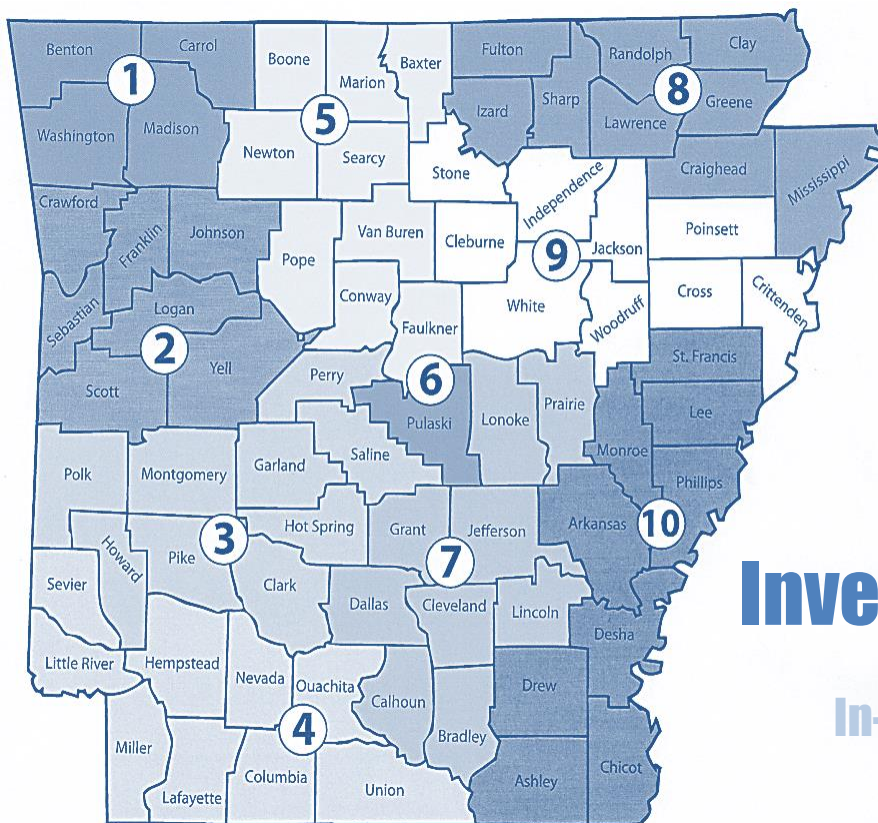


QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT 2nd QUARTER SFY 2023

October 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022



Investigations

SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

In-home Protective Services

ADOPTIONS

Differential Response
Foster Care

Produced for
Arkansas Department of Human Services
Division of Children and Family Services
by
Evident Change

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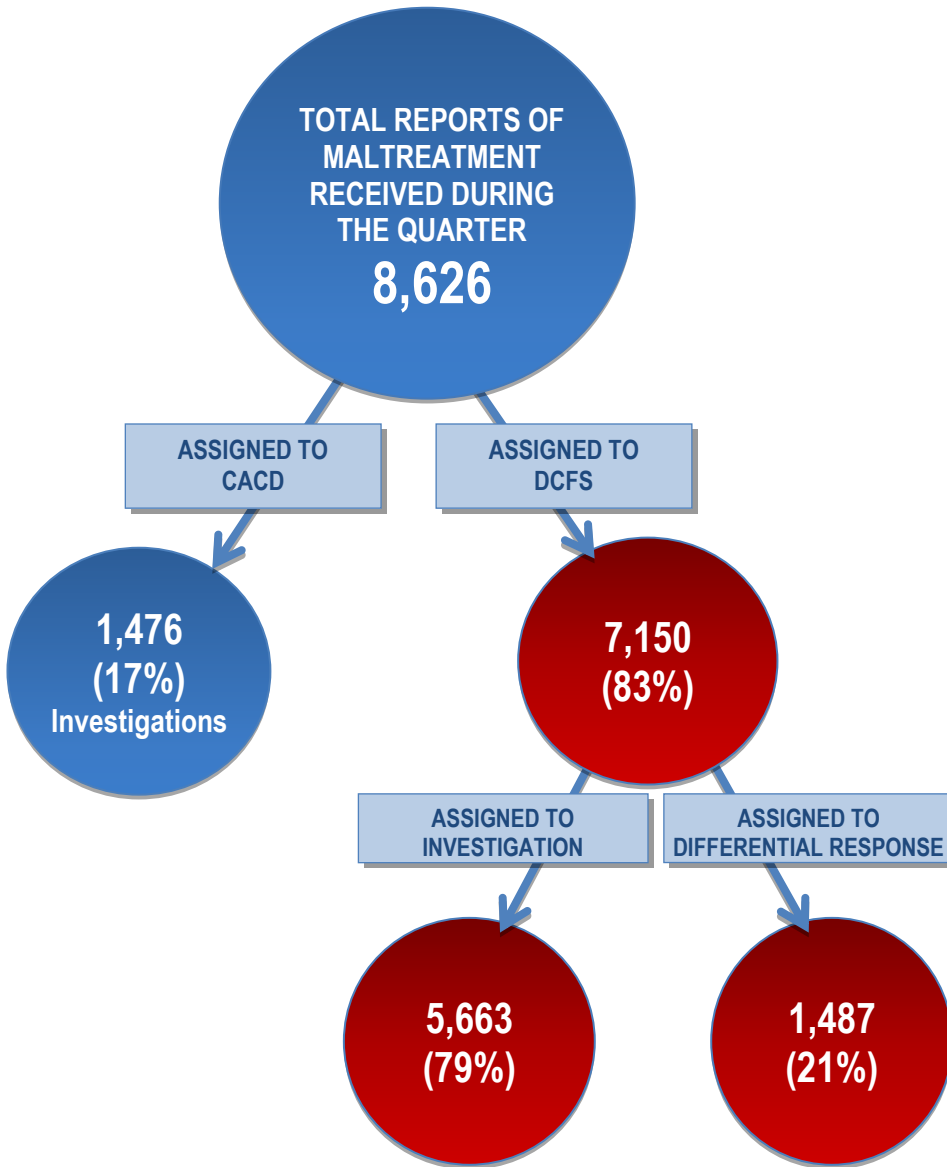
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Reports of Child Maltreatment

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Child Maltreatment Reports

Volume of Incoming Reports
Maltreatment Reports Received During
2nd Quarter SFY 2023



Of the 8,626 reports of child maltreatment accepted by the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline during the second quarter, 83 percent were assigned to DCFS and 17 percent were assigned to the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police, which is responsible for investigating the most serious allegations of maltreatment.

Of the reports assigned to DCFS, 79 percent were assigned for an investigation and 21 percent were handled through differential response (DR).

DR allows the Division to respond to specific, low-risk maltreatment reports through a family assessment and provision of services rather than a traditional investigation.

The following types of allegations can qualify for DR:

- Inadequate supervision if children are at least five
- Environmental neglect if children are at least three
- Medical neglect if children are at least thirteen
- Lock out if children are at least ten
- Inadequate food, inadequate shelter, inadequate clothing, or educational neglect with no age restrictions
- Certain allegations of abuse where the incident occurred at least one year prior to the report date

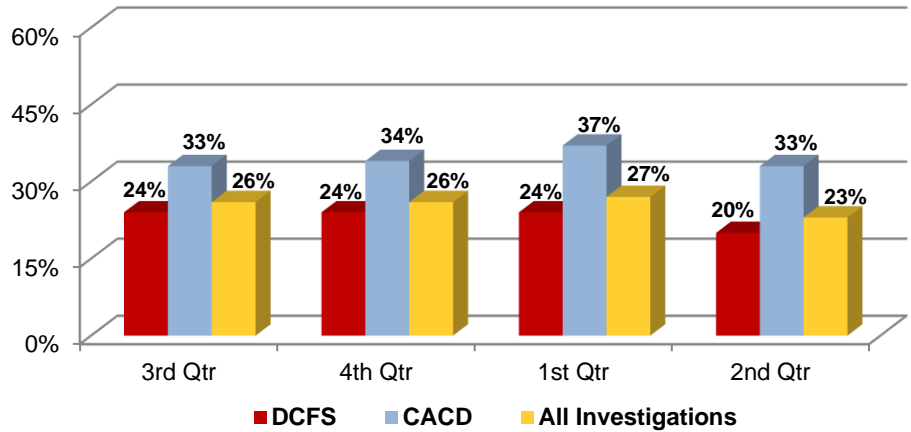
Quick Facts

Findings of Child Maltreatment Investigations

Twenty percent of the investigations assigned to DCFS during the second quarter were found true, compared to 33 percent for CACD. The overall substantiation rate stood at 23 percent, lower than the previous quarter.

Appendix A provides further detail on the number of referrals accepted for investigation and those found true in the most recent quarter.

Percentage of Investigations Found True



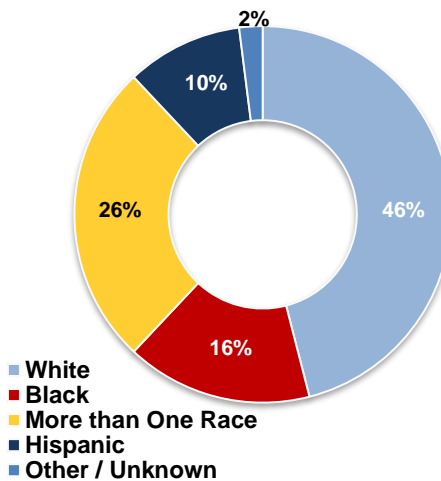
Characteristics of Children Involved in True Investigations

There were 2,096 victim children involved in substantiated maltreatment investigations during the quarter.

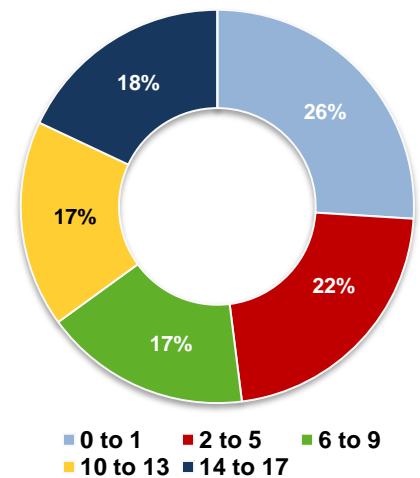
Of those children, 46 percent were white and 16 percent were black. Nearly half (48 percent) were under six years of age.

The majority of victim children (54 percent) were female.

Race/Ethnicity of Children in True Reports



Ages of Children in True Reports



Types of Allegations in True Investigations

Neglect was the most commonly reported allegation for the 2,096 victim children, followed by allegations of sexual abuse and physical abuse.

Percentage of Children in True Allegations of Maltreatment

	Number of Children Cited in True Allegation	Percentage of Children Cited in True Allegation
Neglect	1,439	69%
Sexual Abuse	421	20%
Physical Abuse	372	18%
Sexual Exploitation	26	1%
Abandonment	10	<1%

A child may have more than one allegation.

