A Thirty-thousand Foot Level View of the Higher Education Landscape: Distance Learning as a Survival Strategy

Higher Education Subcommittee September 20, 2012



Prevailing model for Higher Education

- Model for modern university was developed for the economic and intellectual classes of the 11th century
- Based upon an agrarian calendar which was appropriate for the 1800's, while colleges and universities are being asked to prepare students for careers in the 21st century
- The current funding model, delivery model and business model are unsustainable under current conditions going forward



Can we afford to continue under current model?

- Student debt is at \$1-Trillion and growing
- U.S. is now ranked 12th in college degrees held by 25-34 year olds (down from #1 just a few years ago) – the next generation may be the first in history with a lower educational attainment than their parents
- on-line for profit colleges experienced a 236% increase in new students over the past several years while traditional universities and colleges grew by only 25%



U.S. Public Colleges and Universities

- The U.S. system of higher education is acknowledged to be the best and most accessible in the world
- Implicit in the U.S. System of public universities is a social contract
- Access to higher education provides the opportunity for social mobility
- Social mobility = social stability



External challenges

- Federal budget deficit; sequestration
- AR State budget; Medicare, prisons, formula funding-predicted need versus percent met
- Personal incomes relative to cost of tuition
- Performance funding
- Governor's goal to double number of degreed Arkansans by 2025
- Global competition



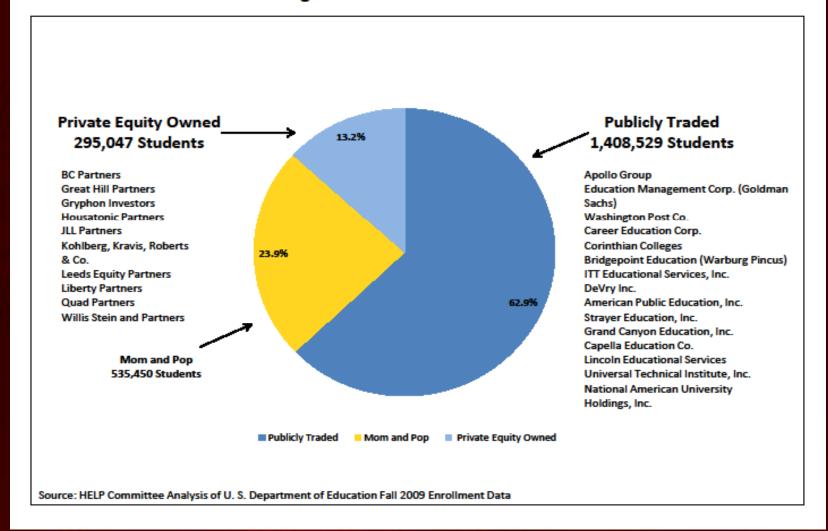
The Chinese word for crisis includes 2 brush strokes. The first represents danger; one must always be aware of the potential danger in any crisis. However, the second brush stroke represents opportunity. There is opportunity in any crisis for those with the courage and boldness to act.



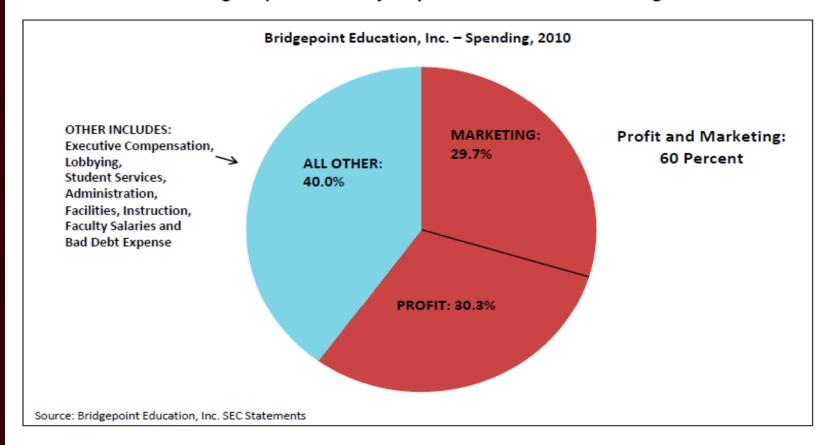
Our competition

- In FY 2009, for profit institutions accounted for over \$30 billion in Pell grant awards to their enrollees
- The President of Bridgepoint Education Inc.'s salary in FY 2009 was \$20.5 million; \$0.30 out of every dollar collected is profit
- Drop-out rates: 84% at Bridgepoint Inc., 69% at Kaplan (Washington Post), 66% at the University of Phoenix (Apollo)

