1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: H3/5/97	
2	81st General Assembly A Bill	ACT 925 OF 1997
3	Regular Session, 1997	SENATE BILL 392
4		
5	By: Senators Kennedy, Dowd, Beebe, Gordon, Harriman, Bell, Fitch, Todd, Smith, and Gwatne	еу
6	By: Representatives Hale, Willems, Wooldridge, Curran, Cook, Ferguson, Faris, and Rodgers	
7		
8	For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	"AN ACT TO CREATE THE ARKANSAS EFFECTIVE DEATH I	PENALTY ACT
10	OF 1997; TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT AND COMP	PENSATION
11	OF COMPETENT COUNSEL IN STATE POST-CONVICTION PROCEEDINGS;	
12	AND TO PROVIDE FOR OTHER PROCEDURAL MATTERS INCLUDING TIME	
13	LIMITATIONS IN CAPITAL POST-CONVICTION RELIEF PR	OCEEDINGS;
14	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES"	
15		
16	Subtitle	
17	"ARKANSAS EFFECTIVE DEATH PENALTY ACT	OF
18	1997"	
19		
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	RKANSAS:
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22	SECTION 1. This act is known and may be cited as	the "Arkansas
23	Effective Death Penalty Act of 1997."	
24		
25	SECTION 2. It is the express intent of this act	
26	requirements of the federal Antiterrorism and Effective	
27	1996, Pub. L. No. 104-132, 110 Stat. 1214, in an effort	
28	of that act concerning time limitations in which federa	
29	proceedings and appeals must be considered and decided,	
30	purposes. Throughout this act, references to "post-con	
31	petitions refer solely to those proceedings or petition pursuant to the state rule or statute in which claims o	
32	assistance of counsel are cognizable, such as Arkansas	
33 34		
35	Procedure 37. Specific reference to Rule 37 was avoided only because the  General Assembly is aware that the form of relief provided for by that rule	
36	may, at some point in the future, be provided for by a	
50	may, at some point in the future, be provided for by a	ATTICICITY THIE OT

- 1 statute. It is the intent of the General Assembly to ensure that this act
- 2 applies to Rules 37-type post-conviction proceedings, not to post-conviction
- 3 proceedings in which claims of ineffective assistance are not cognizable. It
- 4 is the intent of % 16-91-202(e) to allow the appointment of counsel in the
- 5 very limited circumstance in which, because of unique training, experience, or
- 6 background, an attorney is clearly competent and qualified to represent an
- 7 indigent petitioner in a capital post-conviction proceeding, but otherwise
- 8 does not meet all of the criteria of  $^{h}$  16-91-202(c). Subsection (e) was
- 9 created for the specific purpose of permitting the appointment of experienced
- 10 attorneys, including but not limited to, former prosecutors and judges who,
- 11 because of the nature of their practice, are uniquely qualified to represent
- 12 capital defendants but do not meet the specific defense-related requirements
- 13 of subsection (c).

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- 15 SECTION 3. Title 16, Chapter 91 of the Arkansas Code is hereby entitled
- 16 "Appeal and Post-Conviction."

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- 18 SECTION 4. Arkansas Code Annotated  $^{\hat{6}\hat{6}}$  16-91-101 through 16-91-118 are
- 19 designated "Subchapter 1 Appeal."

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- 21 SECTION 5. Title 16, Chapter 91 of the Arkansas Code is amended to add
- 22 subchapter 2 which shall read as follows:
- "Subchapter 2 Post-conviction.
- 24 16-91-201. Access to files.
- 25 In the case of a defendant who has been convicted of a capital offense
- 26 and sentenced to death, the defendant  $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ s prior trial counsel shall make
- 27 available to the defendant $^{f i}$ s state post-conviction counsel the complete files
- 28 of the defendant  $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ s trial counsel, and the defendants prior counsel on direct
- 29 appeal shall make available to the defendants state post-conviction counsel
- 30 the complete files of the defendants appellate counsel. The defendant  $\blacksquare$ s
- 31 post-conviction counsel may inspect and photocopy the files, but the
- 32 defendant  $\blacksquare$ s prior trial and appellate counsel shall maintain custody of their
- 33 respective files for at *least* five (5) years following completion of the
- 34 direct review process in state court, except as to the material which is
- 35 admitted into evidence in any trial proceedings.
- 36 16-91-202. Capital cases.