Quick Facts

Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities

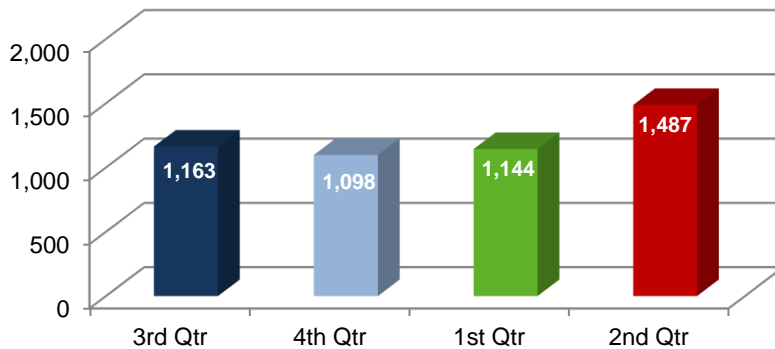
Findings of Maltreatment Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities		
Finding	Child Fatality	Child Near Fatality
True	1	4
Unsubstantiated	4	0
Pending	5	2

During the second quarter, there were ten maltreatment investigations of child fatalities. Of those, one was found true, four were unsubstantiated, and five were still pending.

Over the same period, there were six investigations of near fatalities; four were found true and two were still pending.

Reports Assigned for Differential Response (DR)

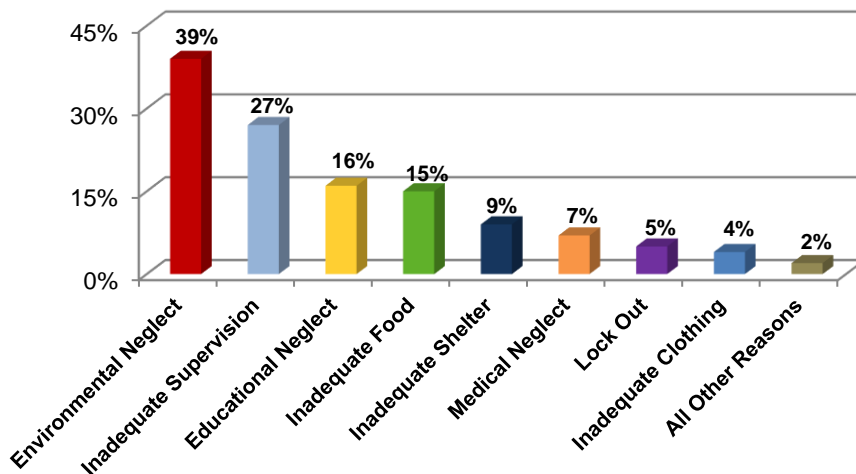
Number of Reports Assigned for Differential Response



The number of reports assigned for DR during the second quarter (1,487) increased by thirty percent over the previous quarter.

Allegations Cited in DR Reports

Types of Allegations Cited in Reports Assigned for DR



Environmental neglect and inadequate supervision were the most common allegations cited in reports assigned for DR during the quarter, followed by educational neglect and inadequate food.

Quick Facts

Meeting Agency Policies

Timeliness of Initiating Investigations

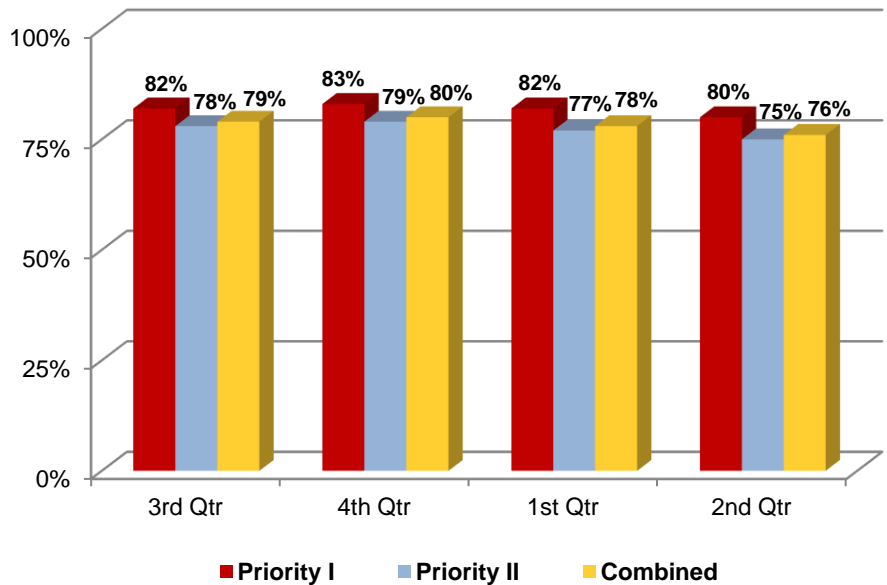
The law requires reports of maltreatment to be initiated within 24 hours of receipt of a Priority I report or within 72 hours for a Priority II report.

Priority I reports cite more severe allegations while Priority II reports cite comparatively less serious allegations.

Initiation occurs when all victim children are interviewed or observed (if too young for an interview) within the designated timeframes.

DCFS initiated 76 percent of its investigations on time during the second quarter, slightly lower than its performance during the previous quarter.

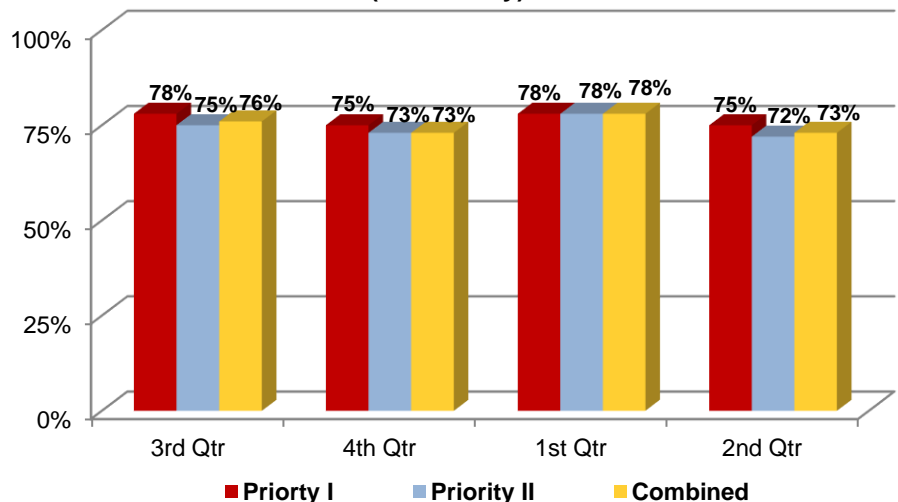
Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



Timeliness of Completing Investigations

DCFS completed 73 percent of its investigations on time (within 45 days of receipt of the report) during the quarter, lower than its performance during the previous quarter (78 percent).

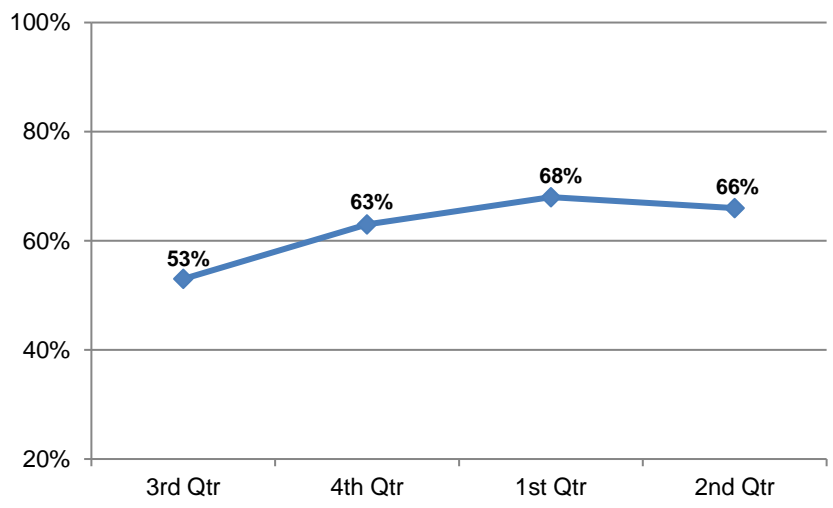
Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



Quick Facts

Timeliness of Initiating Reports Assigned to DR

Timely Initiation of DR Reports

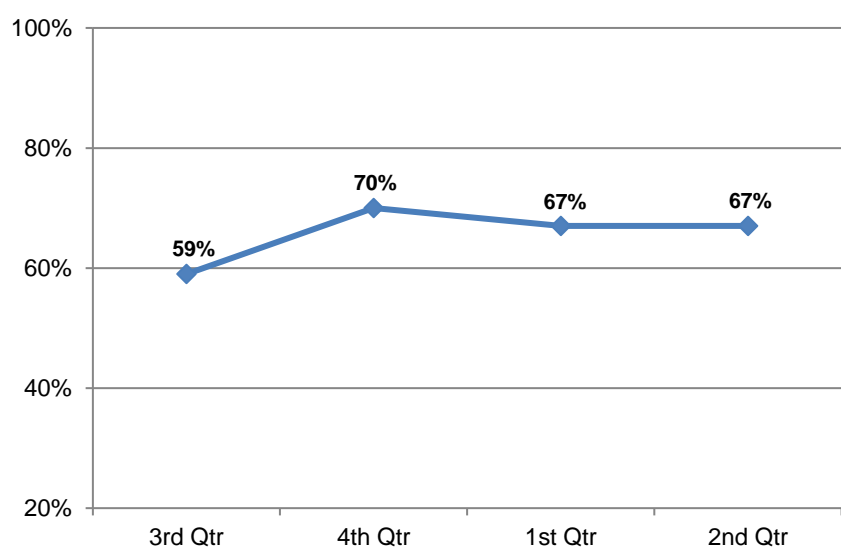


DR referrals must be initiated within 72 hours of receipt of the report.

DCFS initiated 66 percent of its DR reports on time during the second quarter, slightly lower than the previous quarter.

Timeliness of Completing Reports Assigned to DR

Timely Closure of DR Reports



Reports assigned to DR must be closed within 30 days of receipt of the report. In certain instances where the family's needs necessitate longer involvement, two 15-day extensions can be granted, for a total of 60 days.

The Division closed 67 percent of DR reports on time during the second quarter, taking into account reports in which extensions were granted.