76 Percent of For-Profit College Students Attend Schools that are Wall Street Owned



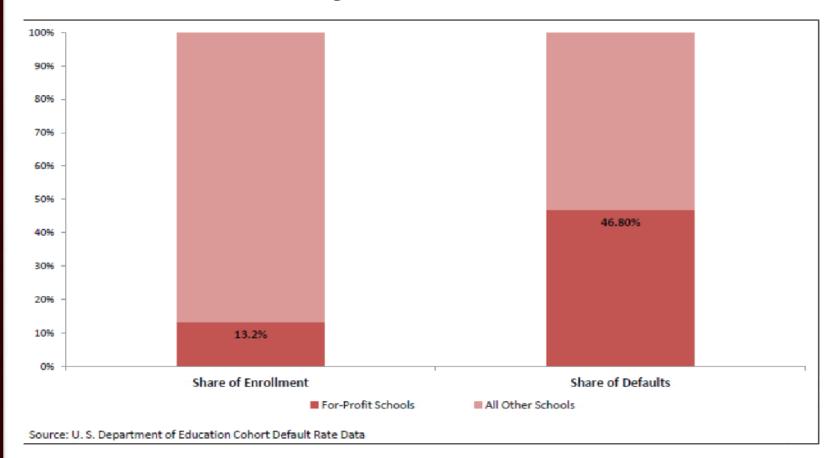
For-Profit Colleges Spend the Majority of Revenues on Marketing and Profit



• CEO Andrew Clark's 2009 Compensation was \$20.5 Million

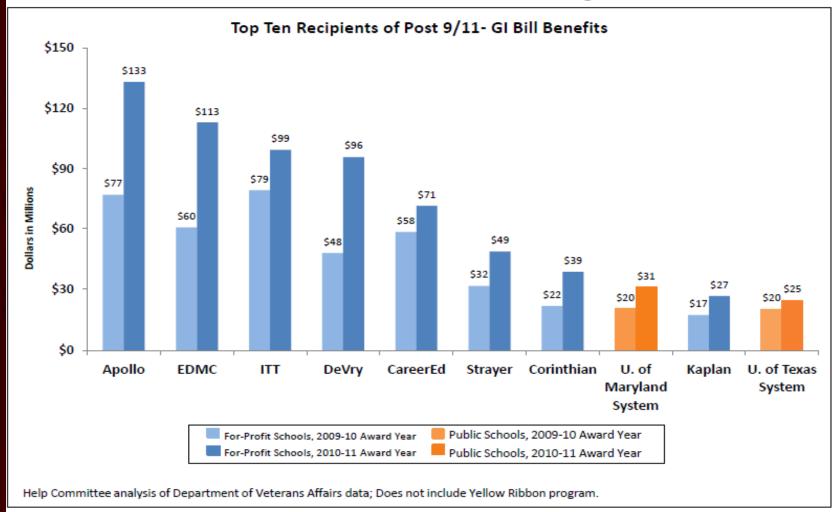


Borrowers at For-Profit Colleges Account for Almost Half of All Loan Defaults





Where are Federal G.I. Bill Dollars Going?



In the traditional model of higher education, learning is a variable while time is a constant. In the new paradigm, learning (competency) will be a constant but time will be the variable

On-line learning will <u>complement</u>, <u>not compete</u> with the traditional university

Quality
Accreditation
Academic integrity



Higher Ed model using *Distance*Education to complement traditional approaches

- Semesters; 2 long semesters per year versus 8-12, 6-week semesters per year
- Specific degree programs offered in a cohort format; parallel versus sequential programs
- Variable time versus variable learning
- Efficiencies drive cost reduction which influences tuition

