Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: H1/28/03	
2	84th General Assembly A B111	
3	Regular Session, 2003 HOUSE BILL	. 1114
4		
5	By: Representatives Napper, Lendall	
6	By: Senator B. Johnson	
7		
8		
9	For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	THE ELECTRIC UTILITY REGULATORY REFORM ACT OF	
11	2003.	
12		
13	Subtitle	
14	AN ACT TO REPEAL CHAPTER 19 OF TITLE 23	
15	AND TO REFORM ELECTRIC UTILITY	
16	REGULATION.	
17		
18	WHEREAS, the environment in the electric utility industry has chan	-
19	and it is in the public interest to continue regulating electric rates f	or
20	the foreseeable future; and	
21	WHEREAS, the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined tha	
22	Arkansas' electric ratepayers would be unlikely to benefit from, and cou	
23	harmed by, retail electric competition for the foreseeable future, and h	
24	recommended to the General Assembly that implementation of retail electr	
25	competition in Arkansas either be delayed for a significant period of ye	ears
26	or be repealed; and	
27	WHEREAS, the electric utilities have incurred certain costs in	. 1
28	complying with Act 1556 of 1999 that they will not be able to recover un	lder
29	the Act; and	
30	WHEREAS, it is in the public interest to adopt the Electric Utility	У
31	Regulatory Reform Act of 2003.	
32	DE IT ENACTED DU THE CENEDAL ACCEMPLU OF THE CTATE OF ADVANCAC.	
33 24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
34 35	SECTION 1 Arkanese Code 6 22 2 20//c) listing power of the Dubi	lic
35 36	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 23-2-304(a), listing power of the Publ Service Commission, is amended to add additional subdivisions to read as	
50	bervice commission, is amended to add additional subdivisions to read as	,



1	follows:
2	(9) Assure that retail customers should have access to safe, reliable,
3	and affordable electricity, including protection against service
4	disconnections in extreme weather or in cases of medical emergency or
5	nonpayment for unrelated services; and
6	(10) Assure that electric utility bills, usage, and payment records
7	should be treated as confidential, unless the retail customer consents to
8	their release or the information is provided only in the aggregate.
9	Notwithstanding this provision, release of such information may be made
10	pursuant to subpoena, court order, or other applicable statute, rule or
11	regulation.
12	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 23-3-102 is amended to read as follows:
13	23-3-102. Consolidations, stock purchases in another utility, or
14	rentals of additional property.
15	(a) With the consent and approval of the commission, but not
16	otherwise:
17	(1) Any two (2) or more public utilities may consolidate with
18	each other;
19	(2) Any public utility may acquire the stock, or any part
20	thereof, of any other public utility; and
21	(3) Any public utility may sell, acquire, lease, or rent any
22	public utility plant or property constituting an operating unit or system.
23	(b)(1) Application for the approval and consent of the commission
24	shall be made by the interested public utility and shall contain a concise
25	statement of the proposed action, the reasons therefor, and such other
26	information as may be required by the commission.
27	(2) Upon the filing of an application, the commission shall
28	investigate it, with or without public hearing, and in case of a public
29	hearing, upon such notice as the commission may require. If it finds that
30	the proposed action is consistent with the public interest, it shall give its
31	consent and approval in writing.
32	(3) In reaching its determination, the commission shall take
33	into consideration the reasonable value of the property, plant, equipment, or
34	securities of the utility to be acquired or merged.
35	(c) No public utility shall sell, lease, rent, or otherwise transfer,
36	in any manner, control of electric transmission facilities in this state

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1 without the approval of the commission, provided that the approval is 2 required only to the extent the transaction is not subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or any other federal 3 4 agency. 5 (c) (d) Any transaction required by this section to be submitted to the 6 commission for its consent and approval shall be void unless the commission 7 shall give its consent and approval thereto in writing. 8 (e) All transactions among or between a regulated electric public 9 utility and any of its divisions, components or affiliates that are not regulated by the commission shall be subject to such rules as may be 10 11 promulgated by the commission so that: (1) All such transactions that involve regulated services shall 12 13 be subject to the rates, terms and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission; and 14 15 (2) An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any 16 regulated asset, operation or service to subsidize the provision of any 17 unregulated electric service or any other unregulated activity. SECTION 3. Effective October 1, 2003, Arkansas Code § 23-3-201(a), as 18 19 it appears on page 95 of the 2002 replacement volume 22 of the Arkansas Code 20 is amended to read as follows: 21 (a) No new construction or operation of any equipment or facilities 22 for supplying a public service, or extension thereof, shall be undertaken 23 without first obtaining from the commission a certificate that public 24 convenience and necessity require, or will require, the construction or operation. Provided, however, no such certificate shall be required for 25 26 electric generation facilities. 27 28 SECTION 4. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 4, Subchapter 2, is amended 29 by adding an additional section to read as follows: 30 23-4-209. (a)(1) For purposes of this section, "transition costs" mean those 31 costs, investments, or unfunded mandates, either recurring or non-recurring, 32 33 incurred by an electric utility after July 30, 1999, that are found to have been necessary to carry out the electric utility's responsibilities 34 35 associated with efforts to implement retail open access, or were mandated by statute or regulation and are not otherwise recoverable. 36

1	(2) In no event shall transition costs include retirement or
2	severance programs, marketing or promotional activities, professional or
3	advisory services, or legal costs associated with any competitive strategy.
4	(3) In no event shall costs that are allowable in the utility's
5	regulated cost of service and rates be included as transition costs, and the
6	electric utility shall be required to demonstrate that its requested
7	transition cost recovery does not contain amounts which are otherwise
8	reflected in current rate levels.
9	(4) Additionally, no electric utility shall recover transition
10	costs unless approved by the commission pursuant to this chapter.
11	(b)(1) An electric utility shall be allowed to recover transition
12	costs, incurred no later than January 1, 2002, as may be determined by the
13	Arkansas Public Service Commission after notice and hearing.
14	(2) The recovery shall be by a customer transition charge during
15	a period of time ending thirty-six (36) months after the effective date of
16	this section.
17	(3) The customer transition charges shall be subject to annual
18	review by the commission and costs included in the charges shall be prudent,
19	reasonable, and directly caused by Act 1556 of 1999 and rules and orders
20	adopted by the commission to implement Act 1556.
21	(c) An electric utility shall have a right to recover through a
22	nonbypassable charge any nuclear decommissioning costs, as determined by the
23	commission, associated with the utility's generating assets, and the
24	commission shall retain jurisdiction sufficient to authorize the recovery of
25	those costs.
26	
27	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 23-18-101 is amended to read as follows:
28	23-18-101. Areas of service.
29	(a) Notwithstanding any provisions of law or the terms of any
30	certificate of convenience and necessity, franchise, permit, license, or
31	other authority granted to a public utility or electric cooperative
32	corporation by the state or a municipality, no public utility or electric
33	cooperative corporation shall furnish, or offer to furnish, electric service
34	at retail and not for resale in any area allocated by the Arkansas Public
35	Service Commission to another electric cooperative corporation or public
36	utility.

1	(b) No later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of this
2	subsection, the commission shall commence a rulemaking proceeding to identify
3	and to repeal or amend all rules and regulations adopted by the commission to
4	facilitate, or in anticipation of, retail electric competition which are
5	inconsistent with, have been rendered unnecessary by, or have been superseded
6	by this act of 2003.
7	
8	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 18, Subchapter 1 is amended
9	by adding two additional sections to read as follows:
10	23-18-106.
11	(a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall have the authority to
12	adopt rules and regulations under which electric utilities shall seek
13	commission review of the processes and actions by which the utilities:
14	(1) Engage in comprehensive resource planning;
15	(2) Acquire electric energy, capacity, and generation assets; or
16	(3) Utilize alternative methods to meet their obligations to
17	serve Arkansas retail electric customers.
18	(b) With regard to electric cooperatives formed under the Electric
19	Cooperative Corporation Act, to the extent that an electric distribution
20	cooperative purchases electricity from an electric generation and
21	transmission cooperative pursuant to a wholesale power contract, the
22	authority granted to the Arkansas Public Service Commission by subdivisions
23	(a)(1) and (2) of this section shall not extend to such electric distribution
24	cooperative to the extent of such purchases, but shall only extend to such
25	electric generation and transmission cooperative.
26	(c) Subsection (a) does not apply to any transaction involving the
27	acquisition of generation assets, which is closed and finalized prior to the
28	adoption of the rules and regulations authorized in subsection (a), or within
29	one (1) year after the effective date of this act of 2003, whichever comes
30	later, and which is the subject of an order or ruling of any federal or state
31	regulatory agency issued on or before January 1, 2003.
32	(d) Reasonable and prudent costs incurred in compliance with rules and
33	regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) and in compliance with the
34	provisions of §§ 23-3-201 through 23-3-206 and 23-18-501 through 23-18-529
35	shall be eligible for recovery in the rates of any electric utility making
36	such an acquisition, subject to final approval by the commission. When the

1	utility establishes that the costs were incurred in compliance with rules and
2	regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a), a rebut table presumption is
3	established that the costs were reasonable and prudent and incurred in the
4	public interest. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to supercede the
5	provisions of § 23-4-103.
6	
7	23-18-107.
8	The commission may adopt any rate-making policies and methodologies it
9	deems appropriate and beneficial to consumers to govern the acquisition or
10	construction by electric utilities of incremental resource requirements at
11	reasonable costs. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to supercede
12	the provisions of § 23-4-103.
13	
14	SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 23-18-511 [Effective until October 1, 2003]
15	as it appears on pages 290 and 291 of the September 2002 Advance Code
16	Services Supplement to the Arkansas Code is reenacted and shall read as
17	follows:
18	23-18-511. Application for certificate - Contents generally. <del>[Effective</del>
19	until October 1, 2003.]
20	An applicant for a certificate shall file with the Arkansas Public
21	Service Commission a verified application in such form as the commission may
22	prescribe and containing the following information:
23	(1) A general description of the location and type of the major
24	utility facility proposed to be built;
25	(2) A general description of any reasonable alternate location
26	or locations considered for the proposed facility;
27	(3) A statement of the need and reasons for construction of the
28	facility;
29	(4) A statement of the estimated costs of the facility and the
30	proposed method of financing the construction of the facility;
31	(5)(A) A general description of any reasonable alternate methods
32	of financing the construction of the facility and a description of the
33	comparative merits and detriments of each alternate financing method
34	considered.
35	(B) If at the time of filing of the application the
36	federal income tax laws and the state laws would permit the issuance of tax-

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exempt bonds to finance the construction of the proposed facility for the applicant by a state financing agency, the application shall also include a discussion of the merits and detriments of financing the facility with such bonds;

5 (6) An analysis of the projected economic or financial impact on 6 the applicant and the local community where the facility is to be located as 7 a result of the construction and the operation of the proposed facility;

8 (7) An analysis of the estimated effects on energy costs to the 9 consumer as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed 10 facility;

11 (8)(A) An exhibit containing an environmental impact statement, 12 which shall fully develop the four (4) factors listed in subdivision (8)(B) of this section, treating in reasonable detail such considerations, if 13 14 applicable, as the proposed facility's direct and indirect effect on the 15 ecology of the land, air and water environment, established park and 16 recreational areas, and on any sites of natural, historic, and scenic values 17 and resources of the area in which the facility is to be located, and any other relevant environmental effects. 18

19 (B) The environmental impact statement shall set out:
20 (i) The environmental impact of the proposed action;
21 (ii) Any adverse environmental effects which cannot
22 be avoided;

23 (iii) A description of the comparative merits and 24 detriments of each alternate location or for generating plants, the energy 25 production process considered, and a statement of the reasons why the 26 proposed location and production process were selected for the facility; and 27 (iv) Any irreversible and irretrievable commitments 28 of resources which would be involved in the proposed action should it be 29 implemented; and 30 (9) Such other information of an environmental or economic

31 nature as the applicant may consider relevant or as the commission may by 32 regulation or order require.

33

34 SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 23-18-511 [Effective October 1, 2003] as it 35 appears on pages 603 and 604 of the 2002 Replacement Volume 22 of the 36 Arkansas Code is repealed.

1	23-18-511. Application for certificate - Contents generally. [Effective
2	<del>October 1, 2003.]</del>
3	An applicant for a certificate shall file with the commission a verified
4	application in such form as the commission may prescribe and containing the
5	following information:
6	(1) A general description of the location and type of the major
7	utility facility proposed to be built;
8	(2) A general description of any reasonable alternate location
9	or locations considered for the proposed facility;
10	(3) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
11	§ 23-18-503(5)(Λ), a statement of the need and reasons for construction of
12	the facility;
13	(4) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
14	$\frac{23-18-503(5)(\Lambda)}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$
15	proposed method of financing the construction of the facility;
16	(5)(A) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined
17	by § 23-18-503(5)(A), a general description of any reasonable alternate
18	methods of financing the construction of the facility and a description of
19	the comparative merits and detriments of each alternate financing method
20	considered.
21	(B) If at the time of filing the application the federal
22	income tax laws and the state laws would permit the issuance of tax-exempt
23	bonds to finance the construction of the proposed facility for the applicant
24	by a state financing agency, the application shall also include a discussion
25	of the merits and detriments of financing the facility with tax-exempt bonds;
26	(6) An analysis of the projected economic or financial impact on
27	the applicant and the local community where the facility is to be located as
28	a nearly of the compensation and the competion of the managed facility.
29	a result of the construction and the operation of the proposed facility;
	(7) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
30	
30 31	(7) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
	(7) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by § 23-18-503(5)(Λ), an analysis of the estimated effects on energy costs to
31	(7) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by § 23-18-503(5)(A), an analysis of the estimated effects on energy costs to the consumer as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed
31 32	(7) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by $\frac{23-18-503(5)(\Lambda)}{\Lambda}$ , an analysis of the estimated effects on energy costs to the consumer as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed facility;
31 32 33	(7) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by § 23-18-503(5)(Λ), an analysis of the estimated effects on energy costs to the consumer as a result of the construction and operation of the proposed facility; (8)(Λ) An exhibit containing an environmental impact statement,

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1	ecology of the land, air, and water environment, established park and
2	recreational areas, and on any sites of natural, historic, and scenic values
3	and resources of the area in which the facility is to be located, and any
4	other relevant environmental effects.
5	(B) The environmental impact statement shall set out:
6	(i) The environmental impact of the proposed action;
7	(ii) Any adverse environmental effects which cannot
8	be avoided;
9	(iii) A description of the comparative merits and
10	detriments of each alternate location, or for generating plants, the energy
11	production process considered, and a statement of the reasons why the
12	proposed location and production process were selected for the facility; and
13	(iv) Any irreversible and irretrievable commitments
14	of resources which would be involved in the proposed action should it be
15	implemented; and
16	(9) In the case of a major utility facility as defined by § 23-
17	18-503(5)(B), the effect of the proposed facility on competition for the sale
18	of electric generation in the state or region; and
19	(10) Any other information of an environmental or economic
20	nature that the applicant may consider relevant or that the commission may by
21	regulation or order require.
22	
23	SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 23-18-519 [Effective until October 1, 2003]
24	as it appears on pages 610 and 611 of the 2002 Replacement Volume 22 of the
25	Arkansas Code is reenacted and shall read as follows:
26	23-18-519. Decision of commission - Modifications of application.
27	{Effective until October 1, 2003.}
28	(a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall render a decision
29	upon the record either granting or denying the application as filed, or
30	granting it upon such terms, conditions, or modifications of the location,
31	financing, construction, operation, or maintenance of the major utility
32	facility as the commission may deem appropriate.
33	(b) The commission may not grant a certificate for the location,
34	financing, construction, operation, and maintenance of a major utility
35	facility, either as proposed or as modified by the commission, unless it
36	shall find and determine:

(1) The basis of the need for the facility;

(2) That the facility will serve the public interest,
 convenience, and necessity;

4 (3) The nature of the probable environmental impact of the 5 facility;

6 (4) That the facility represents an acceptable adverse 7 environmental impact, considering the state of available technology, the 8 requirements of the customers of the applicant for utility service, the 9 nature and economics of the proposal, and the various alternatives, if any, 10 and other pertinent considerations;

11

(5) The nature of the probable economic impact of the facility;

12 (6) That the facility financing method either as proposed or as
13 modified by the commission represents an acceptable economic impact,
14 considering economic conditions and the need for and cost of additional
15 public utility services;

16 (7) In the case of an electric transmission line, that such
17 facility is not inconsistent with known plans of other electric systems
18 serving the state, which plans have been filed with the commission;

19 (8) In the case of a gas transmission line, that the location of 20 the line will not pose an undue hazard to persons or property along the area 21 to be traversed by the line;

(9) That the energy efficiency of the power production facilityhas been given significant weight in the decision-making process; and

24 (10) That the location of the facility as proposed conforms as 25 closely as practicable to applicable state, regional, and local laws and 26 regulations issued thereunder, except that the commission may refuse to apply 27 all or any part of any regional or local law or regulation if it finds that, 28 as applied to the proposed facility, that law or regulation is unreasonably 29 restrictive in view of the existing technology, or of factors of cost or 30 economics, or of the needs of consumers whether located inside or outside of the directly affected government subdivisions. 31

32 (c)(1) If the commission determines that the location or design of all 33 or a part of the proposed facility should be modified, it may condition its 34 certificate upon the modification, provided that the municipalities, 35 counties, and persons residing therein affected by the modification shall 36 have been given reasonable notice thereof, if the persons, municipalities, or

1 counties have not previously been served with notice of the application.

2 (2) If the commission requires in the case of a transmission line that a portion thereof shall be located underground in one (1) or more 3 4 areas, the commission, after giving appropriate notice and an opportunity to 5 be heard to affected ratepayers, shall have the power and authority to 6 authorize the adjustment of rates and charges to customers within the areas 7 where the underground portion of the transmission line is located in order to 8 compensate for the additional costs, if any, of such underground 9 construction.

10 (d)(1) If the commission determines that financing of all or part of 11 the proposed facility should be modified, it may condition its certificate 12 upon the modification.

