

1 State of Arkansas *As Engrossed: H2/28/17 H3/9/17*
2 91st General Assembly
3 Regular Session, 2017

HR 1025

4
5 By: Representative S. Meeks
6

7 **HOUSE RESOLUTION**

8 RECOGNIZING THE CHICKAMAUGA PEOPLE'S UNIQUE HERITAGE
9 AND IMPORTANT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE STATE OF ARKANSAS.

10
11
12 **Subtitle**

13 RECOGNIZING THE CHICKAMAUGA PEOPLE'S
14 UNIQUE HERITAGE AND IMPORTANT
15 CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE STATE OF ARKANSAS.
16
17

18 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIRST GENERAL
19 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
20
21

22 WHEREAS, the Chickamauga were a group that separated from the greater
23 body of the Cherokee tribes during the American Revolution and relocated to a
24 more isolated area to gain distance from colonists' encroachments; and
25

26 WHEREAS, frontier Americans associated this band with their new town on
27 the Chickamauga Creek, and began to refer to them as the Chickamaugas, and 5
28 years later, once more they moved further west and southwest into what is now
29 Alabama, establishing 5 larger settlements; and they were then more commonly
30 known as the "Lower Town Cherokee"; and
31

32 WHEREAS, the Chickamauga people entered into the Treaty of Hopewell on
33 November 28, 1785, with the United States of America, which states, "The said
34 Indians for themselves and their respective tribes and towns do acknowledge
35 all the Cherokee to be under the protection of the United States of America";
36 and



1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36

WHEREAS, under increased United States Government pressure to cede its lands and remove to the west of the Mississippi River, and believing removal was inevitable and trying to get the best lands possible, the Chickamauga people agreed with President Thomas Jefferson in the spring of 1808 to be removed to Dardanelle on the Arkansas River; and

WHEREAS, the Chickamauga people lived in hiding for most of the past 200 years for fear of being exterminated, separated from their families and removed to a reservation or losing their land; and

WHEREAS, the Chickamauga people could not vote until 1924, and could not freely teach their children their religions or customs until passage of the 1978 American Indian Religious Freedom Act; and

WHEREAS, the Chickamauga people have served admirably in the Armed Forces of the United States and served in elected and appointed positions in local and state government; and

WHEREAS, the Chickamauga people want to protect and share their customs and heritage for current and future generations,

NOW THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:

THAT the House of Representatives recognize the Chickamauga *people's unique heritage and important contributions* to our state and that under the Treaty of Hopewell and laws of the State of Arkansas, the Chickamauga people have the same rights and protections that are afforded to all of the state's citizens.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT upon adoption of this resolution, a copy shall be provided to the leader of the Chickamauga people by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36

/s/S. Meeks