1	INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2023-077
2	State of Arkansas
3	94th General Assembly A Bill
4	Regular Session, 2023 SENATE BILL 58
5	
6	By: Senator G. Leding
7	By: Representative Scott
8	Filed with: Senate Committee on State Agencies and Governmental Affair
9	pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217
10	For An Act To Be Entitled
11	AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING INMATES OF STATE
12	FACILITIES; TO ESTABLISH PARAMETERS REGARDING THE USE
13	OF SEGREGATED CONFINEMENT; TO ESTABLISH ALTERNATIVE
14	THERAPEUTIC AND REHABILITATIVE CONFINEMENT OPTIONS;
15	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
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17	
18	Subtitle
19	TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING INMATES OF
20	STATE FACILITIES; TO ESTABLISH PARAMETERS
21	REGARDING THE USE OF SEGREGATED
22	CONFINEMENT; AND TO ESTABLISH ALTERNATIVE
23	THERAPEUTIC AND REHABILITATIVE
24	CONFINEMENT OPTIONS.
25	
26	
27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
28	
29	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 12, Chapter 29, is amended to add an
30	additional subchapter to read as follows:
31	Subchapter 7 - Segregated Confinement and Alternative Therapeutic and
32	Rehabilitative Confinement Options
33	
34	12-29-701. Definitions.
35	As used in this subchapter:

1	(1) "Residential rehabilitation unit" means a separate housing
2	unit in a state correctional facility that is:
3	(A) Used for therapy, treatment, and rehabilitative
4	programming of inmates who have been determined to require more than fifteen
5	(15) days of segregated confinement under Department of Corrections
6	proceedings; and
7	(B) Therapeutic and trauma-informed and aimed at
8	addressing individual treatment and rehabilitation needs and underlying
9	causes of problematic behaviors;
10	(2)(A) "Segregated confinement" means the disciplinary
11	confinement of an inmate in a special housing unit.
12	(B) "Segregated confinement" includes without any
13	limitation any form of cell confinement for more than twenty-three (23) hours
14	a day other than:
15	(i) In a facility-wide emergency; or
16	(ii) For the purpose of providing medical or mental
17	health treatment if the confinement is within a clinical area in the
18	correctional facility or in as close proximity to a medical or mental health
19	unit as possible;
20	(3) "Special housing unit" means a housing unit in a state
21	correctional facility that consist of cells grouped to provide separation
22	from the general population of the state correctional facility and may be
23	used to house inmates confined under disciplinary procedures; and
24	(4) "Special population" means an inmate who:
25	(A) Is twenty-one (21) years of age or younger;
26	(B) Is fifty-five (55) years of age or older;
27	(C) Has a disability;
28	(D) Is pregnant; or
29	(E) Is in the first eight (8) weeks of the postpartum
30	recovery period after giving birth.
31	
32	12-29-702. Provision of food — Restricted diet.
33	(a) An inmate shall be supplied with a sufficient quantity of
34	wholesome and nutritious food while in segregated confinement.

1	(b) The food provided to an inmate under subsection (a) of this
2	section does not need to be the same as the food supplied to inmates who are
3	participating in programs of the state correctional facility.
4	(c)(1) An inmate with a serious mental illness who is not diverted or
5	removed from segregated confinement shall not be placed on a restricted diet,
6	unless there has been a written determination that the restricted diet is
7	necessary for reasons of safety and security.
8	(2) If a restricted diet is imposed under subdivision (c)(1) of
9	this section, the restricted diet shall be:
10	(A) Limited to seven (7) days, except in exceptional
11	circumstances in which the state correctional facility determines that
12	limiting the restricted diet to seven (7) days would pose an unacceptable
13	risk to the safety and security of inmates or staff; and
14	(B) Reassessed by the state correctional facility every
15	seven (7) days.
16	(d) A state correctional facility shall not impose a restricted diet
17	or any other change in diet as a form of punishment for an inmate.
18	
19	12-29-703. Diversion or removal — Assessments.
20	(a)(1)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (a)(2) of this section,
21	the warden of a state correctional facility, in consultation with mental
22	health providers, shall divert or remove inmates with a serious mental
23	illness from segregated confinement or confinement in a residential
24	rehabilitation unit, if the segregated confinement or confinement in a
25	residential rehabilitation unit could potentially be for a period in excess
26	of thirty (30) days, to a residential mental health treatment unit.
27	(B) Subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section does not prevent
28	the disciplinary process from proceeding in accordance with Department of
29	Corrections rules for disciplinary hearings.
30	(2)(A) Upon placement of an inmate into segregated confinement
31	or a residential rehabilitation unit, a suicide prevention screening
32	instrument shall be administered by a staff person from the state
33	correctional facility who has been trained to perform a suicide prevention
34	screening.