13 (2) If at the time of filing the application or within sixty (60) days thereafter, the federal income tax laws and the state laws would 14 15 permit the issuance of tax-exempt bonds to finance the construction of the 16 proposed facility for the applicant and if the commission determines that 17 financing the facility with such tax-exempt bonds would be in the best interests of the people of the state, the commission, after giving 18 19 appropriate notice and an opportunity to be heard to the parties, shall have 20 the power and authority to require by order or regulation that the facility 21 be financed in such manner as may be provided elsewhere by law.

(e) A copy of the decision and any order issued therewith shall be
served upon each party within sixty (60) days after the conclusion of each
hearing held under this subchapter.

25

26 SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 23-18-519 [Effective October 1, 2003] as 27 it appears on pages 612 and 613 of the 2002 Replacement Volume 22 of the 28 Arkansas Code is repealed.

29 23-18-519. Decision of commission - Modifications of application.
30 [Effective October 1, 2003.]

31 (a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall render a decision 32 upon the record either granting or denying the application as filed, or 33 granting it upon such terms, conditions, or modifications of the location, 34 financing, construction, operation, or maintenance of the major utility 35 facility as the commission may deem appropriate. 36 (b) The commission may not grant a certificate for the location,

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1	financing, construction, operation, and maintenance of a major utility
2	facility, either as proposed or as modified by the commission, unless it
3	shall find and determine:
4	(1) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
5	§ 23-18-503(5)(A), the basis of the need for the facility;
6	(2) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
7	§ 23-18-503(5)(A), that the facility will serve the public interest,
8	convenience, and necessity;
9	(3) The nature of the probable environmental impact of the
10	facility;
11	(4) That the facility represents an acceptable adverse
12	environmental impact, considering the state of available technology, the
13	requirements of the customers of the applicant for utility service, the
14	nature and economics of the proposal, and the various alternatives, if any,
15	and other pertinent considerations;
16	(5) The nature of the probable economic impact of the facility;
17	(6) Except in the case of a major utility facility as defined by
18	§ 23-18-503(5)(A), that the facility financing method, either as proposed or
19	as modified by the commission, represents an acceptable economic impact,
20	considering economic conditions and the need for and cost of additional
21	public utility services;
22	(7) In the case of an electric transmission line, that such a
23	facility is not inconsistent with known plans of other electric systems
24	serving the state, which plans have been filed with the commission;
25	(8) In the case of a gas transmission line, that the location of
26	the line will not pose an undue hazard to persons or property along the area
27	to be traversed by the line;
28	(9) In the case of a major utility facility as defined by § 23-
29	18-503(5)(B), the effect of the proposed facility on competition for the sale
30	of electric generation in the state or regions; and
31	(10) That the location of the facility as proposed conforms as
32	closely as practicable to applicable state, regional, and local laws and
33	regulations issued thereunder, except that the commission may refuse to apply
34	all or any part of any regional or local law or regulation if it finds that,
35	as applied to the proposed facility, that law or regulation is unreasonably
36	restrictive in view of the existing technology, or of factors of cost or

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1	economics, or of the needs of consumers whether located inside or outside of
2	the directly affected government subdivisions.
3	(c)(l) If the commission determines that the location or design of all
4	or a part of the proposed facility should be modified, it may condition its
5	certificate upon the modification, provided that the municipalities,
6	counties, and persons residing therein affected by the modification shall
7	have been given reasonable notice thereof, if the persons, municipalities, or
8	counties have not previously been served with notice of the application.
9	(2) If the commission requires in the case of a transmission
10	line that a portion thereof shall be located underground in one (1) or more
11	areas, the commission, after giving appropriate notice and an opportunity to
12	be heard to affected ratepayers, shall have the power and authority to
13	authorize the adjustment of rates and charges to customers within the areas
14	where the underground portion of the transmission line is located in order to
15	compensate for the additional costs, if any, of such underground
16	construction.
17	(d)(1) If the commission determines that financing of all or part of
18	the proposed facility should be modified, it may condition its certificate
19	upon the modification.
20	(2) If at the time of filing the application or within sixty
21	(60) days thereafter, the federal income tax laws and the state laws would
22	permit the issuance of tax-exempt bonds to finance the construction of the
23	proposed facility for the applicant and if the commission determines that
24	financing the facility with such tax-exempt bonds would be in the best
25	interests of the people of the state, the commission, after giving
26	appropriate notice and an opportunity to be heard to the parties, shall have
27	the power and authority to require by order or regulation that the facility
28	be financed in such manner as may be provided elsewhere by law.
29	(e) A copy of the decision and any order issued therewith shall be served
30	upon each party within sixty (60) days after the conclusion of each hearing
31	held under this subchapter.
32	
33	SECTION 11. Nothing in this act shall alter or diminish the Arkansas
34	Public Service Commission's authority under otherwise applicable law.
35	
36	SECTION 12. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 19 is repealed.

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1	23-19-101. Title and legislative policy and purpose.
2	(a) This chapter shall be known as the "Electric Consumer Choice Act
3	<del>of 1999".</del>
4	(b) This chapter is intended to protect the public interest as it is
5	affected by the rates and services of electric utilities and other providers
6	of electric power. The General Assembly finds that electric service has
7	traditionally been considered a natural monopoly, that the normal forces of
8	competition which operate to regulate prices in a free enterprise system have
9	not been generally applicable to electric service, and that electric rates,
10	operations, and services have been actively regulated by public agencies with
11	the objective that this regulation shall operate as a substitute for
12	competition. The state by law and regulation has required electric utilities
13	to serve all retail customers requesting service in their allocated service
14	territories, to provide safe and reliable service at just and reasonable
15	rates, and to make the investments necessary to provide the facilities
16	required to offer such service. In exchange and to induce electric utilities
17	to meet these requirements, the state has protected such utilities from
18	certain forms of direct competition through the granting of exclusive service
19	areas and has been required by law to allow utilities an opportunity to earn
20	a fair return on their invested capital.
21	(c) However, the General Assembly further finds that recent economic
22	and technological developments in the electric utility industry will make
23	possible the introduction of retail competition in the generation and sale of
24	electric power, which should benefit electric consumers in Arkansas. The
25	General Assembly also finds that introduction of competition into the retail
26	electric market may cause major capital and other investments made by those
27	utilities in the past to be substantially changed in value. The purpose of
28	this chapter is to establish regulatory procedures for the implementation of
29	such competition as may be in the public interest on terms and conditions
30	that are just and reasonable to consumers, electric utilities, and other
31	providers of electric power, and to provide reasonable protection for, and
32	recovery of, the investments made by utilities to carry out their service
33	obligations under the legal and regulatory principles heretofore in force.
34	(d) The General Assembly finds that:
35	(1) A competitive retail electric market that gives retail
36	customers the opportunity to choose the retail customer's provider of

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1	electricity and that encourages full and fair competition among providers of
2	electricity should be established by October 1, 2003, but no later than
3	October 1, 2005; and
4	(2) Reciprocity among electric utilities and other providers of
5	electric service to the extent permitted in this chapter:
6	(A) Is necessary to promote fair competition and to ensure
7	the benefits of competition to the greatest number of consumers; and
8	(B) Would assist in the transition from regulation to
9	competition.
10	(e) The General Assembly further finds that certain changes and
11	additions to existing law are required to permit and facilitate such
12	transactions described in § 23-19-601 et seq. It is the declared legislative
13	intent of this chapter to provide a procedure pursuant to which the rights of
14	electric utilities to receive future payments associated with stranded costs
15	may be established as property, to provide that such property and interests
16	therein may be assigned, sold, or otherwise transferred, and to provide a
17	procedure and method to accomplish such securitization and provide benefits
18	to the citizens of Arkansas.
19	(f) The General Assembly further finds that it should not mandate
20	competition for customers of municipally owned electric utility systems.
21	This finding arises from the unique nature of such municipally owned systems.
22	Municipally owned electric utility systems are owned and operated by
23	municipal governments primarily as a benefit to those who reside within such
24	municipalities. Their rates and operating practices have historically been
25	established by the elected officials of such municipalities through their
26	delegated legislative authority. Municipal utility rates are subject to
27	reserved initiative and referendum rights of municipal residents which give
28	them a direct control over the rates and operations of municipally owned
29	electric utility systems that is not available to customers of utilities
30	regulated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. Further, a municipal
31	electric utility system is likely, as a result of its ability to pool its
32	customers' loads, to be able to provide lower retail electric rates for its
33	residential, industrial, and commercial customers than individual customers
34	would be able to secure.
35	
36	23-19-102. Definitions.

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1	As used in this chapter:
2	(1) "Above-market purchased power costs" means wholesale
3	electric costs in excess of the market value of such electric service that an
4	electric utility is obligated to pay under an existing purchased power
5	contract;
6	(2)(A) "Affiliate" means:
7	(i) A subsidiary or any company or corporation owned
8	or effectively controlled by an electric utility or energy service provider;
9	<del>OT</del>
10	(ii) A subsidiary or any company or corporation
11	owned or effectively controlled by the same company or corporation that owns
12	or effectively controls an electric utility or energy service provider or of
13	which an electric utility or energy service provider is a subsidiary.
14	(B) The Arkansas Public Service Commission may also
15	determine after notice and hearing that a person is an affiliate as a result
16	of having a financial interest in another electric utility or energy service
17	provider. In making such a determination under this subdivision (2)(B), the
18	commission may exempt a person from any or all regulations applicable to such
19	person by virtue of that person's status as an affiliate;
20	(3) "Aggregator" means an entity that combines retail customers
21	for the purpose of purchasing electric energy and related services;
22	(4) "Assignee" means an entity including, without limitation, a
23	person to which an electric utility assigns, sells, or transfers, other than
24	as a security, all or a portion of its interest in, or right to, qualified
25	intangible property. The term includes an entity that has obtained such an
26	assignment, sale, or transfer of qualified intangible property from another
27	assignee. An assignee shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the
28	commission solely by virtue of being an assignee of qualified intangible
29	<del>property;</del>
30	(5) "Commission" means the Arkansas Public Service Commission or
31	any successor agency unless otherwise specifically designated;
32	(6) "Current cost of service study" means a newly prepared cost
33	of service study designed to support unbundled rates, or an existing cost of
34	service study used to support a company's existing rate schedules which were
35	filed with the commission to become effective within three (3) years of July
36	30, 1999, modified as necessary to support unbundled rates;

1	(7) "Customer transition charge", sometimes referred to as "non-
2	bypassable charge", means a charge applicable to all retail customers of an
3	electric utility served at either the distribution or transmission level
4	within the electric utility's distribution service area as it existed prior
5	to July 30, 1999;
6	(8) "Dollar weighted average remaining life" means the quotient
7	<del>of:</del>
8	(A) The sum, for all generating assets and contracts, of
9	the retail stranded cost associated with each asset or contract, multiplied
10	by the estimated remaining operating life of that asset or remaining term of
11	that contract; divided by
12	(B) The net sum of the stranded costs of all generating
13	assets and contracts;
14	(9) "Electric utility" means any person or any combination of
15	persons, or lessees, trustees, and receivers of such a person, now or
16	hereafter owning or operating for compensation in this state equipment or
17	facilities for producing, generating, transmitting, distributing, selling, or
18	furnishing electricity to or for the public at retail in this state,
19	including an electric cooperative corporation generating or transmitting
20	electricity. Provided, however, the term does not include:
21	(A) An energy service provider; or
22	(B) Any person not otherwise an electric utility or a
23	business unit of an electric utility that:
24	(i) Furnishes electricity only to itself, its
25	employees, or its tenants as an incident of such employee service or tenancy,
26	when such electricity is not resold to or used by others;
27	(ii) Owns or operates in this state equipment or
28	facilities used primarily for the production and generation of electric
29	energy, a portion of which may be consumed by that person and any remainder
30	of which is sold at wholesale;
31	(iii) Owns or operates in this state equipment or
32	facilities used, after the implementation of retail open access, solely for
33	the production and generation of electric energy; or
34	(iv) Is a municipal corporation owning a municipal
35	electric utility;
36	(10) "Energy service provider" means a qualifying facility, a

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1	power broker, a power marketer, any entity, other than an electric utility or
2	a municipal electric utility, or an aggregator other than a municipality or
3	county or group of municipalities or counties, that sells or otherwise
4	provides electricity to or for itself or a retail electric customer,
5	regardless of whether such entity sells other electric services and
6	regardless of whether such entity takes title to the electricity;
7	(11) "Existing purchased power contract" means a purchased power
8	contract in effect on January 1, 1999;
9	(12) "Financing party" means a holder of qualified bonds,
10	including a trustee, collateral agent, or other entity acting for the benefit
11	of such a holder, or any other person to whom qualified intangible property
12	has been pledged. A financing party shall not be subject to the jurisdiction
13	of the commission solely by virtue of being a financing party;
14	(13) "Generation assets" means generation plants and generation-
15	related assets, as so classified by the Uniform System of Accounts, or a
16	succeeding accounting system;
17	(14) "Market value" means, for generation assets, the value the
18	assets would have brought when or if sold in a bona fide third-party
19	transaction or transactions on the open market, including the transactions
20	described in § 23-19-301(c)(1) - (3), or the value determined under the
21	alternative valuation method provided by § 23-19-301(c)(4);
22	(15) "Municipal corporation" means a city of the first class, a
23	city of the second class, or a town, incorporated under the laws of this
24	state, or any commission, department, division, or agency thereof, including
25	any municipally owned or controlled corporation, or any improvement district,
26	consolidated public utility system improvement district, or nonprofit
27	corporation lessee of such entity;
28	(16) "Municipal electric utility" means any electric generation,
29	transmission, or distribution system owned or operated by any municipal
30	corporation;
31	(17) "Net retail stranded cost" means the excess, if any,
32	allocable to Arkansas retail customers of the book value for ratemaking
33	purposes of all of an electric utility's generation assets that have been
34	found by the commission to be prudently incurred, verifiable, and
35	nonmitigable, and that would have been eligible for recovery in rates under
36	continued rate regulation, and all of the generation-related costs associated

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1	with an electric utility's purchased power, fuel, and fuel transportation
2	agreements that have been found by the commission to be prudently incurred,
3	verifiable, and nonmitigable, and that would have been eligible for recovery
4	in rates under continued rate regulation, over the market value of all of
5	those assets and agreements;
6	(18) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation,
7	cooperative association, trust, including a business trust, limited liability
8	company, governmental entity, or any other legal entity. Notwithstanding the
9	above, "person" as defined herein shall not be considered to include a
10	municipal corporation or municipal electric utility;
11	(19) "Power broker" means a person who acts as an agent or
12	intermediary on behalf of another person for the purpose of facilitating the
13	sale or purchase of electric energy and who does not purchase the electric
14	energy on his or her own behalf;
15	(20) "Power marketer" means a person who acquires, purchases, or
16	generates electric energy on its own behalf with the intent of reselling such
17	electric energy to another person;
18	(21) "Purchased power" means the purchase of capacity and
19	associated energy by an electric utility or from another provider of
20	electricity, including, but not limited to, wholesale power agreements or
21	tariffs approved by a federal regulatory authority allocable to Arkansas
22	retail customers;
23	(22) "Qualified bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes,
24	certificates of participation or of beneficial interest, or other evidences
25	of indebtedness or ownership that are issued by or on behalf of the electric
26	utility or an assignee pursuant to a qualified rate order, the proceeds of
27	which are directly or indirectly used to recover, finance, or refinance
28	qualified costs and which are directly or indirectly secured by or payable
29	from qualified intangible property;
30	(23) "Qualified costs" means qualified stranded costs and
31	qualified financing costs;
32	(24) "Qualified financing costs" means:
33	(A) The reasonable and prudent costs of retiring then-
34	existing debt or equity capital, including, without limitation, accrued
35	interest and acquisition or redemption premiums, costs of defeasance, and
36	other related fees, costs, and charges, through the use of the proceeds of

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1	qualified bonds or the assignment, sale, or other transfer of qualified
2	intangible property;
3	(B) The reasonable and prudent costs incurred to issue,
4	service, redeem, or refinance the qualified bonds, including, without
5	limitation, accrued interest and acquisition or redemption premiums,
6	reserves, credit enhancement costs, hedging or interest rate swap costs, and
7	other related fees, costs, and charges; or to assign, sell, or otherwise
8	transfer qualified intangible property, including, without limitation,
9	professional services, and advisory fees; and
10	(C) Any taxes or governmental fees payable by the electric
11	utility as a consequence of the creation or transfer of qualified intangible
12	property, the issuance and sale of qualified bonds or other actions taken by
13	the electric utility with respect thereto or as a consequence thereof. As
14	used in this chapter, the terms "interest", "acquisition or redemption
15	premium", "principal", and other terms specific to debt shall also include
16	comparable costs incurred in connection with certificates of participation,
17	certificates of beneficial interest, or other evidences of ownership;
18	(25) "Qualified intangible charges" means those charges
19	authorized to be imposed, charged, collected, and received by an electric
20	utility from its retail customers to recover qualified costs pursuant to a
21	qualified rate order, including all adjustments to such charges implemented
22	in accordance with § 23-19-605(d), which charges shall be separate and apart
23	from charges for the sale and delivery of electricity and electricity-related
24	services by the electric utility;
25	(26) "Qualified intangible property" means a fully vested
26	property right consisting of the irrevocable right of the electric utility or
27	an assignee to charge, collect, receive, and be paid from collections of
28	qualified intangible charges in the amount necessary to recover fully the
29	qualified costs which are determined to be recoverable by the commission
30	<del>pursuant to this chapter, all right, title, and interest of the electric</del>
31	utility or assignee in and to the qualified rate order pursuant to which such
32	qualified intangible charges are authorized, including, without limitation,
33	the right to obtain periodic adjustment of such qualified intangible charges
34	pursuant to § 23-19-605(d), and all revenues, collections, claims, payments,
35	money or proceeds of, or arising from, qualified intangible charges pursuant
36	to such qualified rate order, whether or not the revenues and proceeds

