EXHIBIT D3 QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT 3rd QUARTER SFY 2024

January 1, 2024 – March 31, 2024



Produced for Arkansas Department of Human Services Division of Children and Family Services by Evident Change

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Reports of Child Maltreatment

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Child Maltreatment Reports



Of the 7,420 reports of child maltreatment accepted by the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline during the third quarter, 82 percent were assigned to DCFS and 18 percent were assigned to the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police, which is responsible for investigating the most serious allegations of maltreatment.

Of the reports assigned to DCFS, 76 percent were assigned for an investigation and 24 percent were handled through differential response (DR).

DR allows the Division to respond to specific, low-risk maltreatment reports through a family assessment and provision of services rather than a traditional investigation.

The following types of allegations can qualify for DR:

- Inadequate supervision if children are at least five
- Environmental neglect if children are at least three
- Medical neglect if children are at least thirteen
- Lock out if children are at least ten
- Inadequate food, inadequate shelter, inadequate clothing, or educational neglect with no age restrictions
- Certain allegations of abuse where the incident occurred at least one year prior to the report date

Findings of Child Maltreatment Investigations

Eighteen percent of the investigations assigned to DCFS during the third quarter were found true, compared to 31 percent for CACD. The overall substantiation rate stood at 21 percent.

Appendix A provides further detail on the number of referrals accepted for investigation and those found true in the most recent quarter.



Percentage of Investigations Found True

Characteristics of Children Involved in True Investigations

There were 1,528 victim children involved in substantiated maltreatment investigations during the quarter.

Of those children, 54 percent were white, 19 percent were black, and 15 percent were multiracial. Over half (52 percent) were under six years of age.

The majority of victim children (55 percent) were female.



Types of Allegations in True Investigations

Neglect was the most commonly reported allegation for the 1,528 victim children, followed by allegations of sexual abuse and physical abuse.

Percentage of Children in True Allegations of Maltreatment					
	Number of Children Cited in Percentage of Children True Allegation Cited in True Allegation				
Neglect	1,015	66%			
Sexual Abuse	319	21%			
Physical Abuse	302	20%			
Sexual Exploitation	31	2%			
Abandonment	8	<1%			

A child may have more than one allegation.

Findings of Maltreatment Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities				
Finding	Child Fatality	Child Near Fatality		
True	3	1		
Unsubstantiated	5 2			
Inactive	1	0		
Pending	3	1		

Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities

During the third quarter, there were twelve maltreatment investigations of child fatalities. Of those, three were found true, five were unsubstantiated, one was inactive, and three were still pending.

Over the same period, there were four investigations of near fatalities. One was found true, two were unsubstantiated, and one was pending.

Reports Assigned for Differential Response (DR)



The number of reports assigned for DR during the third quarter (1,445) increased slightly from the previous quarter.

Meeting Agency Policies

Timeliness of Initiating Investigations

The law requires reports of maltreatment to be initiated within 24 hours of receipt of a Priority I report or within 72 hours for a Priority II report.

Priority I reports cite more severe allegations while Priority II reports cite comparatively less serious allegations.

Initiation occurs when all victim children are interviewed or observed (if too young for an interview) within the designated timeframes.

DCFS initiated 75 percent of its investigations on time during the third quarter, identical to its performance during the previous quarter.



Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)

Timeliness of Completing Investigations

DCFS completed 82 percent of its investigations on time (within 45 days of receipt of the report) during the quarter, less than its performance during the previous quarter (86 percent).



Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



Timeliness of Initiating Reports Assigned to DR

DR referrals must be initiated within 72 hours of receipt of the report.

DCFS initiated 60 percent of its DR reports on time during the third quarter, lower than its performance during the previous quarter (65 percent).

Timeliness of Completing Reports Assigned to DR

Reports assigned to DR must be closed within 30 days of receipt of the report. In certain instances where the family's needs necessitate longer involvement, two 15-day extensions can be granted, for a total of 60 days.

The Division closed 70 percent of DR reports on time during the third quarter, taking into account reports in which extensions were granted.



Benefits to Children and Families

Preventing the Recurrence of Maltreatment

Seven percent of the victim children involved in true investigations during the third quarter of SFY 2023 experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within 12 months. Five percent experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within six months.



Recurrence of Maltreatment within 6 and 12 Months

The National Standard for recurrence within 12 months is 9.1 percent or less

Recurrence of Maltreatment Among Families Who Received DR Services

Five percent of the children who began receiving DR services during the third quarter of SFY 2023 were involved in a true investigation of child maltreatment within 12 months, and three percent were involved within six months.



