1	INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2011-097
2	State of Arkansas
3	88th General Assembly A Bill
4	Regular Session, 2011HOUSE BILL 1840
5	
6	By: Representatives Rice, Perry, Sanders
7	By: Senators B. Pritchard, Holland
8	Filed with: Interim House Committee on Public Health, Welfare and Labor
9	pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217.
10	For An Act To Be Entitled
11	AN ACT TO AMEND THE ARKANSAS WORKERS' COMPENSATION
12	LAW ENACTED BY INITIATED ACT 4 OF 1948 TO RESTORE THE
13	STATUTORY INTENT OF THE 79TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY WHICH
14	HAS BEEN ERODED BY THE COMMISSION AND THE COURTS AND
15	TO SPECIFICALLY OVERTURN CASE LAW WHICH HAS
16	IMPERMISSIBLY DEVIATED FROM THE INTENT AND PLAIN
17	LANGUAGE OF ACT 796 OF 1993 CONTRARY TO SECTION 35 OF
18	SAID ACT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
19	
20	
21	Subtitle
22	AN ACT TO AMEND THE ARKANSAS WORKERS'
23	COMPENSATION LAW ENACTED BY INITIATED ACT
24	4 OF 1948 TO RESTORE THE STATUTORY INTENT
25	OF THE 79TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
26	
27	
28	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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30	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. (a) The Eighty-Eighth General Assembly
31	realizes that the Arkansas workers' compensation statutes must be revised and
32	amended from time to time. Unfortunately, many of the changes made by this
33	act have become necessary because administrative law judges, the Workers'
34	Compensation Commission, and the Arkansas courts have continually broadened
35	the scope and eroded the purpose of the workers' compensation statutes of
36	this state as amended by the Seventy-Ninth General Assembly by Act 796 of

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1 1993 whose stated purpose was to increase workers' compensation benefits for 2 employees, to pay timely temporary and permanent disability benefits to all 3 legitimately injured workers who suffer an injury or disease arising out of 4 and in the course of their employment, to pay reasonable and necessary 5 medical expenses resulting from an injury or disease arising out of and in 6 the course of their employment, to return the worker to the work force, to 7 improve workplace safety, to improve the health care delivery, to encourage 8 the return to work of injured workers, to deter and punish frauds of agents, 9 brokers, solicitors, employers, and employees, to curtail the rise in medical 10 costs associated with the provisions of workers' compensation benefits, and to emphasize that the workers' compensation system in this state must be 11 returned to a state of economic viability. The Eighty-Eighth General 12 Assembly intends to restate that the major and controlling purpose of 13 14 workers' compensation is to pay timely temporary and permanent disability benefits to all legitimately injured workers who suffer an injury or disease 15 arising out of and in the course of their employment, to pay reasonable and 16 17 necessary medical expenses resulting from an injury or disease arising out of and in the course of their employment, and then to return the workers to the 18 19 work force, to improve workplace safety, to improve the health care delivery, 20 to encourage the return to work of injured workers, to deter and punish frauds of agents, brokers, solicitors, employers, and employees, to curtail 21 22 the rise in medical costs associated with the provisions of workers' 23 compensation benefits, and to emphasize that the workers' compensation system in this state must be returned to a state of economic viability. When, and if 24 25 the workers' compensation statutes of this state need to be changed, the General Assembly acknowledges its responsibility to do so. 26 27 (b) It is the specific intent of the Eighty-Eighth General Assembly to 28 repeal, annul, and hold for naught all prior opinions or decisions of any 29 administrative law judge, the Workers' Compensation Commission, or courts of 30 this state contrary to or in conflict with any provision in this act. In the future, if such things as the statute of limitations, the standard of review 31 32 by the Workers' Compensation Commission or courts, the extent to which any physical condition, injury, or disease should be excluded from or added to 33 34 coverage by the law, or the scope of the workers' compensation statutes need 35 to be liberalized, expanded, broadened, or narrowed, those things shall be

