Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

Act 1022 of the Regular Session

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3		SENATE BILL 18
4		id. D. Thompson, Trucks, Whitehan Williams
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7		L. Smith, Wells, Woods
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9 10		e Entitled
11		PROGRAMS; TO CREATE A
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16	16	
17	Subtitle Subtitle	
18	TO EXPAND DRUG COURT PROG	RAMS; TO CREATE
19	A DIVISION OF DRUG COURT	PROGRAMS WITHIN
20	THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE	OF THE COURTS;
21	21 AND TO CREATE THE DRUG CO	URT ADVISORY
22	22 COMMITTEE.	
23	23	
24	24	
25	25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF TH	HE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
26	26	
27	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 9-27-323	(e), concerning diversion
28	agreements in delinquency cases and family	in need of services cases, is
29	29 amended to read as follows:	
30	(e) Diversion agreements shall be 1:	imited to providing for:
31	31 (1) Nonjudicial probation unde	er the supervision of the intake
32	officer or probation officer for a period of	during which the juvenile may be
33	required to comply with specified condition	ns concerning his or her conduct
34	34 and activities; and	
35	35 (2) Participation in a court-a	approved program of education,

counseling, or treatment; and

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2
                 (3) Participation in a court-approved teen court; and
                 (4) Participation in a juvenile drug court program.
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           SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 9-27-334 is amended to read as follows:
 6
           9-27-334. Disposition - Dependent-neglected - Generally.
 7
               If a juvenile is found to be dependent-neglected, the circuit
8
     court may enter an order making any of the following dispositions:
9
                 (1) Order family services;
10
                 (2)(A) If it is in the best interest of the juvenile, transfer
11
     custody of the juvenile to the Department of Health and Human Services, to
12
     another licensed agency responsible for the care of juveniles, or to a
     relative or other individual.
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14
                       (B) If the court grants custody of the juvenile to the
15
     department, the juvenile shall be placed in a licensed or approved foster
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     home, shelter, or facility or an exempt child welfare agency as defined at §
17
     9-28-402(12).
                       (C) All juveniles in shelters or awaiting foster care
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19
     placement who are in the custody of the department are "homeless children and
     youth" as defined at 42 U.S.C. § 11434a(2), as in effect on February 1, 2005.
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21
                       (D) If the court transfers custody of the juvenile to the
22
     department, the court shall issue orders regarding educational issues of the
23
     juvenile as follows:
24
                             (i) Determine if the parent or guardian shall have
     access to school records of the juvenile;
25
26
                             (ii) Determine if the parent or guardian who has
27
     access to school records of the juvenile is entitled to obtain information on
28
     the current placement of the juvenile, that is, the name and address of the
29
     foster parent or provider; and
                             (iii) Determine if the parent or guardian may
30
31
     participate in school conferences or similar activities at school.
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                       (E) If the court transfers custody of the juvenile to the
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     department, the court may appoint an individual to consent to an initial
34
     evaluation and serve as a surrogate parent pursuant to the Individuals with
     Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1400 et seq., as in effect on
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36
     February 1, 2005;
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1	(3) If it is in the best interest of the juvenile, grant
2	permanent custody to an individual upon proof that the parent or guardian
3	from whom the juvenile has been removed has not complied with the orders of
4	the court or upon proof that no reunification services should be required to
5	reunite the juvenile with his or her parent or parents and that no further
6	services or periodic reviews are required; or
7	(4)(A) Order that the parent, both parents, or the guardian of
8	the juvenile <u>:</u>
9	(i) attend Attend a court-ordered parental
10	responsibility training program, if available; and
11	(ii) Participate in a juvenile drug court program.
12	(B) The court may make reasonable orders requiring proof
13	of completion of such a training program within a certain time period and
14	payment of a fee covering the cost of the training program.
15	(b) Such an order of custody shall supersede an existing court order
16	of custody and shall remain in full force and effect until a subsequent order
17	of custody is entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
18	(c) The court may provide that any violation of its orders shall
19	subject the parent, both parents, the juvenile, the custodian, or the
20	guardian to contempt sanctions.
21	
22	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 16-98-302 is amended to read as follows:
23	16-98-302. Definitions Purpose and intent.
24	For purposes of this subchapter:
25	(1) "Drug court program" means a highly structured judicial
26	intervention process for substance abuse treatment of eligible offenders
27	which requires successful completion of the drug court program treatment in
28	lieu of incarceration; and
29	(2) "Drug court team" means a circuit judge, a prosecuting
30	attorney, a defense attorney, and one (1) or more addiction counselors.
31	(a) There is a critical need for judicial intervention and support for
32	effective treatment programs that reduce the incidence of drug use, drug
33	addiction, and family separation due to parental substance abuse and drug-
34	related crimes. It is the intent of the General Assembly for this subchapter
35	to enhance public safety by facilitating the creation, expansion, and
36	coordination of drug court programs.