Involvement in True Maltreatment Reports within 6 and 12 Months of Receiving DR Services

In-Home Services

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Cases

Volume of Cases



In most instances, DCFS offers inhome services through a protective services case, which is opened when a true maltreatment report or court order necessitates DCFS' involvement with a family but there is not an immediate threat to any child's safety in the home.

The number of in-home protective services cases decreased during the quarter. There were 1,630 inhome protective services cases, involving 3,893 children, open across the state at the end of the quarter.

The Division also offers in-home supportive services to families on a voluntary basis. DCFS was responsible for 425 supportive services cases at the end of the quarter.

Length of Time Cases Have Been Open

In-home protective services cases that were active as of the end of the quarter had been open, on average, for five months. Supportive services cases had been open, on average, for less than four and one-half months.



Average Number of Days Cases Have Been Open

Ages of Children in In-Home Protective Services Cases

Just over half (53 percent) of the children involved in in-home protective services cases at the end of the quarter were ages six or older.

Ages of Children in In-Home Cases 15% 0 to 1 2 to 5 6 to 9 17% 10 to 13 26% 14 to 17 21%

Meeting Agency Policies

Monthly Visits to In-Home Protective Services Cases

Families with an open in-home protective services case must receive a face-to-face visit from a caseworker each month. Caseworkers made 80 percent of these required visits during the third quarter.

This is higher than the in-home visitation rate observed for the previous quarter. The Division's goal is 85 percent.

Required Monthly Visits to In-Home Cases 80% 80% 77% 75% 60% 40% 20% 1st Qtr 2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr 4th Qtr

Benefits to Children and Families

Victimization Rate Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services



The percentage of children involved in a protective services case who were maltreated within one year of service initiation was seven percent for the third quarter.

The rate of maltreatment for children involved through a supportive services case was two percent for the third quarter.

Rate of Entry Into Foster Care Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services



Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive or Protective Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of the Initiation of Service Of the children who began receiving protective services during the third quarter one year ago, seven percent entered foster care within one year of the initiation of those services.

One percent of the children who began receiving supportive services during the same timeframe entered care within one year.

In-home services prevent the vast majority of children from being revictimized or entering foster care within one year.

Foster Care

Volume and Description of Cases

Number of Children in Foster Care

There were 3,636 children in foster care at the end of the third quarter of SFY 2024, a decrease of two percent from the previous quarter (3,702).



Number of Children in Foster Care

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care

At the end of the quarter, children ages five years or younger made up 35 percent of all children in foster care. Fortythree percent of those in care were white, 29 percent were multiracial, and 17 percent were black.

Of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter, 50 percent were male and 50 percent were female.



Ages of Children in Care at the End of the Quarter



Admissions Into and Discharges From Foster Care

More children exited foster care during the third quarter than had entered.



Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care

Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care 3rd Quarter SFY 2024

Placement Reason	Number of Entries	Total
Neglect	274	52%
Substance Abuse	222 ¹	42%
Parent Incarceration	102	19%
Physical Abuse	84	16%
Inadequate Housing	69	13%
Sexual Abuse	33	6%
Abandonment Caretaker Illness	31	6%
Court Ordered Foster Care in FINS Case	18	3%
Child's Behavior	18	3%
Caretaker Illness	13	2%
All Other Reasons	10	2%

Neglect and substance abuse were the most common reasons for children entering foster care during the third quarter, similar to the previous quarter.

A child may have more than one reason for entry.

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care 3rd Quarter SFY 2024

Discharge Reason	Number of Discharges	Total
Reunification	244	44%
Adoption	132	24%
Relative Custody	59	11%
Child Aged Out	50	9%
Guardianship	47	8%
Non-Custodial Parent Custody	17	3%
Non-Relative Custody	6	1%
All Other Reasons	3	<1%

National data² indicate that the three most prevalent reasons children leave care are reunification (46%), adoption (27%), and guardianship (11%).

Arkansas Division of Children and Family Services

Forty-four percent of the children who left foster care during the quarter were reunified with their own family, and 24 percent were adopted.

Overall, 91 percent of the children exiting care in Arkansas achieved permanency either by returning home or via discharge to relatives, an adoptive home, or another permanent living arrangement.

¹ These 222 cases of substance abuse include 185 instances of parental drug abuse, 24 instances of parental alcohol abuse, 8 instances of drug abuse by children, and 5 instances of alcohol abuse by children.

² National data from the Children's Bureau (May 2023).

Length of Stay in Foster Care

Of the children in foster care at the end of the third quarter, 57 percent had been in care for 12 months or longer.