1	addressed by the General Assembly and should not be done by administrative
2	law judges, the Workers' Compensation Commission, or the courts.
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4	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 11-9-102(4)(B)(iii), concerning exclusions
5	from the definition of "compensable injury" under the Workers' Compensation
6	Law, is amended to read as follows:
7	(iii) <u>(a)</u> Injury <del>which</del> <u>that</u> was inflicted upon the
8	employee at a time when employment services were not being performed or
9	before the employee was hired or after the employment relationship was
10	terminated.
11	(b) When an employee is on break, whether
12	mandatory or voluntary, scheduled or unscheduled, on the clock or off, or has
13	clocked out for the day and is exiting the premises, or when the employee has
14	not clocked in for the day and is entering the premises and sustains an
15	injury, a rebuttable presumption shall arise that the injury was inflicted
16	upon the employee at a time when employment services were not being
17	performed.
18	(c) A purpose of subdivision (4)(B)(ii)(b) of
19	this section is to specifically annul any case law inconsistent with this
20	subdivision (4)(B)(ii), including without limitation Wood v. Wendy's Old
21	Fashioned Hamburgers, 2010 Ark. App. 307, S.W.3d (2010); Barrett v. C.L.
22	Swanson Corp., 2010 Ark. App. 91, S.W.3d (2010); Dearman v. Deltic Timber
23	Corp., 2010 Ark. App. 87, S.W.3d (2010); and Jonesboro Care & Rehab Center v.
24	Woods, 2010 Ark. 482, S.W.3d (2010);or
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26	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 11-9-102(4)(D), concerning the burden of
27	proof under the definition of "compensable injury" under the Workers'
28	Compensation Law, is amended to read as follows:
29	(D) A compensable injury must be established by medical
30	evidence <del>supported by</del> of objective findings as defined in subdivision (16) of
31	this section.
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33	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 11-9-102(16)(A)(i), concerning the
34	definition of "objective findings" under the Workers' Compensation Law, is
35	amended to read as follows:

1	(16)(A)(i) <u>(a)</u> "Objective findings" are those findings which that
2	cannot come under the voluntary control of the patient.
3	(b) "Objective findings" shall be made
4	specifically by a licensed physician.
5	(c) "Objective findings" does not include a
6	prescription, without a specific finding.
7	(d) A purpose of subdivisions (16)(A)(i)(b)
8	and (c) of this section is to specifically annul any case law inconsistent
9	with this subdivision (16)(A)(i), including without limitation Denning v.
10	Wal-Mart Associates, 2009 Ark. App. 842, S.W.3d (2009); Estridge v. Waste
11	Management, 343 Ark. 276, 33 S.W.3d 167 (2002); and Fred's, Inc. v.
12	Jefferson, 361 Ark. 258, 206 S.W.3d 238 (2005).
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14	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410 is amended to read as follows:
15	11-9-410. Third-party liability.
16	(a) Liability Unaffected.
17	(1)(A) The making of a claim for compensation against any
18	employer or carrier for the injury or death of an employee shall not affect
19	the right of the employee, or his or her dependents, to make a claim or
20	maintain an action in court against any third party for the injury, but the
21	employer or the employer's carrier shall be entitled to reasonable notice and
22	opportunity to join in the action.
23	(B) If they, or either of them, join in the action, they
24	shall be entitled to a first lien upon two-thirds (2/3) of the net proceeds
25	recovered in the action that remain after the payment of the reasonable costs
26	of collection, for the payment to them of the amount paid and to be paid by
27	them as compensation to the injured employee or his or her dependents.
28	(2) The commencement of an action by an employee or his or her
29	dependents against a third party for damages by reason of an injury to which
30	this chapter is applicable, or the adjustment of any claim, shall not affect
31	the rights of the injured employee or his or her dependents to recover
32	compensation, but any amount recovered by the injured employee or his or her
33	dependents from a third party shall be applied as follows:
34	(A) Reasonable costs of collection shall be deducted;

