Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to present law. Act 109 of the Fiscal Session

1	State of Arkansas	A D:11
2	93rd General Assembly	A Bill
3	Fiscal Session, 2022	SENATE BILL 87
4 5	By: Senators Rice, Hickey, Irvin, Bec	kham, L. Chesterfield, J. Dismang, Elliott, J. English, Flippo,
6	Gilmore, Hill, K. Ingram, B. Johnson, G. Leding, B. Sample, D. Sullivan	
7		d, Wardlaw, Beaty Jr., Beck, M. Berry, S. Berry, Bragg, Brown, C.
8		Ennett, Eubanks, K. Ferguson, C. Fite, D. Garner, Godfrey, Hawks,
9	M. Hodges, Hollowell, Hudson, Jett, 1	Love, Maddox, McCullough, S. Meeks, Nicks, Perry, Scott, S.
10	Smith, Speaks, Vaught, Warren, D. W	'hitaker, Wing, Wooten
11		-
12	Fo	or An Act To Be Entitled
13	AN ACT TO ESTABL	ISH COVERAGE FOR THE DIAGNOSIS AND
14	TREATMENT OF MOR	BID OBESITY UNDER THE STATE AND
15	PUBLIC SCHOOL LI	FE AND HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM; TO
16	DECLARE AN EMERG	ENCY; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
17		
18		
19		Subtitle
20	TO ESTABLI:	SH COVERAGE FOR THE DIAGNOSIS
21	AND TREATM	ENT OF MORBID OBESITY UNDER THE
22	STATE AND 1	PUBLIC SCHOOL LIFE AND HEALTH
23	INSURANCE 1	PROGRAM; AND TO DECLARE AN
24	EMERGENCY.	
25		
26		
27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL	ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
28		
29	SECTION 1. Arkansas C	code Title 21, Chapter 5, Subchapter 4, is amended
30		
31	_	or diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity —
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33	<u>(a) The General Assem</u>	
34		ity causes many medical problems and costly
35	-	s diabetes, hypertension, heart disease, and
36	<u>stroke;</u>	



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1	(2) The cost of managing the complications of morbid obesity,
2	largely due to inadequate treatment, far outweighs the cost of expeditious
3	and effective medical treatment;
4	(3) The recommended guidelines developed by the National
5	Institutes of Health, the American Society for Metabolic and Bariatric
6	Surgery, the American Obesity Association, and Shape Up America and embraced
7	by the American Medical Association and the American College of Surgeons are
8	that patients who are morbidly obese receive responsible and affordable
9	medical treatment for their obesity;
10	(4) The rate of bariatric surgery use has increased in the past
11	decade to more than one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) surgical
12	procedures per year in the United States;
13	(5) Payers can rely on bariatric surgery paying for itself
14	through decreased comorbidities within two (2) to four (4) years;
15	(6) In 2019, the majority of members who had bariatric surgery
16	under the State and Public School Life and Health Insurance Program had a
17	total per-member per-month cost reduction of thirty-seven percent (37%),
18	primarily due to a reduction of forty-five percent (45%) in medical per-
19	member per-month costs;
19 20	<pre>member per-month costs; (7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the</pre>
20	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the
20 21	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and
20 21 22	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a
20 21 22 23	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines.
20 21 22 23 24	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for
20 21 22 23 24 25	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section: (1) "Body mass index" means body weight in kilograms divided by
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section: (1) "Body mass index" means body weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared; and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section: (1) "Body mass index" means body weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared; and (2) "Morbid obesity":
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section: (1) "Body mass index" means body weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared; and (2) "Morbid obesity": (A) Means a weight that is at least two (2) times the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section: (1) "Body mass index" means body weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared; and (2) "Morbid obesity": (A) Means a weight that is at least two (2) times the ideal weight for frame, age, height, and sex of an individual as determined
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(7) There is a clinical and financial benefit to reducing the burden of chronic disease through coverage; and (8) The diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity should be a clinical decision made by a physician based on evidence-based guidelines. (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity. (c) As used in this section: (1) "Body mass index" means body weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared; and (2) "Morbid obesity": (A) Means a weight that is at least two (2) times the ideal weight for frame, age, height, and sex of an individual as determined by an examining physician; and (B) May be measured as a body mass index:

