1 2	State of Arkansas 90th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2015		SENATE BILL 459
4			
5	By: Senator D. Johnson		
6			
7		For An Act To Be Entitled	
8	AN ACT TO	CLARIFY THE PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN OF	FENSES
9	IN THE CR	IMINAL CODE; TO REORGANIZE CERTAIN CR	IMINAL
10	OFFENSES;	TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO TIT	LE 5 OF
11	THE ARKAN	SAS CODE; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
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13			
14		Subtitle	
15	TO C	LARIFY THE PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN	
16	OFFE	INSES IN THE CRIMINAL CODE; TO	
17	REOR	GANIZE CERTAIN CRIMINAL OFFENSES; AND	)
18	TO M	MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO TITLE 5	
19	OF T	THE ARKANSAS CODE.	
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22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKA	NSAS:
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24	SECTION 1. Ark	ansas Code § 5-36-101 is amended to a	dd a new definition
25	to read as follows:		
26	(14) "Antishop	lifting or inventory control device" i	means a mechanism
27	or other device desig	ned and operated for the purpose of d	etecting the
28	removal from a store	or business establishment or from a p	rotected area
29	within a store or bus	iness establishment.	
30			
31		ansas Code § 5-36-102 is amended to re	
32		olidation of offenses — <del>Shoplifting p</del>	-
33		ion at auction of livestock — Amount	
34		nominated theft in this chapter const	_
35	offense embracing the	separate offenses known before Janua	ry 1, 1976, as:
36	(1) Larc	eny;	

1	(2) Embezzlement;
2	(3) False pretense;
3	(4) Extortion;
4	(5) Blackmail;
5	(6) Fraudulent conversion;
6	(7) Receiving stolen property; and
7	(8) Other similar offenses.
8	(b) Notwithstanding the specification of a different manner in the
9	indictment or information, a criminal charge of theft may be supported by
10	evidence that it was committed in any manner that would be theft under this
11	chapter subject only to the power of the court to ensure a fair trial by
12	granting a continuance or other appropriate relief if the conduct of the
13	defense would be prejudiced by lack of fair notice or by surprise.
14	(c) The knowing concealment, upon an actor's person or the person of
15	another, of an unpurchased good or merchandise offered for sale by any store
16	or other business establishment, gives rise to a presumption that the actor
17	took the good or merchandise with the purpose of depriving the owner or
18	another person having an interest in the good or merchandise.
19	(d)(c) A person who is subject to 7 U.S.C. § 181 et seq. that obtains
20	livestock from a commission merchant by representing that the person will
21	make prompt payment is presumed to have obtained the livestock by deception
22	if the person fails to make payment in accordance with 7 U.S.C. § 228b.
23	$\frac{(e)(1)(d)(1)}{(e)(d)(d)}$ The amount involved in a theft is deemed to be the
24	highest value, by any reasonable standard, of the property or service that
25	the actor obtained or attempted to obtain.
26	(2) An amount involved in a theft committed pursuant to one (1)
27	scheme or course of conduct, whether from one (1) or more persons, may be
28	aggregated in determining the grade of the offense.
29	
30	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 5-36-116 is amended to read as follows:
31	5-36-116. Shoplifting.
32	(a) A person commits the offense of shoplifting if he or she knowingly
33	takes or exercises unauthorized control over tangible personal property
34	offered for sale inside of a store or business establishment with the purpose
35	of depriving the store or business establishment of the tangible personal

36 property.

1	(b) Shoplifting is a:
2	(1) Class B felony if the value of the tangible personal
3	property is twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more;
4	(2) Class C felony if the value of the tangible personal
5	property is less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than
6	five thousand dollars (\$5,000);
7	(3) Class D felony if the value of the tangible personal
8	property is five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand
9	dollars (\$1,000); and
10	(4) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the tangible personal
11	property is one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less.
12	(c)(1) The knowing concealment by a person on his or her own person or
13	on the person of another of an unpurchased tangible personal property offered
14	for sale by a store or business establishment gives rise to a presumption
15	that the person took the tangible personal property with the purpose of
16	$\underline{\text{depriving the owner of the store or business establishment or another }\underline{\text{person}}$
17	having an interest in the tangible personal property.
18	$\frac{(a)(1)(2)(A)}{(a)}$ A person engaging in conduct giving rise to a
19	presumption under $\$$ 5-36-102(e) subdivision (c)(1) of this section may be
20	detained in a reasonable manner and for a reasonable length of time by a law
21	enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment,
22	or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business establishment in
23	order that recovery of a good may be effected to ensure the recovery of the
24	tangible personal property.
25	(2) (B) The detention by a law enforcement officer,
26	merchant owner of the store or business establishment, or merchant's employee
27	or agent of the store or business establishment does not render the law
28	enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment,
29	or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business establishment
30	criminally or civilly liable for false arrest, false imprisonment, or
31	unlawful detention.
32	$\frac{(b)(1)(d)(1)}{(b)(b)}$ If sufficient notice has been posted to advise patrons
33	that an antishoplifting or inventory control device is being utilized, the
34	activation of an antishoplifting or inventory control device as a result of a
35	person's exiting an <u>a store or business</u> establishment or a protected area
36	within the store or business establishment constitutes reasonable cause for

- the detention of the person so exiting by the owner or operator of the of the store or business establishment or by an agent or employee of the owner or operator.
- 4 (2) Any detention under subdivision (b)(1)(d)(1) of this section 5 shall be made only in a reasonable manner and only for a reasonable period of 6 time sufficient for any inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the 7 activation of the antishoplifting or inventory control device or for the 8 recovery of a good the tangible personal property offered for sale.
- 9 (3) A detention under subdivision (b)(1)(d)(1) of this section
  10 by a law enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business
  11 establishment, or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business
  12 establishment does not render the law enforcement officer, merchant owner of
  13 the store or business establishment, or merchant's employee or agent of the
  14 store or business establishment criminally or civilly liable for false
  15 arrest, false imprisonment, or unlawful detention.
  - (c) As used in this section, "antishoplifting or inventory control device" means a mechanism or other device designed and operated for the purpose of detecting the removal from a mercantile establishment or similar enclosure or from a protected area within a mercantile establishment or similar enclosure.
  - (d)(1) Upon probable cause for believing a suspect has committed the offense of shoplifting, a law enforcement officer may arrest the person without a warrant.
  - <u>(2) The (e) A</u> law enforcement officer, merchant owner of the store or business establishment, or merchant's employee or agent of the store or business establishment who has observed the person accused of committing the offense of shoplifting shall provide a written statement that serves as probable cause to justify the an arrest if a law enforcement officer arrests the person for shoplifting.
  - (3) The accused person shall be brought immediately before a magistrate and afforded an opportunity to make a bond or recognizance as in other criminal cases.