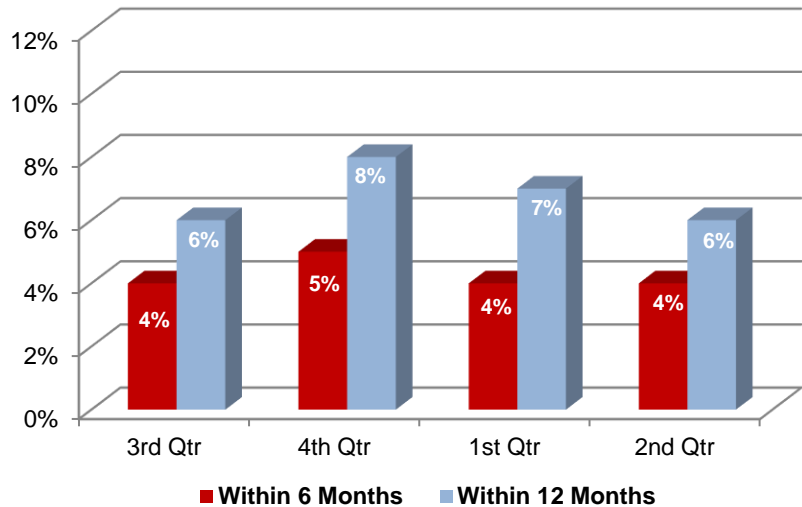
Quick Facts

Benefits to Children and Families

Preventing the Recurrence of Maltreatment

Six percent of the victim children involved in true investigations during the second quarter of SFY 2022 experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within 12 months. Four percent experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within six months.

Recurrence of Maltreatment within 6 and 12 Months

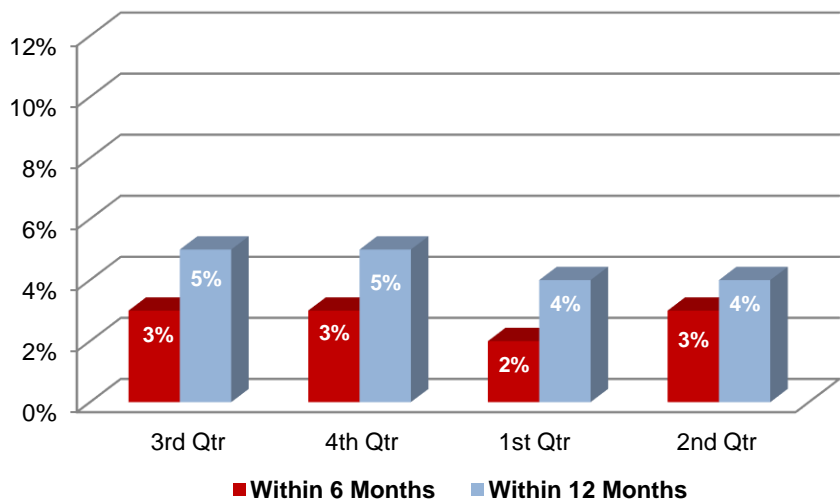


The National Standard for recurrence within 12 months is 9.1 percent or less

Recurrence of Maltreatment Among Families Who Received DR Services

Four percent of the children who began receiving DR services during the second quarter of SFY 2022 were involved in a true investigation of child maltreatment within 12 months, and three percent were involved within six months.

Involvement in True Maltreatment Reports within 6 and 12 Months of Receiving DR Services



In-Home Services

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Cases

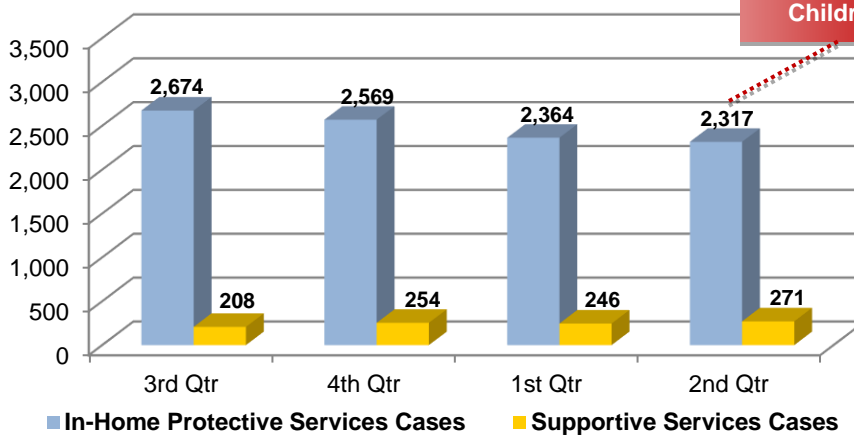
Volume of Cases

In most instances, DCFS offers in-home services through a protective services case, which is opened when a true maltreatment report or court order necessitates DCFS' involvement with a family but there is not an immediate threat to any child's safety in the home.

The number of in-home protective services cases decreased slightly during the quarter. There were 2,317 protective services cases, involving 5,568 children, open across the state at the end of the quarter.

The Division also offers in-home supportive services to families on a voluntary basis. DCFS was responsible for 271 supportive services cases at the end of the quarter.

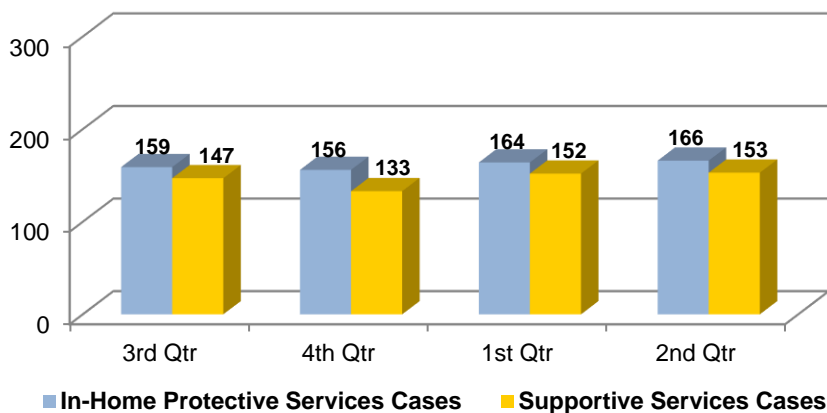
Number of Cases Open at the End of Quarter



Involving
5,568
Children

Length of Time Cases Have Been Open

Average Number of Days Cases Have Been Open as of the End of Quarter



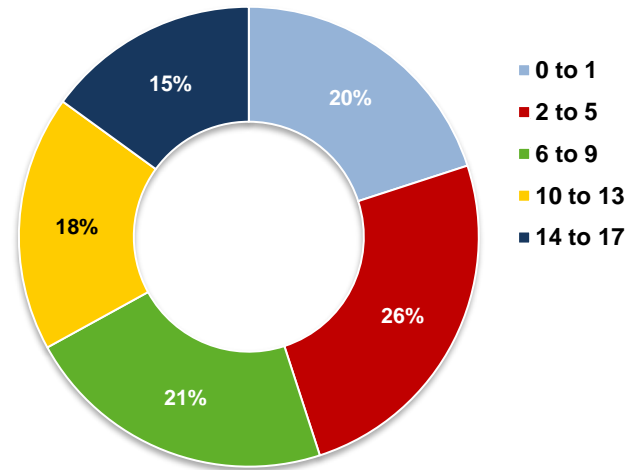
In-home protective services cases that were active as of the end of the quarter had been open, on average, for nearly five and one-half (5.5) months. Supportive services cases had been open, on average, for five months.

Quick Facts

Ages of Children in In-Home Protective Services Cases

Close to half (46 percent) of the children involved in in-home protective services cases at the end of the quarter were ages five or younger.

Ages of Children in In-Home Cases



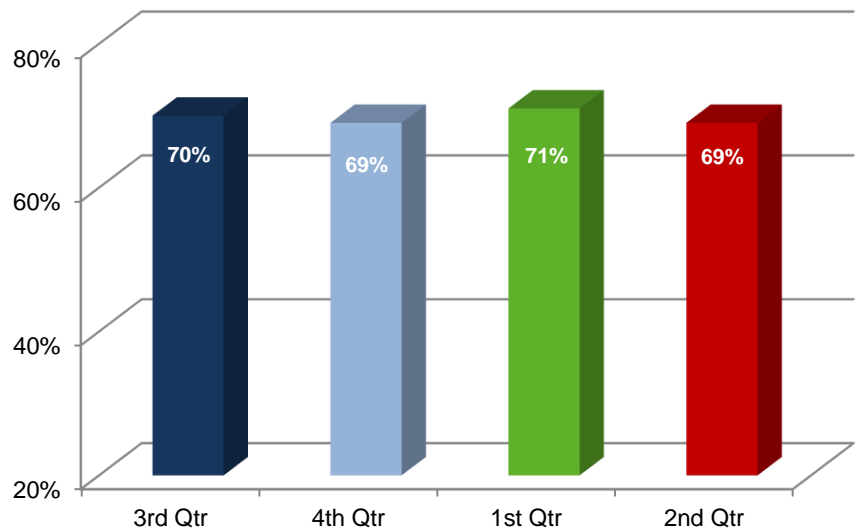
Meeting Agency Policies

Monthly Visits to In-Home Protective Services Cases

Families with an open in-home protective services case must receive a face-to-face visit from a caseworker each month. Caseworkers made 69 percent of these required visits during the second quarter.

This is slightly lower than the in-home visitation rate observed for the previous quarter. The Division's goal is 85 percent.

Required Monthly Visits to In-Home Cases

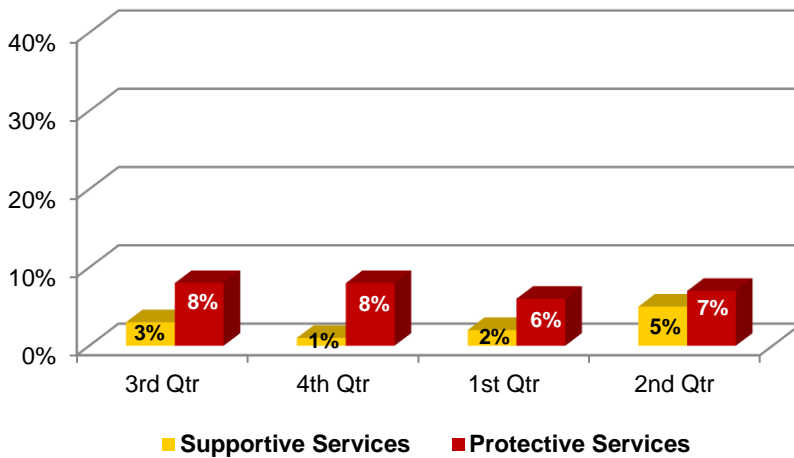


Quick Facts

Benefits to Children and Families

Victimization Rate Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive and Protective Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Service

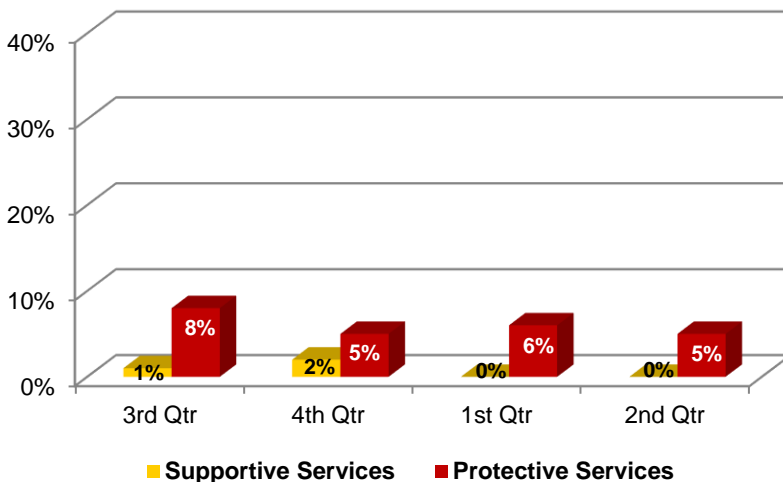


The percentage of children involved in a protective services case who were maltreated within one year of service initiation was seven percent for the second quarter.

