

1 State of Arkansas  
2 94th General Assembly  
3 Regular Session, 2023

# A Bill

HOUSE BILL 1394

4  
5 By: Representatives Maddox, Lundstrum  
6 By: Senator C. Penzo

## For An Act To Be Entitled

9 AN ACT TO AMEND AND UPDATE THE LAW ON SPENDTHRIFT  
10 TRUSTS; TO ALLOW FOR THE CREATION OF A DOMESTIC ASSET  
11 PROTECTION TRUST; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

## Subtitle

15 TO UPDATE THE LAW ON SPENDTHRIFT TRUSTS;  
16 AND TO ALLOW FOR THE CREATION OF A  
17 DOMESTIC ASSET PROTECTION TRUST.

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19  
20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:

21  
22 SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 28, Chapter 72, is amended to add an  
23 additional subchapter to read as follows:

24 Subchapter 7 – Spendthrift Trusts and Domestic Asset Protection Trusts

25  
26 28-72-701. Definitions.

27 As used in this subchapter:

28 (1) “Adviser” means any person, including without limitation an  
29 accountant, attorney, or investment adviser, who gives advice concerning or  
30 was involved in the creation of, transfer of property to, or administration  
31 of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust, or who  
32 participated in the preparation of accountings, tax returns, or other reports  
33 related to a trust;

34 (2) “Creditor” means a person with a claim;

35 (3) “Document” means a will, trust, or instrument;

36 (4) “Domestic asset protection trust” means a self-settled, first-



1 party spendthrift trust;

2 (5) "Remainder beneficiary" means a person entitled to receive  
 3 principal when an income interest ends;

4 (6) "Settlor" means:

5 (A) The person who creates a spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
 6 protection trust as described in the trust instrument; or

7 (B) Any person who contributes assets to a spendthrift trust or  
 8 domestic asset protection trust as to the assets that he or she contributed  
 9 to the spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust except to the  
 10 extent of consideration for the assets contributed by that person; and

11 (7) "Spendthrift trust" means a trust that, by its terms, imposes a  
 12 valid restraint on the voluntary and involuntary transfer of the interest of  
 13 the beneficiary.

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 15 28-72-702. Applicability – Third-party spendthrift trust and domestic  
 16 asset protection trust – Requirements.

17 (a) Unless the document that creates the spendthrift trust or domestic  
 18 asset protection trust expressly declares otherwise, this subchapter governs  
 19 the construction, operation, and enforcement of all spendthrift trusts or  
 20 domestic asset protection trusts in the State of Arkansas, regardless of  
 21 whether the trust was created in or outside of the State of Arkansas, if:

22 (1) All or part of the lands, rents, issues, or profits affected  
 23 are in the State of Arkansas;

24 (2) All or part of the personal property, interest of money,  
 25 dividends upon stock, and other profits affected are in the State of  
 26 Arkansas;

27 (3) The declared domicile of the creator of a spendthrift trust  
 28 or domestic asset protection trust affecting personal property is in the  
 29 State of Arkansas; or

30 (4) At least one (1) trustee qualified under subsection (b) of  
 31 this section has powers that include maintaining records and preparing income  
 32 tax returns for the trust and all or part of the administration of the trust  
 33 is performed in the State of Arkansas.

34 (b) If a settlor is a beneficiary of a trust of the settlor's own  
 35 creation, at least one (1) trustee of the domestic asset protection trust  
 36 must be:

1           (1) A natural person who resides and has his or her domicile in  
 2 the State of Arkansas;

3           (2) A trust company that:

4                 (A) Is organized under:

5                         (i) Federal law;

6                         (ii) The laws of the State of Arkansas; or

7                         (iii) The laws of another state; and

8                 (B) Maintains an office in the State of Arkansas for the  
 9 transaction of business; or

10          (3) A bank that:

11                 (A) Is organized under:

12                         (i) Federal law;

13                         (ii) The laws of the State of Arkansas; or

14                         (iii) The laws of another state;

15                 (B) Maintains an office in the State of Arkansas for the  
 16 transaction of business; and

17                 (C) Possesses and exercises trust powers.

18  
 19          28-72-703. Creation – Third-party spendthrift trusts and domestic  
 20 asset protection trusts – Ability of settlor to hold other powers.