1	(b) The goals of the drug court programs in this state shall be
2	consistent with the standards adopted by the United States Department of
3	Justice and recommended by the National Association of Drug Court
4	Professionals and shall include the following key components:
5	(1) Integration of substance abuse treatment with justice system
6	case processing;
7	(2) Use of a nonadversarial approach in which prosecution and
8	defense promote public safety while protecting the right of the accused to
9	due process;
10	(3) Early identification of eligible participants and prompt
11	placement of eligible participants;
12	(4) Access to a continuum of treatment, rehabilitation, and
13	related services;
14	(5) Frequent testing for alcohol and illicit drugs;
15	(6) A coordinated strategy among the judge, prosecution,
16	defense, and treatment providers to govern offender compliance;
17	(7) Ongoing judicial interaction with each participant;
18	(8) Monitoring and evaluation of the achievement of program
19	goals and effectiveness;
20	(9) Continuing interdisciplinary education to promote effective
21	planning, implementation, and operation; and
22	(10) Development of partnerships with public agencies and
23	community-based organizations to generate local support and enhance drug
24	court effectiveness.
25	(c)(l) Drug court programs are specialized court dockets within the
26	existing structure of the Arkansas court system. Drug court programs offer
27	judicial monitoring of intensive treatment and strict supervision of addicts
28	in drug and drug-related cases.
29	(2) The creation of a drug court docket and the appointment of a
30	circuit judge to that docket shall be approved by the administrative judge in
31	each judicial circuit and made a part of the judicial circuit's
32	administrative plan required by Arkansas Supreme Court Administrative Order
33	Number 14.
34	
35	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 16-98-303 is amended to read as follows:
36	16-98-303. Drug court programs authorized.

1	(a) $\underline{(1)}$ Each judicial district of this state is authorized to establish
2	a drug court program under this subchapter, which.
3	(2)(A) The structure, method, and operation of each drug court
4	program may differ and should be based upon the specific needs of and
5	resources available to the judicial district where the drug court program is
6	located.
7	(B)(i) A drug court program may be preadjudication or
8	postadjudication subject to the availability of funds for an adult offender.
9	(ii) A juvenile drug court program or services may
10	be used in a delinquency case or a family in need of services case pursuant
11	to a diversion agreement under § 9-27-323.
12	(iii) A juvenile drug court program or services may
13	be used in a dependency-neglect case under § 9-27-334.
14	(3) Notwithstanding the authorization described in subdivision
15	(a)(1) of this section, no judge of a circuit court, drug court, or juvenile
16	court may order any services or treatment under subsection (b) of this
17	section or § 16-98-305 unless:
18	(A) An administrative and programmatic appropriation has
19	been made for those purposes;
20	(B) Administrative and programmatic funding is available
21	for those purposes; and
22	(C) Administrative and programmatic positions have been
23	authorized for those purposes.
24	(b)(1) A drug court program shall incorporate services from the
25	Department of Community Correction, the Department of Health and Human
26	Services, and the Administrative Office of the Courts.
27	(2) Subject to an appropriation, funding, and position
28	authorization, both programmatic and administrative, the Department of
29	Community Correction shall:
30	(A) Provide positions for persons to serve as probation
31	officers, drug counselors, and administrative assistants;
32	(B) Provide for drug testing for drug court program
33	participants;
34	(C) Provide for intensive outpatient treatment for drug
35	court program participants; and
36	(D) Provide for intensive short-term and long-term

