1	INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2021-040		
2	State of Arkansas		
3	93rd General Assembly A Bill		
4	Regular Session, 2021 SENATE BILL 655		
5			
6	By: Senator G. Leding		
7	By: Representative Godfrey		
8	Filed with: Senate Committee on Education		
9	pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217		
10	For An Act To Be Entitled		
11	AN ACT TO CREATE THE EDUCATION FOR HEALTHY YOUTH ACT;		
12	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.		
13			
14			
15	Subtitle		
16	TO CREATE THE EDUCATION FOR HEALTHY YOUTH		
17	ACT.		
18			
19			
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:		
21			
22	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 6, Chapter 16, is amended to add an		
23	additional subchapter to read as follows:		
24			
25	<u>Subchapter 16 — Education for Healthy Youth Act</u>		
26			
27	6-16-1601. Title.		
28	This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Education for		
29	Healthy Youth Act".		
30			
31	6-16-1602. Legislative findings.		
32	(a) The General Assembly finds that:		
33	(1) Arkansas ranks first in the United States for teen births		
34	with thirty-two and eight-tenths (32.8) births per one thousand (1,000)		
35	adolescent girls, a rate double the national average:		

1	(2) Twenty-two percent (22%) of adolescent girls and sixteen and				
2	one-tenth percent (16.1%) of adolescent boys report being raped during their				
3	lifetime in Arkansas;				
4	(3) Arkansas teenagers experience physical dating violence at a				
5	rate higher than any other state in the United States;				
6	(4) Forty-six percent (46%) of Arkansas high school students				
7	report being sexually active, and only one-half (1/2) of those students report				
8	using effective contraception like condoms;				
9	(5) The total economic cost of teenage pregnancy in Arkansas was				
10	estimated at one hundred forty-three million dollars (\$143,000,000) in 2008;				
11	(6) Healthy relationship education can encourage better sexual				
12	health outcomes, reduce stigma, and prepare young people to lead healthy and				
13	<u>fulfilling lives;</u>				
14	(7) Students who receive healthy relationship education report				
15	fewer incidents of violence, sexual assault, and harassment;				
16	(8) Parents, legal guardians, the general public, and young				
17	people overwhelmingly support relationship education that is comprehensive,				
18	and polling has found that ninety-six percent (96%) of parents support				
19	providing relationship education in high school and ninety-three percent (93%)				
20	of parents support providing relationship education in middle school;				
21	(9) The leading health and education organizations support				
22	healthy relationship education that includes information about both delaying				
23	sexual activity and effective contraception use; and				
24	(10) Students in Arkansas often lack the education they need to				
25	prevent unintended pregnancy, prevent HIV and other sexually transmitted				
26	infections, and develop healthy relationship and decision-making skills.				
27	(b) It is therefore the intent of the General Assembly that				
28	relationship education:				
29	(1) Promote:				
30	(A) Awareness of and healthy attitudes about growth and				
31	development;				
32	(B) Dating, healthy relationships, consent, and sexual				
33	assault and violence prevention;				
34	(C) Sexual health;				
35	(D) Positive body image; and				
36	(E) Family and social norms;				

1 (2) Be designed to positively affect adolescent behavior; and 2 (3) Provide students in kindergarten through grade twelve (K-12) 3 with the information, skills, and support they need to acquire accurate 4 information and make healthy decisions throughout their lives. 5 6 6-16-1603. Definitions. 7 As used in this subchapter: 8 (1) "Age- and developmentally appropriate" means topics, messages, and teaching methods suitable to particular ages, age groups of 9 children and adolescents, or developmental levels based on the cognitive, 10 11 emotional, social, and behavioral capacity of most public school students at 12 that age and developmental level; (2) "Characteristics of effective programs" means the aspects 13 of evidence-informed programs, including development, content, and 14 15 implementation of such evidence-informed programs, that: 16 (A) Have been shown to be effective in terms of increasing knowledge, clarifying values and attitudes, increasing skills, 17 18 and impacting behavior; and 19 (B) Are widely recognized by leading medical and public 20 health agencies to be effective in changing sexual behaviors that lead to unintended pregnancy, dating violence, sexual assault, and sexually 21 22 transmitted infections, including human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), among 23 young people; 24 (3) "Consent" means affirmative, conscious, and voluntary 25 agreement to engage in interpersonal, physical, or sexual activity; 26 (4) "Culturally appropriate" means materials and instruction 27 that respond to culturally diverse individuals, families, and communities in an inclusive, respectful, and effective manner, which includes without 28 29 limitation materials and instruction that are inclusive of race, ethnicity, 30 languages, cultural background, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, and different abilities; 31 32 (5) "Inclusive" means a curriculum that ensures that public 33 school students from historically marginalized communities, including 34 without limitation communities of color, immigrants, people with 35 disabilities, and others whose experiences have been traditionally left out

