Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to present law. Act 658 of the Regular Session

1	State of Arkansas	
2	94th General Assembly A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2023 SENAT	TE BILL 482
4		
5	By: Senator J. Dismang	
6	By: Representative Eaves	
7		
8	For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO AMEND THE INCOME TAX ACT OF 1929; TO	
10	PROVIDE AN APPORTIONMENT FORMULA FOR THE INCOME OF	
11	RAILROADS; TO AMEND THE MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT AND	
12	THE DIVISION OF INCOME FOR TAX PURPOSES ACT	
13	CONCERNING THE DIVISION OF INCOME FOR RAILROADS; AND	
14	FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
15		
16		
17	Subtitle	
18	TO AMEND THE INCOME TAX ACT OF 1929; AND	
19	TO PROVIDE AN APPORTIONMENT FORMULA FOR	
20	THE INCOME OF RAILROADS.	
21		
22		
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
24		
25	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. Legislative findings and intent.	
26	(a) The General Assembly finds that:	
27	(1) The Department of Finance and Administration promul	gated
28	Corporation Income Tax Rule 1.26-51-204 to require a railroad to app	ortion
29	its net operating income attributable to this state by multiplying t	<u>he net</u>
30	income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor	<u>plus the</u>
31	payroll factor plus the sales factor doubled and the denominator of	which is
32	<u>four (4); and</u>	
33	(2) Acts 2019, No. 822, §§ 2 and 7, amended the Multist	<u>ate Tax</u>
34	Compact, § 26-5-101 et seq., and the Uniform Division of Income for	Tax
35	Purposes Act, § 26-51-701 et seq., to adopt sales factor apportionme	nt for
36	purposes of calculating Arkansas corporate income tax liability and	



1 eliminated inclusion of the property and payroll factors for tax years 2 beginning on or after January 1, 2021. 3 (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, a railroad shall apportion and 4 5 allocate its income using one (1) of the apportionment methods provided in 6 this act. 7 8 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 26-5-101, Article IV, paragraph 2, 9 concerning the division of income under the Multistate Tax Compact, is 10 amended to read as follows: 11 2. Any taxpayer having income from business activity which is 12 taxable both within and without this state, other than activity as a railroad 13 or public utility or the rendering of purely personal services by an 14 individual, shall allocate and apportion his net income as provided in this 15 article. If a taxpayer has income from business activity as a public utility 16 but derives the greater percentage of his income from activities subject to 17 this article, the taxpayer may elect to allocate and apportion his entire net 18 income as provided in this article. 19 20 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 26-51-204 is amended to read as follows: 21 26-51-204. Railroads and public utilities - Apportionment. 22 (a) Every railroad or other public utility, whether organized under 23 the laws of this state or any other state or the federal government, shall be 24 subject to the provisions of the Income Tax Act of 1929, § 26-51-101 et seq., 25 and shall pay the state income tax levied by this subchapter upon that 26 proportion of its entire net income applicable to the State of Arkansas. 27 (b)(1) An organization operating a railroad partly within this state and partly without this state shall apportion the net operating income 28 29 attributable to this state by multiplying the organization's income by: 30 (A) The sales factor described in subdivision (b)(2) of 31 this section; or 32 (B) A fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the 33 property factor described in subdivision (b)(3) of this section, the payroll 34 factor described in subdivision (b)(4) of this section, and two (2) times the sales factor described in subdivision (b)(2) of this section, and the 35 36 denominator of which is four (4).

2

1	(2) The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is	
2	sum of the taxpayer's gross revenue from within this state and the	
3	proportionate part of the taxpayer's interstate revenues determined on the	
4	basis of the taxpayer's miles operated within this state compared to the	
5	taxpayer's total miles operated within the railway system, and the	
6	denominator of which is the total operating revenues of the taxpayer.	
7	(3)(A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which	
8	is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property	
9	owned or rented and used in this state during the tax year, and the	
10	denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and	
11	tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the tax year.	
12	(B) The average value of the taxpayer's operating	
13	equipment, including without limitation locomotives, freight and passenger	
14	cars, and work and miscellaneous equipment, shall be apportioned to this	
15	tate in the ratio of the total miles the taxpayer's property is operated	
16	within this state to the total miles the taxpayer's property is operated	
17	throughout the railway system.	
18	(C) The average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible	
19	personal property owned in this state is the average of the original cost of	
20	the real and tangible personal property at the beginning and the end of the	
21	tax year.	
22	(D) The taxpayer's real and tangible personal property	
23	rented and used in this state is valued at eight (8) times the net annual	
24	rental amount.	
25	(4) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is	
26	the sum of the compensation paid by the taxpayer for services performed	
27	entirely within the state and a proportionate part of the compensation paid	
28	by the taxpayer for services performed both within and without the state	
29	based on the ratio of the taxpayer's total miles traveled within the state to	
30	the taxpayer's total miles traveled, and the denominator of which is total	
31	compensation paid by the taxpayer during the tax year.	
32	(5) As used in this subsection:	
33	(A) "Nonoperating income" means all income other than	
34	operating income; and	
35	(B) "Operating income" means income arising from	
36	transactions and activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or	

3

03/27/2023 9:59:57 AM JLL269

1	business and includes income from tangible and intangible property if the	
2	acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitute integral	
3	parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.	
4	(c) The Secretary of the Department of Finance and Administration may	
5	promulgate rules to administer this section.	
6		
7	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 26-51-702 is amended to read as follows:	
8	26-51-702. Apportionment of net income authorized.	
9	Any taxpayer having income from business activity which is taxable both	
10	within and without this state, other than activity as a <u>railroad or</u> public	
11	tility or the rendering of purely personal services by an individual, shall	
12	allocate and apportion his net income as provided in this Act.	
13		
14	SECTION 5. DO NOT CODIFY. TEMPORARY LANGUAGE. Rules.	
15	Any rules or provisions of rules adopted by the Department of Finance	
16	and Administration that conflict with this act are void, including without	
17	limitation the conflicting provisions of Corporation Income Tax Rule 1.26-51-	
18	<u>204.</u>	
19		
20	SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 1-5 of this act are effective for	
21	tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.	
22		
23		
24	<b>APPROVED:</b> 4/11/23	
25		
26		
27		
28		
29		
30		
31		
32		
33		
34		
35		
36		

4