1	residential treatment for drug court program participants.
2	(3) Subject to an appropriation, funding, and position
3	authorization, both programmatic and administrative, the Department of Health
4	and Human Services shall:
5	(A) Provide positions for persons to serve as drug
6	counselors and administrative assistants in delinquency cases, dependency-
7	neglect cases, and family in need of services cases;
8	(B) Provide for drug testing for drug court program
9	participants in delinquency cases, dependency-neglect cases, and family in
10	need of services cases;
11	(C) Provide for intensive outpatient treatment for drug
12	court program participants in delinquency cases, dependency-neglect cases,
13	and family in need of services cases;
14	(D) Provide for intensive short-term and long-term
15	residential treatment for drug court program participants in delinquency
16	cases, dependency-neglect cases, and family in need of services cases;
17	(E) Certify and license treatment providers and treatment
18	facilities that serve drug court program participants;
19	(F) Provide and oversee residential beds for drug court
20	programs;
21	(G) Oversee catchment area facilities for drug court
22	programs;
23	(H) Act as a liaison between the courts and drug court
24	program participants; and
25	(I) Oversee performance standards for residential and
26	long-term facilities providing services to drug court programs.
27	(4) Subject to an appropriation, funding, and position
28	authorization, both programmatic and administrative, the Administrative
29	Office of the Courts shall:
30	(A) Provide state-level coordination and support for drug
31	court judges and their programs;
32	(B) Administer funds for the maintenance and operation of
33	local drug court programs;
34	(C) Provide training and education to drug court judges
35	and other professionals involved in drug court programs; and
36	(D) Operate as a liaison between drug court judges and

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- 1 other state-level agencies providing services to drug court programs. 2 $\frac{(b)}{(c)(1)}$ A drug court program shall not be available to any defendant 3 who: 4 (A) having Has a pending violent criminal charge against 5 him or her; 6 (B) Has been convicted of a violent felony offense or 7 adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile of a violent felony offense; or 8 (C)(i) Is required to register under the Sex Offender 9 Registration Act of 1997, § 12-12-901 et seq. 10 (ii) The exclusion under subdivision (c)(1)(C)(i) of 11 this section shall not apply to the offense of prostitution, § 5-70-102. 12 (2) Eligible offenses may be further restricted by the rules of a specific drug court program. 13 14 (3) Nothing in this subchapter shall require a drug court judge 15 to consider or accept every offender with a treatable condition or addiction, 16 regardless of the fact that the controlling offense is eligible for 17 consideration in the program. (4) Any offender defendant who is determined not appropriate for 18 19 the denied entry to a drug court program shall be prosecuted as provided by 20 law. 21 $\frac{(e)}{(d)(1)}$ Drug court programs may require a separate judicial 22 processing system differing in practice and design from the traditional 23 adversarial criminal prosecution and trial systems. 24 (2) A drug court team shall be designated by a circuit judge 25 assigned to manage the drug court docket and may include consisting of a 26 circuit judge to administer the program, a prosecuting attorney, a public 27 <u>defender or private</u> defense attorney, and one (1) or more addiction 28 counselors, one (1) or more probation officers, one (1) or more private 29 treatment provider representatives, who has appropriate understanding of the 30 goals of the program and of the appropriate treatment methods for the various conditions and any other individual or individuals determined necessary by 31 32 the drug court judge. 33 (3) The administrative judge of the judicial district or an
 - agreement of a majority of the circuit judges in the judicial district shall designate one (1) or more circuit judges to administer the drug court program.

1	(a) All arug court programs snall be required to keep reliable data
2	on:
3	(1) Recidivism;
4	(2) Relapses ;
5	(3) Restarts;
6	(4) Sanctions imposed; and
7	(5) Incentives given.
8	(e) Each judicial district may develop a training and implementation
9	manual for drug court programs with the assistance of the:
10	(1) Department of Health and Human Services;
11	(2) Department of Education;
12	(3) Department of Workforce Education;
13	(4) Department of Correction;
14	$\frac{(5)}{(4)}$ Department of Community Correction; and
15	$\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ Administrative Office of the Courts.
16	(f) A Division of Drug Court Programs is created within the
17	Administrative Office of the Courts. The position of Drug Court Coordinator
18	is created within the Division of Drug Court Programs and the Drug Court
19	Coordinator shall:
20	(1) Provide assistance, counsel, and advice to the Drug Court
21	Advisory Committee;
22	(2) Serve as a coordinator between drug court judges, the
23	Department of Community Correction, the Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
24	Prevention, private treatment provider representatives, and public health
25	advocates;
26	(3) Establish, manage, and maintain a uniform statewide drug
27	court information system to track information and data on drug court program
28	participants to be reviewed by the Drug Court Advisory Committee;
29	(4) Train and educate drug court judges and drug court staff in
30	those judicial districts maintaining a drug court program;
31	(5) Provide staff assistance to the Arkansas Association of Drug
32	Court Professionals;
33	(6) Oversee the disbursement of funds appropriated to the
34	Administrative Office of the Courts for the maintenance and operation of
35	local drug court programs based on a formula developed by the Administrative
36	Office of the Courts and reviewed by the Drug Court Advisory Committee; and

