Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	4 5 11	
2	87th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2009		HOUSE BILL 1462
4			
5	By: Representative J. Edwards		
6	By: Senator R. Thompson		
7			
8			
9		For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	AN ACT TO A	AMEND THE ARKANSAS BUSINESS CORPO	RATION
11	ACT, § 4-2	6-101 ET SEQ., THE ARKANSAS BUSIN	ESS
12	CORPORATIO	N ACT, § 4-27-101 ET SEQ., THE SM	ALL
13	BUSINESS E	NTITY TAX PASS THROUGH ACT, § 4-3	2-101
14	ET SEQ., A	ND § 4-46-101 ET SEQ. ENACTING TH	Е
15	UNIFORM PA	RTNERSHIP ACT (1996) TO ALLOW ANY	
16	BUSINESS E	NTITY TO CONVERT TO OR MERGE WITH	ANY
17	OTHER BUSI	NESS ENTITY; TO MAKE RELATED TECH	NICAL
18	CORRECTION	S; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
19			
20		Subtitle	
21	TO ALLO	W THE MERGER OR CONVERSION OF ANY	
22	FORM OF	A BUSINESS ENTITY INTO ANY OTHER	
23	BUSINES	S ENTITY.	
24			
25			
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENE	ERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKA	ANSAS:
27			
28	SECTION 1. Arkansa	as Code Title 4, Chapter 26, Subch	napter 10 is amended
29	to read as follows:		
30	4-26-1001. Domesti	ic corporations — Procedure for me	erger.
31	(a) Any two (2) or	: more domestic corporations may m	merge into one (1)
32	of the corporations pursu	ant to a plan of merger approved	in the manner
33	provided in this chapter.	F	
34	(b) The board of d	lirectors of each corporation, by	-resolution adopted
35	by each board, shall appr	cove a plan of merger setting for t	:h:
36	(1) The name	es of the corporations proposing t	o merge and the



1	name of the corporation into which they propose to merge, which is
2	hereinafter designated as the surviving corporation;
3	(2) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger;
4	(3) The manner and basis of converting the shares of each
5	merging corporation into shares or other securities or obligations of the
6	surviving corporation or of any other corporation or, in whole or in part,
7	into cash or other property;
8	(4) A statement of any changes in the articles of incorporation
9	of the surviving corporation to be effected by such merger;
10	(5) The time when the merger shall become effective;
11	(6) Other provisions with respect to the proposed merger as are
12	deemed necessary or desirable.
13	
14	4-26-1002. Domestic corporations — Procedure for consolidation.
15	(a) Any two (2) or more domestic corporations may consolidate into a
16	new corporation pursuant to a plan of consolidation approved in the manner
17	provided in this chapter.
18	(b) The board of directors of each corporation, by a resolution
19	adopted by each board, shall approve a plan of consolidation setting forth:
20	(1) The names of the corporations proposing to consolidate and
21	the name of the new corporation into which they propose to consolidate, which
22	is hereinafter designated as the new corporation;
23	(2) The terms and conditions of the proposed consolidations;
24	(3) The manner and basis of converting the shares of each
25	corporation into shares or other securities or obligations of the new
26	corporation or of any other corporation or, in whole or in part, into cash or
27	other property;
28	(4) With respect to the new corporation, all of the statements
29	required to be set forth in articles of incorporation for corporations
30	organized under this chapter;
31	(5) The time when the consolidation shall become effective;
32	(6) Other provisions with respect to the proposed consolidation
33	as are deemed necessary or desirable.
34	
35	4-26-1003. Domestic corporations — Approval of plan of merger or
36	consolidation by shareholders — Abandonment.

1	(a) The board of directors of each corporation, upon approving the
2	plan of merger or plan of consolidation, shall, by resolution, direct that
3	the plan be submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders, which may be
4	either an annual or a special meeting.
5	(b) Written or printed notice shall be given to each shareholder of
6	record not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting in the manner
7	provided in this chapter for the giving of notice of meetings of shareholders
8	and shall state the purpose of the meeting, whether the meeting be an annual
9	or a special meeting. A copy or a summary of the plan of merger or plan of
10	consolidation, as the case may be, shall be included in or enclosed with the
11	notice.
12	(c)(l) At each meeting, a vote of the shareholders shall be taken on
13	the proposed plan of merger or consolidation.
14	(2) Each outstanding share of each corporation shall be entitled
15	to vote on the proposed plan of merger or consolidation, whether or not such
16	share has voting rights under the provisions of the articles of incorporation
17	of the corporation.
18	(d)(1) The plan of merger or consolidation shall be approved upon
19	receiving the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of
20	the outstanding shares of each corporation, unless any class of shares of any
21	corporation is entitled to vote as a class thereon, in which event, as to
22	that corporation, the plan of merger or consolidation shall be approved upon
23	receiving the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of
24	the outstanding shares of each class of shares entitled to vote as a class
25	thereon and of the total outstanding shares.
26	(2) Any class of shares of any such corporation shall be
27	entitled to vote as a class if the plan of merger or consolidation, as the
28	case may be, contains any provision which, if contained in a proposed
29	amendment to articles of incorporation, would entitle the class of shares to
30	vote as a class.
31	(e) After the approval by a vote of the shareholders of each
32	corporation and at any time prior to the filing of the articles of merger or
33	consolidation, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to
34	provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the plan of merger or
35	consolidation.
36	

1	4-26-1004. Domestic corporations - Articles of merger or
2	consolidation.
3	Upon approval, articles of merger or articles of consolidation shall be
4	executed by each corporation and filed in accordance with § 4-26-1201, which
5	articles shall be verified by one of the officers of each corporation signing
6	the same and shall set forth:
7	(1) The plan of merger or the plan of consolidation, including
8	the time when it shall become effective;
9	(2) As to each corporation, the number of shares outstanding
10	and, if the shares of any class are entitled to vote as a class, the
11	designation and number of outstanding shares of each such class;
12	(3) As to each corporation, the number of shares voted for and
13	against the plan, respectively, and, if the shares of any class are entitled
14	to vote as a class, the number of shares of each class voted for and against
15	the plan, respectively.
16	
17	4-26-1005. Domestic corporations — Effect of merger or consolidation.
18	(a) The merger or consolidation shall become effective upon the filing
19	in accordance with § 4-26-1201 of the articles of merger or consolidation or
20	at such time, not more than sixty (60) days after the filing, as may be
21	specified in the articles as the time when the merger or consolidation shall
22	become effective.
23	(b) When the merger or consolidation has been effected:
24	(1) The several corporations parties to the plan of merger or
25	consolidation shall be a single corporation which, in the case of a merger,
26	shall be that corporation designated in the plan of merger as the surviving
27	corporation and, in the case of a consolidation, shall be the new corporation
28	provided for in the plan of consolidation.
29	(2) Subject to § 4-26-1008, the separate existence of all
30	corporations parties to the plan of merger or consolidation, except the
31	surviving or new corporation, shall cease.
32	(3) The surviving or new corporation shall have all the rights,
33	privileges, immunities, and powers and shall be subject to all the duties and
34	liabilities of a corporation organized under this chapter.
35	(4) The surviving or new corporation shall possess all the
36	rights, privileges, immunities, and franchises, of a public as well as of a

1 private nature, of each of the merging or consolidating corporations. 2 (5) All real, personal, and mixed property and all debts due on 3 whatever account, including subscriptions to shares, and all other choses in action, and all and every other interest, of or belonging to or due to each 4 5 of the corporations so merged or consolidated, shall be taken and deemed to 6 be transferred to and vested in the single corporation without further act or 7 deed. The title to any real estate, or any interest therein, vested in any of 8 the corporations shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the 9 merger or consolidation. 10 (6) Such surviving or new corporation shall henceforth be 11 responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations of each of the 12 corporations so merged or consolidated. Any claim existing or action or 13 proceeding pending by or against any of such corporations may be prosecuted 14 as if the merger or consolidation had not taken place, or such surviving or 15 new corporation may be substituted in its place. Neither the rights of 16 creditors nor any liens upon the property of any such corporation shall be 17 impaired by the merger or consolidation. 18 (7) In the case of a merger, the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation shall be deemed to be amended to the extent, if 19 20 any, that changes in its articles of incorporation are stated in the plan of 21 merger. In the case of a consolidation, the statements set forth in the 22 articles of consolidation and which are required or permitted to be set forth 23 in the articles of incorporation of corporations organized under this chapter 24 shall be deemed to be the original articles of incorporation of the new 25 corporation. 26 (8) The surplus accounts of the surviving or new corporation in 27 case of a merger or consolidation shall be subject to § 4-26-607. 28 29 4-26-1006. Merger or consolidation of domestic and foreign 30 corporations. 31 (a) One (1) or more foreign corporations and one (1) or more domestic 32 corporations may be merged or consolidated in the following manner if the 33 merger or consolidation is permitted by the laws of the state or country 34 under which each foreign corporation is organized: 35 (1) Each domestic corporation shall comply with the provisions 36 of this chapter with respect to the merger or consolidation, as the case may

2 the applicable provisions of the laws of the state or country under which it 3 is organized. 4 (2) If the surviving or new corporation, as the case may be, is 5 to be governed by the laws of any state or country other than this state, it 6 shall comply with the laws of Arkansas with respect to the admission of foreign corporations if it is to transact business in this state, and 7 8 moreover, it shall file with the Secretary of State of this state: 9 (A) An agreement that it may be served with process in 10 this state in any proceeding for the enforcement of any obligation of any 11 domestic corporation which is a party to the merger or consolidation and in 12 any proceeding for the enforcement of the rights of a dissenting shareholder 13 of any domestic corporation against the surviving or new corporation; 14 (B) An irrevocable appointment of the Secretary of State 15 of this state as its agent to accept service of process in any proceeding; 16 and 17 (C) An agreement that it will promptly pay to the dissenting shareholders of any domestic corporation the amount, if any, to 18 19 which they shall be entitled under the provisions of this chapter with 20 respect to the rights of dissenting shareholders. 21 (b) The effect of the merger or consolidation shall be the same as in 22 the case of the merger or consolidation of domestic corporations if the 23 surviving or new corporation is to be governed by the laws of this state. If 24 the surviving or new corporation is to be governed by the laws of any state 25 or country other than this state, the effect of this merger or consolidation 26 shall be the same as in the case of the merger or consolidation of domestic 27 corporations except insofar as the laws of the other state provide otherwise. 28 29 4-26-1007. Rights of dissenting shareholders. 30 (a) If a shareholder of a corporation which is a party to a merger or 31 consolidation files with the corporation, prior to or at the meeting of 32 shareholders at which the plan of merger or consolidation is submitted to a 33 vote, a written objection to the plan of merger or consolidation and does not 34 vote in favor thereof, and the shareholder within ten (10) days after the 35 date on which the vote was taken makes written demand on the surviving or new 36 domestic or foreign corporation for payment of the fair value of his shares

be, of domestic corporations, and each foreign corporation shall comply with

1

1 as of the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken approving the 2 merger or consolidation, then, if the merger or consolidation is effected, the surviving or new corporation shall pay to the shareholder, upon surrender 3 4 of his certificate or certificates representing the shares, the fair value 5 thereof. 6 (b) The demand shall state the number and class of the shares owned by 7 the dissenting shareholder. 8 (c) Any shareholder failing to make demand within the ten-day period 9 shall be bound by the terms of the merger or consolidation. 10 (d) Within ten (10) days after the merger or consolidation is 11 effected, the surviving or new corporation, as the case may be, shall give 12 notice to each dissenting shareholder who has made demand as herein provided 13 for the payment of the fair value of his shares. 14 (e)(1) If within thirty (30) days after the date on which the merger 15 or consolidation was effected the value of such shares is agreed upon between 16 the dissenting shareholder and the surviving or new corporation, payment 17 shall be made within ninety (90) days after the date on which such merger or 18 consolidation was effected, upon the surrender of his certificate or 19 certificates representing those shares. 20 (2) Upon payment of the agreed value, the dissenting shareholder 21 shall cease to have any interest in those shares or in the corporation. 22 (f)(1) If within the period of thirty (30) days the shareholder and 23 the surviving or new corporation do not so agree, then the dissenting 24 shareholder, within sixty (60) days after the expiration of the thirty-day 25 period, may file a petition in the circuit court of the county in which the 26 registered office of the surviving corporation is located, if the surviving 27 corporation is a domestic corporation or in the Pulaski County Circuit Court 28 if the surviving corporation is a foreign corporation, asking for a finding 29 and determination of the fair value of the shares and shall be entitled to 30 judgment against the surviving or new corporation for the amount of the fair 31 value as of the day prior to the date on which the vote was taken approving 32 such merger or consolidation, together with interest thereon to the date of 33 the judgment. (2) The judgment shall be payable only upon and simultaneously 34 35 with the surrender to the surviving or new corporation of the certificate or

36 certificates representing the shares.