1	(B) If the suicide prevention screening instrument
2	administered under subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section reveals that the
3	inmate is at risk of suicide:
4	(i) A mental health provider shall be consulted and
5	appropriate safety precautions taken; and
6	(ii) Within one (1) business day of the placement of
7	the inmate into segregated confinement or a residential rehabilitation unit,
8	the inmate shall be assessed by a mental health provider.
9	(b) An inmate placed into segregated confinement or a residential
10	rehabilitation unit who is not at risk of suicide according to the suicide
11	prevention screening instrument administered under subdivision (a)(2)(A)
12	shall be initially assessed by a mental health provider within seven (7) days
13	of placement into segregated confinement or the residential rehabilitation
14	unit.
15	(c) If a mental health provider finds that an inmate suffers from a
16	serious mental illness after conducting an initial assessment under
17	subdivision (a)(2)(B)(ii) or subsection (b) of this section, the state
18	correctional facility shall:
19	(1) Divert or remove the inmate from segregated confinement or
20	the residential rehabilitation unit; and
21	(2) Determine whether exceptional circumstances under subsection
22	(f) of this section exist.
23	(d)(1) A placement committee consisting of the following individuals
24	or their equivalents employed by the state correctional facility shall make a
25	determination regarding whether exceptional circumstances exist:
26	(A) The highest ranking mental health provider;
27	(B) The deputy superintendent for security; and
28	(C) The deputy superintendent for program services.
29	(2)(A) The placement committee shall make the determination
30	under subdivision (d)(l) of this section within seven (7) days of the initial
31	assessment, and, if the result is that the inmate should be removed from
32	segregated confinement or a residential rehabilitation unit, the removal
33	shall occur as soon as practicable but no more than seventy-two (72) hours
34	from the determination under subdivision (d)(1) of this section.

1	(e)(1) This section does not permit the placement of an inmate with a
2	serious mental illness into segregated confinement at any time, even for the
3	purposes of assessment.
4	(2) If an inmate with a serious mental illness has not been
5	$\underline{\text{diverted}}$ or removed to a residential mental health treatment unit, the $\underline{\text{inmate}}$
6	shall be:
7	(A) Diverted to a residential rehabilitation unit; and
8	(B) Reassessed by a mental health provider within fourteen
9	(14) days of the initial assessment and at least one (1) time every fourteen
10	(14) days after.
11	(3) After each additional assessment, the placement committee
12	shall make a recommendation of whether the inmate should be removed from
13	segregated confinement or the residential rehabilitation unit and reviewed
14	according to the process set forth in subsection (d) of this section.
15	(f)(1) In making a recommendation or determination to remove an inmate
16	from segregated confinement or a residential rehabilitation unit, the
17	placement committee shall take into account:
18	(A) The assessing mental health provider's opinions as to
19	the inmate's mental condition and treatment needs; and
20	(B) Account for any safety and security concerns that
21	would be posed by the inmate's removal, even if additional restrictions were
22	placed on the inmate's access to treatment, property, services, or privileges
23	in a residential mental health treatment unit.
24	(2) A recommendation or determination by the placement committee
25	shall direct the inmate's removal from segregated confinement or a
26	residential rehabilitation unit except in the following exceptional
27	<pre>circumstances:</pre>
28	(A) The placement committee finds that removal, even if
29	additional restrictions were placed on the inmate's access to treatment,
30	property, services, or privileges in a residential mental health treatment
31	unit, would pose a:
32	(i) Substantial risk to the safety of the inmate or
33	other persons; or
34	(ii) Substantial threat to the security of the state
35	correctional facility; or
36	(B) The assessing mental health provider determines that:

