## Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the Arkansas Constitution.

1	State of Arkansas
2	93rd General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2021 HJR 1024
4	
5	By: Representative Gazaway
6	By: Senator Rapert
7	
8	HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION
9	AN AMENDMENT TO THE ARKANSAS CONSTITUTION TO CREATE
10	THE "ARKANSAS RELIGIOUS FREEDOM AMENDMENT"; AND TO
11	PROVIDE THAT GOVERNMENT MAY BURDEN A PERSON'S FREEDOM
12	OF RELIGION ONLY IF THE GOVERNMENT DEMONSTRATES THAT
13	APPLICATION OF THE BURDEN TO THE PERSON IS IN
14	FURTHERANCE OF A COMPELLING GOVERNMENT INTEREST AND
15	IS THE LEAST RESTRICTIVE MEANS OF FURTHERING THAT
16	COMPELLING GOVERNMENT INTEREST.
17	
18	
19	Subtitle
20	AN AMENDMENT TO THE ARKANSAS CONSTITUTION
21	TO CREATE THE "ARKANSAS RELIGIOUS FREEDOM
22	AMENDMENT".
23	
24	
25	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL
26	ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS, AND BY THE SENATE, A MAJORITY OF ALL
27	MEMBERS ELECTED TO EACH HOUSE AGREEING THERETO:
28	
29	That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of
30	the State of Arkansas, and upon being submitted to the electors of the state
31	for approval or rejection at the next general election for Representatives
32	and Senators, if a majority of the electors voting thereon at the election
33	adopt the amendment, the amendment shall become a part of the Constitution of
34	the State of Arkansas, to wit:
35	
36	SECTION 1. This amendment shall be known and may be cited as the

1	"Arkansas Religious Freedom Amendment".
2	
3	SECTION 2. (a) The General Assembly finds:
4	(1) The framers of the United States Constitution, recognizing
5	free exercise of religion as an unalienable right, secured its protection in
6	the First Amendment to the United States Constitution;
7	(2) The framers of the Arkansas Constitution of 1874, also
8	recognizing the free exercise of religion as an unalienable right, secured
9	the protection of religious freedom in Arkansas Constitution, Article 2, §
10	<u>24;</u>
11	(3) Federal and state laws "neutral" toward religion may burden
12	religious exercise as surely as laws intended to interfere with religious
13	exercise;
14	(4) Governments should not burden religious exercise without
15	<pre>compelling justification;</pre>
16	(5) In Employment Division v. Smith, 494 U.S. 872 (1990), the
17	United States Supreme Court virtually eliminated the requirement that the
18	government justify burdens on religious exercise imposed by laws neutral
19	toward religion;
20	(6) The compelling interest test as set forth in prior court
21	rulings is a workable test for striking sensible balances between religious
22	liberty and competing government interests in areas ranging from public
23	education (pedagogical interests and religious rights, including recognizing
24	regulations necessary to alleviate interference with the educational process
25	versus rights of religious freedom), national defense (conscription and
26	conscientious objection, including the need to raise an army versus rights to
27	object to individual participation), and other areas of important mutual
28	concern; and
29	(7) The United States Congress passed the Religious Freedom
30	Restoration Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000bb, to establish the compelling interest
31	test set forth in prior federal court rulings, but in City of Boerne v.
32	Flores, 117 S.Ct. 2157 (1997), the United States Supreme Court held the act
33	unconstitutional, stating that the right to regulate was retained by the
34	states.
35	(b) The purpose of this amendment is to:
36	(1) Guarantee that the freedom of religion is not burdened by

1	state and local law; and
2	(2) Provide a claim or defense to persons whose religious
3	freedom is burdened by government.
4	
5	SECTION 3. As used in this amendment:
6	(1) "Demonstrates" means meeting the burden of going forward
7	with the evidence and of persuasion;
8	(2) "Freedom of religion" means the free exercise of religion
9	under Arkansas Constitution, Article 2, § 24;
10	(3) "Government" means:
11	(A) A branch, department, agency, or instrumentality of
12	the State of Arkansas;
13	(B) A political subdivision of the state, including
14	without limitation a county, municipality, township, or other unit of local
15	<pre>government;</pre>
16	(C) An official acting on behalf of government; and
17	(D) A person acting under the color of law of the State of
18	Arkansas; and
19	(4) "Rule" means a statement of Arkansas law, including without
20	<u>limitation a:</u>
21	(A) Statute;
22	(B) Rule;
23	(C) Regulation;
24	(D) Ordinance;
25	(E) Administrative provision;
26	(F) Administrative ruling;
27	(G) Guideline; or
28	(H) Requirement.
29	
30	SECTION 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section,
31	government shall not burden a person's freedom of religion even if the burden
32	results from a rule of general applicability.
33	(b) Government may burden a person's freedom of religion only if the
34	government demonstrates that application of the burden to the person:
35	(1) Is in furtherance of a compelling government interest; and
36	(2) Is the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling

1	government interest.
2	(c) A person whose religious freedom has been burdened in violation of
3	this section may assert that violation as a claim or defense in a judicial,
4	administrative, or other appropriate proceeding and obtain appropriate relief
5	against a government.
6	
7	SECTION 5. (a) This amendment applies to each rule of government and
8	its implementation, regardless of whether the rule:
9	(1) Is statutory; or
10	(2) Was adopted prior to or after the effective date of this
11	amendment.
12	(b) This amendment shall not be construed to:
13	(1) Authorize a government to burden a religious belief; or
14	(2) Affect, interpret, or in any way address:
15	(A) The portions of the United States Constitution, First
16	Amendment, permitting the free exercise of religion or prohibiting laws
17	respecting the establishment of religion; or
18	(B) Article 2, § 24 of this constitution regarding
19	religious liberty.
20	
21	SECTION 6. (a) This amendment shall be liberally construed to
22	effectuate its remedial and deterrent purposes.
23	(b) If any provision of this amendment or its application to any
24	particular person or circumstance is held invalid, that provision or its
25	application is severable and does not affect the validity of other provisions
26	or applications of this amendment.
27	
28	SECTION 7. EFFECTIVE DATE. This amendment shall be effective on and
29	after November 9, 2023.
30	
31	SECTION 8. BALLOT TITLE AND POPULAR NAME. When this proposed
32	amendment is submitted to the electors of this state on the general election
33	<pre>ballot:</pre>
34	(1) The title of this joint resolution shall be the ballot
35	title; and
36	(2) The popular name shall be "A Constitutional Amendment

2	Government May Burden a Person's Freedom Of Religion Only if the Government
3	Demonstrates that Application of the Burden to the Person is in Furtherance
4	of a Compelling Government Interest and is the Least Restrictive Means of
5	Furthering that Compelling Government Interest".
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	

1 Creating the 'Arkansas Religious Freedom Amendment' And Providing That