1 INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2023-098 2 REQUESTING THAT THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL REFER TO THE HOUSE 3 COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY A STUDY OF PROTECTIONS FOR ALLEGED 4 5 OFFENDERS INVOLVED IN AN INVESTIGATION UNDER THE CHILD 6 MALTREATMENT ACT WHEN A SECOND OPINION OR DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS 7 MAY BE RELEVANT AS TO WHETHER THE ALLEGED VICTIM WAS SUBJECT TO 8 ABUSE; AND A STUDY OF WAYS TO PROVIDE RECOURSE FOR PERSONS ACCUSED OF MALTREATMENT UNDER THE CHILD MALTREATMENT ACT WHO ARE 9 LATER EXONERATED. 10 11 12 WHEREAS, in the 2021 Regular Session, the Ninety-Third General Assembly 13 passed "Quincy's Law", Acts 2021, No. 976, which provides that, in the 14 context of a child maltreatment investigation under the Child Maltreatment Act, Arkansas Code § 12-18-101 et seq., an alleged offender may, for the 15 purpose of obtaining a second opinion, request that the alleged victim be 16 17 examined by a licensed healthcare provider who did not perform the initial 18 examination, test, or procedure and who routinely provides medical care to 19 pediatric patients; and 20 21 WHEREAS, "Quincy's Law" also provides that an alleged offender may, for 22 the purpose of ruling out a possible differential diagnosis, request that a 23 licensed healthcare provider who routinely provides medical care to pediatric 24 patients examine the alleged victim to determine whether the alleged victim 25 has certain medical conditions; and 26 27 WHEREAS, despite the passage of "Quincy's Law", parents are continuing 28 to face obstacles in obtaining due process when accused of subjecting their 29 children to abuse under the Child Maltreatment Act; and 30 31 WHEREAS, parents continue to have difficulty obtaining their children's 32 medical records from hospitals, especially if the child in question has been 33 diagnosed as abused; and 34 WHEREAS, a diagnosis of abuse by a child abuse pediatrician leaves 35 36 other medical professionals hesitant to dispute the diagnosis, despite that

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- there may be differential diagnoses at play or that a second opinion may find
   that the symptoms the child presents are not caused by abuse; and
- WHEREAS, Arkansas Code § 12-18-908(a)(1) states that "an adult offender shall permanently remain on the Child Maltreatment Central Registry" if the adult offender "is convicted of a criminal offense for an act or omission that constitutes child maltreatment and for which the adult offender is named in the registry, even though scenarios may exist where, after a finding of abuse is entered against an offender, a differential diagnosis may be made that accounts for the symptoms or condition previously diagnosed as abuse,

12 NOW THEREFORE,

13 BE IT PROPOSED BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL 14 ASSEMBLY:

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16 THAT the House Committee on Judiciary study the issues presented above, 17 specifically studying how the following may affect or improve child 18 maltreatment investigations:

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(1) Passing legislation that:

(A) Identifies certain types of medical disorders that,
according to medical professionals, may have a differential diagnosis
presenting as abuse, including without limitation a congenital cutaneous
variant, bone fragility, a coagulation disorder, or another medical condition
or genetic condition that may appear to be caused by suspected abuse or
increase the risk of misdiagnosis of abuse as defined in Arkansas Code § 1218-103; and

27 (B) Imposes a duty on a physician conducting an initial 28 examination of a child under the Child Maltreatment Act to inquire of the 29 child's parents whether there are any known genetic conditions that could 30 present as abuse and rule out any genetic disorders during the forensic 31 portion of the examination of the child, including without limitation through 32 identification of whether one (1) or more of the parents or the child have any of the primary known symptoms of the genetic disorders in subdivision 33 34 (1)(A) of this study that would make the child vulnerable to a misdiagnosis 35 of abuse;

1 (2) Providing each person accused of abuse under the Child 2 Maltreatment Act or parent, guardian, or custodian whose child has been 3 diagnosed as abused with the following, in a language that the person 4 understands: 5 Notification by the investigating agency under the Child (A) 6 Maltreatment Act immediately after a: 7 (i) Report is accepted by the Child Abuse Hotline under 8 Arkansas Code § 12-18-303(a), including stating specifically that the person 9 is under investigation for alleged abuse; 10 (ii) Diagnosis of abuse is communicated by a physician or 11 other medical, hospital, or clinical personnel to the investigating agency; 12 and 13 (iii) Decision has been made by the investigating agency 14 to issue a true determination under Arkansas Code § 12-18-702; 15 (B) A statement of rights, including without limitation the 16 right to: 17 (i) Obtain a second opinion under "Quincy's Law"; 18 (ii) Request a justifiable extension of time to obtain a 19 second opinion under Quincy's Law; 20 (iii) Seek legal counsel before agreeing to a proposed 21 protection plan, safety plan, or case plan; 22 (iv) Have counsel present during interactions with the 23 investigating agency; and 24 (v) Exercise his or her right against self-incrimination 25 under the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution; and 26 (C)(i) A timeframe in which the alleged offender must notify the 27 investigating agency that he or she intends to exercise his or her right to a second opinion under "Quincy's Law", including a warning that if the alleged 28 29 offender fails to notify the investigating agency of his or her intent to 30 seek to a second opinion under "Quincy's Law" or otherwise submit additional 31 evidence within a certain timeframe, the investigating agency may move 32 forward with issuing its true determination of abuse under Arkansas Code § 12-18-702 based on the information it has already ascertained. 33 34 (ii) The House Committee on Judiciary should study what an 35 appropriate timeframe would be for:

