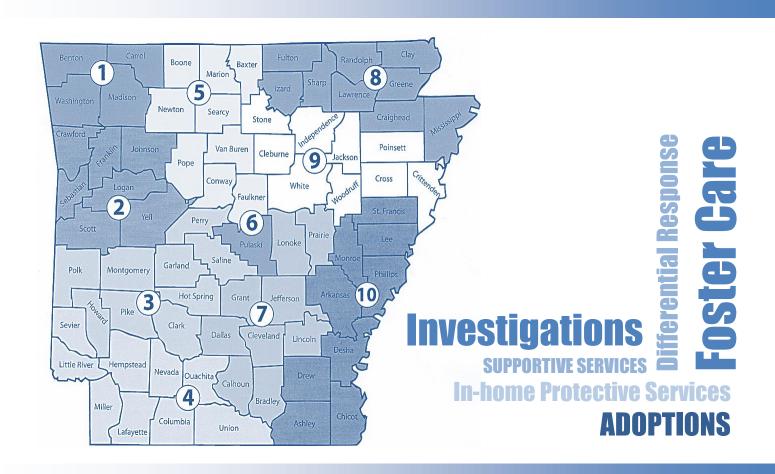
# **EXHIBIT E2**

# QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT 3rd QUARTER SFY 2023

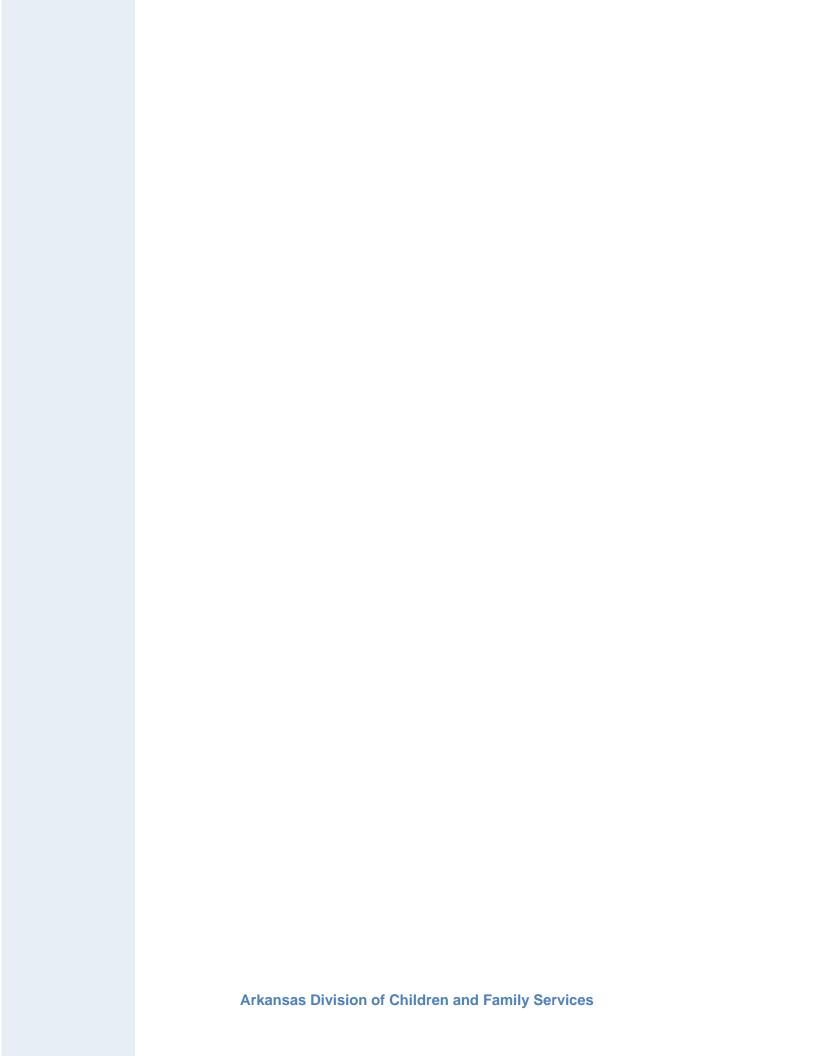
January 1, 2023 - March 31, 2023



Produced for Arkansas Department of Human Services
Division of Children and Family Services
by
Evident Change

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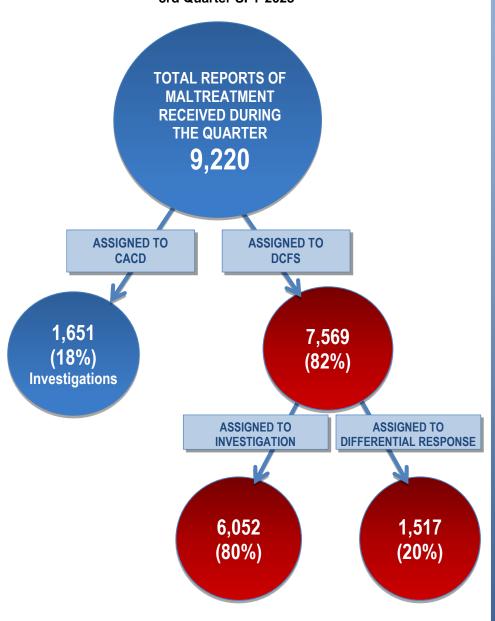
# **Reports of Child Maltreatment**

# **Quick Facts**

# **Volume and Description of Child Maltreatment Reports**

Volume of Incoming Reports

Maltreatment Reports Received During 3rd Quarter SFY 2023



Of the 9,220 reports of child maltreatment accepted by the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline during the third quarter, 82 percent were assigned to DCFS and 18 percent were assigned to the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police, which is responsible for investigating the most serious allegations of maltreatment.

Of the reports assigned to DCFS, 80 percent were assigned for an investigation and 20 percent were handled through differential response (DR).