1	(i) The placement is in the inmate's best interests
2	based on his or her mental condition; and
3	(ii) Removing the inmate to a residential mental
4	health treatment unit would be detrimental to his or her mental condition.
5	(3)(A) The placement committee's determination not to remove an
6	inmate with a serious mental illness from segregated confinement or a
7	residential rehabilitation unit shall be documented in writing and include
8	the reasons for the determination.
9	(B)(i) An inmate with a serious mental illness who is not
10	diverted or removed from segregated confinement or a residential
11	rehabilitation unit shall be offered a heightened level of mental health
12	care, including without limitation a minimum of three (3) hours daily of out-
13	of-cell therapeutic treatment and programming.
14	(ii) The heightened level of care required under
15	subdivision (f)(3)(B)(i) of this section shall not be offered if, in the
16	reasonable judgment of a mental health provider, an inmate with a serious
17	mental illness does not require a heightened level of care.
18	(iii) The mental health provider's determination
19	that the inmate does not require a heightened level of care under subdivision
20	(f)(3)(B)(ii) of this section shall be:
21	(a) Documented with a written statement of the
22	basis of the determination;
23	(b) Reviewed by the clinical director of the
24	state correctional facility or his or her designee;
25	(c) Subject to change if the inmate's clinical
26	status changes; and
27	(d) Reviewed and documented by a mental health
28	provider every thirty (30) days, and in consultation with the clinical
29	director of the Arkansas State Hospital or his or her designee not less than
30	every ninety (90) days.
31	(4)(A) The heightened level of care required under subdivision
32	(f)(3)(B)(i) of this section shall not apply in exceptional circumstances
33	when providing the heightened level of care would create an unacceptable risk
34	to the safety and security of inmates or staff.
35	(B) The determination under subdivision (f)(4)(A) of this
36	section shall be:

1	(i) Documented by security personnel together with
2	the basis of the determination; and
3	(ii) Reviewed by the warden of the state
4	correctional facility, in consultation with a mental health provider, not
5	less than every seven (7) days as long as the inmate remains in segregated
6	confinement or in a residential rehabilitation unit.
7	(C)(i) The state correctional facility shall attempt to
8	resolve the exceptional circumstances so that the heightened level of care
9	may be provided.
10	(ii) If the exceptional circumstances remain
11	unresolved for thirty (30) days, the matter shall be referred to the
12	Secretary of the Department of Corrections for review.
13	
14	12-29-704. Segregated confinement or residential rehabilitation unit.
15	(a) An inmate in segregated confinement or a residential
16	rehabilitation unit who was not assessed as having a serious mental illness
17	at the initial assessment under § 12-29-703 shall be offered:
18	(1) At least one (1) interview with a mental health provider
19	within seven (7) days of the initial mental health assessment; and
20	(2) Additional interviews at least every thirty (30) days after
21	a prior interview unless the mental health provider at the most recent
22	interview recommends an earlier interview or assessment.
23	(b)(1) An inmate in a special population shall not be placed in
24	segregated confinement for any length of time, except in solitary confinement
25	for a period prior to a disciplinary hearing.
26	(2) An inmate in a special population who is in solitary
27	confinement prior to a disciplinary hearing shall be:
28	(A) Given seven (7) hours a day out-of-cell time; or
29	(B) Transferred to a residential rehabilitation unit or
30	residential mental health treatment unit as expeditiously as possible but no
31	longer than forty-eight (48) hours from the time the inmate is admitted to
32	solitary confinement.
33	(c)(1) An inmate shall not be placed into segregated confinement for:
34	(A) Longer than necessary and no more than fifteen (15)
35	consecutive days; and

1	(B) More than twenty (20) total days within any sixty (60)
2	day period except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c)(3) of this
3	section.
4	(2) After reaching the time limits in subdivision (c)(1) of this
5	section, the inmate shall be released from segregated confinement or diverted
6	to a separate residential rehabilitation unit.
7	(3)(A) If placement of the inmate into segregated confinement
8	would exceed the twenty-day limit under subdivision (c)(1)(B) of this section
9	and the state correctional facility establishes that the inmate committed $\underline{a}$
10	violent act, the state correctional facility may place the inmate in
11	segregated confinement until admission to a residential rehabilitation unit
12	can be effectuated.
13	(B) The admission to a residential rehabilitation unit
14	shall occur as expeditiously as possible and take no longer than forty-eight
15	(48) hours from the time the inmate is placed into segregated confinement.
16	(4)(A) For an offense that is determined to be a violent act, if
17	occurring more than one (1) time within any sixty (60) day period, up to an
18	additional fifteen (15) consecutive days in segregated confinement may be
19	imposed for each additional offense.
20	(B) If the subsequent offense takes place in a residential
21	rehabilitation unit or general population, the inmate may be returned to
22	segregated confinement for up to fifteen (15) consecutive days.
23	(C) If the subsequent offense takes place in segregated
24	confinement and causes physical injury to another person, the inmate may
25	receive up to an additional fifteen (15) consecutive days in segregated
26	confinement, however, the inmate shall spend at least fifteen (15) days in a
27	residential rehabilitation unit in between each placement of up to fifteen
28	(15) consecutive days in segregated confinement.
29	(d)(1) All segregated confinement and residential rehabilitation units
30	shall create the least restrictive environment necessary for the safety of
31	inmates, staff, and the security of the state correctional facility.
32	(2) An inmate in segregated confinement shall be offered out-of-
33	cell programming at least four (4) hours per day, including at least one (1)
34	hour for recreation.
35	(3) An inmate admitted to a residential rehabilitation unit
36	shall be offered at least six (6) hours of daily out-of-cell group