1	(3) Upon payment of the judgment, the dissenting shareholder
2	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the surviving or new
3	corporation.
4	(4) Unless the dissenting shareholder files the petition within
5	the time herein limited, the shareholder and all persons claiming under him
6	shall be bound by the terms of the merger or consolidation.
7	(g) Shares acquired by the surviving or new corporation pursuant to
8	the payment of the agreed value thereof or to payment of the judgment
9	entered, as in this section provided, may be held and disposed of by the
10	corporation as in the case of other treasury shares.
11	(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a merger if, on
12	the date of the filing of the articles of merger, the surviving corporation
13	is the owner of all the outstanding shares of the other domestic or foreign
14	corporations that are parties to the merger.
15	
16	4-26-1008. Continuance of corporate existence in aid of title
17	transfers.
18	(a)(1) The corporate existence of each constituent corporation which
19	has been dissolved through merger or consolidation shall be continued
20	indefinitely without franchise tax liability for the limited purpose of
21	enabling the constituent corporation to execute, through its own officers,
22	formal deeds, conveyances, assignments, and other instruments evidencing the
23	transfer from the constituent to the surviving corporation, or new
24	corporation created by consolidation, of any or all real and personal
25	properties which have passed from the constituent to the surviving or
26	consolidated corporation by operation of law.
27	(2) The execution of the instruments shall not be essential to
28	effect the transfer of title from the constituent to the surviving or
29	consolidated corporation inasmuch as the transfer will take effect through
30	operation of law; but the power to execute the instruments is given to the
31	end that it may be exercised in respect to properties located in foreign
32	jurisdictions which may not recognize a transmittal of title by operation of
33	law under the merger and consolidation statutes of this state and in any
34	other situation where the directors of the surviving or consolidated
35	corporation consider the execution of the instruments desirable.
36	(b)(1) This state will recognize and give effect to a transfer of

1	personal property having a situs in this state which is effected by operation
2	of the laws of another state through a corporate merger or consolidation at
3	any time conducted under the laws of such other state or states.
4	(2)(A) This state will recognize and give effect to a transfer
5	of title to real estate located in this state effected by operation of law
6	through such a merger or consolidation conducted under the laws of one (1) or
7	more other states on condition that one of the following, certified by the
8	secretary of the state in which the surviving or consolidated corporation is
9	domiciled, shall be filed for record with the Secretary of State of this
10	state:
11	(i) A copy of the agreement of merger or
12	consolidation, executed between the merging or consolidating corporations; or
13	(ii) A copy of the certificate of merger executed by
14	the surviving corporation as evidence of a vertical or downstream merger of a
15	subsidiary by a parent corporation.
16	(B) The Secretary of State shall receive the filing
17	whether or not the surviving or consolidated corporation desires to be
18	admitted to this state.
19	
20	4-26-1009. Merger of subsidiary by parent.
20	· 10 10000
21	(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of
21	(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of
21 22	(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the
21 22 23	(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders
21 22 23 24	(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.
21 22 23 24 25	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>(a)(1) Any corporation owning at least ninety five percent (95%) of the outstanding shares of each class of another corporation may merge the other corporation into itself without approval by a vote of the shareholders of either corporation.</pre>

1	in accordance with § 4-26-1201 and shall be verified by one (1) of the
2	officers signing the same, and shall set forth:
3	(1) The plan of merger, including the time when it shall become
4	effective;
5	(2) The number of outstanding shares of each class of the
6	subsidiary corporation and the number of shares of each class owned by the
7	surviving corporation; and
8	(3) The date of the mailing to shareholders of the subsidiary
9	corporation of a copy of the plan of merger.
10	(c) On and after the thirtieth day after the mailing of a copy of the
11	plan of merger to shareholders of the subsidiary corporation, or upon the
12	waiver thereof by the holders of all outstanding shares, the articles of
13	merger shall be filed with the Secretary of State in accordance with § 4-26-
14	1201, and the merger shall become effective upon the filing or at such other
15	time, not more than sixty (60) days after the filing, as may be specified in
16	the articles as the time when the merger shall become effective.
17	(d)(1) In the event that all of the stock of a subsidiary Arkansas
18	corporation party to a merger effected under this section is not owned by the
19	parent corporation immediately prior to the merger, the surviving
20	corporation, within ten (10) days after the date on which articles of merger
21	have been filed in accordance with § 4-26-1201, shall notify each shareholder
22	of the Arkansas corporation that the articles of merger have been filed and
23	of the terms and conditions of the merger.
24	(2) The notice shall be sent by certified or registered mail,
25	return receipt requested, addressed to the shareholder at his last known
26	address as it appears on the books of the corporation.
27	(3) If any such shareholder, within ten (10) days after the date
28	of mailing of the notice, objects in writing to the merger and demands in
29	writing from the surviving corporation payment for his stock, the surviving
30	corporation, within thirty (30) days after the expiration of the period of
31	ten (10) days, shall pay to him the value of his stock as of the day prior to
32	the date on which the articles of merger were filed, exclusive of any element
33	of value arising from the expectation or accomplishment of said merger.
34	(4) If, during the period of thirty (30) days provided for
35	herein, the surviving corporation and any objecting shareholder fail to agree
36	as to the value of the stock, any such shareholder, within sixty (60) days

1	after the expiration of the thirty-day period, may file a petition as
2	provided in § 4-26-1007(f)(1) asking for a finding and determination of the
3	fair value of the shares and shall be entitled to judgment against the
4	surviving corporation for the amount of the fair value as of the day prior to
5	the date on which the articles of merger were filed, together with interest
6	thereon to the date of the judgment.
7	(5) The judgment shall be payable only upon and simultaneously
8	with the surrender to the surviving corporation of the certificate or
9	certificates representing the shares.
10	(6) Upon payment of the judgment, the objecting shareholder
11	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the surviving
12	corporation.
13	(7) Unless the objecting shareholder files the petition within
14	the time herein limited, the shareholder and all persons claiming under him
15	shall be bound by the terms of the merger.
16	(e) Shares acquired by the surviving corporation pursuant to the
17	payment of the agreed value thereof or to payment of the judgment entered
18	therefor as in this section provided may be held and disposed of by the
19	corporation as in the case of other treasury shares.
20	
21	SUBCHAPTER 10 - Conversion and Merger.
22	<u>4-26-1001. Definitions.</u>
23	As used in this subchapter:
24	(1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization
25	that is a corporation;
26	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
27	party to a merger;
28	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
29	converting organization converts under §§ 4-26-1002 through 4-26-1005;
30	(4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization
31	that is a corporation;
32	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
33	converts into another organization under § 4-26-1002;
34	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
35	that governs the organization's internal affairs;
36	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the

1	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State;
2	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
3	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
4	partnership;
5	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
6	liability limited partnership;
7	(iii) A limited liability company;
8	(iv) A business trust;
9	(v) A corporation; or
10	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
11	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
12	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
13	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
14	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
15	partnership agreement and, if applicable, statement of qualification;
16	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
17	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
18	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
19	its articles of organization and operating agreement or the comparable
20	records provided for in its governing statute;
21	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
22	declaration of trust;
23	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
24	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and agreements among its shareholders that
25	are authorized by its governing statute or the comparable records provided
26	for in its governing statute; and
27	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
28	(i) Create the organization;
29	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
30	organization; and
31	(iii) Determine the relations among the
32	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
33	(10) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
34	one (1) or more other organizations are merged.
35	
36	<u>4-26-1002. Conversion.</u>

1	(a) An organization other than a corporation may convert to a
2	corporation, and a corporation may convert to another organization under this
3	section and §§ 4-26-1003 through 4-26-1005 and a plan of conversion if the:
4	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
5	conversion and is complied with; and
6	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
7	that enacted the governing statute.
8	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
9	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
10	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion;
11	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
12	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
13	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
14	consideration; and
15	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
16	
17	4-26-1003. Action on plan of conversion by converting corporation.
18	(a) A plan of conversion may be approved if the:
19	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of conversion to the
20	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
21	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
21 22	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
22	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
22 23	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
22 23 24	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and
22 23 24 25	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the
22 23 24 25 26	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to
22 23 24 25 26 27	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. (b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. (b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the proposed conversion on any basis.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. (b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the proposed conversion on any basis. (c)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. (b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the proposed conversion on any basis. (c)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. (b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the proposed conversion on any basis. (c)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting: (A) Not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting; and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and (B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and (2) Shareholders approve the plan by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding shares entitled to vote. (b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the proposed conversion on any basis. (c)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting: (A) Not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting; and (B) In the manner provided in § 4-26-703 for giving notice

1 plan of conversion; and 2 (B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the 3 plan. 4 (d) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board 5 of directors acting under subsection (b) of this section require a greater 6 vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of conversion to be authorized must 7 be approved by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan by 8 at least two-thirds (2/3) of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan by 9 the voting group. 10 (e) Subject to any contractual rights, until a conversion is filed 11 under § 4-26-1004, a converting corporation may amend the plan or abandon the 12 planned conversion: (1) As provided in the plan; and 13 14 (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent 15 required to approve the plan. 16 17 4-26-1004. Filings required for conversion - Effective date. 18 (a)(1) After a plan of conversion is approved a converting corporation 19 shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of State. 20 (2) The articles of conversion shall include: 21 (A) A statement that the corporation has been converted 22 into another organization; 23 (B) The name and form of the converted organization and 24 the jurisdiction of its governing statute; 25 (C) The date the conversion is effective under the 26 governing statute of the converted organization; 27 (D) A statement that the conversion was approved as 28 required by this chapter; 29 (E) A statement that the conversion was approved as 30 required by the governing statute of the converted organization; 31 (F) The street and mailing address of an office that may 32 be used for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the converted organization 33 is a foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state; 34 and 35 (G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or 36 (ii) A statement that:

1	(a) Contains the address of an office of the
2	organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
3	(b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
4	furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any
5	shareholder of the converting corporation.
6	(b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation,
7	the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the
8	Secretary of State.
9	(2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to
10	the information required by § 4-26-202:
11	(A) A statement that the corporation was converted from
12	another organization;
13	(B) The name and form of the converting organization and
14	the jurisdiction of its governing statute; and
15	(C) A statement that the conversion was approved in a
16	manner that complied with the converting organization's governing statute.
17	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
18	(1) If the converted organization is a corporation, when the
19	articles of incorporation take effect; and
20	(2) If the converted organization is not a corporation, as
21	provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
22	
23	4-26-1005. Effect of conversion.
24	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
25	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
26	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
27	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
28	vested in the converted organization;
29	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
30	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
31	organization;
32	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
33	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
34	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
35	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
36	remain vested in the converted organization;

1	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
2	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
3	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
4	a converting corporation under § 4-26-1101 et seq.
5	(c)(l) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
6	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
7	obligation owed by the converting corporation if before the conversion the
8	converting corporation was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
9	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
10	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
11	at the address required in the articles of conversion under § 4-26-
12	<u>1004(a)(1)(F).</u>
13	
14	<u>4-26-1006. Merger.</u>
15	(a) A corporation may merge with one (1) or more other constituent
16	organizations under this section and §§ $4-26-1007$ through $4-26-1010$ and a
17	<u>plan of merger if:</u>
18	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
19	authorizes the merger;
19 20	authorizes the merger; (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
20	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
20 21	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and
20 21 22	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
20 21 22 23	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger.
20 21 22 23 24	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include: (1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include: (1) The name and form of each constituent organization; (2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include: (1) The name and form of each constituent organization; (2) The name and form of the surviving organization; (3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction that enacted the governing statute; and (3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing statute in effecting the merger. (b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include: (1) The name and form of each constituent organization; (2) The name and form of the surviving organization; (3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other consideration; and (4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving organization's organizational documents.

1	is a party to the merger shall submit the plan of merger for approval by its
2	shareholders.
3	(b) A plan of merger may be approved if the:
4	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of merger to the
5	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
6	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
7	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
8	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
9	time the plan of merger is submitted to the shareholders; and
10	(2) The shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
11	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
12	proposed merger on any basis.
13	(d)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
14	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting:
15	(A) Not less than twenty (20) days before the meeting; and
16	(B) In the manner provided in § 4-26-703 for giving notice
17	of meetings of shareholders.
18	(2) The notice shall:
19	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
20	plan of merger; and
21	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
22	<u>plan.</u>
23	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
24	of directors acting under subsection (c) of this section require a greater
25	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of merger to be authorized must be
26	approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds $(2/3)$
27	of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, and if by voting group, by each
28	voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan by at least two-thirds
29	(2/3) of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.
30	(f) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of merger
31	if the plan contains a provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment
32	to the articles of incorporation, would require action by one (1) or more
33	separate voting groups on the proposed amendment under § 4-26-303.
34	(g) Action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan
35	of merger is not required if:
36	(1) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation

1 will not differ except for amendments enumerated in § 4-26-307 from its 2 articles before the merger; 3 (2) Each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares 4 were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger will 5 hold the same number of shares or the interest comparable to shares in an 6 entity other than a corporation, with identical designations, preferences, 7 limitations, and relative rights, immediately after the merger; 8 (3) The number of voting shares outstanding immediately after 9 the merger plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the 10 merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger 11 or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger, will 12 not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting shares of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the 13 14 merger; and 15 (4) The number of participating shares outstanding immediately 16 after the merger plus the number of participating shares issuable as a result 17 of the merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger, 18 19 will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of 20 participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger. 21 (h) As used in subsection (g) of this section: 22 (1) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle their 23 holders to participate without limitation in distributions; and 24 (2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to 25 vote unconditionally in elections of directors. 26 (i) Subject to any contractual rights, at any time before articles of 27 merger are filed the planned merger may be abandoned without further 28 shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of merger or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of 29 30 directors. 31 32 4-26-1008. Merger of subsidiary. 33 (a) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent (90%) of the 34 outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge the 35 subsidiary corporation into itself without approval of the shareholders of 36 the parent corporation or subsidiary corporation.