The rate of maltreatment for children involved through a supportive services case was five percent for the most recent quarter.

Rate of Entry Into Foster Care Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive or Protective Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of the Initiation of Service



Of the children who began receiving protective services during the second quarter one year ago, five percent entered foster care within one year of the initiation of those services.

None of the children (zero percent) who began receiving supportive services during the same timeframe entered care within one year.

In-home services prevent the vast majority of children from being re-victimized or entering foster care within one year.

Quick Facts

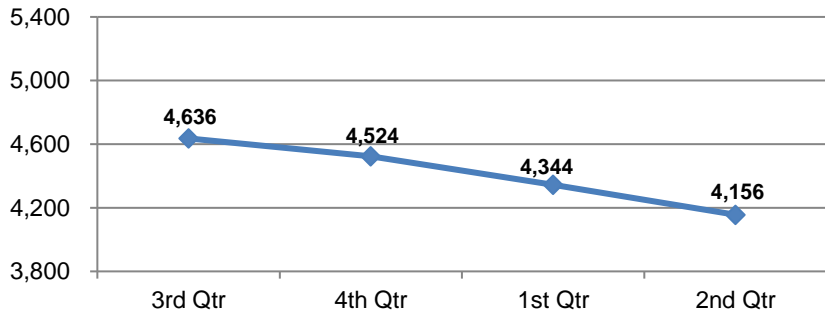
Foster Care

Volume and Description of Cases

Number of Children in Foster Care

There were 4,156 children in foster care at the end of the second quarter of SFY 2023, a four percent decrease from the previous quarter (4,344).

Number of Children in Foster Care

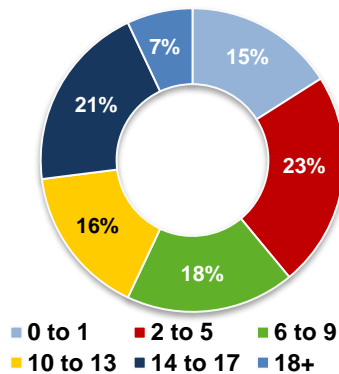


Characteristics of Children in Foster Care

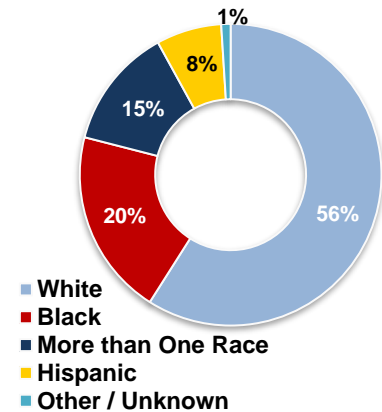
At the end of the quarter, children ages five years or younger made up 38 percent of all children in foster care. Fifty-six percent of those in care were white and 20 percent were black.

Of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter, 50 percent were male and 50 percent were female.

Ages of Children in Care at the End of the Quarter



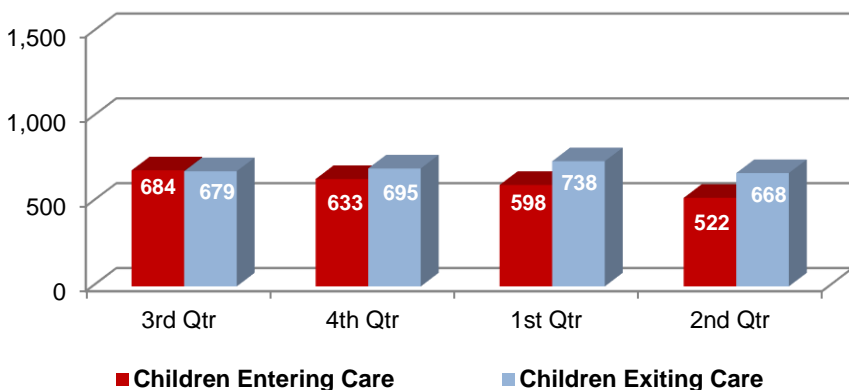
Race/Ethnicity of Children in Care at the End of Quarter



Admissions Into and Discharges From Foster Care

Far more children exited foster care during the second quarter than had entered.

Number of Admissions into and Discharges from Foster Care During the Quarter



Quick Facts

Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care

**Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care
2nd Quarter SFY 2023**

Placement Reason	Number of Entries	Total
Neglect	257	49%
Substance Abuse	202 ¹	39%
Parent Incarceration	99	19%
Physical Abuse	82	16%
Inadequate Housing	76	15%
Sexual Abuse	43	8%
Child's Behavior	22	4%
Caretaker Illness	20	4%
Truancy	11	2%
Abandonment	10	2%
All Other Reasons	30	6%

A child may have more than one reason for entry.

Neglect and substance abuse were the most common reasons for children entering foster care during the second quarter, similar to the previous quarter.

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care

**Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care
2nd Quarter SFY 2023**

Discharge Reason	Number of Discharges	Total
Reunification	259	39%
Adoption	235	35%
Relative Custody	62	9%
Child Aged Out	50	7%
Guardianship	37	6%
Non-Custodial Parent Custody	15	2%
Non-Relative Custody	9	1%
Death of Child	1	<1%

National data² indicate that the three most prevalent reasons children leave care are reunification (47%), adoption (25%), and guardianship (12%).

Thirty-nine percent of the children who left foster care during the quarter were reunified with their own family, 35 percent were adopted, and nine percent were discharged to relative custody.

Overall, 92 percent of the children exiting care in Arkansas achieved permanency either by returning home or via discharge to relatives, an adoptive home, or another permanent living arrangement.

¹ These 202 cases of substance abuse include 176 instances of parental drug abuse, 24 instances of parental alcohol abuse, and two instances of drug abuse by children.

² National data from the Children's Bureau (November 2022).

Quick Facts

Length of Stay in Foster Care

Of the children in foster care at the end of the second quarter, well over half (56 percent) had been in care for 12 months or longer.

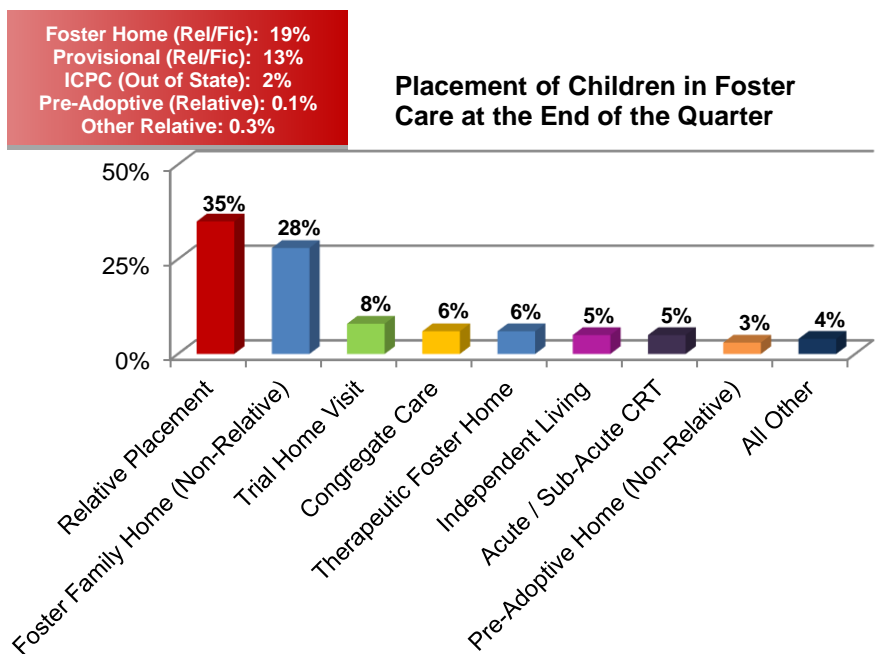
Length of Stay in Foster Care for Children in Care
2nd Quarter SFY 2023

Length of Stay	Number	Percentage	National
Less than 30 days	140	3%	4%
1-3 Months	315	8%	19%
3-6 Months	466	11%	
6-12 Months	924	22%	19%
12-24 Months	1,117	27%	25%
24-36 Months	544	13%	15%
36+ Months	650	16%	18%
Total	4,156	100%	100%

Placements of Children in Foster Care

Overall, 80 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter resided in a family-like setting (i.e., relative placement, foster family home, therapeutic foster home, trial home visit, pre-adoptive home).

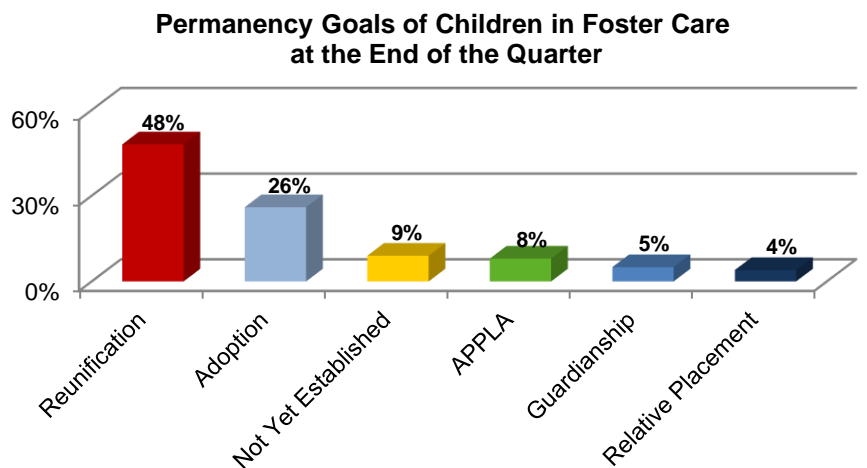
Six percent resided in congregate care, which represents placement in a qualified residential treatment program (QRTP), residential treatment care or residential care only program, or emergency shelter.



Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care

Forty-eight percent of the children in care at the end of the quarter had a permanency goal of reunification (return home) and 26 percent had a goal of adoption.

These figures differ slightly from national data from the Children's Bureau as of November 2022, with averages of 53 percent for reunification and 28 percent for adoption.