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1	arising with respect thereto have accrued. Qualified intangible property
2	shall constitute a contract right;
3	(27) "Qualified rate order" means an irrevocable written order
4	issued by the commission pursuant to § 23-19-601 et seq. Except as otherwise
5	provided in § 23-19-601 et seq., the order shall become final and effective
6	immediately upon receipt by the commission of written consent from the
7	related electric utility to the terms of such order;
8	(28) "Qualified stranded costs" means those net retail stranded
9	costs which the commission deems to be eligible for securitization pursuant
10	to this chapter. The amount of any stranded costs that shall be deemed to be
11	eligible for securitization shall not exceed the amount of the utility's
12	stranded costs as determined by the commission;
13	(29) "Qualifying facility" means a cogeneration or small power
14	production facility entitled to the rights and privileges of a qualifying
15	facility under the Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978;
16	(30) "Retail customer" means any consumer who takes, receives,
17	or consumes electricity;
18	(31) "Retail open access" means the obligation of an electric
19	utility to allow retail customers to choose their supplier of electric
19 20	utility to allow retail customers to choose their supplier of electric energy;
20	energy;
20 21	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs
20 21 22	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service;
20 21 22 23	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded
20 21 22 23 24 25	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an
20 21 22 23 24	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignce or pledged as
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignee or pledged as security for such qualified bonds;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignee or pledged as security for such qualified bonds; (34) "Standard service agreement" means an agreement for the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	energy; (32) - "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) - "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignee or pledged as security for such qualified bonds; (34) - "Standard service agreement" means an agreement for the sale and purchase of electricity between an electric utility and a retail
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignee or pledged as security for such qualified bonds; (34) "Standard service agreement" means an agreement for the sale and purchase of electricity between an electric utility and a retail customer pursuant to an existing commission approved tariff of general
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignee or pledged as security for such qualified bonds; (34) "Standard service agreement" means an agreement for the sale and purchase of electricity between an electric utility and a retail customer pursuant to an existing commission approved tariff of general applicability;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>energy; (32) "Retail stranded costs" means that part of stranded costs associated with the provision of retail service; (33) "Securitization" means a financing of qualified stranded costs authorized by the commission pursuant to this chapter through which an electric utility receives the proceeds from the sale of qualified bonds secured by beneficial interest in, or a pledge of, qualified tangible property transferred by the electric utility to an assignce or pledged as security for such qualified bonds; (34) "Standard service agreement" means an agreement for the sale and purchase of electricity between an electric utility and a retail customer pursuant to an existing commission approved tariff of general applicability; (35) "Standard service package" means a minimum package of</pre>

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1	provides distribution service, and, for an energy service provider, the
2	commission has selected such willing provider to offer such package;
3	(36) "Stranded costs" means:
4	(A) Any excess of the net book value for ratemaking
5	purposes over the market value of any plant, facilities, equipment, or
6	materials owned or leased by the electric utility and used or held for use by
7	the electric utility for the generation of electricity and the delivery of
8	such generated electricity to the transmission or distribution system of the
9	electric utility that would have been eligible for recovery in rates under
10	continued rate regulation; and
11	(B) Any excess of:
12	(i) The cost of electricity that an electric utility
13	may utilize under agreements for the purchase of electricity from other
14	utilities or other generators or suppliers of electricity and electricity-
15	related services, including generation costs that are part of an electric
16	utility's rights and obligations under any wholesale power sale agreement or
17	tariff approved by a federal regulatory agency, and that would have been
18	eligible for recovery in rates under continued rate regulation, over
19	(ii) The market value of those agreements; and
20	(C) Any excess of:
21	(i) Costs arising out of agreements by an electric
22	utility to purchase fuel for the generation of electricity that would have
23	been eligible for recovery in rates under continued rate regulation, over
24	(ii) The market value of those agreements; and
25	(D) Any generation-related regulatory assets, including
26	costs that have been deferred for future recovery as a result of the practice
27	of regulatory authorities or by rule or order of regulatory authorities,
28	including unrecovered deferred income taxes recorded under Statement of
29	Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes", plant
30	accounting deferrals, including costs associated with reacquisition of
31	securities, and canceled plants, as offset by the applicable portion of
32	investment tax credits permitted under the Internal Revenue Code and any
33	regulatory liabilities as determined by the commission. For purposes of this
34	chapter, the amount of regulatory assets and liabilities may not exceed the
35	amount reported by the electric utility on December 31, 1998, in its annual
36	report on Securities and Exchange Commission Form 10-K or its report to the

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1	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission on Form 1 as regulatory assets and
2	<del>liabilities;</del>
3	(E) Any other comparable costs identified by the
4	commission as stranded costs; and
5	(F) In all cases to be eligible for recovery, stranded
6	costs must have been found by the commission to be prudently incurred,
7	verifiable, and nonmitigable;
8	(37) "Transition costs" means those costs, investments, or
9	unfunded mandates, either recurring or nonrecurring, incurred by an electric
10	utility or municipal electric utility after July 30, 1999, that are found to
11	be necessary to carry out the electric utility's or municipal electric
12	utility's responsibilities associated with the transition to or the
13	implementation of, retail open access, or are mandated by statute or
14	regulation and are not expected to be recoverable in a competitive retail
15	market. Under no circumstances shall transition costs include any cost
16	associated with competing to provide a product or service for which
17	competition has been authorized by this chapter. In no event shall
18	transition costs include retirement or severance programs, marketing or
19	promotional activities, professional or advisory services, or legal costs
20	associated with any competitive strategy. Additionally, no electric utility
21	shall recover transition costs unless approved by the commission pursuant to
22	this subdivision (37) and § 23-19-304; and
23	(38) "Wholesale" means the sale of electricity to an electric
24	utility, an energy service provider, or any other person exclusively for
25	resale.
26	
27	23-19-103. Retail open access.
28	(a)(1) Retail open access shall be implemented by electric utilities
29	on October 1, 2003.
30	(2) As to any particular utility or utilities, after notice and
31	hearing, the Arkansas Public Service Commission may delay the implementation
32	of retail open access for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months and for
33	successive periods thereafter, not to exceed twelve (12) months, but not
34	beyond October 1, 2005, upon finding that:
35	(A) The particular electric utility or electric utilities
36	have not had a reasonable opportunity to commence determination of their

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1	stranded costs, if any, pursuant to § 23-19-303 because of circumstances
2	beyond the control of the utility or utilities and shall not include an
3	election by the utility to delay filing an application for stranded cost
4	recovery until after the implementation of retail open access pursuant to §
5	<del>23-19-301(a);</del>
6	(B) Necessary approvals from the Federal Energy Regulatory
7	Commission, or any successor agency, have not been obtained;
8	(C) Implementation of retail open access would have an
9	immediate, irreparable, and adverse financial effect on county or municipal
10	governments or school districts;
11	(D) Appropriate metering, billing, and collection
12	procedures have not been established, or all electronic data exchange and
13	information systems necessary for implementation of retail open access have
14	not been fully developed, installed, and tested;
15	(E) Implementation of retail open access would have a
16	significant, adverse effect on the reliability of the electric system in
17	Arkansas;
18	(F) Implementation of retail open access would have a
19	material adverse effect upon the public interest, especially including upon
20	residential or small business customers in this state;
21	(C) Most customers would not have a reasonable opportunity
22	to realize net benefits, specifically including relative price benefits for
23	residential and small business customers; or
24	(H) Demonstrably effective market structures are not in
25	place, including, but not limited to:
26	(i) All electric utilities have not subjected their
27	transmission facilities to control by an independent transmission entity,
28	pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, approved by the Federal Energy
29	Regulatory Commission; and
30	(ii) There is insufficient generation and
31	transmission capacity to serve the current and projected demand of Arkansas
32	<del>consumers.</del>
33	(b)(l)(A) If retail open access implementation is delayed pursuant to
34	subsection (a) of this section for one (1) or more utilities that serve, in
35	the aggregate, fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the total customers served
36	by electric utilities in this state, implementation shall be delayed for all

1	electric utilities.
2	(B) Provided, however, that an electric utility, at the
3	utility's election may petition the commission for approval to proceed with
4	retail open access implementation for its customers, notwithstanding that
5	implementation has been delayed for electric utilities that serve, in the
6	aggregate, fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the total customers served by
7	electric utilities in this state.
8	(2) If delayed pursuant to this subsection, retail open-access
9	implementation shall resume on a utility-by-utility basis as provided in
10	subsection (a) of this section as expeditiously as possible after the
11	commission determines that electric utilities serving more than fifty-one
12	percent (51%) of the electric utility customers in this state are ready to
13	proceed with retail open-access implementation.
14	(3) Except as provided in § 23-19-106(e), in no event shall
15	retail open access be delayed beyond October 1, 2005.
16	(4) For purposes of this subsection, the number of customers
17	served by a particular electric utility shall be determined by the
18	commission's most recent annual report to the Governor pursuant to § 23-2-
19	315. Each report issued after July 30, 1999, shall include the number of
20	customers served by each electric utility.
21	(c) No later than ninety (90) days before the date for retail open
22	access determined by the commission consistent with subsection (a) of this
23	section, the commission shall abolish or repeal any and all commission rules,
24	regulations, and orders restricting the efforts of electric utilities and
25	energy service providers to market, advertise, or promote the competitive
26	sale of electricity at retail except for rules, regulations, and orders
27	issued pursuant to this chapter.
28	(d) No later than ninety (90) days before the date for retail open
29	access determined by the commission consistent with subsection (a) of this
30	section, the commission shall have adopted rules requiring every electric
31	utility in this state owning or operating distribution facilities to provide
32	distribution service to all persons at rates, terms of access, and conditions
33	that are just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory.
34	(e) After the implementation of retail open access, unless otherwise
35	specified in this chapter, generation assets shall not be subject to the
36	ratemaking authority of the commission, and generation service and the rates

1 and charges for generation service shall not be regulated by the commission, 2 except that the commission shall retain jurisdiction sufficient to authorize the recovery of nuclear decommissioning costs, or the refund of any over-3 recovery of such costs, and generation costs that are part of an electric 4 5 utility's rights and obligations under any wholesale power sale agreement or 6 tariff approved by a federal regulatory authority as components of a 7 competitive transition charge. 8 (f) Except as allowed by existing law, no electric utility or energy 9 service provider may offer or provide electric service under retail open 10 access, directly or indirectly, to any retail customer or retail customer 11 location situated in whole or in part within the area allocated to an 12 electric utility by the commission: 13 (1) Prior to the date determined by the commission for the 14 implementation of retail open access; and 15 (2) Prior to obtaining a license from the commission pursuant to 16 <u>§ 23-19-202, or in the case of an electric utility providing electric service</u> 17 to retail customers within the state as of July 30, 1999, prior to registering with the commission pursuant to § 23-19-203. 18 (g) No later than ninety (90) days before the date for retail open 19 20 access determined by the commission consistent with subsection (a) of this 21 section, each electric utility doing business in this state that owns or 22 controls facilities for the transmission of electricity or rights to the 23 transmission of electricity, or is affiliated with an entity that owns or 24 controls transmission facilities shall subject its transmission facilities or 25 rights to operation by an independent transmission system operator, an 26 independent transmission company, an independent regional transmission group, 27 or other independent transmission entity if one or more such organizations 28 have been approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for this state 29 or a larger region of which this state is a part. The commission may refuse 30 to accept a registration statement filed by an electric utility pursuant to § 31 23-19-203 unless and until the utility complies with this subsection, but the 32 rejection of the registration of such a utility shall not prevent the 33 implementation of retail open access in the utility's service territory. 34 (h) Standard service agreements between electric utilities and retail 35 customers pursuant to commission-approved tariffs as of July 30, 1999, shall 36 remain in effect for the terms of those agreements to the extent they impose

1	minimum bills on the customer to allow the utility to recover any investment
2	in distribution or transmission facilities the utility made to serve that
3	customer, but customers will be relieved of any obligation under standard
4	service agreements to purchase generation from the utility as of the
5	effective date of retail open access and shall be subject only to the then-
6	effective tariffs for distribution and transmission service and any customer
7	transition charge.
8	
9	23-19-104. Municipal electric utilities.
10	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including any other
11	provision of this chapter, this section will govern the transition to and the
12	establishment of a more fully competitive electric power industry for
13	municipal electric utilities.
14	(b) The governing body of a municipal electric utility shall have the
15	discretion to decide when, or if, such municipal electric utility will
16	provide retail open access. Municipal electric utilities which choose to
17	participate in retail open-access may do so under such terms and conditions
18	as they, in their sole discretion, deem appropriate at any time, after the
19	retail open-access date determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission
20	in § 23-19-103, by adoption of an appropriate ordinance or other local
21	enabling legislation by its governing body.
22	(c) Upon the effective date of the local enabling legislation, retail
23	customers within the service area of the municipal electric utility shall
24	have the right of retail open access and the municipal electric utility shall
25	provide open access to its distribution system to any other provider of
26	electricity as defined in this chapter. In addition, the municipal electric
27	utility shall have the right to offer service directly to retail customers
28	without regard to geographic location. Provided, however, that such
29	municipal electric utility offers nondiscriminatory access for the use by any
30	other provider of electricity of any distribution facilities that it owns or
31	operates.
32	(d) In addition to rights within its authority it may reserve in the
33	local enabling legislation, the governing body of the municipal electric
34	utility shall have exclusive jurisdiction:
35	(1) To set terms of access, conditions, and rates applicable to
36	services provided by the municipal electric utility, including distribution

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1	and transmission service which must be reasonable and nondiscriminatory;
2	(2) To determine whether to unbundle any energy-related
3	activities, and if so, how;
4	(3) To determine the amount of its stranded and transition
5	<del>costs;</del>
6	(4) To recover its stranded and transition costs over an
7	appropriate period of time through a customer transition charge applicable to
8	all existing or future retail customers within its distribution service area;
9	(5) To determine the extent to which it will continue to provide
10	various customer services at the distribution level or accept such services
11	from other providers;
12	(6) To plan, manage, and engineer its electric systems in
13	accordance with good utility practice;
14	(7) To establish and enforce service quality standards and
15	consumer safeguards designed to protect retail electric customers not
16	inconsistent with other provisions of this chapter;
17	(8) To determine any other utility matters that it believes
18	should be included;
19	(9) To make any other decision affecting the municipal electric
20	utilities' participation in retail open access; and
21	(10) To implement appropriate advertising and promotional
22	practices not inconsistent with other provisions of this chapter.
23	(e) The local enabling legislation must require that a municipal
24	electric utility which participates in retail open access adopt an accounting
25	method which allows costs associated with generation, transmission, and
26	distribution-related services to be functionally separated on a
27	nondiscriminatory basis so that open-access transmission and distribution
28	rates, including appropriate margin levels, may be calculated.
29	(f) The local enabling legislation must require that distribution
30	rates for any municipal electric utility which participates in retail open
31	access shall be filed for informational purposes with the appropriate city
32	clerk and the commission.
33	(g) No provision of this chapter shall interfere with or be deemed to
34	abrogate the rights or obligations of any party, including a retail or
35	wholesale customer, to or arising from a contract with a municipal electric
36	utility.

1	(h) This chapter shall not impair any contracts, covenants, or
2	obligations between municipal corporations or consolidated public utility
3	system improvement districts and the bondholders of revenue bonds issued
4	thereby.
5	(i) Nothing in this chapter shall impair the tax-exempt status of any
6	municipal corporation.
7	(j) Municipal electric utilities shall be authorized and entitled to
8	participate in any organization identified in § 23-19-103(g), and those
9	municipal electric utilities which opt to enter into retail open access shall
10	be required to participate in such an organization.
11	(k) Municipal corporations owning municipal electric utilities which
12	have elected to participate in retail open access shall have the obligation
13	and right to provide distribution service, including a standard service
14	package, to any customer located within its service area. The standard
15	service package and the continuity of service provider obligations within the
16	service area of a municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility
17	electing to participate in retail open access shall be determined by its
18	governing body.
19	(1) Nothing in this chapter shall modify a municipal corporation's
20	existing right to use available funds generated by electric utility
21	operations for other municipal purposes.
22	(m) Any electric utility or energy service provider shall be required
23	to register with any municipal corporation before it undertakes to provide
24	any retail electric utility service to retail customers in such municipal
25	corporation.
26	(n)(l) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility
27	that has not elected to offer retail open access and that annexes territory
28	situated in whole or in part within an area allocated to another electric
29	utility after the date determined by the commission for the implementation of
30	retail open access shall not provide generation, transmission, or
31	distribution service in the annexed area, unless and until such time as it
32	elects to participate in retail open access and retail open access is
33	available in all of the municipal corporation owning a municipal electric
34	utility's service area. At the time the municipal corporation owning a
35	municipal electric utility elects to offer retail open access, providing such
36	option is exercised within three (3) years of the certification of

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1 annexation, the municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may 2 acquire the distribution facilities serving the annexed area using the procedures provided at § 14-207-101 et seq. and may thereafter provide 3 4 generation, transmission, or distribution and other services in the annexed 5 area. Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a municipal corporation and an 6 electric utility, upon mutual consent, from voluntarily selling or buying 7 facilities upon negotiated compensation. 8 (2) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility 9 that elects to offer retail open access and that subsequently annexes 10 territory situated in whole or in part within an area allocated to an 11 electric utility may acquire the distribution facilities serving the annexed area consistent with § 14-207-101 et seq. and may thereafter provide 12 13 generation, transmission, or distribution and other services in the annexed 14 area. 15 (3) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility 16 which acquires retail customers subsequent to an annexation and acquisition 17 of electric utility facilities shall not be responsible for such customers' stranded costs or transition charge, but any municipality that annexes an 18 19 electric utility's distribution service area will become responsible for 20 collecting for the benefit of the electric utility or its successors and 21 assigns any customer transition charges that would otherwise have been 22 payable in the service territory annexed by the municipality directly to the 23 electric utility or its successors or assigns. 24 (4) During the period that the municipal corporation owning a 25 municipal electric utility opts out of competition and does not provide 26 distribution services in newly annexed areas, the municipal corporation, at 27 the discretion of the governing body, shall be entitled to assess any 28 electric utility offering distribution services in annexed areas a franchise 29 fee based on services it provides in newly annexed areas that would otherwise 30 be compensated in the municipal electric utility's retail electric rates. 31 This franchise fee shall be included as a separate line item on the 32 distribution customer's bill labeled "City Franchise Fee". The franchise fee 33 authorized by this section shall be in addition to franchise fees authorized under § 14-200-101(a). 34 35 (5)(A) Notwithstanding subdivisions (n)(1)-(4) of this section, 36 and except as provided in subdivision (n)(5)(B) of this section, a municipal