1	programming, services, treatment, recreation, activities, and meals, with an
2	additional minimum of one (1) hour for recreation.
3	(4) Recreation in all residential rehabilitation units shall
4	take place in a group setting, unless exceptional circumstances mean doing so
5	would create a significant and unreasonable risk to the safety and security
6	of other inmates, staff, or the state correctional facility.
7	(5) Inmates in segregated confinement or a residential
8	rehabilitation unit shall be offered programming led by program or
9	therapeutic staff five (5) days per week, except on recognized state legal
10	holidays.
11	(6) All other out-of-cell time may include without limitation:
12	(i) Peer-led programs;
13	(ii) Time in a day room or out-of-cell recreation area
14	with other people;
15	(iii) Group meals;
16	(iv) Volunteer programs; or
17	(v) Other group activities.
18	(e)(1) The state correctional facility shall not impose a limitation
19	on services, treatment, or basic needs, including without limitation
20	clothing, food, and bedding, as a form of punishment.
21	(2) If the provision of services, treatment, or basic needs to
22	an inmate would create a significant and unreasonable risk to the safety and
23	security of inmates, staff, or the state correctional facility, the services,
24	treatment, or basic needs may be withheld until it reasonably appears that
25	the significant and unreasonable risk has ended.
26	(3) An inmate in a residential rehabilitation unit shall have
27	access to all of his or her personal property unless an individual
28	determination is made that having a specific item would pose a significant
29	and unreasonable risk to the safety of inmates or staff or the security of
30	the residential rehabilitation unit.
31	
32	12-29-705. Residential rehabilitation unit — Individual rehabilitation
33	plan.
34	(a) Upon admission of an inmate to a residential rehabilitation unit,
35	program staff and mental health staff of the residential rehabilitation unit
36	shall:

1	(1) Administer assessments to the inmate; and
2	(2) Develop an individual rehabilitation plan in consultation
3	with the inmate based upon his or her medical, mental health, and programming
4	needs.
5	(b) The individual rehabilitation plan required under subsection (a)
6	of this section shall identify:
7	(1) Specific goals and programs, treatment, and services to be
8	offered to the inmate; and
9	(2) Projected time frames for completion by and discharge of the
10	inmate from the residential rehabilitation unit.
11	(c)(1) An inmate in a residential rehabilitation unit shall have
12	access to programs and work assignments comparable to core programs and types
13	of work assignments accessible to the general population of the state
14	correctional facility.
15	(2) The inmate shall have access to additional out-of-cell,
16	trauma-informed therapeutic programming aimed at promoting personal
17	development that:
18	(A) Addresses underlying causes of the problematic
19	behavior that resulted in the placement of the inmate in the residential
20	rehabilitation unit; and
21	(B) Helps prepare the inmate for discharge from the
22	residential rehabilitation unit and into the community.
23	(d)(1) If the state correctional facility establishes that an inmate
24	committed a violent act while in segregated confinement or a residential
25	rehabilitation unit and poses a significant and unreasonable risk to the
26	safety and security of other inmates or staff, the state correctional
27	facility may restrict the inmate's participation in programming and out-of-
28	cell activities as necessary for the safety of other inmates and staff.
29	(2) If restrictions are imposed, the state correctional facility
30	<pre>shall:</pre>
31	(A) Provide at least four (4) hours out-of-cell time
32	daily, including without limitation at least two (2) hours of therapeutic
33	programming and two (2) hours of recreation; and
34	(B) Make reasonable efforts to reinstate access to
35	programming as soon as possible.