1	(b) The board of directors of the parent corporation shall adopt a
2	plan of merger that sets forth:
3	(1) The names of the parent corporation and the subsidiary
4	corporation; and
5	(2) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the
6	subsidiary corporation into:
7	(A) Shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent
8	corporation or any other corporation; or
9	(B) Cash or other property.
10	(c) The parent corporation shall mail a copy or summary of the plan of
11	merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary corporation who does not waive
12	the mailing requirement in writing.
13	(d) The parent corporation may not deliver articles of merger to the
14	Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date
15	the parent corporation mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each
16	shareholder of the subsidiary corporation who did not waive the mailing
17	requirement.
18	(e) Articles of merger under this section may not contain amendments
19	to the articles of incorporation of the parent corporation except for
20	amendments enumerated in § 4-26-307.
21	
22	4-26-1009. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
23	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
24	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
25	constituent organization.
26	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
27	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
28	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
29	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the
30	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
31	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
32	of the surviving organization;
33	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
34	organizational document of the surviving organization;
35	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
36	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;

1	(6) The street and mailing address of an office that may be used
2	for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the surviving organization is a
3	foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state; and
4	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
5	(B) A statement that:
6	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
7	surviving organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
8	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
9	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
10	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
11	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
12	of any constituent organization.
13	(c) Each constituent organization shall deliver the articles of merger
14	for filing in the office of the Secretary of State.
15	(d) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
16	(1) If the surviving organization is a corporation, upon the
17	later of:
18	(A) Compliance with subsection (c) of this section; or
19	(B) The date specified in the articles of merger; or
20	(2) If the surviving organization is not a corporation, as
21	provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
22	
23	4-26-1010. Effect of merger.
24	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
25	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
26	existence;
27	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
28	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
29	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
30	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
31	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
32	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the
33	surviving organization;
34	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
35	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
36	occurred;

1	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
2	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
3	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
4	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
5	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
6	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent corporation
7	ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the corporation for purposes of
8	§ 4-26-1101 et seq.; and
9	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
10	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
11	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
12	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
13	obligation owed by a constituent organization if before the merger the
14	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
15	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
16	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
17	at the address required in the articles of merger under § 4-26-1009(b)(6).
10	
18	
18	4-26-1011. Rights of dissenting shareholders.
	<u>4-26-1011. Rights of dissenting shareholders.</u> (a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the
19	
19 20	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the
19 20 21	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation
19 20 21 22	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the
19 20 21 22 23	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or
19 20 21 22 23 24	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger; (2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger; (2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger; (2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger; and (3) Within ten (10) days after the date on which the vote was
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger; (2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger; (3) Within ten (10) days after the date on which the vote was taken makes written demand on the surviving or new domestic or foreign
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger; (2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger; and (3) Within ten (10) days after the date on which the vote was taken makes written demand on the surviving or new domestic or foreign organization for payment of the fair value of his or her shares as of the day
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 	 (a) If a conversion or merger is effected under this subchapter, the surviving or new organization shall pay to a shareholder of a corporation that is a party to the conversion or merger the fair value of the shareholder's shares, upon surrender of his or her certificate or certificates representing the shares, if the shareholder: (1) Files with the corporation before or at the meeting of shareholders at which the plan of conversion or merger is submitted to a vote, a written objection to the plan of conversion or merger; (2) Does not vote in favor of the plan of conversion or merger; and (3) Within ten (10) days after the date on which the vote was taken makes written demand on the surviving or new domestic or foreign organization for payment of the fair value of his or her shares as of the day before the date on which the vote was taken approving the conversion or

1	(c) A shareholder failing to make demand within the ten-day period
2	shall be bound by the terms of the conversion or merger.
3	(d) Within ten (10) days after the conversion or merger is effected,
4	the surviving or new organization shall give notice to each dissenting
5	shareholder who has made demand under this section for the payment of the
6	fair value of his or her shares.
7	(e)(1) If within thirty (30) days after the date on which the
8	conversion or merger was effected the value of the shares is agreed upon by
9	the dissenting shareholder and the surviving or new organization, payment
10	shall be made within ninety (90) days after the date on which the conversion
11	or merger was effected upon the surrender of the shareholder's certificate or
12	certificates representing the shares.
13	(2) Upon payment of the agreed value the dissenting shareholder
14	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the corporation.
15	(f)(l)(A) If within the period of thirty (30) days the shareholder and
16	the surviving or new organization do not agree to the value of the dissenting
17	shareholder's shares, then the dissenting shareholder within sixty (60) days
18	after the expiration of the thirty-day period may file a petition for a
19	finding and determination of the fair value of the shares and shall be
20	entitled to judgment against the surviving or new organization for the amount
21	of the fair value as of the day before to the date on which the vote was
22	taken approving such conversion or merger, together with interest thereon to
23	the date of the judgment.
24	(B) The petition shall be filed:
25	(i) In the circuit court of the county in which the
26	registered office of the surviving organization is located if the surviving
27	organization is a domestic organization; or
28	(ii) In the Pulaski County Circuit Court if the
29	surviving organization is a foreign organization.
30	(2) The judgment shall be payable only upon and simultaneously
31	with the surrender to the surviving or new organization of the certificate or
32	certificates representing the shares.
33	(3) Upon payment of the judgment the dissenting shareholder
34	shall cease to have any interest in the shares or in the surviving or new
35	organization.
36	(4) If a dissenting shareholder does not file a petition within

1	the time allowed by this section, the dissenting shareholder and all persons
2	claiming under the dissenting shareholder are bound by the terms of the
3	conversion or merger.
4	(g) Shares acquired by the surviving or new organization in payment of
5	the agreed value of the shares or a judgment under this section may be held
6	and disposed of by the organization as in the case of other treasury shares.
7	(h) This section does not apply to a conversion or merger if on the
8	date of filing the articles of conversion or merger, the surviving
9	organization is the owner of all outstanding shares of the other domestic or
10	foreign organizations that are parties to the conversion or merger.
11	
12	4-26-1012. Chapter not exclusive.
13	This chapter does not preclude an organization from being converted or
14	merged under other law.
15	
16	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 27, Subchapter 11 is amended
17	to read as follows:
18	
19	SUBCHAPTER 11 — Conversion and Merger.
00	
20	4-27-1101. Merger.
20 21	4-2/-1101. Merger. (a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if
21	(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if
21 22	(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if
21 22 23	(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger.
21 22 23 24	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth:</pre>
21 22 23 24 25	 (a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name
21 22 23 24 25 26	 (a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to merge;</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to merge; (2) the terms and conditions of the merger; and</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to merge; (2) the terms and conditions of the merger; and (3) the manner and basis of converting the shares of each</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to merge; (2) the terms and conditions of the merger; and (3) the manner and basis of converting the shares of each corporation into shares, obligations, or other securities of the surviving or </pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to merge; (2) the terms and conditions of the merger; and (3) the manner and basis of converting the shares of each corporation into shares, obligations, or other securities of the surviving or any other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or in part.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>(a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4 27 1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth:</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (a) One (1) or more corporations may merge into another corporation if the board of directors of each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103) approve a plan of merger. (b) The plan of merger must set forth: (1) the name of each corporation planning to merge and the name of the surviving corporation into which each other corporation plans to merge; (2) the terms and conditions of the merger; and (3) the manner and basis of converting the shares of each corporation into shares, obligations, or other securities of the surviving or any other corporation or into each or other property in whole or in part, (c) The plan of merger may set forth: (1) amendments to the articles of incorporation of the surviving

1	4-27-1102. Share exchange.
2	(a) A corporation may acquire all of the outstanding shares of one (1)
3	or more classes or series of another corporation if the board of directors of
4	each corporation adopts and its shareholders (if required by § 4-27-1103)
5	approve the exchange.
6	(b) The plan of exchange must set forth:
7	(1) the name of the corporation whose shares will be acquired
8	and the name of the acquiring corporation;
9	(2) the terms and conditions of the exchange;
10	(3) the manner and basis of exchanging the shares to be acquired
11	for shares, obligations, or other securities of the acquiring or any other
12	corporation or for cash or other property in whole or in part.
13	(c) The plan of exchange may set forth other provisions relating to
14	the exchange.
15	(d) This section does not limit the power of a corporation to acquire
16	all or part of the shares of one (1) or more classes or series of another
17	corporation through a voluntary exchange or otherwise.
18	
19	4-27-1103. Action on plan.
20	(a) After adopting a plan of merger or share exchange, the board of
21	directors of each corporation party to the merger, and the board of directors
22	of the corporation whose shares will be acquired in the share exchange, shall
23	submit the plan of merger (except as provided in subsection (g) of this
24	section) or share exchange for approval by its shareholders.
25	(b) For a plan of merger or share exchange to be approved:
26	(1) the board of directors must recommend the plan of merger or
27	share exchange to the shareholders, unless the board of directors determines
28	that because of conflict of interest or other special circumstances it should
29	make no recommendation and communicates the basis for its determination to
30	the shareholders with the plan; and
31	(2) the shareholders entitled to vote must approve the plan.
32	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
33	proposed merger or share exchange on any basis.
34	(d) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
35	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
36	4-27-705. The notice must also state that the purpose, or one (1) of the

1	purposes, of the meeting is to consider the plan of merger or share exchange
2	and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan.
3	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
4	of directors (acting pursuant to subsection (c) of this section) require a
5	greater vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of merger or share exchange
6	to be authorized must be approved by each voting group entitled to vote
7	separately on the plan by a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on
8	the plan by that voting group.
9	(f) Separate voting by voting groups is required:
10	(1) on a plan of merger, if the plan contains a provision that,
11	if contained in a proposed amendment to articles of incorporation, would
12	require action by one (1) or more separate voting groups on the proposed
13	amendment under § 4-27-1004;
14	(2) on a plan of share exchange by each class or series of
15	shares included in the exchange, with each class or series constituting a
16	separate voting group.
17	(g) Action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan
18	of merger is not required if:
19	(1) the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
20	will not differ (except for amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002) from its
21	articles before the merger;
22	(2) each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares
23	were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger will
24	hold the same number of shares, with identical designations, preferences,
25	limitations, and relative rights, immediately after;
26	(3) the number of voting shares outstanding immediately after
27	the merger, plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the
28	merger (either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger
29	or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger), will
30	not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting
31	shares of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the
32	merger; and
33	(4) the number of participating shares outstanding immediately
34	after the merger, plus the number of participating shares issuable as a
35	result of the merger (either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant
36	to the merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the

1	merger), will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number
2	of participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger.
3	(h) As used in subsection (g) of this section:
4	(1) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle their
5	holders to participate without limitation in distributions.
6	(2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to
7	vote unconditionally in elections of directors.
8	(i) After a merger or share exchange is authorized,
9	and at any time before articles of merger or share exchange are filed, the
10	planned merger or share exchange may be abandoned (subject to any contractual
11	rights), without further shareholder action, in accordance with the procedure
12	set forth in the plan of merger or share exchange or, if none is set forth,
13	in the manner determined by the board of directors.
14	
15	4-27-1104. Merger of subsidiary.
16	(a) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent (90%) of the
17	outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge the
18	subsidiary into itself without approval of the shareholders of the parent or
19	subsidiary.
20	(b) The board of directors of the parent shall adopt a plan of merger
21	that sets forth:
22	(1) the names of the parent and subsidiary; and
23	(2) the manner and basis of converting the shares of the
24	subsidiary into shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent or any
25	other corporation or into cash or other property in whole or in part.
26	(c) The parent shall mail a copy or summary of the plan of merger to
27	each shareholder of the subsidiary who does not waive the mailing requirement
28	
29	in writing.
	in writing. (d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of
30	
30 31	(d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of
	(d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date it mailed a
31	(d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date it mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary who did not
31 32	(d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date it mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary who did not waive the mailing requirement.
31 32 33	(d) The parent may not deliver articles of merger to the Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date it mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary who did not waive the mailing requirement. (e) Articles of merger under this section may not contain amendments