21          (a) A person competent to execute a will or deed may, only by a  
 22 document that is duly executed, create a spendthrift trust in real, personal,  
 23 or mixed property for the benefit of:

24                 (1) A person other than the settlor; or

25                 (2) For a domestic asset protection trust, the settlor or both  
 26 the settlor and another person, if the document:

27                         (A) Is irrevocable;

28                         (B) Does not require that any part of the income or  
 29 principal of the trust be distributed to the settlor; and

30                         (C) Is not intended to hinder, delay, or defraud known  
 31 creditors.

32          (b) A document meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this  
 33 section even if under the terms of the document the settlor:

34                 (1) May prevent a distribution from the trust;

35                 (2) Holds a special lifetime or testamentary power of  
 36 appointment that cannot be exercised in favor of the settlor, the settlor's

1 estate, a creditor of the settlor, or a creditor of the settlor's estate;

2 (3) Is a beneficiary of a trust that qualifies as a charitable  
3 remainder trust pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 664, as it existed on January 1,  
4 2023, even if the settlor has the right to release the settlor's retained  
5 interest in the trust, in whole or in part, in favor of one (1) or more of  
6 the remainder beneficiaries of the trust;

7 (4) Is authorized or entitled to:

8 (A) Receive a percentage of the value of the trust each  
9 year as specified in the trust instrument of the initial value of the trust  
10 assets or their value determined from time to time pursuant to the trust  
11 instrument, but not exceeding:

12 (i) The amount that may be defined as income  
13 pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 643(b), as it existed on January 1, 2023; or

14 (ii) With respect to the benefits from any qualified  
15 retirement plan or any eligible deferred compensation plan, the minimum  
16 required distribution as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 4974(b), as it existed on  
17 January 1, 2023;

18 (B) Receive income or principal from a grantor-retained  
19 annuity trust paying out a qualified annuity interest within the meaning of  
20 26 C.F.R. § 25.2702-3(b), as it existed on January 1, 2023, or a grantor  
21 retained unitrust paying out a qualified unitrust interest within the meaning  
22 of 26 C.F.R. § 25.2702-3(c); or

23 (C) Use real property held under a qualified personal  
24 residence trust as described in 26 C.F.R. § 25.2702-5(c), as it existed on  
25 January 1, 2023; or

26 (5) Is authorized to:

27 (A) Receive income or principal from the trust, but only  
28 subject to the discretion of another person; or

29 (B) Use real or personal property owned by the trust.

30 (c) Except for the power of the settlor to make distributions to  
31 himself or herself without the consent of another person, the provisions of  
32 this section shall not be construed to prohibit the settlor of a spendthrift  
33 trust or domestic asset protection trust from holding other powers under the  
34 trust, regardless of whether the settlor is a cotrustee, including without  
35 limitation the power to:

36 (1) Remove and replace a trustee;

1           (2) Direct trust investments; and

2           (3) Execute other management powers.

3           (d)(1) No specific language is necessary for the creation of a  
 4 spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust.

5           (2) It is sufficient if, by the terms of the document, the  
 6 creator manifests an intention to create a spendthrift trust or domestic  
 7 asset protection trust.

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 9           28-72-704. Powers of settlor.

10          (a) The settlor of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection  
 11 trust has only the powers and rights that are conferred to the settlor by the  
 12 trust instrument.

13          (b) An agreement or understanding, express or implied, between the  
 14 settlor and the trustee that attempts to grant or permit the retention of  
 15 greater rights or authority than is stated in the trust instrument is void.

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 17          28-72-705. Beneficiaries – Named in writing – Provision for support –  
 18 Income.

19          (a) The beneficiary of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
 20 protection trust shall be named or clearly referred to in the document.

21          (b) No spouse, former spouse, child, or dependent shall be a  
 22 beneficiary unless the person is named or clearly referred to as a  
 23 beneficiary in the document.

24          (c) The provision for the beneficiary shall:

25                 (1) Be for the support, education, maintenance, and benefit of  
 26 the beneficiary alone;

27                 (2) Be without reference to or limited by:

28                         (A) The beneficiary’s needs, station in life, or mode of  
 29 life; or

30                         (B) The needs of any other person, regardless of whether  
 31 the person is dependent upon the beneficiary; and

32                 (3) Extend to all of the income from the trust estate devoted  
 33 for that purpose by the creator of the trust without exception or deduction  
 34 other than for:

35                         (A) Costs or fees regularly earned, paid, or incurred by  
 36 the trustee for the administration or protection of the trust estate; or

1                   (B) Taxes paid or incurred by:

2                             (i) The trust estate; or

3                             (ii) The interest of the beneficiary of the trust.