1	of sex education programs and policies, see themselves reflected in		
2	classroom materials and lessons;		
3	(6) "Medically accurate and complete" means the:		
4	(A) Information provided through the instruction is:		
5	(i) Verified or supported by the weight of research		
6	conducted in compliance with accepted scientific methods; and		
7	(ii) Published in peer-reviewed journals, if		
8	applicable;		
9	(B) Program contains information that leading		
10	professional public health or medical organizations, government agencies,		
11	and scientific advisory groups with relevant expertise in the field		
12	recognize as accurate, objective, and complete; and		
13	(C) Program does not withhold information about external		
14	anatomy involved in sexual functioning or the effectiveness and benefits of		
15	correct and consistent use of condoms and other contraceptives;		
16	(7) "Sex education" means instruction that is part of a		
17	comprehensive school health education approach that:		
18	(A) Addresses the physical, mental, emotional, and social		
19	dimensions of human sexuality;		
20	(B) Motivates and assists public school students with		
21	maintaining and improving their sexual health, preventing disease, and		
22	reducing sexual health-related risk behaviors; and		
23	(C) Enables and empowers public school students to		
24	develop and demonstrate age- and developmentally appropriate sexuality and		
25	sexual health-related knowledge, attitudes, skills, and practices;		
26	(8) "Sexual development" means the lifelong process of		
27	physical, behavioral, cognitive, and emotional growth and change as it		
28	relates to an individual's sexuality and sexual maturation, including		
29	without limitation puberty, identity development, sociocultural influences,		
30	and sexual behaviors; and		
31	(9) "Trauma-informed" means addressing vital information about		
32	sexuality and well-being that takes into consideration adverse life		
33	experiences and the potential influence adverse life experiences have on		
34	sexual decision making.		
35			
36	6-16-1604. Health education information - Requirements.		

1	(a) By not later than the 2021-2022 school year, each public school and			
2	open-enrollment public charter school shall provide health education to			
3	students in grades kindergarten through twelve (K-12) that is:			
4	(1) Medically accurate and complete;			
5	(2) Age- and developmentally appropriate; and			
6	(3) Culturally appropriate.			
7	(b) Comprehensive sex education shall be provided and shall:			
8	(1) Include instruction on all of the following topics without			
9	limitation, as age- and developmentally appropriate and culturally			
10	appropriate:			
11	(A) The physical, social, and emotional changes of human			
12	development;			
13	(B) Human anatomy, reproduction, and sexual development;			
14	(C) Healthy relationships, including without limitation:			
15	(i) Friendships and relationships with family members			
16	that are based on mutual respect and the ability to distinguish between			
17	healthy and unhealthy relationships;			
18	(ii) The development of effective communication,			
19	negotiation, and refusal skills, including without limitation the skills to			
20	recognize and report inappropriate or abusive sexual advances;			
21	(iii) The understanding of bodily autonomy, setting			
22	and respecting personal boundaries, practicing personal safety, and consent;			
23	(iv) The examination of the harm of gender-role			
24	stereotypes, violence, coercion, and bullying and intimidation in			
25	relationships; and			
26	(v) The exploration of the way that gender			
27	stereotypes can limit all people;			
28	(D) Healthy decision-making skills about sexuality and all			
29	relationships, which shall include without limitation:			
30	(i) Critical thinking, problem solving, self-			
31	efficacy, and decision-making skills;			
32	(ii) Exploring individual values and attitudes;			
33	(iii) Promoting positive body image among students,			
34	which includes developing an understanding that there are a range of body			
35	types and students should feel positive about their own hody types.			