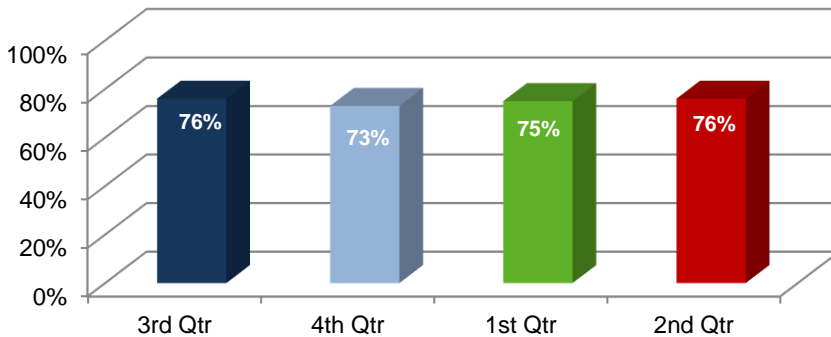


Quick Facts

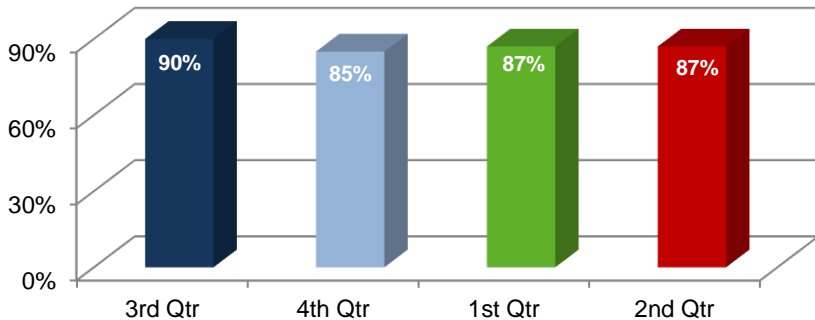
Meeting Agency Policies

Monthly Visits to Children in Foster Care

Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits by Caseworkers



Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits from Any DCFS Staff



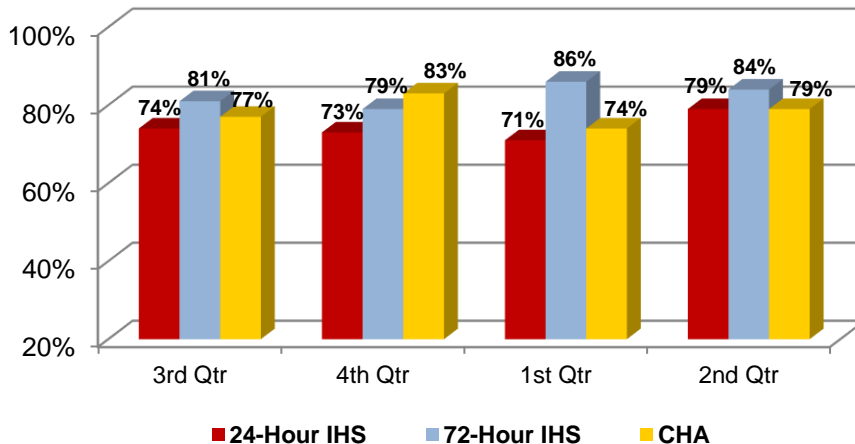
To ensure their safety and well-being, best practice requires children in care to be visited in their placement by a caseworker monthly (measured in this chart). The Division's goal is 95 percent.

DCFS caseworkers made 76 percent of their required monthly face-to-face visits with children in care during the second quarter. This was slightly higher than the visitation rate observed for the previous quarter.

Eighty-seven percent of the foster children received a monthly face-to-face contact from *any* DCFS staff member, regardless of the staff member's position, location of the visit, or the purpose.

Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments

24-Hour and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments



When a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, DCFS must conduct an Initial Health Screening (IHS) within 24 hours. All other incoming foster children require an initial screening within 72 hours.

Children must also receive a Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) within 60 days of entering foster care.

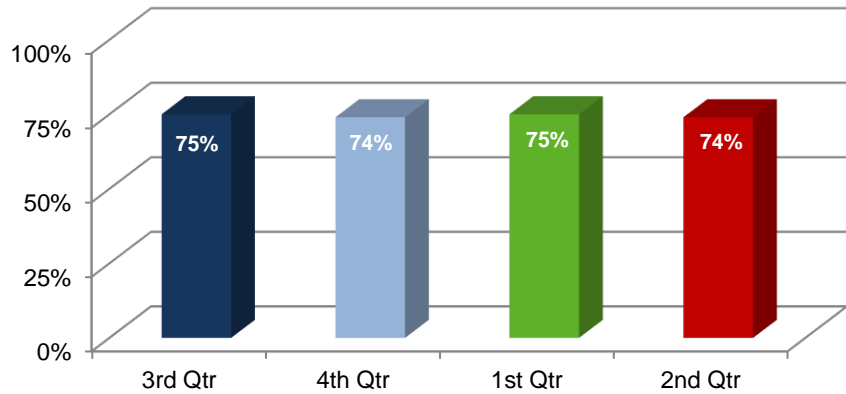
Quick Facts

Siblings in Care Who Are Placed Together

At the end of the quarter, 74 percent of the children with siblings in foster care were placed with at least one of their siblings, while 52 percent were placed with all of their siblings.

These figures do not exclude children who were placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.

Percentage of Siblings in Care who are Placed Together

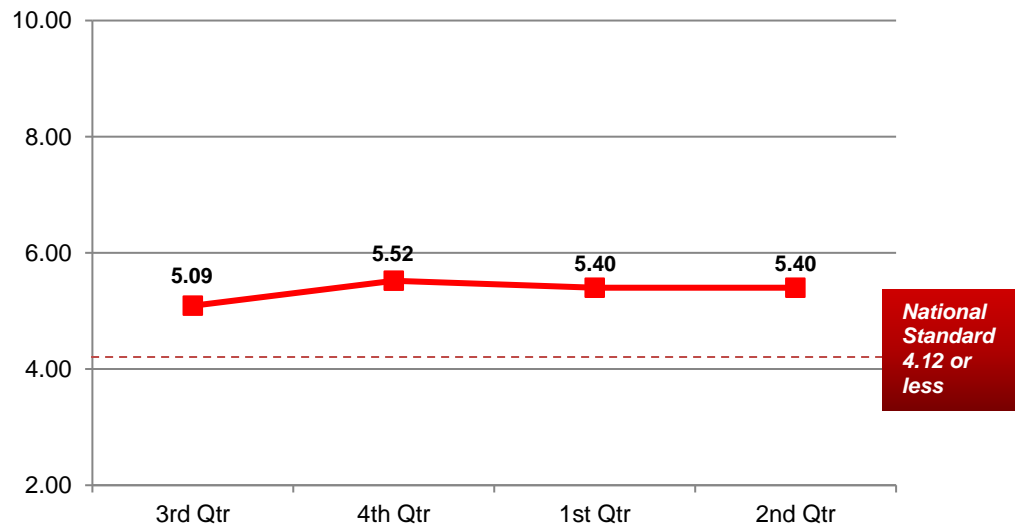


Placement Stability of Children in Foster Care

Placement stability is measured by the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days in foster care for children who enter care over a 12-month period.

For the second quarter, the placement stability rate was 5.40, identical to the previous quarter. The national standard is 4.12.

Rate of Placement Moves Per 1,000 Days in Foster Care



Quick Facts

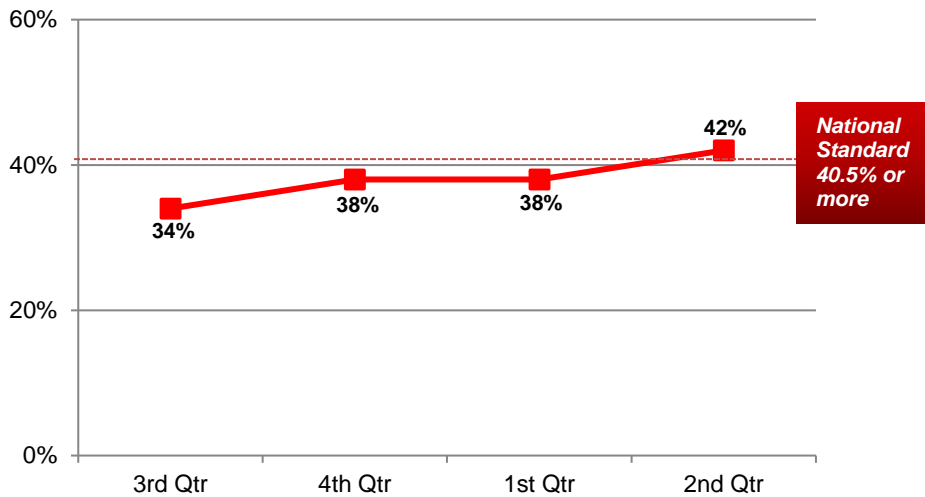
Benefits to Children and Families

Achieving Permanency Within Twelve Months

The national standard is for 40.5 percent of all children entering foster care to achieve permanency (i.e., exiting foster care to a permanent living situation) within 12 months of removal. Discharges from foster care due to reunification, relative custody, non-custodial parent custody, guardianship, adoption, and non-relative custody are considered to be permanent living situations.

For the second quarter of SFY 2023, 42 percent of the children entering care in Arkansas achieved permanency within 12 months. This was higher than the previous quarter.

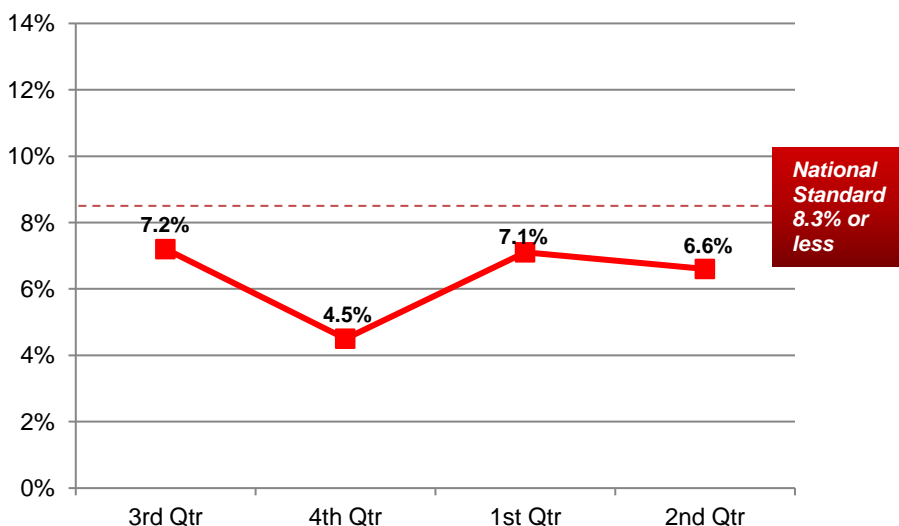
Permanency within 12 Months of Entering Foster Care



Preventing Children's Re-Entry Into Foster Care

Less than seven percent of children who had reunited with their families re-entered foster care within 12 months of discharge for the second quarter of SFY 2023, similar to the previous quarter and less than the national standard (8.3 percent).