4             (d) The existence of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection  
 5 trust shall not depend on the beneficiary's:

6                             (1) Character;

7                             (2) Capacity or incapacity; or

8                             (3) Competency or incompetency.

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 10             28-72-706. Discretion of trustee.

11             (a) The trustee's discretionary power is absolute, regardless of  
 12 whether a valid provision for the accumulation of trust income is made or if  
 13 the provision relates to the trust income from real or personal property, in  
 14 all cases where the creator of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
 15 protection trust:

16                             (1) Indicates the sum to be applied for or paid to the  
 17 beneficiary or makes the application or payment of sums for or to the  
 18 beneficiary at the discretion of the trustee;

19                             (2) Makes the amount of trust income to be applied for or paid  
 20 to the beneficiary at the discretion of the trustee; or

21                             (3) Gives the trustee the discretion to pay all or any part of  
 22 the trust income to one (1) or more of the beneficiaries.

23             (b) A trustee's discretion under subsection (a) of this section shall  
 24 not be interfered with for any consideration of the needs, station in life,  
 25 or mode of life of the beneficiary, or for any uncertainty or pretext.

26             (c) The trustee of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection  
 27 trust is required to disregard and defeat an assignment or other act,  
 28 voluntary or involuntary, that is attempted contrary to the provisions of  
 29 this subchapter.

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 31             28-72-707. Restraints on alienation – Exclusive jurisdiction of court.

32             (a)(1) A spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust  
 33 restrains and prohibits the assignment, alienation, acceleration, and  
 34 anticipation of any interest of the beneficiary under the trust by the  
 35 voluntary or involuntary act of the beneficiary, by operation of law, or any  
 36 legal process.

1           (2) The trust estate, corpus, or capital of a spendthrift trust  
 2 or domestic asset protection trust shall not be assigned, aliened,  
 3 diminished, or impaired by any alienation, transfer, or seizure that has the  
 4 effect of cutting off or diminishing the payments, rents, profits, earnings,  
 5 or income of the trust estate that would otherwise be currently available for  
 6 the benefit of the beneficiary.

7           (b) A mandatory or discretionary payment by the trustee to the  
 8 beneficiary shall be made only to or for the benefit of the beneficiary and  
 9 not:

10                   (1) By acceleration or anticipation; or

11                   (2) To an assignee of the beneficiary or upon an order, written  
 12 or oral, given by the beneficiary, regardless of whether the order is a  
 13 voluntary contractual act of the beneficiary or is through any legal process,  
 14 including without limitation:

15                           (A) A judgment;

16                           (B) An execution;

17                           (C) An attachment;

18                           (D) A garnishment;

19                           (E) A bankruptcy; or

20                           (F) A contract, tort, or duty.

21           (c)(1) The beneficiary shall not have the power or capacity to make  
 22 any disposition of the trust income:

23                           (A) By his or her order, voluntary or involuntary; or

24                           (B) Upon the order or direction of any court or courts,  
 25 whether bankruptcy or otherwise.

26                   (2) The interest of the beneficiary shall not be:

27                           (A) Subject to any process of attachment issued against  
 28 the beneficiary; or

29                           (B) Taken in execution under any form of legal process  
 30 directed against the beneficiary or against the trustee, trust estate, or any  
 31 part of the income of the trust estate.

32  
 33           28-72-708. Legal estate of beneficiary in corpus.

34           (a) A beneficiary of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection  
 35 trust has no legal estate in the capital, principal, or corpus of the trust  
 36 estate unless under the terms of the trust the beneficiary or a person

1 deriving title from the beneficiary is entitled to have it conveyed or  
2 transferred to him or her immediately or after a term of years or after a  
3 life in being.

4 (b) The income from the corpus is not to be paid to a specific  
5 beneficiary or any other beneficiary until any applicable term of years or  
6 life passes as described in subsection (a) of this section.

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8 28-72-709. Perpetuities.

9 (a) A spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust may not  
10 continue for a period longer than permitted under § 18-3-101 et seq.

11 (b)(1) The free alienation of the legal estate by the trustee may not  
12 be suspended for a period exceeding the limit prescribed in any  
13 constitutional or statutory prohibition against perpetuities existing in the  
14 State of Arkansas or in the state where the lands affected by the trust are  
15 situated.