1	(B) Then, in every case, one-third (1/3) of the remainder
2	shall belong to the injured employee or his or her dependents, as the case
3	may be;
4	(C) The remainder, or so much as is necessary to discharge
5	the actual amount of the liability of the employer and the carrier; and
6	(D) Any excess shall belong to the injured employee or his
7	or her dependents.
8	(1)(A) The making of a claim for compensation against any
9	employer or carrier for the injury or death of an employee shall not affect
10	the right of the employee, or his or her dependents, to make a claim or
11	maintain an action in court against any third party for the injury.
12	(B)(i) By the acceptance of compensation under this
13	chapter, the employee grants the employer or employer's insurance carrier an
14	absolute first lien upon the proceeds of any settlement or judgment resulting
15	from the exercise of any rights of recovery of the employee against any third
16	party.
17	(ii) The employer or employer's carrier shall be
18	entitled to an absolute first lien upon the net proceeds recovered in the
19	action that remain after the payment of the reasonable cost of collection to
20	discharge the actual amount of liability of the employer or carrier, with any
21	excess being paid to the employee and serving as a credit against any future
22	compensation payments to be paid to the employee or his or her dependents.
23	(b) Subrogation.
24	(1) An employer or carrier liable for compensation under this
25	chapter for the injury or death of an employee shall have the right to
26	maintain an action in tort against any third party responsible for the injury
27	or death. However, the employer or the carrier must notify the claimant in
28	writing that the claimant has the right to hire a private attorney to pursue
29	any benefits to which the claimant is entitled in addition to the subrogation
30	interest against any third party responsible for the injury or death.
31	(2) After reasonable notice and opportunity to be represented in
32	the action has been given to the compensation beneficiary, the liability of
33	the third party to the compensation beneficiary shall be determined in the
34	action, as well as the third party's liability to the employer and carrier.
35	(3)(A) After recovery shall be had against the third party, by
36	suit or otherwise, the compensation beneficiary shall be entitled to any

1	amount recovered over and above the amount that the employer and carrier have
2	paid or are liable for in compensation, after deducting reasonable costs of
3	collection.
4	(B) In no event shall the compensation beneficiary be
5	entitled to less than one-third (1/3) of the amount recovered from the third
6	party, after deducting the reasonable cost of collection.
7	(4) An employer or carrier who is liable for compensation under
8	this chapter on account of injury or death of an employee shall be entitled
9	to maintain a third party action against the employer's uninsured motorist
10	coverage or underinsured motorist coverage.
11	(5) The purpose and intent of this subsection is to prevent
12	double payment to the employee.
13	(1)(A) If no action is brought by the employee, the employer or
14	employer's carrier liable for compensation under this chapter for the injury
15	or death of an employee shall have the right to initiate an action in tort
16	against any third party responsible for the injury or death of the employee.
17	(B) The employee or his or her dependents shall be
18	entitled to reasonable notice of a claim against a third party.
19	(C) The employer or employer's insurance carrier shall
20	notify the employee or his or her dependents in writing that the employee or
21	his or her dependents have the right to hire a private attorney to pursue any
22	benefits to which the employee is entitled in addition to the subrogation
23	interest against any third-party responsible for the injury or death.
24	(2) After reasonable notice and opportunity to be represented in
25	the action has been given to the employee or his or her dependents, the
26	liability of the third-party to the employee or his or her dependents shall
27	be determined in the action, as well as the third-party's liability to the
28	employer or employer's insurance carrier.
29	(3) The employee or his or her dependents shall cooperate in the
30	litigation or settlement of the claim against a third party.
31	(4)(A) After payment of the reasonable cost of collection, the
32	net proceeds or any settlement or judgment shall be paid to the employer or
33	carrier to the total amount of compensation paid.
34	(B) Any balance remaining after payment of necessary
35	expenses and the satisfaction of the employer's or carrier's lien shall be