Re-Entries Into Foster Care



Quick Facts

Adoption

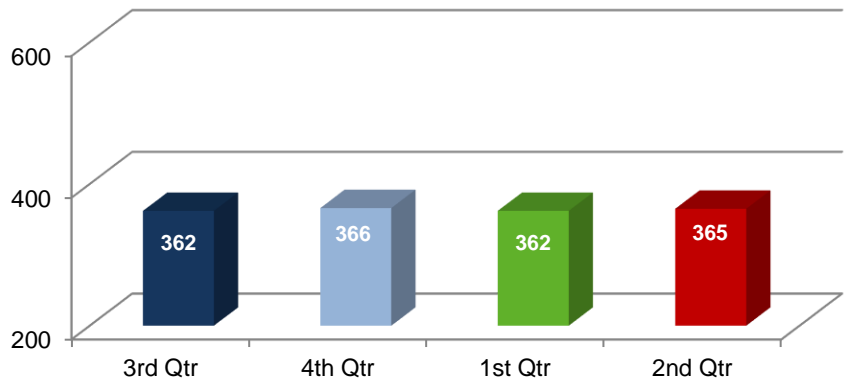
Volume and Description of Cases

Children Available for Adoption ³

At the end of the second quarter, 365 children were available for adoption.

DCFS estimates that it has identified a possible pre-adoptive placement for approximately 20 percent of the children available for adoption.

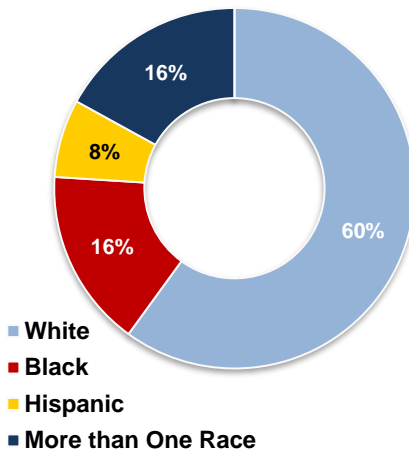
Number of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter



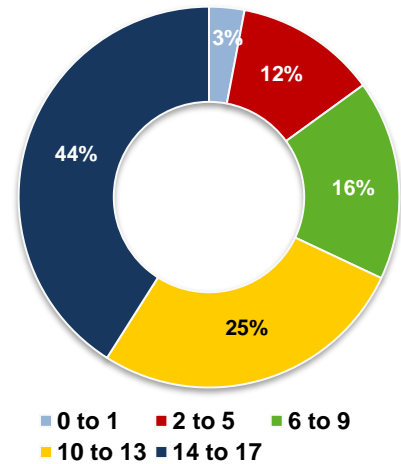
Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption

Of the available children, 60 percent were white, 16 percent were black, and 16 percent were multiracial. Children ages ten and older made up 69 percent of the children available for adoption.

Race/Ethnicity of Children Available for Adoption



Ages of Children Available for Adoption

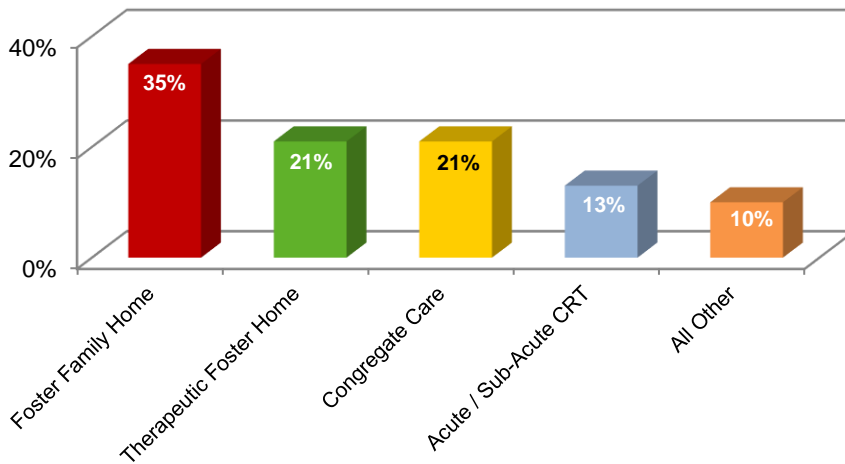


³ Children available for adoption are defined as those who (1) have a termination of parental rights on both parents, (2) have a permanency goal of adoption, and (3) are not placed with relatives, fictive kin, or a pre-adoptive family.

Quick Facts

Placement of Children Available for Adoption

Placement of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter

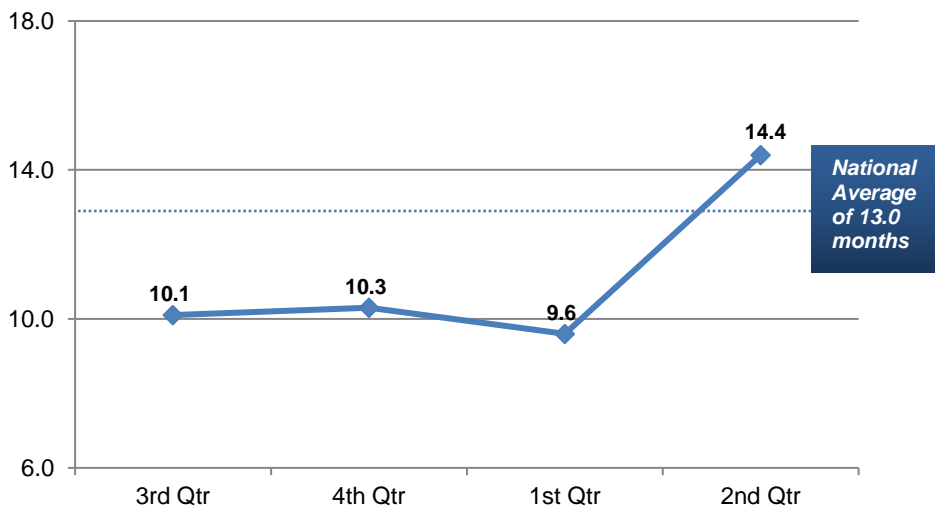


Fifty-six percent of the children available for adoption resided in either a foster family home or therapeutic foster home at the end of the quarter.

Meeting Agency Policies

Length of Time to Adoption

Length of Time From TPR to Finalization of Adoption (Months)



Arkansas' average length of time from termination of parental rights (TPR) until adoption finalization was 14.4 months during the quarter, longer than the previous quarter and over one month longer than the national average (13.0 months).

Quick Facts

Benefits to Children and Families

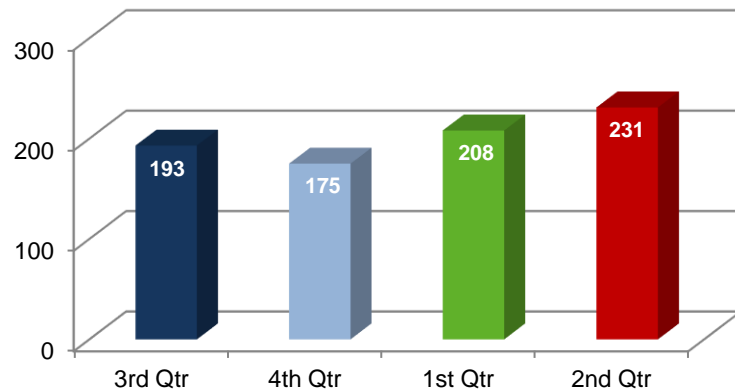
Finalized Adoptions

Two-hundred and thirty-one adoptions were finalized during the second quarter of SFY 2023.

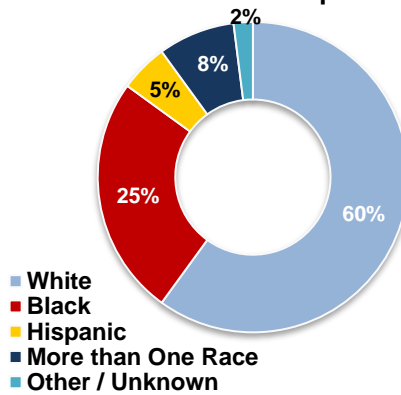
Of those adoptions, just under half (45 percent) were finalized by relatives.

Children ages two to five made up the largest group (38 percent) among those adopted during the quarter, followed by those ages six to nine (19 percent).

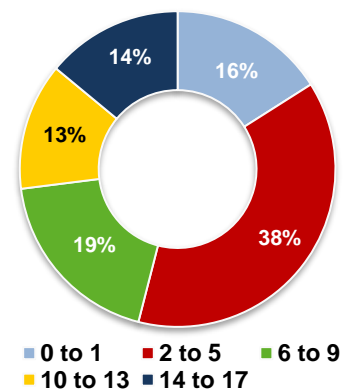
Number of Adoptions Finalized During the Quarter



Race/Ethnicity of Children with Finalized Adoption



Ages of Children with Finalized Adoption



Subsidized Adoptions

Subsidies are given to children with special needs, defined as:

- Caucasian and over nine
- Healthy child of color and at least two years of age
- Member of any sibling group placed together, sharing at least one biological parent, who develop a bond
- Children who have severe medical or psychological needs that require ongoing treatment
- Children at high risk for the development of serious physical, mental, or emotional conditions documented by a medical professional

During the second quarter, **226** children began receiving adoption subsidies. Of those, 221 were federally funded subsidies and 5 were state funded subsidies.

During the quarter, a total of **8,090** children received adoption subsidies.



Caseworkers and Caseloads

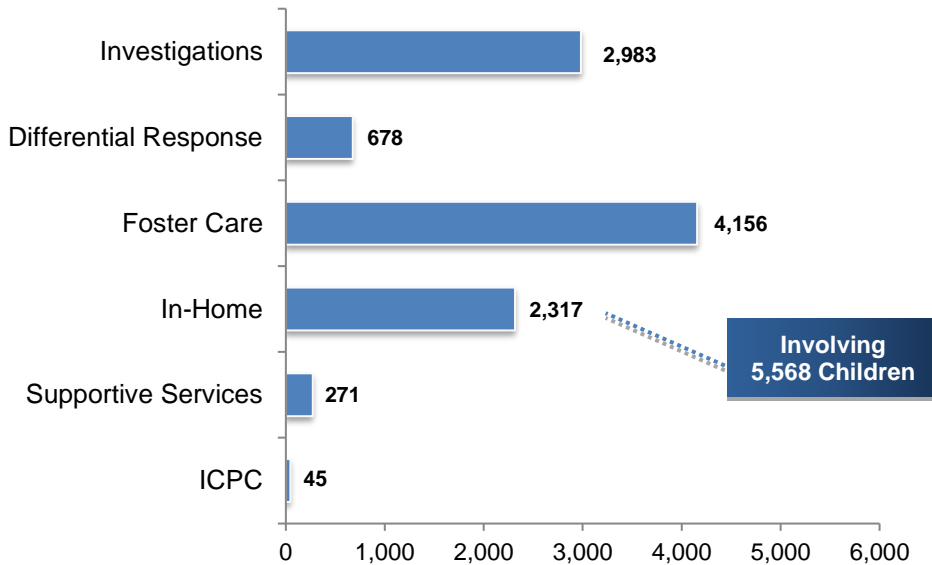
Caseloads at the End of the Quarter

At the end of the second quarter, the Division was responsible for:

- 2,983 investigations of child maltreatment and 678 DR cases;
- 4,156 foster care cases;
- 2,317 in-home protective services cases, involving 5,568 children;
- 271 supportive services cases and 45 interstate compact for the placement of children (ICPC) cases.