DR allows the Division to respond to specific, low-risk maltreatment reports through a family assessment and provision of services rather than a traditional investigation.

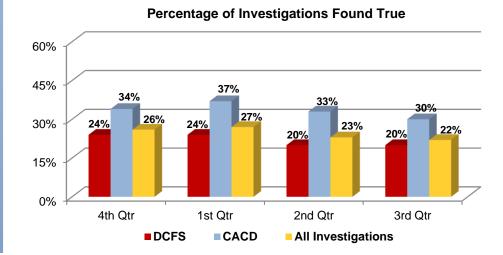
The following types of allegations can qualify for DR:

- Inadequate supervision if children are at least five
- Environmental neglect if children are at least three
- Medical neglect if children are at least thirteen
- Lock out if children are at least ten
- Inadequate food, inadequate shelter, inadequate clothing, or educational neglect with no age restrictions
- Certain allegations of abuse where the incident occurred at least one year prior to the report date

# **Findings of Child Maltreatment Investigations**

Twenty percent of the investigations assigned to DCFS during the third quarter were found true, compared to 30 percent for CACD. The overall substantiation rate stood at 22 percent, lower than the previous quarter.

Appendix A provides further detail on the number of referrals accepted for investigation and those found true in the most recent quarter.

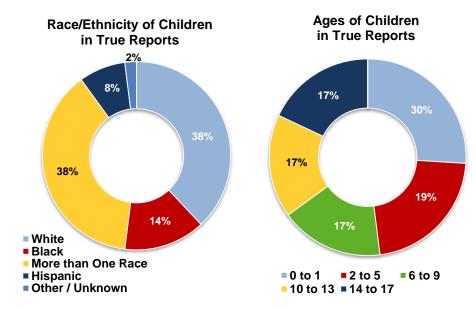


# **Characteristics of Children Involved in True Investigations**

There were 1,893 victim children involved in substantiated maltreatment investigations during the quarter.

Of those children, 38 percent were white, 38 percent were multiracial, and 14 percent were black. Almost half (49 percent) were under six years of age.

The majority of victim children (54 percent) were female.



# Types of Allegations in True Investigations

Neglect was the most commonly reported allegation for the 1,893 victim children, followed by allegations of physical abuse and sexual abuse.

Percentage of Children in True Allegations of Maltreatment						
Number of Children Cited Percentage of Children in True Allegation Cited in True Allegation						
Neglect	1,309	69%				
Physical Abuse	394	21%				
Sexual Abuse	337	18%				
Sexual Exploitation	32	2%				
Abandonment	10	<1%				

A child may have more than one allegation.

# **Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities**

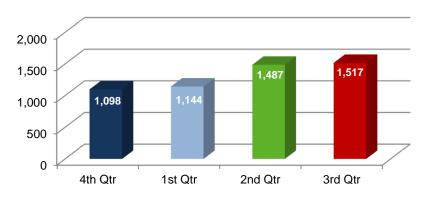
Findings of Maltreatment Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities					
Finding	Finding Child Fatality Chil				
True	2	1			
Unsubstantiated	1	0			
Pending	10	1			

During the third quarter, there were 13 maltreatment investigations of child fatalities. Of those, two were found true, one was unsubstantiated, and ten were still pending.

Over the same period, there were two investigations of near fatalities; one was found true, and one was still pending.

#### Reports Assigned for Differential Response (DR)

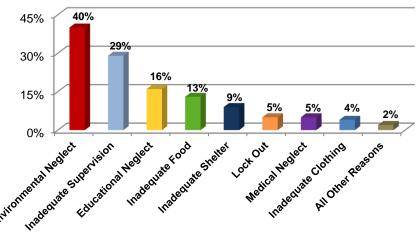
#### **Number of Reports Assigned for Differential Response**



The number of reports assigned for DR during the third quarter (1,517) increased slightly over the previous quarter.

# **Allegations Cited in DR Reports**

# Types of Allegations Cited in Reports Assigned for DR



Environmental neglect and inadequate supervision were the most common allegations cited in reports assigned for DR during the quarter, followed by educational neglect and inadequate food.

#### **Meeting Agency Policies**

#### **Timeliness of Initiating Investigations**

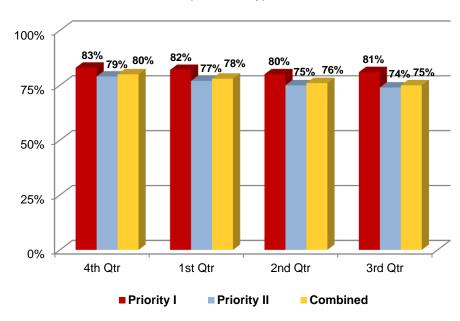
The law requires reports of maltreatment to be initiated within 24 hours of receipt of a Priority I report or within 72 hours for a Priority II report.

Priority I reports cite more severe allegations while Priority II reports cite comparatively less serious allegations.

Initiation occurs when all victim children are interviewed or observed (if too young for an interview) within the designated timeframes.

DCFS initiated 75 percent of its investigations on time during the third quarter, slightly lower than its performance during the previous quarter.

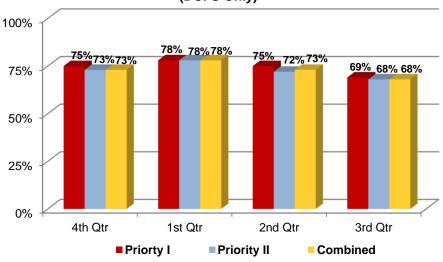
# Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



# **Timeliness of Completing Investigations**

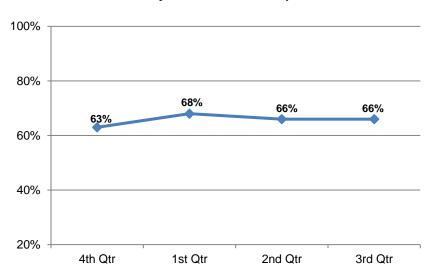
DCFS completed 68 percent of its investigations on time (within 45 days of receipt of the report) during the quarter, lower than its performance during the previous quarter (73 percent).

# Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



# **Timeliness of Initiating Reports Assigned to DR**

#### **Timely Initiation of DR Reports**

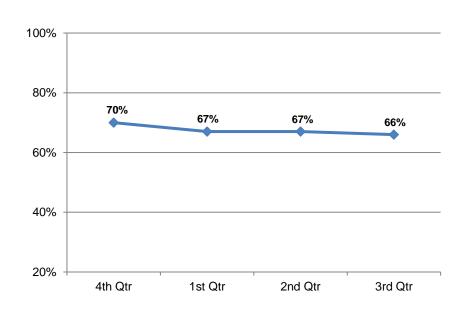


DR referrals must be initiated within 72 hours of receipt of the report.

DCFS initiated 66 percent of its DR reports on time during the third quarter, identical to its performance during the previous quarter.

# **Timeliness of Completing Reports Assigned to DR**

#### **Timely Closure of DR Reports**



Reports assigned to DR must be closed within 30 days of receipt of the report. In certain instances where the family's needs necessitate longer involvement, two 15-day extensions can be granted, for a total of 60 days.

The Division closed 66 percent of DR reports on time during the third quarter, taking into account reports in which extensions were granted.

#### **Benefits to Children and Families**

# **Preventing the Recurrence of Maltreatment**

Eight percent of the victim children involved in true investigations during the third quarter of SFY 2022 experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within 12 months. Five percent experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within six months.

# 8%

Recurrence of Maltreatment within 6 and 12 Months

4% 4% 4% 4% 0% 4th Qtr 1st Qtr 2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr

Within 6 Months Within 12 Months

The National Standard for recurrence within 12 months is 9.1 percent or less

# Recurrence of Maltreatment Among Families Who Received DR Services

12%

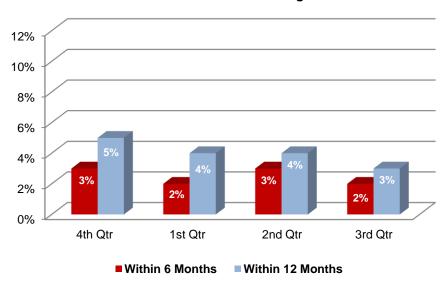
10%

8%

6%

Three percent of the children who began receiving DR services during the third quarter of SFY 2022 were involved in a true investigation of child maltreatment within 12 months, and two percent were involved within six months.

# Involvement in True Maltreatment Reports within 6 and 12 Months of Receiving DR Services

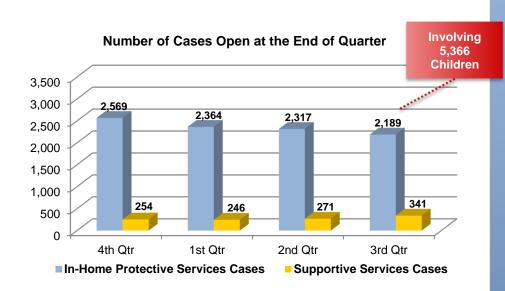


# **In-Home Services**

# **Quick Facts**

# **Volume and Description of Cases**

#### **Volume of Cases**



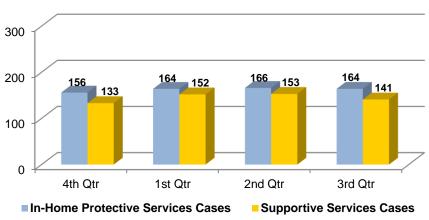
In most instances, DCFS offers inhome services through a protective services case, which is opened when a true maltreatment report or court order necessitates DCFS' involvement with a family but there is not an immediate threat to any child's safety in the home.

The number of in-home protective services cases decreased during the quarter. There were 2,189 protective services cases, involving 5,366 children, open across the state at the end of the quarter.

The Division also offers in-home supportive services to families on a voluntary basis. DCFS was responsible for 341 supportive services cases at the end of the quarter.

# **Length of Time Cases Have Been Open**

# Average Number of Days Cases Have Been Open as of the End of Quarter

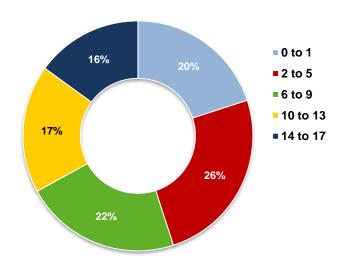


In-home protective services cases that were active as of the end of the quarter had been open, on average, for nearly five and one-half months. Supportive services cases had been open, on average, for approximately four and one-half months.

# **Ages of Children in In-Home Protective Services Cases**

Nearly half (46 percent) of the children involved in in-home protective services cases at the end of the quarter were ages five or younger.

#### Ages of Children in In-Home Cases



# **Meeting Agency Policies**

# **Monthly Visits to In-Home Protective Services Cases**

Families with an open in-home protective services case must receive a face-to-face visit from a caseworker each month.

Caseworkers made 71 percent of these required visits during the third quarter.

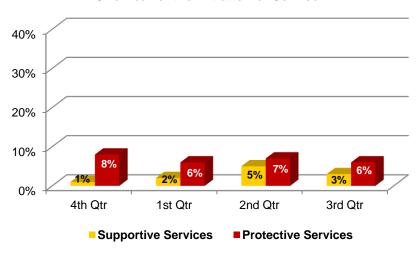
This is slightly higher than the inhome visitation rate observed for the previous quarter. The Division's goal is 85 percent.

