1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed 4/2/99	
2	82nd General Assembly	A Bill	Act 1561 of 1999
3	Regular Session, 1999		SENATE BILL 827
4			
5	By: Senator B. Walker		
6	By: Representative Booker		
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9		For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	"AN ACT TO SPECIFY CONDUCT INCLUDING MULTIPLE		
11	VIOLATIONS OF MUNICIPAL HEALTH AND SAFETY CODES AS		
12	CONSTITUTING A COMMON NUISANCE SUBJECT TO INJUNCTIONS,		
13	EVICTION AND	DAMAGES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES."	
14			
15		Subtitle	
16	"AN ACT	TO SPECIFY CONDUCT INCLUDING	
17	MULTI PL	E VIOLATIONS OF MUNICIPAL HEALTH	
18	AND SAF	ETY CODES AS CONSTITUTING A	
19	COMMON	NUISANCE SUBJECT TO INJUNCTIONS,	
20	EVI CTI O	N AND DAMAGES."	
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23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENE	ERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKAN	ISAS:
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25	SECTION 1. <u>Intent.</u>	<u>-</u>	
26	The intent of the C	General Assembly of the State of Ar	kansas herein is to
27	enact civil remedies that	t eliminate any conduct within a mu	nicipality which
28	constitutes a nuisance.		
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30	SECTION 2. Common	nui sance declared.	
31	Conduct within a mu	unicipality which unreasonably inte	erferes with use and
32	enjoyment of lands of and	other, including conduct on propert	y which disturbs
33	peaceful, quiet and undisturbed use and enjoyment of nearby property,		
34	constitutes common nuisance. For purposes of this subchapter, common nuisance		
35	shall not include conduct	t which is permitted by and in conf	formance with city
36	ordinances. Common nuisance shall include any three (3) separate municipal		

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1 <u>court convictions of health and safety code violations with respect to any one</u>

- 2 (1) Lot or parcel of property within a one (1) year period or one (1) such
- 3 <u>conviction if the offense constitutes an imminent threat to the health, safety</u>
- 4 or welfare of any citizen. Such conduct is declared to be detrimental to the
- 5 <u>law-abiding citizens of the municipality and may be subject to an injunction,</u>
- 6 <u>a court-ordered eviction</u>, or a cause of action for damages as provided for in
- 7 <u>this subchapter.</u>

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- 9 SECTION 3. <u>Action to abate permanent injunction verification of</u> 10 complaint.
- 11 (a) Whenever there is reason to believe such a common nuisance is kept
 12 or maintained, or exists in any city, a chancery court may enjoin permanently
 13 the person conducting or maintaining the nuisance and the owner, lessee, or
 14 agent of the building or place in or upon which the nuisance exists from
- (b) For activities involving multiple convictions of municipal code
 violations, the city attorney may bring the action permitted herein. For
 other activities constituting a nuisance as defined in this section, any
 citizen of the city may bring the action in his or her own name.

directly or indirectly maintaining or permitting the nuisance.

(c) The complaint in the action shall be certified unless the action is brought by the city attorney.

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- SECTION 4. Temporary injunction bond required precedence.
- (a) If the existence of the nuisance is shown in the action to the satisfaction of the court, the court shall allow a temporary writ of injunction to abate and prevent the continuance or recurrence of the nuisance.
- (b) On granting the temporary writ, the court shall require a bond on the part of the applicant to the effect that the applicant will pay to the enjoined defendant such damages, not exceeding an amount to be specified, as the defendant sustains by reason of the injunction should the court finally decide that the applicant was not entitled to the injunction. No bond shall be required where the proceeding is instituted by the city attorney.
- (c) The action shall be filed in the chancery court and have precedence over all other actions except election contests, hearings on injunctions, and hearing under Arkansas Code 5-74-109 and Arkansas Code 16-105-403.

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1 SECTION 5. <u>Dismissal for want of prosecution.</u>

(a) If the complaint if filed by a citizen, it shall not be dismissed
by the plaintiff for want of prosecution except upon a sworn statement made by
the plaintiff setting forth the reasons why the action shall be dismissed, and
by dismissal ordered by the court.

