1		INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2021-104	
2	State of Arkansas	A D'11	
3	93rd General Assembly	A Bill	JMB/JMB
4	Regular Session, 2021		HOUSE BILL
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6	By: Representative Pilkingto	n	
7		Filed with: House Committee on Pub	lic Health, Welfare, and Labor
8		Į	pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217.
9		For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	AN ACT TO	AUTHORIZE PHARMACISTS TO DISPENSE	HIV
11	PREEXPOSU	RE AND POSTEXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS; AN	ND FOR
12	OTHER PUR	POSES.	
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15		Subtitle	
16	TO A	AUTHORIZE PHARMACISTS TO DISPENSE H	IV
17	PREE	EXPOSURE AND POSTEXPOSURE PROPHYLAX	IS.
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF AF	RKANSAS:
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22	SECTION 1. Ark	ansas Code § 17-92-101(17)(A)(i)(g)), concerning the
23	definition of "practi	ce of pharmacy", is amended to read	l as follows:
24		(g) Under a statewide pro	otocol, a pharmacist
25	may initiate therapy	and administer or dispense, or both	n, drugs that include
26	Naloxone, nicotine re	placement therapy products, and ora	al contraceptives <u>, HIV</u>
27	preexposure prophylax	is, and HIV postexposure prophylaxi	<u>is;</u>
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29	SECTION 2. Ark	ansas Code § 17-92-101, concerning	definitions regarding
30	pharmacy and pharmaci	sts, is amended to add an additiona	al subdivision to read
31	as follows:		
32	<u>(26) "HI</u>	V" means the human immunodeficiency	y virus or any other
33	identified causative	agent of acquired immunodeficiency	syndrome (AIDS).
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1	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 17-92-115, concerning the requirements for	
2	administering and dispensing under a statewide protocol, is amended to add an	
3	additional subsection to read as follows:	
4	(c)(l) In addition to the requirements under subsection (a) of this	
5	section, when initiating therapy and administering or dispensing, or both,	
6	for HIV preexposure prophylaxis or HIV postexposure prophylaxis, or both,	
7	under a statewide protocol, a pharmacist shall:	
8	(A) Within twelve (12) months of initiating therapy and	
9	administering or dispensing, or both, complete a training program approved by	
10	the board on the use of HIV preexposure prophylaxis and HIV postexposure	
11	prophylaxis, which shall include information about:	
12	(i) Financial assistance programs for HIV	
13	preexposure prophylaxis and HIV postexposure prophylaxis; and	
14	(ii) Relevant federal guidelines regarding HIV	
15	preexposure prophylaxis and HIV postexposure prophylaxis; and	
16	(B) Not permit a patient to waive consultation for HIV	
17	preexposure prophylaxis or HIV postexposure prophylaxis.	
18	(2) Under a statewide protocol, a pharmacist shall dispense at	
19	least a thirty-day supply and up to a sixty-day supply of HIV preexposure	
20	prophylaxis if:	
21	(A)(i) The patient is HIV negative as documented by a	
22	negative HIV test result obtained within the previous seven (7) days from:	
23	(a) An HIV antigen/antibody test;	
24	(b) An HIV antibody-only test; or	
25	(c) A rapid, point-of-care fingerstick blood	
26	test approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.	
27	(ii) If the test results are not transmitted	
28	directly to the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall verify the test results.	
29	(iii) If the patient tests positive for HIV	
30	infection, the pharmacist shall direct the patient to a primary care provider	
31	and provide a list of providers and clinics in the region;	
32	(B) The patient does not report:	
33	(i) Any signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection on	
34	a self-reported checklist of acute HIV infection signs and symptoms; and	
35	(ii) Usage of any contraindicated medication;	

1	(C) The pharmacist provides counseling to the patient on
2	the ongoing use of HIV preexposure prophylaxis, which shall include education
3	about:
4	(i) Side effects;
5	(ii) Safety during pregnancy and breastfeeding;
6	(iii) Adherence to recommended dosing;
7	(iv) The importance of timely testing and treatment
8	for HIV, renal function, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, sexually transmitted
9	diseases, and pregnancy for individuals of childbearing capacity; and
10	(v) The requirement that subsequent prescriptions
11	for HIV preexposure prophylaxis be issued by a primary care provider; and
12	(D) To the extent possible, the pharmacist documents the
13	services provided by the pharmacist in the record system.
14	(3) Under a statewide protocol, a pharmacist shall dispense a
15	course of HIV postexposure prophylaxis if the pharmacist:
16	(A) Screens the patient and determines the exposure to HIV
17	occurred within the previous seventy-two (72) hours and the patient otherwise
18	meets the clinical criteria for HIV postexposure prophylaxis;
19	(B) Provides HIV testing or determines the patient is:
20	(i) Willing to undergo HIV testing consistent with
21	federal guidelines; or
22	(ii) Unwilling to undergo HIV testing but otherwise
23	eligible for HIV postexposure prophylaxis;
24	(C) Provides counseling to the patient on the ongoing use
25	of HIV postexposure prophylaxis, which shall include education about:
26	(i) Side effects;
27	(ii) Safety during pregnancy and breastfeeding;
28	(iii) Adherence to recommended dosing;
29	(iv) The importance of timely testing and treatment
30	for HIV, renal function, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, sexually transmitted
31	diseases, and pregnancy for individuals of childbearing capacity; and
32	(v) The availability of HIV preexposure prophylaxis
33	for a person who is at a substantial risk of acquiring HIV; and
34	(D) To the extent possible, documents the services
35	provided by the pharmacist in the record system.
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1	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 23-92-506(b)(6) and (7), concerning
2	prohibited practices of a pharmacy benefits manager, are amended to read as
3	follows:
4	(6) Make or permit any reduction of payment for pharmacist
5	services by a pharmacy benefits manager or a healthcare payor directly or
6	indirectly to a pharmacy under a reconciliation process to an effective rate
7	of reimbursement, including without limitation generic effective rates, brand
8	effective rates, direct and indirect remuneration fees, or any other
9	reduction or aggregate reduction of payment; or
10	(7)(A) Prohibit a pharmacist from dispensing HIV preexposure
11	prophylaxis or HIV postexposure prophylaxis under a state protocol.
12	(B) As used in subdivision (b)(7)(A) of this section,
13	"HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus or any other identified
14	causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, commonly known as
15	"AIDS"; or
16	(7)(8) Do any combination of the actions listed in subdivisions
17	(b)(1)-(6)<u>(</u>b)(1)-(7) of this section.
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19	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 99, Subchapter 11, is
20	amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
21	23-99-1120. HIV preexposure prophylaxis and HIV postexposure
22	prophylaxis — Definitions.
23	(a) As used in this section:
24	(1) "AIDS" means acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; and
25	(2) "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus or any other
26	identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.
27	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a health
28	benefit plan or healthcare insurer shall not require prior authorization or
29	step therapy for antiretroviral drugs that are medically necessary for the
30	prevention of HIV or AIDS, including HIV preexposure prophylaxis and HIV
31	postexposure prophylaxis.
32	(c) If the United States Food and Drug Administration approves one (1)
33	or more therapeutic equivalents of a drug, device, or product for the
34	prevention of HIV or AIDS, a health benefit plan or healthcare insurer is not
35	required to cover all therapeutically equivalent versions without prior
36	authorization or step therapy if at least one (1) therapeutically equivalent

1	version is covered without prior authorization or step therapy.
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4	Referred by Representative Pilkington
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