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1	corporation owning a municipal electric utility shall not be entitled to
2	bring a condemnation action to extend its service territory or to acquire the
3	customers or property of an electric utility for a period commencing on July
4	30, 1999, and continuing for two (2) years after the date of retail open
5	access established by the commission pursuant to § 23-19-103. Such
6	prohibition shall include, but not be limited to, any power of condemnation a
7	municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may have pursuant
8	to § 14-207-101 et seq., §§ 14-40-301 - 14-40-503, or §§ 18-15-301 - 18-15-
9	308. This prohibition does not apply to actions brought for extensions of
10	territories or acquisition of customers or property within areas of
11	annexations completed prior to July 30, 1999, as evidenced by a statement
12	filed by the municipality with the Secretary of State prior to July 30, 1999.
13	(B)(i) During the period from July 30, 1999, until the
14	date of open retail access established by the commission pursuant to § 23-19-
15	103, a municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may only
16	bring a condemnation action to extend its service territory or to acquire
17	customers or property of an electric utility in the event of a voluntary
18	annexation pursuant to \$\$ 14-40-601 - 14-40-606.
19	(ii) During the period from the date of retail open
20	access established by the commission pursuant to § 23-19-103 and for a two-
21	year period thereafter, a municipal corporation owning a municipal electric
22	utility that elects to offer retail open access may bring a condemnation
23	action to extend its service territory or to acquire customers or property of
24	an electric utility, but only in the event of a voluntary annexation pursuant
25	to <u>\$</u> § 14-40-601 - 14-40-606.
26	(C) This subdivision (n)(5) is not intended to affect any
27	condemnation or related proceedings pending as of July 30, 1999.
28	(o) This chapter shall not modify a municipal corporation's right to
29	regulate, restrict, and collect user or franchise fees from and for occupancy
30	and use of its rights-of-way in accordance with other law, including, but not
31	<del>limited to, § 14-200-101(a).</del>
32	(p) Any municipal corporation, county, or group of municipal
33	corporations or counties acting together is hereby authorized to aggregate
34	the electric load of interested electricity consumers upon registering with
35	the commission pursuant to § 23-19-203.
36	(q) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility opting

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1 to offer retail open access under this section shall not be subject to the 2 provisions of this chapter, except for this section and §§ 23-19-102, 23-19-105(c), 23-19-106(b), 23-19-203, 23-19-401, and 23-19-501(b). In developing 3 4 rules and procedures for registration and consumer protection as required by 5 this chapter, the commission shall take into consideration special 6 circumstances faced by municipal electric utilities and in all events shall 7 preserve the unique nature of municipal electric utilities. A municipal 8 corporation owning municipal electric utilities which elects to participate 9 in retail open access shall only be required to file, for informational 10 purposes, its unbundled distribution rates with the commission. After the 11 municipal corporation files its unbundled distribution rates with the 12 commission, the commission shall have the limited jurisdiction to hear 13 complaints against the filing municipal corporation for noncompliance with 14 such filed distribution rates. This limited jurisdiction shall not include 15 authority to review the propriety or lawfulness of such filed distribution 16 rates or other municipal operations, except to the extent necessary to 17 determine whether the municipal corporation is offering nondiscriminatory 18 access to its distribution facilities. Except as authorized by this 19 subsection, the commission shall not make any effort to regulate a municipal 20 electric utility's operations, limit a municipal electric utility's right to 21 serve, or impose any penalty on a municipal electric utility. 22 23 23-19-105. Effect on existing certificates and franchises. 24 (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law or the provisions of 25 any certificate of convenience and necessity allocating exclusive service 26 territory or any exclusive franchise agreement to provide electric service 27 issued by the Arkansas Public Service Commission or any municipality, 28 respectively, any electric utility which is regulated under this chapter, or 29 accepts any benefit under this chapter, including, but not limited to, the 30 recovery of stranded or transition costs, or sells or offers to sell electric 31 power at retail outside its existing service area as of July 30, 1999, shall 32 be deemed to have waived the exclusivity of any right to sell electric power 33 or energy in any territory or municipality to the extent necessary for the 34 implementation of retail open access hereunder, but only to such extent. 35 (b) An electric utility which does not establish the existence of 36 stranded costs or transition costs pursuant to § 23-19-301 et seq., shall

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1	have no right to compensation or other form of relief for the waiver of the
2	exclusive right to sell electricity under any certificate of convenience and
3	necessity or franchise agreement issued by the commission or any
4	municipality, respectively.
5	(c) Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to modify or amend any
6	provisions of any certificate, order, or municipal franchise agreement other
7	than the exclusive right to sell power or energy or to repeal or amend the
8	legal authority of municipal corporations to control the use of streets and
9	other public ways as otherwise provided by law or in any municipal electric
10	franchise agreement, nor shall anything in this chapter be deemed to affect
11	or reduce in any way the rights of real property owners existing as of the
12	date of this chapter.
13	(d) Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to affect the authority of
14	the commission to revoke, alter, or amend a certificate of convenience and
15	necessity to provide electric distribution service upon the mutual agreement
16	of the affected parties, or upon the dissolution or bankruptcy of the holder
17	of such certificate, or as otherwise may be allowed by law.
18	
19	23-19-106. Reciprocity.
19 20	<del>23-19-106. Reciprocity.</del> (a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the
20	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the
20 21	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell
20 21 22	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric
20 21 22 23	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the
20 21 22 23 24	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it
20 21 22 23 24 25	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state. (b) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state.</li> <li>(b) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may not sell electricity to retail customers outside its existing service territory after the date determined by the commission for the implementation of retail open access if it does not offer customer choice to its own retail</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state. (b) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may not sell electricity to retail customers outside its existing service territory after the date determined by the commission for the implementation of retail open access if it does not offer customer choice to its own retail customers.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state. (b) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may not sell electricity to retail customers outside its existing service territory after the date determined by the commission for the implementation of retail open access if it does not offer customer choice to its own retail customers. (c) An electric utility providing electric service to retail customers</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state.</li> <li>(b) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may not sell electricity to retail customers outside its existing service territory after the date determined by the commission for the implementation of retail open access if it does not offer customer choice to its own retail customers.</li> <li>(c) An electric utility providing electric service to retail customers in this state and in a contiguous service area in an adjacent state may offer</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(a) No electric utility providing distribution service may use the Arkansas distribution facilities of another electric utility to sell electricity to retail customers in the state unless the first electric utility offers comparable and nondiscriminatory access, as determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, to any distribution facilities that it owns or operates in this state.</li> <li>(b) A municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility may not sell electricity to retail customers outside its existing service territory after the date determined by the commission for the implementation of retail open access if it does not offer customer choice to its own retail customers.</li> <li>(c) An electric utility providing electric service to retail customers in this state and in a contiguous service area in an adjacent state may offer customer choice in its service torritory in Arkansas prior to the</li> </ul>

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1	commission may adopt pending the implementation of retail open access in the
2	remainder of Arkansas.
3	(d) The commission shall require interstate reciprocity to the extent
4	it may be authorized by future federal legislation.
5	(e) An electric utility providing electric service to retail customers
6	in this state and in a contiguous service area in an adjacent state whose
7	number of customers in this state is less than five percent (5%) of its total
8	customers and whose number of customers in a contiguous service area in an
9	adjacent state is greater than seventy-five percent (75%) of its total
10	customers may delay retail open access in its service territory in this state
11	until such a time as the electric utility is required by applicable law to
12	offer retail open access in the aforementioned adjacent state but no more
13	than two (2) years beyond the date for retail open access in this state as
14	provided in § 23-19-103.
15	
16	23-19-107. Reports on scope and impact of competition.
17	(a) Before January 15, 2001, and thereafter before January 15 of each
18	odd-numbered year through 2007, the Arkansas Public Service Commission shall
19	report to the General Assembly on the progress of the development of
20	competition in electric markets and the impact, if any, of competition and
21	industry restructuring on retail customers in Arkansas. The report shall
22	include:
23	(1) An assessment of the impact of competition on the rates and
24	availability of electric service for each class of retail customers in each
25	allocated service territory, including, but not limited to, the extent of
26	customer choice with regard to each customer class in each service territory,
27	or in such other smaller units as may be determined by the commission;
28	(2) A summary of commission actions over the preceding two (2)
29	years that reflect changes in the scope of competition in regulated electric
30	markets;
31	(3) An analysis of the effect, if any, of competition on the
32	reliability of the electric system and on the quality of service provided to
33	customers; and
34	(4) Recommendations to the General Assembly for further
35	legislation that the commission finds appropriate to promote the public
36	interest in a competitive electric market.

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1	(b) The Tax Division of the Arkansas Public Service Commission and the
2	Department of Finance and Administration shall conduct a joint study of the
3	potential financial impact, if any, of retail open access upon county or
4	municipal governments, including the methods of collection of municipal
5	franchise fees, or school districts, and consider ways and means to mitigate
6	any significant adverse impact thereon, and such other issues of public
7	finance as they deem relevant, and submit a report setting forth their
8	findings and recommendations to the commission and the General Assembly on or
9	before June 30, 2000.
10	(c)(1) Before January 15, 2003, and before January 15 of each year
11	thereafter that the General Assembly convenes in regular sessions through
12	2017, the commission shall submit a report to the General Assembly that
13	contains such information as the commission determines is necessary to allow
14	the General Assembly to determine whether electric utilities or energy
15	service providers are charging higher rates or refusing to serve or otherwise
16	separating out for disparate treatment customers who live in particular areas
17	or neighborhoods.
18	(2)(A) Included in the report will be comparisons of the average
19	rates charged by electric utilities or energy service providers to
20	residential customers in different regions of the state.
21	(B) The commission shall be empowered to demand disclosure
22	of this information from every electric utility or energy service provider
23	certified to do business in this state.
24	
25	23-19-108. Effect of interstate system agreements.
26	(a) Every electric utility that is a subsidiary of a registered
27	holding company under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 shall
28	report to the Arkansas Public Service Commission, within thirty (30) days of
29	July 30, 1999, whether it is a party to a rate schedule or other filed rate
30	subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission that
31	allocates costs among the electric utility subsidiaries of such holding
32	company. Every electric utility that becomes a subsidiary of a registered
33	holding company after that time or that becomes a subsidiary of a registered
34	holding company of which it was not previously a subsidiary shall make such
35	report to the Arkansas Public Service Commission within thirty (30) days
36	after becoming such a subsidiary.

1	(b) All electric utilities that are required to make such reports
2	pursuant to subsection (a) of this section are hereby directed to consult
3	with the commission and its staff regarding what changes, if any, may be
4	necessary or appropriate to such rate schedule or filed rate as a result of
5	the implementation of retail open access in Arkansas or any other affected
6	state.
7	(c) The commission is hereby authorized to communicate, consult, and
8	cooperate with the appropriate regulatory agencies of other affected states
9	as it deems appropriate.
10	(d) The commission shall make quarterly reports to the House and
11	Senate Interim Committees on Insurance and Commerce on the status of the
12	discussions held pursuant to this section until such time as the commission
13	determines that the matter has been appropriately resolved or that further
14	consultations will not be productive. Such reports shall not disclose any
15	matters subject to any applicable settlement privilege.
16	
17	23-19-109. Effect of other laws.
18	The provisions of any other law, except as expressly provided in this
19	chapter, or in such other law by way of express reference to this chapter,
20	shall not limit or restrict the operation of this chapter in any manner. In
21	particular, but without limitation, the issuance by any person of qualified
22	bonds shall not be deemed to be the issuance of securities of a public
23	utility for purposes of §§ 23-3-103 - 23-3-106, and the issuance by any
24	person of qualified bonds or the acquisition by any person of any interest in
25	qualified intangible property shall not be deemed to cause such assignee or
26	financing party to be or become a public utility or an electric utility or
27	otherwise to come within the Arkansas Public Service Commission's regulatory
28	jurisdiction.
29	
30	23-19-201. Jurisdiction over energy service providers.
31	(a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall have jurisdiction and
32	authority over energy service providers who sell, broker, market, or
33	aggregate electricity to or for the public for consumption in Arkansas. In
34	addition, any person may voluntarily submit to the commission's jurisdiction.
35	The commission's jurisdiction shall be:
36	(1) To require that they obtain a license from the commission

1	pursuant to § 23-19-202 as a condition of doing business in this state;
2	(2) To enforce the provisions of § 23-19-401; and
3	(3) To require the filing of reports the commission may by rule
4	prescribe.
5	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the commission
6	shall not have jurisdiction over the rates or charges of any energy service
7	provider, but the commission may exercise jurisdiction over an energy service
8	provider pursuant to \$\$ 23-1-101 and 23-18-501 et seq., to the extent the
9	energy service provider may be defined as a public utility for purposes of
10	those laws.
11	(c) Nothing in this chapter shall impair or restrict the ability of
12	the commission under other applicable laws to inspect, audit, or compel the
13	production of the books and records of any person or persons subject to its
14	jurisdiction when necessary to the discharge of its duties as prescribed by
15	law.
16	
17	23-19-202. Licensing of energy service providers.
18	(a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall issue a license to an
19	energy service provider only upon a finding that the public interest will be
20	served thereby, including, but not limited to, findings of the reliability,
21	financial ability, and the technical competence of the license applicant to
22	provide the service for which it is seeking the license.
23	(b) No later than one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the
24	implementation of retail open access, the commission shall issue rules and
25	regulations establishing appropriate standards and procedures for licensing
26	energy service providers. Included in these rules and regulations will be
27	procedures for enforcing these standards.
28	
29	23-19-203. Registration with the Arkansas Public Service Commission.
30	On and after the implementation of retail open access, any electric utility
31	providing electric service to retail customers within the state as of July
32	30, 1999, pursuant to a certificate of convenience and necessity issued by
33	the Arkansas Public Service Commission, and any municipal corporation owning
34	a municipal electric utility which elects to participate in retail open
35	access pursuant to this chapter, may provide generation service to retail
36	customers outside their service territories as they existed prior to the

1	implementation of retail open access, and at any location within the state,
2	except for customers of municipal corporations owning municipal electric
3	utilities that have not elected to offer customer choice. Electric utilities
4	shall be required to register with the commission ninety (90) days prior to
5	offering the service, giving the commission notice of its intent to offer
6	such service, the areas to be served, and its compliance with all other
7	applicable provisions of this chapter. A municipal corporation owning a
8	municipal electric utility or an aggregator as authorized by § 23-19-104(p)
9	shall be deemed to have registered with the commission upon complying with
10	the informational filing requirement contained in § 23-19-104. The commission
11	may refuse to accept any such registration if it finds after notice and
12	hearing that such filing is deficient and that the electric utility or
13	municipal corporation is not in compliance with this chapter.
14	
15	23-19-204. Applicability of antitrust statutes.
16	Nothing in this chapter shall in any way limit the obligations or liability
17	under state or federal antitrust or consumer protection laws or regulations
18	of an electric utility or energy service provider arising after the
19	implementation of retail open access.
20	
21	23-19-205. Functional unbundling of tariffs.
22	(a) On or before January 1, 2000, as ordered by the Arkansas Public
23	Service Commission, each electric utility shall file rates and tariffs
24	supported by a current cost of service study that unbundle its then-effective
25	rates into the minimum functional components of generation, transmission,
26	distribution, and customer service operations, except for electric utilities
27	having a majority of their retail customers in another state which has not
28	mandated such unbundling by January 1, 2000, in which case the utility shall
29	file unbundled rates and tariffs with the commission no later than July 1,
30	2000. At its discretion, any utility may seek commission approval to further
31	unbundle any of the above categories.
32	(b) Each electric utility shall functionally unbundle its business
33	activities from one another as follows:
34	(1) Generation facilities, operations, services, and rates;
35	
	(2) Transmission facilities, operations, services, and rates;

1	(3) Distribution and customer services facilities, operations,
2	services, and rates.
3	(c) An electric utility shall accomplish this functional separation
4	through creation of separate divisions or departments, nonaffiliated
5	companies, separate affiliated companies owned by a common holding company,
6	or through a sale of assets to a third party.
7	(d) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall establish regulations
8	to ensure that any electric utility that elects to accomplish functional
9	separation through creation of separate divisions or departments, or through
10	separate affiliated companies owned by a common holding company, must conduct
11	its business to conform with the following standards:
12	(1) General Rules.
13	(A) Except as provided in subdivision (d)(l)(B) of this
14	section, the employees of the utility engaged in transmission and
15	distribution system operations must function independently of its employees,
16	or the employees of any of its affiliates, who engage in the marketing or
17	sale of electricity at retail.
18	(B) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this
19	subsection, in emergency circumstances affecting system reliability,
20	utilities may take whatever steps are necessary to keep the system in
21	operation. Electric utilities must report to the commission each emergency
22	that resulted in any deviation from the standards of conduct, within twenty-
23	four (24) hours of such deviation, and notify such other affected parties as
24	the commission may direct.
25	(C) Transmission. Any electric utility providing
26	transmission service within the State of Arkansas whose transmission services
27	are subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
28	shall comply with the standards of conduct and related regulations
29	established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and shall be exempt
30	from the provisions of this section with respect to transmission and related
31	functions to the extent that such functions are subject to the exclusive
32	jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or other federal
33	agency;
34	(2) Rules Governing Employee Conduct.
35	(A) Prohibitions. Any employee of the electric utility,
36	or any employee of an affiliate, who is engaged in the retail marketing or

