EXHIBIT K

1	IN	ΓERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2013	3-167
2	State of Arkansas	A 70 '11	
3	89th General Assembly	A Bill	DRAFT ANS/ANS
4	Regular Session, 2013		HOUSE BILL
5			
6	By: Representative Lowery		
7		Filed with: Interim House Con	mmittee on Insurance and Commerce
8			pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217.
9		For An Act To Be Entitle	d
10	AN ACT TO ESTA	BLISH THE ARKANSAS INSURAI	NCE FAIR
11	CONDUCT ACT; A	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
12			
13			
14		Subtitle	
15	TO ESTAB	LISH THE ARKANSAS INSURAN	CE FAIR
16	CONDUCT	ACT.	
17			
18			
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENER	AL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE C	F ARKANSAS:
20			
21	SECTION 1. Arkansas Co	de Title 23, Chapter 66, is amende	ed to add an additional subchapter to
22	read as follows:		
23			
24	<u>Subchap</u>	<u>ter 8 — Arkansas Insurance Fair C</u>	Conduct Act
25			
26	23-66-801. Title.		
27	This subchapter shall be k	nown and may be cited as the "Ark	ansas Insurance Fair Conduct Act".
28			
29	23-66-802. Definitions.		
30	As used in this subchapter	<u>-</u>	
31	(1) "Complaint" m	eans a written communication prim	narily expressing a grievance;
32	(2) "Failure to ma	ntain complaint handling procedure	es" means the failure by a person to
33	adopt and maintain reasonable sta	ndards for the prompt handling of o	complaints received from an insured,
34	claimant, or the Insurance Commis	sioner on behalf of an insured or c	laimant;

1	(3) "First-party claimant" means an individual, corporation, association, partnership, or
2	entity asserting a right to payment as a covered person under an insurance policy arising out of the
3	occurrence of the contingency or loss covered by the insurance policy;
4	(5) "Insurance policy" means an individual, group, or blanket policy, contract, or evidence
5	of coverage written, issued, amended, delivered, or renewed in this state;
6	(6) "Misrepresentation of an insurance policy" means making, issuing, circulating, or
7	causing to be made, issued, or circulated, a pertinent fact or insurance policy provision relating to the
8	coverage at issue, that:
9	(A) Misrepresents the benefits, advantages, conditions, or terms of an insurance
10	policy;
11	(B) Uses a name or title of an insurance policy or class of insurance policies.
12	misrepresenting its true nature;
13	(C) Is a misrepresentation for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce the
14	lapse, forfeiture, exchange, conversion, or surrender of an insurance policy; and
15	(D) Is a misrepresentation for the purpose of effectuating a pledge, assignment
16	of, or a loan against an insurance policy;
17	(7)(A) "Person" means an individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal
18	exchange, interinsurer, Lloyd's plan insurer, fraternal benefit society, or other entity engaged in the
19	business of insurance, including without limitation agents, brokers, and adjusters.
20	(B) "Person" does not include health carriers, health plans, or medical service
21	plans or hospital service plans as defined in § 23-75-101;
22	(8) "Standards for the prompt investigation of claims" means the reasonable standards
23	that a person adopts and maintains for exercising reasonable and ordinary care in investigating claims
24	efficiently;
25	(9) "Standards for prompt, fair, and equitable settlements" means the reasonable
26	standards a person adopts and maintains for exercising reasonable and ordinary care in settling claims in
27	the public interest; and
28	(10) "Unfair claims settlement practices" means committing or performing with a
29	frequency that indicates a general business practice and without exercising reasonable and ordinary care
30	any of the following:
31	(A) Misrepresenting an insurance policy;
32	(B) Failing to maintain complaint handling procedures;
33	(C) Failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt
34	investigation of claims;
35	(D) Refusing to pay claims without conducting a reasonable investigation;