1	(3) The restrictions shall not extend beyond fifteen (15) days
2	unless:
3	(A) The inmate commits a new violent act justifying
4	further restrictions on program access; or
5	(B) The state correctional facility and, when appropriate,
6	a mental health provider reasonably determine that the inmate poses an
7	extraordinary and unacceptable risk of imminent harm to the safety or
8	security of inmates or staff.
9	(4)(A) An extension of program restrictions beyond fifteen (15)
10	days shall be reviewed and approved at least every fifteen (15) days by the
11	state correctional facility and, when appropriate, by a mental health
12	provider.
13	(B) Each review shall consider the impact of the
14	therapeutic programming provided during the fifteen-day period on the
15	inmate's risk of posing imminent harm.
16	(C) The state correctional facility shall articulate in
17	writing, with a copy provided to the inmate, the specific reason why the
18	inmate currently poses an extraordinary and unacceptable risk of imminent
19	harm to the safety or security of inmates or staff.
20	(D) Restrictions imposed by the state correctional
21	facility shall not extend beyond ninety (90) days, unless the inmate commits
22	a new violent act justifying further restrictions on program access.
23	(e) A state correctional facility shall not use restraints when an
24	inmate is participating in out-of-cell activities within a residential
25	rehabilitation unit unless an individual assessment is made that restraints
26	are required because of a significant and unreasonable risk to the safety and
27	security of other inmates or staff.
28	
29	12-79-706. Length of time in segregated confinement — Limitations.
30	(a)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (a)(2) of this section, a
31	state correctional facility may place an inmate in segregated confinement for
32	up to three (3) consecutive days but no longer than six (6) days in any
33	thirty (30) day period if, following an evidentiary hearing, the state
34	correctional facility determines that the inmate violated a rule that permits
35	a penalty of segregated confinement.

1	(2) The state correctional facility may place an inmate in
2	segregated confinement beyond the limits provided in subdivision (a)(1) of
3	this section or in a residential rehabilitation unit only if, following an
4	evidentiary hearing, the state correctional facility determines by written
5	decision based on specific objective criteria that the inmate committed one
6	(1) of the following acts and that the act was so heinous or destructive that
7	placement of the inmate in the general population of the state correctional
8	facility would create a significant risk of imminent serious physical injury
9	to staff or other inmates and creates an unreasonable risk to the security of
10	the state correctional facility:
11	(A)(i) Causes or attempts to cause serious physical injury
12	or death to another person or makes a threat of imminent serious physical
13	injury or death to another person if the inmate has a history of causing
14	physical injury or death.
15	(ii) The determination of a threat of imminent
16	serious physical injury or death under subdivision (a)(2)(A)(i) of this
17	section shall be made by the warden of the state correctional facility and,
18	when appropriate, a mental health provider, upon a finding that if there is a
19	strong likelihood that the inmate will carry out the threat.
20	(iii) A mental health provider or his or her
21	designee shall be involved in the determination under subdivision
22	(a)(2)(A)(ii) of this section if the inmate is or has been receiving mental
23	health treatment or appears to require psychiatric attention.
24	(B) Compels or attempts to compel another person by force
25	or threat of force to engage in a sexual act;
26	(C) Extorts another person by force or threat of force for
27	<pre>property or money;</pre>
28	(D) Coerces another person by force or threat of force to
29	violate any rule of the state correctional facility;
30	(E) Leads, organizes, incites, or attempts to cause a
31	riot, insurrection, or other similarly serious disturbance that results in
32	the taking of a hostage, major property damage, or physical harm to another
33	person;
34	(F) Procures a deadly weapon or other dangerous contraband
35	that poses a serious threat to the security of the state correctional
36	<pre>facility;</pre>

1	(G) Escapes, attempts to escape, or facilitates an escape
2	from a state correctional facility; or
3	(H) Escapes or attempts to escape while under supervision
4	outside a state correctional facility.
5	(b)(1) For purposes of this section, attempting to cause a serious
6	disturbance or to escape shall only be determined to have occurred if there
7	is a clear finding that the inmate had the purpose to cause a serious
8	disturbance or the purpose to escape and had completed significant acts in
9	the advancement of the attempt to create a serious disturbance or to escape.
10	(2) Evidence of withdrawal or abandonment of a plan to cause a
11	serious disturbance or to escape shall negate a finding of purpose.
12	(c) A state correctional facility shall not:
13	(1) Place an inmate in segregated confinement or a residential
14	rehabilitation unit based on the same act or incident that was previously
15	used as the basis for the placement; or
16	(2) Hold an inmate in segregated confinement for protective
17	custody.
18	(d) At a minimum, a residential rehabilitation unit used for
19	protective custody shall conform to requirements governing other residential
20	rehabilitation units.
21	(e)(1) Prior to placing an inmate in segregated confinement, a state
22	correctional facility shall hold a hearing to determine whether to place the
23	inmate in segregated confinement unless a security supervisor, with written
24	approval of the warden of the state correctional facility or his or her
25	designee, reasonably believes the inmate fits the specified criteria for
26	segregated confinement under subsection (a) of this section.
27	(2) If the state correctional facility does not hold a hearing
28	prior to placement of an inmate into segregated confinement, the hearing
29	shall occur as soon as reasonably practicable and at most within five (5)
30	days of the placement unless the inmate seeks a postponement of the hearing.
31	(3) An inmate is permitted to be represented by an attorney, law
32	student, paralegal, or other inmate unless the state correctional facility
33	reasonably disapproves of the paralegal or inmate based upon objective
34	written criteria developed by the state correctional facility.

