For An Act To Be Entitled

AN ACT PERMITTING A CONCEALED CARRY LICENSEE TO
POSSESS A CONCEALED HANDGUN IN HIS OR HER EMPLOYER’S
PARKING LOT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Subtitle

PERMITTING A CONCEALED CARRY LICENSEE TO
POSSESS A CONCEALED HANDGUN IN HIS OR HER
EMPLOYER’S PARKING LOT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:

SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. Legislative intent.

It is the intent of this act to reinforce and protect the right of each
citizen to lawfully transport and store a handgun within his or her private
motor vehicle for lawful purposes in any place where the private motor
vehicle is otherwise permitted to be located.

SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 5-73-306(18), concerning prohibited places
for the carrying of a concealed handgun, is amended to read as follows:

(18)(A)(i) Any place at the discretion of the person or entity
exercising control over the physical location of the place by placing at each
entrance to the place a written notice clearly readable at a distance of not
less than ten feet (10’) that “carrying a handgun is prohibited”.

(ii)(a) If the place does not have a roadway
entrance, there shall be a written notice placed anywhere upon the premises
of the place.

(b) In addition to the requirement of
subdivision (18)(A)(ii)(a) of this section, there shall be at least one (1) written notice posted within every three (3) acres of a place with no roadway entrance.

(iii) A written notice as described in subdivision (18)(A)(i) of this section is not required for a private home.

(iv) Any licensee entering a private home shall notify the occupant that the licensee is carrying a concealed handgun.

(B) Subdivision (18)(A) of this section does not apply if the physical location place is:

(i) A public university, public college, or community college, as defined in § 5-73-322, and the licensee is carrying a concealed handgun as provided under § 5-73-322; or

(ii) A publicly owned and maintained parking lot if the licensee is carrying a concealed handgun in his or her motor vehicle or has left the concealed handgun in his or her locked and unattended motor vehicle; or

(iii) A parking lot of a private employer and the licensee is carrying a concealed handgun as provided under § 5-73-324.

SECTION 3. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 73, Subchapter 3, is amended to add a new section to read as follows:

5-73-324. Licensee rights – Private employer parking lot.

(a) A private employer shall not prohibit an employee who is a licensee from transporting or storing a legally owned handgun in the employee’s private motor vehicle in the private employer’s parking lot when:

(1) The handgun:

(A) Is lawfully possessed;

(B) Is stored out of sight inside a locked private motor vehicle in the private employer’s parking lot; and

(C)(i) Is stored inside a locked personal handgun storage container that is designed for the safe storage of a handgun.

(ii) An employee is not required to store the handgun in the personal handgun storage container as required in subdivision (a)(1)(C)(i) of this section until he or she is exiting his or her private motor vehicle; and

(2) The employee has in his or her possession the key to the
personal handgun storage container as required by subdivision (a)(1)(C)(i) of this section.

(b) A private employer shall not prohibit or attempt to prevent an employee who is a licensee from entering the parking lot of the private employer's place of business because the employee's private motor vehicle contains a handgun if:

(1) The handgun is kept for lawful purposes;
(2) The handgun is concealed within the employee's private motor vehicle; and
(3) The employee stores the handgun in his or her motor vehicle in accordance with subdivisions (a)(1)(A)-(C) of this section.

(c) An employer has the right to:

(1) Prohibit a person who is not an employee from storing a handgun in the employee's motor vehicle in the private employer's parking lot; and
(2) Prohibit a licensee's entry onto the private employer's place of business or in the parking lot because the person's private motor vehicle contains a handgun in the following circumstances:

(A) The parking lot is a prohibited place specifically listed in § 5-73-306;
(B) The parking lot is on the grounds of an owner-occupied single-family detached residence or a tenant-occupied single-family detached residence and the single-family detached residence or tenant-occupied single-family detached residence is being used as a residence;
(C) The private employer reasonably believes that the employee is in illegal possession of the handgun;
(D) The employee is operating a private employer-owned motor vehicle during and in the course of the employee's duties on behalf of the private employer, except when the employee is required to transport or store a firearm as part of the employee's duties;
(E) The private motor vehicle is not permitted in the parking lot for reasons unrelated to the employee's transportation, storage, or possession of a handgun;
(F) The employee is the subject of an active or pending employment disciplinary proceeding; or
(G) The employee, at any time after being issued a license
to carry a concealed handgun, has been adjudicated mentally incompetent or
not guilty in a legal proceeding by reason of mental disease or defect.

(d) This section does not prevent a private employer from prohibiting
a person who is not licensed or who fails to transport or store the handgun
in accordance with subdivisions (a)(1)(A)-(C) of this section from
transporting or storing a handgun in the parking lot or from entering onto
the private employer's place of business or the private employer's parking
lot.

(e) A former employee who possesses a handgun in his or her private
motor vehicle under this section is not criminally liable for possessing the
handgun in his or her private motor vehicle in his or her former private
employer's parking lot while the former employee is physically leaving the
private employer's parking lot immediately following his or her termination
or other reason for ceasing employment with the former private employer.

SECTION 4. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 118, is amended to add an
additional section to read as follows:

16-118-113. Civil actions regarding violations of § 5-73-324.
An employer or employee who knowingly violates § 5-73-324 is liable to
the prevailing party in an action brought under this section and, upon
proving the prevailing party's case by clear and convincing evidence, is
entitled to one (1) or more of the following remedies:

(1) Equitable relief;

(2) Compensatory damages; and

(3) Costs and fees, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 120, Subchapter 8, is
amended to add an additional section to read as follows:

16-120-802. Possession of a concealed handgun in a parking lot.

(a) A business entity, owner or legal possessor of property, or
private employer is not liable in a civil action for damages, injuries, or
death resulting from or arising out of an employee's or another person's
actions involving a handgun transported or stored under § 5-73-324(a) or from
allowing a person to enter the private employer's place of business or
parking lot under § 5-73-324(b), including without limitation the theft of a
handgun from an employee's private motor vehicle, unless the business entity,
owner or legal possessor of property, or private employer intentionally solicited or procured the other person's actions.

(b) Employees shall, within twenty-four (24) hours of obtaining knowledge of a theft occurring on a private employer's private parking lot, report a handgun as lost or stolen to the private employer and a local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction.

(c) A handgun possessed in a parking lot does not solely constitute a failure on the part of a private employer to provide a safe workplace.

(d)(1) A private employer may terminate any employee for flagrantly or unreasonably displaying a handgun in plain sight of others at the private employer's place of business or in plain sight in an employee's motor vehicle.

(2) A private employer may bring a civil action against an employee that knowingly display in a flagrant or unreasonable manner a handgun in plain sight of others at a private employer's place of business or in plain sight in an employee's motor vehicle, as described in § 16-118-113 except when an employee's display of a handgun is incidental and reasonably related to the transfer of the employee's handgun from his or her locked container located within the employee's motor vehicle to another part of the employee's motor vehicle or employee's person.

/s/A. Clark

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