This is while the Division was staffed with 443 family service workers, who were responsible for handling these cases.

Types of Cases at the End of the Quarter



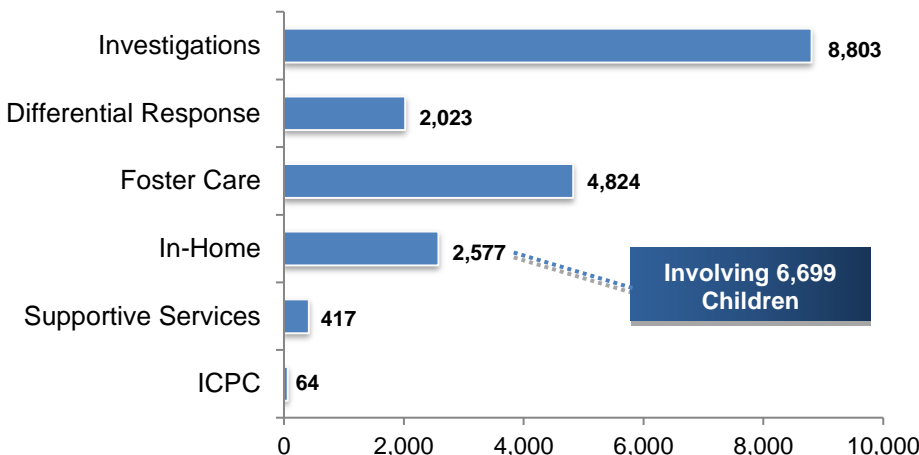
One foster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or supportive services case constitutes an entire family, many of which have multiple children.

Caseloads Handled *During* the Quarter

This figure illustrates the number of cases that cycled through the system anytime during the quarter (as opposed to those open at the end of the quarter, described above).

The Division oversaw 8,803 investigations, 2,023 DR cases, 4,824 children in foster care, 2,577 in-home protective services cases, 417 supportive services cases, and 64 ICPC cases.

Types of Cases Served During the Quarter



Quick Facts

Average Caseload

The average caseload statewide was just under 23 cases per worker at the end of the quarter. The Division's goal is 20 or fewer cases per worker.

The average caseload for each county as of December 2022 is presented in Appendix B.

Foster Homes

Foster Homes and Beds

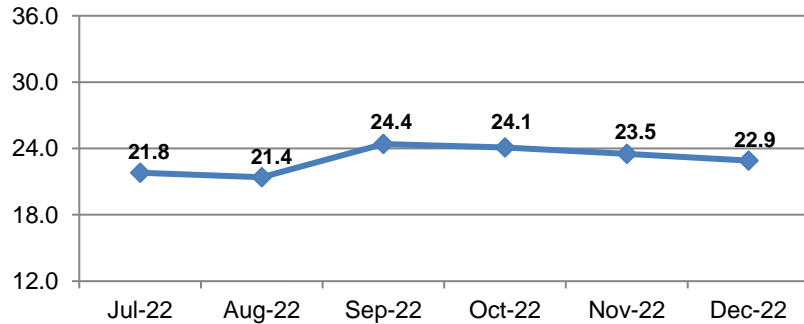
There were 1,618 licensed foster family homes open statewide at the end of the second quarter, providing a total of 3,179 available beds.

The number of available beds decreased from the previous quarter.

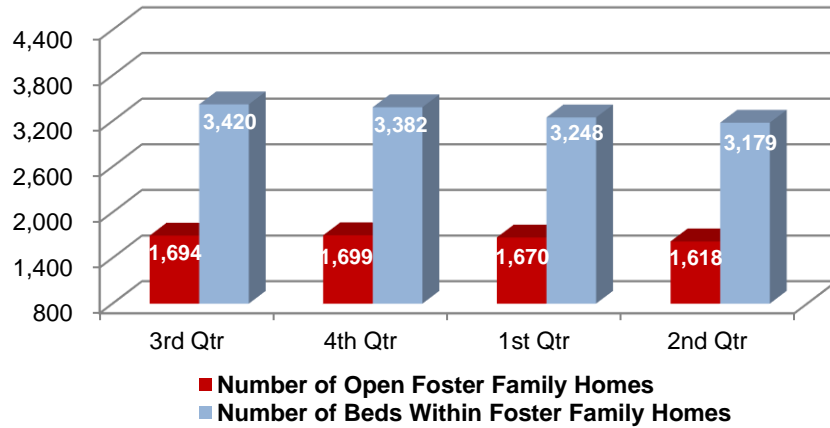
During the most recent quarter, 235 new foster homes were opened and 273 were closed, resulting in a net loss of 38 homes.

Appendix C displays the closure reasons for the foster homes that closed during the quarter.

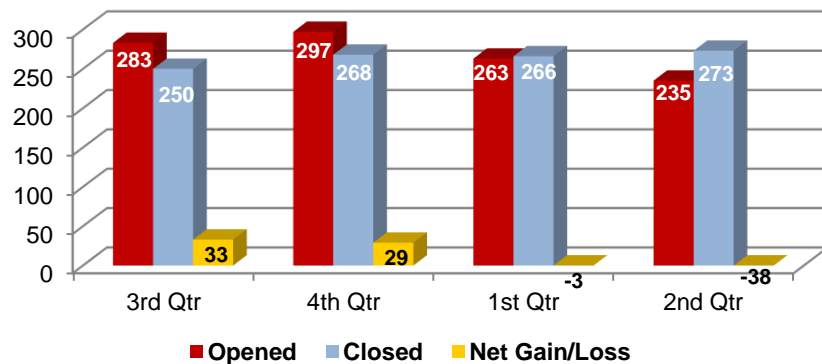
Average Caseload at the End of Month



Number of Foster Homes and Beds at the End of Quarter



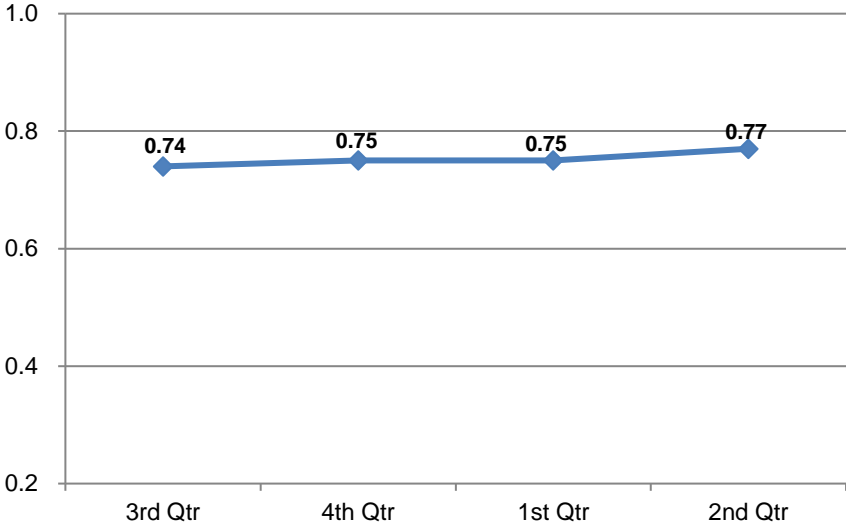
Number of Foster Homes Opened and Closed During the Quarter



Quick Facts

Ratio of Foster Home Beds to Foster Children

Foster Home Bed to Foster Child Ratio

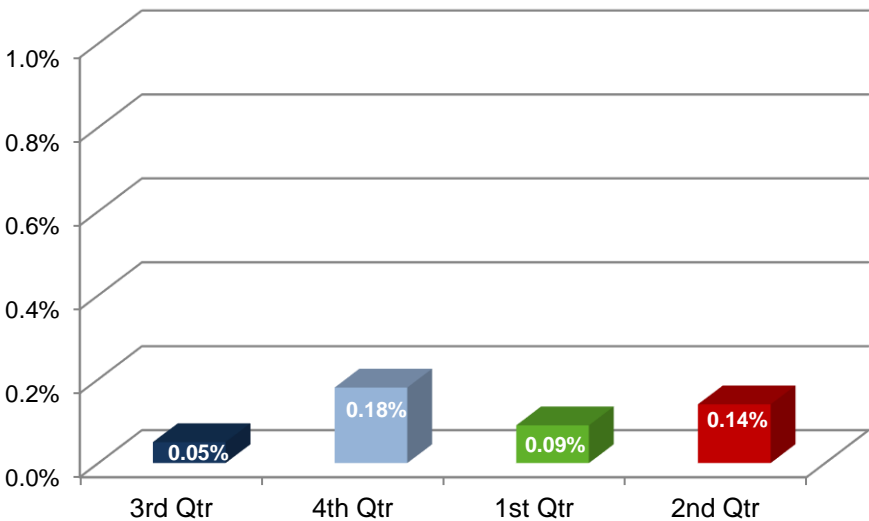


The ratio of licensed foster home beds to children in foster care stood at 0.77 at the end of the second quarter, slightly higher than in previous quarters.

The Division's goal is to have at least one foster home bed available for each child in foster care.

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment



Three reports in which a foster parent was identified as an alleged offender were determined to be true during the second quarter. Based on the 2,151 foster homes active during that period, the percentage of foster families with a true report of maltreatment was 0.14 percent.