Length of Stay in Foster Care for Children in Care 3rd Quarter SFY 2024

Length of Stay	Number	Percentage	National
Less than 30 days	152	4%	4%
1-3 Months	295	8%	18%
3-6 Months	366	10%	1070
6-12 Months	748	21%	18%
12-24 Months	963	26%	26%
24-36 Months	448	12%	14%
36+ Months	664	18%	20%
Total	3,636	100%	100%

Foster Home (Rel/Fic): 15%

Placements of Children in Foster Care

Overall, 77 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter resided in a family-like setting (i.e., relative placement, foster family home, therapeutic foster home, trial home visit, pre-adoptive home).

Seven percent resided in congregate care, which represents placement in a qualified residential treatment program (QRTP), residential treatment care or residential care only program, or emergency shelter.



Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care

Forty-seven percent of the children in care at the end of the quarter had a permanency goal of reunification (return home) and 26 percent had a goal of adoption.

These figures differ slightly from national data from the Children's Bureau as of May 2023, with averages of 52 percent for reunification and 28 percent for adoption.



Arkansas Division of Children and Family Services

Quick Facts

Meeting Agency Policies



2nd Qtr

3rd Qtr

Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits from Any DCFS Staff

1st Qtr

100%

80%

60%

40% 20%

0%

4th Qtr



Monthly Visits to Children in Foster Care

To ensure their safety and wellbeing, best practice requires children in care to be visited in their placement by a caseworker monthly (measured in this chart). The Division's goal is 95 percent.

DCFS caseworkers made 78 percent of their required monthly face-to-face visits with children in care during the third quarter. This was in line with the visitation rates observed for previous quarters.

Eighty-nine percent of the foster children received a monthly face-to-face contact from *any* DCFS staff member, regardless of the staff member's position, location of the visit, or the purpose.

Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments

When a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, DCFS must conduct an Initial Health Screening (IHS) within 24 hours. All other incoming foster children require an initial screening within 72 hours.

Children must also receive a Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) within 60 days of entering foster care.

24-Hour and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments



Siblings in Care Who Are Placed Together

At the end of the quarter, 72 percent of the children with siblings in foster care were placed with at least one of their siblings, while 52 percent were placed with all of their siblings.

These figures do not exclude children who were placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.



Percentage of Siblings in Care who are Placed Together

Placement Stability of Children in Foster Care

Placement stability is measured by the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days in foster care for children who enter care over a 12month period.

For the third quarter, the placement stability rate was 5.51, higher than the rate observed for the previous quarter. The national standard is 4.12.



Rate of Placement Moves Per 1,000 Days in Foster Care

Benefits to Children and Families



Achieving Permanency Within Twelve Months

The national standard is for 40.5 percent of all children entering foster care to achieve permanency (i.e., exiting foster care to a permanent living situation) within 12 months of removal. Discharges from foster care due to reunification, relative custody, non-custodial parent custody, guardianship, adoption, and non-relative custody are considered to be permanent living situations.

For the third quarter of SFY 2024, 34 percent of the children entering care in Arkansas achieved permanency within 12 months. This was lower than the national standard.

Preventing Children's Re-Entry Into Foster Care

Just under seven percent of children who had reunited with their families re-entered foster care within 12 months of discharge for the third quarter of SFY 2024. This was less than the national standard (8.3 percent).



Re-Entries Into Foster Care

Adoption

Volume and Description of Cases

Children Available for Adoption³

At the end of the third quarter, 282 children were available for adoption.

DCFS estimates that it has identified a possible pre-adoptive placement for approximately 20 percent of the children available for adoption.



Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption

Of the available children, 47 percent were white, 33 percent were multiracial, and 13 percent were black. Children ages ten and older made up 70 percent of the children available for adoption.



³ Children available for adoption are defined as those who (1) have a termination of parental rights on both parents, (2) have a permanency goal of adoption, and (3) are not placed with relatives, fictive kin, or a pre-adoptive family.

Placement of Children Available for Adoption

Fifty-six percent of the children available for adoption resided in either a foster family home or therapeutic foster home at the end of the quarter.



Length of Time to Adoption

Arkansas' average length of time from termination of parental rights (TPR) until adoption finalization was nearly 17 months during the quarter, several months longer than the national average (12.4 months).



Placement of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter





Benefits to Children and Families

Finalized Adoptions

One-hundred and thirty-one adoptions were finalized during the third quarter of SFY 2024.

Of those adoptions, 31 percent were finalized by relatives.

Children ages two to five made up the largest group (31 percent) among those adopted during the quarter, followed by those ages six to nine (25 percent).

