1	INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2017-039
2	State of Arkansas
3	91st General Assembly A Bill
4	Regular Session, 2017HOUSE BILL 1628
5	
6	By: Representative B. Smith
7	By: Senators Rapert, Collins-Smith
8	Filed with: House Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor
9	pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217.
10	For An Act To Be Entitled
11	AN ACT TO CREATE THE HEALTHCARE FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE
12	ACT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
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14	
15	Subtitle
16	TO CREATE THE HEALTHCARE FREEDOM OF
17	CONSCIENCE ACT.
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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22	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 17, Chapter 80, is amended to add an
23	additional subchapter to read as follows:
24	<u>Subchapter 4 — Healthcare Freedom of Conscience Act</u>
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26	<u>17-80-401. Title.</u>
27	This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Healthcare
28	Freedom of Conscience Act".
29	17.00 (0) Legisleting figlings Dumper
30	<u>17-80-402. Legislative findings - Purpose.</u>
31 32	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
	(1) The public policy of the state is to respect and protect the
33 34	fundamental right of conscience of individuals and entities who provide healthcare services; and
35	(2) Without comprehensive protection, healthcare rights of
36	conscience may be violated in various ways, including without limitation
50	conscience may be viotated in various ways, including without iimitation

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1	harassment, demotion	, salary reduction, transfer, termination, loss of
2	staffing privileges,	denial of aid or benefits, administrative penalty,
3	punishment, or sanct	ion, and refusal to license or certify.
4	(b) The purpo	se of this subchapter is to:
5	<u>(1)</u> Pro	tect as a basic civil right the right of healthcare
6	providers, healthcar	e institutions, and healthcare payers to decline to
7	<u>counsel, advise, pro</u>	vide, perform, assist, or participate in providing or
8	performing healthcar	e services that may violate their consciences; and
9	<u>(2)</u> Pro	hibit all forms of discrimination, disqualification,
10	coercion, disability	, or liability upon a healthcare provider, healthcare
11	institution, and hea	lthcare payer that declines to provide or perform any
12	<u>healthcare service t</u>	hat violates their consciences.
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14	<u>17-80-403.</u> De	finitions.
15	<u>As used in thi</u>	s subchapter:
16	<u>(1)</u> "Co	nscience" means the religious, moral, or ethical
17	principles held by a	healthcare provider, institution, or payer which may be
18	determined by refere	nce to existing or proposed religious, moral, or ethical
19	guidelines, mission	statements, constitutions, bylaws, articles of
20	incorporation, regul	ations, or other relevant documents;
21	<u>(2)</u> "Di	scriminate" means an adverse action taken in retaliation
22	<u>as a result of the c</u>	onscience of an individual or entity, including without
23	limitation:	
24	<u>(A</u>) Termination;
25	<u>(B</u>) Transfer;
26	<u>(C</u>) Refusal of staff privileges;
27	<u>(D</u>) Denial, deprivation, or disqualification or licensure
28	<u>or certification;</u>	
29	<u>(E</u>) Adverse administrative or disciplinary action;
30	<u>(F</u>) Demotion;
31	<u>(G</u>) Loss of career specialty;
32	<u>(H</u>) Reassignment to a different shift;
33	<u>(</u>]) Reduction of wages or benefits;
34	<u>(J</u>) Refusal to award any grant, contract, or other
35	program;	
36	<u>(K</u>) Refusal to provide residency training opportunities;

1	(L) Refusal to authorize the creation, expansion,
2	improvement, acquisition, affiliation, or merger; or
3	(M) Other penalty or disciplinary retaliatory action;
4	(3) "Employer" means an individual or entity that pays for or
5	provides health benefits or health insurance coverage as a benefit to the
6	employees of the individual or entity;
7	(4) "Healthcare institution" means a public or private
8	organization, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, association,
9	agency, network, joint venture, or other entity involved in providing
10	healthcare services, including without limitation:
11	(A) A hospital;
12	(B) A clinic;
13	(C) A medical center;
14	(D) An ambulatory surgical center;
15	(E) A private physician's office;
16	(F) A pharmacy;
17	(G) A nursing home;
18	(H) A medical school that is part of an institution of
19	higher education;
20	(I) A nursing school;
21	(J) A medical training facility;
22	(K) A person, association, corporation, or other entity
23	attempting to establish a new healthcare institution or operating an existing
24	healthcare institution; or
25	(L) Other institution or location where healthcare
26	services are provided to a person;
27	(5) "Healthcare payer" means an entity or employer that
28	contracts, pays, or arranges for payment of a healthcare service or product,
29	including without limitation:
30	(A) A health management organization;
31	(B) A health plan;
32	(C) An insurance company;
33	(D) A management services organization;
34	(E) A person, association, corporation, or other entity
35	that owns, operates, supervises, or manages a healthcare payer; or