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1	diabetes; or
2	(ii) Greater than forty kilograms per meter squared
3	(40 kg/m2).
4	(d)(1) Each state and public school employee's health benefit plan
5	under the program that is offered, issued, or renewed on or after January 1,
6	2023, shall offer coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid obesity.
7	(2) The coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of morbid
8	obesity offered under subdivision (d)(l) of this section shall include
9	without limitation coverage for bariatric surgery, including:
10	(A) Gastric bypass surgery;
11	(B) Adjustable gastric banding surgery;
12	(C) Sleeve gastrectomy surgery; and
13	(D) Duodenal switch biliopancreatic diversion.
14	(3)(A) Priority on coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of
15	morbid obesity offered under subdivision (d)(1) of this section shall be for
16	participants who have at least one (1) diagnosis that bariatric surgery has
17	been recognized by medical science to reduce healthcare costs.
18	(B) The diagnosis described in subdivision (d)(3)(A) of
19	this section shall include without limitation:
20	(i) Cardiovascular disease;
21	(ii) Coronary artery disease;
22	<u>(iii) Diabetes mellitus;</u>
23	(iv) Evidence of fatty liver disease, including
24	without limitation nonalcoholic fatty liver disease or nonalcoholic
25	<u>steatohepatitis;</u>
26	(v) Gastroesophageal reflux disease refractory to
27	medical therapy;
28	<u>(vi)</u> Hyperlipidemia;
29	(vii) Lower extremity lymphatic or venous
30	obstruction;
31	(viii) Mechanical arthropathy in a weight-bearing
32	joint or symptomatic degenerative joint disease in a weight-bearing joint;
33	(ix) Obstructive sleep apnea;
34	(x)(a) Poorly controlled hypertension.
35	(b) As used in subdivision $(d)(3)(B)(x)(a)$ of
36	this section, "poorly controlled hypertension" means a systolic blood

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1	pressure of at least one hundred forty millimeters of mercury (140 mmHg) or a
2	diastolic blood pressure of ninety millimeters of mercury (90 mmHg) or
3	greater, despite medical management; or
4	(xi) Pulmonary hypertension.
5	(C)(i) Any additional clinical recommendations for adding
6	or removing diagnoses under subdivision (d)(3)(B) of this section as being
7	recognized by medical science to reduce healthcare costs and that are
8	determined by the Director of the Employee Benefits Division in consultation
9	with the University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences and consistent with
10	guidelines or recommendations issued by the American Society for Metabolic
11	and Bariatric Surgery shall result in the diagnoses' being added or removed.
12	(ii) Additional guidelines or recommendations that
13	may be considered under subdivision (d)(3)(C)(i) of this section include
14	without limitation those issued by:
15	(a) The American Diabetes Association;
16	(b) The American Association of Clinical
17	Endocrinology; and
18	(c) The American Gastroenterological
19	Association.
20	(e) The coverage for morbid obesity diagnosis and treatment offered
21	under this section does not diminish or limit benefits otherwise allowable
22	<u>under the Arkansas State Employees Health Benefit Plan and the Arkansas</u>
23	Public School Employees Health Benefit Plan.
24	(f) To ensure the financial soundness and overall well-being of the
25	program, the State Board of Finance, subject to approval of the Legislative
26	Council, may:
27	(1) Discontinue or suspend a plan option offered under
28	subsection (d) of this section;
29	(2) Promulgate a rule to establish an annual expenditure limit
30	on a plan option offered under subsection (d) of this section; or
31	(3) Promulgate rules to implement this section.
32	
33	SECTION 2. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the
34	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that the State and Public School
35	<u>Life and Health Insurance Program is inadequate to provide sustainable</u>
36	affordable health benefits for public school employees and state employees;

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1	that an urgent need exists to address the state's funding and administration
2	of benefits for public school employees and state employees in order for the
3	program to remain viable and to avoid severe financial hardship to plan
4	participants; and that this act is immediately necessary to provide
5	affordable health benefit options in a timely manner to the state's public
6	school employees participating in the program and state employees
7	participating in the program. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist,
8	and this act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public
9	peace, health, and safety shall become effective on:
10	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
11	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
12	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
13	bill; or
14	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
15	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.
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18	APPROVED: 3/1/22
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