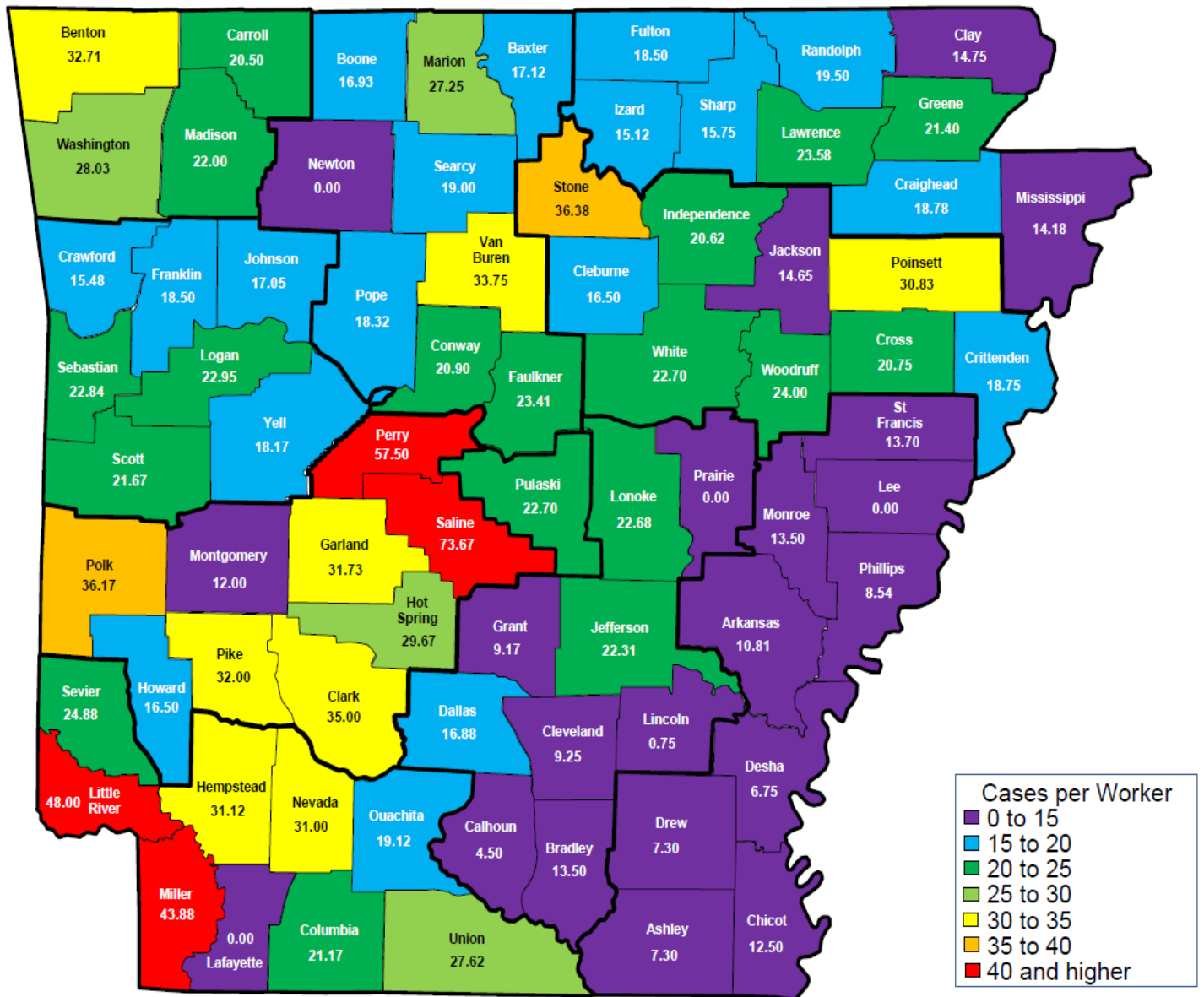
Appendix D provides more detail on maltreatment reports concerning foster homes.

Appendix A: Breakdown of Child Maltreatment Reports Received During the Quarter and Substantiation Rates of Maltreatment Investigations⁴

	DCFS				CACD		
	Total Assessments Assigned for DR	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True
Third Quarter 2022	1,170	5,029 <i>4,889 Closed</i>	1,186	24%	1,524 <i>1,428 Closed</i>	476	33%
Fourth Quarter 2022	1,190	5,404 <i>5,159 Closed</i>	1,233	24%	1,638 <i>1,539 Closed</i>	522	34%
First Quarter 2023	906	4,714 <i>4,488 Closed</i>	1,080	24%	1,495 <i>1,413 Closed</i>	523	37%
Second Quarter 2023	901	3,985 <i>3,764 Closed</i>	782	21%	1,096 <i>1,041 Closed</i>	364	35%

⁴ The data cited in this appendix run two months behind the referenced quarter (e.g., the second quarter refers to 8/1/2022 through 10/31/2022); as a result, the numbers cited in this appendix differ from those cited throughout the report, which considers the actual quarter. This is because investigations have a 45-day completion timeframe and this allows enough time to pass to measure the disposition of the investigations. An investigation is excluded from the calculation of the substantiation rate in the event that it has not yet been closed (and thus a disposition has not yet been rendered).

Appendix B: Average Caseload as of December 31, 2022, by County



Lafayette, Lee, Newton, and Prairie counties did not have any family service workers at the end of the quarter; their cases were assigned to workers from other counties.

Appendix C: Foster Home Closure Reasons

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
1	Benton (Bentonville)	2	9	1	1	0	1	0	14
1	Carroll (Berryville)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
1	Madison (Huntsville)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	0	3	1	2	0	1	0	7
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	0	0	1	1	0	6	0	8
2	Franklin (Ozark)	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
2	Logan (Booneville)	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
2	Logan (Paris)	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	4
2	Scott (Waldron)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	2	3	0	3	0	1	0	9
2	Yell (Danville)	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	4
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	1	1	0	2	0	3	0	7
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	4
3	Howard (Nashville)	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
3	Perry (Perryville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
3	Polk (Mena)	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	5
3	Saline (Benton)	0	7	2	2	0	0	0	11
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
4	Hempstead (Hope)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	6
4	Miller (Texarkana)	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	5
4	Nevada (Prescott)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	Ouachita (Camden)	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
4	Union (El Dorado)	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	4
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
5	Boone (Harrison)	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
5	Conway (Morrilton)	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
5	Faulkner (Conway)	0	8	1	2	0	0	0	11
5	Marion (Yellville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	4
5	Searcy (Marshall)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
6	Pulaski (East)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	4
6	Pulaski (North)	1	4	3	0	0	1	0	9
6	Pulaski (South)	1	9	2	3	0	0	0	15
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
7	Bradley (Warren)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
7	Cleveland (Rison)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	0	4	0	3	0	1	0	8
7	Lincoln (Star City)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	8
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	0	5	2	5	1	3	1	17
8	Fulton (Salem)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
8	Greene (Paragould)	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	5
8	Izard (Melbourne)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	5
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	5
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	4
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
9	Cross (Wynne)	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	5
9	Independence (Batesville)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
9	Jackson (Newport)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	4
9	Stone (Mountain View)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	White (Searcy)	0	3	2	2	0	0	0	7
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	4
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
10	Desha (McGehee)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
10	Drew (Monticello)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
10	Lee (Marianna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	Out of State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		13	107	34	70	1	46	2	273

Details of the Major Closure Categories Above (Statewide)		
Closure Reason	Specific Reason	Number of Homes Closed
Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Child(ren) Left Care	43
	Custody / Guardianship	27
Change in Family Circumstances	Personal Issues	7
	Moved	4
	Health of Parent	1
	Pregnant	1
	Provider Request	86
Foster Family's Decision	Changed to Adopt Only	15
	Taking a Break	4
	Provider Became Therapeutic Foster Home	2
	Founded Abuse / Neglect	1
No Longer Meets Requirements	True Maltreatment	1
	DHS Request	33
Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Failed Re-evaluation / Non-compliance	1
	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	46
Other	Contract Ended	1
	Duplicate	1

Appendix D: Summary of Foster Care Maltreatment Reports

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care Involved in Allegations of Maltreatment, 2nd Quarter SFY 2023

One-hundred and six reports of alleged maltreatment involving children in foster care were received by the hotline during the second quarter of SFY 2023.

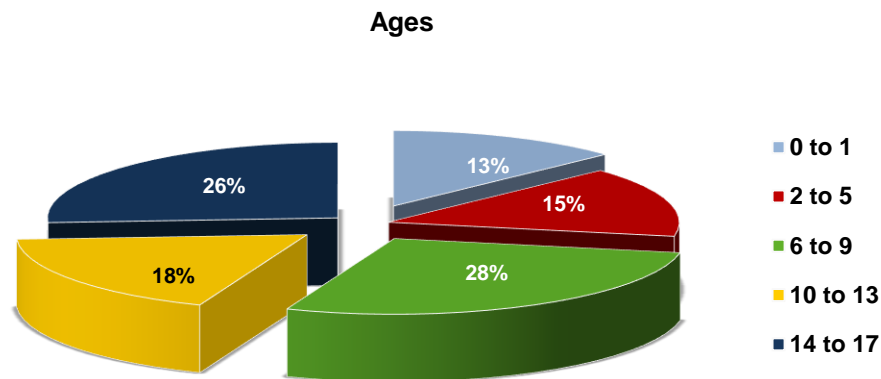
In 29 reports involving 39 children, foster parents⁵ were identified as the alleged offenders. As shown in the following chart, three of those reports were found to be true. Of the three foster homes identified in those true reports, two were subsequently closed while the remaining one was permitted to remain open after the offending foster parent left the home.

**Foster Home Maltreatment Reports
2nd Quarter SFY 2023**

True	Unsubstantiated	Pending
3	24	2

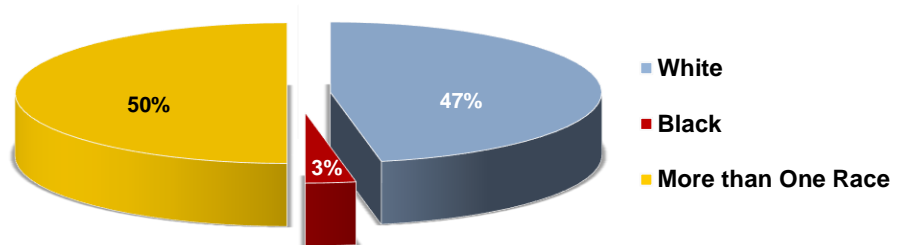
All allegations of maltreatment concerning foster homes are investigated by the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police. DCFS staff do not actively participate in the investigation of these reports. Allegations of maltreatment regarding foster homes require the agency to assess the safety of all children residing in the home.

The following charts describe the characteristics of the 39 children in foster care who were involved in allegations of maltreatment with foster parents identified as the alleged offenders.

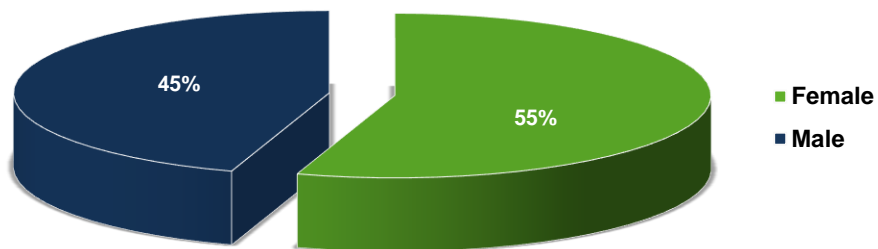


⁵ This includes foster family homes and therapeutic foster homes.

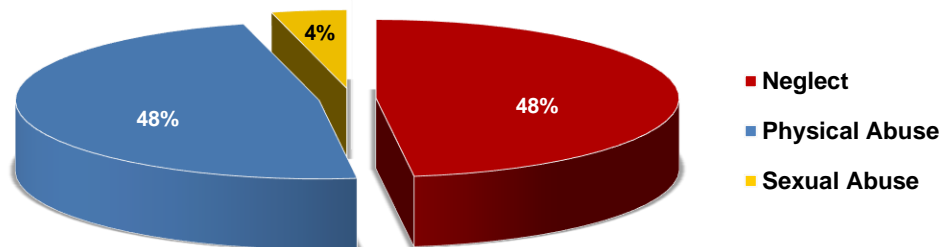
Race / Ethnicity



Gender



Allegations



Location of Foster Homes in Which Alleged Maltreatment Occurred

County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)	County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)
Clay	5	Faulkner	1
Benton	4	Franklin	1
Lonoke	4	Greene	1
Pulaski	4	Jefferson	1
Boone	3	Montgomery	1
Sebastian	3	Phillips	1
Craighead	2	Sharp	1
Cross	2	Washington	1
Saline	2	White	1
Ashley	1		