1	4-27-1105. Articles of merger or share exchange.
2	(a) After a plan of merger or share exchange is approved by the
3	shareholders, or adopted by the board of directors if shareholder approval is
4	not required, the surviving or acquiring corporation shall deliver to the
5	Secretary of State for filing articles of merger or share exchange setting
6	forth:
7	(1) the plan of merger or share exchange;
8	(2) if shareholder approval was not required, a statement to
9	that effect;
10	(3) if approval of the shareholders of one (1) or more
11	corporations party to the merger or share exchange was required:
12	(i) the designation, number of outstanding shares,
13	and number of votes entitled to be cast by each voting group entitled to vote
14	separately on the plan as to each corporation; and
15	(ii) either the total number of votes cast for and
16	against the plan by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan
17	or the total number of undisputed votes cast for the plan separately by each
18	voting group and a statement that the number cast for the plan by each voting
19	group was sufficient for approval by that voting group.
19 20	group was sufficient for approval by that voting group. (b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of
20	(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of
20 21	(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of
20 21 22	(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange.
20 21 22 23	(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange.
20 21 22 23 24	(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect:
20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect: (1) every other corporation party to the merger merges into the</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect: (1) every other corporation party to the merger merges into the surviving corporation and the separate existence of every corporation except</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect: (1) every other corporation party to the merger merges into the surviving corporation and the separate existence of every corporation except the surviving corporation ceases;</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect: (1) every other corporation party to the merger merges into the surviving corporation and the separate existence of every corporation except the surviving corporation ceases; (2) the title to all real estate and other property owned by</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect: (1) every other corporation party to the merger merges into the surviving corporation and the separate existence of every corporation except the surviving corporation ceases; (2) the title to all real estate and other property owned by each corporation party to the merger is vested in the surviving corporation without reversion or impairment;</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. 4-27-1106. Effect of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>(b) A merger or share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger or share exchange. (a) When a merger takes effect:</pre>

1	(5) the articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
2	are amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger; and
3	(6) the shares of each corporation party to the merger that are
4	to be converted into shares, obligations, or other securities of the
5	surviving or any other corporation or into cash or other property are
6	converted, and the former holders of the shares are entitled only to the
7	rights provided in the articles of merger or to their rights under § 4-27-
8	1301 et seq.
9	(b) When a share exchange takes effect, the shares of each acquired
10	corporation are exchanged as provided in the plan, and the former holders of
11	the shares are entitled only to the exchange rights provided in the articles
12	of share exchange or to their rights under § 4-27-1301 et seq.
13	
14	4-27-1107. Merger or share exchange with foreign corporations.
15	(a) One (1) or more foreign corporations may merge or enter into a
16	share exchange with one (1) or more domestic corporations if:
17	(1) in a merger, the merger is permitted by the law of the state
18	or country under whose law each foreign corporation is incorporated and each
19	foreign corporation complies with that law in effecting the merger;
20	(2) in a share exchange, the corporation whose shares will be
21	acquired is a domestic corporation, whether or not a share exchange is
22	permitted by the law of the state or country under whose law the acquiring
23	corporation is incorporated;
24	(3) the foreign corporation complies with § 4-27-1105 if it is
25	the surviving corporation of the merger or acquiring corporation of the share
26	exchange; and
27	(4) each domestic corporation complies with the applicable
28	provisions of §§ 4-27-1101 — 4-27-1104 and, if it is the surviving
29	corporation of the merger or acquiring corporation of a share exchange, with
30	§ 4-27-1105.
31	(b) Upon the merger or share exchange taking effect, the surviving
32	foreign corporation of a merger and the acquiring foreign corporation of a
33	share exchange is deemed:
34	(1) to agree that service of process in a proceeding to enforce
35	any obligation or the rights of dissenting shareholders of each domestic
36	corporation party to the merger or share exchange may be made in the manner

1	provided in § 4-20-113; and
2	(2) to agree that it will promptly pay to the dissenting
3	shareholders of each domestic corporation party to the merger or share
4	exchange the amount, if any, to which they are entitled under § 4-27-1301 et
5	seq.
6	(c) This section does not limit the power of a foreign corporation to
7	acquire all or part of the shares of one (1) or more classes or series of a
8	domestic corporation through a voluntary exchange or otherwise.
9	
10	<u>4-27-1101. Definitions.</u>
11	In this subchapter:
12	(1) "Constituent corporation" means a constituent organization
13	that is a corporation;
14	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
15	party to a merger;
16	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
17	converting organization converts pursuant to §§ 4-27-1102 through 4-27-1105;
18	(4) "Converting corporation" means a converting organization
19	that is a corporation;
20	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
21	converts into another organization pursuant to § 4-27-1102;
22	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
23	that governs the organization's internal affairs; and
24	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the
25	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State.
26	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
27	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
28	partnership;
29	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
30	liability limited partnership;
31	(iii) A limited liability company;
32	(iv) A business trust;
33	(v) A corporation; or
34	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
35	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
36	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;

1	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
2	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
3	partnership agreement and, if applicable, statement of qualification;
4	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
5	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
6	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
7	its articles of organization and operating agreement, or the comparable
8	records provided for in its governing statute;
9	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
10	declaration of trust;
11	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
12	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other agreements among its
13	shareholders which are authorized by its governing statute, or the comparable
14	records provided for in its governing statute; and
15	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
16	(i) Create the organization;
17	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
18	organization; and
19	(iii) Determine the relations among the
20	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
21	(10) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
22	one or more other organizations are merged.
23	
24	<u>4-27-1102.</u> Conversion.
25	(a) An organization other than a corporation may convert to a
26	corporation, and a corporation may convert to another organization under this
27	section and §§ 4-27-1103 through 4-27-1105 and a plan of conversion, if the:
28	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
29	conversion and is complied with; and
30	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
31	that enacted the governing statute.
32	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
33	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
34	
	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;

1	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
2	consideration; and
3	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
4	
5	4-27-1103. Action on plan of conversion by converting corporation.
6	(a) A plan of conversion may be approved if the:
7	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of conversion to the
8	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
9	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
10	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
11	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
12	time the plan of conversion is submitted to the shareholders; and
13	(2) Shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
14	(b) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
15	proposed conversion on any basis.
16	(c)(l) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
17	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
18	<u>4-27-705.</u>
19	(2) The notice shall:
20	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
21	plan of conversion; and
22	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
23	plan.
24	(d) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
25	of directors acting under subsection (b) of this section require a greater
26	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of conversion to be authorized must
27	be approved by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan by a
28	majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting
29	group.
30	(e) Subject to any contractual rights, until a conversion is filed
31	under § 4-27-1104, a converting corporation may amend the plan or abandon the
32	planned conversion:
33	
	(1) As provided in the plan; and
34	(1) As provided in the plan; and (2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
34 35	

1	<u>4-27-1104. Filings required for conversion — Effective date.</u>
2	(a)(1) After a plan of conversion is approved a converting corporation
3	shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of State.
4	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
5	(A) A statement that the corporation has been converted
6	into another organization;
7	(B) The name and form of the organization and the
8	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
9	(C) The date the conversion is effective under the
10	governing statute of the converted organization;
11	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
12	required by this chapter;
13	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
14	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
15	(F) The street and mailing address of an office that may
16	be used for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the converted organization
17	is a foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state;
18	and
19	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
19	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
19 20	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that:
19 20 21	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the
19 20 21 22	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
19 20 21 22 23	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
19 20 21 22 23 24	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. (2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. (2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-27-202:</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. (2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-27-202: (A) A statement that the corporation was converted from
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. (2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-27-202: (A) A statement that the corporation was converted from another organization;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting corporation on request and without cost to any shareholder of the converting corporation. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting corporation, the converting organization shall file articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. (2) The articles of incorporation shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-27-202: (A) A statement that the corporation was converted from another organization; (B) The name and form of the organization and the

1	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
2	(1) If the converted organization is a corporation, when the
3	articles of incorporation take effect; and
4	(2) If the converted organization is not a corporation, as
5	provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
6	
7	4-27-1105. Effect of conversion.
8	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
9	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
10	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
11	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
12	vested in the converted organization;
13	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
14	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
15	organization;
16	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
17	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
18	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
19	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
20	remain vested in the converted organization;
21	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
22	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
23	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
24	a converting corporation under § 4-27-1401 et seq.
25	(c)(l) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
26	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
27	obligation owed by the converting corporation, if before the conversion the
28	converting corporation was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
29	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
30	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
31	at the address required in the articles of conversion under § 4-27-
32	1104(a)(1)(F).
33	
34	<u>4-27-1106. Merger.</u>
35	(a) A corporation may merge with one (1) or more other constituent
36	organizations under this section and §§ 4-27-1107 through 4-27-1110 and a

1	plan of merger if:
2	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
3	authorizes the merger;
4	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
5	that enacted any of the governing statutes; and
6	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
7	statute in effecting the merger.
8	(b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
9	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
10	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
11	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
12	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
13	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
14	consideration; and
15	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
16	organization's organizational documents.
17	
18	4-27-1107. Action on plan of merger by constituent corporation.
19	(a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section and after
20	adopting a plan of merger, the board of directors of each corporation that is
21	a party to the merger shall submit the plan of merger for approval by its
22	shareholders.
23	(b) A plan of merger may be approved if the:
24	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of merger to the
25	shareholders, unless the board of directors:
26	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
27	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
28	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
29	time the plan of merger is submitted to the shareholders; and
30	(2) The shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
31	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
32	proposed merger on any basis.
33	(d)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
34	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
35	4-27-705.
36	(2) The notice shall:

1	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
2	plan of merger; and
3	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
4	plan.
5	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
6	of directors acting under to subsection (c) of this section require a greater
7	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of merger to be authorized must be
8	approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the
9	outstanding shares entitled to vote, and if by voting group, by each voting
10	group entitled to vote separately on the plan by a majority of all the votes
11	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.
12	(f) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of merger
13	if the plan contains a provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment
14	to the articles of incorporation, would require action by one (1) or more
15	separate voting groups on the proposed amendment under § 4-27-1004.
16	(g) Action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan
17	of merger is not required if:
18	(1) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
19	will not differ except for amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002 from its
20	articles before the merger;
21	(2) Each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares
22	were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger will
23	hold the same number of shares or the interest comparable to shares in an
24	entity other than a corporation, with identical designations, preferences,
25	limitations, and relative rights immediately after the merger;
26	(3) The number of voting shares outstanding immediately after
27	the merger plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the
28	merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger
29	or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger, will
30	not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting
31	shares of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the
32	merger; and
33	(4) The number of participating shares outstanding immediately
34	after the merger plus the number of participating shares issuable as a result
35	of the merger either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the
36	merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger,

1	will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of
2	participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger.
3	(h) As used in subsection (g) of this section:
4	(1) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle their
5	holders to participate without limitation in distributions; and
6	(2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to
7	vote unconditionally in elections of directors.
8	(i) Subject to any contractual rights, at any time before articles of
9	merger are filed the planned merger may be abandoned without further
10	shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of
11	merger or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of
12	directors.
13	
14	4-27-1108. Merger of subsidiary.
15	(a) A parent corporation owning at least ninety percent (90%) of the
16	outstanding shares of each class of a subsidiary corporation may merge the
17	subsidiary corporation into itself without approval of the shareholders of
18	the parent corporation or subsidiary corporation.
19	(b) The board of directors of the parent corporation shall adopt a
20	plan of merger that sets forth:
21	(1) The names of the parent corporation and the subsidiary
22	corporation; and
23	(2) The manner and basis of converting the shares of the
24	subsidiary corporation into:
25	(A) Shares, obligations, or other securities of the parent
26	corporation or any other corporation; or
27	(B) Cash or other property.
28	(c) The parent corporation shall mail a copy or summary of the plan of
29	merger to each shareholder of the subsidiary who does not waive the mailing
30	requirement in writing.
31	(d) The parent corporation may not deliver articles of merger to the
32	Secretary of State for filing until at least thirty (30) days after the date
33	the parent corporation mailed a copy of the plan of merger to each
34	shareholder of the subsidiary corporation who did not waive the mailing
35	requirement.
36	(e) Articles of merger under this section may not contain amendments

1	to the articles of incorporation of the parent corporation except for
2	amendments enumerated in § 4-27-1002.
3	
4	4-27-1109. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
5	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
6	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
7	constituent organization.
8	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
9	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
10	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
11	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the
12	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
13	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
14	of the surviving organization;
15	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
16	organizational document of the surviving organization;
17	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
18	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
19	(6) The street and mailing address of an office that may be used
20	for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the surviving organization is a
21	foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state; and
22	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
23	(B) A statement that:
24	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
25	surviving organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
26	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
27	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
28	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
29	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
30	of any constituent organization.
31	(c) Each constituent organization shall deliver the articles of merger
32	for filing in the office of the Secretary of State.
33	(d) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
34	(1) If the surviving organization is a corporation, upon the
35	later of:
36	(A) Compliance with subsection (c) of this section; or

1	(B) The date specified in the articles of merger; or
2	(2) If the surviving organization is not a corporation, as
3	provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
4	
5	4-27-1110. Effect of merger.
6	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
7	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
8	existence;
9	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
10	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
11	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
12	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
13	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
14	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the
15	surviving organization;
16	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
17	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
18	occurred;
19	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
20	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
21	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
22	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
23	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
24	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent corporation
25	ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the corporation for the
26	purposes of § 4-27-1401 et seq.; and
27	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
28	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
29	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
30	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
31	obligation owed by a constituent organization if before the merger the
32	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
33	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
34	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
35	at the address required in the articles of merger under § 4-27-1109(b)(6).
36	