1	(7) Develop guidelines to be reviewed by the Drug Court Advisory
2	Committee to serve as a framework for developing effective local drug court
3	programs and to provide a structure for conducting research and evaluation
4	for drug court program accountability.
5	
6	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 98, Subchapter 3 is amended
7	to add additional sections to read as follows:
8	16-98-305. Required resources.
9	Each drug court program established under this subchapter, subject to
10	an appropriation, funding, and position authorization, both programmatic and
11	administrative, shall be provided with the following resources:
12	(1) The Department of Community Correction shall provide the
13	following pursuant to § 16-98-303(a)(2)(B)(i) for adult offenders:
14	(A)(i) Except as provided in subdivision $(1)(A)(ii)$ of
15	this section, provide a minimum of one (1) drug counselor position for every
16	thirty (30) drug court participants.
17	(ii) If a drug court judge does not require the drug
18	counselor position or positions described in subdivision (1)(A)(i) of this
19	section, funding for a drug counselor or counselors shall be provided under
20	subdivision $(1)(E)(i)$ of this section;
21	(B) Provide a minimum of one (1) probation officer
22	position for every forty (40) drug court participants;
23	(C) Provide a minimum of one (1) administrative assistant
24	position for each drug court program;
25	(D) Provide for drug screens and testing as needed; and
26	(E)(i) Based upon a formula to be developed by the
27	Administrative Office of the Courts, reviewed by the Drug Court Advisory
28	Committee, and approved by the Legislative Council, provide for:
29	(a) Intensive outpatient treatment to be made
30	available to drug court programs in each judicial district;
31	(b) Short-term and long-term inpatient
32	treatment to be made available to drug court programs in each judicial
33	district; and
34	(c) A drug court judge to contract with a
35	local licensed treatment provider for counseling services for drug court
36	participants so that each privately contracted addiction counselor does not

1	have more than thirty (30) drug court participants in his or her caseload.
2	(ii) The Department of Community Correction shall
3	enter into an inter-agency memorandum of understanding with the
4	Administrative Office of the Courts in order to establish the process and
5	procedures for the payment of treatment services ordered by a drug court
6	judge and funded through the Department of Community Correction.
7	(iii) Expenditures of funds for treatment services
8	allocated to each drug court program under the formula described in
9	subdivision (1)(E)(i) of this section shall be at the direction of a drug
10	court judge, except as limited by the procedures adopted in the memorandum of
11	understanding described in subdivision (1)(E)(ii) of this section;
12	(2) The Department of Health and Human Services shall:
13	(A) Provide a minimum of one (1) drug counselor position
14	for every thirty (30) drug court participants in delinquency cases,
15	dependency-neglect cases, and family in need of services cases;
16	(B) Provide for drug screens and testing as needed in
17	delinquency cases, dependency-neglect cases, and family in need of services
18	cases; and
19	(C) Provide for intensive outpatient treatment and short-
20	term and long-term inpatient treatment to be made available to drug court
21	programs in each judicial district in delinquency cases, dependency-neglect
22	cases, and family in need of services cases based upon a formula developed by
23	the Administrative Office of the Courts and reviewed by the Drug Court
24	Advisory Committee; and
25	(3) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall:
26	(A) Provide funding to be reviewed by the Drug Court
27	Advisory Committee for additional ongoing maintenance and operation costs of
28	local drug court programs not provided by the Department of Community
29	Correction or the Department of Health and Human Services, including local
30	drug court program supplies, education, travel, and related expenses;
31	(B) Provide direct support to the drug court judge and
32	drug court program;
33	(C) Provide coordination between the multidisciplinary
34	team and the drug court judge;
35	(D) Provide case management;
36	(E) Monitor compliance of drug court participants with