1	paid to the employee and be applied as credit against any future compensation
2	benefits for the same injury.
3	(c) Settlement of Claims.
4	(1) Settlement of claims under subsections (a) and (b) of this
5	section must have the approval of the court or of the commission, except that
6	the distribution of that portion of the settlement which represents the
7	compensation payable under this chapter must have the approval of the
8	commission.
9	(2) Where liability is admitted to the injured employee or his
10	or her dependents by the employer or carrier, the cost of collection may be
11	deducted from that portion of the settlement under subsections (a) or (b) of
12	this section representing compensation, upon direction and approval of the
13	commission.
14	(3) No party shall settle a claim under subsections (a) and (b)
15	of this section without first giving three (3) days' written notice to all
16	parties with an interest in the claim of the intent to settle.
17	(4) Each party with an interest in a claim under subsections (a)
18	and (b) shall cooperate with all other parties in litigation or settlement of
19	such claims.
20	(c)(1) The purpose and intent of this section is to prevent double
21	recovery to the employee and to annul specifically any case law inconsistent
22	with this subsection, including without limitation all case law interpreting
23	the previous § 11-9-410, and Travelers Ins. Co. v. McCluskey, 252 Ark. 1045,
24	483 S.W.2d 179 (1972); General Accident Ins. v. Jayne, 343 Ark. 143, 33
25	S.W.3d 161 (2001) and Phillip Morris USA v. James 79 Ark. App. 72, 835 S.W.3d
26	<u>441 (2002).</u>
27	(2) The common law Made-Whole Doctrine as espoused by the courts
28	in General Accident Ins. v. Jayne, 343 Ark. 143, 33 S.W.3d 161 (2001) and
29	Phillip Morris USA v. James 79 Ark. App. 72, 835 S.W.3d 441 (2002) is
30	repealed.
31	(d) The subrogation right of an employer and its insurance carrier to
32	recover from a third-party tortfeasor who has caused injury or death to an
33	employee of the employer is absolute and cannot be waived by the employer or
34	its insurance carrier unless the employer or its insurance carrier elects to
35	do so in writing.

- (e) Settlement of claims under this section shall be approved by the
   commission.
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4 SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 11-9-508(a), concerning the liability of 5 employers for medical services and supplies under the Workers' Compensation 6 Law, is amended to read as follows:

7 (a)(1) The employer shall promptly provide for an injured employee 8 such medical, surgical, hospital, chiropractic, optometric, podiatric, and 9 nursing services and medicine, crutches, ambulatory devices, artificial 10 limbs, eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, and other apparatus as may 11 be reasonably necessary in connection with the injury received by the 12 employee.

13 (2) The compensable injury must be the major cause of the need 14 for treatment.

15 (3) The purpose of subdivision (a)(2) of this section is to
16 annul any case law inconsistent with subdivision (a)(2) of this section,
17 including without limitation Williams v. L & W Janitorial, 85 Ark. App. 1,
18 145 S.W.3d 383 (2004).

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20 SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 11-9-514(a)(3)(A)(ii) and (iii), concerning 21 changes of physicians under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to read 22 as follows:

23 (ii) Where the employer has contracted with a 24 managed care organization certified by the commission, the claimant employee, 25 however, shall may be allowed to change physicians by petitioning the 26 commission one (1) time only for a change of physician and establishing by a 27 preponderance of the evidence that there is a compelling reason or 28 circumstance justifying the change to a physician who must either be 29 associated with the managed care entity chosen by the employer or be the 30 regular treating physician of the employee who maintains the employee's 31 medical records and with whom the employee has a bona fide doctor-patient 32 relationship demonstrated by a history of regular treatment prior to the onset of the compensable injury but only if the primary care physician agrees 33 to refer the employee to the managed care entity chosen by the employer for 34 35 any specialized treatment, including physical therapy, and only if the 36 primary care physician agrees to comply with all the rules, terms, and

conditions regarding services performed by the managed care entity chosen by
 the employer.