16 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (b)(1) of this section, a  
17 contingent remainder in fee may be created on a prior remainder in fee to  
18 take effect if the person to whom the first remainder is limited dies under  
19 twenty-one (21) years of age, or upon any other contingency by which the  
20 estate of that person may be determined before he or she attains twenty-one  
21 (21) years of age.

22  
23 28-72-710. Accumulation of income.

24 (a) The accumulation of income of trust property may be directed in  
25 the document creating a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust  
26 for the benefit of one or more beneficiaries to commence within the time  
27 permitted for the vesting of a future interest, but shall not extend beyond  
28 the period limiting the time within which the absolute power of alienation of  
29 property may be suspended.

30 (b)(1) If the direction of the accumulation of income of trust  
31 property is for a longer term than is permitted by law, it is void only as to  
32 the excess time, regardless of whether the direction is separable from the  
33 other clauses in the trust.

34 (2) In the case of invalidity of the direction of the  
35 accumulation of income of trust property, the income may be paid and  
36 distributed to the next succeeding beneficiary in interest.



28-72-711. Alternate provisions – Discretion of settlor.

A settlor of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust may by a document creating a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust make separate, different, or alternate provisions other than what is set forth in §§ 28-72-701 - 28-72-710, so long as the settlor uses express, specific language establishing that intent.

28-72-712. Transfer of property to trust – Actions against advisers, settlors, and trustees – Limitations.

(a) A person may not bring an action with respect to a transfer of property to a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust if the person:

(1) Is a creditor when the transfer is made, unless the action is commenced within:

(A) Two (2) years after the transfer is made; or

(B) Six (6) months after the person discovers or reasonably should have discovered the transfer, whichever is later; or

(2) Becomes a creditor after the transfer is made, unless the action is commenced within two (2) years after the transfer is made.

(b) A person is deemed to have discovered a transfer under subsection (a) of this section at the time a public record is made of the transfer, including without limitation at the time of:

(1) The conveyance of real property that is recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located; or

(2) The filing of a financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code, § 4-1-101 et seq.

(c)(1) A creditor shall not be awarded a judgment in an action with respect to a transfer of property to a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust unless the creditor proves by clear and convincing evidence that the transfer of property:

(A) Was a fraudulent transfer under the Uniform Voidable Transactions Act, § 4-59-201 et seq.; or

(B) Violates a legal obligation owed to the creditor under a contract or a valid court order that is legally enforceable by that

1 creditor.

2 (2) In the absence of clear and convincing evidence, the  
3 property transferred is not subject to the claims of the creditor.

4 (3) Clear and convincing evidence:

5 (A) That is established by a creditor showing that a  
6 transfer of property was fraudulent or wrongful does not constitute clear and  
7 convincing evidence as to any other creditor; and

8 (B) Of a fraudulent or wrongful transfer of property as to  
9 a creditor shall not invalidate any other transfer of property.

10 (d)(1) If property transferred to a spendthrift trust or domestic  
11 asset protection trust is conveyed to the settlor or to a beneficiary for the  
12 purpose of obtaining a loan secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on the  
13 property and is later reconveyed to the trust, for the purpose of bringing an  
14 action under subsection (a) of this section, the transfer is disregarded and  
15 the reconveyance relates back to the date the property was originally  
16 transferred to the trust.

17 (2) The mortgage or deed of trust on the property shall be  
18 enforceable against the trust.

19 (e) A person shall not be awarded a judgment in an action against an  
20 adviser to the settlor or trustee of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
21 protection trust unless the person proves by clear and convincing evidence  
22 that the adviser:

23 (1) Acted knowingly and in bad faith in violation of the laws of  
24 the State of Arkansas; and

25 (2) Directly caused the damages suffered by the person.

26 (f)(1) A person other than a beneficiary or settlor shall not be  
27 awarded a judgment in an action against a trustee of a spendthrift trust or  
28 domestic asset protection trust unless the person proves by clear and  
29 convincing evidence that the trustee:

30 (A) Acted knowingly and in bad faith in violation of the  
31 laws of the State of Arkansas; and

32 (B) Directly caused the damages suffered by the person.

33 (2) As used in subsection (f) of this section, "trustee"  
34 includes a cotrustee and a predecessor trustee.