1 (a)(1) If a capital conviction and sentence are affirmed on direct appeal, the circuit court in which the conviction was obtained shall, within two (2) weeks after the affirmance, conduct a hearing and enter a written order appointing counsel to represent the petitioner in a post-conviction 5 proceeding upon issuance of the mandate by the appellate court, should the petitioner desire to pursue such a post-conviction proceeding. Counsels appointment shall remain effective through any appeal of the post-conviction 8 proceeding in state court. Counsel shall be appointed only after a finding by the court that the petitioner is indigent and that he either accepts the appointment of counsel or is unable to make a competent decision whether to 11 accept or reject the appointment of counsel. The court may decline to appoint 12 counsel for the petitioner only upon a written finding that the petitioner rejects the appointment of counsel and understands the legal consequences of that decision or upon a finding that the petitioner is not indigent. 15 (2) The court may not appoint an attorney as counsel under this subsection if the attorney represented the petitioner at trial or on direct appeal of the conviction under attack unless the petitioner and the attorney 18 request appointment on the record. If counsel is the same attorney who 19 represented the petitioner at trial or on direct appeal, the court shall appoint a second counsel to assist in the preparation of the petition for post-conviction relief. If the petitioner elects to proceed pro se, the waiver of the assistance of counsel shall be made in open court on the record. (b)(1) Upon the filing of a post-conviction petition, the clerk 23 24 of the court in which the petition is filed shall immediately forward a copy 25 of the petition to the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the 26 petition was filed, to the Attorney General, and to the Executive Director of the Arkansas Public Defender Commission. The filing of the petition does not 28 automatically stay any sentence of death. Upon the entry of an order pursuant 29 to subsection (b), a stay of execution shall be granted upon application to 30 the court wherein the motion for appointment of counsel was filed. 31 (2) The stay granted pursuant to this subsection shall 32 automatically expire if: 33 (A) the petitioner fails to file a timely petition for 34 post-conviction relief; or (B) the petitioner is denied relief in his post-conviction 35

36 proceeding in circuit court in the manner set forth in subsection (h).

1 (c) The following standards are the exclusive criteria which

- 2 counsel must satisfy in order to be appointed under subsection (a). At least
- 3 one of the attorneys appointed to represent the applicant:
- 4 (1)(A) shall have previously represented a death-sentenced inmate
- 5 in state or federal post-conviction relief proceedings within the five years
- 6 immediately preceding the appointment for which he is under consideration; or
- 7 (B) shall have acted, within the five years immediately
- 8 preceding the appointment for which he is under consideration, as defense
- 9 counsel in no less than three state or federal post-conviction relief
- 10 proceedings arising from felony convictions, at least two of which involved
- 11 violent crimes, including one murder case; and
- 12 (2) shall have, within the five years immediately preceding the
- 13 appointment for which he is under consideration, conducted at least two
- 14 evidentiary hearings in state or federal post-conviction relief proceedings,
- 15 which may include any proceeding which satisfies subsections (c)(1)(A) or (B);
- 16 and
- 17 (3) shall have been licensed to practice law for no less than five
- 18 years, and for at least three of those five years shall have been licensed to
- 19 practice in Arkansas courts; and
- 20 (4) shall have successfully completed, within the two years
- 21 immediately preceding the appointment for which he is under consideration, not
- 22 less than six hours of Arkansas Continuing Legal Education Board approved
- 23 continuing legal education or professional training primarily involving
- 24 advocacy in the field of capital trial, capital appellate, or capital
- 25 post-conviction litigation.
- 26 Consistent with Arkansas Code Annotated & 16-87-204(b)(8) (Supp.
- 27 1993), the executive director of the Arkansas Public Defender Commission shall
- 28 offer annually, to any attorney wishing to attend, no less than two in-state
- 29 conferences or seminars at each of which no less than six (6) hours of
- 30 Arkansas Continuing Legal Education Board approved credit, as described in
- 31 this subsection, is available.
- 32 (d) Notwithstanding any statutory provision to the contrary,
- 33 appointments of counsel in capital post-conviction proceedings and in appeals
- 34 therefrom shall be made from counsel who qualify for appointment under
- 35 subsection (c) or (e). The presiding judge may contact the Arkansas Public
- 36 Defender Commission for a list of counsel who meet the criteria of subsection