# Required Monthly Visits to In-Home Cases 80% 69% 69% 71% 69% 40% 20% 4th Qtr 1st Qtr 2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr

#### **Benefits to Children and Families**

#### Victimization Rate Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

# Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive and Protective Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Service

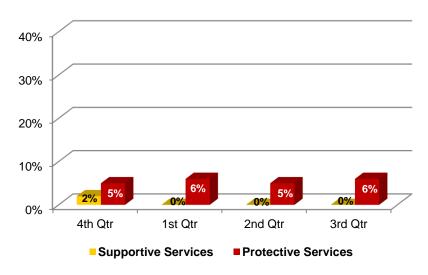


The percentage of children involved in a protective services case who were maltreated within one year of service initiation was six percent for the third quarter.

The rate of maltreatment for children involved through a supportive services case was three percent for the third quarter.

# Rate of Entry Into Foster Care Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

#### Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive or Protective Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of the Initiation of Service



Of the children who began receiving protective services during the third quarter one year ago, six percent entered foster care within one year of the initiation of those services.

None of the children (zero percent) who began receiving supportive services during the same timeframe entered care within one year.

In-home services prevent the vast majority of children from being revictimized or entering foster care within one year.

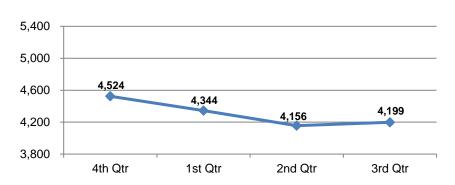
# **Foster Care**

# **Volume and Description of Cases**

#### **Number of Children in Foster Care**

There were 4,199 children in foster care at the end of the third quarter of SFY 2023, a slight increase from the previous quarter (4,156).

#### **Number of Children in Foster Care**

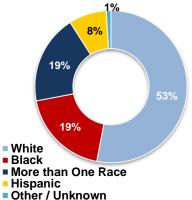


#### **Characteristics of Children in Foster Care**

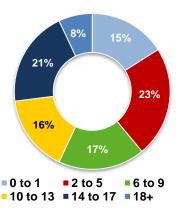
At the end of the quarter, children ages five years or younger made up 38 percent of all children in foster care. Fifty-three percent of those in care were white, and 19 percent were black.

Of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter, 50 percent were male and 50 percent were female.

# Race/Ethnicity of Children in Care at the End of Quarter



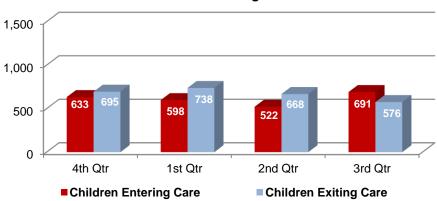
# Ages of Children in Care at the End of the Quarter



#### **Admissions Into and Discharges From Foster Care**

More children entered foster care during the third quarter than had exited.

# Number of Admissions into and Discharges from Foster Care During the Quarter



# Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care

# Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care 3rd Quarter SFY 2023

Placement Reason	Number of Entries	Total
Neglect	366	53%
Substance Abuse	306¹	44%
Parent Incarceration	153	22%
Inadequate Housing	116	17%
Physical Abuse	90	13%
Sexual Abuse	35	5%
Abandonment	30	4%
Child's Behavior	26	4%
Caretaker Illness	25	4%
Death of Parent(s)	14	2%
All Other Reasons	28	4%

the most common reasons for children entering foster care during the third quarter, similar to the previous quarter.

**Neglect and substance abuse were** 

A child may have more than one reason for entry.

# Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care

# Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care 3rd Quarter SFY 2023

Discharge Reason	Number of Discharges	Total
Reunification	255	44%
Adoption	152	26%
Guardianship	45	8%
Child Aged Out	44	8%
Relative Custody	43	7%
Non-Custodial Parent Custody	26	5%
Non-Relative Custody	8	1%
Custody Transfer to Another Agency	3	<1%

National data<sup>2</sup> indicate that the three most prevalent reasons children leave care are reunification (47%), adoption (25%), and guardianship (12%).

Forty-four percent of the children who left foster care during the quarter were reunified with their own family, and 26 percent were adopted.

Overall, 92 percent of the children exiting care in Arkansas achieved permanency either by returning home or via discharge to relatives, an adoptive home, or another permanent living arrangement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These 306 cases of substance abuse include 270 instances of parental drug abuse, 24 instances of parental alcohol abuse, 10 instances of drug abuse by children, and two instances of alcohol abuse by children.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National data from the Children's Bureau (November 2022).

# **Length of Stay in Foster Care**

Of the children in foster care at the end of the third quarter, well over half (56 percent) had been in care for 12 months or longer.

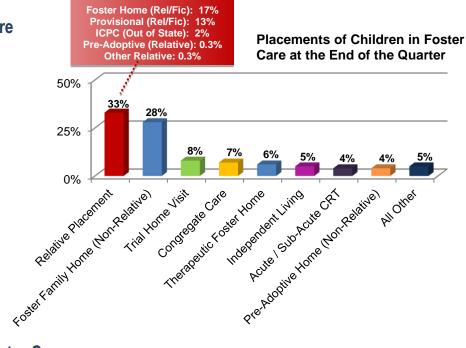
# Placements of Children in Foster Care

Overall, 79 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter resided in a family-like setting (i.e., relative placement, foster family home, therapeutic foster home, trial home visit, pre-adoptive home).

Seven percent resided in congregate care, which represents placement in a qualified residential treatment program (QRTP), residential treatment care or residential care only program, or emergency shelter.

# Length of Stay in Foster Care for Children in Care 3rd Quarter SFY 2023

Length of Stay	Number	Percentage	National
Less than 30 days	236	6%	4%
1-3 Months	369	9%	19%
3-6 Months	418	10%	19%
6-12 Months	823	20%	19%
12-24 Months	1,138	27%	25%
24-36 Months	535	13%	15%
36+ Months	680	16%	18%
Total	4,199	100%	100%

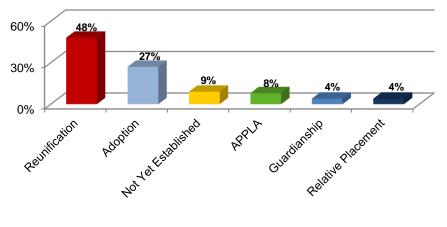


# **Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care**

Forty-eight percent of the children in care at the end of the quarter had a permanency goal of reunification (return home) and 27 percent had a goal of adoption.