1	(F) A person, association, corporation or other entity
2	attempting to establish a new healthcare payer or operating an existing
3	healthcare payer;
4	(6) "Healthcare provider" means an individual who may be asked
5	to participate in any way in a healthcare service, including without
6	limitation:
7	(A) A physician;
8	(B) A physician's assistant;
9	(C) A nurse;
10	(D) A nurse's aide;
11	(E) A medical assistant;
12	(F) A healthcare institution employee;
13	(G) A pharmacist;
14	(H) A researcher;
15	(I) A student or faculty of a medical school or nursing
16	<u>school;</u>
17	(J) A counselor;
18	(K) A social worker; or
19	(L) Any professional, paraprofessional, or other
20	individual who furnishes or assists in the providing or performing of
21	healthcare services;
22	(7) "Healthcare service" means a phase of patient medical care,
23	treatment, or procedure, including without limitation:
24	(A) Patient referral;
25	(B) Counseling;
26	(C) Therapy;
27	(D) Testing;
28	(E) Research;
29	(F) Instruction;
30	(G) Prescribing, dispensing, or administering of any drug,
31	medication, or device;
32	(H) Surgery; or
33	(I) Other care or treatment provided by a healthcare
34	provider or healthcare institution; and
35	(8) "Reasonably accommodate" or "reasonable accommodation" means
36	an arrangement to accommodate beliefs or practices consistent with Title VII

1	of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., as existing on
2	January 1, 2017.
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4	17-80-404. Freedom of conscience for healthcare providers.
5	(a) A healthcare provider:
6	(1) Has the right to not participate in a healthcare service
7	that violates his or her conscience; and
8	(2) Shall not be required to participate in a healthcare service
9	that violates his or her conscience.
10	(b) A healthcare provider shall not be civilly, criminally, or
11	administratively liable for declining to participate in a healthcare service
12	that violates his or her conscience.
13	(c) Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section, a
14	person, healthcare provider, health institution, public institution, private
15	institution, public official, or any board or agency that certifies
16	competency in medical specialties shall not discriminate against a healthcare
17	provider in any manner based upon his or her declining to participate in a
18	healthcare service that violates his or her conscience.
19	(d) Action taken by a health institution or employer of a healthcare
20	provider is not discrimination under this subchapter if the action is taken
21	as a reasonable accommodation to the conscience rights of a healthcare
22	provider.
23	<u>(e) This section does not prohibit an employer or potential employer</u>
24	of a healthcare provider from designating the participation in a healthcare
25	service as a fundamental requirement for a position by providing a written
26	certification that the healthcare service is directly related and essential
27	to a core purpose of the employer.
28	(f) This section applies only to individual healthcare services and
29	does not authorize a healthcare provider to refuse to provide healthcare
30	services to a patient based on the identity or status of the patient.
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32	17-80-405. Freedom of conscience for healthcare institutions.
33	(a) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, a healthcare
34	institution:
35	(1) Has the right to not participate in a healthcare service
36	that violates the conscience of the healthcare institution;

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1	(2) Shall not be required to participate in a healthcare service
2	that violates the conscience of the healthcare institution; and
3	(3) Shall not be civilly, criminally, or administratively liable
4	for declining to provide or participate in a healthcare service that violates
5	the conscience of the healthcare institution.
6	(b) A person, public institution, private institution, or public
7	official shall not discriminate against a healthcare institution in any
8	manner based upon declining to provide or participate in a healthcare service
9	that violates the conscience of the healthcare institution.
10	(c) A public official, agency, institution, or entity shall not deny
11	any form of aid, assistance, grant, or benefit in any manner to coerce,
12	disqualify, or discriminate against a healthcare institution in any manner
13	based upon declining to provide or participate in a healthcare service that
14	violates the conscience of the healthcare institution.
15	(d) Subsection (a) of this section applies only if the healthcare
16	institution:
17	(1) Promptly informs the patient or an individual authorized to
18	make healthcare decisions for the patient that the healthcare institution
19	will not provide the healthcare services for reasons of conscience; and
20	(2)(A) If a request for transfer is made by the patient or on
21	the behalf of the patient, makes all reasonable efforts to assist in a prompt
22	transfer of the patient and provides continuing care to the patient until a
23	transfer can be effected or until a determination has been made that a
24	transfer cannot be effected.
25	(B) If a transfer cannot be effected, the healthcare
26	institution shall not be compelled to provide or participate in a healthcare
27	service that violates the conscience of the healthcare institution.
28	(e) This section applies only to individual healthcare services and
29	does not authorize a healthcare provider to refuse to provide healthcare
30	services to a patient based on the identity or status of the patient.
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32	<u>17-80-406. Freedom of conscience for health payers.</u>
33	(a) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this section, a
34 25	<u>healthcare payer:</u>
35	(1) Has the right to decline to pay for a healthcare service
36	that violates the conscience of the healthcare payer;