1	(E) Failing to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a reasonable time after
2	proof of loss statements have been completed or within the time specified in the insurance policy;
3	(F) Not attempting to effectuate prompt, fair, and equitable settlements of claims
4	in which liability is reasonably clear;
5	(G) Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application that was altered
6	without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured;
7	(H) Making claim payments to policyholders or beneficiaries without a statement
8	that clearly states the coverage under which payments are being made;
9	(I) Delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an insured or
10	claimant, or the physician of either, to submit a preliminary claim report and then the subsequent
11	submission of a formal proof of loss form;
12	(J) Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation of the basis for denial of
13	a claim or an offer of a compromise settlement in the insurance policy:
14	(K) Compelling an insured to institute litigation to recover amounts due under an
15	insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in an action brought
16	by an insured;
17	(L) Attempting to settle a claim for less than the amount that a reasonable
18	person would have believed he or she was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising material
19	accompanying or made part of an application;
20	(M) Making known to an insured or a claimant a policy of appealing from
21	arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept
22	settlements or compromises for less than the amount awarded in arbitration;
23	(N) Failing to promptly settle claims, when liability has become reasonably clear,
24	under one (1) portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlements under other
25	portions of the insurance policy coverage; and
26	(O) Requiring as a condition of payment of a claim that repairs must be made by
27	a specific contractor, supplier, or repair shop.
28	
29	23-66-803. Authority in addition to existing law.
30	The authority of the Insurance Commissioner under this subchapter is in addition to powers of the
31	commissioner to order restitution or enforce a penalty, fine, or forfeiture authorized by the insurance laws
32	of this state.
33	
34	23-66-804. Unreasonable denial of claim or benefit.

1	(a) A first-party claimant to an insurance policy that is unreasonably denied a claim for coverage
2	or payment of benefits or been subject to unfair claims settlement practices of an insurer or insurance
3	company may bring an action in this state to recover:
4	(1) The actual damages sustained;
5	(2) The costs of the action;
6	(3) Reasonable attorney's fees; and
7	(4) Litigation costs.
8	(b) After finding that an insurer or insurance company has acted unreasonably, negligently, or
9	without exercising reasonable and ordinary care in denying a claim or benefits or has used unfair claims
10	settlement practices, a court:
11	(1) May increase the total award of damages to an amount not more than three (3) times
12	the actual damages; and
13	(2) Shall award to the prevailing first-party claimant reasonable attorney's fees and
14	actual and statutory litigation costs, including expert witness fees.
15	(c) An insurer or insurance company has unreasonably denied a claim if it:
16	(1) Fails to act in good faith;
17	(2) Uses unfair claims settlement practices;
18	(3) Misrepresents an insurance policy:
19	(4) Fails to acknowledge pertinent communications;
20	(5) Fails to promptly investigate claims; or
21	(6) Fails to maintain standards for prompt, fair, and equitable settlements applicable to
22	<u>insurers.</u>
23	(d) This section does not limit a court's existing ability to make any other determination regarding
24	an action for an unfair or deceptive practice of an insurer or provide for any other remedy that is available
25	at law.
26	(e) This section does not apply to a health plan offered by a health carrier or a hospital and
27	medical service corporation as defined in § 23-75-101.
28	
29	23-66-805. Procedure for payment —— Demand.
30	(a)(1) Twenty (20) days before filing an action under this subchapter, a first-party claimant shall
31	provide to the insurer or insurance company and to the Insurance Commissioner written notice by regular
32	mail of the basis for the cause of action.
33	(2) The insurer or insurance company and the commissioner are deemed to have
34	received notice three (3) business days after the notice is mailed.

1	(b) The first-party claimant may bring an action against an insurer or insurance company after
2	the expiration of the twenty-day time period if the insurer or insurance company fails to resolve the matter
3	that is the basis for the action.
4	
5	23-66-806. Unfair practices in general — Remedies and penalties.
6	(a) A person shall not engage in unfair claims settlement practices or deceptive acts or practices
7	in the person's insurance business as such methods, acts, or practices are defined under subsection (b)
8	of this section.
9	(b)(1) In addition to the unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined and prohibited by the
10	insurance laws of this state, the Insurance Commissioner may define other acts and practices in the
11	conduct of the insurance business to be unfair or deceptive through regulation.
12	(2) In defining other acts and practices in the conduct of the insurance business to be
13	unfair or deceptive, the commissioner shall identify in the rule the basis for defining the act or practice in
14	the conduct of insurance to be unfair or deceptive.
15	
16	
17	Referral requested by: Representative Mark Lowery
18	Prepared by: ANS/PAT
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	