3 (iii) Where the employer does not have a contract 4 with a managed care organization certified by the commission, the claimant 5 employee, however, shall may be allowed to change physicians by petitioning 6 the commission one (1) time only for a change of physician and establishing 7 by a preponderance of the evidence that there is a compelling reason or 8 circumstance justifying the change, to a physician who must either be 9 associated with any managed care entity certified by the commission or be the 10 regular treating physician of the employee who maintains the employee's 11 medical records and with whom the employee has a bona fide doctor-patient 12 relationship demonstrated by a history of regular treatment prior to the onset of the compensable injury, but only if the primary care physician 13 14 agrees to refer the employee to a physician associated with any managed care entity certified by the commission for any specialized treatment, including 15 16 physical therapy, and only if the primary care physician agrees to comply 17 with all the rules, terms, and conditions regarding services performed by any 18 managed care entity certified by the commission. 19 (iv) A purpose of the 2011 amendment to this 20 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of this section by this act is to specifically annul any case law inconsistent with subdivision (a)(3)(A) of this section, 21 22 including without limitation Collins v. Lennox Industries, Inc., 77 Ark. App. 23 303, 75 S.W.3d 204 (2002). 24 25 SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 11-9-514(c)(1), concerning changes of 26 physicians under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to read as 27 follows:

(c)(1)(A) After being notified of an injury, the employer or insurance
carrier shall deliver to the employee, in person or by certified or
registered mail, return receipt requested, a copy of a notice, approved or
prescribed by the commission, which that explains the employee's rights and
responsibilities concerning change of physician.
(B) The employee's signature on this document is deemed

34 sufficient notice for purposes of the 2011 amendment to this chapter by this 35 <u>act.</u>