Subsidized Adoptions

Subsidies are given to children

with special needs, defined as:

Caucasian and over nine Healthy child of color and at

Member of any sibling group

placed together, sharing at least one biological parent,

Children who have severe

medical or psychological needs that require ongoing

Children at high risk for the development of serious physical, mental, or emotional conditions documented by a

least two years of age

who develop a bond

medical professional

treatment

•

•

•

Number of Adoptions Finalized During the Quarter



Race/Ethnicity of Children with Finalized Adoption



Ages of Children with Finalized Adoption



During the third quarter, 175 children began receiving adoption subsidies. Of those, 173 were federally funded subsidies and 2 were state funded subsidies.

During the quarter, a total of **8,295** children received adoption subsidies.



Resources

Quick Facts

Caseworkers and Caseloads

Investigations 1,926 344 **Differential Response** Foster Care 3,636 ***************** In-Home 1.630 Involving 3,893 Children Supportive Services 425 ICPC 35 0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 6,000 One foster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or supportive services case

Cone toster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or sup constitutes an entire family, many of which have multiple children.

Types of Cases at the End of the Quarter

Caseloads at the End of the Quarter

At the end of the third quarter, the Division was responsible for:

- 1,926 investigations of child maltreatment and 344 DR cases;
- 3,636 foster care cases;
- 1,630 in-home protective services cases, involving 3,893 children;
- 425 supportive services cases and 35 interstate compact for the placement of children (ICPC) cases.

This is while the Division was staffed with 406 family service workers who were responsible for handling these cases.

Caseloads Handled During the Quarter

This figure illustrates the number of cases that cycled through the system anytime during the quarter (as opposed to those open at the end of the quarter, described above).

The Division oversaw 6,402 investigations, 1,963 DR cases, 4,194 children in foster care, 1,762 in-home protective services cases, 665 supportive services cases, and 53 ICPC cases.



Average Caseload

The average caseload statewide 19 cases per worker at the end of the quarter. The Division's goal is 20 or fewer cases per worker.

The average caseload for each county as of March 2024 is presented in Appendix B.

Foster Homes

Foster Homes and Beds

There were 1,377 licensed foster family homes open statewide at the end of the third quarter, providing a total of 2,762 available beds.

The number of available beds decreased from the previous quarter.

During the most recent quarter, 194 new foster homes were opened and 229 were closed, resulting in a net loss of 35 homes.

Appendix C displays the closure reasons for the foster homes that closed during the quarter.



Number of Foster Homes and Beds at the End of Quarter











Foster Home Bed to Foster Child Ratio

Ratio of Foster Home Beds to Foster Children

The ratio of licensed foster home beds to children in foster care stood at 0.76 at the end of the third quarter, similar to the previous quarter.

The Division's goal is to have at least one foster home bed available for each child in foster care.

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment



One report in which a foster parent was identified as an alleged offender was determined to be true during the third quarter. Based on the 1,851 foster homes active during that period, the percentage of foster families with a true report of maltreatment was 0.05 percent.

Appendix D provides more detail on maltreatment reports concerning foster homes.

Appendix A: Breakdown of Child Maltreatment Reports Received During the Quarter and Substantiation Rates of Maltreatment Investigations⁴

	DCFS					CACD	
	Total Assessments Assigned for DR	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True
Fourth Quarter 2023	1,471	6,020 5,773 Closed	1,071	19%	1,670 1,542 Closed	470	30%
First Quarter 2024	1,032	4,835 4,797 Closed	862	18%	1,431 1,337 Closed	464	35%
Second Quarter 2024	1,447	5,126 5,111 Closed	894	17%	1,481 1,362 Closed	422	31%
Third Quarter 2024	1,361	4,394 4,374 Closed	789	18%	1,279 1,208 Closed	377	31%

⁴ The data cited in this appendix run two months behind the referenced quarter (*e.g.*, the third quarter refers to 11/1/2023 through 1/31/2024); as a result, the numbers cited in this appendix differ from those cited throughout the report, which considers the actual quarter. This is because investigations have a 45-day completion timeframe and this allows enough time to pass to measure the disposition of the investigations. An investigation is excluded from the calculation of the substantiation rate in the event that it has not yet been closed (and thus a disposition has not yet been rendered).

Appendix B: Average Caseload as of March 31, 2024, by County



Lincoln, Perry, Prairie and Newton counties did not have any family service workers at the end of the quarter; their cases were assigned to workers from other counties.