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SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 5-36-115(a)-(e), concerning the offense of theft of leased, rented, or entrusted property, is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (a) A person is guilty of theft and subject to a punishment prescribed
  2 by § 5-36-103 theft of leased, rented, or entrusted property if the person:
- 3 (1) Intentionally, fraudulently, Purposely, with a purpose to
- 4 defraud, or by false pretense takes, carries, leads, drives away, destroys,
- 5 sells, secretes, converts, or appropriates in any wrongful manner any
- 6 personal property of another person that is leased, rented, or entrusted to
- 7 the actor; or
- 8 (2) Falsely reports of his or her wealth or mercantile credit
- 9 and by the false report fraudulently obtains possession of personal property
- 10 or the labor or service of another person.
- 11 (b) The amount involved in the theft theft of leased, rented, or
- 12 <u>entrusted property</u> is deemed to be the highest value by any reasonable
- 13 standard of the <u>personal</u> property<u>, or service</u>, or <u>labor</u> that the <u>person stole</u>
- 14 or attempted to steal.
- 15 (c) It is prima facie evidence of intent purpose to commit theft theft
- 16 of leased or rented property if a person who has leased or rented the
- 17 personal property of another person:
- 18 (1) Fails to return or make an arrangement acceptable with the
- 19 lessor to return the personal property to its the owner within five (5) days,
- 20 excluding Saturday, Sunday, or a state or federal holiday, after proper
- 21 notice following the expiration of the lease or rental agreement; or
- 22 (2) Presents identification to the lessor or renter of the
- 23 personal property that is false, fictitious, or not current with respect to
- 24 name, address, place of employment, or other appropriate item.
- 25 (d) Proper notice by the lessor or renter of the personal property
- 26 shall consist of a written demand addressed and mailed by certified or
- 27 registered mail to the lessee or rentee at the address given at the time of
- 28 making the lease or rental agreement.
- 29 (e) The following factors constitute an affirmative defense to
- 30 prosecution for theft theft of leased or rented property:
- 31 (1) That the lessee <u>or rentee</u> accurately stated his or her name
- 32 and address at the time of <u>lease or</u> rental;
- 33 (2) That the lessee's <u>or rentee's</u> failure to return the <del>item</del>
- 34 personal property at the expiration date of the <u>lease or</u> rental <del>contract</del>
- 35 agreement was lawful;
- 36 (3) That the lessee <u>or rentee</u> failed to receive the lessor's <u>or</u>

1	renter's notice personally unless notice was waived; and
2	(4) That the lessee or rentee returned the personal property to
3	the owner or lessor lessor, renter, or owner within forty-eight (48) hours of
4	the commencement of prosecution, together with any charges for the overdue
5	period and the value of damages to the personal property, if any.
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7	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 5-36-115, concerning the offense of theft
8	of leased, rented, or entrusted property, is amended to add a new subsection
9	to read as follows:
10	(g) A violation of this section is a:
11	(1) Class B felony if:
12	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is
13	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more;
14	(B) The property, service, or labor is obtained by the
15	threat of serious physical injury to any person or destruction of the
16	occupiable structure of another person; or
17	(C) The property, service, or labor is obtained by threat
18	and the actor stands in a confidential or fiduciary relationship to the
19	person threatened;
20	(2) Class C felony if:
21	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is less
22	than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand
23	dollars (\$5,000);
24	(B) The property, service, or labor is obtained by threat;
25	(C) The property is a firearm valued at two thousand five
26	hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more; or
27	(D) The value of the property, service, or labor is five
28	hundred dollars (\$500) or more and the theft occurred in an area declared to
29	be under a state of emergency pursuant to proclamation by the President of
30	the United States, the Governor, or the executive officer of a city or
31	<pre>county;</pre>
32	(3) Class D felony if:
33	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is five
34	thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars
35	<u>(\$1,000);</u>
36	(B) The property is a firearm valued at less than two

2	(C) The value of the property, service, or labor is at
3	least one hundred dollars (\$100) or more but less than five hundred dollars
4	(\$500) and the theft occurred in an area declared to be under a state of
5	emergency pursuant to proclamation by the President of the United States, the
6	Governor, or the executive officer of a city or county;
7	(D) The property is livestock and the value of the
8	livestock is in excess of two hundred dollars (\$200); or
9	(E) The property is an electric power line, gas line,
10	water line, wire or fiber insulator, electric motor, or other similar
11	apparatus connected to a farm shop, on-farm grain drying and storage complex,
12	heating and cooling system, environmental control system, animal production
13	facility, irrigation system, or dwelling; or
14	(4) Class A misdemeanor if:
15	(A) The value of the property, service, or labor is one
16	thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less; or
17	(B) The property has inherent, subjective, or
18	idiosyncratic value to its owner or possessor even if the property has no
19	market value or replacement cost.
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21	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 5-36-123 is amended to read as follows:
22	5-36-123. Theft of scrap metal.
23	(a) As used in this section:
24	(1) "Building material" means scrap metal used in the
25	construction or rebuilding of a building or a structure;
26	(2) "Costs of incidental damage" means the total amount of money
27	damages suffered by an owner of scrap metal as a direct result of the theft
28	of the scrap metal, including lost income, lost profits, and costs of repair
29	or replacement of property damage;
30	(3) "Incidental damage" means loss of income, loss of profit, or
31	<pre>property damage;</pre>
32	(4) "Permitted construction site" means the site of
33	construction, alteration, painting, or repair of a building or a structure
34	for which a building permit has been issued by a city of the first class, a
35	city of the second class, an incorporated town, or a county;
36	(5) "Public safety agency" means an agency of the State of

1 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500);

1	Arkansas or a functional division of a political subdivision that provides:
2	(A) Firefighting and rescue;
3	(B) Response to natural or human-caused disaster or a
4	major emergency;
5	(C) Law enforcement; or
6	(D) Ambulance or emergency medical services;
7	(6) "Public safety device" includes, but is not limited to, a
8	traffic-signaling device or a railroad-crossing device;
9	(7) "Scrap metal" means copper, copper alloy, copper utility
10	wire, any bronze, or any aluminum as described in § 17-44-101 et seq.;
11	(8) "Utility" means any person or entity providing to the public
12	gas, electricity, water, sewer, telephone, telegraph, radio, radio common
13	carrier, railway, railroad, cable and broadcast television, video, or
14	Internet services; and
15	(9) "Utility property" means any component that is reasonably
16	necessary to provide utility services, including without limitation any wire,
17	pole, facility, machinery, tool, equipment, cable, insulator, switch, signal,
18	duct, fiber optic cable, conduit, plant, work, system, substation,
19	transmission or distribution structure, line, street lighting fixture,
20	generating plant, equipment, pipe, main, transformer, underground line, gas
21	compressor, meter, or any other building or structure or part of a building
22	or structure that a utility uses in the production or use of its services.
23	(a)(b) A person commits theft of scrap metal if he or she commits,
24	aids, or is an accomplice to a commission of theft of property under § 5-36-
25	103(a) and the property is scrap metal.
26	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the
27	classification and penalty range for theft of scrap metal is the same as
28	theft of property under § 5-36-103(b).
29	(c) Theft of scrap metal is a:
30	(1) Class B felony if:
31	(A) The value of the property is twenty-five thousand
32	<u>dollars (\$25,000) or more;</u>
33	(B) The property is obtained by the threat of serious
34	physical injury to any person or destruction of the occupiable structure of
35	another person;
36	(C) The property is obtained by threat and the actor