1	(f)(1)(A) A sanction imposed on an inmate requiring segregated
2	confinement shall run while the inmate is in a residential rehabilitation
3	unit.
4	(B) The inmate shall be discharged from the residential
5	rehabilitation unit before or at the time the sanction expires.
6	(C) If an inmate successfully completes his or her
7	rehabilitation plan before the sanction expires, the inmate shall have a
8	right to be discharged from the residential rehabilitation unit upon
9	completion.
10	(2)(A) If an inmate has not been discharged from a residential
11	rehabilitation unit within one (1) year of initial admission to the
12	residential rehabilitation unit or is within sixty (60) days of a fixed or
13	tentatively approved date for release from a state correctional facility, he
14	or she shall have a right to be discharged from the residential
15	rehabilitation unit unless he or she:
16	(i) Has committed an act listed in subsection (a) of
17	this section within the previous one hundred eighty (180) days; and
18	(ii) Poses a significant and unreasonable risk to
19	the safety or security of inmates or staff.
20	(B) The decision not to discharge the inmate shall be
21	immediately and automatically subjected to an independent review by the
22	Secretary of the Department of Corrections.
23	(3) An inmate may remain in a residential rehabilitation unit
24	beyond the time limits provided in this section if the secretary approves.
25	(4) In extraordinary circumstances, an inmate who has not
26	committed an act listed in subsection (a) of this section within the previous
27	one hundred eighty (180) days may remain in a residential rehabilitation unit
28	beyond the time limits under this section if the secretary personally
29	determines that the inmate poses an extraordinary and unacceptable risk of
30	imminent harm to the safety or security of other inmates or staff.
31	(g)(1) A state correctional facility shall conduct a periodic review
32	of the status of each inmate in a residential rehabilitation unit at least
33	every sixty (60) days to assess the inmate's progress to determine if the
34	inmate should be discharged from the residential rehabilitation unit.
35	(2)(A) Following the periodic review, if the inmate is not
36	discharged from the residential rehabilitation unit, program staff and mental

1	health staff shall specify in writing the reasons for the determination and
2	the program, treatment, service, or corrective action required before
3	discharge.
4	(B) The inmate shall:
5	(i) Be given access to the programs, treatment, and
6	services specified in the writing under subdivision (g)(2)(A) of this section
7	and the opportunity to perform the corrective action; and
8	(ii) Have a right to be discharged from the
9	residential rehabilitation unit upon the successful fulfillment of the
10	requirements under subdivision (g)(2)(A) of this section.
11	(h)(l) When an inmate is discharged from a residential rehabilitation
12	unit, any remaining time to serve on any underlying disciplinary sanction
13	shall be dismissed.
14	(2) If an inmate substantially completes his or her
15	rehabilitation plan, he or she shall have any associated loss of meritorious
16	good time restored upon discharge from the residential rehabilitation unit.
17	
18	12-29-707. Specialized training.
19	(a)(1) All special housing unit and residential rehabilitation unit
20	staff and supervisors shall undergo specialized training prior to assignment
21	to a special housing unit or residential rehabilitation unit.
22	(2) Staff of a special housing unit or residential
23	rehabilitation unit shall undergo regular specialized training on substantive
24	content developed in consultation with relevant experts on topics including
25	without limitation:
26	(A) The purpose and goals of the nonpunitive therapeutic
27	<pre>environment;</pre>
28	(B) Trauma-informed care;
29	(C) Restorative justice; and
30	(D) Dispute resolution methods.
31	(b) Prior to presiding over a hearing in a state correctional
32	facility, a hearing officer in a state correctional facility shall undergo a
33	minimum of thirty-seven (37) hours of training, with one (1) additional day
34	of training annually on relevant topics, including without limitation:
35	(1) The physical and psychological effects of segregated
36	<pre>confinement;</pre>