1	sale of electricity is prohibited from:
2	(i) Participating in distribution or transmission
3	functions; and
4	(ii) Having access to the system control center or
5	similar facilities used for transmission or distribution functions that
6	differs in any way from the access available to other energy service
7	<del>providers.</del>
8	(B) Transfers. Employees engaged in retail marketing or
9	sales functions or transmission or distribution functions are not precluded
10	from transferring between such functions as long as such transfer is not used
11	as a means to circumvent the standards of conduct of this section. Reports
12	of all employee transfers between retail sales or marketing functions and
13	transmission or distribution functions must be filed with the Arkansas Public
14	Service Commission annually. The information to be reported must include the
15	name of the transferring employee, the respective titles held while
16	performing each function, the effective date of the transfer, and such other
17	information as the Arkansas Public Service Commission may direct. Temporary
18	or intermittent transfers or short-term transfers of less than one (1) year
19	of employees between the retail marketing or sales functions and the
20	transmission or distribution functions are prohibited. Provided, however,
21	employees may be temporarily assigned between and among such functions to
22	assist in restoring power in the event of a major service interruption.
23	(C) Information Access. Any employee of the utility, or
24	of any of its affiliates, engaged in retail sales or marketing of
25	electricity:
26	(i) Shall have access to only that information
27	available to all other energy service providers and must not have
28	preferential access to any information about the utility's transmission and
29	distribution systems, including additions to those systems, that is not
30	available to all energy service providers; and
31	(ii) Is prohibited from obtaining information about
32	the utility's transmission and distribution systems, including, but not
33	limited to, information about available transmission capability, price,
34	curtailments, and ancillary services, through access to information that is
35	not otherwise also available to the general public without restrictions.
36	(D) Disclosure. An electric utility is responsible for

1	ensuring compliance with the following provisions:
2	(i) Any employee of the utility or any employee of
3	an affiliate engaged in transmission or distribution functions may not
4	disclose to employees of the utility or any of its affiliates engaged in
5	retail sales or marketing any information concerning the distribution and
6	transmission systems of the utility or the transmission system of another,
7	including, without limitation, information received from nonaffiliates or
8	information about available transmission capability, price, curtailments,
9	ancillary services, or outages through nonpublic communications that are not
10	at the same time available to the general public without restriction;
11	(ii) If an employee of the utility engaged in
12	distribution or transmission functions discloses information not publicly
13	available in a manner contrary to the requirements of these standards of
14	conduct, the utility must immediately notify the Arkansas Public Service
15	Commission of such disclosure and provide such other notice to third parties
16	as the Arkansas Public Service Commission may direct; and
17	(iii) A utility may not share any market information
18	acquired from nonaffiliated energy service providers or potential
19	nonaffiliated energy service providers, or developed in the course of
20	responding to requests for transmission or distribution service with its own
21	employees, or those of an affiliate, engaged in retail marketing or sales.
22	(E) Implementing Tariffs.
23	(i) Employees of the utility engaged in transmission
24	or distribution functions must strictly enforce all tariff provisions
25	relating to the sale or purchase of open access retail transmission and
26	distribution service, if these provisions do not provide for the use of
27	discretion.
28	(ii) Employees of the utility engaged in
29	transmission and distribution operations must apply all tariff provisions
30	relating to the sale or purchase of open-access retail transmission and
31	distribution service in a fair and impartial manner that treats all
32	customers, including the utility and any affiliate, in a nondiscriminatory
33	manner, if these provisions involve discretion.
34	(iii) The utility must keep a log, available for
35	Arkansas Public Service Commission audit, detailing the circumstances and
36	manner in which it exercised its discretion under any terms of its tariffs.

1	(iv) The utility, through its tariffs or otherwise,
2	may not give preference to wholesale or retail purchases or sales made on
3	behalf of its own power customers, or those of an affiliate, over the
4	interest of any other customer in matters relating to the sale or purchase of
5	retail transmission or distribution service, including issues of price,
6	curtailments, scheduling, priority, and ancillary services.
7	(v) If the utility offers a discount on purchases of
8	retail transmission or distribution service made on behalf of its own power
9	customers or those of any affiliate, then, at the same time, it must publicly
10	offer to provide the same discount to all customers on the same path.
11	(F) Books and Records. A utility must maintain its books
12	of account and records separately from those of its affiliates, and the books
13	and records of any affiliate doing business with the utility must be
14	available for Arkansas Public Service Commission inspection;
15	(3) Maintenance of Written Procedures. The utility must
16	maintain in a public place and file with the Arkansas Public Service
17	Commission current written procedures implementing the standards of conduct
18	in such detail as will enable other electric service providers, customers,
19	and the Arkansas Public Service Commission to determine that the utility is
20	in compliance with the requirements of this section.
21	(e)(l) In addition to its proposed tariffs, the utility may file
22	supporting cost data for costs, if any, that have been found to exist as of
23	that date, to be recovered through a customer transition charge that has been
24	determined pursuant to §§ 23-19-303 and 23-19-304, and information specifying
25	the rate of its qualified intangible charge or charges, if any, resulting
26	from a securitization of stranded costs.
27	(2) Not later than one hundred eighty (180) days before the
28	implementation of retail open access, and in accordance with a schedule and
29	the procedures it may establish, the Arkansas Public Service Commission,
30	after a hearing, shall:
31	(A) Approve or modify and make effective as of that date
32	each electric utility's proposed tariffs for distribution services and any
33	other services that will remain subject to rate regulation; and
34	(B) Require electric utilities to show separate rates and
35	charges for their unbundled services on bills to retail electric customers.
36	(f) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall have authority to

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1	grant exceptions to any or all of the requirements set forth in subsections
2	(c) and (d) of this section for small systems, as defined by the Arkansas
3	Public Service Commission, if the Arkansas Public Service Commission
4	determines that the cost of compliance with such requirements exceeds the
5	public benefits which may be derived therefrom.
6	
7	23–19–301. Utility election for stranded cost recovery and recovery of
8	nuclear decommissioning costs.
9	(a)(l)(A) No later than December 31, 1999, any electric utility that
10	intends to seek recovery of stranded costs shall file notice of its intent
11	with the Arkansas Public Service Commission.
12	(B) The notice may subsequently be withdrawn by the
13	electric utility prior to filing its application pursuant to this subsection,
14	but no later than December 31, 2001, thereby precluding any recovery of
15	stranded costs through a customer transition charge.
16	(2)(A) Any electric utility that does not file its election by
17	December 31, 1999, shall not be eligible for recovery of stranded costs.
18	(B) The election shall be at the sole discretion of the
19	electric utility.
20	(3)(A) Following receipt of the notice, the commission, at the
21	earliest practicable date, shall direct the electric utility to file an
22	application setting forth the methods that the utility proposes to determine
23	its stranded costs.
24	(B) In no event shall the commission direct that the
25	electric utility file such an application any later than one hundred eighty
26	(180) days following the implementation of retail open access. Commission
27	proceedings on the application shall be pursuant to notice and hearing.
28	(b) An electric utility that does not elect to recover stranded costs
29	under this subchapter shall have no claim for stranded costs recovery under
30	this chapter, or otherwise.
31	(c) In its application to the commission, the electing electric
32	utility, for all of its generation assets, purchased power, and fuel and fuel
33	transportation costs, shall identify the methods and procedures which it
34	proposes to use to value its stranded costs and request all necessary
	commission approvals to implement such methods. The electric utility may
35	
36	propose, without limitation, any of the following methods or any combination

1	thereof:
2	(1) Sale of Assets. The electing utility may request commission
3	approval of the sale of some or all of its generation assets, including any
4	agreements to sell electricity or any purchased power or fuel and fuel
5	transportation agreements related to those assets. The electing electric
6	utility shall propose procedures to ensure a bona fide arms-length
7	transaction under a competitive offering. If the electing electric utility
8	proposes to sell only part of an asset, it shall specify one (1) or more of
9	the other methods in this subsection that it proposes to be used to establish
10	the market value of the remaining portion of the asset;
11	(2) Stock Valuation Method.
12	(A) The electing electric utility may request commission
13	approval of a procedure whereby the utility transfers generation assets,
14	including any related agreements to purchase fuel, fuel transportation
15	agreements, or agreements to sell electricity or any purchased power
16	contracts, to a separate affiliated or nonaffiliated corporation, and:
17	(i) At least nineteen percent (19%) of the common
18	stock of the corporation is divested and listed with a national stock
19	exchange for sale to public investors;
20	(ii) The common stock of the transferee corporation
21	has been traded for not less than one hundred eighty (180) days;
22	(iii) Ninety-five percent (95%) or more of the book
23	value of the transferee corporation's assets consist of generation assets or
24	purchased power obligations transferred from the electric utility and which
25	are includable in the determination of stranded costs allocable to Arkansas
26	ratepayers;
27	(iv) The transferee corporation's assets do not
28	include regulatory assets; and
29	(v) The assets transferred to the transferee
30	corporation were owned by, or were obligations of, the electric utility on
31	December 31, 1998; then the resulting average daily closing price of the
32	common stock over sixty (60) consecutive trading days chosen by the
33	commission out of the one hundred twenty (120) consecutive trading days
34	before the filing by the electric utility of its application under this
35	section would be used to establish the market value of the common stock
36	equity in the transferee corporation.

1 (B) Should the commission determine it to be in the public 2 interest to use the method described in subdivision (c)(2) of this section, the book value of the transferee corporation's debt and preferred stock 3 4 securities shall be added to the market value of the transferee corporation's 5 common stock equity in determining the market value of its assets. The 6 resulting market value of the assets shall be used to establish the market 7 value of the generation assets transferred by the electric utility to the 8 separate corporation. 9 (C)(i) If less than fifty-one percent (51%) of the common 10 stock of the transferee corporation described in subdivision  $(c)(2)(\Lambda)$  of 11 this section is divested and listed with a national stock exchange for sale to public investors, then the commission shall convene a valuation panel of 12 13 five (5) independent financial experts to recommend whether the common stock 14 held by the public is fairly representative of the total common stock equity 15 or whether a control premium exists for the retained interest. The panel 16 shall recommend the amount of any control premium, which amount shall be 17 presumed to be appropriate unless the commission determines by clear and 18 convincing evidence that the recommended amount is unreasonable. The 19 reasonable costs and expenses of the panel shall be paid by the utility whose 20 assets are being valued. These costs and expenses may not be recoverable 21 from ratepayers by the electric utility. (ii) The valuation panel must consist of financial 22 23 experts chosen from proposals submitted in response to commission requests 24 from the top thirty (30) investment banks as measured by the dollar amount of 25 domestic public offerings of long-term debt and equity over the immediately 26 preceding three (3) calendar years as ranked by the publications "Securities Data" or "Institutional Investor". An investment bank shall not be eligible 27 28 to submit a proposal if it has been retained by the electric utility, whose 29 assets are being valued, for purposes of underwriting the transfer of the 30 assets being valued, or if the bank was among the top two (2) primary 31 providers of investment services to the utility during the last two (2) years as measured by the fees paid by the utility and its affiliates for investment 32 33 services. Two (2) panel members shall be chosen by the utility whose assets are being valued. Two (2) panel members shall be chosen collectively by the 34 35 commission's general staff and any nonutility parties to the proceeding. The four (4) panel members so chosen shall choose the fifth panel member. If the 36

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1	commission's general staff and any nonutility parties to the proceeding are
2	unable to agree on two (2) panel members, each nonutility party shall be
3	entitled to propose a panel member and the commission shall choose the two
4	(2) panel members.
5	(D) Should the commission determine that then-current
6	market conditions do not reflect the value of the underlying stock, the
7	commission may extend the one-hundred-twenty-day period described in
8	subdivision (c)(2)(A)(v) of this section to include up to three hundred
9	sixty-five (365) days after the filing by the electric utility of its
10	application under this section.
11	(E) Any commission order approving a transfer of assets
12	pursuant to subdivision (c)(2) of this section shall determine a floor market
13	value for the assets. The provisions of any other subdivision of (c)(2) of
14	this section to the contrary notwithstanding, should the commission determine
15	it to be in the public interest to use the method described in subdivision
16	(c)(2) of this section, the amount included in calculating any customer
17	transition charge as contemplated by subsection (a) of this section or § 23-
18	19-601 et seq., shall be the greater of the floor market value; or the value
19	determined pursuant to subdivision (c)(2)(B) of this section, as adjusted
20	pursuant to subdivisions (c)(2)(C) and (D) of this section, if applicable.
21	However, should the utility show by clear and convincing evidence that the
22	value determined pursuant to subdivision (c)(2)(B) of this section, as
23	adjusted pursuant to subdivisions (c)(2)(C) and (D) of this section, if
24	applicable, accurately reflects the market value of the assets
25	notwithstanding that such value is below the floor market value, then the
26	commission shall use such value in calculating the amount of any customer
27	transition charge as contemplated by subsection (a) of this section or § 23-
28	<del>19-601 et seq.</del>
29	(3) Capacity Sale.
30	(A) The electing electric utility may request commission
31	approval of a proposal to solicit to sell an amount of power equal to at
32	least ten percent (10%) of the electric output of the generating asset or
33	assets being valued under this section, for a period of not less than ten
34	(10) years, in a bona fide arms-length transaction under a competitive
35	wholesale offering, so that the price realized from the sale of such
36	wholesale purchased power would be the discounted net present value of the

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1 expected revenues resulting from the purchased power sale reduced by all 2 generating costs of the generating asset or assets being valued using this method. In this process, the commission shall assure that in this or in any 3 other method chosen, there are credited against stranded costs all SO2 4 allowances and deferred tax balances. The utility may propose that the price 5 6 realized from the sale of a portion of the output of a generating facility be 7 imputed to the remaining portion of the facility. Generating costs include all fuel, operating and maintenance expenses, future capital investments 8 9 required to maintain plant operations to meet regulatory and safety requirements or expenditures that result in a net reduction of stranded 10 11 costs, and all applicable taxes. The expected output of the generating asset 12 or assets and representative generating costs will be based upon at least 13 three (3) years of recent operating experience at the same plant or plants, 14 adjusted for known and measurable changes. If the expected life of the 15 generating asset or assets is greater than the term of the purchased power 16 sale, then the average of the expected revenues in the final three (3) years 17 of the purchased power sale reduced by the estimated generating costs shall be escalated at the rate of inflation as measured by the Gross Domestic 18 19 Product Implicit Price Deflator, published by the United States Department of 20 Commerce or any successor index, as determined by a recognized forecasting 21 service for the remaining years of the plant life. 22 (4) The electing electric utility may request commission 23 approval to establish the value of assets, purchased power, fuel, and fuel 24 transportation agreements through other valuation methods not specified in 25 subdivisions (c)(1)-(3) of this section. To the extent reasonable and 26 practical, such other methods must be based on and consistent with publicly 27 available market data of bona fide arms-length transactions involving sales of generation assets or long-term power sales, or be reasonable projections 28 29 of such market data. To the extent reasonable and practical, any alternative 30 analysis or forecast shall be based on and consistent with publicly available 31 market-based data generally accepted within the industry or be a reasonable 32 projection of market data. In addition to such data, without limitation, the 33 following data may be incorporated in the analyses, to the extent necessary to yield a reasonable market valuation of the assets or agreements being 34 35 valued using this subdivision (c)(4): 36 (A) Generation plant technical and performance

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1	characteristics such as capacity ratings, fuel types, heat rates, and cost
2	characteristics;
3	(B) Reasonable forecasts of the supply of, demand for, and
4	price of electricity in relevant regional power markets;
5	(C) Reasonable forecasts of the supply of, demand for, and
6	price of fuels used to generate electricity; and
7	(D) Reasonable estimates of the cost of constructing,
8	owning, and operating new generation plants. With the consent of the
9	commission, the utility may use one of the other methods specified in this
10	subsection to determine the utility's stranded costs.
11	(d) The commission shall review the application submitted by an
12	electing electric utility as directed by the commission pursuant to
13	subsection (a) of this section to determine whether the methods and
14	procedures the utility has proposed to determine its stranded costs comply
15	with the requirements of this chapter and are reasonably structured to ensure
16	that the proposed methods will result in bona fide arms-length transactions
17	or estimates, utilizing market data or reasonable projections of market data,
18	of the value that would be achieved in bona fide arms-length transactions and
19	whether the proposed valuation methods would have an undue impact on the
20	determination of the utility's stranded costs and on the public interest.
21	(e)(l) Following its review pursuant to subsection (d) of this
22	section, the commission may approve, disapprove, or modify the utility's
23	proposals. Provided, however, that:
24	(A) Such modifications shall not require transactions or
25	estimates other than those specified in subsection (c) of this section; and
26	(B) The commission may not approve a transaction proposed
27	by a utility under subdivisions (c)(l), (2), or (3) of this section unless
28	the commission first has found that the market in which such a transaction is
29	to occur has developed sufficiently to allow a full and accurate
30	determination of the market value of the transaction.
31	(2) If the commission approves a sale of assets under
32	subdivision (c)(l) of this section or a capacity sale under subdivision
33	(c)(3) of this section, the commission may approve or modify the proposed
34	procedures to ensure that they result in bona fide arms-length transactions.
35	(3) If the commission approves transactions pursuant to
36	subdivision (c)(l) of this section or subdivision (c)(3) of this section, the