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           SECTION 9. Arkansas Code § 11-9-519(c), concerning compensation for
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     disability under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to read as
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     follows:
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           (c) In all other cases, permanent total disability shall be include a
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     physical impairment rating and determined in accordance with the facts.
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           SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 11-9-519 is amended to add an additional
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     subsection to read as follows:
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           (h) The purpose of the amendment to this section by this act is to
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     eliminate the discrepancy between permanent partial and permanent total
     disability benefits and to specifically annul any case law inconsistent with
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     the amendment to this section by this act, including without limitation
     Rutherford v. Mid-Delta Community Services, 102 Ark. App. 317, 285 S.W.3d 248
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14
     (2008).
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           SECTION 11. Arkansas Code § 11-9-521(a) concerning compensation for
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     disability under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to read as
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     follows:
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           (a) An employee who sustains a permanent compensable injury scheduled
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     in this section shall receive, in addition to compensation for temporary
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     total and temporary partial benefits during the healing period or until the
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     employee returns to work, whichever occurs first, weekly benefits in the
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     amount of the permanent partial disability rate attributable to the injury,
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     for that period of time set out in the following schedule:
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                 (1) Arm amputated at the elbow, or between the elbow and
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     shoulder, two hundred forty-four (244) weeks;
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                 (2) Arm amputated between the elbow and wrist, one hundred
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     eighty-three (183) weeks;
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                 (3) Leg amputated at the knee, or between the knee and the hip,
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     one hundred eighty-four (184) weeks;
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                 (4) Leg amputated between the knee and the ankle, one hundred
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     thirty-one (131) weeks;
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                 (5) Hand amputated, one hundred eighty-three (183) weeks;
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                 (6) Thumb amputated, seventy-three (73) weeks;
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                 (7) First finger amputated, forty-three (43) weeks;
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                 (8)
                      Second finger amputated, thirty-seven (37) weeks;
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1 (9) Third finger amputated, twenty-four (24) weeks; 2 (10) Fourth finger amputated, nineteen (19) weeks; 3 (11) Foot amputated, one hundred thirty-one (131) weeks; 4 (12) Great toe amputated, thirty-two (32) weeks; 5 Toe other than great toe amputated, eleven (11) weeks; (13) 6 (14) Eye enucleated, in which there was useful vision, one 7 hundred five (105) weeks; 8 (15) Loss of hearing of one ear, forty-two (42) weeks; 9 (16) Loss of hearing of both ears, one hundred fifty-eight (158) 10 weeks; 11 (17) Loss of one testicle, fifty-three (53) weeks; loss of both 12 testicles, one hundred fifty-eight (158) weeks. 13 14 SECTION 12. Arkansas Code § 11-9-521 is amended to add an additional 15 subsection to read as follows: 16 (i)(A) Temporary total disability benefits for 17 scheduled injuries shall be awarded under the same standard as applied to 18 injuries to the body as a whole. 19 (B) The purpose of subdivision (i)(i) of this section is to 20 specifically annul any case law inconsistent herewith, including without limitation Wheeler Construction v. Armstrong, 73 Ark. App. 146, 41 S.W.3d 822 21 22 (2001) and the line of cases relying on those cases. 23 24 SECTION 13. Arkansas Code § 11-9-704(c)(1)(B), concerning proceedings 25 on claims under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to read as follows: 26 (B)(ii) Any determination of the existence or extent of 27 physical impairment shall be supported by established by and based upon 28 objective and measurable physical or mental findings. 29 (ii) A purpose of subdivision (c)(l)(B) of this 30 section is to specifically annul any case law inconsistent with the 2011 amendment to subdivision (c)(1)(B) of this section, including without 31 32 limitation Singleton v. City of Pine Bluff, 97 Ark. App. 59, 244 S.W.3d 709 33 (2007); and Groom v. Nekoosa Papers, Inc., CA 06-406 (opinion issued 12-13-34 2006 Not Designated for Publication). 35 36 SECTION 14. Arkansas Code § 11-9-1001 is amended to read as follows:

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11-9-1001. Legislative declaration.

2 The Seventy-Ninth Eighty-Eighth General Assembly realizes that the Arkansas workers' compensation statutes must be revised and amended from time 3 4 to time. Unfortunately, many of the changes made by this act were are 5 necessary because administrative law judges, the Workers' Compensation 6 Commission, and the Arkansas courts have continually broadened the scope and 7 eroded the purpose of the workers' compensation statutes of this state Act 8 796 of 1993. The Seventy Ninth Eighty-Eighth General Assembly intends to 9 restate that the major and controlling purpose of workers' compensation is to pay timely temporary and permanent disability benefits to all legitimately 10 11 injured workers that who suffer an injury or disease arising out of and in 12 the course of their employment, to pay reasonable and necessary medical expenses resulting therefrom, and then to return the worker to the work 13 14 force. When, and if, the workers' compensation statutes of this state need to 15 be changed, the General Assembly acknowledges its responsibility to do so. It is the specific intent of the Seventy-Ninth Eighty-Eighth General Assembly to 16 17 repeal, annul, and hold for naught all prior opinions or decisions of any 18 administrative law judge, the Workers' Compensation Commission, or courts of 19 this state contrary to or in conflict with any provision in this act. In the future, if such things as the statute of limitations, the standard of review 20 21 by the Workers' Compensation Commission or courts, the extent to which any 22 physical condition, injury, or disease should be excluded from or added to 23 coverage by the law, or the scope of the workers' compensation statutes need 24 to be liberalized, broadened, or narrowed, those things shall be addressed by 25 the General Assembly and should not be done by administrative law judges, the 26 Workers' Compensation Commission, or the courts.

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28 Referred by the Arkansas House of Representatives

- 29 Prepared by: MGF/VJF
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