1	4-27-1111. Chapter not exclusive.
2	This chapter does not preclude an organization from being converted or
3	merged under other law.
4	
5	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 4-27-1302 is amended to read as follows:
6	4-27-1302. Right of dissent.
7	(a) A shareholder is entitled to dissent from and obtain payment of
8	the fair value of his <u>the shareholder's</u> shares in the event of any of the
9	following corporate actions:
10	(1) Consummation of a plan of conversion to which the
11	corporation is a party;
12	(1) (2) consummation Consummation of a plan of merger to which
13	the corporation is a party (i) if <u>:</u>
14	(A) shareholder Shareholder approval is required for the
15	merger by § $4-27-1103$ § $4-27-1107$ or the articles of incorporation and the
16	shareholder is entitled to vote on the merger; or
17	(ii) (B) if If the corporation is a subsidiary that is
18	merged with its parent under § 4-27-1104 <u>§ 4-27-1108</u> ;
19	(2) (3) consummation Consummation of a plan of share exchange to
20	which the corporation is a party as the corporation whose shares will be
21	acquired, if the shareholder is entitled to vote on the plan;
22	(3) (4) consummation Consummation of a sale or exchange of all,
23	or substantially all, of the property of the corporation other than in the
24	usual and regular course of business, if the shareholder is entitled to vote
25	on the sale or exchange, including a sale in dissolution, but not including a
26	sale pursuant to <u>under</u> court order or a sale for cash pursuant to <u>under</u> a
27	plan by which all or substantially all of the net proceeds of the sale will
28	be distributed to the shareholders within one (1) year after the date of
29	sale;
30	(4) (5) an An amendment to the articles of incorporation that
31	materially and adversely affects rights in respect of a dissenter's shares
32	because it:
33	(i) alters <u>Alters</u> or abolishes a preferential right
34	of the shares;
35	(ii) creates <u>Creates</u> , alters, or abolishes a right
36	in respect of redemption, including a provision respecting a sinking fund for

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1 the redemption or repurchase, of the shares; 2 (iii) alters Alters or abolishes a preemptive right 3 of the holder of the shares to acquire shares or other securities; 4 (iv) excludes Excludes or limits the right of the 5 shares to vote on any matter, or to cumulate votes, other than a limitation 6 by dilution through issuance of shares or other securities with similar 7 voting rights; or 8 (v) reduces Reduces the number of shares owned by 9 the shareholder to a fraction of a share if the fractional share so created is to be acquired for cash under § 4-27-604; or 10 11 (5) (6) any Any corporate action taken pursuant to a shareholder 12 vote to the extent the articles of incorporation, bylaws, or a resolution of the board of directors provide that voting or nonvoting shareholders are 13 14 entitled to dissent and obtain payment for their shares. 15 (b) A shareholder entitled to dissent and obtain payment for his the 16 shareholder's shares under this subchapter may not challenge the corporate 17 action creating his the shareholder's entitlement unless the action is 18 unlawful or fraudulent with respect to the shareholder or the corporation. 19 20 SECTION 4. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 27 is amended by adding an 21 additional subchapter to read as follows: 22 23 SUBCHAPTER 18 - Share Exchange. 24 4-27-1801. Share exchange. 25 (a) A corporation may acquire all of the outstanding shares of one (1) 26 or more classes or series of another corporation if the board of directors 27 and shareholders if required by § 4-27-1802 of each corporation approve the 28 exchange. 29 (b) The plan of exchange shall set forth: 30 (1) The name of the corporation whose shares will be acquired and the name of the acquiring corporation; 31 32 (2) The terms and conditions of the exchange; 33 (3) The manner and basis of exchanging the shares to be acquired 34 for: 35 (A) Shares, obligations, or other securities of the 36 acquiring corporation or any other corporation; or

1	(C) Cash or other property.
2	(c) The plan of exchange may set forth other provisions relating to
3	the exchange.
4	(d) This section does not limit the power of a corporation to acquire
5	all or part of the shares of one (1) or more classes or series of another
6	corporation through a voluntary exchange or otherwise.
7	
8	4-27-1802. Action on plan of share exchange.
9	(a) After adopting a plan of share exchange, the board of directors of
10	each corporation whose shares will be acquired in the share exchange shall
11	submit the plan of share exchange for approval by its shareholders.
12	(b) A plan of share exchange may be approved if the:
13	(1) Board of directors recommends the plan of share exchange to
14	the shareholders, unless the board of directors:
15	(A) Determines that because of a conflict of interest or
16	other special circumstances it should make no recommendation; and
17	(B) Communicates the basis for its determination at the
18	time the plan of share exchange is submitted to the shareholders; and
19	(2) Shareholders entitled to vote approve the plan.
20	(c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the
21	proposed plan of share exchange on any basis.
22	(d)(1) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not
23	entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance with §
24	<u>4-27-705.</u>
25	(2) The notice shall:
26	(A) State that a purpose of the meeting is to consider the
27	plan of share exchange; and
28	(B) Contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
29	plan.
30	(e) Unless this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the board
31	of directors acting under subsection (c) of this section require a greater
32	vote or a vote by voting groups, the plan of share exchange to be authorized
33	must be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the
34	outstanding shares entitled to vote and, if by voting group, by each voting
35	group entitled to vote separately on the plan by a majority of all the votes
36	entitled to be cast on the plan by the voting group.

1	(f)(1) Separate voting by voting groups is required on a plan of share
2	exchange by each class or series of shares included in the exchange.
3	(2) Each class or series constitutes a separate voting group.
4	(g) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of share
5	exchange are filed the planned share exchange may be abandoned without
6	further shareholder action in accordance with the procedure set forth in the
7	plan of share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by
8	the board of directors.
9	
10	4-27-1803. Articles of share exchange.
11	(a) After a plan of share exchange is approved by the shareholders or
12	adopted by the board of directors if shareholder approval is not required,
13	the surviving or acquiring corporation shall file articles of share exchange
14	with the Secretary of State.
15	(b) The articles of share exchange shall include:
16	(1)(A) A copy of the plan of share exchange; or
17	(B) A statement that:
18	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
19	surviving corporation where the plan of share exchange is on file; and
20	(ii) A copy of the plan of share exchange will be
21	furnished by the surviving corporation on request and without cost to any
22	shareholder, member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization;
23	(2) If shareholder approval was not required, a statement that
24	shareholder approval was required;
25	(3) If the approval of the shareholders of one (1) or more
26	corporations to the share exchange was required:
27	(A) The designation, number of outstanding shares, and
28	number of votes entitled to be cast by each voting group entitled to vote
29	separately on the plan as to each corporation; and
30	(B)(i) The total number of votes cast for and against the
31	plan by each voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan; or
32	(ii) The total number of undisputed votes cast for
33	the plan separately by each voting group; and
34	(4) A statement that the number of votes cast for the plan by
35	each voting group was sufficient for approval by that voting group.
36	(c) A share exchange takes effect upon the effective date of the

1	articles of share exchange.
2	
3	4-27-1804. Effect of share exchange.
4	When a share exchange takes effect, the shares of each acquired
5	corporation are exchanged as provided in the plan and the former holders of
6	the shares are entitled only to:
7	(1) The exchange rights provided in the articles of share
8	exchange; or
9	(2) The rights of the former holders of the shares under $4-27-$
10	<u>1301 et seq.</u>
11	
12	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 32, Subchapter 12 is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	4-32-1201. Merger or consolidation.
15	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement,
16	and subject to any law applicable to business entities other than limited
17	liability companies, one (1) or more limited liability companies may merge or
18	consolidate with or into one (1) or more other business entities with the
19	limited liability company or other business entity as the merger or
20	consolidation agreement shall provide being the surviving or resulting
21	limited liability company or other business entity.
22	(b) Rights or securities of or interests in a business entity that is
23	a party to the merger or consolidation may be exchanged for or converted into
24	cash, property, obligations, or rights or securities of or interests in the
25	surviving or resulting business entity or of any other business entity.
26	(c) As used in this subchapter, "business entity" or "business
27	entities" shall mean domestic and foreign limited liability companies,
28	corporations, general partnerships, limited partnerships, registered limited
29	liability partnerships and registered limited liability limited partnerships.
30	
31	4-32-1202. Approval of merger or consolidation.
32	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a
33	limited liability company that is a party to a proposed merger or
34	consolidation shall approve the merger or consolidation agreement by the
35	consent of more than one-half (½) by number of the members.
36	(b) Each business entity that is a party to a proposed merger or

1	consolidation shall approve the merger or consolidation in the manner and by
2	the vote required by the laws applicable to the business entity.
3	(c) Each business entity that is a party to the merger or
4	consolidation shall have the rights to abandon the merger as are provided for
5	in the merger or consolidation agreement or in the laws applicable to the
6	business entity.
7	
8	4-32-1203. Articles of merger or consolidation.
9	(a) The business entity surviving or resulting from the merger or
10	consolidation shall deliver to the Secretary of State articles of merger or
11	consolidation executed by each constituent entity setting forth:
12	(1) The name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of
13	each business entity which is to merge or consolidate;
14	(2) That an agreement of merger or consolidation has been
15	approved and executed by each business entity which is a party to the merger
16	or consolidation;
17	(3) The name of the surviving or resulting business entity;
18	(4) The future effective date of the merger or consolidation,
19	which shall be a date or time certain, if it is not to be effective upon the
20	filing of the articles of merger or consolidation;
21	(5) That the agreement of merger or consolidation is on file at
22	a place of business of the surviving or resulting business entity, and the
23	address of that place of business;
24	(6) That a copy of the agreement of merger or consolidation will
25	be furnished by the surviving or resulting business entity on request and
26	without cost to any person holding an interest in any business entity which
27	is to merge or consolidate; and
28	(7) If the surviving or resulting entity is not a business
29	entity organized under the laws of this state, a statement that such
30	surviving or resulting business entity:
31	(Λ) Agrees that it may be served with process in this
32	state in any proceeding for enforcement of any obligation of any business
33	entity party to the merger or consolidation that was organized under the laws
34	of this state, as well as for enforcement of any obligation of the surviving
35	business entity or the new business entity arising from the merger or
36	consolidation; and

1	(B) Appoints the Secretary of State as its agent for
2	service of process in any such proceeding, and the surviving business entity
3	or the new business entity shall specify the address to which a copy of the
4	process shall be mailed to it by the Secretary of State.
5	(b) A merger or consolidation takes effect upon the later of the
6	effective date of the filing of the articles of merger or consolidation or
7	the date set forth in the articles of merger or consolidation.
8	(c) The articles of merger or consolidation shall be executed by a
9	limited liability company that is a party to the merger or consolidation in
10	the manner provided for in § 4-32-204 and shall be filed with the Secretary
11	of State in the manner provided for in § 4-32-205.
12	(d) Articles of merger or consolidation shall constitute articles of
13	dissolution for a limited liability company which is not the surviving or
14	resulting business entity in the merger or consolidation.
15	(e) An agreement of merger or consolidation approved in accordance
16	with § 4-32-1202 may effect any amendment to an operating agreement or effect
17	the adoption of a new operating agreement for a limited liability company if
18	it is the surviving or resulting limited liability company in the merger or
19	consolidation. An approved agreement of merger or consolidation may also
20	provide that the operating agreement of any constituent limited liability
21	company to the merger or consolidation, including a limited liability company
22	formed for the purpose of consummating a merger or consolidation, shall be
23	the operating agreement of the surviving or resulting limited liability
24	company. Any amendment to an operating agreement or adoption of a new
25	operating agreement made pursuant to this subsection shall be effective at
26	the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation. The provisions of
27	this subsection shall not be construed to limit the accomplishment of a
28	merger or of any of the matters referred to herein by any other means
29	provided for in an operating agreement or other agreement or as otherwise
30	permitted by law.
31	
32	4-32-1204. Effects of merger or consolidation.
33	A merger or consolidation has the following effects:
34	(1) The business entities that are parties to the merger or
35	consolidation agreement shall be a single entity, which, in the case of a
36	merger shall be the entity designated in the plan of merger as the surviving

1	entity, and, in the case of a consolidation, shall be the new entity provided
2	for in the plan of consolidation;
3	(2) Each party to the merger or consolidation agreement except
4	the surviving entity or the new entity shall cease to exist;
5	(3) The surviving entity or the new entity shall thereupon and
6	thereafter possess all the rights, privileges, immunities, and powers of each
7	constituent entity and shall be subject to all the restrictions,
8	disabilities, and duties of each of such constituent entities to the extent
9	the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, franchises, restrictions,
10	disabilities, and duties are applicable to the type of business entity that
11	is the surviving entity or the new entity;
12	(4) All property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due on
13	whatever account, including promises to make capital contributions and
14	subscriptions for shares, and all other choses in action, and all and every
15	other interest of or belonging to or due to each of the constituent entities
16	shall be vested in the surviving entity or the new entity without further act
17	or deed;
18	(5) The title to all real estate and any interest therein vested
19	in any such constituent entity shall not revert or be in any way impaired by
20	reason of such merger or consolidation;
21	(6) The surviving entity or the new entity shall thenceforth be
22	liable for all liabilities and obligations of each of the constituent
23	entities so merged or consolidated, and any claim existing or action or
24	proceeding pending by or against any such constituent entity may be
25	prosecuted as if such merger or consolidation had not taken place, or the
26	surviving entity or the new entity may be substituted in the action;
27	(7) Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens on the
28	property of any constituent entity shall be impaired by the merger or
29	consolidation; and
30	(8) The interests in a limited liability company or shares or
31	other interests in a corporation that are to be converted or exchanged into
32	interests, shares or other securities, cash, obligations or other property
33	under the terms of the merger or consolidation agreement are so converted,
34	and the former holders thereof are entitled only to the rights provided in
35	the merger or consolidation agreement or the rights otherwise provided by
36	law.