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1	commission may condition its approval on the receipt by the utility of a
2	specified minimum price for the assets or capacity, and any such minimum
3	price shall be consistent with the values indicated by similar market
4	transactions for comparable generating units, the value of capacity and
5	energy from such units as indicated by published indicators of prices for
6	energy commodities or transactions in the energy market, and reasonable
7	estimates of forward-looking costs of production and continued ownership of
8	the capacity. The floor price should be set so as to reflect the public
9	interest in encouraging reasonable bids for the capacity or assets being
10	<del>sold.</del>
11	(f) In any proceeding under this section, the commission within at
12	least one hundred eighty (180) days after the filing of the utility's
13	application shall enter an order on the procedures to implement the proposed
14	transactions. The commission may extend this period up to ninety (90)
15	additional days, for good cause shown.
16	
17	23-19-302. Mitigation of potential stranded costs.
18	(a) An electing electric utility shall have a duty to mitigate its
19	potential stranded costs by making its reasonable best efforts to reduce the
20	costs of its existing contracts with qualifying facilities and its fuel, fuel
21	transportation, and purchased power agreements by making its reasonable best
22	efforts to maintain its generation assets in accordance with prudent
23	practices in the electric utility industry and, if directed by the Arkansas
24	Public Service Commission, by submitting to annual earnings reviews by the
25	commission and using its earnings above the utility's authorized rate of
26	return to reduce the book value of generation assets until the date of retail
27	open access. An electing electric utility shall also consider seeking
28	commission approval of:
29	(1) Acceleration of depreciation on and amortization of the
30	utility's investment in generation assets;
31	(2) Use of the utility's earnings above the utility's authorized
32	rate of return to reduce the book value of generation assets;
33	(3) Sale of excess generating capacity;
34	(4) Securitization of stranded costs;
35	(5) Extending the operational life of generating facilities and
36	exercising any option the utility may have to extend commercially prudent

1	contracts; and
2	(6) Other mitigation measures as were reasonably known and
3	generally accepted within the electric utility industry prior to the filing
4	by the utility for a stranded cost determination.
5	(b) To the extent an electing electric utility has not made its
6	reasonable best efforts to mitigate its stranded costs pursuant to subsection
7	(a) of this section, its stranded costs as determined by the commission
8	pursuant to § 23-19-303 may be reduced by an amount commensurate with the
9	utility's failure to make such efforts.
10	(c) Except as provided in § 23-19-404, accounting write-downs or
11	write-offs of assets, mandatory divestiture of assets, and the allocation of
12	income from business activities of an electric utility or an affiliate not
13	reasonably related to the sale of electricity to retail customers in this
14	state or to the electric utility's regulated activities, shall not be
15	required to be used to mitigate stranded costs.
16	
17	23-19-303. Recovery of stranded costs.
18	(a) An electing electric utility shall have a right to recover through
19	a customer transition charge its net retail stranded costs, as may be
20	determined by the Arkansas Public Service Commission, over a reasonable
21	period of time in accordance with subdivision (h)(l)(A) of this section and
22	all other stranded costs as determined by the commission and any nuclear
23	decommissioning costs, as determined by the commission, associated with the
24	utility's generating assets. However, nuclear decommissioning costs shall
25	not be included in determining the utility's net retail stranded costs. An
26	electric utility may utilize securitization pursuant to § 23-19-601 et seq.,
27	but shall not be required to, to recover its net retail stranded costs and
28	other stranded costs as may be determined by the commission. The costs may
29	also be recovered as a component of a customer transition charge.
30	(b) A generation and transmission electric cooperative corporation
31	shall be entitled to recover its stranded costs, as determined by the
32	commission pursuant to this subchapter. A distribution electric cooperative
33	corporation which, prior to the implementation of retail open access,
34	purchased power from a generation and transmission electric cooperative
35	corporation shall recover on behalf of, and remit to, such generation and
36	transmission electric cooperative corporation its net retail stranded costs

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1	through a customer transition charge pursuant to this subchapter. The
2	commission shall determine the manner by which the generation and
3	transmission electric cooperative corporation's stranded costs are allocated
4	among those distribution electric cooperative corporations, and the
5	distribution electric cooperative corporations shall further allocate their
6	portion among their customers pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.
7	(c) After the electing electric utility has completed all transfers of
8	assets or sale of capacity authorized by the commission pursuant to § 23-19-
9	301, the utility shall file with the commission for a determination of its
10	net retail stranded costs, if any, including stranded costs associated with
11	any assets it may have retained, and all other stranded costs. After notice
12	and hearing, the commission shall determine the amount of net retail stranded
13	costs. The filing shall consist of the following information, in such form
14	as may be adopted by the commission, in addition to such other relevant
15	information as the commission may reasonably require:
16	(1) All of its net generation asset book value allocable to
17	Arkansas and all of the costs of its existing purchased power, fuel, and fuel
18	transportation agreements allocable to Arkansas, as of a date no earlier than
19	ninety (90) days prior to the date of the filing of its application;
20	(2) The market value of all of the electric utility's generating
21	assets, existing purchased power, fuel and fuel transportation agreements
22	allocable to Arkansas for which the commission has previously approved the
23	procedures for a sale of assets, a transfer of assets, or a capacity sale in
24	accordance with § 23-19-301 calculated in accordance with the methodologies
25	specified therein;
26	(3) The amount of any stranded costs the utility seeks to
27	recover pursuant to § 23-19-301(c)(4); and
28	(4) Any mechanism or mechanisms, including securitization, the
29	electric utility proposes to use to recover any stranded costs.
30	(d) The commission shall review the application of the utility. For
31	any generation assets, purchased power, fuel and fuel transportation
32	agreements for which the commission has previously approved a sale of assets,
33	a transfer of assets, or a capacity sale pursuant to § 23-19-301(c)(1)-(3),
34	the commission shall verify that the transactions were conducted according to
35	the procedures previously approved, and that the computations made by the
36	electing electric utility are in accordance with the appropriate

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1	methodologies specified in § 23-19-301(c). If the commission makes such
2	verification, the total net value realized from the sale shall establish the
3	market value of the generation assets sold. In determining the total net
4	value, transaction costs and any related taxes associated with the sale shall
5	be deducted from the sales price. For any generation assets, purchased
6	power, fuel and fuel transportation agreements for which the commission has
7	not previously approved a sale of assets, a transfer of assets, or a capacity
8	sale, if the commission determines after notice and hearing that a method
9	chosen by the utility results in an unreasonable level of stranded costs, the
10	commission may adopt some other reasonable method to quantify the utility's
11	stranded costs. In no event shall the amount of stranded costs exceed the
12	just and reasonable costs that are or would have been included in rates under
13	continued regulation.
14	(e) Net retail stranded costs and all other stranded costs shall be
15	allocated between wholesale and retail customers and further allocated among
16	retail customer classes. Such costs shall be allocated between wholesale and
17	retail customers in accordance with the methodologies or ratios used in the
18	commission's most recent general rate order fixing rates for the electric
19	utility. Such costs shall be further allocated among retail customer classes
20	in accordance with the methodologies or ratios used to allocate production
21	demand related costs in the commission's most recent general rate order
22	fixing rates for the utility.
23	(f) The electing electric utility shall be authorized to collect
24	generation-related regulatory assets and other stranded costs not consisting
25	of generation assets, purchased power or fuel or fuel transportation costs as
26	the commission determines to be:
27	(1) Reasonable;
28	(2) Known and measurable; and
29	(3) Directly related to the implementation of retail open
30	access.
31	(g) The commission shall enter a final order in any proceeding
32	necessary to the determination of an electing electric utility's stranded
33	cost in a timely manner.
34	(h)(l) Subsequent to the commission's determination of all of an
35	electric utility's net retail stranded costs and other stranded costs, in
36	accordance with § 23-19-301 and subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the

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1 commission after notice and hearing shall approve a customer transition 2 charge that will allow each applicable electric utility to recover its stranded costs that have not been securitized and are not recoverable 3 4 pursuant to § 23-19-605(d). The commission shall exercise its discretion and 5 judgment to determine the most appropriate structure of such rate for each 6 such electric utility, subject to the following conditions: 7 (A) The rate shall be designed to provide for recovery of 8 applicable stranded costs over a period no longer than the dollar-weighted 9 average remaining life of the assets or contracts to which the stranded costs 10 are related, and the rate initially established shall remain in effect 11 unaltered until the stranded costs have been fully recovered, except for any adjustment that may be appropriate as a result of a revision pursuant to 12 13 subsection (i) of this section to the initial determination of the electric 14 utility's net retail stranded costs; 15 (B) The rate shall reflect a return on the utility's 16 unrecovered stranded costs based on the cost of capital the commission has 17 most recently determined appropriate for that utility at the time the customer transition charge becomes initially effective, except that, in the 18 19 event the commission authorizes the recovery of purchased power costs or 20 other periodically recurring stranded costs, through a separate rate or 21 rider, any such costs shall be excluded from the calculation of the cost of 22 capital on the utility's unrecovered stranded costs. This cost of capital shall remain fixed for the duration of the stranded cost recovery period for 23 24 purposes of determining the amount of stranded cost to be amortized each 25 month during the recovery period; 26 (C) The rate shall be designed to reflect a credit for the 27 time value of money related to the net proceeds from the sale or transfer by 28 the utility of any asset includable in the calculation of the utility's 29 stranded costs after December 31, 1998, and prior to the time that the 30 customer transition charge is determined. However, such credit shall be 31 included only to the extent that the time value of such money is not credited to customers in an appropriate accounting adjustment in an annual review of 32 33 the utility's earnings by the commission. In the event the utility sells or transfers an asset for more than the asset's net book value, a credit for the 34 35 time value of money shall be made to the extent that the net proceeds from the sale or transfer exceed the net book value of the asset sold or 36

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1	transferred and such excess is not reflected in an annual review of the
2	utility's earnings by the commission and credited to customers in an
3	appropriate accounting adjustment. Such credit shall be computed utilizing
4	the utility's net after-tax proceeds from such transfer or sale and the cost
5	of capital the commission has most recently determined appropriate for that
6	utility. In the event the utility has to purchase capacity, not energy, to
7	replace the sold or transferred capacity, the cost of such replacement
8	capacity shall be applied as an offset to the calculation of the time value
9	of money credit described in this subdivision (h)(3); and
10	(D) The rate shall be designed to reflect a credit for the
11	time value of money related to purchased power costs or other recurring
12	stranded costs that are not recovered through a separate rate or rider and
13	are included in the calculation of the utility's stranded costs, to the
14	extent the utility receives stranded cost recovery payment from ratepayers
15	prior to the time that the utility is required to make payment under the
16	purchased power contract or other periodically recurring obligation. Such
17	credit shall be computed utilizing the utility's cost of capital the
18	commission has most recently determined appropriate for that utility.
19	(2) The electric utility shall submit quarterly reports showing
20	the amount of stranded costs recovered and the balance remaining to be
21	recovered.
22	(3) If, after notice and hearing, the commission determines that
23	the level of stranded costs actually collected by the electric utility
24	pursuant to subdivision (e)(1) of this section exceeded the commission's
25	previous determination of the utility's stranded costs, the commission shall
26	order a refund of the difference between the amount authorized to be
27	collected and the amount actually collected to Arkansas jurisdictional retail
28	customers subject to the electric utility's customer transition charge over a
29	reasonable period. Any such refund ordered by the commission shall not
30	affect revenues that have been securitized pursuant to § 23-19-601 et seq.,
31	and, if a refund is ordered to be paid by an electric utility that has
32	securitized such revenues pursuant to § 23-19-601 et seq., such refund shall
33	be made from funds other than revenues collected pursuant to § 23-19-601 et
34	<del>seq.</del>
35	(i) For generating assets, existing purchased power and fuel
36	transportation agreements valued pursuant to § 23-19-301(c)(4) or the last

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1 sentence of subsection (d) of this section, the commission, within thirty-six (36) months of the entry of a final order determining an electric utility's 2 net retail stranded costs may initiate a proceeding to review the level of 3 4 stranded costs determined pursuant to § 23-19-301(c)(4) or the last sentence of subsection (d) of this section, and the commission after notice and 5 6 hearing may revise the electric utility's net retail stranded costs to the 7 extent newly available market data support revision of the stranded cost determination under § 23-19-301(c)(4) or the last sentence of subsection (d) 8 9 of this section, applying the criteria set forth therein. Newly available 10 market data shall include, but not be limited to, the sale of, the transfer 11 of a stock interest in, or the sale of capacity from, all or part of the 12 asset being valued, provided such sale or transfer has been approved by the 13 commission for purposes of a stranded cost determination. The amount of the 14 revised determination of net retail stranded cost to be collected from 15 customers shall be limited to the difference, positive or negative, between 16 the level of stranded costs the electric utility has securitized, if any, and 17 the initial determination of net retail stranded cost. In any proceeding under this subsection, the commission shall complete its review within one 18 hundred fifty (150) days, but the commission may extend the review period up 19 20 to thirty (30) additional days, for good cause shown. 21 22 23-19-304. Recovery of transition costs. 23 (a) During a period of time ending thirty-six (36) months after the implementation of retail open access, an electric utility shall be allowed to 24 25 recover transition costs incurred no later than twenty-four (24) months after 26 the implementation of retail open access as may be determined by the Arkansas 27 Public Service Commission after notice and hearing, through a customer 28 transition charge. Transition costs surcharges will be subject to annual 29 review by the commission and costs included therein shall be prudent, 30 reasonable, and directly caused by retail open access. 31 (b) After notice and an opportunity for hearing, the commission shall 32 annually adjust the level of the customer transition charge to ensure the 33 recovery of undercollections from the previous year and the refund of 34 overcollections from the previous year. 35 (c) An application for recovery of transition costs shall not be 36 treated as an application for recovery of stranded costs or as an application

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1	for a qualified rate order. Transition costs shall not include costs
2	includable in the determination of stranded costs pursuant to § 23-19-303.
3	(d) A generation and transmission electric cooperative corporation
4	shall be entitled to recover its transition costs, as determined by the
5	commission pursuant to this section. A distribution electric cooperative
6	corporation which purchases power from a generation and transmission electric
7	cooperative corporation shall recover on behalf of, and remit to, such
8	generation and transmission electric cooperative corporation its transition
9	costs through a customer transition charge pursuant to this section. The
10	commission shall determine the manner by which the generation and
11	transmission electric cooperative corporation's transition costs are
12	allocated among those distribution electric cooperative corporations.
13	
14	23-19-401. Commission rules and regulations.
15	(a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall adopt appropriate
16	rules on or before the date determined by the commission for the
17	implementation of retail open access to promote the following goals:
18	(1) All electric utilities doing business in this state should
19	retain their historical obligations to connect customers to the electric
20	utility grid upon reasonable terms and conditions;
21	(2) Retail customers should have access to safe, reliable, and
22	affordable electricity, including protection against service disconnections
23	in extreme weather or in cases of medical emergency or nonpayment for
24	unrelated services;
25	(3) Electric utility bills, usage, and payment records should be
26	treated as confidential, unless the retail customer consents to their release
27	or the information is provided only in the aggregate;
28	(4) Bills should be accurate and understandable;
29	(5) A retail customer's chosen provider should not be changed
30	without the retail customer's informed consent;
31	(6) A retail customer should have access to a continuity of
32	service provider;
33	(7) Retail customers should have access to sufficient
34	information to make an informed choice of service provider, including, but
35	not limited to, information on rates. The commission shall establish minimum
36	standards for the form and content of such information to be disseminated by

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1	an electric utility or energy service provider, including standards for the
2	disclosure of the environmental effects of the generation being supplied,
3	where such disclosure would be practical and accurate, provided that such
4	minimum standards:
5	(A) Shall be just and reasonable;
6	(B) Shall not unnecessarily inhibit the initiation and
7	development of competition for any service; and
8	(C) May vary for different services and different classes
9	of customers;
10	(8) A retail customer should be entitled to truthful and
11	reasonable marketing and sales practices, including abiding by the
12	commission's disclosure requirements related to the environmental effects of
13	the generation being supplied as provided in subdivision (a)(7) of this
14	section, as well as nondiscriminatory and nonabusive billing, credit,
15	collection, and service connection practices; and
16	(9) Evaluate the impact of competition on renewable energy
17	development and on low income and energy efficiency programs.
18	(b) The commission shall adopt after notice and hearing such other
19	rules and regulations as it deems appropriate for the purposes of this
20	chapter, including, without limitation, rules governing promotional practices
21	relating to regulated services offered by electric utilities and rules for
22	interconnection to transmission and distribution facilities.
23	(c) The commission shall have jurisdiction over all electric
24	utilities, municipal corporations owning municipal electric utilities which
25	elect to offer retail open access, and energy service providers in enforcing
26	rules adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The commission may
27	begin a proceeding, on its own motion, or upon the complaint of a retail
28	customer or other affected party, to impose after notice and hearing a civil
29	sanction not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), for failure to comply
30	with rules or orders adopted pursuant to this chapter for each day such
31	violation should continue, or in the case of repeated and substantial
32	violations of such rules or orders, to revoke or suspend the registration or
33	certificate of convenience and necessity of an electric utility or the
34	license of an energy service provider. The proceeds from the civil sanctions
35	imposed under this subsection shall be deposited into the State Treasury as
36	special revenues and shall be credited to the Public Service Commission Fund.