35 (g) If more than one transfer is made to a spendthrift trust or  
36 domestic asset protection trust:

1           (1) The subsequent transfer to the spendthrift trust or domestic  
2 asset protection trust shall be disregarded for the purpose of determining  
3 whether a person may bring an action under to subsection (a) of this section  
4 with respect to a prior transfer to the spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
5 protection trust; and

6           (2) Any distribution to a beneficiary from the spendthrift trust  
7 or domestic asset protection trust shall be deemed to have been made from the  
8 most recent transfer made to the spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
9 protection trust.

10          (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no action of any kind,  
11 including without limitation an action to enforce a judgment entered by a  
12 court or other body having adjudicative authority, shall be brought at law or  
13 in equity against the trustee of a spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
14 protection trust if, as of the date the action is brought, an action by a  
15 creditor with respect to a transfer to the spendthrift trust or domestic  
16 asset protection trust would be barred pursuant to this section.

17          (i) For purposes of this section, if a trustee exercises his or her  
18 discretion or authority to distribute trust income or principal to or for a  
19 beneficiary of the spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust, by  
20 appointing the property of the original spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
21 protection trust in favor of a second spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
22 protection trust for the benefit of one (1) or more of the beneficiaries  
23 under the Trustee Division of Trusts Act, § 28-69-701 et seq., the time of  
24 the transfer for purposes of this section shall be deemed to have occurred on  
25 the date the settlor of the original spendthrift trust or domestic asset  
26 protection trust transferred assets into the original spendthrift trust or  
27 domestic asset protection trust, regardless of whether the property of the  
28 original spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust may have been  
29 transferred to a second spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust.

30  
31          28-72-713. Trust administered under laws of another state or  
32 jurisdiction.

33          (a) A trust administered under the laws of another state or another  
34 jurisdiction is a spendthrift trust or domestic asset protection trust under  
35 this subchapter if the:

36           (1) Trustee of the trust complies with the requirements set

1 forth in the trust instrument and the requirements of the laws of the state  
 2 or jurisdiction from which the trust is being transferred;

3 (2) Trustee or other person having the power to transfer the  
 4 domicile of the trust declares the intent to transfer the domicile of the  
 5 trust in writing;

6 (3) Document declaring the intent to transfer the domicile of  
 7 the trust is delivered to the trustee, if it is executed by a person other  
 8 than the trustee; and

9 (4) Requirements of this subchapter are satisfied simultaneously  
 10 with or immediately after the change of the domicile.

11 (b) For purposes of § 28-72-712, if the domicile of an existing trust  
 12 is transferred from another state or jurisdiction to this state and the laws  
 13 of the other state or jurisdiction are similar to the provisions of this  
 14 subchapter, the transfer of the trust is deemed to have occurred:

15 (1) On the date on which the settlor of the trust transferred  
 16 assets into the trust, if the applicable law of the trust has at all times  
 17 been substantially similar to the provisions of this subchapter; or

18 (2) On the earliest date on which the applicable laws of the  
 19 trust were substantially similar to the provisions of this subchapter.

20  
 21 28-72-714. Applicability to trust or estate.

22 This subchapter applies to a trust or estate existing or created on or  
 23 after the effective date of this act, except as otherwise expressly provided  
 24 in the terms of the trust or this subchapter.

25  
 26 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 28-73-505(a), concerning a creditor's claim  
 27 against a settlor of a spendthrift or discretionary trust, is amended to read  
 28 as follows:

29 (a) Whether or not the terms of a trust contain a spendthrift  
 30 provision, the following rules apply:

31 (1) During the lifetime of the settlor, the property of a  
 32 revocable trust is subject to claims of the settlor's creditors. If a trust  
 33 has more than one (1) settlor, the amount the creditor or assignee of a  
 34 particular settlor may reach may not exceed the settlor's interest in the  
 35 portion of the trust attributable to that settlor's contribution.

36 (2) ~~With~~ Except for a trust created under § 28-72-701 et seq.,

1 with respect to an irrevocable trust, a creditor or assignee of the settlor  
2 may reach the maximum amount that can be distributed to or for the settlor's  
3 benefit. If a trust has more than one (1) settlor, the amount the creditor  
4 or assignee of a particular settlor may reach may not exceed the settlor's  
5 interest in the portion of the trust attributable to that settlor's  
6 contribution.

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