1 (c) and may appoint counsel from that list. Neither the commission nor any of

- 2 its components shall possess any supervisory authority over counsel appointed
- 3 to represent a  $\underline{petitioner}$  in capital post-conviction proceedings or in appeals
- 4 therefrom. Nothing in this section shall preclude the court from appointing
- 5 an out-of-state attorney pro hac vice as co-counsel, provided that in-state
- 6 counsel is appointed consistent with the provisions of this subchapter. Once
- 7 counsel has been appointed, the presiding judge shall enter a written order
- 9 (c).
- 10 (e) The court may appoint counsel who does not satisfy all of the
- 11 criteria of subsection (c) only upon a written finding that the attorney is
- 12 clearly competent and qualified because of his or her unique training,
- 13 experience, or background to represent an indigent petitioner in a capital
- 14 post-conviction proceeding. In all such cases, the attorney shall have been
- 15 admitted to practice law for not less than five years and shall have had no
- 16 less than three years experience in the actual handling of capital murder
- 17 prosecutions or capital murder post-conviction proceedings in Arkansas courts.
- 18 In addition, such counsel shall have successfully completed, within the two
- 19 (2) years immediately preceding the appointment for which he is under
- 20 consideration, not less than six (6) hours of Arkansas Continuing Legal
- 21 Education Board approved continuing legal education or professional training
- 22 primarily involving advocacy in the field of capital trial, capital appellate,
- 23 or capital post-conviction litigation. Prior to appointing such counsel, the
- 24 court shall conduct a hearing at which the attorney shall demonstrate that his
- 25 or her experience or other qualifications meet the requirements of this
- 26 subsection, and the court shall make written findings specifying what unique
- 27 training, experience, or background qualifies the attorney for appointment
- 28 under this subsection.
- 29 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall fix the
- 30 compensation to be paid to attorneys appointed under this subchapter, as well
- 31 as the fees and expenses to be paid for investigative, expert, and other
- 32 reasonably necessary services authorized by the court at such rates or amounts
- 33 as the court determines to be reasonably necessary. All compensation and
- 34 reasonable expenses authorized by the court pursuant to this subchapter shall
- 35 be paid by the Arkansas Public Defender Commission.
- 36 (g) Not later than fifty days after the filing of the petition, the

1 judge shall convene a status conference to schedule a hearing on the petition

- 2 for post-conviction relief if a hearing is deemed necessary. The hearing must
- 3 be conducted within one-hundred-eighty days from the date of the status
- 4 conference, unless good cause is shown to justify a continuance.
- 5 (h) Within thirty days from the receipt of the transcript from the
- 6 post-conviction hearing, if a hearing was held, or if the judge requests
- 7 post-trial briefs, within thirty days from the receipt of the post-trial
- 8 briefs, the judge shall make specific, written findings of fact and shall
- 9 expressly state the judgeds conclusions of law relating to each issue raised
- 10 in the petition for post-conviction relief. In the event no hearing was held,
- 11 the judge shall make specific, written findings of fact and conclusions of law
- 12 within one hundred twenty days after the filing of the petition for
- 13 post-conviction relief, relating to each issue presented in the petition for
- 14 post-conviction relief.
- 15 (i) The transcription of the testimony and record in capital
- 16 post-conviction proceedings shall be completed within sixty (60) days of the
- 17 conclusion of the post-conviction hearing and shall immediately be provided to
- 18 the parties and the Clerk of the Supreme Court of Arkansas."

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- 20 SECTION 6. This act applies to all persons under sentence of death,
- 21 including those whose cases were pending on direct review when this act was
- 22 passed, who, on or after the effective date of this act, file their initial
- 23 applications for state post-conviction relief.

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- 25 SECTION 7. All provisions of this act of a general and permanent nature
- 26 are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas Code
- 27 Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.

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- 29 SECTION 8. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to
- 30 any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect
- 31 other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without
- 32 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this
- 33 act are declared to be severable. In the event that any provision of this act
- 34 is found to be an invalid encroachment upon the rule-making authority of the
- 35 Supreme Court of Arkansas, that provision shall be deemed to be a resolution
- 36 of the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas recommending the adoption of

the provision by court rule.

2

3 SECTION 9. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

5 SECTION 10. EMERGENCY. It is found and determined by the General 6 Assembly of the State of Arkansas that the current system for carrying out a sentence of death is hopelessly fraught with endless litigation in state and federal court which undermines the deterrent value of the death penalty and imposes a needless financial burden on the state $\mathbf{H}$ s resources, while depriving 11 death row inmates of the right to obtain speedy relief on any meritorious 12 constitutional claims. It is further found that the provisions of the federal 13 Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 provide significant 14 restrictions on the amount of time federal courts may take to review such 15 cases if the states provide a mechanism for the appointment, compensation, and 16 reimbursement of competent counsel for all indigent capital defendants in state post-conviction proceedings. The most significant delay between 18 sentencing and execution occurs while capital cases await decision in federal 19 habeas corpus litigation. From 1990 through 1993, the average time that 20 prisoners sentenced to death in this state awaited execution was ten years and two months for those prisoners who pursued federal habeas corpus litigation. 22 However, if the states comply with the requirements of the Antiterrorism Act, the average time that prisoners will await execution in federal court will be 2.3 reduced to less than three years in most cases. For that reason an emergency 25 is declared to exist and this act is necessary to permit the state to take 26 advantage of the provisions which will reduce the time for review in federal court by providing a mechanism for the appointment, compensation, and 28 reimbursement of competent counsel for all indigent capital defendants in 29 state post-conviction proceedings. This act, being immediately necessary for 30 the preservation of the public peace, health and safety shall become effective 31 on the date of its approval by the Governor. If the bill is neither approved 32 nor vetoed by the Governor, it shall become effective on the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the bill. If the bill is

vetoed by the Governor and the veto is overridden, it shall become effective

35 on the date the last house overrides the veto.

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/s/Sen.Kennedy et al

2 APPROVED: 3-31-97