1	
2	23-19-402. Continuity of service provider.
3	(a)(l)(A) On and after the implementation of retail open access, each
4	incumbent electric utility or a retail affiliate thereof doing business in
5	this state shall offer a standard service package on such conditions as may
6	be set by the Arkansas Public Service Commission within its distribution
7	service territory and shall have an obligation to provide that service to any
8	customer who chooses to receive the service, when any such customer has not
9	selected an alternative energy service provider, or in the event any such
10	customer has not been able to secure an alternative energy service provider.
11	(B) The obligation to offer the standard service package
12	shall be continuous, and any customer may choose to receive service or to
13	return to service under the standard service package, subject to terms and
14	conditions which the commission may establish in the interest of maintaining
15	a stable competitive market.
16	(2)(A) After notice and hearing, the commission shall establish
17	procedures and methods by which the electric utility or a retail affiliate
18	thereof shall demonstrate that its rates for the standard service package are
19	consistent with competitive market prices.
20	(B) The commission may require that the electric utility
21	or a retail affiliate thereof use competitive bidding to procure some or all
22	of the generation necessary to fulfill its obligations under this subsection.
23	(C) The provisions of subdivisions (a)(2)(A) and (B) of
24	this section shall not apply to an electric utility or retail affiliate
25	thereof which agrees to have its rates for this service established pursuant
26	to <b>\$\$</b> 23-4-101 - 23-4-207 and 23-4-401 - 23-4-509, and in the case of a rural
27	electric cooperative, the additional provisions in § 23-4-901 et seq.
28	(b) Rates and charges for electricity and electric service provided as
29	part of a standard service package to residential and small business
30	customers for one (1) year following the implementation of retail open access
31	shall be the same as the rates and charges for any comparable service
32	provided by the electric utility to such customers immediately prior to the
33	implementation of retail open access. In the event an electric utility
34	recovers stranded costs pursuant to § 23-19-303, rates and charges for
35	electricity and electric service, including any stranded costs and nuclear
36	decommissioning costs included in a customer transition charge, provided as

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1	part of its standard service package to residential and small-business
2	customers, for three (3) years following the implementation of retail open
3	access shall be the same as the rates and charges for any comparable service
4	provided by the electric utility to such customers immediately prior to the
5	implementation of retail open access. In no event shall customers receiving
6	service under the standard service package during the one-year or three-year
7	periods set forth in this subsection experience an increase in rates
8	resulting from their allocation of customer transition charges. For purposes
9	of this subsection, a small-business customer is one whose maximum peak
10	demand does not exceed one hundred kilowatts (100 kW), unless designated at a
11	lower kilowatt level by the commission after notice and hearing.
12	(c) The restrictions in subsection (b) of this section shall not apply
13	to any fuel adjustment clause or energy cost recovery rider approved by the
14	commission and in effect as of the effective date of this chapter, and the
15	commission shall permit any electric utility subject to the restrictions in
16	subsection (b) of this section to recover fuel and fuel-related costs through
17	such clauses or riders during the period the electric utility is subject to
10	the restrictions in subsection (b) of this section, but not thereafter.
18	the restrictions in subsection (b) of this section, but not increated.
18 19	the restrictions in subsection (b) of this section, but not thereafter,
	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings.
19	
19 20	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings.
19 20 21	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated
19 20 21 22	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be
19 20 21 22 23	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the
19 20 21 22 23 24	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to subsidize the provision of any unregulated electric service or any other
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to subsidize the provision of any unregulated electric service or any other
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to subsidize the provision of any unregulated electric service or any other unregulated activity.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to subsidize the provision of any unregulated electric service or any other unregulated activity.
<ol> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> </ol>	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions specified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to subsidize the provision of any unregulated electric service or any other unregulated activity. 23-19-404. Market power analysis. (a) No later than January 1, 2001, and at such later times as the
<ol> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> </ol>	23-19-403. Affiliate dealings. All transactions among or between the regulated and any unregulated divisions, components, or affiliates of an electric utility shall be conducted at arm's length, subject to such rules as may be promulgated by the Arkansas Public Service Commission. All such transactions that involve regulated services shall be subject to the rates, terms, and conditions opecified in tariffs approved by the commission. An electric utility shall not use any revenue from any regulated asset, operation, or service to subsidize the provision of any unregulated electric service or any other unregulated activity. 23-19-404. Market power analysis. (a) No later than January 1, 2001, and at such later times as the Arkansas Public Service Commission may direct, electric utilities and energy

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1	shall be consistent with guidelines, standards, and methods issued or used by
2	the United States Department of Justice or the Federal Trade Commission,
3	including, but not limited to, methods for defining the relevant market,
4	measuring market concentration, identifying entry barriers, and assessing the
5	existence of market power. Such analyses shall address the availability of
6	transmission import capability, contractual or other mechanisms that would
7	affect market concentration, and such other factors as the commission
8	prescribes by rule or order.
9	(b)(1) Upon application, complaint, or its own motion, and after
10	notice and hearing, the commission shall issue an order finding whether any
11	provider of a product or service for which competition is authorized by this
12	<del>chapter has market power.</del>
13	(2)(A) Within sixty (60) days of the issuance of the order,
14	unless the commission grants an extension of time, the provider shall file
15	with the commission, consistent with any rules or orders of the commission, a
16	market power mitigation plan designed to eliminate the market power found by
17	the commission.
18	(B) The plan may include, without limitation, price caps,
19	transitional standard offers, the auction of generation to be sold under
20	long-term power contracts, the placement of assets or activities in
21	affiliated corporations, and divestiture of assets or activities.
22	(3)(A) After notice and hearing considering the plan, along with
23	any alternative plans proposed by intervenors or commission staff, the
24	commission shall order the provider to implement those measures determined by
25	the commission to be necessary to mitigate the market power that it finds to
26	be in the public interest.
27	(B) The mitigation measures shall be implemented as soon
28	as practicable, in accordance with a schedule established by the commission,
29	taking into account the planned date for the implementation of retail open
30	access.
31	(C)(i) The measures ordered by the commission may include,
32	but are not limited to:
33	(a) Price caps;
34	(b) Transitional standard offers;
35	(c) The auction of generation to be sold under
36	long-term power contracts;

1	(d) The auction or other competitive selection
2	of the right to serve customers who have not made an affirmative selection of
3	an electric utility or electric service provider as provided in subsection
4	(c) of this section; and
5	(e) Divestiture of assets or activities.
6	(ii)(a) Provided, the commission may not order an
7	electric utility or affiliated energy services provider to divest assets or
8	activities without the consent of the utility or affiliated energy services
9	provider, unless and until the commission determines that other available
10	measures will not adequately mitigate the utility's or affiliated energy
11	services provider's market power.
12	(b) Furthermore, the commission may delay
13	implementation of divestiture until after the implementation of retail open
14	access if implementing divestiture prior thereto would increase the utility's
15	stranded costs and would be contrary to the public interest.
16	(D) If the commission determines that no mitigation plan
17	proposed or considered pursuant to this subsection will adequately mitigate
18	market power, the commission:
19	(i) Shall notify the House and Senate Committees on
20	Insurance and Commerce; and
21	(ii) May refer its findings and any recommendations
22	to appropriate state or federal authorities, file an action or actions under
23	applicable laws in any court of competent jurisdiction, or take such other
24	action as is authorized by law.
25	(4)(A) Nothing in this subsection shall in any way limit the
26	obligations or liability under state or federal antitrust or consumer
27	protection laws or regulations of an electric utility or energy service
28	provider for conduct arising after implementation of retail open access.
29	(B) In addition, a proceeding pursuant to this subsection
30	shall not be a condition precedent to an action pursuant to state or federal
31	antitrust or consumer protection laws or regulations.
32	(c) For that period of time subsequent to the one-year or three-year
33	periods referenced in § 23-19-402(b), each incumbent electric utility or its
34	retail affiliate shall continue to have the obligation to provide a standard
35	service package pursuant to § 23-19-402(a) to those of its distribution
36	customers that have not elected or are unable to secure an alternative energy

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1	service provider, provided that the commission has first found that neither
2	the incumbent utility nor any affiliate thereof has market power over the
3	sale to any customer class of any component of such bundled service for which
4	competition has been authorized by this chapter. If the commission finds
5	that such market power exists, the commission shall determine the most
6	appropriate method of providing the electric service needs of such
7	distribution customers on a fair and equitable basis, including, but not
8	limited to, allowing energy service providers to compete for the opportunity
9	to serve some or all such customers pursuant to reasonable rates, terms, and
10	conditions. The commission may adopt such method only after notice and
11	hearing and finding that such method is in the public interest.
12	(d) "Market power" means the ability to impose on customers a
13	significant and nontransitory price increase on a product or service in a
14	market above the price level which would prevail in a competitive market or
15	exclude competition in the relevant market.
16	(e)(l)(A) No later than April 1, 2009, and annually thereafter, the
17	commission shall submit to the General Assembly a report assessing the
18	competitiveness of those markets for which competition has been authorized by
19	this chapter.
	this chapter. (B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to
19	-
19 20	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to
19 20 21	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be
19 20 21 22	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed.
19 20 21 22 23	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees
19 20 21 22 23 24	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the Ceneral Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets for which competition has been authorized by this chapter is subject to
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets for which competition has been authorized by this chapter is subject to effective competition. After such a finding, the commission shall revoke or
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets for which competition has been authorized by this chapter is subject to effective competition. After such a finding, the commission shall revoke or revise such market power mitigation measures, previously ordered by the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets for which competition has been authorized by this chapter is subject to effective competition. After such a finding, the commission shall revoke or revise such market power mitigation measures, previously ordered by the
<ol> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> </ol>	(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed. (2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section. (f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets for which competition has been authorized by this chapter is subject to effective competition. After such a finding, the commission shall revoke or revise such market power mitigation measures, previously ordered by the
<ol> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(B) Each report shall include a recommendation as to whether the authority granted to the commission under this section should be continued, revised, or repealed.</li> <li>(2) Upon receipt of the report, the House and Senate Committees on Insurance and Commerce shall make a recommendation to the Ceneral Assembly as to whether to revise or repeal this section.</li> <li>(f) Upon a petition filed or on its own motion, the commission may find, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that one (1) or more markets for which competition has been authorized by this chapter is subject to effective competition. After such a finding, the commission shall revoke or revise such market power mitigation measures, previously ordered by the commission, to the extent such revocation or modification is consistent with the maintenance of effective competition.</li> </ul>

1 that it is in the public interest may declare billing, metering, collection, 2 and any customer service offered by an electric utility as a regulated 3 service to be competitive and exempt from rate regulation. This subsection 4 shall not be construed to require that the commission declare such services 5 to be competitive or to limit the commission's ability to declare such 6 services competitive only in certain areas or only when offered by a 7 particular type of electric utility. 8 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, no electric 9 utility or energy service provider shall furnish or offer to furnish to or 10 for the public, connections to facilities to obtain electricity or shall 11 provide billing, metering, or collection services related to the provision of 12 electricity to or for the public in any service territory in which such 13 services are being provided by a municipal corporation owning a municipal electric utility without the consent of such municipal corporation. 14 15 16 23-19-502. Rates, terms, and conditions of electric distribution and 17 transmission service. (a) The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall continue to regulate 18 19 the rates, terms, and conditions applicable to the provision of 20 jurisdictional electric distribution service. 21 (b) All electric utilities shall retain all existing rights and 22 obligations to provide exclusive electric distribution service in their service territories. Each electric utility shall connect and deliver 23 24 electricity to all retail electric customers or other consumers in its service territory at rates and on terms and conditions that: 25 26 (1) Do not discriminate among electric suppliers, retail 27 electric customers, or other consumers; and 28 (2) Are, at a minimum, equivalent to the rates, terms, and 29 conditions on which the electric utility provides service to itself or any 30 affiliates. 31 (c) To the extent not subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the 32 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or other federal agency, the commission 33 shall have the authority to establish the rates, terms, and conditions of 34 transmission in this state. Such authority shall include the authority to: 35 (1) Establish rates for unbundled transmission service; (2) Direct any utility that owns transmission facilities to 36

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1	modify those facilities located within the state in order to relieve
2	transmission constraints that are shown to impede the development of
3	effective competition in the state; and
4	(3) Promulgate rules for interconnection to distribution and
5	transmission facilities located within the state.
6	(d) No utility shall sell, lease, rent, or otherwise transfer in any
7	manner control of transmission facilities in the state without the approval
8	of the commission, provided that such approval shall be required only to the
9	extent not subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Federal Energy
10	Regulatory Commission or other federal agency.
11	(e) The commission is hereby authorized to coordinate, consult, and
12	cooperate as it deems necessary and appropriate with the regulatory
13	commissions of other states and the United States, and with any independent
14	transmission entity providing services in Arkansas, in its restructuring of
15	electric utility services, in the determination of appropriate methods of
16	unbundling costs, in planning to ensure adequate transmission capacity for
17	regional markets, and in the determination of the appropriate method of
18	owning and operating regional, multistate transmission grids.
19	
19 20	23-19-601. Determination of qualified stranded costs.
	23-19-601. Determination of qualified stranded costs. No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the
20	-
20 21	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the
20 21 22	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail
20 21 22 23	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its
20 21 22 23 24	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its
20 21 22 23 24 25	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f).
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public Service Commission is authorized to issue qualified rate orders under this
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public Service Commission is authorized to issue qualified rate orders under this subchapter to facilitate the recovery or financing of all or any portion of
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public Service Commission is authorized to issue qualified rate orders under this subchapter to facilitate the recovery or financing of all or any portion of the qualified costs of an electric utility or its assignee.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public Service Commission is authorized to issue qualified rate orders under this subchapter to facilitate the recovery or financing of all or any portion of the qualified costs of an electric utility or its assignee. (b) A proceeding seeking a qualified rate order may be initiated only
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a) (f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public Service Commission is authorized to issue qualified rate orders under this subchapter to facilitate the recovery or financing of all or any portion of the qualified costs of an electric utility or its assignee. (b) A proceeding seeking a qualified rate order may be initiated only by an electric utility seeking to collect and securitize qualified intangible
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	No proceeding seeking a qualified rate order shall commence until after the Arkansas Public Service Commission has determined the amount of net retail stranded costs that the electric utility is entitled to recover from its retail customers pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f). 23-19-602. Application for qualified rate order. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Arkansas Public Service Commission is authorized to issue qualified rate orders under this subchapter to facilitate the recovery or financing of all or any portion of the qualified costs of an electric utility or its assignee. (b) A proceeding seeking a qualified rate order may be initiated only by an electric utility seeking to collect and securitize qualified intangible charges to recover qualified costs, and an electric utility may initiate one

1	utility-specific stranded costs under any section of this chapter.
2	(c) Each application for a qualified rate order shall describe and
3	quantify:
4	(1) The qualified stranded costs the electric utility seeks to
5	recover;
6	(2) The estimated qualified financing costs that will result
7	from the securitization of the qualified intangible charges;
8	(3) The qualified intangible charges required to assure recovery
9	of the qualified costs;
10	(4) A schedule showing the period over which the qualified
11	intangible charges will be collected;
12	(5) The electric utility's proposal for the pledge, assignment,
13	sale, or other transfer of qualified intangible property or the issuance of
14	qualified bonds;
15	(6) The use of the net proceeds of the qualified bonds proposed
16	by the electric utility. The uses shall be limited to reduction of
17	outstanding debt and equity capital of the electric utility; and
18	(7) The description of professionals to be utilized in the
19	securitization, including securities counsel, investment banker and
20	consultants, the selection of which shall have been previously jointly
21	approved by the electric utility and the commission.
22	
23	23-19-603. Proceeding before the Arkansas Public Service Commission.
24	(a) Upon application by an electric utility for a qualified rate
25	order, the Arkansas Public Service Commission shall give public notice of
26	such application pursuant to any applicable provisions of the commission's
27	rules of practice and procedure. The qualified rate order proceeding shall
28	not be considered a proceeding to change rates under applicable law or to
29	amend the amount or extent of qualified stranded costs previously determined
30	in proceedings pursuant to § 23-19-303. The commission may not consider any
31	other changes to the rates or revenue requirement of the electric utility,
32	including, but not limited to, its cost of capital, expenses, rate base, or
33	revenues, and the qualified rate order proceeding shall be limited to those
34	matters related to the qualified rate order described in this section.
35	(b) If the commission determines that the application contains the
36	information specified in § 23-19-602 and that the total amount of qualified

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1	intangible charges to be recovered pursuant to the qualified rate order is
2	less than the amount that would be recovered using conventional financing
3	methods, then the commission shall issue a qualified rate order on the terms
4	requested by the electric utility if:
5	(1) The qualified bonds will have a term of fifteen (15) years
6	or less from the date of issue;
7	(2) The qualified intangible charges will be imposed until the
8	payment in full of the principal of, and the interest and any acquisition or
9	redemption premium on, all outstanding qualified bonds and any other related
10	qualified financing costs; and
11	(3) The qualified stranded costs do not exceed the amount of
12	stranded cost of the utility determined by the commission pursuant to § 23-
13	<del>19-303.</del>
14	(c) The commission shall complete its review of the application and
15	issue its final determination not later than one hundred twenty (120) days
16	after the date of the filing.
17	(d)(l) The qualified rate order shall state:
18	(A) The amount of qualified costs to be recovered, which,
19	unless approved by the commission, shall not exceed eighty percent (80%) of
20	the amount of net retail stranded costs of the utility as determined by the
21	commission pursuant to § 23-19-303(a)-(f), but the commission shall not, in
22	any event, order securitization of an amount in excess of the amount of
23	qualified stranded costs the utility proposed to securitize;
24	(B) The qualified intangible charge, which:
25	(i) Must be a nonbypassable charge, consistent with
26	§ 23-19-605, sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on qualified
27	bonds and assure full recovery of the qualified costs in the period over
28	which the qualified intangible charges will be collected;
29	(ii) Shall be allocated among the electric utility's
30	retail customer classes in accordance with the methodologies or ratios used
31	to allocate production demand-related costs in the commission's most recent
32	general rate order fixing rates for the electric utility; and
33	(iii) Shall be designed in accordance with the
34	methodology used to design rates for such retail customer classes; and
35	(C) The procedures for periodic adjustment of the
36	qualified intangible charges under § 23-19-605(d) to ensure that all

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1	qualified costs approved in the qualified rate order are being recovered in
2	accordance with the schedule filed by the electric utility with the
3	commission pursuant to § 23-19-602.
4	(2)(A) In its qualified rate order, the commission shall afford
5	the electric utility flexibility in establishing the terms and conditions of
6	the qualified bonds, including transaction structure, repayment schedules,
7	interest rates, and other financing costs, provided that prior to the
8	issuance of the qualified bonds and the entry of the qualified rate order,
9	the electric utility shall file with the commission the proposed final terms
10	of issuance including a description of all financial terms, anticipated
11	repayment schedule, and proposed financing costs. The commission in its
12	review may disallow the recovery of any financing costs it deems unreasonable
13	and must find that the proposed transaction represents acceptable savings to
14	the public.
15	(B) The qualified bonds shall be issued within two (2)
16	years after the date the qualified rate order becomes final, including all
17	appeals of the qualified rate order. Provided, however:
18	(i) Nothing in this subchapter shall require an
19	electric utility or any assignee thereof to issue qualified bonds; and
20	(ii) Should the issuance of the qualified bonds be
21	delayed more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the entry of the
22	qualified rate order, before the issuance of such qualified bonds, the
23	electric utility shall update current financial information by filing with
24	the commission the proposed final terms of issuance, including a description
25	of all financial terms, anticipated repayment schedule, and proposed
26	financing costs on which the commission's review shall be completed within
27	fourteen (14) days.
28	(C) Within fourteen (14) days after the issuance of the
29	qualified bonds, the electric utility shall file the final terms of issuance
30	with the commission, including a schedule of principal and interest payment
31	on the qualified bonds.
32	
33	23-19-604. Qualified rate order to be irrevocable.
34	Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to modification
35	pursuant to the provisions of this section, each qualified rate order and the
36	qualified intangible charges specified in such order, as adjusted under § 23-