1	stands in a confidential or fiduciary relationship to the person threatened;
2	<u>or</u>
3	(D) The property is utility property and the value of the
4	property is five hundred dollars (\$500) or more;
5	(2) Class C felony if:
6	(A) The value of the property is less than twenty-five
7	thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000);
8	(B) The property is obtained by threat;
9	(C) The property is building material obtained from a
10	permitted construction site and the value of the building material is five
11	hundred dollars (\$500) or more; or
12	(D) The value of the property is five hundred dollars
13	(\$500) or more and the theft occurred in an area declared to be under a state
14	of emergency pursuant to proclamation by the President of the United States,
15	the Governor, or the executive officer of a city or county;
16	(3) Class D felony if:
17	(A) The value of the property is five thousand dollars
18	(\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
19	(B) The value of the property is at least one hundred
20	dollars (\$100) but less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and the theft
21	occurred in an area declared to be under a state of emergency pursuant to
22	proclamation by the President of the United States, the Governor, or the
23	executive officer of a city or county; or
24	(C) The property is an apparatus connected to a farm shop,
25	on-farm grain drying and storage complex, heating and cooling system,
26	environmental control system, animal production facility, irrigation system,
27	or dwelling; or
28	(4) Class A misdemeanor if:
29	(A) The value of the property is one thousand dollars
30	(\$1,000) or less; or
31	(B) The property has inherent, subjective, or
32	idiosyncratic value to its owner or possessor even if the property has no
33	market value or replacement cost.
34	(d)(1) The penalty for theft of scrap metal is enhanced if, upon the
35	proclamation of a state of emergency by the President of the United States or
36	the Governor or upon the declaration of a local emergency by the executive

1	officer of any city or county and for a period of thirty (30) days following
2	that declaration, the property is:
3	(A) A generator intended for use by:
4	(i) A public facility;
5	(ii) A nursing home or hospital;
6	(iii) An airport;
7	(iv) A public safety device;
8	(v) A communication tower or facility;
9	(vi) A public utility;
10	(vii) A water system or sewer system;
11	(viii) A public safety agency; or
12	(ix) Any other facility or entity providing a vital
13	service; or
14	(B) Any other equipment used in the transmission of
15	electric power or telephone service.
16	(2) The penalty is enhanced as follows:
17	(A)(i) The fine for the offense shall be at least five
18	thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
19	(ii) The fine is mandatory; and
20	(B) The offense is a Class D felony if it otherwise would
21	have been a Class A misdemeanor.
22	(e) Upon conviction of a person for theft of scrap metal, the
23	classification and penalty range $\frac{in \$ 5-36-103(b)}{shall}$ shall be increased $\underline{by}$ one
24	(1) classification if:
25	(1) The person caused incidental damage to the owner of the
26	scrap metal or the property of the owner of the scrap metal while committing
27	the theft of scrap metal and the costs of incidental damage were more than
28	two hundred fifty dollars (\$250); or
29	(2) The person transported the scrap metal across state lines to
30	sell or dispose of the scrap metal.
31	(d) As used in this section:
32	(1) "Costs of incidental damage" means the total amount of money
33	damages suffered by an owner of scrap metal as a direct result of the theft
34	of the scrap metal, including lost income, lost profits, and costs of repair
35	or replacement of property damage;
36	(2) "Incidental damage" means loss of income, loss of profit, or

1	property damage; and
2	(3) "Scrap metal" means copper, copper alloy, copper utility
3	wire, any bronze, or any aluminum as described in § 17-44-101 et seq.
4	
5	SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 5-36-202 is amended to read as follows:
6	5-36-202. Theft of public benefits.
7	(a) A person commits theft of public benefits if the person:
8	(1) Obtains or retains a public benefit from the Department of
9	Human Services or any other state agency administering the distribution of a
10	<pre>public benefit:</pre>
11	(A) By means of any false statement, misrepresentation, or
12	impersonation; or
13	(B) Through failure to disclose a material fact used in
14	making a determination as to the person's qualification to receive a public
15	benefit; or
16	(2) Receives, retains, or disposes of a public benefit knowing
17	or having reason to know that the public benefit was obtained in violation of
18	this subchapter.
19	(b) Presentation of false or fictitious information or failure to
20	disclose a material fact in the process of obtaining or retaining public
21	benefits is prima facie evidence of <pre>intent</pre> <pre>purpose</pre> to commit theft of public
22	benefits.
23	(c) Theft of public benefits is a:
24	(1) Class B felony if the value of the public benefit is two
25	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more;
26	(2) Class C felony if the value of the public benefit is less
27	than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) but more than five hundred
28	dollars (\$500); or
29	(3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the public benefit is
30	five hundred dollars (\$500) or less.
31	(d) In addition to an extended term of imprisonment provided by § 5-4-
32	501 for a habitual offender, any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere
33	to or is found guilty of violating this section shall be imprisoned:
34	(1) For no less than seven (7) days for a second offense
35	occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense;
36	(2) For no less than ninety (90) days for a third offense

1	occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense; and
2	(3) For at least one (1) year for a fourth or subsequent offense
3	occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense.
4	(e) In addition to restitution, any person who pleads guilty or nolo
5	contendere to or is found guilty of violating this section shall be fined no
6	less than:
7	(1) One hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for the first offense;
8	(2) Four hundred dollars (\$400) for a second offense occurring
9	within five (5) years of a prior offense; and
10	(3) Nine hundred dollars (\$900) for a third or subsequent
11	offense occurring within five (5) years of a prior offense.
12	
13	SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 5-36-203, concerning penalties for theft of
14	public benefits and recodified elsewhere in this act, is repealed.
15	5-36-203. Penalties.
16	Theft of public benefits is a:
17	(1) Class B felony if the value of the public benefit is two
18	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more;
19	(2) Class C felony if the value of the public benefit is less
20	than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) but more than five hundred
21	dollars (\$500); or
22	(3) Class A misdemeanor if the value of the public benefit is
23	five hundred dollars (\$500) or less.
24	
25	SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 5-36-204, concerning imprisonment and fines
26	for theft of public benefits and recodified elsewhere in this act, is
27	repealed.
28	5-36-204. Terms of imprisonment - Fines.
29	(a) In addition to an extended term of imprisonment provided by § 5-4-
30	501 for a habitual offender, any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere
31	or is found guilty of violating § 5-36-202(a) shall be imprisoned:
32	(1) For no less than seven (7) days for the second offense of
33	any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203 occurring within five (5)
34	years of the first offense of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-
35	<del>203;</del>
36	(2) For no less than ninety (90) days for a third offense of any

- 1 felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203 occurring within five (5) years
- 2 of the first offense of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203;
- 3 and
- 4 (3) For at least one (1) year for a fourth or subsequent offense
- 5 of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-203 occurring within five
- 6 (5) years of the first offense of any felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-
- 7 36-203.
- 8 (b) In addition to restitution, any person who pleads guilty or nolo
- 9 contendere or is found guilty of a felony or misdemeanor set forth in § 5-36-
- 10 203 shall be fined no less than:
- 11 (1) One hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for the first offense;
- 12 (2) Four hundred dollars (\$400) for a second offense occurring
- 13 within five (5) years of the first offense; and
- 14 (3) Nine hundred dollars (\$900) for a third or subsequent
- 15 offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense.