These figures differ slightly from national data from the Children's Bureau as of November 2022, with averages of 53 percent for reunification and 28 percent for adoption.

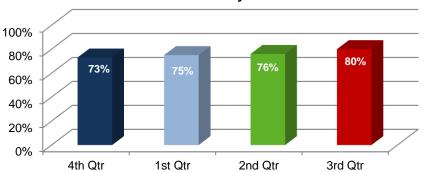
# Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care at the End of the Quarter



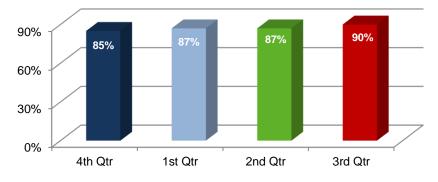
# **Meeting Agency Policies**

#### Monthly Visits to Children in Foster Care

# Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits by Caseworkers



# Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits from Any DCFS Staff



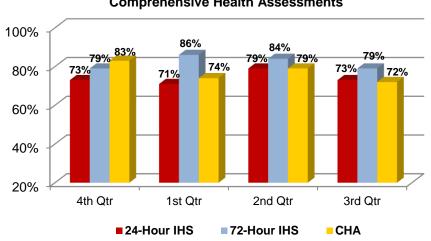
To ensure their safety and wellbeing, best practice requires children in care to be visited in their placement by a caseworker monthly (measured in this chart). The Division's goal is 95 percent.

DCFS caseworkers made 80 percent of their required monthly face-to-face visits with children in care during the third quarter. This was higher than the visitation rate observed for the previous quarter.

Ninety percent of the foster children received a monthly face-to-face contact from *any* DCFS staff member, regardless of the staff member's position, location of the visit, or the purpose.

# **Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments**

# 24-Hour and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments



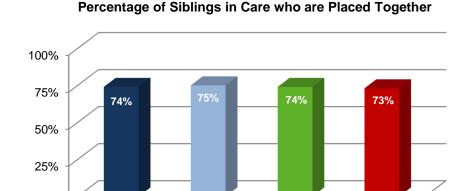
When a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, DCFS must conduct an Initial Health Screening (IHS) within 24 hours. All other incoming foster children require an initial screening within 72 hours.

Children must also receive a Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) within 60 days of entering foster care.

#### **Siblings in Care Who Are Placed Together**

At the end of the quarter, 73 percent of the children with siblings in foster care were placed with at least one of their siblings, while 52 percent were placed with all of their siblings.

These figures do not exclude children who were placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.



1st Qtr

# **Placement Stability of Children in Foster Care**

0%

4th Qtr

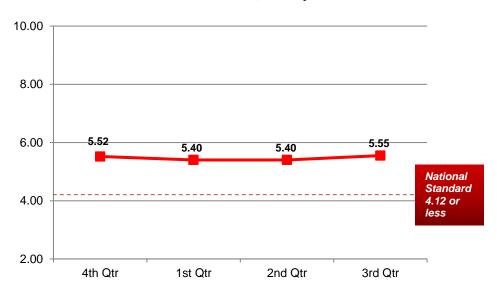
Placement stability is measured by the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days in foster care for children who enter care over a 12-month period.

For the third quarter, the placement stability rate was 5.55, higher than the previous quarter. The national standard is 4.12.

#### Rate of Placement Moves Per 1,000 Days in Foster Care

2nd Qtr

3rd Qtr

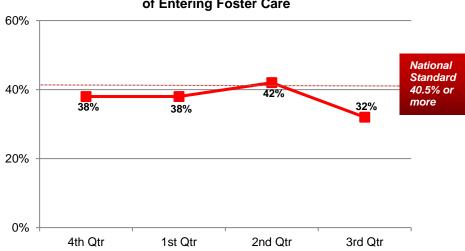


14

#### **Benefits to Children and Families**

# Permanency within 12 Months of Entering Foster Care

# **Achieving Permanency Within Twelve Months**

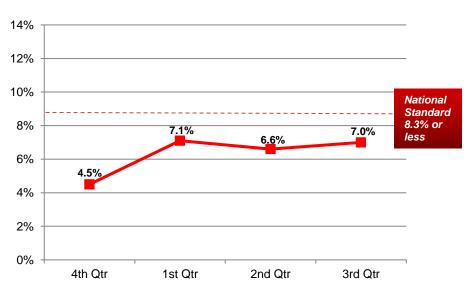


The national standard is for 40.5 percent of all children entering foster care to achieve permanency (i.e., exiting foster care to a permanent living situation) within 12 months of removal. Discharges from foster care due to reunification, relative custody, non-custodial parent custody, guardianship, adoption, and non-relative custody are considered to be permanent living situations.

For the third quarter of SFY 2023, 32 percent of the children entering care in Arkansas achieved permanency within 12 months. This was lower than the previous quarter.

# **Preventing Children's Re-Entry Into Foster Care**

#### **Re-Entries Into Foster Care**



Seven percent of children who had reunited with their families re-entered foster care within 12 months of discharge for the third quarter of SFY 2023, similar to the previous two quarters and less than the national standard (8.3 percent).

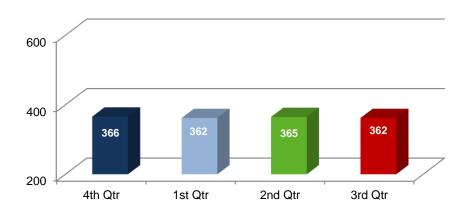
# **Volume and Description of Cases**

# Children Available for Adoption <sup>3</sup>

At the end of the third quarter, 362 children were available for adoption.

