## Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to law as it existed prior to the 82nd General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas  As Engrossed: H2/5/99 S2/24/99	
2	82nd General Assembly A B1II	Act 663 of 1999
3	Regular Session, 1999	HOUSE BILL 1207
4		
5	By: Representatives Lancaster, Cook, J. Jeffress, French, Creekmore	
6	By: Senators Hopkins, Webb	
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9	For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	"AN ACT FOR EDUCATION WHICH CREATES PARENTAL	
11	RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROVIDING A FALSE ADDRESS FOR	
12	PURPOSES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT IN AN	
13	UNAUTHORIZED SCHOOL DISTRICT; AND FOR OTHER PURPO	SES. "
14		
15	Subtitle	
16	"AN ACT FOR EDUCATION WHICH CREATES	
17	PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROVIDING A	
18	FALSE ADDRESS FOR PURPOSES OF PUBLIC	
19	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT IN AN UNAUTHORIZED	
20	SCHOOL DISTRICT."	
21		
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSA	AS:
23		
24	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code 6-18-202 is amended to read a	as follows:
25	"6-18-202. Age and residence for attending public schools.	
26	(a) For purposes of this act:	
27	(1) 'Reside' means to be physically present and	maintain a
28	permanent place of abode for an average of not less that four	(4) cal endar
29	days and nights per week for a primary purpose other than sch	nool attendance.
30	(2) 'Resident' means a student whose parents, le	egal guardians,
31	persons having legal lawful control of the student under orde	er of a court, or
32	person standing in loco parentis reside in the school distric	ct; and
33	(3) 'Residential address' means the physical loc	cation where the
34	student's parent, legal guardian, person having legal lawful	control of the
35	student under order of a court, or person standing in loco pa	arentis reside.
36	(a) (b) The public schools of any school district in th	nis state shall be

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- open and free through completion of the secondary program to all persons in this state between the ages of five (5) and twenty-one (21) years whose parents, legal guardians, or other persons having lawful control of the person under an order of a court reside within the school district and to all persons
- between those ages who have been legally transferred to the district foreducation purposes.
  - (b) (c) Any person eighteen (18) years of age or older may establish a residence separate and apart from his or her parents or guardians for school attendance purposes.
  - (c) (d) In order for a person under the age of eighteen (18) years to establish a residence for the purpose of attending the public schools separate and apart from his or her parents, guardians, or other persons having lawful control of him or her under an order of a court, the person must actually reside in the district for a primary purpose other than that of school attendance.
  - (d)(e)(1) Any school district which admits for ten (10) school days or more a student the school district knows, or should have known, is a resident of another school district not included in a tuition agreement, or not officially transferred to it, shall be liable to the resident district of the student for an amount of money equal to the Minimum Foundation Program Aid table rate the resident State Equalization Funding per student the complainant district would have received or seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) per year, whichever is greater.
  - (2) Notice to a school district by a complainant school district that a student is attending illegally in the school district begins the running of the ten-day time period.
  - (3) Causes of action arising under this subsection may be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction.
  - (4) The school district, which admits the student, shall have the burden of proof as to the student's residency.
    - (5) Upon presentation of a court order or judgment finding that a school district has admitted, for ten (10) school days or more, a student the district should have known was a resident of another district as set forth in subsection (d)(e)(1) of this section, the Department of Education will satisfy the defendant school district's liability by transferring to the complainant school district the appropriate amount of funds from state aid which the

department would have distributed to the defendant school district.	Such
transfer will be made from the next payment due to the district from	the
department after the order is received by the department.	

- (f) For purposes of this act, a student may use the residential address of a legal guardian, person having legal lawful control of the student under order of a court, or person standing in loco parentis only if the student resides at the same residential address and the guardianship or other legal authority is not granted solely for educational needs or school attendance purposes. Any school district may require a parent, legal guardian or other person in loco parentis who enrolls a student in a school district to sign a statement under oath attesting to their residential address or provide other proof that a student is a resident of the school district as defined by this act.
- (g) This act shall not be construed to restrict a student's ability to participate in a tuition agreement with a non-resident school district or to officially transfer to another school district pursuant to the Arkansas Public School Choice act of 1989, beginning at Arkansas Code 6-18-206.
- (h) Any person who knowingly gives a false residential address for purposes of public school enrollment is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500)."

SECTION 2. All provisions of this act of a general and permanent nature are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas Code Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.

SECTION 3. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 4. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

APPROVED: BECAME LAW ON 3/17/1999, WITHOUT THE GOVERNOR'S SIGNATURE.

/s/ Lancaster