Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

Act 1177 of the Regular Session

1	State of Arkansas
2	87th General Assembly A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2009 HOUSE BILL 1746
4	
5	By: Representatives J. Edwards, Wills, Hoyt, Webb, Dale
6	By: Senators B. Johnson, D. Johnson, Steele
7	
8	
9	For An Act To Be Entitled
10	AN ACT TO CREATE THE TASK FORCE ON WATER SOURCE
11	PROTECTION; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
12	
13	Subtitle
14	TO CREATE THE TASK FORCE ON WATER SOURCE
15	PROTECTION.
16	
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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20	SECTION 1. NOT TO BE CODIFIED. Purpose. The preservation of quality
21	drinking water is of vital importance to the health, safety, and welfare of
22	the citizens of the State of Arkansas. Water utility-owned or water utility-
23	operated lakes, reservoirs, and impoundments are major sources of drinking
24	water in the state. Unfortunately, they are also subject to contamination
25	from the discharge of pollution within the watershed surrounding each lake.
26	Accordingly, for the protection of water-utility owned or operated lakes
27	providing water to both small and large communities throughout the state, the
28	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas establishes the Task Force on Water
29	Source Protection to study ways to preserve the water quality of such lakes
30	and reduce the risk of contamination caused by surface discharges from
31	nonmunicipal treatment plants within their watersheds.
32	
33	SECTION 2. <u>Task Force on Water Source Protection - Created -</u>
34	Membership.
35	(a) There is created the Task Force on Water Source Protection



1	consisting.
2	(b) The task force shall consist of the following members:
3	(1) A board member of a regional water distribution system who
4	is appointed by the Governor;
5	(2) A member of a commission that operates a waterworks and
6	distributing system owned by a city of the first class, city of the second
7	class, or incorporated town who is appointed by the Governor;
8	(3) A member of the Senate appointed by the President Pro
9	Tempore of the Senate;
10	(4) A member of the House of Representatives appointed by the
11	Speaker of the House of Representatives;
12	(5) A person appointed by the Attorney General;
13	(6) A person appointed by the Arkansas Municipal League;
14	(7) A person appointed by the Arkansas Department of
15	Environmental Quality;
16	(8) A person appointed by the Department of Rural Services;
17	(9) A person appointed by the Arkansas Natural Resources
18	Commission;
19	(10) A person appointed by the State Board of Health;
20	(11) A person appointed by the Association of Arkansas Counties;
21	(12) A water system operator appointed by the Drinking Water
22	Advisory and Operator Licensing Committee;
23	(13) A person from each congressional district appointed by the
24	Governor; and
25	(14) A member of the Arkansas Realtors Association appointed by
26	the Governor.
27	(c)(1) The members of the House of Representatives and the Senate
28	appointed to the task force under subsection (b) of this section shall serve
29	as cochairs of the task force.
30	(2) The task force shall meet at the State Capitol.
31	(d) If a vacancy occurs on the task force, the vacancy shall be filled
32	by the same process as the original appointment made under subsection (b) of
33	this section.
34	(e) The task force shall establish rules and procedures for conducting
35	its business.
36	(f) A legislative member of the task force may to receive

1	reimbursement for expenses and per diem at the same rate and from the same
2	source as provided by law for a member of the General Assembly who attends a
3	meeting of an interim committee.
4	(g) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum
5	for transacting the business of the task force.
6	(h) The Bureau of Legislative Research shall provide staff for the
7	task force.
8	(i) The task force terminates on January 31, 2010.
9	(j) On December 31, 2009, the task force shall deliver a report
10	containing the conclusions of the task force and any recommended revisions or
11	additions to the state's laws concerning the quality and safety of drinking
12	water for public consumption to the cochairs of the Legislative Council.
13	
14	SECTION 3. (a) The task force shall identify the various nonmunicipal
15	waste water treatment systems and the compliance records of such systems that
16	exist and surface discharge into water utility-owned or operated lakes,
17	reservoirs, and impoundments and recommend ways to preserve the water quality
18	of such lakes and reduce the risk of contamination caused by surface
19	discharges from nonmunicipal treatment plants within their watersheds.
20	(1) For purposes of the task force:
21	(A) "Nonmunicipal sewage treatment plant" means a facility
22	that is not a publicly owned treatment works and that is used to treat the
23	excrementitious or other discharge from the bodies of humans, including a:
24	(i) Wastewater treatment plant;
25	(ii) Sewage treatment plant;
26	(iii) Package plant; or
27	(iv) Similar facility.
28	(B) "Nonmunicipal sewage treatment plant" does not
29	include, among other things:
30	<u>(i) Septic tank systems;</u>
31	(ii) Drip irrigation systems; or
32	(iii) Systems for the treatment of animal waste;
33	(2) "Watershed" means the land area from which water drains into
34	a stream, river, lake, or reservoir, including all tributaries; and
35	(3) "Publicly owned treatment works" means any device or system
36	for the treatment of pollutants that is owned by any:

1	<u>(A) Municipality;</u>
2	(B) Quasimunicipal corporation; or
3	(C) Other public entity.
4	
5	SECTION 4. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the
6	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that the protection of the water
7	quality of the state's lakes, reservoirs, and impoundments that provide water
8	for the citizens of the State is vital to the health of the citizens of the
9	state; and that finding ways to eliminate and prohibit surface discharges
10	from nonmunicipal sewage treatment plants in the watershed of lakes,
11	reservoirs, and impoundments is vital to the protection of the water quality.
12	Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist and this act being immediately
13	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall
14	become effective on:
15	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
16	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
17	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
18	bill; or
19	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
20	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.
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23	/s/ J. Edwards
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25	APPROVED: 4/7/2009
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