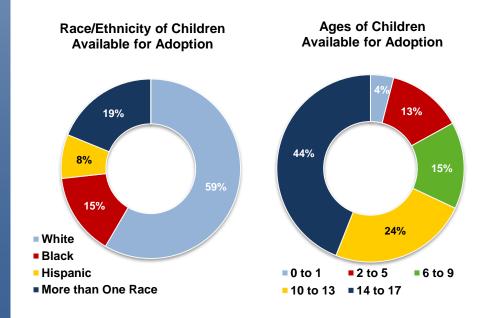
DCFS estimates that it has identified a possible pre-adoptive placement for approximately 20 percent of the children available for adoption.

# Number of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter



# **Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption**

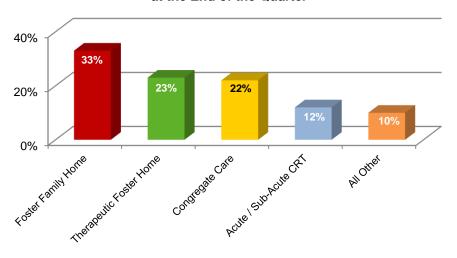
Of the available children, 59 percent were white, 19 percent were multiracial, and 15 percent were black. Children ages ten and older made up 68 percent of the children available for adoption.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Children available for adoption are defined as those who (1) have a termination of parental rights on both parents, (2) have a permanency goal of adoption, and (3) are not placed with relatives, fictive kin, or a pre-adoptive family.

# **Placement of Children Available for Adoption**

# Placement of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter



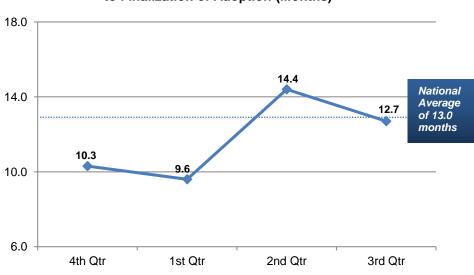
Fifty-six percent of the children available for adoption resided in either a foster family home or therapeutic foster home at the end of the quarter.

#### **Meeting Agency Policies**

# **Length of Time to Adoption**

Arkansas' average length of time from termination of parental rights (TPR) until adoption finalization was 12.7 months during the quarter, nearly two months shorter than the previous quarter and slightly less than the national average (13.0 months).

# Length of Time From TPR to Finalization of Adoption (Months)



#### **Benefits to Children and Families**

#### **Finalized Adoptions**

One-hundred and forty-seven adoptions were finalized during the third quarter of SFY 2023.

Of those adoptions, just under half (45 percent) were finalized by relatives.

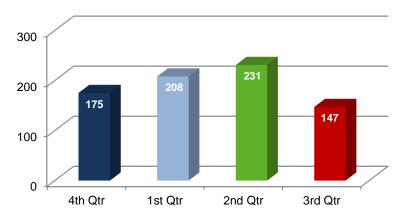
Children ages two to five made up the largest group (35 percent) among those adopted during the quarter, followed by those ages six to nine (23 percent).

# **Subsidized Adoptions**

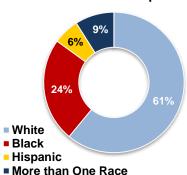
Subsidies are given to children with special needs, defined as:

- Caucasian and over nine
- Healthy child of color and at least two years of age
- Member of any sibling group placed together, sharing at least one biological parent, who develop a bond
- Children who have severe medical or psychological needs that require ongoing treatment
- Children at high risk for the development of serious physical, mental, or emotional conditions documented by a medical professional

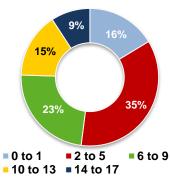
#### **Number of Adoptions Finalized During the Quarter**



Race/Ethnicity of Children with Finalized Adoption



Ages of Children with Finalized Adoption



During the third quarter, 163 children began receiving adoption subsidies. Of those, 158 were federally funded subsidies and 5 were state funded subsidies.

During the quarter, a total of 8,094 children received adoption subsidies.



# Resources

# **Quick Facts**

#### **Caseworkers and Caseloads**

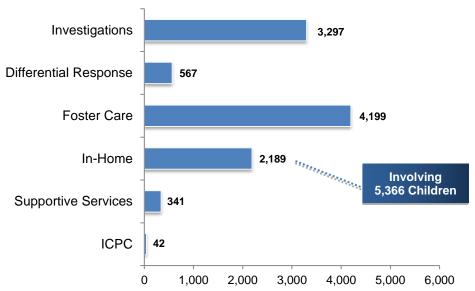
#### Caseloads at the End of the Quarter

At the end of the third quarter, the Division was responsible

- 3,297 investigations of child maltreatment and 567 DR cases:
- 4,199 foster care cases;
- 2,189 in-home protective services cases, involving 5,366 children;
- 341 supportive services cases and 42 interstate compact for the placement of children (ICPC) cases.

This is while the Division was staffed with 421 family service workers, who were responsible for handling these cases.

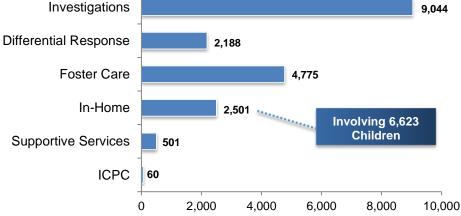
#### Types of Cases at the End of the Quarter



One foster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or supportive services case constitutes an entire family, many of which have multiple children.

# Caseloads Handled *During* the Quarter

# Investigations



Types of Cases Served During the Quarter

This figure illustrates the number of cases that cycled through the system anytime during the quarter (as opposed to those open at the end of the quarter, described above).