1	
2	SUBCHAPTER 12 — Conversion and Merger.
3	<u>4-32-1201. Definitions.</u>
4	In this subchapter:
5	(1) "Constituent limited liability company" means a constituent
6	organization that is a limited liability company;
7	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
8	party to a merger;
9	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
10	converting organization converts under §§ 4-32-1202 through 4-32-1205;
11	(4) "Converting limited liability company" means a converting
12	organization that is a limited liability company;
13	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
14	converts into another organization under § 4-32-1202;
15	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
16	that governs the organization's internal affairs;
17	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the
18	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State;
19	(8)(A) "Organization" means:
20	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
21	partnership;
21 22	partnership; (ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
22	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
22 23	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership;
22 23 24	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company;
22 23 24 25	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust;
22 23 24 25 26	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or
22 23 24 25 26 27	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or (vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or (vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute. (B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or (vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute. (B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or (vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute. (B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit; (9) "Organizational documents" means:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or (vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute. (B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit; (9) "Organizational documents" means: (A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited liability limited partnership; (iii) A limited liability company; (iv) A business trust; (v) A corporation; or (vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute. (B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit; (9) "Organizational documents" means: (A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its partnership agreement and if applicable statement of qualification;
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limitedliability limited partnership;(iii) A limited liability company;(iv) A business trust;(v) A corporation; or(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreignorganization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;(9) "Organizational documents" means:(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, itspartnership agreement and if applicable statement of qualification;(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its

1	records provided for in its governing statute;
2	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
3	declaration of trust;
4	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
5	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other agreements among its
6	shareholders which are authorized by its governing statute or the comparable
7	records provided for in its governing statute; and
8	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
9	(i) Create the organization;
10	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
11	organization; and
12	(iii) Determine the relations among the
13	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
14	(10) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
15	one or more other organizations are merged.
16	
17	4-32-1202. Conversion.
18	(a) An organization other than a limited liability company may convert
19	to a limited liability company, and a limited liability company may convert
20	to another organization under this section and §§ 4-32-1203 through 4-32-1205
21	and a plan of conversion, if the:
22	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
23	conversion and is complied with; and
24	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
25	that enacted the governing statute.
26	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
27	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
28	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion; and
29	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
30	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
31	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
32	consideration; and
33	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
34	
35	4-32-1203. Action on plan of conversion by converting limited
36	liability company.

1	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a
2	plan of conversion must be consented to by more than one-half $(1/2)$ by number
3	of the members of a converting limited liability company.
4	(b) Subject to any contractual rights, until a conversion is filed
5	under § 4-32-1204, a converting limited liability company may amend the plan
6	or abandon the planned conversion:
7	(1) As provided in the plan; and
8	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
9	required to approve the plan.
10	
11	4-32-1204. Filings required for conversion — Effective date.
12	(a)(1) After a plan of conversion is approved, a converting limited
13	liability company shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of
14	<u>State.</u>
15	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
16	(A) A statement that the limited liability company has
17	been converted into another organization;
18	(B) The name and form of the converted organization and
19	the jurisdiction of its governing statute;
20	(<u>C) The date the conversion is effective under the</u>
21	governing statute of the converted organization;
22	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
23	required by this chapter;
24	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
25	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
26	(F) The street and mailing address of an office that may
27	be used for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the converted organization
28	is a foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state;
29	and
30	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
31	(ii) A statement that:
32	(a) Contains the address of an office of the
33	organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
34	(b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
35	furnished by the converting organization on request and without cost to any
36	shareholder of the converting organization.

1	(b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting limited
2	liability company, the converting organization shall file articles of
3	organization with the Secretary of State.
4	(2) The articles of organization shall include, in addition to
5	the information required by § 4-32-202:
6	(A) A statement that the limited liability company was
7	converted from another organization;
8	(B) The name and form of the converting organization and
9	the jurisdiction of its governing statute; and
10	(C) A statement that the conversion was approved in a
11	manner that complied with the converting organization's governing statute.
12	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
13	(1) If the converted organization is a limited liability
14	company, when the articles of organization take effect; and
15	(2) If the converted organization is not a limited liability
16	company, as provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
17	
18	4-32-1205. Effect of conversion.
19	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
20	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
21	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
22	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
23	vested in the converted organization;
24	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
25	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
26	organization;
27	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
28	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
29	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
30	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
31	remain vested in the converted organization;
32	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
33	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
34	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
35	a converting limited liability company under § 4-32-901 et seq.
36	(c)(l) A converted organization that is a foreign organization

1	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
2	obligation owed by the converting limited liability company, if before the
3	conversion the converting limited liability company was subject to suit in
4	this state on the obligation.
5	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
6	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
7	at the address required in the articles of conversion under § 4-32-
8	<u>1204(a)(1)(F).</u>
9	
10	<u>4-32-1206. Merger.</u>
11	(a) A limited liability company may merge with one (1) or more other
12	constituent organizations under this section and §§ 4-32-1207 through 4-32-
13	1209 and a plan of merger, if:
14	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
15	authorizes the merger;
16	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
17	that enacted any of the governing statutes; and
18	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
19	statute in effecting the merger.
20	(b) A plan of merger shall be in a record and shall include:
21	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
22	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
23	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
24	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
25	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
26	consideration; and
27	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
28	organization's organizational documents.
29	
30	4-32-1207. Action on plan of merger by constituent limited liability
31	<u>company.</u>
32	(a) Unless otherwise provided in writing in an operating agreement, a
33	plan of merger must be consented to by more than one-half (1/2) by number of
34	the members of a constituent limited liability company.
35	(b) Subject to any contractual rights, until articles of merger are
36	filed under § 4-32-1208 a constituent limited liability company may amend the

1	plan or abandon the planned merger:
2	(1) As provided in the plan; and
3	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent
4	required to approve the plan.
5	
6	4-32-1208. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
7	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
8	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
9	constituent organization and filed with the Secretary of State.
10	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
11	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
12	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
13	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the
14	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
15	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
16	of the surviving organization;
17	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
18	organizational document of the surviving organization;
19	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
20	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
21	(6) The street and mailing address of an office that may be used
22	for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the surviving organization is a
23	foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state; and
24	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
25	(B) A statement that:
26	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
27	surviving organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
28	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
29	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
30	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
31	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
32	of any constituent organization.
33	(c) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
34	(1) If the surviving organization is a limited liability
35	company, upon the later of:
36	(A) Compliance with subsection (a) of this section; or

1	(B) The date specified in the articles of merger; or
2	(2) If the surviving organization is not a limited liability
3	company, as provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
4	
5	4-32-1209. Effect of merger.
6	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
7	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
8	existence;
9	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
10	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
11	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that
12	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
13	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
14	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the
15	surviving organization;
16	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
17	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
18	occurred;
19	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
20	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
21	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
22	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
23	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
24	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent limited
25	liability company ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the limited
26	liability company under § 4-32-901 et seq.; and
27	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
28	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
29	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
30	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
31	obligation owed by a constituent organization if before the merger the
32	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
33	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
34	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
35	at the address required in the articles of merger under § 4-32-1208(b)(6).
36	

1	4-32-1210. Chapter not exclusive.
2	This chapter does not preclude an entity from being converted or merged
3	under other law.
4	
5	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code Title 4, Chapter 46, Subchapter 9 is amended
6	to read as follows:
7	4-46-901. Definitions.
8	In this subchapter:
9	(1) "General partner" means a partner in a partnership and a
10	general partner in a limited partnership.
11	(2) "Limited partner" means a limited partner in a limited
12	partnership.
13	(3) "Limited partnership" means a limited partnership created
14	under the Uniform Limited Partnership Act (2001), § 4-47-101 et seq.,
15	predecessor law, or comparable law of another jurisdiction.
16	(4) "Partner" includes both a general partner and a limited
17	partner.
18	
19	4-46-902. Conversion of partnership to limited partnership.
20	(a) A partnership may be converted to a limited partnership pursuant
21	to this section.
22	(b) The terms and conditions of a conversion of a partnership to a
23	limited partnership must be approved by all of the partners or by a number or
24	percentage specified for conversion in the partnership agreement.
25	(c) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the partnership
26	shall file a certificate of limited partnership in the jurisdiction in which
27	the limited partnership is to be formed. The certificate must include:
28	(1) a statement that the partnership was converted to a limited
29	partnership from a partnership;
30	(2) its former name; and
31	(3) a statement of the number of votes east by the partners for
32	and against the conversion and, if the vote is less than unanimous, the
33	number or percentage required to approve the conversion under the partnership
34	agreement.
35	(d) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of limited
36	partnership is filed or at any later date specified in the certificate.

1	(e) A general partner who becomes a limited partner as a result of the
2	conversion remains liable as a general partner for an obligation incurred by
3	the partnership before the conversion takes effect. If the other party to a
4	transaction with the limited partnership reasonably believes when entering
5	the transaction that the limited partner is a general partner, the limited
6	partner is liable for an obligation incurred by the limited partnership
7	within ninety (90) days after the conversion takes effect. The limited
8	partner's liability for all other obligations of the limited partnership
9	incurred after the conversion takes effect is that of a limited partner as
10	provided in the Uniform Limited Partnership Act (2001), § 4-47-101 et seq.
11	
12	4-46-903. Conversion of limited partnership to partnership.
13	(a) A limited partnership may be converted to a partnership pursuant
14	to this section.
15	(b) Notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in a limited
16	partnership agreement, the terms and conditions of a conversion of a limited
17	partnership to a partnership must be approved by all of the partners.
18	(c) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the limited
19	partnership shall cancel its certificate of limited partnership.
20	(d) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of limited
21	partnership is canceled.
22	(e) A limited partner who becomes a general partner as a result of the
23	conversion remains liable only as a limited partner for an obligation
24	incurred by the limited partnership before the conversion takes effect.
25	Except as otherwise provided in § 4-46-306, the partner is liable as a
26	general partner for an obligation of the partnership incurred after the
27	conversion takes effect.
28	
29	4-46-904. Effect of conversion — Entity unchanged.
30	(a) A partnership or limited partnership that has been converted
31	pursuant to this subchapter is for all purposes the same entity that existed
32	before the conversion.
33	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
34	(1) all property owned by the converting partnership or limited
35	partnership remains vested in the converted entity;
36	(2) all obligations of the converting partnership or limited

1	partnership continue as obligations of the converted entity; and
2	(3) an action or proceeding pending against the converting
3	partnership or limited partnership may be continued as if the conversion had
4	not occurred.
5	
6	4-46-905. Merger of partnerships.
7	(a) Pursuant to a plan of merger approved as provided in subsection
8	(c) of this section, a partnership may be merged with one (1) or more
9	partnerships or limited partnerships.
10	(b) The plan of merger must set forth:
11	(1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is
12	a party to the merger;
13	(2) the name of the surviving entity into which the other
14	partnerships or limited partnerships will merge;
15	(3) whether the surviving entity is a partnership or a limited
16	partnership and the status of each partner;
17	(4) the terms and conditions of the merger;
18	(5) the manner and basis of converting the interests of each
19	party to the merger into interests or obligations of the surviving entity, or
20	into money or other property in whole or part; and
21	(6) the street address of the surviving entity's chief executive
22	office.
23	(c) The plan of merger must be approved:
24	(1) in the case of a partnership that is a party to the merger,
25	by all of the partners, or a number or percentage specified for merger in the
26	partnership agreement; and
27	(2) in the case of a limited partnership that is a party to the
28	merger, by the vote required for approval of a merger by the law of the State
29	or foreign jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is organized and, in
30	the absence of such a specifically applicable law, by all of the partners,
31	notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in the partnership agreement.
32	(d) After a plan of merger is approved and before the merger takes
33	effect, the plan may be amended or abandoned as provided in the plan.
34	(e) The merger takes effect on the later of:
35	(1) the approval of the plan of merger by all parties to the
36	merger, as provided in subsection (c) of this section;

1	(2) the filing of all documents required by law to be filed as a
2	condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or
3	(3) any effective date specified in the plan of merger.
4	4-46-906. Effect of merger.
5	(a) When a merger takes effect:
6	(1) the separate existence of every partnership or limited
7	partnership that is a party to the merger, other than the surviving entity,
8	ceases ;
9	(2) all property owned by each of the merged partnerships or
10	limited partnerships vests in the surviving entity;
11	(3) all obligations of every partnership or limited partnership
12	that is a party to the merger become the obligations of the surviving entity;
13	and
14	(4) an action or proceeding pending against a partnership or
15	limited partnership that is a party to the merger may be continued as if the
16	merger had not occurred, or the surviving entity may be substituted as a
17	party to the action or proceeding.
18	(b) The Secretary of State of this State is the agent for service of
19	process in an action or proceeding against a surviving foreign partnership or
20	limited partnership to enforce an obligation of a domestic partnership or
21	limited partnership that is a party to a merger. The surviving entity shall
22	promptly notify the Secretary of State of the mailing address of its chief
23	executive office and of any change of address. Upon receipt of process, the
24	Secretary of State shall mail a copy of the process to the surviving foreign
25	partnership or limited partnership.
26	(c) A partner of the surviving partnership or limited partnership is
27	liable for:
28	(1) all obligations of a party to the merger for which the
29	partner was personally liable before the merger;
30	(2) all other obligations of the surviving entity incurred
31	before the merger by a party to the merger, but those obligations may be
32	satisfied only out of property of the entity; and
33	(3) except as otherwise provided in § 4-46-306, all obligations
34	of the surviving entity incurred after the merger takes effect, but those
35	obligations may be satisfied only out of property of the entity if the
36	partner is a limited partner.