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1	drug court program requirements; and
2	(F) Provide drug court program evaluation and
3	accountability.
4	
5	16-98-306. Collection of data.
6	(a) A drug court program shall collect and provide data on drug court
7	applicants, drug court participants, and the entire drug court program as
8	required by the Division of Drug Court Programs within the Administrative
9	Office of the Courts in accordance with the rules promulgated under § 16-98-
10	<u>307.</u>
11	(b) The data collected for evaluation purposes under subsection (a) of
12	this section shall:
13	(1) Include a minimum standard data set developed and specified
14	by the Division of Drug Court Programs; and
15	(2) Be maintained in the court files or be otherwise accessible
16	by the courts and the Division of Drug Court Programs.
17	(c)(1) As directed by the Division of Drug Court Programs, after an
18	individual is discharged either upon completion or termination of a drug
19	court program, the drug court program shall conduct, as much as practical,
20	follow-up contacts with and reviews of former drug court participants for key
21	outcome indicators of drug use, recidivism, and employment.
22	(2)(A) The follow-up contacts with and reviews of former drug
23	court participants shall be conducted as frequently and for a period of time
24	determined by the Division of Drug Court Programs based upon the nature of
25	the drug court program and the nature of the participants.
26	(B) The follow-up contacts with and reviews of former drug
27	court participants are not extensions of the drug court's jurisdiction over
28	the drug court participants.
29	(d) For purposes of standardized measurement of success of drug court
30	programs across the state, the Division of Drug Court Programs in
31	consultation with other state agencies and subject to the review of the Drug
32	Court Advisory Committee shall adopt an operational definition of terms such
33	as "recidivism", "retention", "relapses", "restarts", "sanctions imposed",
34	and "incentives given" to be used in any evaluation and report of drug court
35	programs.
36	(e) Each drug court program shall provide to the Division of Drug

1	Court Programs all information requested by the Division of Drug Court
2	Programs.
3	(f) The Division of Drug Court Programs, the Department of Community
4	Correction, the Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention, and the Arkansas
5	Crime Information Center shall work together to share and make available data
6	to provide a comprehensive data management system for the state's drug court
7	programs.
8	(g)(1) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall:
9	(A) Develop a statewide evaluation model to be reviewed by
10	the Drug Court Advisory Committee; and
11	(B) Conduct ongoing evaluations of the effectiveness and
12	efficiency of all drug court programs.
13	(2) A report of the evaluations of the Administrative Office of
14	the Courts shall be submitted to the General Assembly by July 1 of each year.
15	
16	16-98-307. Drug Court Advisory Committee - Creation.
17	(a) There is created a Drug Court Advisory Committee.
18	(b) The Drug Court Advisory Committee shall consist of the following
19	members:
20	(1) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or the Chief
21	Justice's designee who shall serve as chair;
22	(2) The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts or
23	the director's designee;
24	(3) A judge to be appointed by the Arkansas Judicial Council;
25	(4) The Director of the Department of Community Correction or
26	the director's designee;
27	(5) The Director of the Department of Health and Human Services
28	or the director's designee;
29	(6) The Director of the Bureau of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
30	Prevention or the director's designee;
31	(7) A prosecutor appointed by the Prosecutor Coordinator;
32	(8) A public defender appointed by the Executive Director of the
33	Arkansas Public Defender Commission;
34	(9) A member of the Senate appointed by the President Pro
35	Tempore of the Senate;
36	(10) A member of the House of Representatives appointed by the

1	Speaker of the House of Representatives;
2	(11) The Arkansas Drug Director or the Arkansas Drug Director's
3	designee; and
4	(12) The Chair of the Board of Corrections or the chair's
5	designee.
6	(c) The chair or the chair's designee shall promptly call the first
7	meeting after the effective date of this section.
8	(d)(1) The committee shall conduct its meetings at the State Capitol
9	or at any place designated by the chair or the chair's designee.
10	(2) Meetings shall be held at least one (1) time every three (3)
11	months but may occur more often at the call of the chair.
12	(e) If any vacancy occurs on the committee, the vacancy shall be
13	filled by the same process as the original appointment.
14	(f) The committee shall establish rules and procedures for conducting
15	<u>its business.</u>
16	(g) Members of the committee shall serve without compensation.
17	(h) A majority of the members of the committee shall constitute a
18	quorum for transacting any business of the committee.
19	(i)(l) The committee is established to promote collaboration and
20	provide recommendations on issues involving drug courts.
21	(2) The committee may provide advice and review on at least the
22	following:
23	(A) Provisions to identify data to be collected for
24	evaluation; and
25	(B) Provisions to ensure uniform data collection.
26	
27	SECTION 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the
28	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that there is a critical need for
29	judicial intervention and support for effective treatment programs that
30	reduce the incidence of drug use, drug addiction, and family separation due
31	to parental substance abuse and drug-related crimes; that this act expands
32	drug court programs and creates the Drug Court Advisory Committee; and that
33	this act is immediately necessary because any delay in the expansion of drug
34	court programs or the creation of the Drug Court Advisory Committee will harm
35	citizens of this state who will benefit from judicial monitoring of intensive
36	treatment and strict supervision of addicts in drug and drug-related cases.

1	Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist and this act being immediately
2	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall
3	become effective on:
4	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
5	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
6	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
7	<u>bill; or</u>
8	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
9	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.
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11	/s/ B. Pritchard
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13	APPROVED: 4/4/2007
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