1	(2) Procedural and due process rights of an accused inmate; and
2	(3) Restorative justice remedies.
3	(c)(l) The Department of Corrections shall ensure that the curriculum
4	for new correction officers and other new department staff who will regularly
5	work in programs providing mental health treatment for inmates includes
6	without limitation at least eight (8) hours of training about:
7	(A) The types and symptoms of mental illnesses;
8	(B) The goals of mental health treatment;
9	(C) The prevention of suicide; and
10	(D) How to effectively and safely manage inmates with
11	mental illness.
12	(2) The training required under subdivision (c)(1) of this
13	section may be provided by the department or mental health professionals.
14	(3) All department staff who are transferring into a residential
15	mental health treatment unit shall receive:
16	(A) A minimum of eight (8) additional hours of the
17	training required under this section; and
18	(B) Eight hours (8) of annual training as long as he or
19	she works in a residential mental health treatment unit.
20	(4) All security, program services, mental health, and medical
21	staff with direct inmate contact shall receive training annually regarding
22	identification of, and care for, inmates with mental illnesses.
23	(d) The department shall provide additional training on topics
24	described in this section on an ongoing basis as the department deems
25	appropriate.
26	(e) All staff working in a residential mental health treatment unit
27	shall also receive the training described in subsections (a) and (b) of this
28	section.
29	
30	12-29-708. Reports.
31	(a) On the first day of each month, the Department of Corrections
32	shall publish a report on its website of the total number of inmates who are
33	in:
34	(1) Segregated confinement; and
35	(2) Residential rehabilitation units.

1	(b) The reports shall provide a breakdown of the number of inmates in
2	segregated confinement and in residential rehabilitation units by:
3	(1) Age;
4	(2) Race;
5	(3) Gender;
6	(4) Mental health treatment level;
7	(5) Special health accommodations or needs;
8	(6) Need for and participation in substance use disorder
9	programs;
10	(7) Pregnancy or postpartum status;
11	(8) Continuous length of stay in residential treatment units and
12	length of stay in the past sixty (60) days;
13	(9) Number of days in segregated confinement;
14	(10) A list of all incidents resulting in sanctions of
15	segregated confinement by a state correctional facility and date of
16	occurrence;
17	(11) The number of inmates in segregated confinement by state
18	correctional facility; and
19	(12) The number of incarcerated persons in residential
20	rehabilitation units by state correctional facility.
21	(c) The department shall use the data published in the monthly reports
22	to publish semiannual and annual cumulative reports.
23	
24	12-29-709. Non-disciplinary interventions preferred.
25	(a) The following non-disciplinary interventions are the preferred
26	methods of responding to a rule infraction by an inmate in a state
27	correctional facility:
28	(1) De-escalation;
29	(2) Intervention;
30	(3) Informational reports; and
31	(4) Withdrawal of incentives.
32	(b) If the state correctional facility determines that the non-
33	disciplinary interventions listed under subsection (a) of this section have
34	failed or that the non-disciplinary interventions would not succeed and the
35	rule infraction involved is an act listed in § 12-29-706, the state
36	correctional facility may:

1	(1) Issue rule infraction reports;
2	(2) Pursue disciplinary charges; or
3	(3) Impose new or additional segregated confinement sanctions.
4	
5	12-29-710. Programs - Residential mental health treatment units.
6	(a) The Secretary of the Department of Corrections shall establish
7	programs in the state correctional facilities as he or she deems appropriate
8	for the treatment of inmates with a mental illness confined in state
9	correctional facilities who are in need of psychiatric services but who do
10	not require hospitalization for the treatment of mental illness, including
11	without limitation residential mental health treatment units.
12	(b) An inmate with a serious mental illness shall receive therapy and
13	programming in a setting that is appropriate to the clinical needs of the
14	inmate while maintaining the safety and security of the state correctional
15	facility.
16	(c) The conditions and services provided in the residential mental
17	health treatment units authorized under subsection (a) of this section shall
18	be at least comparable to the conditions and services in residential
19	rehabilitation units.
20	(d) A residential mental health treatment unit shall provide the
21	additional mental health treatment, services, and programming delineated in
22	this section.
23	(e)(1) The administration and operation of programs established under
24	this section shall be the joint responsibility of the mental health providers
25	and the secretary.
26	(2) The professional mental healthcare personnel and the
27	administrative and support staff for the programs shall be employees of the
28	mental health provider.
29	(3) All other personnel shall be employees of the Department of
30	Corrections.
31	(f)(1) In exceptional circumstances, a mental health clinician, or the
32	highest ranking facility security supervisor in consultation with a mental
33	health provider who has interviewed an inmate, may determine that an inmate's
34	access to out-of-cell therapeutic programming or mental health treatment in a
35	residential mental health treatment unit presents an unacceptable risk to the
36	safety of other inmates or staff.