- 17 SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 5-37-302 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 5-37-302. Unlawful acts.
- 19 <u>(a)</u> It is unlawful for any person:
- 20 (1) To procure any article or thing of value or to secure
- 21 possession of any personal property to which a lien has attached or to make
- 22 payment of rent or to make payment of a child support payment or to make
- 23 payment of any taxes, licenses, or fees, or any fine or court costs, or for
- 24 any other purpose to make or draw or utter or deliver, with the intent to
- 25 defraud, any check, draft, order, or any other form of presentment involving
- 26 the transmission of account information for the payment of money upon any in-
- 27 state or out-of-state bank, person, firm, or corporation, knowing at the time
- 28 of such making, drawing, uttering, or delivering that the maker or drawer has
- 29 not sufficient funds in, or on deposit with, such bank, person, firm, or
- 30 corporation for the payment of such check, draft, order, or other form of
- 31 presentment involving the transmission of account information in full, and
- 32 any other check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving the
- 33 transmission of account information upon such funds then outstanding;
- 34 (2) To make, draw, utter, or deliver or to cause or direct the
- 35 making, drawing, uttering, or delivering of any check, draft, order, or any
- 36 other form of presentment involving the transmission of account information

- 1 for the payment of money on any in-state or out-of-state bank, person, firm,
- 2 or corporation in payment of wages or salaries for personal services
- 3 rendered, knowing that the maker, drawer, or payor does not have sufficient
- 4 funds in or on deposit with such bank, person, firm, or corporation for the
- 5 payment in full of such check, draft, order, or other form of presentment
- 6 involving the transmission of account information as well as any other then-
- 7 outstanding check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving the
- 8 transmission of account information upon such funds, and with no good reason
- 9 to believe the check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving
- 10 the transmission of account information would be paid upon presentation to
- 11 the person or bank upon which same was drawn; or
- 12 (3) After he or she has made, drawn, uttered, or delivered a
- 13 check, draft, order, or any other form of presentment involving the
- 14 transmission of account information for the payment of money upon any in-
- 15 state or out-of-state bank, to withdraw or cause to be withdrawn, with intent
- 16 to defraud, the funds or any part of the funds that have been deposited in
- 17 the bank before presentment of the check, draft, order, or any other form of
- 18 presentment involving the transmission of account information for payment,
- 19 without leaving sufficient funds in the bank for payment in full of the
- 20 check, draft, order, or other form of presentment involving the transmission
- 21 of account information and any other check, draft, or order upon the funds
- 22 then outstanding.
- 23 (b)(1) Upon a determination of guilt of a person under this section,
- 24 <u>in the event that the order, draft, check, or other form of presentment</u>
- 25 <u>involving the transmission of account information is one thousand dollars</u>
- 26 (\$1,000) or less, the penalties shall be as follows:
- 27 (A) For a first offense, the person is guilty of an
- 28 unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than fifty
- 29 dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment in
- 30 the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed thirty (30)
- 31 days, or both;
- 32 (B) For a second offense, the person is guilty of an
- 33 unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than one
- 34 <u>hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or</u>
- 35 imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed
- 36 <u>ninety (90) days</u>, or both; and

1	(C) For a third or subsequent offense, the person is
2	guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less
3	than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000)
4	or imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to
5	exceed one (1) year, or both.
6	(2) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
7	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on a nonexistent account
8	is a Class B felony if:
9	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
10	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more; or
11	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
12	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
13	amount less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), and the total amount
14	of all such instruments or transactions is twenty-five thousand dollars
15	(\$25,000) or more.
16	(3) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
17	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
18	is a Class C felony if:
19	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
20	less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand
21	dollars (\$5,000); or
22	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
23	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
24	amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less, and the total amount of all
25	such instruments or transactions is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
26	(4) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
27	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
28	is a Class D felony if:
29	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
30	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars
31	(\$1,000); or
32	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
33	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
34	amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, and the total amount of all
35	such instruments or transactions is more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
36	(5) Under subdivision $(b)(2)(B)$ , subdivision $(b)(3)(B)$ , and

1	subdivision (b)(4)(B) of this section, each instrument or transaction may be
2	added together in a single prosecution.
3	
4	SECTION 11. Arkansas Code § 5-37-305 is amended to read as follows:
5	5-37-305. Penalties Restitution and court costs.
6	(a) Upon a determination of guilt of a person under § 5-37-302, in the
7	event that the order, draft, check, or other form of presentment involving
8	the transmission of account information is one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or
9	less, the penalties shall be as follows:
10	(1) For a first offense, the person is guilty of an unclassified
11	misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00)
12	nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment in the county jail
13	or regional detention facility not to exceed thirty (30) days, or both;
14	(2) For a second offense, the person is guilty of an
15	unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than one
16	hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or
17	imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed
18	ninety (90) days, or both; and
19	(3) For a third or subsequent offense, the person is guilty of
20	an unclassified misdemeanor and shall receive a fine of not less than two
21	hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or
22	imprisonment in the county jail or regional detention facility not to exceed
23	one (1) year, or both.
24	(b)(1) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments or
25	transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on a nonexistent account is
26	a Class B felony if:
27	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
28	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more; or
29	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
30	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
31	amount less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), and the total amount
32	of all such instruments or transactions is twenty-five thousand dollars
33	<del>(\$25,000) or more.</del>
34	(2) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
35	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
26	is a Class C follow if:

1	$(\Lambda)$ The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
2	less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but more than five thousand
3	dollars (\$5,000); or
4	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
5	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
6	amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less, and the total amount of all
7	such instruments or transactions is more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
8	(3) Making, uttering, or delivering one (1) or more instruments
9	or transactions drawn on insufficient funds or drawn on nonexistent accounts
10	is a Class D felony if:
11	(A) The amount of any one (1) instrument or transaction is
12	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less but more than one thousand dollars
13	<del>(\$1,000); or</del>
14	(B) More than one (1) instrument or transaction has been
15	drawn within a ninety-day period, each instrument or transaction is in an
16	amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, and the total amount of all
17	such instruments or transactions is more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
18	(4) Under subdivisions $(b)(1)(B)$ , $(b)(2)(B)$ , and $(b)(3)(B)$ of
19	this section, each instrument or transaction may be added together in a
20	single prosecution.
21	$\frac{(c)(1)(a)}{(a)}$ Any court passing sentence upon a person convicted of any
22	offense under <del>§§ 5-37-301 - 5-37-306</del> the Arkansas Hot Check Law, § 5-37-301
23	et seq., may also order the person to make full restitution to the plaintiff
24	or complaining party.
25	$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ All court costs may be taxed to the convicted defendant.
26	
27	SECTION 12. Arkansas Code § 5-37-402, concerning the offense of theft
28	of communication services, is amended to add new subsections to read as
29	follows:
30	(c)(1) A person who violates subdivision (a)(1) or subdivision (a)(2)
31	of this section upon conviction is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
32	(2) A person who violates one (1) or more of subdivisions
33	(a)(3)-(6) of this section upon conviction is guilty of a Class D felony.
34	(3) An offense under this section is a Class C felony if:
35	(A) The defendant has been convicted previously on two (2)
36	or more occasions for an offense under this subchapter or for any similar