The Division oversaw 9.044 investigations, 2,188 DR cases, 4,775 children in foster care, 2,501 in-home protective services cases, 501 supportive services cases, and 60 ICPC cases.

#### **Average Caseload**

The average caseload statewide was nearly 25 cases per worker at the end of the quarter. The Division's goal is 20 or fewer cases per worker.

The average caseload for each county as of March 2023 is presented in Appendix B.

# Foster Homes

#### **Foster Homes and Beds**

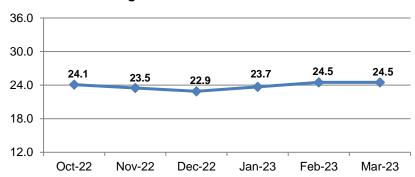
There were 1,558 licensed foster family homes open statewide at the end of the third quarter, providing a total of 3,076 available beds.

The number of available beds decreased from the previous quarter.

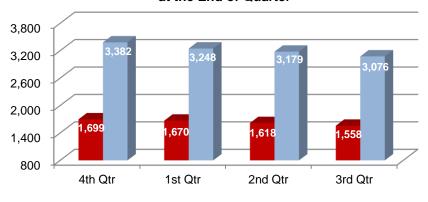
During the most recent quarter, 235 new foster homes were opened and 269 were closed, resulting in a net loss of 34 homes.

Appendix C displays the closure reasons for the foster homes that closed during the quarter.

#### Average Caseload at the End of Month

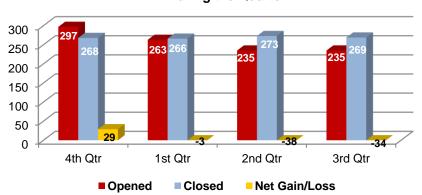


# Number of Foster Homes and Beds at the End of Quarter



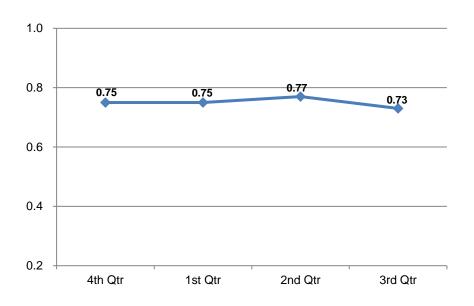
- ■Number of Open Foster Family Homes
- ■Number of Beds Within Foster Family Homes

#### Number of Foster Homes Opened and Closed During the Quarter



# **Ratio of Foster Home Beds to Foster Children**

#### **Foster Home Bed to Foster Child Ratio**

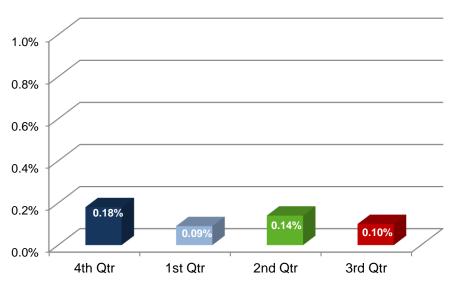


The ratio of licensed foster home beds to children in foster care stood at 0.73 at the end of the third quarter, lower than the previous quarter.

The Division's goal is to have at least one foster home bed available for each child in foster care.

# **Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment**

#### Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment



Two reports in which a foster parent was identified as an alleged offender were determined to be true during the third quarter. Based on the 2,092 foster homes active during that period, the percentage of foster families with a true report of maltreatment was 0.10 percent.

Appendix D provides more detail on maltreatment reports concerning foster homes.

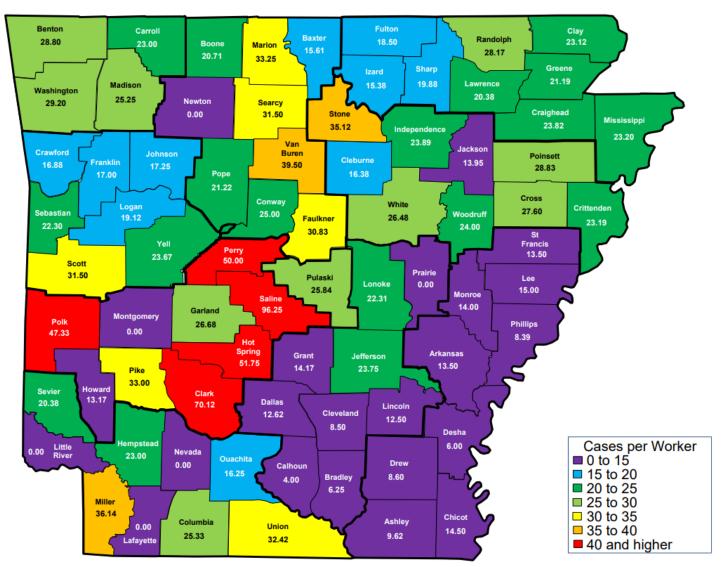
Appendix A: Breakdown of Child Maltreatment Reports Received During the Quarter and Substantiation Rates of Maltreatment Investigations<sup>4</sup>

	DCFS					CACD	
	Total Assessments Assigned for DR	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True
Fourth Quarter 2022	1,190	5,404 5,159 Closed	1,233	24%	1,638 1,539 Closed	522	34%
First Quarter 2023	906	4,714 4,488 Closed	1,080	24%	1,495 1,413 Closed	523	37%
Second Quarter 2023	1,404	6,113 5,982 Closed	1,188	20%	1,651 1,619 Closed	535	33%
Third Quarter 2023	1,522	5,517 5,094 Closed	1,027	20%	1,451 1,330 Closed	403	30%

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The data cited in this appendix run two months behind the referenced quarter (*e.g.*, the third quarter refers to 11/1/2022 through 1/31/2023); as a result, the numbers cited in this appendix differ from those cited throughout the report, which considers the actual quarter. This is because investigations have a 45-day completion timeframe and this allows enough time to pass to measure the disposition of the investigations. An investigation is excluded from the calculation of the substantiation rate in the event that it has not yet been closed (and thus a disposition has not yet been rendered).