(b) Costs. If the action is brought by a citizen and the court finds there was no reasonable ground or cause for the action, costs shall be assessed against the plaintiff.

- SECTION 6. Order of abatement lien for costs enforcement.
- (a) If the existence of the nuisance is established in the action, an order of abatement shall be entered as part of the judgment in the case, and plaintiff's costs in carrying out the order shall constitute a lien upon the property, building, or place.
- (b) The lien is enforceable and collective by execution issued by order of the court.

- SECTION 7. Order of abatement damages.
- (a) If the existence of the nuisance is established in the action, an order of abatement shall be entered as part of the judgment. The order shall provide for any appropriate equitable relief as determined by the court to be necessary to abate the nuisance and may further provide, if determined to be the least restrictive alternative available to effectively accomplish the abatement, for the closing of the building or place for such period of time as determined to be necessary by the court as adequate to abate the nuisance.
- (b) An alternative to closure may be considered only as provided in this section.
- (c) If the court finds that any vacancy resulting from closure of the building or place may create a nuisance or that closure is otherwise harmful to the community, in lieu of ordering the building or place closed, the court may order the person who is seeking to keep the premises open to pay damages to the city in an amount equal to the fair market rental value of the building or place, for such period of time as determined appropriate by the court.
- (d) These funds shall be used either to investigate and litigate future nuisance abatement action or used by the city for the purpose of neighborhood safety and enhancement programs.

(e) For purposes of this section, the actual amount of rent being
 received for the rent of the building or place, or the existence of any
 vacancy therein, may be considered, but shall not be the sole determinant of
 the fair market rental value.

- 5 <u>(f) Expert testimony may be used to determine the fair market rental</u> 6 value.
 - (g) In addition, the court may award damages equal to the plaintiff's cost in the investigation and litigation of the abatement action, not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) against any or all of the defendants based upon the severity of the nuisance and its duration.
- 11 <u>(h) The damages may be collected in any manner provided for the</u> 12 collection of any civil judgment.
- (i) While the order of abatement remains in effect, the building or
 place is in the custody of the court.

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- SECTION 8. Release of the building to owner.
- 17 (a) If the owner of the building or place has not been guilty of any 18 contempt of court in the proceedings and appears and pays all costs, fees, and 19 allowances that are liens on the building or place and files a bond in the <u>full value of the property conditioned that the</u> owner will immediately abate 20 any nuisance that may exist at the building or place and prevent it from being 21 22 a nuisance within a period of one (1) year thereafter, the court may, if 23 satisfied of the owner's good faith, order the building or place to be 24 delivered to the owner and the order of abatement canceled so far as it may 25 relate to the property.
 - (b) The release of property under the provisions of this section does not release it from any judgment, lien, penalty, or liability to which it may be subject.

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- SECTION 9. Lien enforcement.
- (a) Whenever the owner of a building or place upon which the act or acts constituting contempt have been committed, or the owner of any interest therein has been guilty of contempt of court and fined in any proceedings under this subchapter, the fine is a lien upon the building or place to the extent of his interest in it.
 - (b) The lien is enforceable and collectible by execution issued by

1	order of the court.			
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3	SECTION 10. <u>Violations - criminal penalties.</u>			
4	A violation of or disobedience of the injunction or order for abatement			
5	is punishable as contempt of court by a fine of not less than two hundred			
6	dollars (\$200) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment			
7	in the county jail for not less than one (1) month nor more than six (6)			
8	months, or both.			
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10	SECTION 11. All provisions of this act of a general and permanent			
11	nature are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas			
12	Code Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.			
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14	SECTION 12. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to			
15	any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect			
16	other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without			
17	the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this			
18	act are declared to be severable.			
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20	SECTION 13. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are			
21	hereby repealed.			
22	/s/ B. Walker			
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25	APPROVED: 4/15/1999			
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