

1 INTERIM STUDY PROPOSAL 2025-062

2
3 State of Arkansas
4 95th General Assembly
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As Engrossed: H2/26/25

A Bill

HOUSE BILL 1554

6
7 By: Representative A. Brown

8 By: Senator J. Dotson

9 Filed with: House Committee on Public Health, Welfare, and Labor

10 pursuant to A.C.A. §10-3-217.

11 **For An Act To Be Entitled**

12 AN ACT TO CREATE THE ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY
13 REPORTING ACT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

14
15
16 **Subtitle**

17 TO CREATE THE ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE
18 TECHNOLOGY REPORTING ACT.

19
20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:

21
22 SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 20, Chapter 9, is amended to add an
23 additional subchapter to read as follows:

24 Subchapter 16 - Assisted Reproductive Technology Reporting Act

25
26 20-9-1601. Title.

27 This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Assisted
28 Reproductive Technology Reporting Act".

29
30 20-9-1602. Legislative findings.

31 The General Assembly finds that:

32 (1) The federal Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification
33 Act of 1992 requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to track
34 certain health outcomes and success rates of assisted reproductive
35 technology;

36 (2) However, this law lacks a strong enforcement mechanism and

1 is too limited in scope;

2 (3) Additionally, the law governing assisted reproductive
3 technology in Arkansas does not require fertility clinics to report key data
4 points related to assisted reproductive technology, maternal and neonatal
5 health, and the total number of embryos created through this procedure; and

6 (4) Therefore, many prospective parents, lawmakers, researchers,
7 and fertility clinics lack an adequate understanding of how assisted
8 reproductive technology functions in the State of Arkansas and information
9 that is essential for prospective parents as they make important decisions
10 about their childbearing options.

11
12 20-9-1603. Definitions.

13 As used in this subchapter:

14 (1) "Assisted reproductive technology" means a treatment or
15 procedure involving the handling of a human egg, sperm, and embryo outside of
16 the body with the intent of facilitating a pregnancy, including:

17 (A) Artificial insemination;

18 (B) Intrauterine insemination;

19 (C) In vitro fertilization;

20 (D) Gamete intrafallopian fertilization;

21 (E) Zygote intrafallopian fertilization;

22 (F) Egg, embryo, and sperm cryopreservation; and

23 (G) Egg, sperm, or embryo donation;

24 (2)(A) "Cycle" means a single procedure of in vitro
25 fertilization, zygote intrafallopian transfer, gamete intrafallopian
26 transfer, or egg retrieval.

27 (B) A "cycle" that is completed may only refer to egg
28 retrieval if no eggs are fertilized and implanted into the patient or may
29 mean the complete process from egg retrieval to the transfer of human
30 reproductive material;

31 (3) "Egg donor" means a person unrelated by marriage to the
32 recipient who provides or agrees to provide ovum for the purpose of human
33 reproduction, regardless of if the recipient has a diagnosis of infertility;

34 (4) "Embryo cryopreservation" means the process when human
35 embryos are frozen in an undisturbed environment for the purpose of saving
36 these embryos for future procreative use;

1 (5) "Fertility clinic" means a medical facility that is
2 licensed, registered, or certified under federal laws or regulations or state
3 laws and rules and that is responsible for the collection and preservation of
4 human reproductive material responsible for the creation of human embryos or
5 the placement of human reproductive material into a prospective patient;

6 (6) "Healthcare professional" means an individual licensed,
7 registered, or certified under federal laws or regulations or state laws and
8 rules to provide healthcare services;

9 (7) "Human embryo" means a distinct and living organism of the
10 species Homo sapiens conceived either in the human body or produced in an
11 artificial environment other than the human body, from the moment of
12 fertilization, including the single-celled stage, until natural death,
13 including such embryos that are in a state of cryopreservation or are
14 otherwise unused;

15 (8) "Human embryo implantation" means a human embryo has
16 successfully attached to a patient's uterine wall lining which marks the
17 beginning of pregnancy;

18 (9) "Human reproductive material" means all or any part of a
19 sperm, ovum, or embryo at any stage of development;

20 (10) "Infertility" means a symptom of an underlying disease or
21 condition within a person's body that makes successfully conceiving and
22 carrying a child to term difficult or impossible, which is diagnosed after:

