Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: \$3/13/03 84th General Assembly As Engrossed: \$111	
2		
3	Regular Session, 2003SENATE BILL	. 717
4		
5	By: Senator Malone	
6		
7		
8	For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO CREATE AN INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION	
10	PROCESS FOR LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES; AND FOR	
11	OTHER PURPOSES.	
12		
13	Subtitle	
14	TO CREATE AN INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION	
15	PROCESS FOR LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES.	
16		
17		
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
19		
20	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 20, Chapter 10 is amended to add an	
21	additional subchapter to read as follows:	
22	<u>20-10-1901. Purpose.</u>	
23	(a) The General Assembly finds that this subchapter is necessary t	<u>0</u>
24	provide an alternative process to formal judicial or administrative appea	
25	of deficiencies for long-term care facilities as a means for faster, more	-
26	efficient, and less expensive resolution of disputes concerning deficienc	ies
27	cited against long-term care facilities.	
28	(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide a process	
29	supplemental to formal appeal that is both fair and impartial to all part	ies
30	to address disputes between facilities and the Office of Long Term Care w	hen
31	a deficiency is cited against a long term care facility.	
32		
33	<u>20-10-1902. Definitions.</u>	
34	For purposes of this subchapter:	
35	(1) "Deficiency" means a violation or alleged violation by a long-	term
36	care facility of applicable state or federal laws, rules, or regulations	



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1	governing the operation or licensure of a long-term care facility;
2	(2) "Deficiency tag number" means an alphanumeric designation of a
3	deficiency by the Office of Long-Term Care that denotes the applicable state
4	or federal rule, regulation, or law allegedly violated and that is used on
5	the statement of deficiencies;
6	(3) "Long-term care facility" has the same meaning as under § 20-10-
7	<u>213;</u>
8	(4) "Impartial decision maker" means an individual employed by a state
9	agency to conduct an informal dispute resolution hearing for the agency;
10	(5) "Informal dispute resolution" means a nonjudicial process or forum
11	before an impartial decision maker that provides a facility cited for
12	deficiency with the opportunity to dispute a citation for deficiency;
13	(6) "Party" means a facility requesting an informal dispute resolution
14	hearing, the Office of Long-Term Care, or both;
15	(7) "State Survey Agency" means the Office of Long-Term Care, the
16	federally designated state entity that performs Medicaid and Medicare surveys
17	and inspections of Arkansas long-term care facilities; and
18	(8)(A) "Statement of deficiencies" means a statement prepared by the
19	Office of Long-Term Care citing the applicable state or federal laws, rules,
20	or regulations violated by a long-term care facility and the facts supporting
21	the citation.
22	(B) A statement of deficiencies may also be referred to as a
23	<u>"2567".</u>
24	
25	20-10-1903. Agency to conduct the informal dispute resolution hearing.
26	(a) Informal dispute resolution hearings shall be conducted by the
27	Department of Health, or its successor agency.
28	(b) The Department of Health shall assign all informal dispute
29	resolution hearings to the unit or section charged with performing survey or
30	inspection activity for hospital and hospital-based skilled nursing facility.
31	
32	20-10-1904. Impartial decision maker — Qualifications.
33	(a) The impartial decision maker may be an individual or a committee
34	of individuals employed by the Department of Health.
35	(b)(1) An impartial decision maker shall be a nurse, a physician, a
36	pharmacist, or any combination of nurses, physicians, or pharmacists,