1	(iv) How to respect others and stay safe on the			
2	internet and when using other forms of digital communication;			
3	(v) Information on local services and resources from			
4	which students may obtain additional information related to bullying, dating			
5	violence and sexual assault, suicide prevention, and other related care;			
6	(vi) Encouraging youth to communicate with the			
7	following individuals about sexuality and intimate relationships:			
8	(a) Their parents or legal guardians;			
9	(b) Faith, health, and social service			
10	professionals; and			
11	(c) Other trusted adults; and			
12	(vii) Creating a safe environment for all students			
13	and others in society;			
14	(E) The benefits of abstinence, the use of condoms,			
15	medication, birth control, and sexually transmitted infection prevention			
16	measures, and the options for pregnancy, including parenting and adoption,			
17	which shall include the following information without limitation:			
18	(i) The importance of effectively using condoms and			
19	preventive medication to protect against sexually transmitted infections,			
20	including human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and acquired immunodeficiency			
21	syndrome (AIDS);			
22	(ii) The benefits of effective contraceptive and			
23	condom use in avoiding unintended pregnancy;			
24	(iii) The relationship between substance use and			
25	sexual health and behaviors; and			
26	(iv) Information about local health services from			
27	which students can obtain additional information and services related to			
28	sexual and reproductive health and other related care;			
29	(F) Affirmative recognition of the roles that traditions,			
30	values, religion, norms, gender roles, acculturation, family structure, health			
31	beliefs, and political power play in how students make decisions that affect			
32	their sexual health, including without limitation examples of varying types of			
33	races, ethnicities, cultures, and families, including single-parent households			
34	and young families; and			
35	(G) Opportunities to explore the roles that race,			
36	ethnicity, immigration status, disability status, economic status, and			

1	$\underline{\text{language within different communities play in how students make decisions that}}$				
2	affect their sexual health;				
3	(2) Reflect the characteristics of effective programs;				
4	(3) Use and implement sex education curricula that is trauma-				
5	informed;				
6	(4)(A) Use or adapt sex education curricula that are inclusive				
7	and address the experiences and needs of all youth in the school.				
8	(B) Curricula shall:				
9	(i) Be accessible to public school students with				
10	disabilities; and				
11	(ii) Include without limitation the provision of a				
12	modified sex education curriculum, materials and instruction in alternative				
13	formats, and auxiliary aids;				
14	(5) Not discriminate on the basis of sex, race, ethnicity,				
15	national origin, disability, religion, gender expression, gender identity, or				
16	sexual orientation; and				
17	(6) Allow instructors to answer public school students' questions				
18	that are related to and consistent with the material of the course.				
19	(c) All instruction and materials shall align with and support the				
20	requirements established under subsection (b) of this section.				
21					
22	6-16-1605. Parental requests for information.				
23	(a) A public school or an open-enrollment public charter school shall				
24	make health curricula used to implement this subchapter available to parents				
25	and legal guardians of public school students upon request.				
26	(b)(1) A public school student shall be excused from the health				
27	curriculum under this subchapter only upon the written request of a parent or				
28	a legal guardian of the public school student.				
29	(2) A public school or an open-enrollment public charter school				
30	may provide alternate assignments on a related topic for public school				
31	students who are excused from the health curriculum under subdivision (b)(1)				
32	of this section.				
33	(c) A public school student who is excused from the health curriculum				
34	under subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall not be subject to:				
35	(1) Disciplinary action;				
36	(2) Academic penalty; or				

1	(3) Any other sanction.				
2					
3	6-16-1606. Implementation - Enforcement.				
4	(a) The Division of Elementary and Secondary Education shall:				
5	(1) Promulgate rules to implement, administer, and ensure				
6	compliance with the provisions of this subchapter;				
7	(2) Develop, maintain, and make publicly available state				
8	standards and a current list of curricula that are consistent with this				
9	subchapter;				
10	(3) Require minimum education and training qualifications for sex				
11	education instructors; and				
12	(4)(A) Through existing reporting mechanisms, direct each public				
13	school and open-enrollment public charter school to identify:				
14	(i) Any curricula used to provide sex education,				
15	whether the instruction was provided by a teacher in the public school or				
16	open-enrollment public charter school or a community group;				
17	(ii) The number of public school students receiving				
18	sex education instruction;				
19	(iii) The number of public school students excused				
20	from sex education instruction; and				
21	(iv) The duration of the sex education instruction.				
22	(B) Beginning one (1) year after the effective date of this				
23	act, the division shall report biennially the results of the information				
24	received under subdivision (a)(4)(A) of this section to the General Assembly.				
25	(b)(1) The division may promulgate rules establishing a complaint				
26	procedure to ensure compliance with this subchapter.				
27	(2) A final determination of a complaint by the division under				
28	subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall be appealable to the district court				
29	with jurisdiction.				
30	(3) A parent or legal guardian of a public school student who				
31	believes that the public school or open-enrollment public charter school in				
32	which his or her child is enrolled is not complying with this subchapter may				
33	seek relief in the state court with jurisdiction.				
34					
35					
36	Referred requested by the Arkansas Senate				

1	Prepared	by:	MBM/KFW
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			
31			
32			
33			
34			
35			