Appendix B: Average Caseload as of March 31, 2023, by County



Lafayette, Little River, Montgomery, Nevada, Newton, and Prairie counties did not have any family service workers at the end of the quarter; their cases were assigned to workers from other counties.

**Appendix C: Foster Home Closure Reasons** 

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
1	Benton (Bentonville)	0	8	1	1	0	1	0	11
1	Carroll (Berryville)	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3
1	Madison (Huntsville)	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	4
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	0	2	1	3	0	1	0	7
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	3
2	Franklin (Ozark)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	3
2	Logan (Booneville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Logan (Paris)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
2	Scott (Waldron)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	1	5	0	6	0	3	0	
2	Yell (Danville)	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	0	6	0		0	3	0	
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	0	1	0		0	0	0	
3	Howard (Nashville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	•
3	Perry (Perryville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Pike (Murfreesboro)								
3	Polk (Mena)	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
3	Saline (Benton)	0	10	0		0	0	0	
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	0	0	0		0	0	0	
4	Hempstead (Hope)	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	Little River (Ashdown)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Miller (Texarkana)	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	5
4	Nevada (Prescott)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4	Ouachita (Camden)	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Union (El Dorado)	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	_
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
5	Boone (Harrison)	0	9	1	1	0	0	0	11
5	Conway (Morrilton)	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
5	Faulkner (Conway)	0	5	2	3	0	1	0	11
5	Marion (Yellville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	5
5	Searcy (Marshall)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Pulaski (East)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
6	Pulaski (North)	0	5	2	5	0	0	0	12
6	Pulaski (South)	0	8	4	2	0	1	0	15
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	6
7	Bradley (Warren)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	0	1	0			0	0	
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	0	0	0			1	0	
7	Grant (Sheridan)	0	1	0			0	0	
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	0	•	0			1	2	6
7	Lincoln (Star City)	0	0	0			0	0	
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	0	7	0			0	0	
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	0		0			0	0	
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Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	0	3	1	4	0	1	0	9
8	Fulton (Salem)	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	4
8	Greene (Paragould)	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	6
8	Izard (Melbourne)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	6
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	4
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
9	Cross (Wynne)	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
9	Independence (Batesville)	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3
9	Jackson (Newport)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	0	0	1	4	0	1	0	6
9	Stone (Mountain View)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	White (Searcy)	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	8
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Drew (Monticello)	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	3
10	Lee (Marianna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Phillips (Helena)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	Out of State	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	Total	5	128	26	74	0	34	2	269

Details of the Major Closure Categories Above (Statewide)					
Closure Reason	Specific Reason	Number of Homes Closed			
Adopted / Custody / Guardianship /	Child(ren) Left Care	45			
Relative Only	Custody / Guardianship	29			
	Moved	2			
Change in Family Circumstances	Personal Issues	2			
	Pregnant	1			
	Provider Request	99			
Foster Family's Decision	Changed to Adopt Only	27			
	Taking a Break	2			
No Longer Meets Requirements	DHS Request	26			
Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	34			
Other	Contract Ended	1			
Other	Other	1			

#### **Appendix D: Summary of Foster Care Maltreatment Reports**

#### Characteristics of Children in Foster Care Involved in Allegations of Maltreatment, 3rd Quarter SFY 2023

Eighty-five reports of alleged maltreatment involving children in foster care were received by the hotline during the third quarter of SFY 2023.

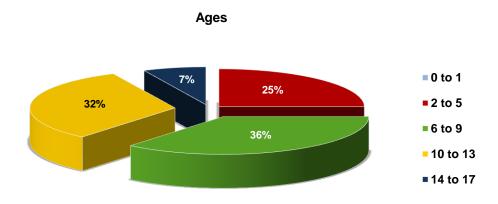
In 30 reports involving 32 children, foster parents<sup>5</sup> were identified as the alleged offenders. As shown in the following chart, two of those reports were found to be true. The foster homes identified in those two true reports were subsequently closed.

#### Foster Home Maltreatment Reports 3rd Quarter SFY 2023

True	Unsubstantiated	Pending
2	25	3

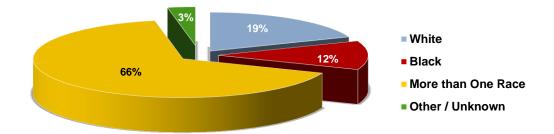
All allegations of maltreatment concerning foster homes are investigated by the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police. DCFS staff do not actively participate in the investigation of these reports. Allegations of maltreatment regarding foster homes require the agency to assess the safety of all children residing in the home.

The following charts describe the characteristics of the 32 children in foster care who were involved in allegations of maltreatment with foster parents identified as the alleged offenders.

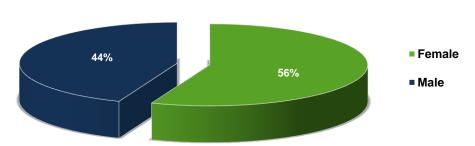


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This includes foster family homes and therapeutic foster homes.

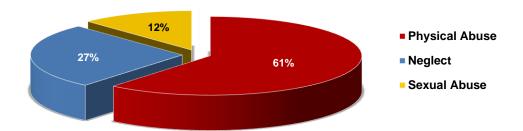
Race / Ethnicity



#### Gender



#### **Allegations**



# **Location of Foster Homes in Which Alleged Maltreatment Occurred**

County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)	County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)
Independence	3	Grant	1
Sevier	3	Greene	1
Craighead	2	Lonoke	1
Crawford	2	Mississippi	1
Garland	2	Prairie	1
Sebastian	2	Pulaski	1
Washington	2	Saline	1
Benton	1	St. Francis	1
Carroll	1	Union	1
Columbia	1	Van Buren	1
Crittenden	1	White	1
Cross	1		