1	(2) A determination under subdivision (f)(1) of this section
2	shall be documented in writing, and the inmate may be removed to a
3	residential rehabilitation unit that is not a residential mental health
4	treatment unit where alternative mental health treatment or other therapeutic
5	programming, as determined by a mental health provider, shall be provided.
6	(g)(1) Except in exceptional circumstances where an inmate's conduct
7	poses a significant and unreasonable risk to the safety of inmates or staff
8	or to the security of the state correctional facility, and he or she has been
9	found to have committed an act under § 12-29-706, an inmate in a residential
10	mental health treatment unit shall not be:
11	(A) Sanctioned with segregated confinement for misconduct
12	in the residential mental health treatment unit; or
13	(B) Removed from the residential mental health treatment
14	unit and placed into segregated confinement or a residential rehabilitation
15	unit.
16	(2)(A) If a sanction is imposed, an inmate is not required to
17	begin serving the sanction until the reviews required by subsection (h) of
18	this section have been completed.
19	(B) In extraordinary circumstances in which an inmate's
20	conduct poses an immediate unacceptable threat to the safety of inmates or
21	staff or to the security of the state correctional facility, the inmate may
22	be moved immediately to segregated confinement or a residential
23	rehabilitation unit.
24	(C) The highest ranking facility security supervisor, in
25	consultation with a mental health provider, shall make the determination that
26	an immediate transfer into segregated confinement or a residential
27	rehabilitation unit is necessary.
28	(h)(1) A joint case management committee shall review any disciplinary
29	disposition imposing a sanction of segregated confinement at the joint case
30	management committee's next scheduled meeting.
31	(2) The review shall take into account the inmate's mental
32	condition and safety and security concerns.
33	(3) The joint case management committee may only recommend the
34	removal of an inmate in exceptional circumstances in which the inmate commits
35	an act under § 12-29-706 and poses a significant and unreasonable risk to the
36	safety of other inmates or staff or to the security of the facility.

1	(4) In the event that an inmate was immediately moved into
2	segregated confinement, the joint case management committee may recommend
3	that the inmate continue to serve the sanction only in exceptional
4	circumstances in which the inmate commits an act under § 12-29-706 and poses
5	a significant and unreasonable risk to the safety of other inmates or staff
6	or to the security of the facility.
7	(5)(A) If a determination is made that an inmate shall not be
8	required to serve all or any part of the segregated confinement sanction, the
9	joint case management committee may instead recommend that a less restrictive
10	sanction be imposed.
11	(B)(i) The recommendations made by the joint case
12	management committee under this section shall be documented in writing and
13	referred to the warden of the state correctional facility for review.
14	(ii) If the warden of the state correctional
15	facility disagrees, the matter shall be referred to the department for $\underline{a}$
16	final determination.
17	(iii) The administrative process described in this
18	subdivision (h)(5) shall be completed within fourteen (14) days.
19	(iv) If the result of the administrative process is
20	$\underline{\text{that an inmate who was immediately transferred into segregated confinement or}}$
21	a residential rehabilitation unit should be removed from segregated
22	confinement or the residential rehabilitation unit, the removal shall occur
23	as soon as practicable and no longer than seventy-two (72) hours from the
24	completion of the administrative process.
25	
26	<u>12-29-711. Compliance</u>
27	(a) The Department of Corrections shall:
28	(1) Assess compliance with this subchapter relating to
29	segregated confinement and residential rehabilitation units; and
30	(2) Issue a public report at least annually.
31	(b) The report under subdivision (a)(2) of this section shall include
32	recommendations to the General Assembly regarding all aspects of segregated
33	confinement and residential rehabilitation units in state correctional
34	facilities, including without limitation policies and practices concerning:
35	(1) Placement of inmates into segregated confinement and
36	residential rehabilitation units;

1	(2) Special populations;
2	(3) Length of time spent in segregated confinement or a
3	residential rehabilitation unit;
4	(4) Hearings and procedures;
5	(5) Programs, treatment, and conditions of confinement in
6	segregated confinement or a residential rehabilitation unit; and
7	(6) Assessments and rehabilitation plans, procedures, and
8	discharge determinations.
9	
10	12-29-712. Rules.
11	The Department of Corrections may promulgate rules to implement this
12	subchapter.
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14	
15	Referred requested by the Arkansas Senate
16	Prepared by: CRH/SJA
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