1	crime in this state or any federal or other state jurisdiction; or
2	(B) The violation of this subchapter involves possession
3	of more than fifty (50) communication devices or unlawful access devices.
4	(d) The penalty for an offense under this section when based upon a
5	prior conviction includes without limitation a felony offense involving theft
6	of service or fraud under this subchapter or a violation of the Cable
7	Communications Policy Act of 1984, Pub. L. No. 98-549, as in effect on March
8	<u>1, 2003.</u>
9	(e) The court shall sentence a person convicted of violating this
10	subchapter to make restitution as authorized by law, in addition to any other
11	sentence authorized by law.
12	(f) Upon conviction of a defendant under this section, the court may
13	direct that the defendant forfeit any communication device or unlawful access
14	device in the defendant's possession or control that was involved in the
15	violation for which the defendant was convicted, in addition to any other
16	sentence authorized by law.
17	
18	SECTION 13. Arkansas Code § 5-37-403, concerning the penalties for
19	theft of communications services and recodifed elsewhere in this act, is
20	repealed.
21	5-37-403. Penalties.
22	(a)(1) Upon conviction, any person violating a provision of § 5-37-
23	402(a)(1) or (2) is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
24	(2) Upon conviction, any person violating a provision of § 5-37-
25	402(a)(3)-(6) is guilty of a Class D felony.
26	(3) An offense under this subchapter is a Class C felony if:
27	$(\Lambda)$ The defendant has been convicted previously on two (2)
28	or more occasions for an offense under this subchapter or for any similar
29	crime in this state or any federal or other state jurisdiction; or
30	(B) The violation of this subchapter involves possession
31	of more than fifty (50) communication devices or unlawful access devices.
32	(b) The penalty for an offense under this section when based upon a
33	prior conviction, includes, but is not limited to, a felony offense involving
34	theft of service or fraud under this subchapter or a violation of the Cable
35	Communications Policy Act of 1984, Pub. L. No. 98-549, 98 Stat. 2779, as in
36	effect on March 1, 2003.

1	(c) The court shall sentence a person convicted of violating this
2	subchapter to make restitution as authorized by law, in addition to any other
3	sentence authorized by law.
4	(d) Upon conviction of a defendant under this subchapter, the court
5	may direct that the defendant forfeit any communication device or unlawful
6	access device in the defendant's possession or control that was involved in
7	the violation for which the defendant was convicted, in addition to any other
8	sentence authorized by law.
9	
10	SECTION 14. Arkansas Code § 5-62-202, concerning definitions for
11	criminal offenses involving farm animal and research facilities, is amended
12	to add a new subdivision to read as follows:
13	(9) "Notice" means:
14	(A) Oral or written communication by the owner or a person with
15	apparent authority to act for the owner;
16	(B) Fencing or other enclosure obviously designed to exclude
17	persons or to contain animals; or
18	(C) A sign or signs posted on property or at the entrance to a
19	building, reasonably likely to come to the attention of a person, indicating
20	that entry is forbidden.
21	
22	SECTION 15. Arkansas Code § 5-62-203 is amended to read as follows:
23	5-62-203. Offenses.
24	(a)(1) A person commits an offense if, without the effective consent
25	of the owner, the person acquires or otherwise exercises control over an
26	animal facility, an animal from an animal facility, or other property from an
27	animal facility, with the intent purpose to:
28	$\frac{(1)}{(A)}$ Deprive the owner of the animal facility, animal,
29	or property; and
30	(2) (B) Disrupt or damage the enterprise conducted at the
31	animal facility.
32	$\frac{\text{(b)}(2)}{\text{(2)}}$ A person commits an offense if, without the effective
33	consent of the owner and with the <u>intent</u> <u>purpose</u> to disrupt or damage the
34	enterprise conducted at the animal facility, the person damages or destroys:
35	(1)(A) An animal facility; or
36	$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ (B) Any animal or property in or on an animal facility.

T	$\frac{(e)}{(5)}$ A person commits an offense if, without the effective
2	consent of the owner and with the intent purpose to disrupt or damage the
3	enterprise conducted at the animal facility, the person:
4	$\frac{(1)}{(A)}$ Enters an animal facility, not then open to the
5	public, with the intent purpose to commit an act prohibited by this section;
6	$\frac{(2)(B)}{(B)}$ Remains concealed, with the intent purpose to
7	commit an act prohibited by this section, in an animal facility; or
8	$\frac{(3)}{(C)}$ Enters an animal facility and commits or attempts
9	to commit an act prohibited by this section.
10	$\frac{(d)(1)}{(4)}$ A person commits an offense if, without the effective
11	consent of the owner and with the intent purpose to disrupt or damage the
12	enterprise conducted at the animal facility, the person:
13	(A) Enters or remains in an animal facility; and
14	(B) Had notice that the entry was forbidden or received
15	notice to depart but failed to depart.
16	(2) As used in this subsection, "notice" means:
17	(A) Oral or written communication by the owner or someone
18	with apparent authority to act for the owner;
19	(B) Fencing or other enclosure obviously designed to
20	exclude intruders or to contain animals; or
21	(C) A sign or signs posted on the property or at the
22	entrance to the building, reasonably likely to come to the attention of
23	intruders, indicating that entry is forbidden.
24	(b) A person who violates this section upon conviction is guilty of a
25	Class D felony.
26	(c) A person convicted of violating this section shall be ordered to
27	make restitution to the animal facility in the full amount of the reasonable
28	<pre>cost of:</pre>
29	(1) Replacing materials, data, equipment, or animals, and
30	records that may have been damaged or cannot be returned; and
31	(2) Repeating any experimentation that may have been interrupted
32	or invalidated as a result of the violation.
33	(d) This subchapter does not affect any other right of a person that
34	has been damaged by reason of a violation of this subchapter.
35	

SECTION 16. Arkansas Code § 5-62-204, concerning the penalties for

1	violating certain offenses involving farm animals and research facilities and
2	recodified elsewhere in this act, is repealed.
3	5-62-204. Penalties.
4	(a) Any person who violates any provision of this subchapter is deemed
5	guilty of a Class D felony.
6	(b) Any persons convicted of violating any provision of this
7	subchapter shall be ordered to make restitution to the animal facility in the
8	full amount of the reasonable cost of:
9	(1) Replacing materials, data, equipment, or animals, and
10	records that may have been damaged or cannot be returned; and
11	(2) Repeating any experimentation that may have been interrupted
12	or invalidated as a result of the violation.
13	(c) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to affect any other
14	right of a person that has been damaged by reason of a violation of this
15	subchapter.
16	
17	SECTION 17. Arkansas Code § 5-63-302 is amended to read as follows:
18	5-63-302. Debt adjusting — Prohibition.
19	(a) No person A person shall not engage in, or offer to or attempt to
20	engage in, the business or practice of debt adjusting in this state.
21	(b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is a Class A
22	misdemeanor.
23	
24	SECTION 18. Arkansas Code § 5-63-304, concerning the penalties for
25	debt adjusting and recodifed elsewhere in this act, is repealed.
26	5-63-304. Debt adjusting — Penalties.
27	Any person who acts or offers to act as a debt adjuster in this state
28	is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
29	
30	SECTION 19. Arkansas Code § 5-65-103 is amended to read as follows:
31	5-65-103. Unlawful acts.
32	(a) $(1)$ It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this chapter for
33	any person who is intoxicated to operate or be in actual physical control of
34	a motor vehicle.
35	$\frac{(b)(2)}{(b)}$ It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this chapter
36	for any person to operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle

- 1 if at that time the alcohol concentration in the person's breath or blood was
- 2 eight-hundredths (0.08) or more based upon the definition of alcohol
- 3 concentration in § 5-65-204.
- 4 (b)(1)(A)(i) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is
- 5 <u>found guilty of violating this section</u>, for a first offense is guilty of an
- 6 unclassified misdemeanor and may be imprisoned for no less than twenty-four
- 7 (24) hours and no more than one (1) year.
- 8 (ii) However, the court may order public service in
- 9 lieu of jail, and in that instance the court shall include the reasons for
- 10 the order of public service in lieu of jail in the court's written order or
- 11 judgment.
- 12 (B)(i) However, if a passenger under sixteen (16) years of
- 13 age was in the motor vehicle at the time of the offense, a person who pleads
- 14 guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating this section,
- 15 for a first offense is guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor and may be
- 16 imprisoned for no fewer than seven (7) days and no more than one (1) year.
- 17 <u>(ii) However, the court may order public service in</u>
- 18 lieu of jail, and in that instance the court shall include the reasons for
- 19 the order of public service in lieu of jail in the court's written order or
- 20 judgment.
- 21 (2) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
- 22 guilty of violating this section or any other equivalent penal law of another
- 23 state or foreign jurisdiction shall be imprisoned or shall be ordered to
- 24 perform public service in lieu of jail as follows:
- 25 <u>(A)(i) For no fewer than seven (7) days but no more than</u>
- 26 one (1) year for the second offense occurring within five (5) years of the
- 27 first offense or no fewer than thirty (30) days of community service and is
- 28 guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor.
- 29 <u>(ii)(a) However, if a person under sixteen (16)</u>
- 30 years of age was in the motor vehicle at the time of the offense, for no
- 31 fewer than thirty (30) days but no more than one (1) year for the second
- 32 offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or no fewer than
- 33 sixty (60) days of community service and is guilty of an unclassified
- 34 misdemeanor.
- 35 <u>(b) If the court orders community service, the</u>
- 36 <u>court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order</u>

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1
     of community service;
 2
                       (B)(i) For no fewer than ninety (90) days but no more than
 3
     one (1) year for the third offense occurring within five (5) years of the
 4
     first offense or no fewer than ninety (90) days of community service and is
 5
     guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor.
 6
                             (ii)(a) However, if a person under sixteen (16)
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     years of age was in the motor vehicle at the time of the offense, for no
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     fewer than one hundred twenty days (120) days but no more than one (1) year
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     for the third offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or
     no fewer than one hundred twenty (120) days of community service and is
10
11
     guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor.
12
                                   (b) If the court orders community service, the
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     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
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     of community service;
15
                       (C)(i) For at least one (1) year but no more than six (6)
     years for the fourth offense occurring within five (5) years of the first
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17
     offense or not less than one (1) year of community service and is guilty of
18
     an unclassified felony.
19
                            (ii)(a) However, if a person under sixteen (16)
20
     years of age was in the motor vehicle at the time of the offense, for at
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     least two (2) years but no more than six (6) years for the fourth offense
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     occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or not less than two (2)
23
     years of community service and is guilty of an unclassified felony.
                                  (b) If the court orders community service, the
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25
     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
26
     of community service; and
27
                       (D)(i)(a) Except as provided in § 5-65-122, for at least
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     two (2) years but no more than ten (10) years for the fifth or subsequent
29
     offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or not less than
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     two (2) years of community service and is guilty of an unclassified felony.
31
                                   (b) If the court orders community service, the
32
     court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
33
     of community service.
                            (ii)(a) However, if a person under sixteen (16)
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35
     years of age was in the motor vehicle at the time of the offense, for at
36
     least three (3) years but no more than ten (10) years for the fifth offense
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1	occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or not less than three
2	(3) years of community service and is guilty of an unclassified felony.
3	(b) If the court orders community service, the
4	court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order
5	of community service.
6	(3) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under
7	subdivision (b)(1)(B), subdivision (b)(2)(A)(ii), subdivision (b)(2)(B)(ii),
8	subdivision (b)(2)(C)(ii), and subdivision (b)(2)(D)(ii) of this section that
9	the person operating or in actual physical control of the motor vehicle was
10	not more than two (2) years older than the passenger.
11	(4) A prior conviction for § 5-10-105(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B) is
12	considered a previous offense for purposes of this subsection.
13	(c) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
14	guilty of violating this section shall be fined:
15	(1) No less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and no more
16	than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense;
17	(2) No less than four hundred dollars (\$400) and no more than
18	three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the second offense occurring within five
19	(5) years of the first offense; and
20	(3) Except as provided in § 5-65-122, no less than nine hundred
21	dollars (\$900) and no more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the third
22	or subsequent offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense.
23	
24	SECTION 20. Arkansas Code § 5-65-111, concerning the penalties for the
25	offense of driving while intoxicated and recodified elsewhere in this act, is
26	repealed.
27	5-65-111. Prison terms — Exception.
28	$(a)(1)(\Lambda)$ Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is
29	found guilty of violating § 5-65-103, for a first offense, may be imprisoned
30	for no less than twenty-four (24) hours and no more than one (1) year.
31	(B) However, the court may order public service in lieu of
32	jail, and in that instance, the court shall include the reasons for the order
33	of public service in lieu of jail in the court's written order or judgment.
34	(2)(A) However, if a passenger under sixteen (16) years of age
35	was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, a person who pleads guilty or
36	nolo contendere to or is found guilty of violating § 5-65-103, for a first

1 offense, may be imprisoned for no fewer than seven (7) days and no more than 2 one (1) year. 3 (B) However, the court may order public service in lieu of 4 jail, and in that instance, the court shall include the reasons for the order 5 of public service in lieu of jail in the court's written order or judgment. 6 (b) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found 7 guilty of violating § 5-65-103 or any other equivalent penal law of another 8 state or foreign jurisdiction shall be imprisoned or shall be ordered to 9 perform public service in lieu of jail as follows: 10 (1)(A) For no fewer than seven (7) days but no more than one (1) 11 year for the second offense occurring within five (5) years of the first 12 offense or no fewer than thirty (30) days of community service. (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of 13 14 age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for no fewer than thirty 15 (30) days but no more than one (1) year for the second offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or no fewer than sixty (60) days 16 17 of community service. 18 (ii) If the court orders community service, the 19 court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order 20 of community service; 21 (2)(A) For no fewer than ninety (90) days but no more than one 22 (1) year for the third offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or no fewer than ninety (90) days of community service. 23 24 (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for no fewer than one 25 26 hundred twenty days (120) days but no more than one (1) year for the third 27 offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or no fewer than 28 one hundred twenty (120) days of community service. (ii) If the court orders community service, the 29 30 court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order 31 of community service: 32 (3)(A) For at least one (1) year but no more than six (6) years 33 for the fourth offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or not less than one (1) year of community service and is guilty of a felony. 34 35 (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for at least two (2) years 36