Appendix C: Foster Home Closure Reasons

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
1	Benton (Bentonville)	0	8	4	2	0	2	0	16
1	Carroll (Berryville)	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	4
1	Madison (Huntsville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	2	4	4	2	0	1	0	13
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
2	Franklin (Ozark)	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	4
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
2	Logan (Booneville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Logan (Paris)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
2	Scott (Waldron)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	2	4	0		0	2	0	11
2	Yell (Danville)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	0	1	0		0	1	0	4
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	0	1	0			0	-	1
3	Howard (Nashville)	0	0	0		0	0		0
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	0	0	0		0	0	-	0
3	Perry (Perryville)	0	1	0		0	0	0	1
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
			0	-			0	-	1
3	Polk (Mena)	0	-	0		0	-	0	0
3	Saline (Benton)	0	6	1	2	0	1	0	10
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	0	1	0		0	0	0	1
4	Hempstead (Hope)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	0	0		0		0		1
4	Little River (Ashdown)	0	0	2		0	0	-	2
4	Miller (Texarkana)	0	1	1	3	0	0		6
4	Nevada (Prescott)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
4	Ouachita (Camden)	0	0	3		0	0	0	4
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	0	0	0		0	0	0	1
4	Union (El Dorado)	0	1	0		0	0	0	1
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	0	1	0		0	0	0	1
5	Boone (Harrison)	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	5
5	Conway (Morrilton)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
5	Faulkner (Conway)	0	8	0	4	0	0	0	12
5	Marion (Yellville)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
5	Newton (Jasper)	0	1			0	0	0	2
5	Pope (Russellville)	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	7
5	Searcy (Marshall)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Pulaski (North)	0	6	2	0	0	1	0	9
6	Pulaski (South)	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	8
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	1	4	1	4	0	0	0	10
7	Bradley (Warren)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	0	1	0	0		0	0	1
7	Cleveland (Rison)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	0	1	0			0	0	1
7	Grant (Sheridan)	0	0				0		0
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	1	6				1	2	13
7	Lincoln (Star City)	0	1	0		0	0		2
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	1	4				0		9
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	0	0				0		0

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	5
8	Fulton (Salem)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	0	3	0	3	0	1	0	7
8	Izard (Melbourne)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Sharp (Ash Flat)	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
9	Cross (Wynne)	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	5
9	Independence (Batesville)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
9	Jackson (Newport)	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	4
9	Stone (Mountain View)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	White (Searcy)	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	6
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
10	Drew (Monticello)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Lee (Marianna)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
	Out of State	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	7	104	34	59	1	20	4	229

Details of the Major Closure Categories Above (Statewide)				
Closure Reason	Specific Reason	Number of Homes Closed		
Adopted / Custody / Guardianship /	Child(ren) Left Care	36		
Relative Only	Custody / Guardianship	23		
Change in Family Circumstances	Moved	4		
Change in Family Circumstances	Health of Parent	3		
	Provider Request	79		
Factor Family's Decision	Changed to Adopt Only	21		
Foster Family's Decision	Provider Became Private Therapeutic Foster Home	2		
	Taking a Break	2		
Founded Abuse / Neglect	True Maltreatment	1		
	DHS Request	30		
No Longor Mosto Doguiromonto	Failed Re-Evaluation / Non-Compliance	2		
No Longer Meets Requirements	Arrested	1		
	Not taking Children when Contacted	1		
Other	Contract Ended	4		
Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	20		

Appendix D: Summary of Foster Care Maltreatment Reports

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care Involved in Allegations of Maltreatment, 3rd Quarter SFY 2024

One-hundred and twenty-five reports of alleged maltreatment involving children in foster care were received by the hotline during the third quarter of SFY 2024.

In 35 reports involving 43 children, foster parents⁵ were identified as the alleged offenders. As shown in the following table, just one of those reports was found to be true. The foster home identified in this true report was subsequently closed.

True	Unsubstantiated	Pending
1	34	0

All allegations of maltreatment concerning foster homes are investigated by the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police. DCFS staff do not actively participate in the investigation of these reports. Allegations of maltreatment regarding foster homes require the agency to assess the safety of all children residing in the home.

The following charts describe the characteristics of the 43 children in foster care who were involved in allegations of maltreatment with foster parents identified as the alleged offenders.

Ages



Foster Home Maltreatment Reports 3rd Quarter SFY 2024

⁵ This includes foster family homes and therapeutic foster homes.



Location of Foster Homes in Which Alleged Maltreatment Occurred

County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)
Pulaski	8
Benton	5
Jefferson	4
Garland	3
Lonoke	3
Carroll	2
Drew	2
Faulkner	2
Grant	2
Washington	2
Calhoun	1
Clark	1
Clay	1
Columbia	1
Craighead	1
Greene	1
Jackson	1
Johnson	1
Mississippi	1
Monroe	1
Total	43