23 (A) Twelve (12) months of intercourse without the use of a
24 chemical, barrier, or other contraceptive method for women under thirty-five
25 (35) years of age; or

26 (B) Six (6) months of targeted intercourse without the use
27 of a chemical, barrier, or other contraceptive method for women who are
28 thirty-five (35) years of age and older, where conception should otherwise be
29 possible;

30 (11) "Prospective patient" means the patient who may undergo
31 assisted reproductive technology treatments, including the transfer of human
32 embryos for the purpose of initiating pregnancy;

33 (12) "Transfer" means the process by which a healthcare
34 professional places a fresh or frozen embryo within the uterus, fallopian
35 tubes, or other part of a patient's body for the purpose of initiating a
36 pregnancy; and

1 (13) "Sperm donor" means a person unrelated by marriage to a
2 prospective patient who provides or agrees to provide sperm for the purpose
3 of human reproduction, regardless of whether the prospective patient has a
4 diagnosis of infertility.

5
6 20-9-1604. Reporting requirements.

7 (a) The Department of Health shall require fertility clinics to track
8 and report key data points, including without limitation:

9 (1) How many embryos each fertility clinic creates in total
10 through assisted reproductive technology cycles;

11 (2) What happens to each of the embryos created and the number
12 of embryos that:

13 (A) Are negligently destroyed each year due to the failure
14 of a cryopreservation tank or technical or human error;

15 (B) Perish due to natural causes during fertilization,
16 development, or implantation in assisted reproductive technology;

17 (C) Perish due to preimplantation genetic testing in
18 assisted reproductive technology;

19 (D)(i) Are intentionally destroyed at the discretion of
20 the fertility clinic or the prospective patient.

21 (ii) The fertility clinic shall specify why the
22 fertility clinic or prospective patient chose to discard or destroy the
23 embryo;

24 (E) Are relinquished by prospective patients to a clinic;

25 (F) Are donated by prospective patients for research
26 purposes; and

27 (G) Are created in each cycle of assisted reproductive
28 technology;

29 (3) If, and how often, the fertility clinic loses the human
30 reproductive material of prospective patients due to unknown or undisclosed
31 reasons;

32 (4) Any instances of a healthcare professional knowingly
33 transferring non-viable human reproductive material into a patient, with or
34 without the patient's knowledge;

35 (5) The total number of embryos that are frozen in
36 cryopreservation storage units and the number of embryos frozen prior to

1 submitting the report each year, whenever that occurs, under the supervision
 2 of the reporting fertility clinic;

3 (6) How many embryos are transferred fresh versus frozen;

4 (7) How many embryos are transferred in a single transfer cycle;

5 (8) How many embryos successfully implant when conceived with
 6 assisted reproductive technology but are miscarried, perish naturally in the
 7 womb, or are stillborn;

8 (9) How many pregnancies result from assisted reproductive
 9 technology procedures;

10 (10) How many live births result from assisted reproductive
 11 technology procedures; and

12 (11) How many cases of multiple gestation occur from assisted
 13 reproductive technology procedures.

14 (b) The information reported under this section shall not include any
 15 personally identifiable information and shall only include statistical
 16 aggregate information.

17
 18 20-9-1605. Annual public report.

19 (a) Within twelve (12) months of receiving the annual assisted
 20 reproductive technology data from fertility clinics, the Department of Health
 21 shall compile and publish a comprehensive report, available for public use,
 22 cataloging key data points for research, accountability, and prospective
 23 patient use, including without limitation:

24 (1) How many fertility clinics are registered to practice
 25 assisted reproductive technology;

26 (2) How many assisted reproductive technology and egg retrieval
 27 cycles each fertility clinic performs;

28 (3) A percentage breakdown of the types of assisted reproductive
 29 technology procedures each fertility clinic performs;

30 (4) The success rate of each form of assisted reproductive
 31 technology, broken down by age of the patient, whether donor ovum or sperm
 32 was used, and the total number of cycles required for the successful live
 33 birth of a child per patient; and

34 (5) Compile and report the outcomes of each of the individual
 35 fertility clinic data collection points described under § 20-9-1604.

36 (b) The comprehensive report described under subsection (a) of this

section shall not include any personally identifiable information and shall
only include statistical aggregate information.

/s/A. Brown

Referred requested by the Arkansas House of Representatives

Prepared by: JMB/AMS