1 but no more than six (6) years for the fourth offense occurring within five 2 (5) years of the first offense or not less than two (2) years of community service and is guilty of a felony. 3 4 (ii) If the court orders community service, the 5 court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order 6 of community service; and 7 (4)(A)(i) Except as provided in § 5-65-122, for at least two (2) 8 years but no more than ten (10) years for the fifth or subsequent offense 9 occurring within five (5) years of the first offense or not less than two (2) years of community service and is guilty of an unclassified felony. 10 11 (ii) If the court orders community service, the 12 court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order 13 of community service. 14 (B)(i) However, if a person under sixteen (16) years of 15 age was in the vehicle at the time of the offense, for at least three (3) years but no more than ten (10) years for the fifth offense occurring within 16 17 five (5) years of the first offense or not less than three (3) years of 18 community service and is guilty of a felony. 19 (ii) If the court orders community service, the 20 court shall clearly set forth in written findings the reasons for the order 21 of community service. 22 (c) For any arrest or offense occurring before July 30, 1999, but that 23 has not reached a final disposition as to judgment in court, the offense shall be decided under the law in effect at the time the offense occurred, 24 25 and any defendant is subject to the penalty provisions in effect at that time 26 and not under the provisions of this section. 27 (d) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under subdivisions (a)(2), (b)(1)(B), (b)(2)(B), (b)(3)(B), and (b)(4)(B) of this section that 28 the person operating or in actual physical control of the motor vehicle was 29 not more than two (2) years older than the passenger. 30 (e) A prior conviction for § 5-10-105(a)(1)(A) or (B) is considered a 31 32 previous offense for purposes of subsection (b) of this section. 33 34 SECTION 21. Arkansas Code § 5-65-112, concerning the fines for the offense of driving while intoxicated and recodified elsewhere in this act, is 35 36 repealed.

1	5-65-112. Fines.
2	Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty
3	of violating § 5-65-103 shall be fined:
4	(1) No less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and no more
5	than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense;
6	(2) No less than four hundred dollars (\$400) and no more than
7	three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the second offense occurring within five
8	(5) years of the first offense; and
9	(3) Except as provided in § 5-65-122, no less than nine hundred
10	$\frac{\text{dollars ($900)}}{\text{and no more than five thousand dollars ($5,000)}}$ for the third
11	or subsequent offense occurring within five (5) years of the first offense.
12	
13	SECTION 22. Arkansas Code § 5-65-303 is amended to read as follows:
14	5-65-303. Conduct proscribed Unlawful acts.
15	(a) $\underline{(1)}$ It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this subchapter
16	for any underage person to operate or be in actual physical control of a
17	motor vehicle while under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or similar
18	intoxicant.
19	$\frac{(b)(2)}{(2)}$ It is unlawful and punishable as provided in this
20	subchapter for any underage person to operate or be in actual physical
21	control of a motor vehicle if at that time there was an alcohol concentration
22	of two-hundredths (0.02) but less than eight-hundredths (0.08) in the
23	underage person's breath or blood as determined by a chemical test of the
24	underage person's blood or breath or other bodily substance.
25	(b)(1) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
26	guilty of violating this section is guilty of an unclassified misdemeanor and
27	shall be sentenced to public service work under subsection (c) of this
28	section and shall be fined:
29	(A) No less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and not more
30	than five hundred dollars (\$500) for the first offense;
31	(B) No less than two hundred dollars (\$200) and not more
32	than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the second offense; and
33	(C) No less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and not more
34	than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the third or subsequent offense.
35	(2) For the purpose of determining an underage person's fine
36	under this section, an underage person who has one (1) or more previous

1	convictions or suspensions for a violation of § 5-65-103 or § 5-65-205 is
2	deemed to have a conviction for a violation of this section for each
3	conviction for driving while intoxicated.
4	(c)(l) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
5	guilty of violating this section shall be ordered by the court to perform
6	public service work of the type and for the duration as deemed appropriate by
7	the court.
8	(2) The duration of public service work shall be:
9	(A) No less than thirty (30) days for a second offense;
10	<u>and</u>
11	(B) No less than sixty (60) days for a third or subsequent
12	offense.
13	
14	SECTION 23. Arkansas Code § 5-65-305, concerning fines for underage
15	DUI and recodified elsewhere in this act, is repealed.
16	<del>5-65-305. Fines.</del>
17	(a) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
18	guilty of violating § 5-65-303 or § 5-65-310 shall be fined:
19	(1) No less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and not more than
20	five hundred dollars (\$500) for the first offense;
21	(2) No less than two hundred dollars (\$200) and not more than
22	one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the second offense occurring underage; and
23	(3) No less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and not more than
24	two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the third or subsequent offense occurring
25	underage.
26	(b) For the purpose of determining an underage person's fine under
27	this subchapter, an underage person who has one (1) or more previous
28	convictions or suspensions for a violation of § 5-65-103 or § 5-65-205 is
29	deemed to have a conviction for a violation of this subchapter for each
30	conviction for driving while intoxicated.
31	
32	SECTION 24. Arkansas Code § 5-65-306, concerning public service work
33	as part of the sentence for underage DUI and recodified elsewhere in this
34	act, is repealed.
35	5-65-306. Public service work.
36	(a) Any underage person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is

- 1 found guilty of violating § 5-65-303 or § 5-65-310 shall be ordered by the 2 court to perform public service work of the type and for the duration as 3 deemed appropriate by the court. 4 (b) The period of community service shall be for: 5 (1) No less than thirty (30) days for a second offense of 6 violating § 5-65-303; and 7 (2) No less than sixty (60) days for a third or subsequent 8 offense of violating § 5-65-303. 9 10 SECTION 25. Arkansas Code § 5-65-310 is amended to read as follows: 11 5-65-310. Refusal to submit. 12 (a)(1) If an underage person under arrest refuses upon the request of 13 a law enforcement officer to submit to a chemical test designated by the law 14 enforcement agency, as provided in  $\S$  5-65-309, no chemical test shall be 15 given, and the underage person's driver's license shall be seized by the law 16 enforcement officer, and the law enforcement officer shall immediately 17 deliver to the underage person from whom the driver's license was seized a 18 receipt for a temporary driving permit license, as provided by § 5-65-402. 19 (2) Refusal to submit to a chemical test under this subsection 20 is a strict liability offense and is a violation pursuant to § 5-1-108. 21 The Office of Driver Services shall suspend or revoke the 22 driving privileges of the arrested underage person under § 5-65-402. 23 (2) The office Office of Driver Services shall suspend the 24 underage person's driving privileges as follows: 25 (A) Suspension for ninety (90) days for a first offense 26 under this section; 27 Suspension for one (1) year for a second offense under 28 this section; and
- 30 occurring while the person is underage.
- occurring white the person is underage.
- 31 (ii) Revocation is until the underage person reaches

(C)(i) Revocation for the third or subsequent offense

- 32 twenty-one (21) years of age or for a period of three (3) years, whichever is
- 33 longer.

