



Attainment Gap

Education Level	2013 Attainment Levels (1)	2020 Projected Needs (2)	Attainment Gap
High School Diploma or Less	56.6%	41.0%	
CTE Certificate or less than 2 years college	15.4%	22.0%	-6.6%
Associate's Degree	7.1%	12.0%	-4.9%
Bachelor's Degree	13.8%	18.0%	-4.2%
Master's Degree or Higher	7.1%	7.0%	1.0%

U.S. Census Bureau 3-Year Public Use Microdata Samples 2011-2013
Recovery: Job Growth and Education Requirements Through 2020. Georgetown

University Center on Education and the Workforce

	Attainment
Education Level	Gap
CTE Certificate or less than 2 years College	99,433
Associate's Degree	73,535
Bachelor's Degree	63,582
Master's Degree or Higher	(786)
	235,764







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Governor's Priorities

- Focus on closing the educational attainment gap
- Improve college readiness of students
- Reduce remedial education enrollments
- Role of concurrent credit in affordability and time to degree
- Concentrate efforts on adults and underserved populations
- Improve college affordability through reduced time to degree and institutional efficiencies
- Direct state resources toward achievement of these goals

Objective

This five year planning cycle is a critical component in the long-term objective to reach the 2025 goal of a 60% post-secondary attainment rate in Arkansas, increasing from the current estimate of 43.4%. By 2020, we will reduce the educational attainment gap in Arkansas by increasing the number of postsecondary credentials by 40% over 2013-2014 academic year levels.

	Credentials Awarded 2013-14 Academic Year	% Increase	Credentials Awarded 2019-20 Academic Year	
Career & Technical				
Certificates	10,472	61%	16,880	
Associates Degrees	8,685	36%	11,860	
Bachelor's Degrees	<u>15,277</u>	28%	<u>19,520</u>	
	34,434	40%	48,260	

Supporting Goals

GOAL 1: Raise completion and graduation rates of colleges and universities by 10%.

GOAL 2: By fall 2018, increase the enrollment of adult students, age 25 to 54, by 50%.

GOAL 3: Raise the attainment rates of underserved student groups in the state by 10%.

GOAL 4: Improve College Affordability through Effective Resource Allocation



Planning Efforts

Adult Learners

College Readiness

Remediation

Student Success Innovation

Affordability

Communication Strategies

Institutional Funding

Institutional Funding

Current model:

- Colleges and universities
 - $^\circ$ $\,$ 90% funding based on enrollment; 10% based on performance
 - Performance measures are all-or-none and penalizing
- Other entities (non-formula)
 - Funding based on history

Proposed model:

- Outcomes-based
 - Measures aligned with plan goals and objectives

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State	Primary need- based aid program	Need- based aid	Non- need- based aid	Total	% Need based	
Georgia	-	-	569.924	569.924	0.0%	
Washington, DC	1.197	-	30.597	31.794	3.8%	
South Dakota	0.2	-	4.508	4.708	4.2%	
Arkansas	5.284	2.999	125.835	134.118	6.2%	
SC CHE	24.991	-	295.894	320.884	7.8%	
Louisiana	26.101	-	222.576	248.678	10.5%	
Tennessee	50.273	37.289	278.28	365.841	23.9%	
New Mexico	11.084	13.59	68.145	92.82	26.6%	
Idaho	1.236	0.184	3.559	4.979	28.5%	
Nevada	9.764	-	23.866	33.63	29.0%	