1	(d) If the obligations incurred before the merger by a party to the
2	merger are not satisfied out of the property of the surviving partnership or
3	limited partnership, the general partners of that party immediately before
4	the effective date of the merger shall contribute the amount necessary to
5	satisfy that party's obligations to the surviving entity, in the manner
6	provided in § 4-46-807 or in the limited partnership act of the jurisdiction
7	in which the party was formed, as the case may be, as if the merged party
8	were dissolved.
9	(e) A partner of a party to a merger who does not become a partner of
10	the surviving partnership or limited partnership is dissociated from the
11	entity, of which that partner was a partner, as of the date the merger takes
12	effect. The surviving entity shall cause the partner's interest in the entity
13	to be purchased under § 4-46-701 or another statute specifically applicable
14	to that partner's interest with respect to a merger. The surviving entity is
15	bound under § 4-46-702 by an act of a general partner dissociated under this
16	subsection, and the partner is liable under § 4-46-703 for transactions
17	entered into by the surviving entity after the merger takes effect.
18	
19	4-46-907. Statement of merger.
19 20	4-46-907. Statement of merger. (a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership
20	(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership
20 21	(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited
20 21 22	(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity.
20 21 22 23	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24	 (a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain: (1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is
20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain: (1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger;</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain: (1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger; (2) the name of the surviving entity into which the other partnerships or limited partnership were merged;</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain: (1) the name of each partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger; (2) the name of the surviving entity into which the other partnerships or limited partnership were merged; (3) the street address of the surviving entity's chief executive</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>(a) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one (1) or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity. (b) A statement of merger must contain:</pre>

1	(d) For the purposes of § 4-46-302, real property of the surviving
2	partnership or limited partnership which before the merger was held in the
3	name of another party to the merger is property held in the name of the
4	surviving entity upon recording a certified copy of the statement of merger
5	in the office for recording transfers of that real property.
6	(e) A filed and, if appropriate, recorded statement of merger,
7	executed and declared to be accurate pursuant to § 4-46-105(c), stating the
8	name of a partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger in
9	whose name property was held before the merger and the name of the surviving
10	entity, but not containing all of the other information required by
11	subsection (b) of this section, operates with respect to the partnerships or
12	limited partnerships named to the extent provided in subsections (c) and (d)
13	of this section.
14	
15	4-46-908. Nonexclusive.
16	This subchapter is not exclusive. Partnerships or limited partnerships
17	may be converted or merged in any manner provided by law.
18	
19	SUBCHAPTER 9 — Conversion and Merger.
20	4-46-901. Definitions.
21	In this subchapter:
22	(1) "Constituent partnership" means a constituent organization
23	that is a partnership (including a limited liability partnership);
24	(2) "Constituent organization" means an organization that is
25	party to a merger;
26	(3) "Converted organization" means the organization into which a
27	<pre>converting organization converts under \$\$ 4-46-902 through 4-46-905;</pre>
28	(4) "Converting partnership" means a converting organization
29	that is a partnership (including a limited liability partnership);
30	(5) "Converting organization" means an organization that
31	converts into another organization under § 4-46-902;
32	(6) "Governing statute" of an organization means the statute
33	that governs the organization's internal affairs;
34	(7) "In a record" means maintained or kept on file by the
35	organization at an office of the organization or with the Secretary of State;
36	(8)(A) "Organization" means:

1	(i) A partnership, including a limited liability
2	partnership;
3	(ii) A limited partnership, including a limited
4	liability limited partnership;
5	(iii) A limited liability company;
6	(iv) A business trust;
7	(v) A corporation; or
8	(vi) Any other entity that has a governing statute.
9	(B) "Organization" includes a domestic or foreign
10	organization whether or not the organization is organized for profit;
11	(9) "Organizational documents" means:
12	(A) For a domestic or foreign general partnership, its
13	partnership agreement and if applicable statement of qualification;
14	(B) For a domestic or foreign limited partnership, its
15	certificate of limited partnership and partnership agreement;
16	(C) For a domestic or foreign limited liability company,
17	its articles of organization and operating agreement, or the comparable
18	records provided for in its governing statute;
19	(D) For a business trust, its agreement of trust and
20	declaration of trust;
21	(E) For a domestic or foreign corporation for profit, its
22	articles of incorporation, bylaws, and other agreements among its
23	shareholders which are authorized by its governing statute or the comparable
24	records provided for in its governing statute; and
25	(F) For any other organization, the records that:
26	(i) Create the organization;
27	(ii) Determine the internal governance of the
28	organization; and
29	(iii) Determine the relations among the
30	organization's owners, members, and interested parties; and
31	(10) "Personal liability" means individual financial
32	responsibility for a debt, liability, or other obligation of an organization
33	that is imposed on a person that co-owns, has an interest in, or is a member
34	of the organization:
35	(A) By the organization's governing statute solely because
36	the person co-owns, has an interest in, or is a member of the organization;

1	or
2	(B) By the organization's organizational documents under a
3	provision of the organization's governing statute authorizing the documents
4	to make one (1) or more specified persons liable for all or specified debts,
5	liabilities, and other obligations of the organization solely because the
6	person or persons co-own, have an interest in, or are members of the
7	organization; and
8	(11) "Surviving organization" means an organization into which
9	one (1) or more other organizations are merged.
10	
11	<u>4-46-902.</u> Conversion.
12	(a) An organization other than a partnership may convert to a
13	partnership, and a partnership may convert to another organization under this
14	section and §§ 4-46-903 through 4-46-905 and a plan of conversion, if the:
15	(1) Other organization's governing statute authorizes the
16	conversion and is complied with; and
17	(2) Conversion is not prohibited by the law of the jurisdiction
18	that enacted the governing statute.
19	(b) A plan of conversion must be in a record and must include the:
20	(1) Name and form of the organization before conversion;
21	(2) Name and form of the organization after conversion; and
22	(3) Terms and conditions of the conversion, including the manner
23	and basis for converting interests in the converting organization into any
24	combination of money, interests in the converted organization, and other
25	consideration; and
26	(4) Organizational documents of the converted organization.
27	
28	4-46-903. Action on plan of conversion by converting partnership.
29	(a) Subject to § 4-46-910, a plan of conversion must be consented to
30	by all of the partners of a converting partnership.
31	(b) Subject to § 4-46-910 and any contractual rights, until a
32	conversion is filed under § 4-46-904, a converting partnership may amend the
33	plan or abandon the planned conversion:
34	(1) As provided in the plan; and
35	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, by the same consent
36	required to approve the plan.

1	
2	<u>4-46-904. Filings required for conversion — Effective date.</u>
3	(a)(1) After a plan of conversion is approved a converting partnership
4	shall file articles of conversion with the Secretary of State.
5	(2) The articles of conversion shall include:
6	(A) A statement that the partnership has been converted
7	into another organization;
8	(B) The name and form of the converted organization and
9	the jurisdiction of its governing statute;
10	(C) The date the conversion is effective under the
11	governing statute of the converted organization;
12	(D) A statement that the conversion was approved as
13	required by this subchapter;
14	(E) A statement that the conversion was approved as
15	required by the governing statute of the converted organization;
16	(F) The street and mailing address of an office that may
17	be used for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the converted organization
18	is a foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state;
19	and
19 20	and (G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
20	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or
20 21	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that:
20 21 22	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the
20 21 22 23	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and
20 21 22 23 24	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be
20 21 22 23 24 25	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership,
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership, the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership, the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the Secretary of State.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership, the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the Secretary of State. (2) The statement of qualification shall include, in addition to
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership, the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the Secretary of State. (2) The statement of qualification shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-46-1001:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership, the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the Secretary of State. (2) The statement of qualification shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-46-1001: (A) A statement that the partnership was converted from
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(G)(i) A copy of the plan of conversion; or (ii) A statement that: (a) Contains the address of an office of the organization where the plan of conversion is on file; and (b) A copy of the plan of conversion will be furnished by the converting partnership on request and without cost to any partner of the converting partnership. (b)(1) If the converting organization is not a converting partnership, the converting organization shall file a statement of qualification with the Secretary of State. (2) The statement of qualification shall include, in addition to the information required by § 4-46-1001: (A) A statement that the partnership was converted from another organization;

1	manner that complied with the converting organization's governing statute.
2	(c) A conversion becomes effective:
3	(1) If the converted organization is a partnership, when the
4	articles of conversion indicate that the conversion takes effect; and
5	(2) If the converted organization is not a partnership, as
6	provided by the governing statute of the converted organization.
7	
8	4-46-905. Effect of conversion.
9	(a) An organization that has been converted under this subchapter is
10	for all purposes the same entity that existed before the conversion.
11	(b) When a conversion takes effect:
12	(1) All property owned by the converting organization remains
13	vested in the converted organization;
14	(2) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of the
15	converting organization continue as obligations of the converted
16	organization;
17	(3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the converting
18	organization may be continued as if the conversion had not occurred;
19	(4) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
20	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of the converting organization
21	remain vested in the converted organization;
22	(5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of conversion, the
23	terms and conditions of the plan of conversion take effect; and
24	(6) Except as otherwise agreed, the conversion does not dissolve
25	<u>a converting partnership under § 4-46-801 et seq.</u>
26	(c)(1) A converted organization that is a foreign organization
27	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
28	obligation owed by the converting partnership, if before the conversion the
29	converting partnership was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
30	(2) A converted organization that is a foreign organization and
31	not authorized to transact business in this State may be served with process
32	at the address required in the articles of conversion under § 4-46-
33	<u>904(a)(1)(F).</u>
34	
35	4-46-906. Merger.
36	(a) A partnership may merge with one (1) or more other constituent

1	organizations under this section and §§ 4-46-907 through 4-46-909 and a plan
2	of merger if:
3	(1) The governing statute of each of the other organizations
4	authorizes the merger;
5	(2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a jurisdiction
6	that enacted any of the governing statutes; and
7	(3) Each of the other organizations complies with its governing
8	statute in effecting the merger.
9	(b) A plan of merger must be in a record and must include:
10	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization;
11	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization;
12	(3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the manner
13	and basis for converting the interests in each constituent organization into
14	any combination of money, interests in the surviving organization, and other
15	consideration; and
16	(4) Any amendments to be made by the merger to the surviving
17	organization's organizational documents.
18	
19	4-46-907. Action on plan of merger by constituent partnership.
20	(a) Subject to § 4-46-910, a plan of merger must be consented to by
21	all of the partners of a constituent partnership.
22	(b) Subject to § 4-46-910 and to any contractual rights, until a
23	merger is filed under § 4-46-908, a constituent partnership may amend the
24	plan or abandon the planned merger:
25	(1) As provided in the plan; and
26	(2) Except as prohibited by the plan, with the same consent
27	required to approve the plan.
28	
29	4-46-908. Filings required for merger — Effective date.
30	(a) After each constituent organization has approved a merger,
31	articles of merger must be signed by an authorized representative of each
32	constituent organization and filed with the Secretary of State.
33	(b) The articles of merger shall include:
34	(1) The name and form of each constituent organization and the
35	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
36	(2) The name and form of the surviving organization and the