1 19-605(d), shall be irrevocable upon issuance of the qualified bonds authorized in the order. The related qualified intangible property upon the 2 qualified rate order becoming effective pursuant to the provisions of this 3 4 subchapter shall constitute a presently existing, fully vested property right 5 for all purposes, including for contracts securing qualified bonds, whether 6 or not the revenues and proceeds arising with respect thereto have accrued. 7 The Arkansas Public Service Commission shall not in any manner whatsoever, directly or indirectly, legally or equitably, rescind, alter, repeal, modify, 8 9 or amend a qualified rate order to revalue or revise the amount of qualified 10 intangible property, qualified costs, or qualified intangible charges, except 11 as such qualified intangible charges may be adjusted pursuant to § 23-19-12 605(d), or the revenues required to recover qualified costs or pay qualified 13 bonds, determine that the qualified costs or the qualified intangible charges 14 are unjust or unreasonable in any way, or reduce or impair the value of the 15 qualified intangible property. The revenues arising with respect to the 16 qualified intangible property shall not be subject to reduction, impairment, 17 postponement or termination until the related qualified costs have been fully 18 recovered over the term of the qualified bonds and the principal of and 19 interest on the qualified bonds issued to finance such qualified costs have 20 been fully paid in accordance with the schedule filed by the electric utility 21 with the commission pursuant to § 23-19-603(d)(2)(C). Notwithstanding the 22 foregoing provisions of this section, before the issuance of qualified bonds pursuant to the applicable qualified rate order, the qualified rate order may 23 24 be modified, but only with the express written consent of both the commission 25 and the electric utility. Any qualified rate order so modified shall be 26 irrevocable as provided for in this section. 27 28 23-19-605. Qualified intangible charges. 29 (a) The qualified intangible charges shall be separately recorded and tracked on the books and records of the electric utility. The qualified 30 31 intangible charge shall be a separate customer transition charge, consistent 32 with the qualified rate order and the schedule to be filed by the electric 33 utility with the Arkansas Public Service Commission pursuant to § 23-19-603(d)(2)(C). Any order by the commission or a regulatory authority setting 34 35 the electric utility's rates in the future shall include the qualified

36 intangible charge as a separate customer transition charge.

1 (b) Except as provided in this subchapter, the electric utility shall have the exclusive right to directly charge, collect, receive, and be paid 2 3 from collections of qualified intangible charges. The right shall be assignable solely within the discretion of the electric utility. 4 5 (c) Qualified intangible charges shall be customer transition charges 6 collectible by the electric utility or its successors and assigns. The 7 collection may be on behalf of an assignee. It is the intent of this chapter that each retail customer shall have an obligation to pay all customer 8 9 transition charges so long as the customer is still connected to the 10 distribution or transmission systems of the electric utility imposing the 11 customer transition charge, regardless of which persons supply the retail 12 customer with electricity. 13 (d) At the intervals provided for in the qualified rate order, which 14 shall be not less frequent than once each year, the electric utility shall 15 calculate and implement adjustments to the qualified intangible charges to 16 ensure that all qualified costs included in the qualified rate order are 17 being recovered consistent with the schedule to be filed by the electric utility with the commission pursuant to § 23-19-603(d)(2)(C) and that any 18 19 over-recovery or under-recovery from prior periods is corrected within twelve 20 (12) months. When all qualified costs as determined by the commission with 21 respect to an electric utility have been recovered, any unapplied over-22 recovery shall be used as a credit to reduce future distribution-related charges for retail customers of the electric utility. Provided, however, for 23 24 purposes of determining when and if all qualified costs as determined by the 25 commission with respect to an electric utility shall have been recovered, the 26 amount of qualified costs determined in all qualified rate orders with 27 respect to such electric utility shall be aggregated for purposes of 28 determining whether qualified intangible charges collected by such electric 29 utility exceed the total recoverable qualified costs as determined in all 30 qualified rate orders issued with respect to such electric utility. The 31 adjustment shall be determined pursuant to this chapter and in the manner 32 specified in the qualified rate order. The electric utility shall submit a 33 report showing the calculation of each adjustment. The report must include certification by an independent nationally recognized accounting firm with 34 35 experience in electric utility accounting that the adjustment was computed as 36 required by the qualified rate order.

1	
2	23-19-606. Qualified intangible property.
3	Qualified intangible property is created upon the qualified rate order
4	becoming effective pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and upon such
5	creation shall constitute a presently existing, fully vested property right
6	under the laws of Arkansas for all purposes, including for contracts securing
7	qualified bonds, whether or not the revenues and proceeds arising with
8	respect thereto have accrued. Qualified intangible property shall thereafter
9	exist continuously and until all qualified costs and all principal of and
10	redemption and acquisition premiums and interest on the related qualified
11	bonds have been paid in full.
12	
13	23-19-607. Assignment of rights in qualified intangible property.
14	(a) An electric utility or its assignee may sell, assign, and
15	otherwise transfer all or portions of its interest in qualified intangible
16	property to assignees in connection with the issuance of qualified bonds or
17	otherwise. In addition, an electric utility or an assignee may pledge, grant
18	a security interest, or encumber qualified intangible property as collateral
19	for qualified bonds or other obligations. The ownership interest of an
20	assignee of, or the validity, perfection, or priority of any security
21	interest in, qualified intangible property shall not be defeated or adversely
22	affected by changes to the qualified rate order establishing the qualified
23	intangible property.
24	(b) Except to the extent inconsistent with this subchapter, any sale,
25	assignment, pledge, or security interest in or to qualified intangible
26	property shall be governed by the Uniform Commercial Code, § 4-1-101 et seq.
27	In the event of any inconsistency, the provisions of this subchapter shall
28	prevail.
29	(c) After a qualified rate order shall become effective pursuant to
30	the provisions of this subchapter, the electric utility shall retain sole
31	discretion to assign, sell, or otherwise transfer qualified intangible
32	property or to cause qualified bonds to be issued, including the right to
33	defer or postpone such assignment, sale, transfer, or issuance.
34	
35	23-19-608. Refunding of qualified bonds.
36	(a) Qualified bonds may be refinanced, refunded, or defeased,

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1	movided because that qualified bands may not be acting and actualed on
_	provided, however, that qualified bonds may not be refinanced, refunded, or
2	defeased if such refinancing, refunding, or defeasance:
3	(1) Extends the duration of the recovery period for the
4	qualified intangible charges relating to such qualified bonds; or
5	(2) Increases the present value of the revenue stream of the
6	qualified intangible charges relating to the qualified bonds.
7	(b) If the electric utility refinances its qualified bonds in a
8	fashion that reduces the net present value of the revenue stream required to
9	service the resulting bonds, any savings realized shall be used to reduce the
10	future qualified intangible charges recovered from retail customers.
11	
12	23-19-609. No alteration of rights.
13	Qualified bonds shall not be backed by the credit of the State of Arkansas.
14	The State of Arkansas, however, pledges to and agrees with the holders of any
15	qualified bonds issued under this subchapter and with any assignee or pledgee
16	of qualified intangible property or financing party and with any other person
17	who may enter into contracts with an electric utility under this subchapter
18	that the state will not limit, alter, or in any way impair or reduce the
19	value of qualified intangible property or qualified intangible charges or
20	rights with respect to such qualified intangible property or qualified
21	intangible charges established by or arising out of a qualified rate order.
22	
23	23-19-610. Security interest in qualified intangible property.
24	(a) When a qualified rate order becomes effective in accordance with
25	the provisions of this subchapter, the electric utility shall have rights in
26	the qualified intangible property within the meaning of § 4-9-203 or any
27	successor provision and such qualified intangible property shall constitute
28	presently existing, fully vested property rights for all purposes, including
29	for contracts securing qualified bonds, whether or not the revenues and
30	proceeds arising with respect thereto have accrued. The validity and
31	relative priority of any sale, assignment, pledge, security interest, or
32	other transfer of qualified intangible property shall not be defeated or
33	adversely affected by the commingling by the electric utility of revenues
34	received from amounts charged, collected, and received under qualified
35	intangible charges with other funds of the electric utility. Any description
36	of the qualified intangible property in a security agreement, indenture, sale

1 agreement, or other agreement relating to the sale, assignment, or granting 2 of a security interest in such qualified intangible property; or the filing of a financing statement in accordance with § 4-9-501 or any successor 3 4 provision shall be sufficient if it refers to the qualified rate order 5 establishing the qualified intangible property. 6 (b) A perfected security interest in qualified intangible property is 7 a continuously perfected security interest in all revenues and proceeds arising with respect thereto, whether or not the revenues and proceeds have 8 9 accrued. 10 (c) In addition to any other rights available to pledgees or 11 transferees of qualified intangible property under the Uniform Commercial 12 Code, § 4-1-101 et seq., or other applicable law, in the event of default by 13 the electric utility or an assignee in payment of revenues arising with 14 respect to the qualified intangible property, and upon the application by an 15 assignce or a financing party of the qualified intangible property, any court 16 of competent jurisdiction shall order the sequestration and payment to the 17 assignce or financing party of revenues arising with respect to the qualified 18 intangible property. The application shall not limit any other remedies available to the assignee or financing party by reason of the default. Any 19 20 such order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any 21 bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to 22 the debtor, pledgor, or transferor of the qualified intangible property. For purposes of this section, the calculation of the amount of revenues received 23 24 by the electric utility with respect to the qualified intangible property 25 shall be determined pro rata based upon the percentage that total intangible 26 charges with respect to such qualified intangible property billed to retail 27 customers of the electric utility during a given time interval or billing eycle bears to the total amount billed to retail customers of the electric 28 29 utility for electricity and electricity-related services during such time 30 interval or billing cycle. 31 (d) To the extent that any such interest in qualified intangible 32 property is so sold or assigned or is so pledged as collateral, the electric 33 utility shall be authorized to enter into a contract with the secured party, the assignee, or the financing party, providing that the electric utility 34

- 35 shall impose, charge, collect, and receive qualified intangible charges in
- 36 respect of the qualified intangible property for the benefit and account of

1	the secured party, the assignee, or the financing party, and shall account
2	for and remit such amounts to and for the account of the secured party, the
3	assignee, or the financing party. In the event of a default by the electric
4	utility in respect of charging, collecting, and receiving revenues derived
5	from qualified intangible charges and upon the application by the secured
6	party, the assignee, or the financing party, the Arkansas Public Service
7	Commission or any court of competent jurisdiction shall by order designate a
8	trustee or other entity to act in the place of the electric utility to
9	impose, charge, collect, and receive qualified intangible charges in respect
10	of the qualified intangible property for the benefit and account of the
11	pledgee, the assignee, or the financing party.
12	(e) An agreement by an assignor of the qualified intangible property
13	not to assert any defense, claim, or set-off against an assignee of the
14	qualified intangible property shall be enforceable against the assignor by
15	the assignee and by any successor or subsequent assignee thereof.
16	
17	<del>23-19-611. True sale.</del>
18	If an agreement by an electric utility or any assignee to transfer qualified
19	intangible property expressly states that the transfer is a sale or other
20	absolute transfer, notwithstanding any other provisions of law:
21	(1) The transfer is a sale by the electric utility or the
22	assignee of all right, title, and interest of the electric utility or the
23	assignee, as applicable, in and to such qualified intangible property;
24	(2) The transfer is a sale or other absolute transfer of, and
25	not the granting of a lien or security interest in, such qualified intangible
26	property;
27	(3) On execution and delivery of such agreement, the electric
28	utility or the assignee making the transfer has no right, title, or interest
29	in or to the qualified intangible property, except to the extent of any
30	retained equity interest permitted by this subchapter;
31	(4) The characterization of a transfer as a sale or other
32	absolute transfer is not affected or impaired in any manner by, among other
33	things:
34	(A) The assignor's retention as part of the assignment
35	transaction or otherwise, of a pari passu equity interest in qualified
36	intangible property or the fact that only a portion of the qualified

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1	intangible property is otherwise transferred;
2	(B) The transferor's retention of or acquisition as part
3	of the assignment transaction or otherwise of a subordinate equity interest
4	or other provision of credit enhancement on terms substantially commensurate
5	with market practices;
6	(C) The fact that the electric utility acts as the
7	collector of qualified intangible charges;
8	(D) The electric utility's retention of bare legal title
9	to qualified intangible property for the purpose of servicing or supervising
10	the servicing of the property and collections with respect to such property;
11	<del>or</del>
12	(E) Treatment of the transfer as a financing for tax or
13	financial accounting purposes.
14	(5) The characterization of a sale, assignment, or transfer of
15	qualified property as a true sale, absolute assignment, or transfer in the
16	governing documentation of the sale, assignment, or transfer is not intended
17	to prejudice the characterization of the sale, assignment, or transfer as a
18	pledge or other financing for state or federal tax purposes;
19	(6) A transfer of qualified intangible property is considered to
20	be valid and enforceable against the assignor when:
21	(A) The Arkansas Public Service Commission has issued the
22	qualified rate order creating qualified intangible property and such order
23	has become effective in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter;
24	and
25	(B) Documentation evidencing the assignment, sale, or
26	other transfer of the qualified intangible property has been executed and
27	delivered to the assignee; and
28	(7) A transfer of qualified intangible property shall be
29	perfected against any third party when a financing statement has been filed
30	with respect to the transfer of such qualified intangible property in
31	accordance with § 4-9-501 or any successor provision.
32	
33	23-19-612. Exemption from taxes.
34	A sale, assignment, or other transfer of qualified intangible property or any
35	pledge or assignment for security of qualified intangible property shall be
36	exempt from any state or local sales, income, franchise, transfer, gains,

1	receipts, or similar taxes.
2	
3	23-19-613. Action with respect to qualified intangible charges.
4	This chapter does not entitle any person to bring an action against a retail
5	customer for nonpayment of qualified intangible charges, other than the
6	electric utility, its successors, or assigns.
7	
8	23-19-614. Duties of successors.
9	Any successor to an electric utility, whether pursuant to any bankruptcy,
10	reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings or pursuant to any merger,
11	consolidation, or sale or transfer of assets of the electric utility, by
12	operation of law, as a result of electric power industry restructuring or
13	otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of its predecessor
14	electric utility under this subchapter or any qualified rate order or any
15	contract entered into pursuant to this subchapter in the same manner and to
16	the same extent as such predecessor electric utility, including, but not
17	limited to, charging, collecting, receiving, and paying to the person
18	entitled thereto the revenues in respect of the qualified intangible charges
19	relating to the qualified intangible property.
19 20	relating to the qualified intangible property.
	relating to the qualified intangible property. 23-19-615. Provisions permissive.
20	
20 21	23-19-615. Provisions permissive.
20 21 22	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility
20 21 22 23	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public
20 21 22 23 24	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any
20 21 22 23 24 25	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible property or issue qualified bonds in connection therewith.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible property or issue qualified bonds in connection therewith. 23-19-616. Judicial review.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible property or issue qualified bonds in connection therewith. 23-19-616. Judicial review. Judicial review of a qualified rate order shall be expedited pursuant to the
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20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible property or issue qualified bonds in connection therewith. 23-19-616. Judicial review. Judicial review of a qualified rate order shall be expedited pursuant to the following procedures: (1) Any party to the process or proceedings involving Arkansas Public Service Commission actions under this subchapter who is aggrieved by
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	23-19-615. Provisions permissive. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this subchapter, no electric utility shall be obligated under this subchapter to apply to the Arkansas Public Service Commission for any qualified rate order, consent to the terms of any qualified rate order, or sell, transfer, or pledge any qualified intangible property or issue qualified bonds in connection therewith. 23-19-616. Judicial review. Judicial review of a qualified rate order shall be expedited pursuant to the following procedures: (1) Any party to the process or proceedings involving Arkansas Public Service Commission actions under this subchapter who is aggrieved by the actions shall not petition the commission for rehearing, but may obtain

1	(2) Appeal shall be initiated by the filing of a petition not
2	later than fifteen (15) days after the entry of the qualified rate order.
3	The petition shall be served on the commission;
4	(3) On receipt of the petition, the commission shall promptly
5	deliver to the court a copy of its qualified rate order, any related
6	transcript, and any accompanying findings or conclusions. The copies shall
7	be available for examination at all reasonable times by all parties without
8	cost. The court shall permit the electric utility to be a party to the
9	appeal;
10	(4) The appeal shall be based on the record before the
11	commission and on briefs to the court. An argument that has not been urged
12	in the appellant's appearance before or submission to the commission may not
13	be considered by the court, unless the failure or neglect to urge the
14	objection is excused because of extraordinary circumstances;
15	(5) Judicial review shall be made and determined as
16	expeditiously as possible and with lawful precedence over other matters,
17	recognizing that time is of the essence for financings pursuant to the
18	qualified rate order;
19	(6) In the event that the terms and conditions of a qualified
20	rate order are required to be modified in any part as a result of judicial
21	review, other than in any manner provided in the original terms of the
22	qualified rate order, the qualified rate order takes effect only after the
23	commission shall have adopted the terms and conditions as modified and the
24	electric utility shall have filed with the commission its written consent to
25	all terms and conditions of the order as modified. The modified qualified
26	rate order is subject to judicial review only in accordance with the same
27	procedures stated in subdivisions (1)-(5) of this section.
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29	/s/ Napper, et al
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