- 34 (c) In order to determine the number of previous offenses to consider
- 35 when suspending or revoking the arrested underage person's driving
- 36 privileges, the office of Driver Services shall consider as a previous

1 offense:

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- 2 (1) Any conviction for violating  $\frac{\$ 5 65 310}{\$ 65 310}$  this section; and
- 3 (2) Any suspension or revocation of driving privileges for an 4 arrest for a violation of § 5-65-310 this section when the person was not 5 subsequently acquitted of the criminal charge.
  - (d) In addition to any other penalty provided for in this section, if the underage person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this state:
- 9 (1) The <u>office Office of Driver Services</u> shall deny to that 10 underage person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of six (6) 11 months for a first offense; and
  - (2) For a second or subsequent offense by an underage resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle, the <u>office of Driver Services</u> shall deny to that underage person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of one (1) year.
  - (e) When an underage nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, the office Office of Driver Services shall notify the office of issuance of that underage person's nonresident motor vehicle license of action taken by the office of Driver Services.
    - (f)(1)(A) The office Office of Driver Services shall charge a reinstatement fee to be calculated as provided under subdivision (f)(1)(B) of this section for reinstating a driver's license suspended or revoked for a violation of this section.
    - (B) The reinstatement fee is calculated by multiplying twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) by the number of offenses resulting in an administrative suspension order under § 5-65-310 this section unless the administrative suspension order has been removed because:
- 29 (i) The person has been found not guilty of the 30 offense by a circuit court or district court; or
- 31 (ii) The office Office of Driver Services has 32 entered an administrative suspension order.
- 33 (C) The fee under subdivision (f)(1)(A) of this section is supplemental to and in addition to any fee imposed by § 5-65-119, § 5-65-304, 35 § 27-16-508, or § 27-16-808.
- 36 (2) Forty percent (40%) of the revenues derived from the

1 reinstatement fee under this subsection shall be deposited into the State 2 Treasury as special revenues and credited to the Public Health Fund to be 3 used exclusively for the Blood Alcohol Program of the Office of Alcohol 4 Testing of the Department of Health. 5 6 SECTION 26. Arkansas Code § 5-65-402(a)(8)(D)(i)(b), concerning the 7 surrender of a driver's license to an officer, is amended to read as follows: 8 (b) The person's blood alcohol concentration 9 measured by weight of alcohol in the person's blood was equal to or greater 10 than the blood alcohol concentration prohibited by \$5-65-103(b) \$5-65-11 103(a)(2); 12 SECTION 27. Arkansas Code § 5-68-502 is amended to read as follows: 13 14 5-68-502. Unlawful acts Selling, loaning, or displaying pornography to 15 minors. (a) It is unlawful for any person, including, but not limited to, 16 17 without limitation any person having custody, control, or supervision of any 18 commercial establishment, to knowingly: 19 (1)(A) Display material that is harmful to minors in such a way 20 that the material is exposed to the view of a minor as part of the invited 21 general public. 22 (B) However, a person is deemed not to have displayed 23 material harmful to minors if: 24 (i) The material is kept behind devices commonly 25 known as "blinder racks" so that the lower two-thirds (2/3) of the material 26 is not exposed to view; or 27 (ii) Material harmful to minors is not contained on 28 the front cover, back cover, or binding of the displayed material; 29 (2)(A) Sell, furnish, present, distribute, allow to view, or otherwise disseminate to a minor with or without consideration any material 30 31 that is harmful to minors. 32 (B) However, the prohibition under subdivision (2)(A)33 (a)(2)(A) of this section does not apply to any dissemination: 34 (i) By a parent, guardian, or relative within the 35 third degree or of consanguinity of the minor; or 36

(ii) With the consent of a parent or guardian of the

1	minor; or
2	(3)(A) Present to a minor or participate in presenting to a
3	minor with or without consideration any performance that is harmful to
4	minors.
5	(B) However, the prohibition under subdivision $\frac{(3)(A)}{(A)}$
6	(a)(3)(A) of this section does not apply to any dissemination:
7	(i) By a parent, guardian, or relative within the
8	third degree of consanguinity to the minor; or
9	(ii) With the consent of a parent or guardian of the
10	minor.
11	(b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is a Class B
12	misdemeanor.
13	
14	SECTION 28. Arkansas Code § 5-68-503, concerning the penalties for
15	selling or loaning pornography to minors and recodified elsewhere in this
16	act, is repealed.
17	5-68-503. Penalties.
18	Any person violating any provision of this subchapter is guilty of a
19	Class B misdemeanor.
20	
21	SECTION 29. Arkansas Code § 5-76-107 is amended to read as follows:
22	5-76-107. Unlawful acts by underage operator.
23	(a) $\frac{No}{No}$ underage person shall $\underline{not}$ operate any motorboat on the
24	waters of this state while:
25	(1) Intoxicated; or
26	(2) There is an alcohol concentration in the underage person's
27	breath or blood of two-hundredths (0.02) but less than eight-hundredths
28	(0.08) based upon the definition of breath, blood, and urine concentration in
29	§ 5-65-204.
30	(b)(1) A certified law enforcement officer may test an underage person
31	who operates a motorboat using a portable breath-testing instrument or other
32	approved method to determine if the underage person may be operating a
33	motorboat or device in violation of this section only if the certified law
34	enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that:
35	(A) The underage person is operating the motorboat while

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intoxicated; or

1	(B) The underage person is operating the motorboat while
2	there is an alcohol concentration of two-hundredths (0.02) but less than
3	eight-hundredths (0.08) in the underage person's breath or blood.
4	(2) The consumption of alcohol or the possession of an open
5	container of an alcoholic beverage aboard a vessel does not alone constitute
6	probable cause.
7	(c)(1) A person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
8	guilty of violating this section is guilty of a violation and shall be fined
9	<pre>not less than:</pre>
10	(A) One hundred dollars (\$100) and not more than five
11	hundred dollars (\$500) for the first offense;
12	(B) Two hundred dollars (\$200) and not more than one
13	thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the second offense; and
14	(C) Five hundred dollars (\$500) and not more than two
15	thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the third or subsequent offense.
16	(2) For the purpose of determining the amount of a fine under
17	this section, an underage person who has one (1) or more previous convictions
18	for a violation of § $5-76-102$ is deemed to have a conviction for a violation
19	of § 5-76-107 for each conviction for a violation of § 5-76-102.
20	
21	SECTION 30. Arkansas Code § 5-76-108, concerning fines for underage
22	operation of a motorboat while intoxicated and recodified elsewhere in this
23	act, is repealed.
24	5-76-108. Fines for violating § 5-76-107.
25	(a) Any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found
26	guilty of violating § 5-76-107 shall be fined not less than:
27	(1) One hundred dollars (\$100) and not more than five hundred
28	dollars (\$500) for the first offense;
29	(2) Two hundred dollars (\$200) and not more than one thousand
30	dollars (\$1,000) for the second offense; and
31	(3) Five hundred dollars (\$500) and not more than two thousand
32	dollars (\$2,000) for the third or subsequent offense.
33	(b) For the purpose of determining the amount of a fine under this
34	section, an underage person who has one (1) or more previous convictions for
35	a violation of $\S$ 5-76-102 is deemed to have a conviction for a violation of $\S$
36	5-76-107 for each conviction for a violation of § 5-76-102.

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           SECTION 31. Arkansas Code § 6-17-414(b)(29), concerning offenses which
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     will make a person ineligible to be employed by a educational entity, is
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     amended to read as follows:
 5
                 (29) Felony theft as prohibited in \S 5-36-103 - 5-36-106 and \S
 6
     <del>5-36-203</del> 5-36-202;
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           SECTION 32. Arkansas Code § 20-13-1106(b)(32), concerning
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     disqualifying offenses for certification or recertification by the Division
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     of EMS and Trauma Systems of the Department of Health, is amended to read as
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     follows:
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                 (32) Fourth or subsequent driving while intoxicated violations
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     that constitute felony offenses under \$5-65-111(b)(3) and (4) \$5-65-
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     103(b)(2)(C) and (D);
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