" in order for federal law to kick in

## Fighting Over the Smaller Piece of Pie

Over 12,000
Breweries

Craft is 13 percent



# Number of State Alcohol Laws Changed Since 2012

# 1,923 Laws



# Reality Check: Alcohol Laws Are Changing

- The way alcohol is sold in America is different in 2021 than it was in 1979.
- And it will likely be different in 2049.
- However, the infrastructure of three-tiered distribution and local control have created growth for all levels and created consumer satisfaction.
- Modern changes are often disguised as "consumer friendly" or "economic development" but are merely efforts to grab more margin.

## Litigation

#### District Court

- Tannins v. KY (Compliant Dismissed, appeal expected)
- Lebamoff v Rauner (IL)
- Anvar & Drum v.
   RI (Motion to dismiss denied)
- Derek Block v. Ohio Liquor Control (Partial motion to dismiss)
- Freeman v. Murphy (NJ)
- Thewinetobuy.com LLC v. Cocca (AZ)
- Southern Wine v. Harrington (MN)

#### Court of Appeals

- B-21 Wines v. Stein (Appeal to 4th Cir. under way)
- Chicago Wine
   Company v. IN
   ATC (Appeal to 7th
   Cir. Under way)

#### Supreme Court

- Sarasota Wine v MO (Court declined)
- Other appeals from 5th and 6<sup>th</sup> Circuits rejected

## Sign up: www.alcohollawreview.com



## **Center for Alcohol Policy**







## Resources: Center for Alcohol Policy

 Annual Alcohol Law and Policy Conference





Hyatt Centric Chicago Magnificent Mile, Chicago, IL

Nos. 19-1075 & 19-1292

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

E.F. TRANSIT, INC., Appellant,

INDIANA ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO COMMISSION, ETAL., Appellees.

On appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of Indiana, Nos. 13-1927 & 15-940

MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE BRIEF AS AMICUS CURIAE BY THE CENTER FOR ALCOHOL POLICY

> John C. Neiman, Jr. Brandt P. Hill MAYNARD COOPER & GALE P.C. 1901 Sixth Ave. N, Ste. 2400 Birmingham, Alabama 35203 (205) 254-1000

Attorneys for Amicus Curiae Center for Alcohol Policy No. 18-96

#### In the Supreme Court of the United States

Tennessee Wine and Spirits Retailers Association, Petitioner,

ZACKARY W. BLAIR, ET AL., Respondents.

On Writ of Certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit

BRIEF OF THE CENTER FOR ALCOHOL POLICY AS AMICUS CURIAE IN SUPPORT OF PETITIONER

•

John C. Neiman, Jr.
Counsel of Record
Mary K. Mangan
Mayyarab Cooper & Gale, P.C.
1901 Sixth Avenue North
2400 Regions/Harbert Plaza
Birmingham, Al. 35203
(205) 254-1228
ineiman@maynardcooper.com

November 20, 2018

## Resources: Patrick Maroney



Maroney Consulting Services, LLC 303-710-3424 Patrick@MaroneyConsulting.com

#### Distributor's Checklist

This checklist provides a guide on some issues and topics to cover with regulators during a meeting or inspection at your business. A physical visit can be invaluable to help demonstrate why your processes and records are better for state regulation than trying to remotely regulate a business several states away:

- · Provide a tour of your facility to show:
  - The physical outline of the licensed premises to ensure product does not leave (specifically important if more than one licensed premises is located within the same warehouse)
  - ✓ Where items are received, what paperwork/system accompanies deliveries in and out of the warehouse
  - ✓ How items are tracked and counted
  - ✓ Where items are considered to be "come to rest"
  - ✓ Where returns are processed
  - ✓ Where items are packaged and prepared for shipment to retailers
  - How out-of-code product is pulled from retail accounts, replaced at distributor's cost, and subsequently destroyed.
- . Meet with accounting & sales staff to discuss:
  - ✓ How excise tax is determined
  - ✓ Process for payment of excise tax to state and federal government agencies
  - ✓ Where and how long are tax and sales records retained

#### A Guide Through Alcohol Policy & Regulations

**IUNE 2021** 

PREPARED BY

**Patrick Maroney** 

MARONEY CONSULTING

SERVICES, LLC



Patr

Maroney Consulting Services, LLC 303-710-3424 Patrick@MaroneyConsulting.com

#### Regulator's Checklist

This checklist provides a guide on some issues and topics to cover with distributors during a meeting or inspection at the distributor's warehouse. The regulator should consider how inperson, physical inspections help the state better achieve its regulatory goals:

- · Prior to the inspection
  - ✓ Confirm validity of the distributor's license
  - ✓ Review diagram of licensed premises
  - ✓ Review file for ownership structure
  - ✓ Review territory or franchise agreement
  - ✓ Review brand registrations/label approval of products the distributor carries
  - ✓ Review previous enforcement/administrative action taken against the distributor
  - ✓ Review records from companies that provide payment systems between distributors and retailers
    - Look for credits
    - Look for payment timelines (do they meet the credit terms, COD, etc.)
- · Visit the Distributor:
  - ✓ Tour the facility (you may want to tour the facility at different times to view the areas for receiving, packaging the loading for deliveries):
    - Is all of the alcohol product stored properly? (within licensed premises)
    - Do a spot check on randomly selected or high-profile alcohol products to ensure the alcohol products are registered properly and have approved labels.
    - How are the incoming products (from suppliers) counted for tracking and excise tax purposes?
    - Does all alcohol products come to rest within the licensed premises?

## **Departing Thoughts**

- Consumers Win- Unrivaled Selection
- Brewers Win: 10,000+ and growing
- Voters Happy: 87% of Americans Support Current System
- You care about the U.S. Constitution- Support state alcohol regulation
- You care about public health: Support ability of states to regulate
- Embrace the regulation of our industry to support public health, competition and consumer choice

## Three Tier Is Like Cheese





## Questions?



### Thank You

Paul Pisano National Beer Wholesalers **Association** 1101 King Street Suite 600 Alexandria, VA 22314 (703) 370-2256 ppisano@nbwa.org #beerasonian

Patrick Maroney

**Maroney Consulting Services** 

(303) 710-3424

<u>patrick@maroneyconsulting.co</u> <u>m</u>