1	employed by the Department of Health.
2	(2) Each person acting as an impartial decision maker shall be
3	licensed by the State of Arkansas by their respective licensing agencies or
4	boards.
5	(c) All impartial decision makers shall undergo and complete surveyor
6	training arranged by the Office of Long-Term Care.
7	
8	20-10-1905. Request for an informal dispute resolution hearing.
9	(a) A facility that wishes to challenge a deficiency shall, within ten
10	(10) calendar days of the receipt of the statement of deficiencies from the
11	Office of Long-Term Care, make a written request to the Department of Health.
12	(b) The written request shall include:
13	(1) A list of all deficiencies that the facility wishes to
14	challenge; and
15	(2) A statement indicating whether the facility wants the
16	hearing to be conducted by telephone conference call, by record review of the
17	impartial decision maker, or by a meeting in which the facility and the
18	Office of Long-Term Care appear before the impartial decision maker.
19	
20	20-10-1906. Scheduling of informal dispute resolution hearings and
21	submission of documentary evidence.
22	(a) Upon receipt of a request for an informal dispute resolution
23	hearing from a facility, the Department of Health shall assign the matter to
24	an impartial decision maker.
25	(b) The impartial decision maker shall:
26	(1) Schedule a time and date for a hearing; and
27	(2) Inform the parties of the time and date of the hearing.
28	(c) If the request for an informal dispute resolution hearing includes
29	a request by the facility for a hearing at which the facility may appear
30	before the impartial decision maker, the impartial decision maker shall:
31	(1) Arrange for facilities appropriate for conducting the
32	hearing; and
33	(2) Inform the parties of the location of the facility.
34	(d)(l) Each party shall submit to the impartial decision maker all
35	documentary evidence that the party believes has a bearing on or relevance to
36	the deficiencies in dispute by the date specified by the impartial decision

1	maker.
2	(2) Documentary evidence that is not submitted by the date
3	specified by the impartial decision maker may be:
4	(A) Refused and not considered by the impartial decision
5	maker; or
6	(B)(i) Accepted by the impartial decision maker.
7	(ii) If the evidence is accepted, the impartial
8	decision maker shall provide the opposing party the opportunity to submit
9	additional documentary evidence.
10	(iii) However, the additional evidence shall be
11	limited to information that addresses or rebuts the documentary evidence
12	submitted after the date specified by the impartial decision maker.
13	(e)(1) If the request for an informal dispute resolution hearing does
14	not include a request by the facility for a hearing at which the facility may
15	appear before the impartial decision maker, or upon agreement of the facility
16	and the Office of Long-Term Care, the impartial decision maker may conduct
17	the hearing by telephone conference call or by a review of documentary
18	evidence submitted by the parties.
19	(2)(A) If the informal dispute resolution hearing is conducted
20	by record review, the impartial hearing officer may request, and the parties
21	shall provide, a written statement setting forth the parties positions for
22	accepting, rejecting, or modifying each deficiency in dispute.
23	(B) The written statement shall specify the documentary
24	evidence that supports the position of each party for each deficiency in
25	dispute.
26	(C) The facility shall provide its written statement to
27	the impartial decision maker and the Office of Long-Term Care.
28	(D) The Office of Long-Term Care shall then provide its
29	written statement in rebuttal to the impartial decision maker and the
30	facility.
31	
32	20-10-1907. Conduct of the informal dispute resolution hearing.
33	(a)(1) In all cases except record review, the facility shall present
34	the initial arguments.
35	(2) The Office of Long-Term Care shall then present its
36	arguments.

1	(b)(1) The hearing shall be limited to no more than two (2) hours in
2	length, with each party being permitted one (1) hour to present their
3	arguments.
4	(2) However, the impartial hearing officer may grant each party
5	additional, equal time for good cause as determined by the impartial decision
6	maker.
7	(c)(1) Rules of evidence or procedure shall not apply, except as
8	provided in this section.
9	(2) The impartial decision maker may:
10	(A) Accept any information that the impartial decision
11	maker deems material to the issue being presented; and
12	(B) Reject any information that the impartial decision
13	maker deems immaterial to the issue being presented.
14	(d)(1) The hearing may not be recorded.
15	(2) However, the impartial decision maker may make written or
16	recorded notes of the arguments.
17	(e) Only employees of the facility, attending physicians of residents
18	of the facility at the time of the deficiency, pharmacists providing
19	medications to residents of the facility at the time of the deficiency, and
20	consultant pharmacists or nurse consultants utilized by the facility, or the
21	medical director of the facility may appear or participate at the hearing
22	for, or on the behalf of, the facility.
23	(f) Only employees of the Office of Long-Term Care may appear or
24	participate at the hearing for, or on behalf of, the Office of Long-Term
25	<u>Care.</u>
26	(g) No party may be represented by an attorney.
27	
28	20-10-1908. Determination of the impartial decision maker and the
29	Office of Long-Term Care.
30	(a)(1) Upon the conclusion of all arguments by the parties, the
31	impartial decision maker shall issue a written statement of findings that
32	shall be entitled "Determinations".
33	(2) Determinations shall include:
34	(A) A recitation of the deficiency tag numbers;
35	(B) A statement of whether a disputed deficiency should
36	remain, be removed, or be modified on the statement of deficiencies; and