1	jurisdiction of its governing statute;
2	(3) The date the merger is effective under the governing statute
3	of the surviving organization;
4	(4) Any amendments provided for in the plan of merger for the
5	organizational document of the surviving organization if the organizational
6	document is required to be filed by the governing statute of the surviving
7	organization;
8	(5) A statement as to each constituent organization that the
9	merger was approved as required by the organization's governing statute;
10	(6) The street and mailing address of an office that may be used
11	for service of process under § 4-20-112 if the surviving organization is a
12	foreign organization not authorized to transact business in this state; and
13	(7)(A) A copy of the plan of merger; or
14	(B) A statement that:
15	(i) Contains the address of an office of the
16	organization where the plan of merger is on file; and
17	(ii) A copy of the plan of merger will be furnished
18	by the surviving organization on request and without cost to any shareholder,
19	member, partner, or other owner of any constituent organization; and
20	(8) Any additional information required by the governing statute
21	of any constituent organization.
22	(c) A merger becomes effective under this subchapter:
23	(1) If the surviving organization is a partnership, upon the
24	later of:
25	(A) Compliance with subsection (a) of this section; or
26	(B) As specified in the articles of merger; or
27	(2) If the surviving organization is not a partnership, as
28	provided by the governing statute of the surviving organization.
29	
30	4-46-909. Effect of merger.
31	(a) When a merger becomes effective:
32	(1) The surviving organization continues or comes into
33	existence;
34	(2) Each constituent organization that merges into the surviving
35	organization ceases to exist as a separate entity;
36	(3) All property owned by each constituent organization that

1	ceases to exist vests in the surviving organization;
2	(4) All debts, liabilities, and other obligations of each
3	constituent organization that ceases to exist continue as obligations of the
4	surviving organization;
5	(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against a constituent
6	organization that ceases to exist may continue as if the merger had not
7	occurred;
8	(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,
9	privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent organization
10	that ceases to exist vest in the surviving organization;
11	(7) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of merger, the
12	terms and conditions of the plan of merger take effect;
13	(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent partnership
14	ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve the partnership under § 4-46-
15	801 et seq.; and
16	(9) Any amendments provided for in the articles of merger for
17	the organizational documents of the surviving organization become effective.
18	(b)(1) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization
19	consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any
20	obligation owed by a constituent organization, if before the merger the
21	constituent organization was subject to suit in this state on the obligation.
22	(2) A surviving organization that is a foreign organization and
23	not authorized to transact business in this state may be served with process
24	at the address required in the articles of merger under § 4-46-908(b)(6).
25	
26	4-46-910. Restrictions on approval of conversions and mergers and on
27	relinquishing limited liability partnership status.
28	(a) If a partner of a converting or constituent partnership will have
29	personal liability with respect to a converted or surviving organization,
30	approval and amendment of a plan of conversion or merger are ineffective
31	without the consent of the partner unless:
32	(1) The partnership's partnership agreement provides for the
33	approval of the conversion or merger with the consent of fewer than all of
34	the partners; and
35	(2) The partner has consented to the provision of the
36	partnership agreement.

1	(b) An amendment to a statement of qualification of a limited
2	liability partnership which deletes a statement that the partnership is a
3	limited liability partnership is ineffective without the consent of each
4	partner unless:
5	(1) The partnership's partnership agreement provides for the
6	amendment with the consent of less than all of the partners; and
7	(2) Each partner that does not consent to the amendment has
8	consented to the provision of the partnership agreement.
9	(c) A partner does not give the consent required by subsection (a) or
10	subsection (b) of this section merely by consenting to a provision of the
11	partnership agreement that permits the partnership agreement to be amended
12	with the consent of fewer than all the partners.
13	
14	4-46-911. Liability of partner after conversion or merger.
15	(a) A conversion or merger under this chapter does not discharge any
16	liability under § 4-46-306 or § 4-46-703 of a person that was a partner in or
17	dissociated as a partner from a converting or constituent partnership, but:
18	(1) The provisions of this chapter pertaining to the collection
19	or discharge of the liability continue to apply to the liability;
20	(2) The converted or surviving organization is deemed to be the
21	converting or constituent partnership under § 4-46-306 or § 4-46-703; and
22	(3) If a person is required to pay any amount under this
23	subsection:
24	(A) The person has a right of contribution from each other
25	person that was liable as a partner under § 4-46-306 when the obligation was
26	incurred and has not been released from the obligation under § 4-46-703; and
27	(B) The contribution due from each other person is in
28	proportion to the right to receive distributions in the capacity of partner
29	in effect for each other person when the obligation was incurred.
30	(b) In addition to any other liability provided by law:
31	(1) A person that immediately before a conversion or merger
32	became effective was a partner in a converting or constituent partnership
33	that was not a limited liability partnership is personally liable for each
34	obligation of the converted or surviving organization arising from a
35	transaction with a third party after the conversion or merger becomes
36	effective if at the time the third party enters into the transaction, the

1	third party:
2	(A) Does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and
3	(B) Reasonably believes that:
4	(i) The converted or surviving organization is the
5	converting or constituent partnership;
6	(ii) The converting or constituent partnership is
7	not a limited liability partnership; and
8	(iii) The person is a partner in the converting or
9	constituent partnership; and
10	(2) A person that was dissociated as a partner from a converting
11	or constituent partnership before the conversion or merger became effective
12	is personally liable for each obligation of the converted or surviving
13	organization arising from a transaction with a third party after the
14	conversion or merger becomes effective if:
15	(A) Immediately before the conversion or merger became
16	effective the converting or surviving partnership was not a limited liability
17	partnership; and
18	(B) At the time the third party enters into the
19	transaction less than two (2) years have passed since the person dissociated
20	as a partner and the third party:
21	(i) Does not have notice of the dissociation;
22	(ii) Does not have notice of the conversion or
23	merger; and
24	(iii) Reasonably believes that:
25	(a) The converted or surviving organization is
26	the converting or constituent partnership;
27	(b) The converting or constituent partnership
28	is not a constituent limited liability partnership; and
29	(c) The person is a partner in the converting
30	or constituent partnership.
31	
32	4-46-912. Power of partners and persons dissociated as partners to
33	bind organization after conversion or merger.
34	(a) An act of a person that immediately before a conversion or merger
35	became effective was a partner in a converting or constituent partnership
36	binds the converted or surviving organization after the conversion or merger

1	becomes effective if:
2	(1) Before the conversion or merger became effective the act
3	would have bound the converting or constituent partnership under § 4-46-301;
4	and
5	(2) At the time the third party enters into the transaction the
6	third party:
7	(A) Does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and
8	(B) Reasonably believes that the converted or surviving
9	business is the converting or constituent partnership and that the person is
10	a partner in the converting or constituent partnership.
11	(b) An act of a person that before a conversion or merger became
12	effective was dissociated as a partner from a converting or constituent
13	partnership binds the converted or surviving organization after the
14	conversion or merger becomes effective if:
15	(1) Before the conversion or merger became effective the act
16	would have bound the converting or constituent partnership under § 4-46-301
17	if the person had been a partner; and
18	(2) At the time the third party enters into the transaction,
19	less than two (2) years have passed since the person dissociated as a general
20	partner and the third party:
21	(A) Does not have notice of the dissociation;
22	(B) Does not have notice of the conversion or merger; and
23	(C) Reasonably believes that the converted or surviving
24	organization is the converting or constituent partnership and that the person
25	is a partner in the converting or constituent partnership.
26	(c) If a person with knowledge of the conversion or merger causes a
27	converted or surviving organization to incur an obligation under subsection
28	(a) or subsection (b) of this section the person is liable:
29	(1) To the converted or surviving organization for any damage
30	caused to the organization arising from the obligation; and
31	(2) If another person is liable for the obligation, to the other
32	person for any damage caused to the other person arising from the liability.
33	
34	4-46-913. Chapter not exclusive.
35	This chapter does not preclude an entity from being converted or merged under
36	other law.

- 1
- 2

SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 4-26-707 is amended to read as follows: 4-26-707. Class voting.

3

4 (a) In each instance where, under § 4-26-302(a)(4), § 4-26-303, § 4-5 26-611(e), 4-26-705(a)(2), 4-26-903(a)(3)(B), 4-26-1003(d) 4-26-1003(d)6 1007(e) and (f), or § 4-26-1101, a provision is made for the class voting of 7 stock, thus requiring the votes of a certain percentage of each separate 8 class of shares to authorize some specific corporate action, each class of 9 shares to which such a requirement of class voting is applicable shall be 10 bound by the votes which are cast in person or by proxy of at least two-11 thirds (2/3) of those members of such class who are present in person or 12 represented at the meeting by proxy if due and timely notice of the meeting has been given to all members of said class and at least fifty percent (50%) 13 14 of the shares embraced in the class are present in person or by proxy.

15 (b) The certificate to articles of amendment <u>under (\$ 4-26-304) \$ 4-16 <u>26-304</u>, articles of merger or consolidation <u>under (\$ 4-26-1004 \$ 4-26-1009</u>), 17 and articles of dissolution <u>under (\$ 4-26-1102</u>) shall, in all situations to 18 which this section applies, be amended and adjusted to show the manner in 19 which the requirements of this section were met in respect to class voting.</u>

20 (c) This section shall apply only to corporations having five hundred21 (500) or more shareholders.

22

23 SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 4-27-1302(a)(1), concerning a shareholder's 24 right to dissent and obtain payment of the fair value of the shareholder's 25 shares, is amended to read as follows:

26 (1) consummation of a plan of merger to which the corporation is 27 a party (i) if shareholder approval is required for the merger by $\frac{4-27-1103}{4-27-1107}$ 28 $\frac{4-27-1107}{5}$ or the articles of incorporation and the shareholder is entitled 29 to vote on the merger or (ii) if the corporation is a subsidiary that is 30 merged with its parent under $\frac{4-27-1104}{5}$ $\frac{4-27-1108}{5}$;

31

32 SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 4-46-101(13), concerning the definition of 33 "statement" under the Uniform Partnership Act, is amended to read as follows: 34 (13) "Statement" means a statement of partnership authority 35 under § 4-46-303, a statement of denial under § 4-46-304, a statement of 36 dissociation under § 4-46-704, a statement of dissolution under § 4-46-805, a

1 statement of merger under § 4-46-907 § 4-46-908, a statement of qualification 2 under § 4-46-1001, a statement of foreign qualification under § 4-46-1102, or an amendment or cancellation of any of the foregoing. 3 4 5 SECTION 10. Arkansas Code §§ 4-46-702 and 4-46-703 are amended to read 6 as follows: 7 4-46-702. Dissociated partner's power to bind and liability to 8 partnership. 9 (a) For two (2) years after a partner dissociates without resulting in 10 a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business, the partnership, 11 including a surviving partnership converted or surviving organization under § 12 4-46-901 et seq., is bound by an act of the dissociated partner which would have bound the partnership under § 4-46-301 before dissociation only if at 13 14 the time of entering into the transaction the other party: 15 (1) reasonably believed that the dissociated partner was then a 16 partner; 17 (2) did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; and 18 (3) is not deemed to have had knowledge under § 4-46-303(e) or 19 notice under § 4-46-704(c). A dissociated partner is liable to the partnership for any damage 20 (b) 21 caused to the partnership arising from an obligation incurred by the 22 dissociated partner after dissociation for which the partnership is liable 23 under subsection (a) of this section. 24 25 4-46-703. Dissociated partner's liability to other persons. 26 (a) A partner's dissociation does not of itself discharge the 27 partner's liability for a partnership obligation incurred before 28 dissociation. A dissociated partner is not liable for a partnership 29 obligation incurred after dissociation, except as otherwise provided in 30 subsection (b) of this section. 31 (b) A partner who dissociates without resulting in a dissolution and 32 winding up of the partnership business is liable as a partner to the other 33 party in a transaction entered into by the partnership, or a surviving 34 partnership converted or surviving organization under § 4-46-901 et seq., 35 within two (2) years after the partner's dissociation, only if the partner is 36 liable for the obligation under § 4-46-306 and at the time of entering into

the transaction the other party:

2 (1) reasonably believed that the dissociated partner was then a 3 partner;

4

(2) did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; and

5 (3) is not deemed to have had knowledge under § 4-46-303(e) or 6 notice under § 4-46-704(c).

7 (c) By agreement with the partnership creditor and the partners
8 continuing the business, a dissociated partner may be released from liability
9 for a partnership obligation.

10 (d) A dissociated partner is released from liability for a partnership
11 obligation if a partnership creditor, with notice of the partner's [.]
12 dissociation but without the partner's consent, agrees to a material

13 alteration in the nature or time of payment of a partnership obligation.

14

15 SECTION 11. Arkansas Code § 23-63-1619(b)(2), concerning conversions 16 and mergers of captive insurers, is amended to read as follows:

17

(b) A plan for conversion or merger:

18 (1) Must be fair and equitable to the shareholders, in the case
19 of a stock insurer, or the policyholders, in the case of a mutual insurer;
20 and

(2) Shall provide for the purchase of the shares of any nonconsenting shareholder of a stock insurer or the policyholder interest of any nonconsenting policyholder of a mutual insurer in substantially the same manner and subject to the same rights and conditions as are accorded a dissenting shareholder or a dissenting policyholder under <u>§ 4-26-1007 § 4-26-</u> 1011.

27

28

36

SECTION 12. Transitional Rule. Do not codify.

29Notwithstanding that the merger or conversion may not have been30specifically authorized by Arkansas law at the time of the merger or

31 <u>conversion</u>, the effective date of the merger or conversion shall be

32 <u>retroactive to the original date indicated in filed articles of merger or</u>

33 articles of conversion of any organization that:

34 (1) Converted to or merged with another organization before the
 35 effective date of this Act; and

(2) Substantially complied with the provisions of this Act.