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1 (a) An alleged offender to seek a second opinion 2 under "Quincy's Law" when the investigating agency has notified him or her 3 that the investigating agency intends to issue a true determination under 4 Arkansas Code § 12-18-702, including a timeframe for a request for a 5 justifiable extension and what criteria would justify an extension of the 6 timeframe; and

7 (b) Entry of the true determination of abuse under 8 Arkansas Code § 12-18-702 in the event that the alleged offender fails to 9 notify the investigating agency of his or her intent to exercise his or her 10 right to a second opinion under "Quincy's Law";

11 (3) Postponing of the investigating agency's finding of abuse under 12 the Child Maltreatment Act if the alleged offender notifies the investigating 13 agency that he or she will be obtaining a second opinion under "Quincy's Law" 14 until the second opinion is available for the alleged offender's and 15 investigating agency's consideration;

16 (4) In the event that a parent, guardian, or custodian who is an 17 alleged offender in an investigation under the Child Maltreatment Act is 18 present with the child at the time of an evaluation under § 12-18-614(a) or 19 any other forensic evaluation taking place under the Child Maltreatment Act, 20 requiring the provider to inform the parent, guardian, or custodian that he 21 or she suspects abuse;

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(5) Amending the Arkansas Code by:

(A) Allowing the Department of Human Services the discretion to grant or deny a petition for removal of an adult offender from the Child Maltreatment Registry who would otherwise permanently remain on the registry under Arkansas Code § 12-18-908(a) in the event that the offender entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere rather than being found guilty following a trial; and

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(B)(i) Providing:

30 (a) A presumption that a person convicted of only a 31 misdemeanor for an offense of which the basis was acts or omissions found to 32 be child maltreatment in an investigation under the Child Maltreatment Act is 33 entitled to have his or her name removed from the registry;

34 (b) That a petition for removal of an offender's
35 name from the registry under subdivision (5)(B)(i)(a) of this section shall
36 only be denied if the department presents clear and convincing evidence that

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1 the offender should remain on the registry for reasons involving public 2 safety; and 3 (c) That if the department is found to have made an 4 unreasonable objection to removal of an offender's name from the registry 5 under subdivision (5)(B) of this section, an assessment of fees and costs may 6 be levied against the department; 7 (6)(A) Providing additional safeguards to address the issues presented 8 above, especially considering that an alleged offender may act in a risk-9 averse fashion to avoid being sentenced to incarceration even when he or she 10 has not subjected the alleged victim to abuse, including without limitation requiring the department and the Division of Arkansas State Police to 11 12 maintain records of investigations for alleged abuse under the Child 13 Maltreatment Act that were unsubstantiated. 14 (B) The department and division's maintenance of records of 15 investigations for alleged abuse under the Child Maltreatment Act that were 16 unsubstantiated shall include without limitation: 17 Storing the records for a reasonable period of time (i) 18 not less than the number of years it would take for the alleged victim of an 19 unsubstantiated investigation of abuse to reach eighteen (18) years of age; 20 and 21 (ii) The name and attending hospital or clinic of the 22 physician who initially made the diagnosis of abuse in each unsubstantiated 23 investigation, if applicable; and 24 (7)(A) Providing: 25 (i) A civil cause of action as recourse for a person who 26 demonstrates that he or she was wrongly accused of abuse under the Child 27 Maltreatment Act and the ability to obtain damages if the person prevails in 28 his or her civil cause of action; and 29 (ii) That an exonerated respondent is entitled to damages 30 including lost income, costs and expenses, attorney's fees, and other 31 reasonable damages that the accused experienced as a result of a child 32 maltreatment investigation for abuse when the alleged offender was later 33 exonerated; and

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(B) Determining whether:

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                       (i) The investigating agency or the physician making the
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     diagnosis of abuse would be liable through the person's claim to the Arkansas
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     State Claims Commission; and
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                       (ii)(a) A good faith exception should exist as to the
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     investigating agency or physician making the diagnosis of abuse, if the
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     investigating agency or physician making the diagnosis can establish good
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     faith by a preponderance of the evidence; or
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                             (b) The investigating agency's or physician's
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     liability shall be on the basis of acting with reckless disregard, malice, or
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     gross negligence in the agency's or physician's investigation or examination.
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     Respectfully submitted,
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     Representative Karilyn Brown
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     District 67
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     Prepared by: LHR/LHR
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