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1	(2) Shall not be required to pay or arrange for payment of a
2	healthcare service that violates the conscience of the healthcare payer; and
3	(3) Shall not be civilly, criminally, or administratively liable
4	for declining to pay or arrange for payment of a healthcare service that
5	violates the conscience of the healthcare payer.
6	(b) A person, public institution, private institution, or public
7	<u>official shall not discriminate against a healthcare payer in any manner</u>
8	based upon declining to pay or arrange for payment of a healthcare service
9	that violates the conscience of the healthcare payer.
10	(c)(l) A healthcare payer shall file its conscience policies annually
11	with the State Insurance Department.
12	(2) The annual filing shall include:
13	(A) A comprehensive list by billing code of any and all
14	products, services, and procedures that the healthcare payer shall not make
15	payment for reasons of conscience; and
16	(B) Other relevant information that may be required by
17	rule of the department.
18	(3) A copy of the filing shall be provided annually to each
19	beneficiary of the healthcare payer and made available to the general public
20	by posting the information on the website of the healthcare payer.
21	(4) An annual filing shall not be required for any year in which
22	the healthcare payer will not exercise its conscience rights under this
23	subchapter.
24	(d) A healthcare payer shall not use a conscience objection to:
25	(1) Refuse to contract with a healthcare provider, healthcare
26	institution, or beneficiary; or
27	(2) Refuse or reduce payments:
28	(A) To a beneficiary, healthcare provider, or healthcare
29	institution for any product, services, or procedure that are not included in
30	the annual filing required in subsection (c) of this section; or
31	(B) For healthcare services to a patient based upon the
32	identity or status of the patient.
33	(e) A healthcare payer shall not compel by undue influence, fraud, or
34	duress a beneficiary, healthcare provider, or healthcare institution to
35	accept a contract or contract amendment that violates the conscience of the
36	beneficiary, healthcare provider, or healthcare institution.

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1	(f) The department may issue rules and take other actions as necessary
2	or appropriate to enforce this section.
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4	17-80-407. Appropriate services and life-sustaining treatment.
5	This subchapter does not condone, authorize, or approve withholding
6	appropriate provision of healthcare services or life-sustaining treatment to
7	patients.
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9	<u>17-80-408. Civil remedies.</u>
10	(a)(l) A civil action for damages or injunctive relief, or both, may
11	be brought for a violation of this subchapter.
12	(2) A claim that the violation of this subchapter was necessary
13	to prevent additional burden or expense on any other healthcare provider,
14	healthcare institution, healthcare payer, individual, or patient shall not be
15	an affirmative defense.
16	(b)(l) Unless their sovereign immunity is protected under Arkansas
17	Constitution, Article 5, § 20, an individual, association, corporation,
18	entity, or healthcare institution injured by a public individual, private
19	individual, association, agency, entity, or corporation as a result of any
20	conduct prohibited by this subchapter may commence a civil action.
21	(2)(A) Upon a finding of a violation of this subchapter, the
22	aggrieved party shall be entitled to recover treble damages, including
23	without limitation damages related to:
24	(i) Pain and suffering sustained by the individual,
25	association, corporation, entity, or healthcare institution;
26	(ii) The cost of the civil action; and
27	(iii) Reasonable attorney's fees.
28	(B) However, the total amount of damages shall not be less
29	than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation in addition to the
30	costs of the civil action and reasonable attorney's fees.
31	(3) Damages shall be cumulative and are not exclusive of other
32	remedies that may be afforded under state or federal law.
33	(c) A court may award injunctive relief including without limitation
34	ordering the reinstatement of a healthcare provider to his or her prior
35	position.
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1	17-80-409. Applicability.
2	This subchapter is supplemental to existing conscience protections
3	within the Arkansas Code and does not affect the existing conscience
4	protection laws within the state.
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7	Referred by the Arkansas House of Representatives
8	Prepared by: VJF
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