1	(C) The facts and persuasive arguments that support the
2	impartial decision maker's finding for each deficiency tag number.
3	(b)(1) Determinations of the impartial decision maker shall be
4	provided to the parties.
5	(2) The Office of Long-Term Care shall review the Determination
6	and shall issue a written document entitled" State Survey Agency
7	Determination".
8	(3) The State Survey Agency Determination shall state:
9	(A) Whether, for each disputed deficiency mentioned in the
10	impartial decision maker's Determination, the finding of the impartial
11	decision maker is accepted, rejected, or accepts as modified by the State
12	Survey Agency;
13	(B) For each deficiency finding by the impartial decision
14	maker that the Office of Long-Term Care does not accept the finding of the
15	impartial decision maker, a statement explaining the reasons that the finding
16	was not accepted along with the facts, circumstances, or reasons for not
17	accepting the finding; and
18	(C) For each disputed deficiency finding of the impartial
19	decision maker that the Office of Long-Term Care accepts the finding with
20	modification, a recitation of the modification, and the reason or reasons for
21	the modification.
22	(c) A State Survey Agency Determination is not subject to appeal,
23	reargument, or reconsideration.
24	(d) The Office of Long-Term Care shall deliver a copy of the State
25	Survey Agency Determination to the facility and to the impartial decision
26	maker.
27	(e)(1) The Office of Long-Term Care shall, in accordance with the
28	State Survey Agency Determination, issue an amended state of deficiencies if
29	the State Survey Agency Determination results in modification to any
30	deficiencies cited in the original statement of deficiencies.
31	(2) If the Office of Long-Term Care determines that amendments
32	to the statement of deficiencies should result in changes to the scope or
33	severity assigned to any deficiency, the amended statement of deficiencies
34	shall reflect the changes to the scope or severity of any cited deficiency.
35	(f) The amended statement of deficiencies shall be provided to the
36	facility.

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2	20-10-1909. Matters not subject to informal dispute resolution.
3	(a)(1) The informal dispute resolution hearing is limited to
4	deficiencies cited on a statement of deficiencies.
5	(2) No other issues may be addressed at an informal dispute
6	resolution hearing, including, but not limited to:
7	(A) Scope and severity assessments of deficiencies, unless
8	the scope and severity assessments allege substandard quality of care or
9	immediate jeopardy;
10	(B) Any remedies imposed;
11	(C) Any alleged failure of the survey team to comply with
12	a requirement of the survey process;
13	(D) Any alleged inconsistency of the survey team in citing
14	deficiencies among facilities; and
15	(E) Any alleged inadequacy or inaccuracy of the informal
16	dispute resolution process.
17	(b) If the impartial decision maker finds that matters not subject to
18	informal dispute resolution are presented, the impartial decision maker shall
19	strike all documentary evidence related to, or presented for the purpose of,
20	disputing the matter not subject to informal dispute resolution.
21	(c) The impartial decision maker may not include in the Determination
22	any matter not subject to informal dispute resolution.
23	
24	20-10-1910. Effect of a request for informal dispute resolution.
25	A request for an informal dispute resolution shall not:
26	(1) Stay any action for enforcement or imposition of remedies; or
27	(2) Affect or preclude a facility's right to judicial or
28	administrative appeal.
29	
30	/s/ Malone
31	
32	
33	
34	
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36	